

Debs Appeals to Save Sacco and Vanzetti

Calls Upon American Labor to Make Nationwide, United Protest in Behalf of Victims

By Eugene V. Debs

The supreme court of Massachusetts has spoken at last and Bartolomeo Vanzetti and Nicola Sacco, two of the bravest and best scouts that ever served the labor movement, must go to the electric chair.

The decision of this capitalist judicial tribunal is not surprising. It accords perfectly with the tragical farce and the farcical tragedy of the entire trial of these two absolutely innocent and shamefully persecuted workingmen.

The evidence at the trial in which they were charged with a murder they had no more to do with committing than I had, would have convicted no man but a "foreign labor agitator" in the hydrophobic madness of the world.

Suppressing the Class Struggle

The day after Mussolini proclaimed his new law prohibiting strikes and ending the class war, the following news dispatch told how well his plans of suppressing the class struggle were working:

Rome, Italy, May 21.—One hundred women working in a Milan factory who declared a strike because their wages were reduced have been denounced by the police as guilty of evading the recent law on organized collective work.

There is only one way Mussolini can suppress the class struggle—put an end to classes and class rule—something he will never do.

Judge Refuses to Save Mothers From Jail Term

Forty Chicago Women Picketed Are Called Ruffians As Sentences Are Confirmed

These women were Amazons—female ruffians—who, in the opinion of the Supreme court of this state, were engaged in an open conspiracy to defy the court. It would be robbing justice of her sword and substituting a powder puff to commute their sentences."

Jane Addams Leads Appeal Miss Jane Addams led the delegation. With her were Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, Mrs. Harold L. Ickes, Mrs. B. F. Langworthy, Miss Mary McDowell, Miss Agnes Nestor, and Miss Amelia Sears.

They based their plea on "humanitarian ideas." It would do the community no good, they argued, to send to jail forty women whose crime was that they had attempted, though lawlessly, to get higher wages. It was suggested that the wholesale incarceration of a number of women, in face of criminal conditions in Chicago today, would incite disorder, perhaps rioting, among certain classes.

When the speakers began to talk feelingly of the plight of the women defendants, of the little ones dependent upon them, Judge Sullivan remarked acidly: "Even if I wished, I could do nothing for these women. I have no power to lessen their punishment. But if you women had heard the trial of these Amazons, I doubt if you would present such a plea."

Minnesota Co-ops Minnesota co-operative stores did \$5,117,000 worth of business last year. This was an increase of 7.7 per cent over the previous year. There are 66 of these stores. And some craphangers tell us the people cannot do things for themselves.

Unemployment Covers World Says Report

Summer Work Is Giving Little Relief, Says International Labor Bulletin

(I. F. T. U.)—In the early months of this year unemployment figures have shown a certain decline in nearly every country. This is chiefly due to seasonal trades, which always suffer from particularly heavy unemployment at the opening of the new year, and improve as warmer weather comes.

Australia In the fourth quarter of 1925 the percentage of unemployment among trade unionists was 8.1, as against 7.9 in the third quarter, and 10.2 in the last quarter of 1924.

Austria Official sources give the number of unemployed receiving relief on April 15 at 17,881. To these must be added about 31,000 who receive no relief. In the middle of March there were 297,859 receiving relief, and in March, 1925, 175,281.

Belgium According to reports from 139 Unemployment Benefit societies with a total membership of 593,244, complete unemployment was reported on 27th of February in 8,618 cases, i. e., 1.45%, and partial unemployment in 13,209 cases, or 3.10%. Corresponding areas for January were 2,707, and 5,325; and for February, 1925, 1,704 and 4,605.

Canada According to information supplied by the trade unions the percentage of unemployment among their members at the end of February was 8.1, as against 8.1% in January and 9.5% at the end of February, 1925. Employment percentages (1925) were at the beginning of March, 94.5, as against 89.7 in February and 87.9 at the beginning of March, 1925.

Denmark According to the trade unions and public labor exchanges unemployment at the end of March was 23.2%, as against 28.3% in February and 14.7% in March, 1925. At the end of April there were in the whole country 52,167 unemployed, as against 64,378 at the beginning of April and 35,900 at the beginning of March.

The Broadcaster

Radio Censor Clamped Down on Workers

The breaking of banks is becoming far more common than bank hold-ups. But the fellows who break them are not shot on sight.

There is to be "deflation" now. This will mean that the debts that have been piled up on America during the last ten years will be in effect doubled. The face value of the debts will not be "deflated," but it will be twice as hard to pay them as it was before deflation.

The depreciation of the franc is the result of bank conspiracy to bring France to her knees. Just as Germany was forced to knuckle to the new universal ruler before her.

There will be no relief for agriculture in the fact that unemployment in the cities is forcing a new exodus to the country. Further production will merely lower farm prices, and the savings of the city dwellers will give the exploiters a little more picking on country pasturage.

The strike in England has demonstrated that the workers can stop the propaganda of the exploiters, and force the nation to take it up at its expense.

Bankers are forcing the people to think of an ugly word which one day they will utter in a roar to be heard around the world. That word is, Repudiation.

Radio Censor Clamped Down on Workers

Air Already Monopolized—Dill Measure Only Proposal Promising Relief

The refusal of one of the large broadcasting stations to permit Norman Thomas the freedom of the air to make a speech on the freedom of the air after he had been booked for a talk, and the failure of the Chicago Federation of Labor to get a license for its contemplated broadcasting station, are signs among many others to warn the workers that the capitalists have again organized another dangerous propaganda monopoly.

It is significant that this answer is given after thousands of permits have been granted to every sort of capitalistic interest and agency and only when applications begin to come from labor and radical sources. It is also significant that conditions are such that this kind of an excuse from governmental sources is sufficient to bar from the air any real labor interest or any cause opposed to the present economic regime.

What are we going to do about it? Norman Thomas gives this advice: "Those who want to help in the fight to keep the radio out of the hands of ambitious public officials and private monopolists ought to get back of the bill establishing a commission for the control of radio which has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Dill. The bill goes a long way in the right direction. It needs to be strengthened at several points. But its passage will give labor a far better chance than it now has to get a hearing for its side of the case."

Stand straight up, Mr. Worker, and realize that if you will you are the master of the world.

A dominant Wall Street is the result of a suppliant Main Street. To understand capitalism is to appreciate socialism. This world will never be at peace while one class consumes what another class produces.

Million British Miners Will Remain on Strike

Government Breaks Its "Honorable" Pledge—Demands That Miners Work for Less Than \$10.80 Per Week

Unemployment Dooms System

Read the report on this page of the International Federation of Trade Unions on Unemployment, and ponder well what such a persisting condition must mean to millions of subsistence and suffering human beings, to the present industrial system and to civilization itself, if it is not remedied.

Only partial reports from seventeen countries show 4,500,000 workers out of work in this the season of greatest employment. WITH THEIR DEPENDENTS, THEY REPRESENT AT LEAST 20,000,000 PEOPLE.

No one knows accurately the number of men, women and helpless children separated from the means of existence throughout the world at this time. The number would horrify and appall.

Since capitalism, or modern industrialism, ruled the world there has been a distressing amount of unemployment. But the world war left in its wake conditions that have brought the era of chronic unemployment.

The system has broken down past repair. All remedies that have been tried have failed. UNEMPLOYMENT HAS BECOME WORLD-WIDE, CHRONIC AND IMMEDIATELY DANGEROUS TO THE EXISTING SYSTEM. Its imperative, early solution will end the present system.

Unemployment Dooms System

One million miners remain on strike in Great Britain; the railway unions, dockers and other great labor organizations that might otherwise come to their aid in a second general strike are bound hand and foot by contracts.

This is the net result of one of the most dastardly and amazing exhibitions of treachery, bad faith, vindictive class hatred on record.

To the treachery of great employing corporations that struck viciously as soon as the strikers had accepted the honorable pledge of the government, was added during the week the treachery of the government which broke its honorable pledge and left the millions of underpaid, underfed British miners nothing to do but continue the strike.

The dismal, sordid tale of the foul dealings of the reactionary British government and the resumption of the miners' strike as told by W. N. Kwer, labor correspondent in London for the Appeal, follows:

London.—(F.P.)—The miners' delegate conference today, as was foreseen, decided to reject Baldwin's proposal which it described as "not honoring the Premier's pledge that the Government was not fighting for a lower standard of living for the miners or any other section of the workers."

Socialism Grows in Hungary Despite Fascist Dictatorship

The remarkable story of the failure of the bloody Horthy fascist regime of Hungary to crush the Socialist movement in spite of every form of terrorism and destruction it could devise was told in the office of the American Appeal this week by Ferenc Gondor, former editor of Az Ember, and L. Somlo of Chicago, formerly prominent in the Socialist movement of Hungary.

It is a tale calculated to stir and inspire Socialists all over the world, especially in America. After seven years of indescribable military terrorism, beginning right after the fall of the Hungarian Soviet and continuing down to the present time with every method the Horthy regime could devise to suppress, disorganize, strangle and terrorize the Socialist Trade Unions, these organizations have not only continued right down to the present time, BUT THEY ARE STRONGER IN ORGANIZATION IN MORALE AND DETERMINATION THAN EVER BEFORE—STRONGER, MORE HOPEFUL, MORE CONFIDENT THAT THE FUTURE BELONGS TO THEM.

Wholesale Slaughter The communist revolution of 1919 which resulted in the establishment of a soviet government in Hungary aroused the ruling class to murderous fury. When the Allied armies marched into Hungary and overthrew Bela Kuhn's soviet government this bloodthirsty hatred was let loose in a great flood. Not only was no mercy shown communists, but every effort that savage ingenuity could devise

was made to crush the Socialist Democratic Party and the Socialist Trade Unions. The leaders were imprisoned. Many were tortured. Many saved themselves only by fleeing into exile. The Socialist and Labor publications were suppressed. Meetings were suppressed. Organizations were outlawed.

Finally, when the Fascist counter-revolution succeeded in Italy, an attempt was made to crush the Socialist and Labor movement of Hungary by copying Fascist methods. To this end an attempt was made to force the workers and terrify them into joining Fascist unions, as in Italy.

A Government of Liars In connection with this effort a peculiar light was thrown on the Horthy regime. Openly this regime tolerated no rival organizations. In the midst of this condition Fascist organizers began to appear among the government officials and employees. The Fascist oath of allegiance consisted in a pledge of loyalty to an organization other than the Horthy dictatorship, which was a clear violation of Horthy laws.

They were assured by the Horthy government that it would be perfectly all right to take these two contradictory oaths. This campaign made no headway whatever among the real working class organizations of Hungary. The workers of Hungary remained true to themselves and to Socialism. Today the Fascism of Hungary is confined strictly to the ruling class.

Remarkable Socialist Strength

In the last election, in spite of every species of terrorism and corruption the Socialist Democratic Party elected 25 members of the Hungarian parliament. A free election in Hungary today might place the Socialists in power.

Said Comrade Gondor: "The trade union organization is actually stronger in membership now than at the height of the communist revolution. It has much more economic strength in matters of obtaining better wages, conditions and hours, than then. It not only has achieved this high point against the desperate opposition of the White Terrorists, but it has achieved it while practically all of its outstanding leaders and the leaders of the Socialist Democratic Party were in exile in other countries. WITH THESE LEADERS, IN THE MIDST OF AN INDESCRIBABLE TERRORISM, THE RANK AND FILE BY ITS OWN BRAVE EFFORTS CONTINUED TO GROW AND DEVELOP TO THE PRESENT POINT."

Through the Back Door At the same time the co-operative movement is making amazing progress. It covers the whole country with a nation-wide organization called Hanga, embracing 2,000 affiliated societies and 870,000 members, representing that many families. Hanga manufactures and distributes and actually serves half the people of Hungary with a large line of commodities. Which goes to show that if you try to stop Socialism one way, it comes another way. If you shut the front door of a nation against it, it slips in the back door.

Socialists of Illinois Name Ticket

At a State Convention held at the Labor Lyceum, Sunday, May 23, the Socialists nominated the following candidates for the fall election.

John T. Whitlock, United States Senator. George Koop, Charles Pogorelec, Congressmen at Large. Ansel Brooks, of Rockford, State Treasurer.

Tilden Bozarth, Clerk of Supreme Court. Florence S. Hall, Superintendent of Public Instruction. W. R. Snow, State Secretary, reported that the membership and activities of the Socialist Party have increased considerably as compared with the previous ten months.

The convention adopted resolutions, against military training in the public schools, endorsement of the work of the Young Peoples Socialist League; a resolution calling for a referendum on light wines and beer, and the endorsement of the resolution adopted by the recent National Socialist Convention at Pittsburgh, Pa.

William H. Henry, the new National Executive Secretary, told of the increased Socialist activities throughout the country, and urged the Illinois Socialists to make greater use of the American Appeal.

And They Say It Can't Be Done

The Los Angeles municipal light and power plant has earned a surplus of over \$12,000,000 in the last 10 years.

Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York is fighting hard for a public superpower system in that state.

St. Petersburg, Fla., owns and operates a municipal street car system on which the fare is still only 5 cents and is making it pay. The private companies have been getting 6, 7, 8, and even 10 cent fares, on the ground that cheaper fares would bankrupt them.

The Springfield, Ill., municipal gas and power plant offers electricity at a special rate of 1 1/2 cents per kilowatt hour for cooking. That is 40 per cent cheaper than gas. The farmers out from Granite Falls, Minn., have a co-operative distributing system which they call the Stony Light and Power Company. They buy power of the Municipal Light plant in Granite Falls at 3 cents a kilowatt hour. It costs 1 cent to transmit it, which makes the total cost of the current 4 cents per kilowatt hour. THE PRIVATE COMPANIES CHARGE 12 TO 20 CENTS!

Indiana Wires Support Pledge The following telegram was received by National Executive Secretary, William H. Henry, from the Indiana Socialists were holding their state convention: Indianapolis, May 23.—We the Socialists of Indiana have had a good convention and extend you our congratulations and assure you of the support and cooperation of the comrades of Indiana. FORREST WALLACE, SEVERIN POLLA, EMMA HENRY.

Unemployment Covers World

(Continued from Page 1.) The end of April, 1925. The consequences of the crisis caused by currency deflation are therefore still plainly visible.

France The number of unemployed registered at the public labor exchanges at the end of March was 10,146 as against 11,320 at the end of February and 13,934 at the end of March, 1925.

Germany Between the 1st and 15th, April, the number of unemployed in receipt of unemployment pay fell from 1,942,500 to 1,844,000. Trade union figures show 22% of their members unemployed and 21.6% working short time at the end of February. The corresponding figures for January were 22.6% and at the end of February, 1925, 4.2% and 5.3% respectively.

Great Britain Of the 980,127 members of those trade unions which supply information there were at the end of March, 99,271 or 10.1% out of work, as against 10.4% in February and 9% at the end of March, 1925. Of approximately 11,892,000 workers who are insured against unemployment, there were at the end of March, 9,85% unemployed, as against 10.5% in February, and 11.1% at the end of March, 1925. The number of unemployed registered at the end of March was 1,070,000 as against 1,169,000 in February, and 1,249,000 at the end of March, 1925.

Holland According to information supplied by the labor exchanges of municipalities with more than 5,000 inhabitants there were on April 10th, 27,150 skilled and 2,000 unskilled men seeking work. Part of these are not totally unemployed. Corresponding figures for February 13th, were 41,100

and 35,000; and for the beginning of April, 1925, 30,840 and 31,890 respectively. Information supplied by 110 unemployment funds with 278,675 members shows that in the week ending 27th March, there were 18,962 (5.6%) totally, and 5,541 partially unemployed. The percentage of total unemployment during the three preceding weeks was 9.1, 7.4, and 6.4 respectively, and at the end of March, 1925, 5.7.

Hungary At the end of January out of a total trade union membership of 163,000, there were 25,378 or 17.4% unemployed, as against 26,711, or 16.4% in December, and 22,436 or 13.6% at the end of March, 1925.

Italy The number of totally unemployed persons registered at the end of January was 156,129 as against 122,200 at the end of December and 156,382 at the end of January, 1925. At the same dates the numbers of partially unemployed persons were 9,284, 8,870, and 10,067, and of those in receipt of benefit under the unemployment insurance acts 24,221, 19,581, and 22,432 respectively.

Latvia The number of unemployed registered at the labor exchanges in the 5 principal towns at the end of January was 4,990 as against 5,097 in December, and 4,314 at the end of March, 1925.

Norway On the 15th, April, the number of registered unemployed was 21,845, including 2,883 employed on relief works. In March the corresponding figures were 26,393 and 5,297, and in April, 1925, 14,372 and 2,567 respectively.

Poland According to official figures the number of registered unemployed on 27th, March, was 348,000 as against 362,210 in February and 192,640 at the end of March, 1925.

Russia Accurate figures are not available showing the extent of unemployment in Russia. From a report which appeared in "Trud," the Trade Union Gazette, it appears that the number of unemployed registered at the unemployment exchanges in Moscow on 1st, April, was 132,518, an increase of 31,713 since March 1st. It is reported that the number of unemployed trade

union members in Leningrad has grown from 67,500 to 79,500 during the last 8 months. The number of unemployed registered at the labor exchanges has increased over the same period from 54,500 to 83,500. Since some 30,000 unemployed trade union members are not registered at the exchanges, the total unemployment in Leningrad is therefore more than 100,000.

Sweden Of the members of those unions which supply reports, there were at the end of February 14.4% unemployed, as against 15.9% in January, and 13.5% at the end of February, 1925. According to official figures the number of unemployed persons applying for relief in February decreased by 2%, and amounted at the end of the month to 23,000.

Switzerland The number of registered unemployed at the end of February was 18,138 as against 20,525 in January and 11,834 at the end of February, 1925.

U. S. A. According to the report of the labor department is based on information supplied by 9,540 undertakings in 52 industries, employing 2,952,165 persons, the number of workers employed shows an increase of 1.1% in February. An increase in the number of persons employed occurred in 38 industries. The index number of employment (1923 = 100) was 94.3 in February as against 93.2 in January and 91.6 in February, 1925.

Great Victory A great victory has been won for religion in the army, so two mimeographed sheets tell us. Congress is about to pass a bill which will permit chaplains to hold higher ranks in the army than heretofore they have held. One of them may even become a major-general. Now who shall say that this is not a Christian country and there is a conflict between war and Christianity? Congress will show them. But we wonder what a certain carpenter who lived in Nazareth some nineteen centuries ago would think about this victory whereby one of his possessed ministers may become a major-general.

Berger Bill to Help Employees of Government

Socialist Congressman Denounces Coolidge Pension Plan as Disgraceful

Washington.—Retirement at the age of 60, an annuity equal to two-thirds of the salary and a payment of 2 per cent to the retirement fund are the provisions of a federal employees' retirement bill introduced today by Representative Victor L. Berger.

The disgraceful treatment accorded the federal employees by the present administration in the retirement bill just passed by the house will be revented by all who wish the civilian employees of the government to get justice," Mr. Berger said.

For Cal's Economy The present session began its work by relieving the richest of the rich of their share of the burden of taxation. The tax bill was passed because there was a surplus in the treasury. The session is about to conclude with a refusal to give the federal employees a square deal because of an economy plea made by the president.

In the five months congress has been in session close to \$3,000,000,000 have been appropriated for all sorts of purposes. Billions of dollars have been presented and will be presented before adjournment to our debtors. It was only when a bill that would assure to the civilian employe a half-decent living in his or her declining years came up that the administration revived the cry of economy.

In Porto Rico "Court Prevents Public Ownership in Porto Rico." So runs a headline in the Electrical World. It seems that the Porto Rico legislature passed a bill for government ownership of hydro electric power in Porto Rico.

Jugo-Slav Federation Comrade Charles Pogorelec, Secretary of the Jugo-Slav Socialist Federation, sends in his second good order for dues stamps for the month and includes the following encouraging news:

Montana Comrade James D. Graham, State Secretary of Montana, dropped into the National Office on his way from New York. Comrade Graham will start a tour of his state, beginning June 1st, to organize and prepare for the placing of State and County tickets (in several counties).

Need Funds to Save Russian Socialists An urgent appeal for funds for the relief of the Socialist victims of communist persecution in Russia has been issued as follows:

Appeal Did It From a teacher in a prosperous Illinois city on the Mississippi River the National Office has a high-hearted letter and a request for an application card for membership-at-large.

Lena Morrow Lewis Dates Comrade Lena Morrow Lewis will very soon begin her homeward-bound speaking trip to California.

Organizing a Local In order to organize a local it is necessary that you and four or more other comrades realize the pitiable importance of the politically unorganized, and the meaning and power of organization. You should, for example, realize:

Fraternally, MORRIS HILLQUIT, JAMES ONEAL, ALGERNON LEE, B. VLADICK, MITCHELL RAVITCH, DR. S. MAGGIN, JONAH VILJATZER, Committee.

Sweet Land of Liberty

New York.—Freedom of the air cannot be discussed by Norman Thomas, director League for Industrial Democracy and Socialist candidate for mayor and governor, on New York radio waves unless an opponent to Thomas hobb up to make it a debate.

Freedom of the Air was the topic Thomas was to discuss on station WMCA—referring particularly to the senate bill now pending. Thomas explains his case to Senator C. D. Hill, who introduced the measure which would take control over radio from Secretary of Commerce Hoover and give it to a commission.

Washington, D. C., May 14.—(A.P.) The Interstate Commerce Commission has dismissed for want of jurisdiction a long-fought case involving the accommodations furnished to Negroes aboard passenger trains.

That's all. Try. If you want good news, help produce the news. If you want progress, help get it. If you want the New Day, the New Courage, the New Power, the New Heart, the New Fire for our Movement, they come across as one of the one-thousand hustlers in the big push for party building.

Socialist Party News

Tennessee Knoxville, Tenn., comrades have organized a busy local, planned for the distribution of literature and a canvass for more members. They report that the American Appeal is their best bet in promoting organization.

Pennsylvania Greensburg, Pa.—The Socialist vote in the recent primary election in Weaver's Old Stand, Hemphill Township, Pa. was 17 out of a total of 66 votes cast. The vote by parties was: Socialists 17, Democrats 13, Republicans 35, Prohibitionists 1, the Socialists beating the Democrats and winning second place.

Our press to 5,000,000 circulation in one year. That 2,500 such locals could distribute 1,000,000 red-hot leaflets or copies of a propaganda newspaper in one hour.

Suppose we were thus organized. Distinguished crooks would fear our movement; great corporations would hesitate to defy us, dreading our power to carry the burning light of the red-hot facts swiftly to the people; cheap justices would be uneasy; oil-smeared senators would sleep restlessly. A million Socialists would immediately be happy again and fall in line.

First: Rush off a letter to your district secretary or state secretary—or to the national office—a letter asking for an application-for-charter blank. Then call a meeting. The national office will, without charge, furnish you a letter-form for your use in addressing a special invitation to each of ten to fifty of your comrades to attend this meeting.

Second: Call this meeting in a private home or office or shop or some such place—to keep down the expenses. With the money thus saved you can pay your first party dues or buy some leaflets or a bundle of the American Appeals. Call the meeting and then.

Third: At the meeting have four or more comrades sign the Charter Application with you; elect a Secretary-Treasurer; collect dues for one month or more. 50 cents per month. (But read the Special Notice—next paragraph—carefully)—and send one half the dues and the Charter-Application to your State Secretary; or to your District Organization Secretary;—or

Fourth: If possible arrange, at the called meeting, for the purchase—and distribution—of at least a small weekly bundle of The American Appeal for use each week in your community;—for, believe me, the American Appeal is right now surely producing the splendid rising tide in our American movement.

Fifth: Now, Comrade, get busy. You can get four others to join you. Yes, you can. Try, Comrade. Try.

What the Appeal Army Has Done and What It Can Do

Since the American Appeal was launched 1,100 persons have sent in subscriptions for it.

This 1,100 men, women and youths constitute the far-flung, nation-wide, tireless Appeal Army.

Considering the conditions that attended and surrounded the birth of this Army, it is a remarkable achievement that at this date while yet we are in the shadow of the terrible World War, less than six months after the appearance of the American Appeal a propaganda force of this kind has been built up.

FROM SUCH A BEGINNING ANYTHING MAY DEVELOP.

A propaganda force of this size in which all the members are more or less active CAN UNQUESTIONABLY PUT THE APPEAL ON THE MAP AS A TREMENDOUS POWER, RE-VIVE THE SOCIALIST MOVEMENT AND PUT THE SOCIALIST PARTY ON ITS CONQUERING PATH IN A FEW YEARS.

Results, in this direction have already begun to show. Reports submitted at the National Socialist convention in Pittsburgh showed that since the appearance of the Appeal and the Appeal Army the Socialist Party has increased 20 per cent in membership.

The Young People's Socialist League has grown about 50 per cent. There has been a tremendous gain in interest and activity in Socialism and in party organization throughout the country evidenced by correspondence with the National Office.

These evidences of growth in most cases have been traced directly to the activities of the Appeal Army.

It was the unanimous opinion at the convention that our national party organ beyond any doubt will restore the movement in America and make the party once more a great national factor if we keep it in the field and give it proper circulation.

IT WAS AGREED THAT THERE CANNOT BE A SOCIALIST PARTY IN AMERICA WITH ANY INFLUENCE OR POWER WITHOUT OUR NATIONAL PARTY PAPER.

The Appeal Army has done this much in a few months.

It can do far more than this: it can move much faster in the future toward effective circulation for the Appeal and effective power for the Party, when it realizes its latest strength.

Do you realize what a propaganda army of 1,100 can do in the midst of a nation the size of this nation and in the midst of present world conditions?

If each of the 1,100 members of the Appeal Army should obtain an average of only one sub a week, they would give the Appeal 50,000 subs this year.

They would give the Appeal an income of \$1,000 a week which would take care of all the expenses connected with twice its present circulation.

They would connect thousands of formerly disheartened Socialists with the great throbbing Socialist and Labor movement of the world and would breathe into their souls a new flame of faith and inspiration.

They would connect thousands of other non-Socialist readers with the worldwide Socialist movement and a world of assets and developments that would rapidly sweep them into the Socialist movement.

In doing these things, they would double the membership of the Socialist Party before the end of this year. They would quadruple the membership of the Young People's Socialist League.

There must be at least 500,000 men and women in the United States now who at one time belonged to the Socialist Party.

Most of them still believe in Socialism, but are hopeless over conditions in America.

The rise of a great Socialist paper and movement will inevitably sweep most of them back into the movement again.

They represent a tremendous field for the Appeal Army to work in. NOT ONLY BECAUSE ARMY ACTIVITY WILL BRING THESE PEOPLE BACK INTO THE MOVEMENT, BUT IT WILL BRING A LARGE PROPOR-

TION OF THEM INTO THE APPEAL ARMY.

Realizing this fact, the Socialist convention at Pittsburgh launched a drive to extend the Appeal circulation to former party members and Socialists.

This is an easy field for the Appeal Army. It is not hard to get an old Socialist to take the Appeal. There are a great many ways of finding these old Socialists.

The first big bet of the Appeal Army is to see that the Socialists of the United States get the Appeal. While not neglecting the other field, let us get the Socialists interested in Socialism. Let us get our real strength gathered together AS THE REAL BASIS FOR A GREATER ARMY, A GREATER PAPER AND A GREATER MOVEMENT.

There are big things in store for the Appeal and the Appeal Army in the future.

The one big hope is to get the propaganda Army we already have more universally active and bigger in size.

THE ONE BIG THING THAT IS CERTAIN IS THAT IF THERE IS WIDE ENOUGH PROPAGANDA ACTIVITY WE NEED NOT WORRY ABOUT THE PAPER, THE MOVEMENT AND THE PARTY.

Do these things mean anything to you? Do they mean enough for you to take the slight trouble of doing a little each week?

Let us begin this week to start the drive launched by the Pittsburgh convention for a bigger paper, party and movement.

Every member of the Appeal Army that answers this call will encourage others to activity. You all want the movement to grow. You can all MAKE IT GROW BY THE SIMPLE LITTLE PROPAGANDA HABIT OF DOING SOMETHING FOR THE APPEAL EACH WEEK.

How many will do something for the Appeal this week? Let us see how many will use the subscription blank below and start the ball to rolling.

AMERICAN APPEAL, 2653 Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

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