

- 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
- 2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
- 3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and from forced collection of rents or debts.

# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

- 4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
- 5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
- 6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

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## JAPANESE INVASION OF U.S.S.R. IMMINENT SAYS BRITISH PAPER

### The Socialist Aides of Japanese Intervention

EVERY day brings more alarming facts that point to immediate war and intervention against the Soviet Union. Japan, the present spearhead of imperialist banditry, has consolidated its "super-Party" fascist government behind the increasingly heavy concentration of armed forces in Northern Manchuria.

In closing its ranks to carry on war against the fatherland of the workers of the world, the Japanese bandits have the full support of the "socialists." So important is the role of these social-fascists that the new fascist cabinet is referred to as the "Sumural-Socialist-Alliance." The New York Tribune showers praise upon these Japanese socialists thus:

"It is this close co-operation of the socialists with the militarists in their 'super-Party' plans which gives the 'purification' movement such stability and importance."

The Japanese socialists, in harmony with the role of international social democracy, have proved to be the best agents of decaying capitalism in trying to seek a capitalist way out of the crisis by imposing ever greater burdens upon the toiling masses, by dismemberment and ravaging of China and by war and intervention against the Soviet Union. Now they openly enter the cabinet of murderers, blackguards and fascist war-mongers, where they are assigned the job of trying to smash with blood and iron the increasing mass of Japanese workers and peasants who, under the leadership of the Communist Party, are waging a determined struggle in defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union. The Japanese Communists have unfurled the banner of revolutionary struggle against the war-mongers. They have unhesitatingly put forth the Bolshevik slogan of "defeat of our own capitalist government."

While the Japanese social democrats have entered the fascist cabinet to strengthen the war and interventionist front against the Soviet Union, their "comrades" in other capitalist countries are playing equally despicable parts. In Germany the official organ of the social-democracy, "Vorwarts" comes out with infamous provocations, declaring that the Soviet government has called "to the colors" its reserves of four years, instead of the usual one year's reserves and that this action is "designed to be a demonstration of Russia's armed force in view of the events in the Far East." This is nothing other than a filthy social-fascist attempt to conceal from the masses the consistent peace policy that has from the beginning been pursued by the Soviet Union. It is an attempt to depict the Soviet Union as indulging in military threats after the traditional manner of the capitalist powers. Even the British capitalist press admits "there is certainly no evidence to substantiate" these charges. (See the N. Y. Post, May 19.)

At the very moment Japanese imperialism is organizing direct intervention and war against the Soviet Union the social-democrats not only repeat their treachery of 1914, when they rallied to the support of their imperialist governments after the outbreak of war, but today they come forth before the war as leading organizers in the attempt to arouse the masses against the workers' fatherland.

In the United States the social democrats, the leaders of the so-called socialist party, fall in line behind the imperialist bandwagon. The New Leader, the organ of Norman Thomas, on May 14th came out with one of the foulest attacks ever penned against the Soviet Union—from that utterly putrid pen prostitute, strike-breaker, boss of thugs and gangsters, Abe Cahan, editor of the Jewish Daily Forward. Cahan assails even the capitalist press on the grounds that they do not sufficiently criticize the Soviet Union. In forwarding war preparations against the Soviet Union, the socialist leader, Cahan, lies:

"Hundreds of people living near the frontiers flee to the neighboring countries, risking the bullets of the border guards rather than continue their intolerable existence at home."

Thus, according to Cahan, people flee from a country where unemployment is abolished, where there is a rapid and steady improvement in the standard of living of the masses, to the white guard countries lining the borders, and where decaying capitalism reeks in all its rottenness.

Cahan's comrade, Mrs. Meta Berger, who recently returned from Geneva, aids the war preparations by trying to make workers believe that the rival imperialist bandits at the Geneva "disarmament" conference would have reached agreements had it not been for fear of a Bolshevik invasion, which kept the "conference from moving toward its objective of limitation of world's armaments."

Also on the imperialist bandwagon is Schlesinger and his machine, at the head of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, which demanded "freedom for socialist political prisoners in the Soviet Union," at its recent convention in Philadelphia, but tries carefully to conceal from the workers the fact that only counter-revolutionaries, caught in the international imperialist bandits are in prison in the Soviet Union.

Following the imperialist bandwagon are the American Trotskyites, piping on their tin whistle and demanding in the May 14th issue of their weekly police rag that the Soviet Union

"release the thousands and tens of thousands of Bolshevik-Leninists from the Stalinist prisons and exile camps and restore them to their rightful place in the Party."

All this is part of the war drive that is now under way against the Soviet Union. And the works of all of them have received a special benediction from the pope of Rome, who, from the vatican hurls maledictions against Communists and tells workers not to fight capitalism but to "suffer with greater resignation the privations imposed upon them by these hard times."

The real depth of the infamy of the American social democrats and renegades (Cannon, Lovestone) can be more readily measured in connection with the definite fascist trend at Washington. Information that came into the possession of the Daily Worker proves that there is being set up a "super-party" war council in Washington that will function definitely after Congress adjourns.

This chain of recent events shows the terrific speed with which the capitalist world plunges toward war and intervention against the Soviet Union.

Every worker should respond in action against this drive toward imperialist war. The world-wide extent of the capitalist attack, the manifold forms it takes, must spur the masses to action; must impel us all to exert every ounce of energy and use every available weapon to fight against the imperialist war.

Here we must organize and deliver heavy blows by stopping the shipment of arms and munitions or other goods to Japan. We must hurl our power against the agents of Japanese imperialism, the spear-head of the attack against the Soviet Union, and drive its agents from these shores.

### German Workers Protesting Scottsboro Verdicts, Defy Socialist Police Chiefs

BERLIN (By Radio).—Several thousand German workers greeted Mrs. Ada Wright, militant Scottsboro mother, in Stuttgart, Germany, though the government of Wurtemberg denied both Mrs. Wright and J. Louis Engdahl the right to speak at the meeting. The workers pledged their support to a June 24th Campaign, to stop the electrocution of the innocent Scottsboro boys.

### CONFERENCE 2 DAYS OFF; RUSH YOUR DELEGATES

#### Communist Election Conference Will Be Big Affair

NEW YORK—With only two days left before the New York City Election Campaign Conference, the City Election Campaign Committee is making the final preparations.

Last minute speakers are being sent out to the various organizations that have not been visited as yet, since, due to the fact that there are hundreds of organizations, it has not been possible to reach all of them.

Therefore the Election Campaign Committee especially appeals to those organizations to elect their delegates regardless of whether a speaker comes, so that they will also be directly connected with all the plans for the months of campaigning ahead.

The Communist Party, in line with its program of real workers' solidarity and equality, has attempted to penetrate into all workers organizations with its appeal for delegates to the Conference. Negro organizations, A. F. of L. locals, workers' organizations of all nationalities, have been urged to become active participants in not only the election campaign, but in all of the activities of the Election Campaign.

The Toussaint L'Ouverture Anniversary Mass Meeting that will be held at St. Lukes Hall, Friday, May 20, will also elect delegates to the city-wide Conference.

The Conference will start promptly at 11 A. M. sharp and the delegates are all urged to be on time. There will be only one session, with many important matters to be considered, therefore the starting on time becomes a very important matter.

For the First Time  
NEW YORK.—Workers candidates will run in three Senatorial and two Congressional districts, also two Assembly districts in Long Island.

For the first time in history Communist candidates are running in Queens, Nassau and Suffolk Counties. The campaign of the Communist Party, especially in this part of New York, will broaden out and increase the struggles for Unemployment Insurance and terror of Negro and Unemployed workers.

Cutting off of relief, foreclosures of workers' homes, high taxation of the thousands of small home owners, will be brought to the very doors of the bankers and millionaires who live in this area in palatial homes, a sharp contrast to be found in practically every one of the towns and villages. Negro and foreign born workers, also the majority of the native working class, live in segregated sections where it is a common thing to see crumpled, rotten shacks, unfit for human beings to live in.

To carry on this strong and vigorous campaign in the elections, broad United Front Conferences are called for May 22.

The Conference involving workers' organizations from Nassau and Suffolk will be held in Hempstead, L. I., at 4:30 p.m., at the Ukrainian Hall, Uniondale Avenue and Front Street.

Delegates from the working class organizations of Jamaica and vicinity will attend the Conference in New York.

BOSTON, Mass., May 19.—Edith Berkman, who has been held for months in detention stations and hospitals by the Federal immigration authorities, because of her leadership in the Lawrence strikes last year, has ended her own hunger strike. She explains in a letter from her present place of confinement, that she does so only at the universal request of many workers' organizations, who want her to live and lead workers' struggles in

## World Capitalists Support Japanese Drive for War on the Soviet Union

WORKERS! ORGANIZE ANTI-WAR COMMITTEES IN YOUR SHOPS! STOP THE SHIPMENT OF MUNITIONS TO JAPAN! DEFEND THE SOVIET UNION!

LONDON, May 18.—In a leading article, the liberal Manchester Guardian yesterday admitted that the whole world stands on the verge of a bloody conflict as the result of the criminal war drive against the Soviet Union by the Japanese militarists, supported by the sham pacifist maneuvers of all bourgeois statesmen who carried out "the same policies in August, 1914."

"The Far East is a tangle of conflicts and unless a remedy is found will be the scene of the next great war. The more fanatic sort of Japanese imperialists always dreamed of expansion at Russia's cost and now when a victory over Russia would be popular in Europe might seem the time to act."

"We stand on the verge of a conflict and do nothing. Statesmen work in the same old way, play off one force against the other in the hope of gaining a breathing space while the conflict moves nearer. There is unreality, terrible unreality in statesmen's speeches, and explanations! Were not they carrying out the same policies in August, 1914?"

"Germany has been broken and embittered by the venomous Versailles treaty. Japan has even been encouraged to make the League of Nations the object of cynical ridicule. Every kind of activity which hate, plus mechanical ingenuity, is capable of has been perpetrated at Shanghai against defenseless civilians and now a grave danger exists that Russia, struggling to achieve better social order, grappling bravely with immense difficulties, will have to pause in her work to defend herself against the Japanese militarists. How long shall we wait before innate decency in ordinary men and women finds expression in those who represent them? Peaceable people groan under the weight of armaments that statesmen load on their backs. Peaceable people stand foolishly by while circumstances of future wars in which they must suffer are created under their very eyes."

These admissions by a liberal bourgeois paper, should help every worker to overcome all lingering doubts as to the imminence of war and the criminal aims of the huge war preparations being carried on by all the imperialist powers. The drive for war against the Soviet Union can no longer be concealed. Every day brings fresh admissions from all sections of the bourgeois press of the nature of the Japanese troop concentrations on the Soviet border and the anti-Soviet war provocation in France and her vassal states on the western frontiers of the Soviet Union.

Workers must answer these definite war moves by organization and action now. This is the proletarian way and the only way to combat the bloodbath being prepared by the bosses. Workers! Organize anti-war committees in your shops and unions and other organizations! Organize Committees of Action to prevent the shipment of arms and munitions against the Soviet Union and the Chinese people! Let the imperialists know that the working class will not be driven into another bloody slaughter against their fellow workers!

Additional news on page three.

## 2,000 MORE BEET WORKERS STRIKE; DEPUTIES JAIL 22

DENVER, Colo., May 19.—Two thousand more beet workers went on strike from the ten colonies at La Junta. The southern beet field is now entirely out, and the northern field is effectively crippled. Thousands of strike calls in English, Spanish and German are being circulated. Organizers of the United Front Strike Committee are working tirelessly, day and night, to bring out the rest of

the northern field, and to stimulate local organization of strike, relief and defense committees.

22 Arrested.

Following the threats made at the beginning of the strike by the sheriffs of Weld and Morgan counties, a savage terror has been started during the last two days. Mass picket demonstrations are ordered to disperse by armed deputies.

Seven strikers were arrested today at Fort Morgan. Seven were arrested at La Junta. The total of arrests in Greeley section is now eight, five having been taken up day before yesterday, released, and then re-arrested yesterday. There are innumerable evictions. Delegations of sugar company agents among the beet farmers have approached the county officials and requested that all county relief for the starving beet workers be cut off during the strike. The county officials needed no urging, they were already doing it.

Demand \$23 Per Acre.

The strike started Monday, and has now grown to about 12,000. The strikers demand \$23 an acre, instead of the \$13 to \$15 they have been offered this season. (Correction, by accident, the Daily Worker reported the demands yesterday as \$23 a week. The strikers demand \$23 an acre.)

Starving; Need Relief! Absolute starvation menaces the strikers unless relief funds and shipments of food are rushed at once to the United Front Relief Committee, 2736 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

## 1,000 SHIPYARD WORKERS MEET TO FIGHT CUTS

BOSTON, Mass., May 19.—Over 1,000 Fore River Shipyard workers held an enthusiastic meeting last night at Quincy, Mass., against the announced wage cut of 15 per cent (actually much larger) and other grievances. The meeting was called by the Anti-Wage Cut Committee.

Organizer Hurst of the Metal Workers Industrial League was the main speaker. A movement is under way to organize Anti-Wage Cut Committees in every department of the yards.

About 2,400 men are having their wages cut at Fore River yard. Local papers say that the number is 4,685, but that is nearly twice the number working in the yards since lay-offs began.

Four hundred workers are actually on strike against a 25 percent cut, the fourth within the last three months. These are unorganized workers of the Atlantic and Simpson yards. The A. F. of L. is trying to get into the situation to sell out the strike, and the Metal Workers Industrial League urges the strikers to keep control in their own hands by electing a broad rank and file strike committee, which alone shall represent them, and with which the M. W. I. L. offers to co-operate fully.

## PEA PICKERS STRIKE IN CAL.

1500 Out for More Pay; Ready to Organize

HALF MOON BAY, Cal., May 19.—Fifteen hundred pea pickers around here struck spontaneously on Monday. They held a mass meeting in a camp and demanded 75 cents a bag of peas instead of the 50 cents they are getting.

The sheriff, the American Legion and deputized business men conducted a campaign of intimidation and threats against the strikers, and they were finally forced back to work yesterday, almost at the point of a gun.

The strikers are temporarily beaten, but numbers of them have declared themselves ready to organize for further struggle, and are beginning to join the Agricultural Workers Industrial League of the Trade Union Unity League.

## Secret Fascist Council Formed to Meet War and Deepening Crisis

Super-Party War Council of Republicans and Democrats Directing Both Parties; Preparing War and Open Dictatorship

A super-Party War Council is being formed and already beginning to function in Washington. This is revealed in a confidential letter issued to bankers and businessmen by the Kiplinger Washington Agency on May 14th. This agency is one of the instruments of finance capital to direct the lower ranks of the bourgeoisie. It reveals in a somewhat more developed form the plans for a more open form of bourgeois dictatorship in preparation for war. "Some substitute for a coalition government will have to be formed," it says.

"Secrecy is maintained" and the present steps are pushed rapidly "to prepare the public mind meanwhile." The maturing of the fascist National Council, it is predicted, will come in July after the adjournment of Congress.

Very powerful forces are moving behind this scheme. The sudden unanimity of all the big newspapers in the past two weeks behind the Hoover-Smith program is one of the first fruits of the new move. The leading group of this super-Party cabinet includes behind Hoover and his immediate advisors, the Democrats Al Smith, Owen D. Young, Newton Baker as well as the head of the Federal Reserve System, Myer and William Green and Matthew Woll of the American Federation of Labor. Norman Thomas of the socialist party is advocating many of the planks of the fascist program.

The following is the complete text of the confidential letter of the Kiplinger Agency:

The Kiplinger Washington Agency National Press Bldg., Washington, D. C. Washington, Saturday, May 14, 1932.

Dear Sir: It is beginning to be apparent that some substitute for a COALITION GOVERNMENT WILL HAVE TO BE FORMED TO HANDLE the situation after adjournment of Congress, which will probably be on June 10.

One month ago this idea was considered "wild" and "fancy." During the past ten days very serious consideration has been given the suggestion in high official quarters. SECRECY IS MAINTAINED, and the present intention is to make no definite move until July, but to PREPARE THE PUBLIC AND MIND MEANWHILE.

There are several plans, but one revolves about the idea of ASSEMBLING IN WASHINGTON, OR SUBJECT TO QUICK CALL, A DOZEN OR MORE MEN not

## PROTEST LYNCH VERDICT; PICKET RITCHIES MANSION

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 19.—Negro and white workers yesterday picketed the Executive Mansion in vigorous protest against the vicious attempts of the State officials and courts to block hearing on the appeal filed by the International Labor Defense attorneys against the lynch verdict against Yuel Lee (Orphan Jones), Negro farm hand.

Gov. Ritchie had absented himself in expectation of the demonstration, but had ordered out 25 of his State police in an attempt to intimidate the workers. The full force of the Annapolis police were also on hand with tear gas guns and clubs.

The demonstrators, three-fourths of whom were Negro workers, carried banners and slogans demanding the release of Lee, denouncing the action of the court before which he was tried in barring Negroes from the jury. The workers demanded the release of the nine Scottsboro boys, victims of the same class justice dispensed to workers, and especially Negro workers, by the courts of the ruling class.

Yuel Lee was framed up several months ago on the charge of murdering a rich white farmer on the eastern shore of Maryland. Lee had once worked for the farmer and had been robbed of a day's wages. He was defended by the I. L. D., whose attorneys forced the court to admit that Negroes were deliberately barred from the jury. The I. L. D. filed notice of an appeal against the lynch verdicts, but the Maryland lynchers have now raised a legal technicality by which they are attempting to block the hearing on the appeal and to rush through the legal lynching of Lee.

## Edith Berkman Discontinues Hunger Strike After Thousands Appeal to Her to Save Life

BOSTON, Mass., May 19.—Edith Berkman started the hunger strike on May 7, demanding release from custody of the Bureau of Immigration. She was then in Massachusetts Memorial Hospital, Boston, suffering from tuberculosis. A wave of mass demonstrations and hundreds of resolutions for her release took place. On Saturday, May 14, police and representatives of Commissioner of Immigration Anna Tillinghast kidnapped her from the hospital, and took her to another, 65 miles away, where she still is. The authorities tried to hide her there, but a committee found her 24 hours later.

Berkman's letter is as follows: Central New England Sanatorium, Rutland, Mass., May 19, 1932.

"To Workers and Sympathizers: Yesterday I discontinued my hunger strike. I did this not because of the brutality that Doak's immigration department, together with the police, used against me, while I was sick in the hospital. Not because all during my hunger strike Mrs. Tillinghast and her doctors made constant threats to remove me to an insane asylum. Not because, al-

though sick, I was twice forcibly removed from the hospitals under armed guard, not knowing where I was being taken and kept incommunicado for days.

"I discontinued the hunger strike because during the ten days of the hunger strike the Protection of Foreign Born Committee of the International Labor Defense, which is defending me, received a flood of telegrams and letters from workers urging me to do so. These letters pointed out that because of my tubercular

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO)

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)



# WHITE LYNCHERS WELCOME NAACP ASSISTANT HANGMEN TO CAPITAL

## Kansas Senator Lyingly Prates of "Better Economic Conditions" While Tens of Thousands of Negro Unemployed and Ruined Farmers Starve

When the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People holds a convention up in Washington—such high consideration are they held by the imperialist oppressors of the Negro masses that Luther Reichelderfer, "big chief" of the Board of Commissioners, gives them "the key to the city."

Not only are these betrayers of the Negro masses welcomed and feted by the lynch class, they are also addressed by one of its spokesmen, Senator Arthur Capper of Kansas.

Did Senator Capper speak to this gathering of misleaders about the actual miseries and lynchings of the Negro masses? Not at all!

But he did tell them that every Negro should be against the immigration of foreigners. He did lyingly proclaim that since the immigration laws were tightened the economic condition of the Negro was "better."

And Senator Capper, like all hypocrites before him, then proceeded to tell his audience of bourgeois Negroes—how good natured the Negro

race is, how true he is to "his country," that as a race he has made "wonderful progress," and that by having faith in their "leaders" (the lynch class) and by being patient, obeying the capitalist laws, that they would finally reach the "top."

Then, with the slightest kind of fakery, Senator Capper "regretted" the lynching of Negroes.

Not a word about the nine innocent Scottsboro boys condemned to die. Not a word about the Jim-Crow system of the white bosses. No word about the thousands of Negro and white workers and farmers starving because capitalism has determined that they starve.

Senator Capper told the N.A.A.C.P. jokes instead, the usual tripe at all capitalist conventions. And, by deliberately ignoring the real issue, he gave them the assurance that he will co-operate in keeping the masses in misery—that he will abide by the capitalist lynch law.

On this note, the first day of the N.A.A.C.P. convention ended.

# ANOTHER BERGER STORE CLOSED

## Picket Arrested But Sentence Suspended

NEW YORK—Five police pounced on a picket named Bell, in front of the Berger Service shop at Lexington and 87th Street, yesterday, leading him off to the 57th Street magistrates' court, where sentence was suspended on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Another Berger Service store, at Sixth Avenue and 55th Street, was closed by the strike yesterday. Berger Service with its 50 shops and finishing plant is paralyzed.

George Kneller, arrested the day before in the district attorney's office by the bosses themselves, spoke yesterday at a very enthusiastic strike meeting in Irving Plaza Hall of the Berger Service strikers.

Other speakers were John Steuben and the attorneys for the strikers, Taub and Schwab.

A representative of the International Labor Defense offered its full support to the strikers, and the Rank and File Committee in the A. F. of L. members strike in other shops expressed solidarity.

**CORRECTION.**—By accident, Berkowicz, president of Affiliated Cleaners and Dyers, was wrongly described in the Daily Worker as president of Berger Service.

# Neighboring Workers Join Mass Picketing at Powell Underwear

NEW YORK.—On Wednesday hundreds of workers from the neighborhood gathered in a mass picketing demonstration to assist the strikers of the Powell Undergarment Co. An open air meeting was held in which the issues of the strike and the support given to the strikers by the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union were reported. The police, at the instigation of the boss, arrested four workers. They were released the following day.

The Knitgoods Department of the Industrial Union is arranging an entertainment to raise relief funds for these militant strikers. The entertainment will be held May 21st, 8 p.m., at 313 Hinsdale Street, Brooklyn. Workers of Brownsville are called upon to support the strikers on the picket line, 441 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn, and to come to the affair so as to help raise sufficient funds to enable these girls to carry their strike to victory.

# Ben's Luncheonette at Larger Store; 50 P.C. of 1st Day's Take to Daily

Ben's Luncheonette and Soda Fountain will open today at new and larger quarters. The new store is on 12th Street and University Place, right next door to the old store.

Fifty per cent of the first day's proceeds at the luncheon counter and soda fountain will go for the benefit of the Daily Worker.

# What's On—

**FRIDAY**  
Comrade Ben Gold will speak at the Tremont Workers' Club, 2075 Clinton Ave., Bronx, at 8 p.m. All workers are invited.  
Comrade L. DeNantes will speak on the election campaign of the Bridge Plaza Workers' Club, 285 Rodney St., Brooklyn, at 8 p.m.  
The Harlem Progressive Youth Club will have a membership meeting at 1515 Madison Ave. at 8:30 p.m.  
A concert and lecture under the auspices of the class in colonial problems, Workers' School, will be held at 35 E. 12th St., second floor, at 8 p.m. Admission is 25 cents.  
Comrade Donald Henderson will speak on the "Student Movement and the Workers' Class" at the Prospect Workers' Center, 1157 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, at 8 p.m.  
The Irish Workers' Club will have an entertainment and dance at Finian Hall, 15 W. 126th St. All workers are urged to come.

# Working Class Honors Memory of Negro Revolutionary Leader Today

One of the most brilliant chapters in the rich revolutionary history of the Negro masses was written in the blood of the heroic black slaves of Haiti who, in the latter part of the 18th century rose in arms against the brutal slave owners. In a series of bloody struggles extending over thirteen years, the enslaved Negroes defeated the armed forces of the slave owners, smashed the horrible institution of chattel slavery in the island, and successfully defied the efforts of the whole bourgeois world to re-enslave them. They successfully defeated the veteran armies of

## Memorial Meetings in New York, Other Cities

England, Spain and France.

The Haitian Revolution is the first and only successful slave revolt in recorded history. One of the outstanding leaders of this revolution was Toussaint L'Ouverture, whose memory is being honored today by Negro and white workers in a number of memorial meetings throughout the country. In New York City, a parade will be held in Harlem this

evening under the leadership of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights. The parade will be followed by a memorial meeting at St. Luke's Hall, 125 West 130th Street. The Memorial meeting, held in honor of one of the greatest Negro revolutionary heroes, will be addressed by Negro and white revolutionary leaders in the present day struggles of the exploited and oppressed white and Negro toilers against the imperialist enemy. Among the speakers will be Charles Alexander, Negro orator and revolutionary, and William Z. Foster, proposed Communist candidate for president.

# NAT'L YOUTH DAY PROGRAM IN N. Y. ARRANGED

## To Begin With Track Meet at Meemdam Park, Sunday

NEW YORK.—The United Front Youth Committee, which is leading the preparations for the Second National Youth Day in New York on May 29 and 30, has arranged the final program for the Harlem activities for the two days.

On Sunday, May 29, trucks bringing the youth from the various sections of the city will converge on Meemdam Park (near the Yankee Stadium) at 12:30. A short reception will be held. There the Counter-Olympic track and field meet will be held, in which Negro and white athletes will participate. In the evening a banquet will be given for Lucille Wright, sister of two of the Scottsboro boys, at 6 W. 135th St.

On Monday, May 30, all young workers will again gather for the start of the parade through Harlem at Seventh Ave. and 142nd St. The parade will end in lower Harlem, where the demonstration will be held at 110th St. and Fifth Ave. The full line of march and the marching order for the various organizations and clubs will be printed later in the Daily Worker.

In the evening a dance has been arranged at the Westminster Hall, 73 Lenox Ave., near 113th St. This affair will conclude the program for the two days.

In order to raise funds for National Youth Day, two city-wide tag days have been arranged by the United Front Youth Committee. These tag days will be held on Saturday and Sunday, May 21 and 22. Below are listed the tag day stations in the various sections of the city. These stations will be open from 9 a.m. till 9 p.m. on both days.

**Bronx**—1323 Southern Boulevard and 569 Prospect Ave.

**Harlem**—6 W. 135th St.

**Downtown**—142 E. Third St. and 16 W. 21st St.

**Brownsville**—1613 Pitkin Ave.

**Brighton Beach**—140 Neptune Ave.

**Williamsburg**—61 Graham Ave.

**Borough Hall**—73 Myrtle Ave.

All boxes must be turned in no later than Monday noon to the United Front National Youth Day Committee at 80 Fifth Ave. (care of International Workers' Order, 15th floor).

# Bricklayer Officials Enraged at Exposure of Their Treacheries

NEW YORK.—A great many of the building workers on the Radio City job at 50th St. and Sixth Ave. went back to work yesterday. Carpenters told the Daily Worker reporter that they had "taken" \$16 a week out.

The bricklayers' delegate, Johnny McGrath, tried to identify the members of Local 34 who bought the Daily Worker today. McGrath's ire was aroused by the Daily Worker's report of the refusal of the International, to this local, of strike benefits.

Significantly, the Daily Worker newsboy was threatened by the cop on 50th St. and told: "You can't sell this paper on this block."

Bricklayers, wire-lappers and others have not gone back to work as yet. Police were reinforced yesterday as if the fake leaders and the bosses expected reprisals from the workers for their betrayal.

day: John Barrymore in "State's Attorney." Wednesday to Friday: Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., in "It's Tough To Be Famous."

**CLASS STRUGGLE NEWS REELS: MAY DAY, 1932**

**SCOTTSBORO DEMONSTRATION FORD MASSACRE RENT STRIKES NATIONAL HUNGER MARCH Obtainable for Workers' Organizations**

**FILM DEPT. OF W. I. R. 16 W. 21ST ST., N. Y. C.**

WHOLE FLOOR, 6 furnished rooms and bath; sublet cheap all or part till October. Inquire 423 10th, 318 East 15th St. or D. W. business office.

# "TWO DAYS"

A GRIPPING STORY OF THE CIVIL WAR IN SOUTHERN RUSSIA

"TWO DAYS" is the first Soviet film production which shows the struggle between old and new orders in the breast of an individual. . . .—MICHAEL GOLD

"Two Days" is a film of class revenge which the workers will deeply appreciate. —MORNING FREIHEIT.

—ON THE SAME PROGRAM— "Sino-Japanese Crisis"—Scenes from the conflict in Manchuria

THE WORKERS' ACME THEATRE 14th Street & Union Square Midnite Show Sat. 15c Sun. 10c

# Communist Candidate for Congress to Speak at Workers' Banquet

NEW YORK.—All workers' organizations should support and attend the Communist Election Campaign banquet and ball in Williamsburg, May 21, at 8 p.m., in 46 Ten Eyck Street, Brooklyn.

Emanuel Levin, Communist Party candidate for Congress in the Seventh Congressional district, and manager of the Daily Worker, will be the main speaker. There will be a splendid program, featured by singing by the Lithuanian Workers Chorus. Both halls of the Laisye will be occupied by the banquet and ball. Admission is 50 cents to the banquet and dance, or 25 cents to the dance alone. Take the B. M. T. 14th Street or Broadway train and get off at Lorimer Street station.

# FORCE RELIEF BY WARNING OF HUGE DEMONSTRATION

## WIR Demands Feeding Station Be Aided By Bureau

NEW YORK.—Faced with the warning that if relief wasn't immediately forthcoming that 200 children would be mobilized in front of the doors, the Home Relief Bureau, Branch 18, yesterday was forced to give relief to three starving workers' families and to pay the rent of the families of Sales, McDonald and Shafer.

This delegation, mobilized through the Unemployed Councils, was headed by Michael Burd, District Secretary of the W. I. R., John J. Collins, member of A. F. of L. Pocket Book Workers' Union and representative of the Block Committee of the Unemployed Council, and Odessa Green, Negro child representing the W. I. R. Pioneers.

The workers militantly demanded a hearing from the Home Relief Bureau head, Mrs. Kaplan, and refused to be intimidated by the presence of policemen called in by that official. Miss Marshall, an aid of Mrs. Kaplan, revealed that the Home Relief Bureau is in a chaotic condition and that "no tickets for relief are being sent out to the needy." She advocated "patience."

The Workers International Relief demanded that the Home Relief Bureau subsidize the child feeding work on 53rd Street and presented a list of 103 children who are receiving daily solidarity aid from the W. I. R.

The misery and starvation existing among workers' children in the neighborhood will be exposed by a mother of one of the many children who are receiving solidarity aid at the W. I. R. Conference on Child Misery and Starvation, Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th Street, 1 p.m. June 5. All working class organizations are urged to immediately elect two delegates to that conference, which will take up plans to strengthen the feeding work and organize for the opening of the W. I. R. Children's Camp at Wingdale, N. Y.

Smash the illusions of the pacifists in the struggle against war. Learn to struggle in the revolutionary way against war. Read "Revolutionary Struggle Against War versus Pacifism," by A. Bittelman, five cents.

**VOLUNTEER TYPISTS**  
Needed in the Daily Worker Business Office.—8th floor, 50 East 13th Street.

# RELIEF OFFICIAL ADMITS COUNCIL FORCES CITY AID

## Statement Made When Downtown Council Brings Families

NEW YORK.—The head of the Association for the Improvement of the Conditions of the Poor and one of the leading figures in the relief apparatus of New York, Matthews, yesterday admitted to a delegation of the Downtown Unemployed Council that whatever relief has been given in this city was due to the organizational activity of the Council.

The delegation took six families to this charity outfit and demanded immediate relief, since the Home Relief Bureau no longer registered workers. A couple of the families were given a dollar to hush them up and an investigation of their cases was promised.

Matthews then said: "If it weren't for you people (meaning the Unemployed Council—Editor) there would be no relief given to the unemployed in New York City. Nor would the Board of Estimate have appropriated two million dollars for the Home Relief Bureau. The bureau was scheduled to close on June 1."

It will be remembered that as soon as the announcement of the closing of this city bureau for the relief of the unemployed was made, the Unemployed Councils of New York organized a demonstration at City Hall, which was brutally attacked. Some of the workers arrested are still held in jail and face three years in jail. The day after the demonstration the city voted \$2,000,000 to keep them open until August 1. More intensive organization will, as admitted by Matthews, force larger grants and the continued granting of relief—and more adequate relief at that.

William Z. Foster, proposed presidential candidate for the Communist Party, will be greeted by hundreds of Negro and white workers at the St. Luke's Hall, 125 West 130th Street, at 8 p.m., on Friday, May 20.

This meeting will also mark the 180th anniversary of the death of the great Haitian slave leader, Toussaint L'Ouverture.

The anniversary is under the auspices of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights.

**WOLFE TO SPEAK AT L'OUVERTURE MEETING TONIGHT**  
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# AMUSEMENTS

**HELD OVER 2nd WEEK!**  
"NOT TO BE MISSED . . . Stands with the very great Russian films, 'The Tankin' and 'The End of St. Petersburg.'" —Howard Barnes, New Trib.

**SIBERIAN PATROL**  
New Soviet title with English subtitles based on the Moscow Times. Art Theatre Stage Bill "Armoured Train"

**CAMEO 42nd St. & Broadway**  
Opening of Giant Soviet Plant MACHINOGORSK  
Hockey Game between Moscow & Leningrad (in Moscow Stadium)

**THE THEATRE GUILD Presents TOO TRUE TO BE GOOD**  
A New Play by BERNARD SHAW  
GUILD THEATRE, 628 St. W. of W'way, Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Sat., 2:30

**The Theatre Guild Presents REUNION IN VIENNA**  
A Comedy  
By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD  
THEATRE, 45th St. & Ave. E. 8:40. Mats. Th., Sat. Tel. Pe 6-6100

**COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW**  
By EMER RICE PAUL MUNI  
Plymouth Then W. 45 St. E. 8:20 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20

**MAYFAIR TO 2 P.M.—35c**  
FANNIE HURST'S "SYMPHONY OF SIX MILLION"  
(First Time at Popular Prices)

**Mourning Becomes Electra**  
1st Perf. "Homecoming," 5:30 to 7 p.m. 2nd Perf. "The Hunted," "The Haunted," 8:10 to 11:20  
New Prices: \$1, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50, \$3  
ALVIN THEATRE 624 St. West of W'way

"The struggle against militarism is an extreme form of the class struggle against war and against the political power of capitalism." —LIEBKNECHT

# PROLETARIAN SPRING FESTIVAL

Friday, May 20th at 8 p. m.  
NEW STAR CASINO—107th Street and Park Ave., N. Y.  
ADMISSION 35 CENTS (in advance) AT DOOR 50 CENTS

Auspices: International Labor Defense—New York District

# TO DEMAND AID FROM BOARD OF ESTIMATE TODAY

## Delegation of City Social Club Will Present Petition

NEW YORK.—A petition will be presented today at 10 o'clock to the Board of Estimate by a delegation of 25 or 30 workers representing the City Social Club.

This club, composed of Emergency Work Bureau employees, both employed and dismissed, decided to send a delegation to the Board of Estimate with a petition demanding that the sum of \$60,000,000, named by the Welfare Commission of New York as the minimum necessary for a comprehensive relief program until October, be immediately made available, that the sum set aside in the current budget for payment of debt service and interest charges to the banker-creditors of the city, be devoted to the purpose of unemployment relief; that the \$231,000,000 schedule of public works, eliminated from the 1932 budget, be resumed.

In addition the petition demands: (1) No dismissal of Home Relief Bureau employees or other work relief beneficiaries in the course of merging of relief agencies; (2) no speed-up as a result of the reduction of working time; (3) no discrimination in the giving of any form of relief; (4) endorsement by the Board of Estimate and the city government of the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill at full wage rates and at the expenses of the federal government.

"I am confident that the workers of this country, while organizing against wage-cuts and for unemployment insurance, will strengthen the fight against the Hoover-Doak-A. F. of L. policy to divide the workers into native, foreign-born and Negroes and terrorize them with jailings, deportations and lynchings. I am confident that the workers will increase their activities for my release, the release of Mooney, the Scottsboro boys and all other class-war prisoners.

"I am ending the hunger strike. I am carrying out the wishes of the workers who want me free and healthy so that I can come back to take my place in our struggle against starvation and misery.

"Comradely greetings,  
"EDITH BERKMAN."

(See columns 1 to 4 on this page

# FOSTER TO SPEAK AT L'OUVERTURE MEETING TONIGHT

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# Workers' Clubs Should Advertise in the "Daily"

ATTENTION COMRADES!  
**Health Center Cafeteria**  
WORKERS CENTER  
50 EAST 13th STREET  
Patronize the Health Center Cafeteria and Help the Revolutionary Movement  
Best Food Reasonable Prices

—Come to the—  
**Spaghetti Party and Entertainment**  
Arranged by Units 2 and 18  
Jugoslav Educational Club  
131 WEST 21st STREET  
Sun., May 22, 7:30  
All Proceeds go to Daily Worker  
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

**RUSSIAN MEALS**  
For Poor Pocketbooks  
**KAVKAZ**  
332 E. 14th Street, N. Y. C.

**Nitgedaiget Kinderland Unity**  
Beacon, N. Y. Hopewell June, N.Y. Wingdale, N. Y.

**Come and Celebrate the Opening**  
ALL CAMPS HAVE UNIFORM RATES

Per Week	\$15.00	Rates for the Week End	
Org. Tax	1.00	One Day	\$3.25
Press Tax	.50	Two Days	6.00
Total	\$16.50	Three Days	8.50

The Management of each Camp is preparing appropriate programs and a variety of prolet play and entertainment for the week end

"DECORATION DAY", MONDAY MAY 30th  
Enjoy three full days in the country in your own atmosphere

Follow our further announcements for details on program and transportation

# ROOMS WANTED

Rooms are needed for students of the Central Training School for six weeks beginning June 15th. Party members and sympathizers who can accommodate without charge one or more students during that period, please report immediately to:—

Specify whether male or female  
**THE WORKERS SCHOOL**  
35 East 12th Street Telephone ALg. 4-1199

# Edith Berkman Discontinues Hunger Strike After Thousands Appeal to Her to Save Life

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)  
condition the hunger strike will mean my death if continued any longer. In these letters the workers pledged themselves to intensify the struggle for my release.

"The hunger strike, backed up by mass activities, exposed Doak's strike-breaking deportation policy as a means to help the boss class and their agents, the A. F. of L., to put over wage-cuts and speed-up. Because of mass protest, which the hunger strike aroused, the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals was forced to hand down their decision (even though adverse), which they delayed, intending thus to weaken the mass campaign (by passing the buck from the Department of Labor to the courts).

"I am confident that the workers of this country, while organizing against wage-cuts and for unemployment insurance, will strengthen the fight against the Hoover-Doak-A. F. of L. policy to divide the workers into native, foreign-born and Negroes and terrorize them with jailings, deportations and lynchings. I am confident that the workers will increase their activities for my release, the release of Mooney, the Scottsboro boys and all other class-war prisoners.

"I am ending the hunger strike. I am carrying out the wishes of the workers who want me free and healthy so that I can come back to take my place in our struggle against starvation and misery.

"Comradely greetings,  
"EDITH BERKMAN."

(See columns 1 to 4 on this page

for the letter of the representatives of 18 workers' organizations asking Edith Berkman to end her hunger strike.)

# 2 FURNITURE STRIKES WON

## More Pay; Recognition at Royal and Model

NEW YORK.—The workers of the Royal Upholstery Co., at 356 E. 149th St., and those of the Model Upholstery Co. of 158th St. and Amsterdam Ave. have won their strikes. They get increases in pay, equal division of work, no discrimination, recognition of the shop committee and recognition of the Furniture Workers' Industrial Union.

The union calls on other workers to do as well.

# Shoe Strikers Will Have Social Evening

NEW YORK.—A "Get Acquainted Evening" for all young (and adult) strikers of the Paris, I. Miller and Andrew Geller shoe shops will be held on Saturday night, May 21, at the Bridge Plaza Workers' Club, 285 Rodney St., Williamsburg. The workers of the Elio Shoe are also coming down to celebrate their victorious settlement. Splendid program of music, dramatics and dancing. Admission free, and no collection.

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**Health Center Cafeteria**  
WORKERS CENTER  
50 EAST 13th STREET  
Patronize the Health Center Cafeteria and Help the Revolutionary Movement  
Best Food Reasonable Prices

**Intern'l Workers Order DENTAL DEPARTMENT**  
80 FIFTH AVENUE  
15th FLOOR  
All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

**Spaghetti Party and Entertainment**  
Arranged by Units 2 and 18  
Jugoslav Educational Club  
131 WEST 21st STREET  
Sun., May 22, 7:30  
All Proceeds go to Daily Worker  
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

**Concert and Lecture**  
under auspices of COLONIAL PROBLEMS CLASS of the Workers School  
35 East 12th Street, 2nd fl.  
Fri., May 20—8 p. m.  
Concha Michel, Mexican revolutionary artist  
Albert Moreau will speak on "Why Study Colonial Problems?"  
Admission 25 Cents

**RUSSIAN MEALS**  
For Poor Pocketbooks  
**KAVKAZ**  
332 E. 14th Street, N. Y. C.

**International Solidarity Day**  
Celebration—Carnival  
Sunday, June 12, 1932  
At STARLIGHT PARK  
EAST 177th ST. STATION, BRONX  
Showing "CANNON OR TRACTORS"  
Sport Exhibitions and Games  
Red Parade and Dancing  
Admission 25c  
Joint Applicants:  
Workers International Relief  
Trade Union Unity Council

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# BRITISH PRESS EXPECTS EARLY ATTACK ON THE U.S.S.R. BY JAPAN

## Workers in Many Local Conferences Choosing Delegates to Chicago

### Huge National Convention Called by Communist Party Will Launch Election Campaign With Demand for Unemployment Insurance Main Issue

A wave of Communist Election Campaign conferences is spreading over the country. There are so many they cannot be completely reported in the Daily Worker. All of them elect delegates to the National Nominating Convention called by the Communist Party, to meet in Chicago May 28 and 29. Local conferences are made up of representatives of all sorts of workers' organizations, ranging from shop groups and local unions to cultural, language, fraternal, insurance, defense, sports, ex-servicemen's organizations. In addition to the delegates from local conferences, there will be in the National Nominating Convention large numbers of delegates sent directly from the larger units of such organizations.

The convention will have presented to it by the Communist Party for amendment and adoption a draft program for the election campaign which stresses a demand for unemployment and social insurance at the expense of the state and employers. The Communist Party will propose as the convention's nominees for president and vice-president of the United States: William Z. Foster and James W. Ford. Foster is general secretary of the Trade Union Unity League and Ford is a Negro worker leader from Alabama.

#### R. I. Convention.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 18.—The State Nominating Convention for Communist candidates will be held May 22, at 4 p. m., at 25 Fountain St.

Series of street meetings is being held in Providence. Several have been held, and the next are May 19 at 7:30 p. m. at A St., and May 21, at 7:30 p. m. at City Hall Plaza.

#### Duluth Meeting Saturday

DULUTH, Minn.—On Saturday at 7 p. m., May 21, the Communist Party is calling its opening election mass meeting at Court-House Square where the main speaker will be Wm. Schneiderman, Communist candidate for Governor of Minnesota. The demonstration will be followed by an Election Conference on Sunday afternoon at the Camels Hall, to elect delegates to the National Nominating Convention of the Party in Chicago.

W. A. Harju, proposed Communist candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Wisconsin, will be the chief speaker. William Z. Foster will be the main speaker at Central Hall Rooms, June 7, at 71 West Seventh St., St. Paul, Minn.

#### Wisconsin Conferences

SUPERIOR, Wis.—May 18.—Local election conferences are being held this week to elect 10 delegates from Northern Wisconsin to attend the National Nominating convention of the Communist Party in Chicago. Conferences will take place in Owen, Brantwood, Phelps, Ashland, and Superior. The Superior conference will be held May 21. On Friday night, May 20, an election mass meeting was held in Superior where W. A. Harju, proposed Communist candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Wisconsin, will be the main speaker.

#### 15 From Upper Michigan.

IRONWOOD, Michigan, May 18.—Local election conferences were held during the week which chose 15 delegates from upper Michigan to attend the Chicago Convention. The delegates include iron and copper miners and poor farmers from the Ironwood, Hancock, and Negaunee sections.

#### 70 Meet in Houston.

HOUSTON, Texas, May 18.—Seventy representatives of workers' organizations attended the Workers' Election Conference here. Lewis Hurst and A. W. Berry, Communist Party section organizer, made the main reports. Berry pointed out that a fourth of Mississippi's farms are being sold for auction, and conditions are little better in Texas.

Joseph and Philip Guildt please communicate with the "Daily Worker" Very important!

#### RUSSIAN ART SHOP

PEASANTS' HANDICRAFTS  
100 East 14th St., N. Y. C.  
Imports from U.S.S.R. (Russia)  
RUGS, SHAWLS, PEASANT LINEN, WOODENWARE

TOYS—NOVELTIES—TEA CANDY—CIGARETTES  
Send \$5.00 for Special Assortment for Business Package Parties (Will bring in \$15.00) Phone AL 6-2444

#### Ocean-Monmouth.

Lakewood, N. J., May 18.—One delegate was elected to Chicago from the joint Ocean-Monmouth County conference held here May 13. He is Virginia Davis, a Negro needle trades worker.

## POLICE BREAK UP ANTI-WAR MEET IN TAMPA, FLORIDA

### Arrest 2 Communists and Beat Them Up Severely

TAMPA, Florida, May 19.—A new wave of terror was let loose here when uniformed and plain clothes policemen, aided by Immigration officers, broke into the hall at Labor Temple where the Young Communist League was holding an anti-war and anti-deportation meeting on Monday, May 16th. Frank Gida and Mike Comas were arrested and severely beaten up.

Many hundreds of workers, aroused by the intensified preparations for war against the Soviet Union and by the recent deportation of Ferras and Espinoza, filled the hall to capacity. But as soon as Frank Gida, organizer of the Young Communist League, was through speaking, he was seized by an officer on order by chief of police Logan and taken to jail. Mike Comas was also seized, taken 6 miles away and beaten across the back with a black jack by masked men.

From jail, where he was likewise beaten up, Frank Gida was released into the hands of about 18 masked men, among whom were sheriff Joughin and Police Chief Logan. They rode him out of town, forced him to kiss the American flag and left him with eyes blackened, fingers twisted and several teeth knocked out.

With each blow delivered, they asked Frank Gida the address of H. Gordon, Communist organizer whom they threatened to hang on sight. But as Gida refused to answer he was beaten up into insensibility.

Gordon was present at the meeting but the cops were already outside when they were told he had not left the hall as yet. They surrounded the hall, the entrance to which was closed from the inside, and did not dare to break in because they knew there would be no peaceful submission.

Frank Gida was told never to return to town: "Go back to New York"—he was told—"and tell your comrades that this is our method of dealing with anybody attempting to cause trouble."

#### T. U. U. C. to Start Class on Negro Trade Union Activities

NEW YORK.—Sol Auerbach will supervise a course in "trade union activities among the Negro workers," organized by the Trade Union Unity Council of Greater New York.

The purpose of this course will be to (1) train Negro workers for trade union work, and (2) train white workers for work among the Negroes. This course is one of the immediate tasks set by the newly organized Negro Work Department of the Trade Union Unity Council.

All white and Negro workers wishing to take this course are urged to register at once in person or by mail with the Negro Work or Educational Department of the Trade Union Unity Council.

In addition to Sol Auerbach, other instructors include James W. Ford, proposed Communist candidate for vice-president, Elizabeth Lawson, Harry Haywood and Maud White.

Smash the illusions of the pacifists in the struggle against war. Learn to struggle in the revolutionary way against war. Read "Revolutionary Struggle Against War versus Pacifism," by A. Bittelman, five cents.

## Secret Fascist Council Formed to Meet War and Deepening Crisis

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

merely political leaders of both parties, but also representatives of INDUSTRIAL, FINANCIAL, AGRICULTURAL AND LABOR INTERESTS. They would act best as advisers to the administration, and also as executive instrumentalities in liaison with their respective groups. The spirit of the thing would be non-partisan rather than bipartisan.

Precise duties have not been worked out. Actually, the President already has the benefit of advice, more or less secret, from leaders in the democratic party, and from all sorts of leaders in business, agricultural and labor groups. The burden of decisions is heavy. Even after decisions are made it becomes a question of whether the country will go along. Some additional mechanism for execution of governmental ideas, for translating cooperation from various groups of the public, is now deemed desirable. The reason for a small group is that it would be less unwieldy

## Chinese Red Armies in Big Advance in 3 Provinces; Cut off Nanking Troops in Anhwei

### Kuomintang Troops Desert to Revolutionary Forces, Nanking Aviators Refuse to Carry Out Orders to Bomb Masses in Soviet Districts

A Peiping dispatch to the New York Post yesterday reported that the Chinese Red Army in Fukien Province had captured the town of Shihma, 12 miles from the seaport of Amoy, and were preparing to attack the Kuomintang forces holding that port. The dispatch makes the sinister threat that "the belief here is that foreign naval forces will be sent to attack Amoy and that these forces include American, Japanese and British warships engaged in direct armed intervention against the revolutionary struggle of the telling Chinese masses."

A Hankow dispatch reports that Chinese Red Army forces were operating within ten miles of that city, the course of the night last year. The Wall Street government yesterday issued fresh orders to its Nanking butchers to send troops against the armed forces of the revolutionary Chinese workers and peasants in Anhwei Province.

A Nanking force of 7,000 which invaded Anhwei Province about ten days ago has been surrounded and cut off by the Chinese Red Army. Bourgeois press dispatches from Nanking admit that most of this force has joined the revolutionary army. The same dispatches report that the Nanking government is finding it increasingly difficult to induce its troops to fight against the Chinese Red Army. Nanking aviators are reported to have bluntly refused to carry out orders to bomb the Red Army and the revolutionary masses in the growing Soviet district in Anhwei province.

The Anhwei Red forces have surrounded the important city of Peng-tai, and are moving to cut the Tientsin-Pukow Railway south of the city

to block any attempt of the Nanking butchers to send fresh forces into the besieged city.

Chinese Red Army forces are also winning victories in Honan Province. Honan Province borders Anhwei on the west. A powerful Soviet district has existed for several years on the Anhwei-Honan-Hupeh borders. Red Army forces from this district are also operating in the vicinity of Hankow, the principal city of Hupeh Province and one of the most important industrial and strategic cities of Central China. Anhwei is on the northern borders of Kiangsi Province, in which the city of Nanking is situated. Bourgeois dispatches admit that the growing power of the Anhwei-Honan-Hupeh Soviet district is threatening the very existence of the traitorous Nanking government of the Chinese bankers and landowners and their imperialist masters.

In Fukien Province, the Chinese Red Army is still carrying on a victorious advance toward the borders of Kwangtung Province in which the Canton wing of the Kuomintang traitors have their stronghold. Chinese and foreign merchants at Amoy, Fukien seaport 35 miles from the city of Chang-chau which is in the possession of the revolutionary army, have raised a fund of \$200,000 to finance the Canton clique in its Communist "suppression" campaign.

The Canton navy, which is in revolt against the Nanking government, has seized the island of Hainan, off the coast of Kwangtung province. They have dismissed all magistrates and seized the funds of the central bank. The revolt so far is merely an expression of the internal conflicts between the Kuomintang betrayers of China. These conflicts are in turn an expression of the differences between the various imperialist masters of the two groups.

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## JAPAN SOCIALISTS BACK FASCIST ACT FOR WAR ON USSR

### Support Move for Brutal Fascist Dictatorship

The Japanese fascist drive for immediate war against the Soviet Union and increased terror against the Japanese toiling masses is openly supported by the Japanese socialists. Even the bourgeois press which customarily helps the socialists in concealing their betrayals of the working class is forced to admit this. In an editorial headed "The Sumarai-Socialist Alliance," the New York Herald Tribune yesterday admitted that the fascist movement derives its greatest strength from the support of the socialists who are still able to deceive large sections of the Japanese proletariat. The editorial states, in part:

"When the army and navy leaders meet to demand that the upshot of this crisis be the final eclipse of party politics in a super-party Cabinet, they are not speaking for the new 'fascist' recruits to their cause. They are speaking for a very big proportion of the nobility, including members of the imperial family, for the sumurai, in or out of uniform, and for the Japanese socialists.... The Japanese who shares with the military and the aristocrats their resentment against the control of corrupt parliamentary politics by a bourgeois oligarchy can see in their reactionary program a long step backward, if he likes, toward Asiatic patriarchy. But, if it suits him better, he also can see in it a long step toward the evolution of a socialist state."

"It is this close co-operation of the socialists with the militarists in their 'super-party' plans which gives the 'purification' movement such stability and importance

#### FORCE PERMIT IN YOUNGSTOWN FOR NAT'L YOUTH DAY

### Compel Steel Bosses to Revoke Former Decision

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio.—The young workers in Youngstown scored a smashing victory over the agents of the steel trust by compelling them to permit the Second National Youth Day demonstration on May 30th.

Fearful of the continuation of the militant traditions of last year's National Youth Day demonstration at which the young workers heroically fought back against an overwhelming police attack. The steel bosses at first refused a permit. Several young workers were wounded during the course of the fight last year when the steel trust police used their revolvers to mow down the demonstrators.

National Youth Day in Youngstown, this year will be a mighty day of protest of the youth against the criminal war moves of the bosses against the Soviet Union.

In addition it will be a determined blow at the recent 15 per cent wage cut put over in the entire steel industry.

Arrangements have been made for a tremendous parade and demonstration through the streets of Youngstown.

One workers, who evidently saw the ballot in the Daily Worker, did not find room to write all he wanted on the ballot as it appeared in the Daily Worker, so he wrote out his own ballot and sent it in.

Many veterans have already arrived in Washington to participate in the demonstration, which will be led June 8 by the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League at the capitol. A group that trekked all the way from Tennessee were welcomed by the capitol police, who tried to terrorize the vets. Someone spread the alarm that there was going to be a demonstration before the capitol building.

About 25 rank and file members of the Veterans of Foreign Wars arrived in Washington this week to collect their back pay. They say that they will stay in Washington until they get the money.

A representative of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League visited the Daily Worker yesterday and requested that greetings of the League be extended to the veterans now in Washington.

"When they say they are going to stay until they get the money, they have the right line," he said. "That's what we all intend to do."

"Tell the veterans to get behind the march to Washington. All the veterans who are unattached should start for Washington now. We will get our back pay when we go there this time, for we are going prepared to stay until we get it."

#### BONUS BALLOT

I am in favor of cash payment of the bonus to all veterans  MAKE AN X  
I am in favor of a veteran's march to the capitol at Washington

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

State .....

What outfit did you serve in? .....

What organization are you in now? Send this to: Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, 1 Union Square, Room 715.

## ADMITS NO BASIS FOR LIES OF SOVIET MOBILIZATION SPREAD BY SOCIALIST PAPER

### Liberal Bourgeois Press Forced to Recognize Soviet Union's Firm Desire for Peace

Reveal Support to Japanese War Drive By British Official Circles

British opinion generally interprets the fascist action in Japan and the rapid Japanese troop movements to the Soviet border as a definite move by the Japanese militarists toward an early attack on the Soviet Union, according to the London Correspondent of the New York Post.

The belief that Japan is on the verge of attacking the Soviet Union is openly expressed by all classes, he reports, with the exception of British official circles. He openly hints that British official circles are supporting the Japanese militarists in their drive for war against the Soviet Union and are attempting to hide the sinister significance of the Japanese war moves. In a dispatch yesterday to his paper, he reports:

"The liberals and radicals are most outspoken in the belief that this war, if not inevitable, is at least almost so. Quite the opposite view is held in official circles. Here—as has always been the case since Japan made her first move in Manchuria—there has been a persistent refusal to believe that Japan will do anything provocative."

"Japan," he adds, "has able friends in Great Britain and these friends are now discussing every probability of war."

The general belief, however, the reports, is that Japan is determined to attack the Soviet Union and "could count on help from some European states anxious to have Communism beaten on the field of battle. Soviet foreign experts themselves think there is a great chance that a Far Eastern war will lure Poland into an attack on the Russian western frontier had that this might easily involve all Europe in a conflagration."

The Post correspondent admits that the reports spread by the German socialist paper "Vorwaerts" of "great military preparations by Russia" are discounted in all circles. He says:

"Once a conflagration was broken out it is useless to try to quench it, and efforts to localize it would be just as hopeless.

#### Will Stay in Capitol 'Till Paid, Say Vets

NEW YORK.—Signed ballots continue to flood into the headquarters of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League here supporting the fight for the immediate cash payment of the tombstone bonus. Far away points have not yet all been heard from on account of the short length of time the vets have had to get their ballots to New York.

One Chicago veteran sent in his ballot by air mail and asked for more ballots. Nearly every ballot is accompanied with a request for more ballots.

Two Thousand More Beet Workers Strike; Deputies Jail 22

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

The hundreds of evicted families are desperately in need of tents, at once. All available tents in possession of other unions, or of workers' camps or other organizations, should be rushed to the above address immediately.

Funds for the defense of the arrested strikers, who are charged with "intimidation" and with "violation of the state anti-picketing law," should be sent at once to the Provisional Defense Committee and the International Labor Defense, 1018 Fifteenth St., Denver, Colo.

Decisive Moment. This is the critical moment of the struggle. It will be decided in the two weeks from May 15 to June 1. In that period the beet-thinning must be done, or the gigantic investments of the Great Western Sugar Company—investments said to total \$175,000,000—will be sacrificed. Unlimited support of a one hundred per cent walkout will compel the bosses to yield, the wage cut they are trying to put over on the beet workers will be defeated.

The sugar beet industry is the largest in the state of Colorado, and thousands of Mexicans, Spanish, and German workers are employed. Child labor in its most flagrant form is the rule on the sugar beet ranches. Most of the Mexican and Spanish workers, brought in on the basis

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# THE N.A.A.C.P. GOES INTO ACTION "ON MANY FRONTS"

By DOUGLAS McDONALD

THE National Association for the Advancement of Colored People is already campaigning among its membership for votes for the capitalist Jim-Crow parties. At its twenty-third annual conference, which opened in Washington, D. C. on Tuesday, Colonel J. E. Spingarn, white president of the N.A.A.C.P., is reported as telling the conference how "anti-American" it would be to have in the United States such a workers' rule as "the proposed dictatorship of an economic group in the Russian sense of dictatorship of the proletariat." It happens that all races have equal rights in the Soviet Union and nowhere else—but Colonel Spingarn wants something else, what he calls "an American religion of the spirit." What is this that Colonel Spingarn is trying to perpetuate? What is this religion of spirit but a means of continuing the enslavement of Negro workers?

misleaders. "The Negro does not 'belong' to any party," said Senator Capper. "I would say, let the Negro citizen hold to an independent mind, politically making his decisions and choices in politics according to the circumstances." Why is the Senator so anxious to keep the Negro citizen "independent"? Is he afraid that Negroes may awaken to the fact that the Communist Party represents the interests of all workers, white and black? Why does he say "there can be but one issue for the colored voter," unless, he, who never lifted a hand for the Scottsboro boys, is afraid that Negroes are discovering the need for solidarity with the militant white workers?

Secretary Ray Lynam Wilber, a member of President Herbert Hoover's cabinet, is also going to address the N.A.A.C.P. Conference. He will personally bring a message from President Hoover to the 23rd annual conference, "the association of labor-hating, Jim-Crow capitalist President Hoover? Is this message by any chance, an announcement that hereafter he won't permit Jim-Crow restaurants in Washington, the capital city? That he won't permit Jim-Crow hotels, Jim-Crowing in railroad and bus stations, Jim-Crowing in theatres and in jobs? Is this

message an announcement that he is going to demand from Governor Miller of Alabama an immediate and unconditional release for the nine innocent Scottsboro boys? Or perhaps (happy thought!) President Hoover is just going to ask this conference of Negro misleaders to be sure to round up all the Negro votes and deliver them, as usual, safe and sound, into the republican camp, thus to make sure of continuing a nice quiet lynch-law program.

Senator B. M. Cutting of the Southern state of New Mexico is going to be at the N. A. A. C. P. Conference, too, and everybody is looking forward to seeing this veteran fighter for the rights of Negroes—though the only fighting he is going to do is to present the Spingarn medal to good old Dr. R. R. Moton of Tuskegee, where they teach Negroes to be nice and "unassuming." Has Senator Cutting done anything about the Scottsboro case? Is anyone at the conference going to talk about the Scottsboro case, or the Orphan Jones case, or the plight of unemployed Negroes who don't happen to belong among the bourgeois misleaders of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People?

The N.A.A.C.P. reports that in Monroe, Louisiana, a city judge, whose name is not given, but who has been a judge for 31 years, announced (after hearing William Pickens speak) that "he was going to give money to the N.A.A.C.P." "I am making my contribution to this organization," he said, "and I think all of you colored people ought to do your best by it." Since when have white Southern judges advocated the best interests of Negroes? Is this white Southern judge protesting the legal lynching of the Scottsboro boys? Or is he supporting the N.A.A.C.P. exactly BECAUSE the N.A.A.C.P. doesn't bother about the Scottsboro boys, and therefore is right in line with the wishes of the Southern bosses?

The N.A.A.C.P. quotes approvingly an editorial from the New York Evening Post about "Justice to the Negroes," but not a word appears in the editorial about the justice that has been dealt the Scottsboro boys. What is the meaning of N.A.A.C.P. justice to Negroes? Why all this soft optimism?

The N.A.A.C.P. news releases give prominent space to their worries about a bill that has been introduced into Congress providing for a Jim-Crow veterans' hospital as Senate bill S-3302, and introduced by Senator David A. Reed. The matter seems to be nicely settled, however, since Senator Reed assures Walter White, N.A.A.C.P. secretary, that he merely introduced the bill "at the request of the American Legion," and didn't consider himself as "committed to it in any way." On the other hand, General Frank T. Hines, Administrator of the Veterans Bureau, assures the N.A.A.C.P. that all veterans receive "the same high standard of medical care and treatment, without discrimination based on race, color or creed." So now everything's rosy, and the N.A.A.C.P. has won another great victory—except for the fact that Jim-Crowism is as rampant as ever, and Clarence Darrow's name still appears without criticism or comment on his recent lynch-law propaganda, on the Board of Directors of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. Darrow was too old and too tired, he said in a letter to the International Labor Defense, to take part in the Scottsboro Defense. But he was not too tired to defend the white lynchers of the Hawaiian boy, J. Kahahawai.

The association does one thing which has a slightly new ring: It uses a considerable amount of revolutionary phraseology. Though it refused to carry the Scottsboro case to the masses, it speaks of holding a "mass meeting" and it announces that it is waging "war on Jim Crowism on many fronts." Now what does this mean? It means what revolutionary phrases and treacherous deeds always mean in the maze of the class struggle—that the misleaders of the Negro masses, like the misleaders of the American Federation of Labor and of the socialist party, and of all such camps, are trying the same old scheme of deceiving the workers in order once again to betray them.

## "DON'T PLANT THIS YEAR, WE HAVE ENOUGH."

By BURCH



# HEYWOOD BROUN'S DEFENSE OF THE NAVAL LYNCH GANG

By H. M. WICKS.

DEFENSE of lynchers has become a part of the everyday activity of the Socialist party leaders. This is in accord with the role of the social-fascists to try to carry into the ranks of the working class the policies of the capitalist class.

Lynch terror against the toiling masses, particularly against the Negro workers and poor farmers in the United States and against the colored inhabitants of the American colonies, is rapidly increasing. It is part of the general imperialist policy of trying to find a capitalist way out of the crisis. It is used to sid in imposing mass hunger upon the toiling masses and to forward the imperialist war drive.

The vicious frame-up against the Scottsboro boys, the legal lynch conspiracies against Willie Peterson in Birmingham, against Orphan Jones in Maryland, against Willie Brown in Philadelphia are attempts to defeat the growing unity of white and Negro workers against the common enemy, capitalism.

Norman Thomas, presidential candidate for the Socialist party, tries to aid the supreme lynch court of Alabama in the attempt to burn alive in the electric chair the innocent Scottsboro boys. Thomas, in the New Leader of April 2, says:

"The Communists' tactics of exploiting labor struggles and examples of racial prejudice for party purposes probably helps to explain the action of the Alabama Supreme Court in confirming the conviction of the Scottsboro defendants."

Thus, according to Thomas, if the Communists did not irritate the judges by organizing mass protests and exposing the frame-up, the ruling class might voluntarily release the victims of their own monstrous lynch conspiracy. It is not the lynch ruling class that owns the courts that is responsible for confirming the conviction of the innocent Scottsboro boys, says Thomas, but the action of the revolutionary party of the working class "probably helps to explain" it.

Thomas further tries to conceal the class character of the lynch campaign by referring to lynchings as "examples of race prejudice."

In every way Thomas re-echoes the capitalist press in slandering our Party. This is an attempt to hold back the increasing mass resistance that threatens to defeat the lynch drive of the capitalists.

Norman Thomas defends the Alabama lynch gang.

Heywood Broun, another Socialist party leader, defends the Hawaiian naval lynch gang. In the World-Telegram of Friday, May 6, Broun says:

"Secretary Wilbur is quoted as saying that Governor Judd of Hawaii has found an adequate solution for a difficult problem in commutating the sentences of Lieutenant Massie and his associates. For the first time in many months I am in almost complete agreement with a member of President Hoover's cabinet."

In his article, Broun, the social-fascist, has not one word of sympathy for the Hawaiian lad, Joseph Kahahawai, who was so brutally butchered by Lieutenant Massie, his society leader matron mother-in-law, Mrs. Granville Fortesque and the two enlisted naval men, Lord and Jones. Broun evinces concern only for the welfare of the lynchers and praises Wall Street's governor, Judd, and Clarence Darrow, for their part in trying to establish a reign of lynch terror in Hawaii as a prelude to an accompaniment of martial law.

It is not enough for the journalistic prostitute, Broun, to praise the upholders of the institution of lynching. He tries to insert some typical socialist party demagoguery by referring to the Mooney case. Here are his comments:

"It is particularly unfortunate that the Massie case and the attendant commutation should have followed so closely upon the heels of Governor Rolph's action in regard to Tom Mooney. There is, of course, not the slightest connection between these two examples of the functioning of American justice save the accident of time."

Unfortunate for whom?

Broun is concerned because these two acts, set side by side before the workers, helps to expose the class nature of capitalist justice. Mooney, the working class fighter, is kept in prison on a framed-up charge, while the capitalist murderers of Kahahawai are set free.

The socialist leader, Heywood Broun, has the insolence to declare that there is "Not the slightest connection" between these two cases, these two "examples of the functioning of American justice."

Any wide-awake member of the Pioneers, the Communist children's organization, can refute this twaddle of Broun. A pioneer would tell him that both these cases as well as the Scottsboro frame-up, the Berkman deportation case, show the vicious class character of "American justice." To claim that there is no connection between the two cases is the most crude demagoguery. Not only is there a connection between the liberation of the Hawaiian murder gang and the continued torture of Tom Mooney, but these two cases are a part of one indivisible capitalist policy; a policy that manifests itself in increasingly violent attacks against the working class.

Just as Norman Thomas aids the Alabama lynchers in maintaining their terror regime against the Negro masses by denying the capitalist class character of the Alabama Supreme Court, so Broun tries to create similar illusions about the action of the Wall Street hireling, Governor Judd, in placing the stamp of approval upon those who are trying to establish the institution of lynching in Hawaii.

By placing the question of the Hawaiian trial as an isolated thing, not in any way connected with the general imperialist policy of Wall Street, the socialist leader, Broun, deliberately excludes the central point of the whole case—the importance of the Hawaiian Islands as a naval and army base. No avowed capitalist writer has attempted to conceal the importance of this "chief military outpost in the Pacific." Only the Socialist party leaders, in keeping with their social-fascist flunkeyism, try to deny the danger of war—at a time when imperialist war

is already raging in the Far East.

Japan is now carrying on a bandit war against the Chinese people. Heavy concentration of Japanese troops in Northern Manchuria for war against the Soviet Union has the support of United States imperialism. In Western Europe frantic preparations are going on for military intervention in the Soviet Union. In all these preparations American imperialism is an aggressive accomplice. Wall Street urges Japan to war against the Soviet Union, in the hope, as the Moscow Pravda (Truth) said months ago, of striking a vital blow at the Soviet Union and at the same time weakening its imperialist rival, Japan, in the conflict over the mastery of the Pacific.

Of course, one whose political role is to implant pacifist illusions among the masses, in an effort to dull their vigilance against imperialist war, must try to conceal the fact that the Massie case is used to aid in imposing martial law upon Hawaii, as part of the preparations for war in the Pacific.

The rank and file members of the Socialist party should openly repudiate the infamous treachery of their leaders and withdraw from that capitalist party.

To support the Socialist party is to aid the Wall Street butchers carry on their lynching campaign against the Negro masses at home, against the workers and peasants in the colonies and semi-colonies, to further beat down the standards of life of the masses generally and to foment imperialist war.

The Communist Party is the only party of the working class; the only Party that fights against capitalist despotism; the only Party that wages the class struggle.

Every act of the Socialist party leadership emphasizes the correctness of the resolution for the Fourteenth Plenum of the Central Committee of our Party, which stressed the necessity of increasing, sharpening and improving the fight against social-fascism, as the main enemy in the struggle for the successful mobilization of the masses in the fight against the bourgeois offensive and the war danger.

# THE NATIONAL GUARD MOBILIZES FOR WAR

By a National Guardsman  
ACTUAL war preparations are going on in the leading quarters of the Army and National Guard. General mobilization plans are being discussed and put into practice with feverish speed.

A letter to the Corps Area Commanders, which speaks for itself, follows:

"In accordance with the plan of general mobilization, the following letter from the Adjutant General, dated Jan. 27, 1932, is quoted for your information and guidance:

"1. VACANCIES FOR BETWEEN 12,000 AND 13,000 NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS WILL BE CREATED BY THE EXPANSION OF THE NATIONAL GUARD TO ITS WAR STRENGTH UNDER THE WAR DEPARTMENT GENERAL MOBILIZATION PLAN. All plans for the procurement and promotion of officer personnel in the event of a general mobilization have reserved these vacancies to National Guard organizations in accordance with the broad principle enunciated in Section 76 of the National Defense Act.

"2. It is desired that the Chief of the Militia Bureau inform the National Guard authorities to this effect and to the end that divisions and other separate units of the National Guard may be prepared to fill vacancies under the war strength tables of organization from promotions or appointments recommended from their own personnel."

"3. The War Department desires to have each state secure sufficient prospective officer personnel to fill all vacancies in the National Guard in all the units that have been allotted to that state, active or inactive. It is particu-

larly desired that the 'key' positions in the inactive units be filled, either by name or rank (i. e., a certain man may be selected, or a certain unit may be designated from which the 'key' man is to be taken when required). The War Department desires to stress the importance of having a reservoir of officer material large enough to fill all vacancies in the National Guard, should a major emergency arise.

"4. The following are the sources from which the Militia Bureau considers the desired personnel may be obtained:

"a. Commissioned officers of the National Guard.

"b. Selected officers from the National Guard Reserve.

"c. Enlisted men holding Officers' Reserve Corps commissions as 2nd lieutenants, including those now assigned to organizations and those unassigned.

"d. Selected enlisted men of the National Guard.

"5. It is requested that the desirability of obtaining Officers' Reserve Corps commissions for all prospective officers be stressed, and that all state Adjutants General be urged to encourage to the utmost the securing of these commissions by the enlisted men. To this end it is highly necessary to point out the value of the War Department extension courses.

"6. You will shortly be furnished the information necessary for allotting to the states concerned the vacancies, war strength, in the staffs of split units. Lists showing all other vacancies in your Corps Area will also be sent you.

## Toward Revolutionary Mass Work (DISCUSSION OF THE 14TH PLENUM) Shop Work by Means of Personal Contact

By A. LERNER

IN stating that the main task of the Party is "to firmly root itself in the decisive industries," the 14th Plenum resolution points out that this also is to be done "by means of solid personal contacts with the workers."

This means that when a unit carries on factory concentration it is not enough to merely sell Daily Workers, to distribute leaflets and to hold open-air meetings at the factory in a general way. It is absolutely necessary to concentrate on a number of workers in the factory, even if it is only one to begin with. It is necessary to concentrate on those few workers who most always buy the Daily Workers that we sell, who most eagerly take the leaflets we give out, those who listen with the greatest interest at the factory-gate meetings we hold, etc.

We must not feel that concentrating on only a few responsive workers is too slow a method for us to use. As soon as we make one solid personal contact we have achieved an important victory. We have gained a position from which we can now advance our work at the factory to a higher level. From this worker we can get information as to what is going on in the factory, and this information will make our shop papers and leaflets more concrete, more interesting, more of a living issue for the workers in the factory. With this information, this knowledge of the workers' grievances right inside the shop, our speakers at factory-gate meetings will more easily hold the interest of the workers and will find greater response to our general agitation and propaganda.

And, most important, this one contact will be able to supply us with the names of other workers in the shop who are, like he, is willing to take up struggle to improve their conditions in the shop. What was true of the first contact is also true of every other contact. In addition to adding to our forces, each new contact we get will tell us more of conditions inside the shop and will supply us with more contacts.

Thus we see how from a tiny acorn a mighty oak can grow.

Can we say that since the 13th Plenum, held last August, the Party has not increased its work at the factories? No, I think we cannot say this. In general, after the 13th Plenum, factory work was taken up with a good deal more seriousness than before; at the same time a great many more street nuclei began to carry on factory concentration. But when we look at the results of this increased activity we see that the number of new factory nuclei and shop groups established is absolutely insignificant.

What is the main weakness of the Party units in carrying on factory concentration? The main weakness of the units can be found in the misunderstanding which exists of the method by which the Party and the revolutionary trade unions can root themselves in the factory. In the great majority of cases the units carry on work in a general way, considering the mass of workers in the factory as one solid whole. We have found out that unfortunately things do not work out this way. Thus when a wage-cut or some other attack of the boss against the workers takes place, our call to the workers to take strike action finds small response, and we wonder what is the matter with these workers?

There is nothing the matter with the workers. The fault lies with us. If we had our network of contacts we could directly, personally, as part of the workers at the bench and at the machines, crystallize the discontent which is at this moment heightened to a tremendous pitch. However, without contacts, we can only appeal to the workers as some outside group, we can only work through leaflets, and very often not even in this way on account of police and company terror.

What then is our task in the Party units? We must understand that the method of general work in factory concentration will bring us nowhere. We must understand that when we talk

of rooting ourselves in the factory we mean rooting ourselves in the mass of workers in that factory. To begin this work we must overcome the idea that winning an individual worker is too slow and only a waste of time.

To begin to root ourselves in a factory, we must concentrate upon the workers of that factory.

### Improve the Discussion

The last Plenum of the Party decided to launch an enlightenment campaign in the Daily Worker, so that the entire Party will be mobilized for the decisive turn to mass work. It must be stated that so far the special discussion section on the 14th Plenum does not meet the requirements and needs of the enlightenment campaign as decided upon by the Plenum.

What is the basis upon which the enlightenment campaign is to be developed in the Daily? The Plenum gave the following basis: "... to bring together concrete experiences and methods which will aid the Districts in putting the resolution into effect." What does the Plenum column suffer from? Precisely from a lack of a discussion of concrete experiences and methods of mass work.

The leading functionaries must help in developing the discussion in the Daily as required by the Plenum decision. But this can be best accomplished if the comrades from the lower Party organizations will be actively mobilized to write up their experiences and suggestions.

Let us not wait until the weeks pass by and then we will "indulge in a little bit of self-criticism." NOW IS THE TIME TO IMPROVE THE DISCUSSION.