

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR

- 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks...

Daily Worker
Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.
(Section of the Communist International)

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR

- 4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

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GERMAN FASCISTS MOVE TO BAN COMMUNIST PARTY

No Pay-Cut, Say Carolina Textile Strikers

15,000 HOSEY MILL WORKERS FIGHT ON AGAINST STARVATION

Operators' Proposal for 25 Per Cent Cut Is Rejected by Masses of Strikers
Struggle in High Point Area Has Background of Militant Strikes

HIGH POINT, N. C., July 21.—Twenty workers, leaders of the great textile, furniture and laundry strike which has stopped over 150 mills in North Carolina, were arrested today on warrants charging them with inciting to riot. They are held incommunicado.

The mill owners proposed to slash the wages of all the workers but the boarding room workers 25% and leave the rest where they were when they downsaid their tools and walked out.

Agents of the mill owners working inside the ranks of the strikers proposed that the workers accept the bosses' plan which is designed to split the ranks of the strikers and thus defeat their struggle against starvation. The masses of workers, however, declared that they would stand solid against any form of wage-cut in the industry.

Background of Struggle. This strike follows a series of strikes in the textile industry in the south which began in 1916 when 7,000 cotton workers in Augusta, Georgia, downed their tools.

In the last strike the United Textile Workers Union claimed it was bankrupt and no relief was sent from the National office.

Some of the hardest fought strikes in the south occurred in 1929 when the Gastonia workers under the leadership of the National Textile Workers Union set the pace for all future struggles in the south.

Green Praises War Dept. The workers in the south have learned a lesson from the Danville strike of 1930-31 where they were openly sold out by the U.T.W.U. in an "agreement" initiated by an open-shop manufacturer.

Striking Workers in Sweden Greet Mrs. Ada Wright

The workers of Vaesterås, the Schenectady of Sweden, gave Mrs. Ada Wright and J. Louis Engdahl a splendid reception, a radio message to the International Labor Defense stated today.

In Soderhamns, a Swedish seaport where the harbor workers are now on strike, the striking workers gave the Scottsboro speakers a militant greeting at the huge Scottsboro demonstration.

The Swedish government, like the government of Norway, in which country Wright and Engdahl addressed large and militant crowds, denied permission to Mrs. Wright to broadcast the Scottsboro appeal over the government controlled radio.

Stormy Scenes in Germany As Workers Fight Against Open Fascist Dictatorship



With Prussia (two-thirds of Germany) declared under an open fascist dictatorship, and Berlin under martial law, the Communist Party is calling for a mass political strike. Photo shows typical scenes in Berlin with heavily-armed police—now under the direction of the military—invading the proletarian sections of the city and terrorizing workers.

That any attempt on the part of the Hindenburg-Von Papen government to outlaw the Communist Party of Germany will not be so easily achieved is indicated in the above photo showing part of the huge crowd at the recent Lustgarten demonstration in Berlin organized by the Communists.

SUPPRESS "ROTE FAHNE," OFFICIAL ORGAN, ATTEMPT TO BAR GENERAL STRIKE

Socialist Leaders Follow Surrender Policy, Refuse to Join In Strike Action

Von Papen Flaunts Military as United Front of Socialist, Communist Workers Grows

BERLIN, July 21.—As the possibility of a powerful mass political strike called for by the Communist Party loomed high in Germany, the government forces which yesterday decreed an open fascist dictatorship over Prussia flaunted the force of the military in an effort to prevent united front action on the part of the workers.

The suppression of the "Rote Fahne," official organ of the Communist Party of Germany was the first step of the government today in a frontal assault upon the revolutionary organizations of the working class. Following the publication of the Party call for a mass political strike in answer to the proclamation of the Prussian dictatorship, police raided the offices of the newspaper at the Karl Liebknecht House and banned the publication of the paper.

Leaders of the German Social-Democratic Party and the reformist trade unions at the same time turned down the call of the Communist Party for participation in the general strike. This is in conformity with their policy of surrendering to the fascist dictatorship.

The declaration of the dictatorship, it is clear, is but the latest move in a continuous and organized program to put over an open, fascist regime, steadily prepared for by the previous Bruening government thru its emergency decrees and by the selection of Von Hindenburg as president, with a cabinet of Hohenzollern Junkers and princes, supported by Hitler.

Fearing the temper of the German workers and the growing Red United Front against fascism of the Social-Democratic and Communist workers, Gen. Kurt von Schleicher, the minister of defense, rattled the sabre, and threatened to hurl the regular troops of the Reichswehr into action.

Yesterday two Communist workers were killed by police. One was killed and a number injured in Berlin when the police fired on a workers' meeting in the proletarian Neu Koeln district. Three workers were seriously wounded when a fascist fired into a saloon at Buer, in the Ruhr district. Ninety workers were jailed at the same time for distributing:

Communist Party of U. S. Calls for Support of Fighting German Workers

The Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party, responding to the situation in Germany, last night issued an appeal to all workers to support the united front against the fascist terror now raging in Germany.

It called upon its district organizations through the country to arrange mass meetings, open-air street meets and neighborhood meetings during the week of July 25-August 1, putting forward the following slogans: "Down with the Fascist Terror in Germany; Down with the Fascist Attacks Upon the Rights of the American Workers; Form the Workers' United Front in the U. S. Against the Boss Attacks; Join the International Working-Class Fight for the Defense of the Soviet Union by demonstrating August First!"

meeting in the proletarian Neu Koeln district. Three workers were seriously wounded when a fascist fired into a saloon at Buer, in the Ruhr district. Ninety workers were jailed at the same time for distributing:

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VET CONFERENCE ON BONUS TODAY

Demand Release of Jailed Leaders

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia today ordered the evacuation from the District of Columbia of the entire bonus army. The Board directed General Glassford to see that the order was carried out. An extreme time limit has been set for August 4.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 21.—A shipment of tear gas guns, hand grenades, projectiles, guns and gas masks left here today for Washington. The equipment was consigned to the police department and is, according to reports, designed "for police use in quelling riots."

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 21.—A mass conference of the rank and file veterans of the Bonus Expeditionary Forces to work out plans to compel Congress to meet in an extra session to pass immediate legislation to pay the soldiers' bonus in cash will be held Friday at the Old Masonic Temple, 5th Street and Virginia Avenue S. E., at 10 a.m.

The Rank and File Committee, in a statement issued today, said that hordes of police, secret service men and capitol guards will not halt the fight of the worker veterans for the bonus, nor will they stop the struggle of the veterans and workers for unemployment insurance and against a new imperialist war.

A committee of veterans marched to the office of the district attorney this morning and demanded the release of George Pace, Walter Eicher and other veterans.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

500 MINERS STRIKE IN ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 22.—Five hundred miners employed in the Sayreton mine of the Republic Steel Co. laid down their tools today and declared they would remain out until working conditions were changed. The miners marched in a body to the company commissary to protest against the swindling tactics of the store.

Two carloads of deputies were rushed to the scene by the company to terrorize the miners back to work.

DOAK FORMS SPY GROUP TO PUSH DEPORTATIONS

White Guardist Sheet Boasts of Conference Held Recently in Washington

NEW YORK.—For the purpose of perfecting a spy system to facilitate deportations of militant foreign-born workers, Secretary of Labor W. N. Doak organized a conference in Washington on July 7.

Under the guise of a campaign against an "international trust of passport racketeers," Doak called together 11 representatives of various nationalities—including a number of white guardists—to map out his program against militant labor through an elaborate espionage system. Russian white guard war veterans were also represented.

Nanking Battles Masses; Jap Planes Bomb Jehol Towns

Kuomintang Leaders Offer No Resistance to New Aggressions By Japanese Invaders of China

Red Armies Battling on Wide Front; Workers! All Out August First! Defend Chinese People and the Soviet Union

Offering no resistance to the Japanese invasion of Jehol Province and threat to seize North China, the Nanking traitor government yesterday continued to develop its latest major offensive against the emancipated workers and peasants in the Chinese Soviet Districts. Large scale fighting is raging over huge areas of Central and South China between the Nanking forces and the worker and peasant Red Armies defending their gains.

Japanese military planes yesterday spread death and terror among the civilian population of Chaoayang and several other Jehol Province towns. Japanese troops pushed a large-scale invasion of Jehol, aimed at securing control of the strategic pass into North China, and broadening their military base for armed intervention against Soviet Mongolia and the Soviet Union.

Chinese volunteers are offering heroic resistance to the Japanese, engaging them in several battles as well as carrying on telling guerrilla warfare against the invaders. Nanking troops stationed in the Peiping-Tientsin area, under command of Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang, are held inactive while the Japanese ravage Chinese territory and push closer and closer to Jehol city, possession of which would give them control of the strategic pass into North China.

to defend Wall Street loot in China against the new threat by the Japanese.

Fighting Opens in Brazil Civil War

The Sao Paulo rebellion against the Provisional President Vargas of Brazil developed yesterday in sharp fighting between Federal troops and the Sao Paulo forces.

The Varga forces claim to have captured the strategic town of Itarare in a drive on the Paulista rebels, who are apparently supported by British imperialism in an effort to overthrow Vargas who is a Wall Street tool.

METAL WORKERS MEET TONIGHT

To Lay Basis for Convention

NEW YORK.—Entering the final stages in the preparations for its convention, the Metal Workers Industrial League is calling a mass meeting for Friday, (tonight) July 22, at 8 p.m. at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

This meeting, which is going to rally the workers of New York for the metal workers convention, will be a high point in the drive to mobilize for a determined fight to stop the increasing attacks on the living standards of the metal workers.

Workers Are Suffering At a time when steel workers are suffering daily to the huge number already thrown out of the metal shops, with wages of those still employed, most of them on a part time basis, at starvation level and still being slashed, this mass meeting will be a rallying point for all those working in auto, aircraft, radio, machine, iron, steel and general metal shops.

The meeting will be of especial significance since it will lead up to the convention where a basis for widespread strike struggles throughout the metal industry will be laid.

The NWIL calls upon all metal workers to come to this mass meeting. The main speaker will be George Powers, former national secretary of the Metal Workers Industrial League.

Two Shops Settle, Two More Strike; Painters Winning

Two shops settled for increases in wages and two more shops went out on strike—these are the latest developments in the Alteration Painters' Union's struggles.

One shop has settled for 50 percent increase in wages, tools supplied, 8 hour day, 5-day week; all hiring is to be done through the union office, all firing to be taken up with the shop committee. The other shop signed for a 10 percent increase with the same arrangements.

N.Y. VETS RALLY FOR AUGUST 1st

To Hit War Plans and Demand Bonus

NEW YORK.—All posts of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, throughout the United States, will mobilize on Anti-War Day, August 1. In New York City, a series of meetings are being held in support of the City Demonstrations called by the Communist Party against imperialist war. Five thousand leaflets had been issued by the District Committee of the League, and each post is issuing a special local leaflet.

Meetings Meetings were held by the majority of the New York Post last night, Harlem Post 2; the Yorkville Post 50; the Bronx Post 35. These Posts will hold a series of special meetings in these sections where they are located. On August 1, they will join with the Unemployed Councils and the TUUC, Needle Trades Union in a preliminary demonstration at Columbus Circle at 2 p.m. (59th St. West Side) and March from there at 3:30 to Union Square.

Other Posts Post 40, 75 Brownsville, and 180 Downtown Water Front will march with the Marine Workers Industrial Union, Unemployed Councils and Block Committees at Whitehall St. and South, beginning at 2:30 p.m. Post 1 will mobilize at Madison Sq. Park, 3:30 p.m.

TWO JAILED IN EVICTION. NEW YORK.—Sadie Berg and Freda Jackson were sentenced to five days in jail for participating in an eviction fight at Pitkin Avenue and Christopher St. The eviction fight took place a week ago.

TO 'INVESTIGATE' RUEGG JAIL CELL

Nanking Gov't Tries to Whitewash Self

(Cable By Inprecorr.) SHANGHAI, July 21.—The Nanking ministry of Justice intends to publish a "correction" to the letter of Gertrude Ruegg concerning conditions of their life in jail during the past thirteen months. He has dispatched a special staff to examine their cells in the Shanghai court and the Nanking Military prison. The judicial authorities, according to the Chinese papers, have accused Council Fisher of smuggling a letter from jail, thus abusing the "special treatment" exempting Fisher and other visitors from search at the prison gates. This is obviously a maneuver by the Nanking government to hamper the defense by incriminating the leading defense counsel.

(Cable by Inprecorr.) Insist on Nanking Trial. BERLIN, July 21.—The League Against Imperialism and the International Red Aid have issued an appeal stating that the long struggle for the lives of the Comrades Ruegg has reached a critical turning point. Immediate intensified international protest is imperative in order to save the Rueggs. Only international protest has hitherto prevented a summary execution. The Chinese authorities insist on a Nanking trial. The fate of the Rueggs is in our hands. Protest, demonstrate before the Chinese and imperialist consulates and embassies.

The Supreme court of Kiangsu province has refused the Ruegg application for a trial at Shanghai.

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One or the Other

The Struggle Between Two World Systems

As Seen In the Conventions of the Republican Democratic and Socialist Parties

By NATHANIEL BUCHWALD.

SPEECHES and platforms of capitalist party conventions are traditionally bombastic and dull, but this year's crop make good reading, particularly if you read between the lines. Despite their attempts at composure, the keynotes, spell-binders and platform makers of the capitalist conventions of 1932 betray much nervousness and anxiety over the outcome of the present crisis of capitalism.

Over and above the details of shifting the burden of the crisis upon the masses looms the question of the survival of the capitalist system and—its spectre of its revolutionary alternative. Bourgeois and social-fascist politicians alike are fully aware of the basic crisis in the history of the world today: the system of capitalism at grips with the system of socialism. Which of the two systems will prevail? This is the question foremost in the minds of these political spokesmen of capitalism. All their talk about fighting and overcoming the "depression" rings with overtones of anguish—the anguish of the doomed. The fear of socialism has become the nightmare of the political seers of capitalism.

It is here that Hoover displayed his power of insight, according to Dickinson:

"With the knowledge that every major economic convulsion in the past had been attended by strikes, riots, bloodshed and death, President Hoover's next concern was to maintain social order. To this end he summoned to the White House industrial leaders of the nation and obtained from them their promise to maintain existing wage scales as long as it was possible. On the same day leaders of organized labor, sitting around the same conference table, gave their pledge that there would be no industrial wage disturbances."

HOOVER'S WAC CUT CONSPIRACY

Hoover's eulogizer now admits what the president and the "leaders of organized labor" tried to conceal and what we have been pointing out from the very beginning; that the conference "to maintain existing wage scales" was a fraud (notice the phrase: "to maintain existing wage scales as long as it was possible") and a conspiracy for the purpose of disarming the workers against the vicious wage-cut offensive.

But apparently the Hoover-Green wage-cutting conspiracy succeeded only partly in "maintaining social order," for at present, three years after that conference, the watch-dogs of capitalism are worried more than ever about the struggles of the masses against starvation. Governor Roosevelt took full cognizance of this condition in his speech of acceptance, in the passage dealing with "wild radicalism":

LIBERAL IN TALK; REACTIONARY IN FACT

"The failure of the Republican leaders (read—the failure of capitalism)—N.E. to solve our troubles may degenerate into unreasoning radicalism... Wild radicalism has made few converts, and the greatest tribute that I can pay to my countrymen is that in these days of crushing want there persists an orderly and hopeful spirit on the part of the millions of our people who have suffered so much. To fail to offer them a new chance is not only to betray their hopes but to misunderstand their patience."

But Roosevelt himself is apparently not reassured concerning the extent of "wild radicalism" and in the next sentence he speaks about the danger of radicalism and the way to meet it:

"To meet by reaction that danger of radicalism is to invite disaster. Reaction is no barrier to the radical. It is a challenge, a provocation. The way to meet the danger is to offer a workable program of reconstruction, and the party to offer it is the party with clean hands."

One need not, of course, take seriously Roosevelt's objection to reaction. An examination of his policies in the state of New York will disclose enough reactionary measures on behalf of the plutocratic corporations to satisfy any Wall Street magnate.

The fact that A. Mitchell Palmer, the notorious reactionary and labor-baiter of the Wilson administration, wrote the platform for Governor Roosevelt and his party, and the fact that the governor of Kentucky was among the most enthusiastic supporters of Roosevelt at the Chicago convention are further evidence of Roosevelt's reactionary inclinations. It was Roosevelt who picked for his running mate an avowed reactionary, Speaker Garner, after he had published his own program of repressive measures against the revolutionary workers modeled along the lines of Palmerism. In picking Garner for vice-presidential candidate Roosevelt automatically acquiesced in the speaker's thesis that

"the constantly increasing tendency toward socialism and communism is the gravest possible menace. The government should use every means within its power to prevent their further spread and they should receive no encouragement from any American citizen, high or low."

Yet Roosevelt knows whereof he speaks when he says by reaction alone the tide of revolt against the capitalist way out of the crisis cannot be stemmed. In addition to deportations, tear-gas and lynchings, capitalism must employ means of "gentle persuasion" as well. What the policeman's club cannot accomplish, the politicians' demagogic phrase may. Hence the abundance of high-sounding, if meaningless, phrases about "restoring America to its own people" and "a new deal for the American people." Hence the talk about a "workable program of reconstruction" which the Democrats did not and cannot offer.

The Fascist Blow Against the German Masses

A NEW stage in the frontal attack of the German exploiters upon the workingclass was reached in the declaration by the Van Papen Junker Government of martial law, the ousting of the Prussian Government and the establishment of a virtual fascist dictatorship.

This action follows the steady drive against the rights of the workers initiated some period back and grown especially severe during the period of the Bruening Government followed by the Van Papen cabinet of Junker Princes and black reactionaries. The action of the German exploiters is intended to smash the growing resistance of the German workingclass to fascism, to destroy the Red United Front headed by the Communist Party, whose rapid spread has thrown consternation into the camp of fascism.

The object of the decree which wipes out the political rights of the workers, is to speed up the relentless attack on the living standard of the masses, to abolish social insurance, to suppress all revolutionary labor organizations and above all the Communist Party; in short, is a declaration of civil war against the working class.

It was President Von Hindenburg who issued the "emergency decree" appointing Chancellor Von Papen federal commissioner for Prussia with full authority to depose its government headed by the social-democrats, Otto Braun, premier, and Dr. Carl Severing, minister of the interior.

This government of Hindenburg and Von Papen, this government of murder and terror, is also driving toward that one solution that the whole capitalist world is coming to embrace as its last hope—imperialist war. In pursuit of this the Von Papen government has, from the day Hindenburg brought it into existence, pursued a policy of trying to bring about an alliance with the French ruling class—the Paris clique that has played the leading role in sabotage, wrecking, bribery, food poisoning and war and intervention against the Soviet Union.

In bringing about the present situation in Germany the best agents of the big capitalists were the German social-democratic leaders. It was these leaders who have tirelessly worked to split the ranks of the workers, to prevent a solid working class front against the capitalist offensive. At the very time the former government, that of Bruening and Hindenburg was doing all in its power to pave the way for fascism, the treacherous leaders of the German social democracy supported these elements under the slogan of "vote for Hindenburg as a means of combating fascism." It was this action, combined with the previous activity of the social-democratic leaders in sabotaging the united front fight against the capitalist offensive, that helped the finance capitalists bring about the precise situation existing today.

That there are no limits to the infamy of which the social democratic leaders are capable is again proved by their action now in trying to prevent the working class responding to the Communist call for a political strike. They now try to prevent united mass action of Communist and social democratic workers by stating that they will be in favor of a mass strike if the Reichstag elections, set for July 31st, are not held. Thus they strive to help the capitalists gain time and further consolidate its forces inside the country.

THE announcement of the dictatorial decree does not settle the question of Fascism in Germany. The masses of German workers are being heard and will yet be heard from in decisive actions. The last weeks have seen the growing anti-fascist actions of the Communist and Social-Democratic workers. The call of the Communist Party issued eight weeks ago to beat back the offensive of the exploiters by deeds has found a ready echo in the ranks of the million-fold proletariat. Over the heads of the treacherous socialist leaders, the workers have formed red defence corps, in factories and in the unemployed exchanges, in the cities and countryside the red united front is being organized. This militant front against fascism is at the same time a revolutionary front against capitalism.

The German working class is marching into battle. Under the leadership of the Bolshevik Party of Germany, the working class will make the challenge hurled by Comrade Ernst Thaelmann a reality. German tyrants, "You will break your teeth on the granite millionfold front of the anti-fascist campaign. The heel of the marching workers battalions will stamp out the Fascist murder fiends!"

But this fight of the powerful German proletariat must not be made alone. The American working class suffering the blows of the capitalist offensive must set up their united front to beat back the capitalist attacks, the growing fascist actions of Wall Street imperialism. They must line up with the German workers in a common fight against fascism.

- Down with the German Fascist dictatorship!
- Down with the Fascist attacks upon the workers' rights!
- Hail the Red United Front of the German masses under the leadership of the Communist Party!
- Forward to the struggle in defense of the Soviet Union.
- Forward to the fight against Fascism and War!
- All out August 1-4!



Von Papen Preparing Fascist Dictatorship in Germany

EDITOR'S NOTE:—In view of the establishment of martial law in Germany by the Van Papen government which means a big leap toward fascism by the German bourgeoisie this article is particularly timely.

BRUENING was overthrown because the rate of Fascism no longer sufficed the bourgeoisie in order to safeguard the capitalist dictatorship. As a result of the sharpening of the economic crisis, the bourgeoisie must proceed to a monstrous attack on the standard of living of the proletariat and all tolling sections of the population.

The bourgeoisie demand increased fascist terror against the proletariat and in particular accelerated measures against the proletarian class organizations, against the anti-fascist organizations, against the Young Communist League and before all against the Communist Party of Germany.

The bourgeoisie can solve the task of fitting the fascist mass organizations into the capitalist state apparatus only by means of an openly fascist government.

The Bruening government was overthrown as a result of the assault of the East Elbian big agrarians, who, supported by the Fascist mass organizations and their terror, have made increasingly insolent claims upon the state funds, and who by means of the Papen government wish to have their rights and privileges restored more rapidly.

FIGHTING TRADE UNIONS

While the methods of the Bruening government aimed at carrying out all the attacks upon the standard of living of the proletariat and the tolling population in immediate collaboration with the reformist and christian trade union leaders, who were partly directly represented in this government, the bourgeoisie now consider the time come to adopt a position of open fight against the trade unions and the social insurance.

The composition of the Fascist vonPapen Cabinet of junkers, barons, counts, etc., is not the result of chance.

Hindenburg's nomination of ministers who are personally and politically most closely connected with the royal families which were driven out by the revolutionary revolt of the people in the year 1918, must be considered as a sign of the advance of the old aristocratic caste which ruled in the time of the Hohenzollern monarchy, and is now eager to take over again, in one form or another, their "traditional right" to rule over the people.

They are now attempting by means of Schleicher, Hindenburg and Hitler, by a regency of a member of the Hohenzollern family, or by open efforts, to restore the monarchy in Prussia and in the Reich, to regain the old rights and privileges they have lost.

Thanks to the policy of the Social-Democratic leaders, who, in the service of finance capital and out of fear of the proletarian revolution, made use of the old officer corps in order to smash the revolutionary advance-guard of the proletariat, under the leadership of the Spartacus group, the princes now hope to establish a new so-

Communist Party Holds Aloft The Banner Of Fight For Socialism

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS HELP CAPITALISTS

By ERNST THAELMANN

called "drittes Reich" of exploitation and suppression.

THE proletariat, the whole of the toiling people, must realize the serious danger of a greater enslavement of the German people by the gang of princes lustful for power and luxury and basing themselves upon the murder organizations of the National-Socialists.

The proletariat must not allow itself to be confused for one moment by the tactics of the Social-Democratic leaders, who attempt to conceal the close connection between the Monarchist efforts at restoration and the Fascist dictatorship of finance capital by making the "Monarchist danger" the main question and by sabotaging the real fight against the Fascist measures of finance capital.

Three-class franchise, unbounded absolutism, odious court intrigues, Byzantinism, unrestrained dictatorship of finance capital, brutal crushing of the workers' most elementary rights—these are some of the features of an era in which the bourgeois-capitalist class state is governed by a monarchy.

SEPARATIST TENDENCIES

The separatist tendencies at present revealed reflect the serious contradictions in the camp of the bourgeoisie. The proletariat must clearly realize the underlying causes of these tendencies.

The efforts to loosen the connection between the various German states are the outcome of the old contradictions which were apparent already in the Reich's policy conducted by Bismarck in the Hohenzollern Empire.

French imperialism is deliberately making use of these contradictions in order to make Germany more dependent within the Versailles system.

The so-called "South German front" of the states which are mostly under the influence of the Centre Party, is the outcome of the contradiction between the interests of South German industry and agriculture on the one hand and the East Elbian big agrarians and West German heavy industry on the other.

The preferential treatment accorded the East Elbian junkers by the "Eastern Relief" and other measures of the Reich's government, the preferential treatment of the West German heavy industry by means of subventions out of

the state funds, have called forth the greatest opposition on the part of the South German capitalists.

The junkers and barons who are now behind the Reich's government are threatening to nominate Reich's Commissioners of the re-calculator state governments.

It is only the Social Democrats who want to make out that this



ERNST THAELMANN

fight for economic and political interests within the camp of the bourgeoisie constitutes an "anti-Fascist action" on the part of South Germany against the Papen Cabinet, as the "Vorwarts" of June 21 maintains.

No matter what forms this "fight" between the Reich and the federated States will assume, its result will be a further strengthening of the Fascist forces in the Reich and in the states for the defence of the general interests of German finance capital. Hence the Papen government is a government for the immediate establishment of the Fascist dictatorship.

THE immediate aims which the von Papen government wishes to realize are, in the main:

1. Abolition of social insurance, of the last political achievements of the working class, abolition of unemployment benefit and the conversion of unemployment insurance into a charitable institution. Introduction of general compulsory labor service in order to reduce the standard of living of the whole toiling population.

Letters from Our Readers

PUBLICITY

Chicago, Ill.
I try in various ways to advertize the Communist Party and the Daily Worker. I print on sidewalk where traffic is heavy, "Vote Communist," "Read the Daily Worker," and "Vote for the Hunger Fighters—the Communists." When I get into a street car I always have one or two Daily

Workers with me. I opened up the Daily Worker wide while I stand inside in the front of the car so that man people can see the paper. I leave the paper in the car so that someone else may pick it up and read it. That is how I myself came to be a reader of the Daily Worker.

Work is not to be had for love or money in Chicago. The only jobs advertised are fake jobs or work to be paid for in flat rent.

2. Preparation and carrying out of the suppression of all revolutionary labor organizations.
3. Open inclusion of the Fascist terror organizations of the storm detachments in the capitalist state apparatus so as to ensure the monstrous offensive against the toiling people with the aid of increased Fascist terror. Increased militarization, in particular of the youth (compulsory labor service, Fascist "sport" organizations, etc.).

NAZI RESPONSIBILITY

The National Socialists are wholly responsible for the policy of the von Papen government, which is supported by a pact which Hitler and Goehring concluded with General Schleicher for the carrying out of the Fascist emergency order policy against the toiling people.

The Nazi press welcomed the von Papen cabinet. Hitler has openly declared that when he takes office he will not repeal the emergency orders, and that he is ready to pay the debt tributes which burden the people.

Thus the policy of the National Socialists, who are subsidized by finance capital, is a policy of the defense of the Versailles slavery and the double exploitation of the German people by German and foreign finance capital. The National Socialist leaders are the immediate supporters of the government, which is bargaining at the conference in Lausanne with the inexorable creditor powers over the price of Germany's participation in a war against the Soviet Union.

The National Socialists are supporting a government which makes no attempt to conceal its efforts to bring about a Franco-German war alliance against the Soviet Union and against the enemy at home, i.e., against the revolutionary proletariat and its leader, the Communist Party.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS' ROLE

The social democracy, which by tolerating the Bruening government and by the election of Hindenburg has created the prerequisites for the establishment of the dictatorship of the junkers, generals and captains of industry, is in addition to the Nazis who are the immediate support of this government, the indirect support of the von Papen cabinet.

As the social-democratic and reformist trade union leaders are still able to influence decisive sections of the working class, to divert them from the fight and to weaken the working class by their permanent and intensified incitement against the Communist Party and the revolutionary united front and the Soviet Union, the social democracy is now, as before, the main social support of the bourgeoisie.

The Communist Party of Germany is sharply opposed to all bourgeois-capitalist parties, from the Social-Democrats to the National Socialists.

The deeper the capitalist mismanagement drives the toiling masses into misery, the more determined and the more courageously will the Communists, marching at the head of the masses, hold aloft the banner of the fight for Socialism, the fight on the basis of our programme for the national and social emancipation of the German people.

The masses are beginning to real-