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"IF YOU CAN, RETURN IN THIRTY DAYS". DEBS

DEBS' RENUNCIATION

By JOSEPH W. SHARTS.

One thing is still left to Eugene V. Debs in his prisoncell-his smile.

I think it will be with him to the end, like a halo.

On two days I have talked with Convict 9653 at the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Georgia, in the office of warden Fred G. Zerbst.

In the libert Debs has been assigned to drudge rouls in the hope that 'Gene Webs' ry in the Atlanta prison. He toils spirit will be broken, they do not eight hours every day. At five o'clock know the man. He may perish in a

The first day I came with Marguerite Prevey of Akron, in a 5x10 cell, where he remains until undaunted. Ohio, and Samuel M. Castleton, the Socialist attorney at Atlanta, as emissaries from the Socialist Party of Ohio, sent by the State Secretary, Alfred Wagenknecht. We came bringing kim legal papers to sign, which in the ordinary procedure of world wagenkness and the southern summer.

Seven o'clock the next morning.

This means a living death for Debs, letter each week, upon a single sheet of paper. This must be submitted to the prison censorship, and a copy of everything he writes is kept for the outside world. Packages are not delivered to the prison censorship, and a copy of everything he writes is kept for the outside world. Packages are not delivered to the prison censorship, and a copy of everything he writes is kept for the outside world. Packages are not delivered to the prison censorship, and a copy of everything he writes is kept for the other relics of savage barbarism that America still clings to, to crucious world. Packages are not delivered to the prison censorship, and a copy of everything he writes is kept for the other relics of savage barbarism that America still clings to, to crucional the prison censorship, and a copy of everything he writes is kept for the other relics of savage barbarism that America still clings to, to crucional the prison censorship, and a copy of everything he writes is kept for the other relics of savage barbarism that America still clings to, to crucional the prison censorship, and a copy of the prison censorship, and a copy of the prison censorship.

for months, perhaps would end his captivity for all time.

The second day I came—it was this morning—to receive, with others, his decision; he had asked for one night in which off from the real happenings of the day, and make conditions unbearable day, and make conditions unbearable of the unventilated him, never reach him.

There can be but one purpose in all this. They are trying to cut Debs off from the real happenings of the day, and make conditions unbearable day, and make conditions unbearable of the unventilated to toil nine hours a day at the Jeff ferson City, Mo., prison?

The window thru which a cool will sw high, the conditions unbearable day, and make conditions unbearable day, and make conditions unbearable day.

It had been a night, he confessed, of sleepless reflection and striving of the spirit. There is no man who loves freedom more than Debs, no man who needs it more; it is to that he has dedicated all his years of manhand.

dedicated all his years of manhood. And there is no man upon whose physical being the slow poison of the unsunned prison air works more terribly its intended havoc. The marks were visibly upon him, graven in his face.

I came and heard this soul in this living tomb put simply and smilingly behind him the gift of liberty.

"This is not the time for me to try to save myself," said Debs. "Coming now it might weaken the force of pressure that is being brought to bear to free all that are suffering for opinion's sake. Later, perhaps,-if you can return in thirty days."

To all great souls Gethsemane comes at least.

Debs, I think, has met his Gethsemane.

He had made his great renunciation; he has done it for the sake of the others who like him sinned against the thought-and-speech-suppression laws proclaimed by those who sit in the seats of power.

Some who hate Debs may sneer, sying thirty days will soon be gone; but they can know nothing either of the prison or the prisoner. Greater love hath no man than this. If I do not tell all it is because he asked us to be silent.

With this imperishable smile upon his wated face he gave us his quiet decision to remain.

I recalled the scene in the courtroom at Cleveland when he stood before the judge who The Czar put to Shame in was to sentence him and said, "While there is a soul in prison

And tonight the words with which he bade us farewell are echoing in my hart like a battle song:

"Tell the comrades out there they can be assured I am as firm and unshaken in my position as before. Tell them if they will cast their eyes towards Atlanta, over the dome of the

prison they will see my torch flaming in the sky!"

He clung tight to our hands a little while with his emaciated hands; and then his thin, bowed form in its shabby faded blue prison-trousers

Riley, Kansas.

These letters tell of the most shocking and savage cruelties perpetrated upon political prisoners by subordinates of President Wilson, commander of the United States army. Altho these brushless occurred a year ago, similar the latter took the free end of the latter too and gray canvas prison-shoes went softly back through the cold stone corridors; the steel doors clashed behind him and ed out to political prisoners at Leaven.

As I write this tonight, the night of that day, I can look down from my hotel window upon the lighted streets, strident and strenuous with automobiles, of this great Southern city of two hundred and fifty thousand humans, this great commercial harlot that sucks a flood of profits from the labor of the wide lands of corn and cotton round about her where peons, freed only in legal fiction, still bend at their unrequited toil.

I look and I remember how this great city, fifty-five years ago, was invested by Northern armies mraching and fighting in the name of freedom, and how they girdled it with smoke

in the name of freedom, and how they girdled it with smoke and flame and roaring guns and burned it at last, all in the litical prisoners must eventually make itself felt in working class organization toward that end. All workers, organized to make itself felt in working class organization toward that end. All workers, organized and unorganized, must eventually see the officer ordered breathing, and he began to choke. Asked now whether he would agree to toward that end. All workers, organized and unorganized, must eventually see the officer ordered breathing.

There rise to my ears gay strains of dance music; I see the dancers; they are young white people. Just now I was told the need of uniting their strength and by some who live here and have lived here many years, that page can be made to liberate Debs and in this city the Ku-Klux still ride by night, hooded and armed; that they still murder systematically, in cold blood, men and women of black skin who dare dream of freedow. I meances, in order that a concerted campaign can be made to liberate Debs and all other prisoners now behind the bars for their conscientious opposition at the world war. the bodies of murdered negroes are found at dawn, and the liberate our comrades. serville press is silent, not even chronicling the death, for such

A 20th CENTURY CRUCIFIXION

n the afternoon he is locked away prison cell but his spirit will remain

Do you know that 'Gene Debs is being slowly erucified at the Atlanta, day is nothing less than death by Jefferson City alone all the way from torture; and no knows this better than official Washington.

If the powers that be press the lattering function of their sordid lattering function lattering function of their sordid latteri outside the prison and played his violin for his mother and the rest up there locked away in steel cells.

two political and industrial class war prisoners. The thousands of others

Help make these facts know to the American people—to the workers of America. Help get the truth to the

When the working class get all the facts, the wave of indignation that You've probably never been in prison.

You've probably never felt the burning desire for free-

dom which eats into the very vitals of the caged.
You've robably never heard the shouts down the prison corridors as with the awakening of another day, the prisoners cry to each other, "Only ten more days for me"—"Only 99 more days for me"—"Only 213 more days for me."

Each day is greeted as a day nearer freedom. Each day inside" is damned.

AND DEBS LOOKS FORWARD TO TEN YEARS IN-

And other political prisoners look forward to 15 and 20 years "inside" of steel bars and stone walls.

With the chance of freedom at hand, Debs said, "Not now. Later perhaps, if you can return in thirty days.

Shall we return in thirty days? IT'S FOR YOU TO SAY?

You've probably never been in prison.

You've probably never felt the burning desire for freedom which eats into the very vitals of the caged.

You probably do not understand nor realize the sacrifice that Debs is making.

With everything in readiness to sue for his liberation; with legal talent at hand no better than which can be secured; in opposition to the advice of comrades very near and dear to him, advice from whom he readily accepts under other circumstances, Debs has renounced freedom for another thirty days-hoping.

THIS IS SACRIFICE!

This is giving one's life for others.

Yes, Debs is doing this very thing-giving his life, sacrificing his freedom in the hope that ALL POLITICAL PRIS-ONERS WILL SOON BE FREED.

Marguerite Prevey and Attorneys Jos. W. Sharts and Samuel M. Castleton were with Debs on August 20. and 21. The advisability of habeas corpus proceedings considered from every angle. The success of such proceedings was discussed thoroly.

DEBS HAS ANSWERED.

This answer is ominous. To us it can mean one thing only. WE MUST DOUBLE OUR EFFORTS IN BEHALF OF ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS DURING THE THIRTY DAYS TO COME,

We must keep our eyes open September 20th.

That is the day upon which this campaign will take a

definate course so far as Debs is concerned.

That is the day upon which it will be decided whether Debs shall sue for his freedom, gain it and battle beside us for the release of all other political prisoners, or whether Debs would rather permanently sacrifice his freedom, staying "inside" with his fellow political prisoners until the gain the necessary strength to release THEM ALL.

DEBS LOVES FREEDOM.

Every prioner loves freedom.

Yet, with the chance for freedom at hand, Debs said, "Not now. Later perhaps,-if you can return in thirty days." SHALL WE RETURN IN THIRTY DAYS?

It's for you to say!

Shall we keep the printing presses busy day and night producing a million or more of the leaffets entitled "An Open Letter to President Wilson''?

Shall we use the coming thirty days in coordinating our forces for the serious contest ahead of us?

IT'S FOR YOU TO SAY!

And those will speak loudest and to a greater purpose who make immediate use of the LIBERATION FUND contribution lists sent them.

As usual-MONEY TALKS.

The dollars you collect from friends, relatives, fellow workers-EVERYBODY, will speak an uncompromising demand for the liberation of Debs and all.

WE IMPLORE YOU-DO NOT OVERLOOK LIGHTLY THE "CALLS FOR HELP" WE SENT YOU.

It is a call, not from us, but from those behind prison

And really, there is but one thing you can do RIGHT NOW, and that is to-

The Liberators Program.

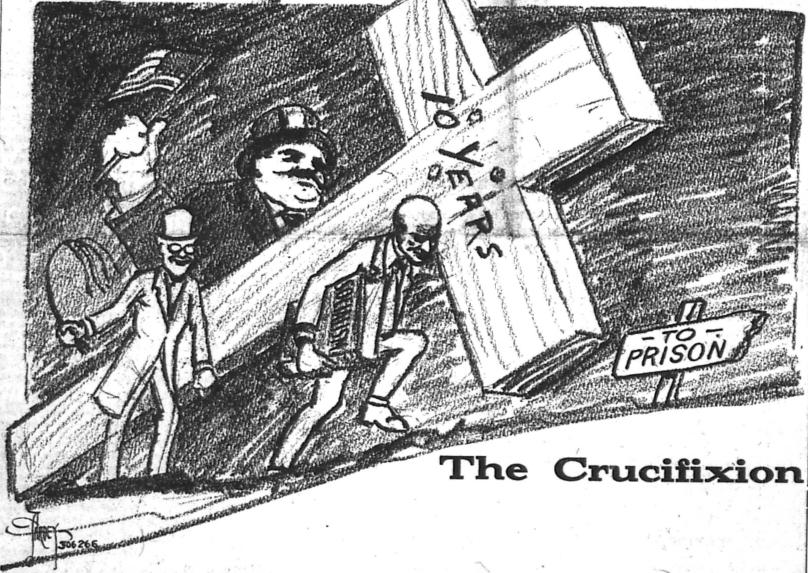
A Liberation Fund of thousands of dollars.

Printing and posting of thousands of posters, 3. Printing and posting of thousands of posters.

Circularize Labor Unions, suggesting such organized and well directed action as may be necessary to insist upon

Engage and route speakers to Socialist locals and Labor Unions to help arouse the workers to action.

Your every thought and every act must from this minute on be mobilized around the demand for freedom for all political prisoners. The need of the hour is to speed up-to hurry, to talk twice as much and act twice as fast for the liberation of all politicals. Let no day pass but that you consecrate every minute you can spare



Brutalities to Politicals

talities occured a year ago, similar treatment is this very day being metworth and many other prisons.

Read these letters and then join the cries, the Lieutenant would come over to the the other two and ask whether "Sunday, Ang. 25th... Kaplan (after refusing work) was similarly questioned by the officer and likewise

we print below extracts from letters ent to relatives by Socialists and other political prisoners incarcerated at Fort Riley, Kansas.

These letters tell of the most shocking and savage cruelties perpetrated Upon his refusal, his feet were kicked from under him by the Officer of the rope from the guard and pulled it, lifting Kaplan off his feet. When the latter's eyes began to bulge and his tongue to stick out, he was let down "While Kaplan was undergoing this

husbands back to their wives?

Kaplan was emitting his agonizing

they would work, and upon their re-

Throughout the woman's ward there was not a dry eye, but there were audible sobs. Fancy the lad with his heart breaking, playing to his mother who is NOT a criminal, but who bears the odium of a prison Isn't it about time for a democratic and peace loving people to open jail doors and let moth-ers back to their children and

Denied

the prison at Jefferson City.

She made a speech somewhere up in the northwest. The trouble is, she made it publicly. Prob-

ably she did not say anything worse than hundreds of women

have said privately. But she made the egregious blunder of saying it to an audience.

Now she is in prison at Jef-

ferson City amongst criminals. She has several children nearly,

grown,—fine, young people.

The other day, one of the sons, who is a musician, came to

see his mother. They allowed

him a little conference with her,

but they would not allow him

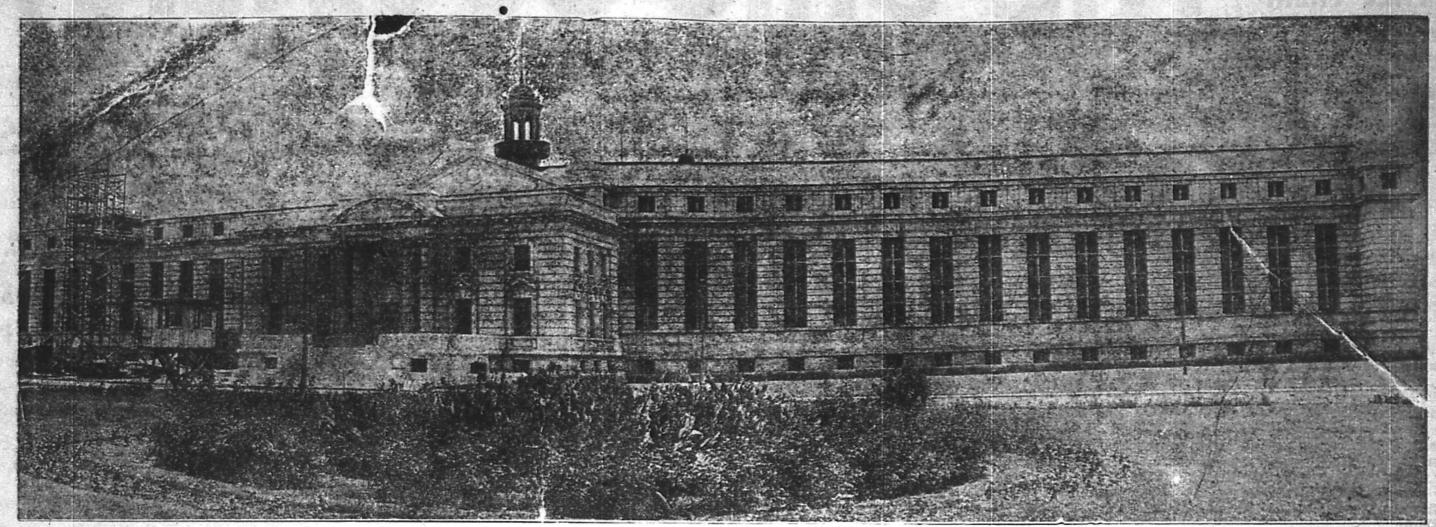
to play in the prison.
So, as the twilight settled down, he took his stand across

the road and with his cornet, played "Lead, Kindly Light, Amid the Encircling Gloom," and "The Rosary", and a few of those good, old tunes, while all the prison held its breath and listened.

Here is Mrs. Kate O'Hare in

Four more readers at Martins Ferry, O. Now. Comrade M. F. Finnish deserves credit for these. Thanks com-

"Look toward Atlanta over the Prison dome, You will see my Torch Flaming in the Sky"! Debs



The Prison

This is the United States prison at Atlanta, Georgia, where Eugene Victor Debs is now enrolled as Federal Convict No. 9653. There are at present 1,700 prisoners there, many of them being persons convicted under the Espionage act. This prison is situated at the southern extremity of Atlanta, on a slight earth swell, and is 1,100 feet above the sea. Debs was transferred from Moundsville prison, West Virginia, to Atlanta on June 15, 1919, to serve his 10 years.

The Man

a prison cell.

With Our Liberal Liberators

The campaign for a large Liberation fund is on. The mails bring word and myself for the Liberation Fund."

from hundreds of workers who say in effect, "I'm on the job. I'm circulating my contribution list for dona
for the Liberation Fund. I was suctions. Depend upon me for I shall do cesful in collecting this money in a

Pierce. W. Va., thru the efforts of lists. John Korosec, sent in \$14.85. The con-tributors were D. A. Brown, John "Want to join the Liberators and Korosec, Andy Bell, Steve Boliker, will add that the article in the Ohio Roy and Earl Ferguson, Ed. Zicka-Socialist for August 12th entitled "An foose, John Morlin, Jim Bartell, Do-Open Letter to President Wilson", nata Pavoul, Jules Biese, Dom Brene, would make a good leaflet for

Mike Gohotsky.

Robt. Kerr of Columbiana, Ohio, Ferry.

"A few more 'Open Letters' "A few more Sharts and sent in a dist containing \$10.00 in "A few more Open Letters" to contributions. From E. B. Wharton, President Wilson by Sharts and we Columbus, a list containing \$2.00 was will shake hands with Debs in the received and E. A. Genia of Hart, open soon."--Glenn Finch.
Mich., remits \$3.06.

\$9.25; Alex Sherbin, Kempton, Work fast."—J. J. Plaster, Texico, Va., \$10.30; Adolph Koch, St. N. M.

'Shall be glad to distribute all the Rapids, \$5.00; Humer Kline, Girard, literature sent me".-G. A. Harrison, 62.00; Jake Schoolenberg, Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo, 2.00; R. M. Apitzsch, Hollidays Cove, W. Va., \$5.00; Alex Hlenny, Warren, LIBERATORS REGISTER FOR DUTY 11.00; Matt Murkovich, Wendel, W. Va. \$16.95. "Enclosed I am handing you or

behalf of Mrs. Brown and myself ten dollars in the hope that you will find some way to admit us to the Army of Liberators, though we can not sign the pledge, because we are not technically members of the working class.

"But we are doing all we can to belt working people overthrow help the working the

Engene Victor Debs was sent to prison because he spoke the truth as he saw it about the war, declaring that he had been opposed to war all his life, and would be opposed to war if he stood alone. He has told the world that he has no regrets, and that, if it is a crime under American laws to express opposition to wholesale murder, punishable by a term in prison, then he is willing to spend the remainder of his days in

very short time and I expect to collect The United Mine Workers local at more but I need more contribution Send me some at once."--J

stribution."-Chas. Yoder, Martins

"I am just a poor, old shoe cobbler Gary, Ind., \$8.50; D. B. Dale, Wise, political prisoners. So lets push the

Pozens of Liberators are registering for duty daily. We call upon you to join this army at once. There is an important work before us and the help

the pledge, because we are not technically members of the working class. "But we are doing all we can the belt we are doing all we can the possible for those who produce nothing the economic system which makes it possible for those who produce nothing and for those who produce nothing and for those who produce everything and for those who produce everything and for those who produce everything to have everything and for those who produce everything to have everything and for those who produce everything to have everything to have everything to have everything to have continually on this job, every day from morning till night, and expect to remain, until it is accomplished, or until for us the night cometh in which no man or woman can work."—Bishop Wm. M. Brown.

"I lease find my check for twenty dollars enclosed as a starter for the Deba' release fund. I have no time to distribute literature but I certainly consider it an honor to contribute a few dollars towards the release of the behat."—J. H. Randers, James town.

"Enclosed you will find a five dollar war savings examp, which our englover made ms buy to help the present government! New let's see if you can change it into money to help our Gene."—R. M. A.

"I am away toe far to do much but may then the destination of the rock of the crawling, ignorant element that is trying to harm him."

"I may a wo far to do much but mything I can do will be done that of the control of the rock of the crawling, ignorant element that is trying to harm him."

"Mys. Dandridge Gook.

"I men for the working class of the produce of the produce of the produce of the produce of the crawling, ignorant element that is trying to harm him."

"Mys. Dandridge Gook.

"I men do will be done that anything is considered that it is trying to harm him."

"Mys. Dandridge Gook.

"The follows: Lawrence Mensink, Elyring the produce of the rock of the crawling, ignorant element that is trying to harm him."

"Mys. Dandridge Gook.

"The follows: Lawrence and the produce of the produce of the produce

Debs Ill

us from comrade Castleton of Atlanta that he has just visited Debs "in the hospital". Debs' declining state of health since his remuval to the Atlanta prison is the cause of his removal from his cell to the hospital.

Tally of Vote for National **Convention Delegates**

Burke 393, Clifford King 226, Anton Mandzeik 92, Hugo Ruemele 128, Arthur Sapo 43, Horace Shank 40, Jos W. Sharts 97.
Districts 7, 8, 9,-one to be elected

oseph A. Johnson 102. Districts 4, 5, 10, 11, 12—one to be elected. John P. Baker 33, Thos. J. Eiler 7, Jos. F. Wagner 35, Frank

Districts 13, 14-two to be elected A. B. Hollenbaugh 44, Wm. O. McClory 193, Emil Oster 29, Marguerite Prevey Districts 15, 16-one to be elected

Marshal Jeannero 34, Frank L. Mar tin 5, Herbert Knecht 4. Districts 17, 18—one to be elected thas. Bonsall 91, J. R. Larimore 45. District 19-two to be elected. Thos H. Davies 92, J. F. Denison 86, C. Rufus Swope 63.

Districts 20, 21, 22-five to be elected. A Bilan 149, Walter Bronstrup 137, Tom Clifford 248, Harry Kaden 75, Walter Karath 119, C. E. Ruthenberg 297, Jacob Spitz 76, A. Wagen-knecht 251, L. A. Zitt 172.

NOTICE!

On account of other important mat ter contained in this "Free Them Edition" the press fund contributions for the past week have been laid over Other liberators returning lists with with a large family to support but I for one week. Some very generous dosubstantial contributions are: Horace am more than glad to help liberate nations have been made last week Shank, Hamilton, \$3,00. H. Markoff, our much loved Debs with all other which we will tell you about in next which we will tell you about in next

> "As a protest in general" states comrade C. L. Steinborok of Columbus. And he sent some protest! subscriptions amounting to \$8.00. Comrade C. Fremai co-operated with him in this good and effective work. We can't imagines a more effective way to protest than to assist in educating the

"More coming" writes comrade W. F. Norling of Holland, Mich. He sends two this time.

Debs vs. "The Best and Freest Government on Earth"

Why did this government transfer Eugene V. Debs to At a, Georgia, Prison. Why is it, now the war is over, that "Many years ago," he went on, during the great Cripple Creek strike in Colorado I was asked to go out there and help to organize the miners. Despite the fact that Debs lanta, Georgia, Prison. Why Debs must still lie in prison? lanta, Georgia, Prison. Why is it, now the war is over, that

cause he found a humane Warden in the coal-trust ridden state of West Virginia, and the Coal barons could not stand anything in the world—not for any
"Free Speech Park," dedicated to the for that kind of treatment for their hated enemy. In the second place, we have the answer from United States Attorney thugs and they were all ordered to 15,000 workers marched to the city General Mitchell Palmer (with Presidential ambitions) who shoot any labor agitators that arrived Park singing the "Marsellaise".

in the world?'

SOME REASON!

That would get a lot of "good" people. It seems that the ecent antics of the executive force of the nation, in its bulldozing tactics with the Congress of the nation, might implicate some of the congressmen in saving that "this is not the freest nor the best nation on earth."

The next morning I was standing legal procedure would have been nor the best nation on earth."

The next morning I was standing legal procedure would have been nor the best nation on earth."

The next morning I was standing legal procedure would have been nor the best nation on earth. The next morning I was standing legal procedure would have been nor the best nation on earth.

In fact, however, Debs has not compared capitalist nations ll. He does not say that this is the freest nor the most ended nation, he just knows that slavery exists in all nations and nations lead a deadly eye. I could see that the fellow had guns in his pockets. at all. He does not say that this is the freest nor the most enslaved nation, he just knows that slavery exists in all nations fellow had guns in his pockets. where the wages system is in vogue. That none of them will

where the wages system is in vogue. That none of them will be free until the wage system is abolished.

Mr. Palmer must know this country has the reputation of being trust ridden. He must know that the Beef Trust operates here and the Standard Oil has a reputation that has outlawed it in several states. He has certainly heard of the Steel Trust and its anti-union career, its bludgeon methods to beat the government into line, he certainly has heard of Wall Street

"See that follow over there, Mr. Debs!" one of my friends said to me. Went to Gilsey House. He wrote a letter while Mrs. Prevy again tried to get Attorney Wolff. Shortly before 8 o'clock, Deputy Marshal Thomas E. Walsh and Deputy Gauchorte, left you since then. He has been following you every step, and he will be the last man to see when you get government into line, he certainly has heard of Wall Street."

Well, he is a sure shot. He was never known to miss the man he went after. Last night that man stood not ten feet away from your stand all the lime you were speaking. He has never left you since then. He has been following you every step, and he will be the last man to see when you get the depot, that their man was in the city. government into line, he certainly has heard of Wall Street out of this town.' Is that so?' I said to my friend. Mrs. Prevy, who was at that mom and knows of the gambling there and the robberies there and I walked over to the group man on in Debs' room with J. Louis Engdahl the crimes committeed there in the name of commerce and in the crimes committeed there in the name of commerce and in-

Mr. Palmer, in removing Debs to Atlanta, Georgia, has, that you were at my meeting last of course, punished his body, but the great heart of Debs still ing my movements ever since,' I surrender him, and that the proceeding told him. beats in unison with the onward march of the workers. The removal only emphasized the brutality of capitalism.

Debs in Atlanta is doing much to make this one of the countries on earth. He is doing it in a different way than the workmen. I made to workmen. I made to workmen. I made to make this one of the workmen. I made to workmen. I made to make the foderal building for instructions. free countries on earth. He is doing it in a different way than the workmen. I made up my mind Mr. Palmer would do it His great soul is pushing hard against that any ——— who laid his dirty hands on you would be carted out of all the great walls that maprison the truth. Birt the truth will, this here region a corpse.' forever, break down the walls and be free.

Make way, Mr. Palmer, for a man is passing!

"If you dam up the rivers of progress, At your peril and cost let it be; That river will seaward despite you, It will break down your dams and be free!"

Debs' Renunciation

-Oakland World.

(Continued from page 1.)

is the policy of the ruling race and class. I surmise the terrorism behind the slinking mien of these blacks, the reason why the cap comes so quickly off. And yonder in the State Capitol, I am told, sits a Governor who rose to political fame upon the lynching of Leo Frank, the Jew upon the lynching of Leo Frank, the Jew.

I know that exploitation is the foundation of all this imposing semblance of civilization. I know that the foundation is as unstable as the shifting sands. I know it is written in the stars therefore that all this magnificent structure will be broken like Babylon,—the beauty of the Chaldeans' pride, broken like Babylon,—the beauty of the Chaldeans' pride, proceed to Cleveland on the 10 o'clock an auto between his bodyguards.

Debs Goes to Prison

thing except for Socialism.

We are not printing the vote as cast by locals in order to save space. As convention delegates were elected from eight groups of congressional districts, a full tabulation would take up to much of the paper. We therefore give totals only.

Districts 1, 2, 3, 6—three delegates to be elected. Chas. Baker 220, Lotta burke 393, Clifford King 226, Anton

General Mitchell Palmer (with Presidential ambitions) who are not printing the vote as cast by locals in order to save space. At Cleveland there was no one to the mine owners had determined they would not allow a union in that district. I went out there. At the station laws met by a large group of armed thugs. They had made up their minds that I should not make a speech that night." Debs said he told the leader of the gang that "this would either to a telephone to get Attorney Morris

the men drew my attention to a big,

" See that follow over there, Mr. papers.

"The man blushed to the roots of his hair," said Debs, "when I thanked him for the personal service he had rendered to me. I have found so many times that it is almost impossible to accurately declare who are our friends and who are our enemies."

SPIRITED AWAY TO PRISON CHAPTER THREE

In this story I want to tell about the extra legal methods through which Debs was spirited out of Cleveland, where he arrived at 6:30 o'clock Sunday morning. Nothing like it ever has been known in the American labor

At 10 o'clock Saturday morning Debs, at Terre Haute; received a teto Cleveland. He might come alone, the prosecutor said.

train Saturday night. When the Cleveland Saturday even

history, no righteousness in the heavens, no substance in the soaring dreams of all those bright souls who have burned like beacons through the mists of ages.

And as I ponder these matters, I look out above the music and the clamor and glitter of the streets, across the black roofs, and on into the great darkness.

Out there the torch of Debs is flaming in the night above the prison-dome!

When the Cleveland Saturday evening newspapers carried the news that Debs was leaving Terre Haute for that city, Cleveland Socialists hastily organized a monster mass meeting for Sunday afternoon. Dodgers printed in scarlet ink announced the meeting for 2:30 o'clock as a protest against the imprisonment of 'Gene Debs. He was announced as the speaker for the occasion. The streets in the business part As Debs strolled from the restaurant but both are mighty necessary.

"The towns were flooded with armed Tom. L. Johnson. That afternoon

be the beginning of organized labor to a telephone to get Attorney Morris in Colorado or the end of me.' Wolf, one of Debs' lawyers at his They held a conference together while trial. He told her he would come at I went to a hotel. That night I made once. Mrs. Prevey said she had not my speech and held one of the most been notified by the District Attorney successful meetings that if has ever been my privilege to hold.

The next morning I was standing were Debs' bondsmen. The regular on the outh morning I was standing legal procedure would have been

whom had just arrived from the na-tional office of the Socialist party in Chicago, protested that she had not been notified as a Debs bondsman to

States Supreme Court to take you to the United States Marshal and from there to prison," said Walsh to Debs.

"All right," replied Debs, somewhat weary of the wrangle. "I am your man, and am ready to go with you.

Wolff had not appeared, and did not appear.

While I was talking with Debs in While I was talking with Debs in his home at Terre Haute Saturday afternoon, a telegram arrived from Saymour Stedman in Chicago, Debs' chief counsel. Stedman said he was coming to Terre Haute. Theodore Debs immediately wired to Stedman that 'Gene was leaving for Cleveland.

Debs' other Chicago lawyer was William A. Cunnea. Debs' fourth at-torney was Joseph W. Sharts, of

In the moment of the greatest single incident in the history of the Amer-

to Cleveland. He might come alone, the provent of Debs' bondsmen.

Debs was placed in an outo and driven to the Federal building, a few

"Debs Goes to Prison" can be had for 25c. in pamphlet form.—Order of Socialist Party of Ohio, 3207 Clark Ave., Cleveland, O. (Continued next week.)

The Ohio Socialist

Official Organ of The Socialist Party of Ohio and Kentucky, Virginia, W. Virginia and New Mexico.

\$1.00

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WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3rd, 1919.

What is Wrong with Mr. Wilson?

The above heading might well have graced the editorial in The Nation of August 16th, which we take pleasure in reproducing below. The Nation, edited by Oswald Garrison Villard is not a socialist magazine by any means. But it does represent splendidly that great class of American liberals who use their heads for other purposes than to hang a hat upon or as a reservoir for decayed ideas. The Nation has led the fight in this field in spreading the truth about Soviet Russia. It is now engaged in fighting in an able manner the reactionaries who sit in the high places in American politics.

'We trust that liberals everywhere will keep up the demand for a general amnesty for military, and especially for political prisoners. As one of our correspondents points out, it is, or ought to be, a humiliation to every American that there should be such a thing as a political prisoner in America. We should have laughed to scorn ten years ago anybody who dared to prophesy that this could come to pass in the land of the free and the home of the brave. But there the fact is. More than that, in direct violation of the Daniel Debs and Margaret Marie Bet-Constitution, they are only just now beginning in Kansas to try men who have France in 1849. It was a wonderful been held in filthy county juils for nearly two years, without having their family into which he was born. It my story and on the spot became my family into which he was born. It my story and on the spot became my family into which he was born. It my story and on the spot became my family into which he was born. It my story and on the spot became my day in court-something which we used to pride ourselves could take place fection that the parents gave their only under the Czar or the Kaiser. With Senator Chamberlain, arch-militarist, demanding the release of all military prisoners not guilty of felony, there should be a similar proposal for the release of all civilian political prisoners, notably Eugene Debs, and many another who ought not for a moment to be in fail. England and Canada have now released all their conscientious objectors, but we do not follow suit. Some are in damp, below-watermark cells on children became old, but the parents the exposure and hardship of the rail for violence that accompanies a strike.

Alcatraz Island; one died in Leaverworth Prison last week. What is wrong could not forget. Particularly, Eugene "I was with the boys in their Grover Cleveland's own commission with Mr. Wilson that he appears so devoid of the magnanimity which should be inseparable from the just and the trully great man?"

.The just and truly great are revealed by the spirit of magnanimity which rules their conduct toward those who have opposed them formerly, for the praise or the condemnation of To gloat over ones' victims in the hour of victory is the act of pygmy souls. There is nothing of greatness in such conduct. The really great will

The question arises: Has President Wilson such a soul; Is he really great, great in himself, as a men? Mr. Wilson has proven a disappointment to millions of the common folk of the world. Will he prove a disappointment the age of 86, he took his place bein his conduct toward those who could not see affairs thru his spectacles and are now as a result, languishing in the American bastiles?

What is wrong with Mr. Wilson? is a very apt question right now. Millions look to him to swing open the prison doors to the thousands of polical and class-war prisoners, many of whon are fully his equals in every respect, if not his superiors. Why does he not open them?

What is wrong with Mc. Wilson?

Fires of Hate Burn Low

these past few weeks. Hate of man toward man and nation toward nation is an artificial condition which can only obtain in abnormal times. Man's natural attitude toward his fellows creatures is one of toleration. There are no natural racial antipathies. Such as exist in our artificial civilization are but cultivated by-products of the scramble for pelf and power.

During the war we were taught by those who sought to be our mentors that the German nation, people of all classes were devils incarnate. That all of the railroad company to take a better position with a wholesale grohitherto believed high qualities of the Teuton race were shams and artifices. hitherto believed high qualities of the Teuton race were shams and artifices. cery house. But when, the next year, as he left them, "because it pleases nation of railreads. It is a bad preBut of late the fires of hate have been allowed to smolder. German music, we a local branch of the Brotherhood of me. There is nothing I would not do, cedent that might well lead to se understand is to return to the American stage. Trade in many essentials is Locomotive Firemen was established in so far as human effort goes, to ad-rious consequences." already under way. No doubt we shall soon be wearing German dyes upon first to apply for membership. In fact, and rescue perishing humanity. I have cedent to-day, if he dare. Such an aut our backs. (The Italian rag rug weaver next door tells us we need the dyes badly an account of the inferiority of the American product.) The mouths that preached hate are now preaching other, and we would hope, worthier gospels, to him. Yet, in a way, they meant so, when I put forth my efforts to now. Many things have

Perhaps the most striking instance of the passing of this phase of our get his own experiences. He also not have made any sacrifice whatever; telations with the German nation is contained in a number of recent dispatches little pay. He knew the railroads could no man does unless he violates his from Coblenz concerning the unexpected conduct of American soldiers. During afford to pay more. He knew that, conscionce."

the American occupation the strictlest rules against fraternizing with the companization, the firemen could conscion the strictlest rules against fraternizing with the companization, the firemen could conscion the strictlest rules against fraternizing with the conscion to the rule of the r civilian population were enforced. Nevertheless, dispatches tell us that some when the groccry, losed, on the night of February 27, 1875, Debs went to Debs organized the American Railbrides! And now the latest reports state that "several thousand" American meet in an effort to organize a union. in the spring of 1894, the Great soldiers are loose in Germany, having left their unites without leave, have donned civilian clothes, smixed with the population and are hopelessly lost to Haute to get the movement under way. every train on the road except the the army and this country. Hundreds of others, after discharge refuse to return home prefering to remain in the land of the Hun.

Rather a strange coincidence is it not, that the stories of despisible German characteristics can not be verified by those who would be most likely to have first hand knowledge? The American soldiers are finding the German a very cordial and buman people, very much like themselves. Their relations in with them are a direct refutation of all we have been taught recently of

The fires of hate now burn low and the artificality of the substance from which the flame arose is seen in all its hideousness. Its kindling was brought about thru the capitalist controlled press. It had no substance in fact.

Announcement

I desire to announce that my office is now located at Room 309 Guth Block, 38 South Howard St., Akron, Ohio.

CONSULTATION PREE.

Marguerite Prevey Opt. D.

Optician and Optometrist.

THE LIFE OF EUGENE V. DEBS.

without thinking of the devil. Other railway men. He organized the Bro men cannot thing of the devil without men cannot thing of the devil with others, brought into existence all the world knows how he fought.

more lied about. For twenty years he the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen,

But, to this day, not much of the more lied about. For twenty years he has been a great public figure in this courty, but the people do not yet understand him. They have had no chance to understand him. The persons who make public opinion in this country him and the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association.

By this time Debs was fairly striking his stride. He had found his long has been the implacable foe of

If everyone knew him as I know him, Garrison. It will come to Debs.

Let me here set down his story. So far as it can be told from facts of I was darting in all directions. To record, I shall tell it from facts of tramp through a railroad yard in the record. So far as it must be told from rain, snow or sleet half the night or

was not wonderful because of the afderful because of the affection that pails by the swarthy stokers who still the children gave to their parents and hestle close to my heart, and will un-to each other. It was a solid block of til it is cold and still. to each other. It was a solid block of til it is cold and still.

the world so long as my wife and my mother think I am in the right."

The mother lived until the spring of 1906. So long as she lived, the father wanted to live. But when she father wanted to live. But when she lodges, wiped out all of the debt and died, he seemed no longer to want to put a balance in the treasury. live. Nor did he long survive her. side hor in the tomb.

Debs's childhood did not last long. He had not finished high school when at the age of 15, poverty knocked at his schollroom door, beckoned him from no time to go back. The father-a small country merchant - needed his year. help. Debs was not one of the eldest, but he was one of two boys in a fam-

locomotive on the road. He continued to be a locomotive fireman

THAT "TOW-HEADED BOY"

About this time the Debs we now to others. He had left the employ trying to organize the American Rail- graph just quoted, said:
of the railroad company to take a way Union. "This is placing officers of the go Terre Haute, Debs was one of the vance any movement designed to reach Perhaps the most striking instance of the passing of this phase of our get his own experiences. He knew how for myself, I do not consider that I have learned some things. compel the railways to pay more. So, THE GREATEST LABOR STRIKE. the hall where the firemen were to way Union so successfully that when,

Leach said:

of two years each he then served as employees were not members of the city clerk, having been elected on the Democratic ticket. The Democrats even the advice of Debs. He went to the offered him a nomination to Congress town of Pullman and investigated the point where the combined corporations which he declined, though they did facts. He found that the company was select him to the Indiana state legisla, Inaving years and alternative there need adjusted the point where the combined corporations where him to the Indiana state legisla, Inaving years and alternative there need adjusted the point where the combined corporations where him to the Indiana state legisla, Inaving years and alternative there need adjusted from which he declined, though they did facts. He found that the company was elect him to the Indiana state legislative, in 1885. In fact, almost everything that eccured might easily have served to make him forget the little local branch of the fireman's brother-hood that, in 1875, he had joined with so much enthusiasm. Yet, the fact is that during all of these ten years he never missed a meeting of the union. Not only did he miss no meeting, but he took a tremendous share in the work. Not content with trying to help his old friends, the ralway man employees made application to wages and charging juncture there were delivered, from wholly unexpected quarters, a swift succession of blows that blinded me for an instant and then opened wide my eyes — and in the gleam of every bayonet and the flush of every rifle the class struggle was revealed. This was my first lesson in Socialism, though wholly unaware, at that time, that it was called by that name.

'An army of thugs, detectives and murderers were equipped with badge and belpless. At this paying very low wages and charging juncture there were delivered, from wholly unexpected quarters, a swift succession of blows that blinded me for an instant and then opened wide my eyes — and in the gleam of every bayonet and the flush of every rifle the class struggle was revealed. This was my first lesson in Socialism, though wholly unaware, at that time, that it was called by that name.

'An army of thugs, detectives and murderers were equipped with badge and beer and bludgeon and turned

do not want him understood, they work. With a passion for the cause might be understood, too. Debs is and of labor and a genius for organization, he could no more be kept in a grothe class that makes public opinion in cerv, or any other merchandising this country That class is the capita-business, than an eagle could be kept Judges Grosscup and Woods added in a basement. Even while he was hol. heavy blows to the beating. the magazines. It controls many of the ding public office, the Brotherhood of churches. It has had the power to Locomotive Firemen elected him to stifle truth and spread falsehood. It almost all the offices it had. He was has stifled truth and spread falsehood. made the grand secretary and trea-I happen to know Eugene V. Debs curer, and the editor and manager well. I have known him for ten years. of the Brotherhood's official magazine.

is dead. A white marble finger may off answers to my many correspon-be pointing up from the grass, some dents. Day and night were one. Sleep where. But the time will come. To was time wasted, and often when, all such men the time always comes. It oblivious of her presence, in the still violence: came to John Brown. It came to Wen-small hours, my mother's hand turned dell Phillips. It came to William Lloyd off the light, I went to bed under protest.

"I rode on the engines over moun their children affection. It was won- and bunks, and was fed from their have had any connection therewith."

the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. When he entered its service the brotherhood cinsisted of

But while Debs was doing all bigger. He had been dreaming of a great railway organization, embracing all of the employees in one union a union too strong and too great to be broken by all of the railroad com-panies in the country. So, in 1893, brotherhood, by the way, was \$4.000 a General

ses on a pleasure trip to Europe. Debs cising authority." thanked the convention very kondly. What do you think of that? What this day, the government has not proout of the hall, leaving the \$4,000 a now dare do what Grover Cleveland conspiracy charge. The indictment was nity to say so. But now I know better year job that he had voluntarily sur-did in 1894! Mr. Cleveland's act was know began to grow. Something hap-rendered and in a few weeks was in se outrageous that his own commissi-pened that revealed him to himself and Chicago, working for \$900 a year, on, immediately following the para-

Joshua A. Leach, grand master of Northern Railway Company reduced the brotherhood, had come to Terre the wages of its men, Debs stopped him out and, without waste of words, told him precisely what he wanted. Eugene V. Debs against James J. Grocer boy that he was, he wanted to join the local branch of the firemen.

'My boy,' said Leach, "you are the arbitrators granted 9714 per care.

Bear Gene: I hear that you are to be arrested. When that time comes, you will need a friend. I want to be that friend.

'Eugene Field.' "My boy," said Leach, "you are a little young, but I believe you're in earnest and will make your mark in the brotherhood. Come on in." the arbitrators granted 97½ per cent. of the strikers' demands, which represented a monthly increase in wages of \$146,000. At the close of hostilities, Once in, Debs was immediately which had been conducted without the chosen secretary. Speaking of the loss of a drop of blood, Hill said to event a few months later in St. Louis, Debs: "You have fought a good fight

and I respect you." "I put a tow-headed boy in the Mcanwhile, events were preparing followed by an order for the arrest brotherhood in Terre Haute not long for the greatest strike that ever took ago, and some day he will be at the place upon the American continent, bead of it."

Debs remained in the employ of the greatest strike that ever took of the strike for contempt of court because of an alleged violation of an injunction, thus leaving the strike without grocery firm five years. For two terms wages of its men. Though the Pullman leaders. The swift succession of events

therhood of Railway Brakeman, and, their fight became Deb's fight. And

But, to this day, not much of the world knows how he was whipped, by whom he was whipped, ner why he was By this time Dehs was fairly stri-king his stride. He had found his land, who, at the behest of the Ge-

neral Managers' Association, represen-

ting the railroads, and against the protest of the Governor of Illinois, sent federal troops into the state. Federal

WHY DEBS WENT TO JAIL

Let me make these facts plain and prove that they are facts. Debs was first arrested upon an indicment chargirg conspiracy to murder, and, a few "With all the fire of youth," he days later, for alleged contempt of a he would be one of the best loved man in America. Some day, every one will know him as L know him.

The time may not come until after he to the strike, and the commission's report makes this statement with regard to Debs's responsibility for

"The mobs that took possession of railroad tracks, yards and crossings af-ter July 3, and that stoned, tipped over, burned and destroyed cars and stole their contents were, by general concurrence in the testimony, compostretch the truth to stretch his stature. I shall show Debs as I know Debs as I k The blood of the French runs through the veins of Eugene Victor through the veins of Eugene Victor Debs. He was born in Terre Haute, Indians, November 5, 1855, of Jean Daniel Debs and Margaret Marie Betterich, who came to America from France in 1849. It was a wonderful family into which he was born. It family into which he was born. It family into which he was born. It family into which he was born in the project and destruction... In the view that the appetite to continue this railroad strike was wrong, that this railroad strike was wrong, that this railroad strike was wrong, that red mob. Injunctions flew thick and prived of his liberty for six months. Such mobs are well-known to be infast, arrests followed, and our offices thereby given an excuse and incentive to gather and to commit crime, the responsibility rests largely with the American Railway Union; otherwise, that association, its leaders and a friend.

Woods. And, for that, Debs was deviced to whet those was wrong, that red mob. Injunctions flew thick and prived of his liberty for six months. Such mobs are well-known to be infast, arrests followed, and our offices that arrests followed, and our offices that the appetite to continue this railroad strike was wrong, that red mob. Injunctions flew thick and prived of his liberty for six months. Such mobs are well-known to be infast, arrests followed, and our offices that to such strike, were sacked, torn out, and the provided formulation of the case, and are thereby given an excuse and incentive to gather and to commit crime, the railroad strike was wrong, that had desirated to the continue that the provided formulation of the case, and are thereby given an excuse and incentive to gather and to commit crime, the railroad strike was wrong, that had desirated to the continue that the provided formulation of the case, and are thereby given an excuse and incentive the red mob. Injunctions flew thick and private formulation of the case, and are the red mob. Injunctions flew thick and private formulation of th very large majority of the railroad rades, I found myself in Cook County ten children — parents usually give tain and plain, slept in the cabooses men upon strike are not shown to In other words, Debs's telegrams and

> there was violence, and force was required to resist it. The governor of Illinois said he was able to cope with the situation: still the feet with mitted ?? years he did a tremendous work for the situation; still the federal troops came against his protest. Nor was that all. Attorney-General Olney, by direction of Grover Cleveland, permitted 3.600 deputy United States marshals to operate trains. He did more

came. He had to come. Nor did he ever go back, except to take a night course at a business college. He had Managers' Association and its railroads. They were armed and The resignation, when placed before paid by the railroads and acted in the brotherhood, in convention at Cin-cinnati, was unanimously refused. Debs plovees and United States officers. accepted his resignation. But in doing they regarded it as necessary. They so, the convention, by unanimous vote, were not under the direct control of appropriated \$2.000 to pay his expendance government official while exer-

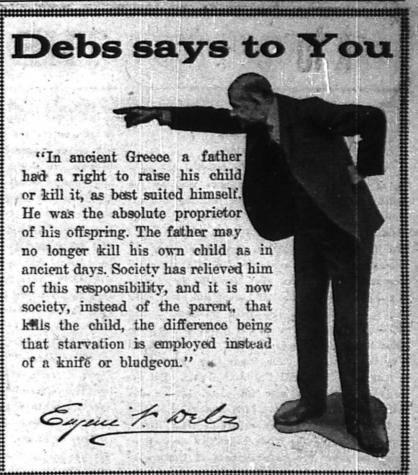
"I do this," said he to the firemen vernment under control of a combi

Let some President follow that pre

At the same time came this gram from his aged parents:

gardless of consequences. "Your Father and Mother."

The conspiracy charge was quickly



rades, I found myself in Cook County despotism, pure and simple, whatever press screaming conspiracy, treason and murder, and by some fateful coincidence, I was given the cell occupied just previous to his execution injunction." The people, then, did not

WHAT HAPPENED TO THE

He permitted the railway managers to select the men whom they desired to be marshals, to give them their orders and to pay them. The United States Government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. We want to select the men whom they desired to murder and a jury was important the paneled. An effort was made to place they do know him, and the rapiders and to pay them. The United States Government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. States government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. States government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. States government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. States government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. States government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. States government thus permitted the railroads to swear in its strike breathers. kers as federal officials. I quote from the report of the commission that investigated the strike:

efforts were made to get various of tice, at first, an old man who stool the report of the commission that investigated the strike:

as rapidly as one was wanted to test of the fact that the old man was tify, the news was mysteriously con- nudging him in the ribs, by way veyed to him and he disappeared. In approval of points made by the speaka little while, it became known that of impressioned, humanitarian oratory, some documents that would tend to incriminate the railroad men who constituted the General Managers' Assotaition Immediately it was appoora but he was one of two boys in a family of eight girls.

Eugene's first job was in the paint shop of a little Indiana raiload that is now a part of the Pennsylvania system. By the time he was 16 he was first a locometive on the road below the resignation. But in doing they regarded it as necessary. They read to him, but the government re-

> never quashed. Except for the fact and I want you to forgive me." that it has been outlawed, it would still stand against him. The records simply show that the trial of this

strike was still in progress, Federal had followed his conscience as much learned since 1894. Presidents, too, have learned some things.

Debs, nevertheless, was indicted upon a charge of conspiracy to murder. Eugene Pield, the poet, who was then upon the editorial staff of the Chicago 'Daily News,' heard of the indictment, and hastened to Debs's office. Debs was not in. Field wrote the following note, placed a paper-weight upon it and left it upon Debs's desk:

Jinction against Debs and the railroads were using the United States courts to break the strike, and determined to give them not even a pretense for arresting him. He therefore went to him a Socialist.

'Up to this time,' he said, 'I had heard but little of Socialism, had heard but little of Socialism, wery, served upon the supreme bench of the state of Illinois, and had, also, for sixteen years, been a member of the United States courts to break the strike, and determined to give them not even a pretense for arresting him. He therefore went to have counsel. Trumbull had drafted the thirteenth amendment to the federal constitution, abolishing slavery, served upon the supreme bench of the state of Illinois, and had, also, for sixteen years, been a member of the United States courts to break the strike, and determined to give them not even a pretense for arresting him. He therefore went to him a Socialist.

'Up to this time,'' he said, 'I had heard but little of Socialism, have practically nothing about the movement, and what lite I did know was not calculated to impress me in its favor. But it was in Woodstock jail, began to see the light that eventually made him a Socialist.

'Up to this time.'' be said, 'I had heard but little of Socialism, here were upon the supreme bench of the thirteenth amendment to the federal constitution, abolishing slavery, served upon the supreme bench of the state of Illinois, and had, also, for sixteen years, been a member of the United States courts to be see the light that eventually made him a Socialist.

'Up to this time.'' he said, 'I had heard but little of Socialism, here were upon the supr

for sixteen years, been a member of the United States senate and chairman of its judiciary committee.

"When that injunction was served appon me," said Debs, "I went to Judge Trumbull and another of the best constitutional lawyers in Chicago and said: 'What rights, if any, have I under this injunction I am a lawabiding citizen. I want to do what is right. I want you to examine this injunction and then advise me what to do."

"They examined the injunction. They said: 'Proceed just as you have been proceeding. You are not committing any violence You are not advising violence. Instead, you are doing the law." I followed their advice and got six months for it."

Debs spent the six months in Wood
"Continued on page 4.)

"Good and pamphlets from Socialists came to me by every mail and I began to dissect the anatomy of the capitalist system under which working-men, however organized, could be shattered and battered and splintered at a single stroke."

Debs's conversion to Socialism was not complete. however, when he left prison. In the campaign of 1896 he spoke and voted for Bryan.

But two years later, he helped to organize the present Socialist party, and led the remnant of the old American Railway Unibn into it.

In 1900, 1904, 1906, 1912, he was the Socialism and the socialism can be spoke and voted for Bryan.

Socialism capitalist system under which working-men, however organized, could be shat-tered and battered and battered and splintered at a single stroke."

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But two years later, he helped to organize the present Socialism organize the present socialism was not complete. However, when he left pr

but the children could not forget. The exposure and hardship of the rail could not forget. Particularly, Eugene could not forget his mother.

"She has been the dominant in fluence of my life," he once said. "Whatever of good there is in me, I owe to her. I care absolutely nothing for the praise or the condemnation of the working class. I had not counseling violence, he had no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occursely and sent a man to just that he therefore had no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility occurseling violence, he had no respossibility. Strand no respossibility occursely and service for few feet distant, where the anarchists deval for violence that accompanies a strike.

"I was with the boys in their or violence, he had no respossibility occursely and not responsible the spots. The with the therefore had no respossibility occursely and not responsible the spots of the we few feet distant, where the anarchists deval for violence that accompanies a strike. The with the therefore had no connection in socialism. The had another exceedingly practical and impressive lesson in Socialism. The had another exceedingly prac reputation that the capitalist newspa-pers gave him of being a criminal, and it has been a fight.

CHARGES.

W. H. Detwyler, a high school teacher in Yonkers, relates an incident that illustrates both the extent of the

end to him, but the government re-used to proceed.

And here is an interesting fact. To Mass. For years I have wronged you

HIS SOCIALIST BEGINNING

simply show that the trial of this 'horrible monster' for his life was interrupted by the 'siekness' of a juror — and never resumed. Anyone who wants to believe that this reason was the true reason is entitled to do so.

Early in July, 1894, and while the forthink no more about it; that he Judge Woods issued a sweeping in in denouncing him as he had in com-junction against Debs and his asso-ciates. Debs realized that the railroads So great a man is Debs; so big; so So great a man is Debs; so big; so

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THE TRUTH ABOUT SOVIET RUSSIA.

(Second Instalment) Allied Intervention

The morth that immediately followed the signing of the Brest-Litovsk peace were used by the Soviet government of Russia for realizing two objectives. The first was the building up a Red proletarian army, which would be a menace in the East to Prussian militarism. The second was the reconstruction of the economic life of the country upon socialist principles, which would be an example to the proletariat of Central Europe and break their soyalty to their own Imperialist warlords. If the Allied governments even at this period of the revolution had chosen to examine the facts, they would bave seen that with clean hands they had nothing to fear of working with Bolshevik Russia. But the hands of the Allies were not clean. London and Peris has become, since the early months of 1918. a contre of all the royalist emigrants from Russia, binister forces on the Stock Exchanges dreamed of seeing in power the same servants of Czarism to whom they had lent money in the past and who were expected to remain their contended slaves in the future. Instead of responding to the invitation of Bolshevik Russia to send instructors to drill the corn by the Germans, was now deprived of its last red army and reorganize the railways and open con- corn stores on the Volga. The famine in that part cessions, in payment for the Czar's war loans, the of Russia where the Soviet government still existed, Allied governments became responsible for one of mercused as a result of the Czecho-Slovak rebellion, the most disgraceful acts of modern history. In May, 1918, there was formed in most of the chief town of Great Russia, under the directions of Geaeral Alexieff, a secret society of officers and members of the bourgeoisie, whose aim it was to organize would not be against the Bolshevik government but counter-revolutionary guards and overthrow the So. against the foreign invaders. viet Republic at the given moment. Letters disthat close relations existed between General Alexie? officers' secret society was discovered, but the maseize the towns on the Volga and cut off the food

in Moscow to the Czecho-Slovak National Council and eighty thousand pounds by the British consul. Becoming suspicious of the objects for which this large sum of money was paid, the Soviet authorities asked for explanation and meanwhile delayed the transport of the Czecho-Slovak troops. The latter, having been duly prepared by propaganda to believe that the Belsheviks were laying a trap for them to hand them over to the Germans, lost their heads and seized the railway stations of those towns in East Russia where they happened to be at the moment. These towns were all on the line drawn up in the plans laid by General Alexieff's secret society of officers and the French Military Mission. As soon as the frightened Czecho-Slovaks had made their impulsive coup, they found themselves surrounded by these officers' guards, led by Frenchmen, and were forced to follow them in the war which the latter immediately declared against the Soviet government of Russia. Thus the way to a reconciliation was blocked by the carefully prepared plans of the counter-revolutionaries, who made the Czecho-Slovaks their tools. Thus the revolt became an accomplished fact, and Central Russia, cut off from Ukraine and it was confidently hoped by the leaders of the counter-revolution that the masses would rise in revolt against the Bolsheviks. These people, however, forgot that, when the Russian masses would rise, it

But that was not all. The evidence given before covered by the Soviet authorities at this time prove the revolutionary tribunal of the republic in November, 1918, proved that in August of that year the and the French military mission. The plot of the French and British diplomatic representatives in Moscow, M. Grenard and Mr. Lockhart, received in jority of persons implicated escaped, and in June their rooms an officer of the Lettish Soviet regiment took up their activities in the towns of East Euro- and paid him two million rubles for the purpose of pean Russia. Plans were then worked out by Ger. securing the support of the Lettish soldiery for the eral Alexieff and the French Military Mission to overthrow of the Soviet government. Further, a letter from M. Rene Marchand, correspondent of the from Central Russia and draw the country into the "Figaro" in Russia, a strong anti-Bolshevik, to war again by establishing the East front on a line President Poincare, was discovered by the Soviet running from Archangel to the mounth of the Don. authorities. In this letter, M. Marchand describes The Czecho Slovak volunteer forces which had been a meeting at the American Consulate, at which be on the sounthwest front before the Brest-Litovsk and the French and British diplomatic representpeace were taken under the protection of the French rtives were present, and at which certain agents of Military Mission. The Czecho-Slovak commanders the consulates discussed plans for blowing up bridges asked for leave to go to the West European front over the Volkhov river. The effect of this would and the Soviet Government gave this permission. have been to reduce Petrograd to complete starva- in Siberia more clearly covered their royalist prin-The Czecho-Slovak troops were therefore sent by tion. As an honest man, M. Marchand protested to ciples by calling themselves "constitutional demoslow stages across Russia to Vladivostok, where they the French president against the behavior of Allied were to embark for France. About the middle of officials in Russia. Some of these plans actually did

wondered at that the Soviet authority replied to the party of Russia, hitherto bitter epponents of the "White Terror" of the Allied agents by the Red Bolsheviks, decided at the beginning of 1919 to sup- support to reincade these territories. The touching Terror. Up till May of 1918, the Soviet government port the latter in their fight against the foreign inhad only executed murderers or persons caught pil- vaders. The occupation of the Don by Krasnov laging. The application of the death penalty for had for monts cut off all coal supplies from the political offences was only reintroduced when the Moscow and Petrograd industrial area. The occu-Czarist officers and the Russian bourgeoisie, and as pation of the Urals by Kolchak had cut off iron and we see above, the official representatives of the copper. The occupation of the North Cancasus and Allies in Russia, commenced a systematic terrorist the Caspian literal by the Denikin counter-revolurampaign against the Soviet government.

The appalling position of Soviet Russia, bound by the German tyrant at Brest-Litovsk on the one hand, and treacherously attacked by the Allied intervention on the other, roused the Russian workers and peasants to feats of heroism which have only been equalled by the French people in their revolutionary war against the European coalition headed by Austria. "Russian people, rise against foreign tyranny! We must dare and dare again and dare always," came from the lips of hundreds who had never heard the name of Danton. With the energy of despair, the nucleus of the red army was mobilized, clad in cotton shirts and wooden shoes. Regiments of Petrograd workmen and Kronstadt sailors who knew they were fighting for their all, marched castward and hurled themselves upon the enemy with the cries, "Long live the Russian Revolution! Workers of all countries unite!" The agents of the foreign tyrants wavered and fell back before the terrific onslaughts of these revolution-inspired men. Kazan fell, then Simbirsk, Sizran and Samara. By the autumn, "Mother Volga", that artery in which courses the life-blood of Russia, was cleared of the tyrants and their hirelings. But it was too late to bring up food for the starving towns, for the ice had

After the German revolution, the Allied goveraments had the field in Russia all to themselves. Their strategy during the winter of 1918-19 aimed at cutting off industrial Russia from all its sources of food and raw materials, in order to ruin, through blockade, the Russian Revolution Money and ammanition was sent to royalist Generals whe were mobilizing Czarist officers on the Don, North Caucasus and in Siberia. General Krasnov, former editor of the official War Office Gazette, under the Crar, made no secret of his Monarchist leanings. Having pumped the Kaiser's treasury till Kaiserdom feil, he now appealed to his other class allies, the British and French governments, from whom he received supplies of money and ammunition. General Denikin in the North Caucasus and Admiral Kolchak

tionaries had cut off oil from the railways of Central Russia. But the Allied governments are not troubled by any of the mistery that this causes the Rus sian people. If the industries close and the railways cease ronning and there is no heating in the houses of the Petrograd workmen, so much the better for the "cause of justice." The British and French capitalist press can all the better accuse the socialist system of Soviet Russia for being responsible for the mistery which the Allied governments alone have

Anarchy Let Loose

Gradually the iron ring around Central Russia began to break. Revolutionary Russia had allies in all the territories hitherto occupied by the counterrevolution. These allies were found among the working classes of the towns and the poorer peasantry. No greater service has in reality been renof the Allied governments and their agents in the territories they have occupied. On the Don, in Sigramme of the Bolshevik government has been re versed. The feudal landlords, who had taken refuge the Allied troops had taken the territory where their land was situated, returned, and with the aid of foraroused the Russian workers and peasants to a ha- by counter-revolutionists in order to stir up race tred of the Allies hitherto unknown. A deputation feeling and thereby hinder the creation of a united of peasants recently coming from the Volga prov- proletarian front. Moreover the local socialist govinces said: "The Allies have taught us a lesson and ernments in the Baltic provinces, Ukraine and the we shall never again oppose the Soviet Republic." Don arc in practice quite independent of Moscow Gradually in all the outlying parts of Russia, in the and have only gone into federation with the Bolshe Baltic provinces, the Ukraine, the Don and the Cos- vik government there, because of the common in sack territories the oppressed workers began to come terests and social ideals which inspire both. The together to decide upon a common action against Soviet Government of Central Russia does not seek crats" and by attaching to themselves a number of foreign tyranny. In Courland, Lithuania and White to impose its authority on any people in the world. intellectuals who called themselves "socialists," but Russis the native workers and peasants formed their It only seeks allies, which exist in all lands among June the Soviet authorities became aware of the fact mature and food trains destined for Petrograd and who are not known in Russia to anyone outside the own Soviet governments, which took power as soon the working-class, and is ready at all times to work that during the previous weeks the sum of cleven Moscow were blown up at Voronezh by these agents. counter-revolutionary camp. Such was the cynicism as the old German army left. The landlords and rich with them. Now in the face of the above it is not to be of these tactics, that the right socialist revolutionary people fled with the Germans and in Berlin, Paris

land and France, and their ertswhile foes, the propertici classes of Germany, was never so clearly seen as now. 7It is a fact that during February and March of this year the German General Staff in East Prussia was in touch with the British naval authorities in the Baltic and that Prussian junkers' voluntcer corps have received the protection of the British feet to carry on operations against the Bolsheviks.

Further south, in Ukraine, the local Bolshevike had been organizing during the autumn of last year an Ukrainian Led Army. As long as the Germans were there the soldiers of this army hid in the forest, dug in their rifles and artillery and contended them selves with propaganda. But by Christmas, 1918, large numbers of the German troops came over to the Bolshevik side and the rest anarchically demobilized and went home. Then the Red flood was indeed let lose. The 10.000 army of Ukrainian Bolsheviks came out of their hiding and marched south with the cry, "War on the mansions, peace to the cottages." They were met everywhere with the wildest enthusiasm. Young men fled to join the red army. Old men brought their blessings. The landlords' domains became once more the property of dered to Revolutionary Russia than by the behavior the peasants; the sugar factories came again under the control of workers. Everywhere along the West and South Borders of Muscovite Russia there has beria and Archangel the whole of the social pro- come into being a chain of socialist republics. They sprung up everywhere like-mushrooms, as soon as the artificial force of the foreign bayonets had in England and France, as soon as they heard that been dispelled like an unhealthy miasma before the pure wind of heaven. There has been no invasion of these provinces by the red army, no Bolshevik eign bayonetics reduced the poorer population to Imperialism spreading west and south in imitation the condition of poverty they were in under the of Czarist traditions. The advance of the red army Czar's tyranny. Free sale and speculation in land has been brought about by the triumphant social was allowed again. Labor organizations were either revolution within these territories, which took place broken up or else reduced to committees which had as soon as the German tyranny had been removed purely nominal power. Everywhere where the Un- The red armies that have been formed in these borion Jack or the Tricolor flew along with the old der regions of Russin are all from the local populaflag of Czarist Russia, there was a restoration of the tion. It is not true that Chinese mercenaries are enslavement of the Russian people. But this only used by the Bolsheviks. Lies of this type are spread

The Life of Eugene V. Debs

for the Socialist party. Between campaigns he lectures, or writes for So-cialist newspapers. When the Ameri-can Railway Union went to pieces, it left debts of \$40.000. From his lectuie receipts, Debs has helped others to pay every dollar of this indebtendness, though not a dollar of it was a legal claim against him.

THE ORATOR.

heard Debs speak, every ten minutes, to little crowds at stations through which his campaign trains passed; I have heard him speak in little halls, big halls, and in tremendous audito-riums in New York; but never did I hear him speak when he did not sway

He is only a preacher of man. If man is hate, then Debs is a hater. When Debs speaks a harsh word, it is wet with tears."

with tears."

That is pretty nearly true, too. The sufferings of the poor cut him to the heart, and when he is considering their wrongs, he voices his grief in words that burn and cut and tear, and, when not whipped into impassioned oratory by such thoughts, he is the poet and artist, seeking superatives with which to express his joy. His French blood makes him so. Nothing pleases Debs better than to thing pleases Deba better than to gather the flowers of language and hand them to someone whom he loves — and he loves everybody; even those who hate him. Deba cannot express any pleasure moderately. When a public reception was given to him,

upon his return to Terre Haute, after the Great Northern victory, Debs did not say "I am much obliged to meet vou," as Ellis O. Joaes might have as Ellis O. Jones might have

this, having beard every otator in the United States. I say do to make his burden lighter she does, the United States who is worth hearing. Beside him, Bryan is as the moon's beams are to sunlight. I have

mised land if I could, because if I dictment against him on Saturday, the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

huge audiences everywhere he went. Debs told the reporter that he would
It happened, therefore, that on Sunnot repudiate the St. Louis declaration THAT "UNDESIRABLE" CITIZEN

day afternoon, June 16, 1918, he delivered a speech at Nimisilla Park,
Branded as such by Roosevelt. Yet in that city of the Ohio Socialist Convention. While speaking Debs could a sentiment half so fine as this sentiment which Debs expressed to an assemblage of workingmen:

"I am not a labor leader. I do not one year terms because of speeches"

It happened, therefore, that on Suntant on Suntant Park, but said, "If necessary, I will die for it."

The veteran Socialist offered no witnesses in his own defense. He made his own speech to the jury while his lawyers stood aside, reaffirming all thappened, therefore, that on Suntant Park, but said, "If necessary, I will die for it."

The veteran Socialist offered no witnesses in his own speech to the jury while his lawyers stood aside, reaffirming all thappened, therefore, that on Suntant Park, but said, "If necessary, I will die for it."

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The veteran Socialist Connecses in his own speech to the jury while his lawyers stood aside, reaffirming all thappened, therefore, that on Suntant Park, but said, "If necessary, I will die for it."

selves out of your present condition. in Cleveland, and address a Socialist penitentiary was imposed. In con-

"As a rosebud yields to the tender influences of a May shower, just so does my heart open to receive the expressions of gratitude and esteem from you, my friends and neighbors."

Debs was married in 1885 to Miss Katterine Metzel — his "Kate", as the effectionately calls her, She believes in him, idolizes him, works with him and for him Whateware in IEBS AND THE WAR.

IEBS AND THE WAR.

When the great world-war came to fore Judge Westenhaver in Cleveland. The prosecution in addition to showing believes in the cause of the oppressed, kept right on with his work in the Secialist movement.

Each week his uncompromising edimation before the conference of Socialist Officials in Chicago in August. A capitalist newspaper reporter was Espionage Act. This high court unheld the court in the control of the constitutionality of the line of the constitutionality of the line of the constitutionality of the case was immediately carried to the United States Supreme Court in the columns of the capture of the constitutionality of the line of the capture of the constitutionality of the capture of the capture of the constitutionality of the capture As an orator, Debs stands without an equal in the United States. I say this, having beard every orator in They have no children set the constitutional to the constitution to the constituti

his andience as the wind sways the leaves of a tree — gently if he described to; with cyclonic fury if he wind to warkingmen:

"I am not a labor leader, I do not wished. And the whole secret of his oratory, as he himself has said is in believing as mightly in something."

"I am not a labor leader, I do not war, one year terms because of speeches they had made in the public square in t

could lead you in, someone else would Jane 29, 1918. He was arrested the lead you out. You must use your heads following day, June 30, as he was a someone else would be following day, June 30, as he was before sentence of ten years' imprison well as your hands and get your-shout to enter the Bohemian Gardens, somment at the Moundsville, West Va.

"I ask no mercy. I plead for no im ward to bail him out the following day. munity. I realize that finally the right

Debs gave his opinion of the Supreme Court decision in the following language:

"The decision is perfectly consistent with the character the supreme court as a ruling class tribunal. The supreme court has dodged the issue. It has held the Espionage Law valid without affirming its constitu-tionalyty. The real issue before the court was the constitu-tionality of the act. This issue the Supreme Court did not dare to decide.

"Great issues are not decided by courts, but by the people. I have no concern in what the

final resort is the that court will be heard from

But little time then remained until Debs was ordered sent to prison to begin serving his ten year sentence.

the prison sergeant pulled upon the free end of the rope, lifting Breger about five feet from the ground, blows being inflicted upon him while he was being raised. For 3 or 4 minutes he hung in this position, a continual stream of water being directed into his face. The effect of the rope was to cut off his air supply and force the arms backwards out of their sockets, causing excruiating pains. This, tonntil Debs was ordered sent to prison to begin serving his ten year sentence.

Just about two months after his imprisonment in Moundsville he was transferred to the Atlanta federal penitentiary.

The CZAI Put to Shame.

Continued from page 1)

Task the guard with the hose was directed to continue with the "water cure." This guard several times admitted that he hated to do it, but—it was the order.

"Having finished with Kaplan, the Officer again approached Hennessy and Breger, asking: "Are you ready to come to terms and do some work, or shall we proceed with the torture! They replied that, though not anxious to be tortured, they could nevertheless do no work. They then proceeded to hang Hennesy, who was already in a semi-conscious state due to the effects of the shower. The rope was fastened around his neck, and, as soon as he was hoisted from the ground, he collapsed and was carried to the large cell. "Then Breger, who during this time was being subjected to the shower, was taken from his cell. His arms were tied behind his back. The rope was them strung beneath the armpits and around the biceps of his arms. The free cand was thrown over the bar above Thereupon a Captain came up to him and attempted to persuade him to do some work, pointing out that he was a prisoner and must work. Breger replied that he could not work.

An of the force of the force of the creamy far as the did so: Here, I hope was them strung beneath the armpits and around the biceps of his arms. The free cand was thrown over the bar above Thereupon a Captain came up to him and attempted to persuade him to do some work, pointing out that he was a prisoner and must work. Breger replied that he could not work.

"The Breger, who during this time was being subjected to the shower, was taken from his cell. His arms were tied behind his back. The rope was the meanting the consistency of the men baths because of their refusal to the meanting the continue of the continue

***************** Local Akron Socialist Party CAMPAIGN AND PROPAGANDA MEETINGS

Every Sunday at 2:30 P. M.

COMING SPEAKERS: TOM CLIPFORD, sept. 7th; TOM LEWIS, Sept. 14th; FRANK B. HAMILTON (mayor of Piqua) Sept. 21st. AT 50 SOUTH HOWARD STREET GOOD SPEAKERS





ŏoooooooooooooooo "Fools Speak of Agitators; There is but One-Injustice". Lord Napier