

# The Washington Socialist

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE! YOU HAVE NOTHING TO LOSE BUT YOUR CHAINS. YOU HAVE A WORLD TO WIN.

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No. 197.

## Will The United States Be Plunged Into Hellish War? New York Banker Advises Revolt Rather Than War—Socialism, Civilization's Only Hope—Vote For Peace And Plenty!



**ADAM HENRY BARTH SOCIALIST CANDIDATE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR**

Adam Henry Barth, of Tacoma, candidate for United States Senator, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1869. Received a few years' training in the public schools, and at an early age was obliged to fight his own battles. His early schooling in the class struggle caused him to identify himself with a mixed group of radicals, in Dayton, Ohio. Later on comrade Barth was selected as a delegate to come to Washington with a view of settling a Socialist group. He was accompanied by a colony of 63. Barth has now been a resident of Washington for 15 years, and has been very active as a fighter for better conditions for those who do the world's work.

Comrade Barth, years ago, followed the trade of furniture maker, but since 1884 has been a moulder, being a member of the International Moulders' Union, in which local organization he has served in every capacity from trustee to chairman.

Naturally, being a rebel, and a strong union man, he has been identified with strikes too numerous to mention. He was one of the prime spirits in the long-drawn-out strike of Local No. 189 Tacoma, which lasted for 22 months.

Comrade Barth is married and has four children, all residing in Tacoma.

The confidence which the Socialist party reposes in Comrade Barth is shown by the fact that he has been a candidate for mayor of his city three times, commissioner twice, representative once, supreme judge once. He has served as chairman of the state convention four times, and has been a member of the executive board for about six years.

### GOING UP!

#### THE SOCIALIST PARTY.

Snohomish County.	
1908	800
1912	4,054
WAIT UNTIL NOVEMBER, 1914	
Washington	
1908	14,177
1910	15,994
1912	40,445
United States.	
1900	96,931
1904	408,20
1908	424,488
1912	901,062
Whole World.	
1887	845,500
1892	2,747,723
1903	5,952,494
1911	8,034,221
1914	11,000,000

Stop throwing your vote away—and vote for yourself!

### COMRADES, BE HERE!

On Friday or Saturday, be here, and get your papers for Sunday morning's distribution. More volunteers are wanted to put out this issue of The Washington Socialist. Don't be backward. Do your share. You must not expect to ride into the co-operative commonwealth on the brake beam. Get busy, and work your passage.

F. G. CROSBY.

P. S.—Comrades who would prefer to distribute their precinct on Friday or Saturday, so they can take that auto jaunt on Sunday can be accommodated.—F. G. C.

The Nobel prize will have to be bigger for the man who brings peace this year.—Toledo Blade.

### NEW YORK BANKER ADVISES REVOLT RATHER THAN WAR

DISARMAMENT ONLY HOPE OF WORLD—PEACE SAYS HENRY CLEWS.

"The people of all nations should rebel even against their governments, if necessary, to stop the war," declared Henry Clews, New York banker, in a statement added to his regular weekly letter to the capitalist press, dealing with the financial situation. The noted financier here aligns himself with the I. W. W. and the Socialists in declaring for insurrection at home rather than war abroad.

Says Mr. Clews, in part, in his circular letter of September 11th:

After the experience of this devastating and brutally cruel war on life and property, no permanent peace can be effected unless it provides for disarmament of all the nations involved, and a binding peace compact made between them for a pro rata combination of forces ample to police both the land and sea of the entire combatants, also to include all other nations. If that is accomplished as a result of the war, then it will be an important gain to humanity, and in part some compensation growing out of the costly and dreadful slaughter of human life will be derived. If such a settlement is not accomplished, then recuperation with vindictive intentions will be likely to bring about another similar war in due course of time, which may include our Continent and the whole of Asia, thereby making a greater deluge of blood and destruction of property than the present upheaval. The only possible gain that this war can produce is what I propose, as stated above, and the people of all nations should rise up and insist upon it. It is a question for the peoples of the world to solve for their own protection, provided the various governments will not accomplish that result, as the lives of the people and their interests are where the suffering and losses strike. Why, then, should they not make their voice and actions sufficiently strong to overthrow the few that undertake to rule adversely to their safety and interest?

### Most Barbarous War World Ever Beheld.

I call it the most unreasonable and barbarous war the world ever beheld. It came to us in so shocking and striking a manner that it could be likened to the Antichrist that the Gospel has warned us to expect some day. I look upon this European conflict as an Antichrist war. What else can it creditably be called, with its brutal wholesale mowing down by the most modern killing machinery, of all kinds of human beings, comprising all religions without regard to race, and without mercy, the like of which the world has never previously witnessed. The peoples of all nations should rebel even against their governments, if necessary, to stop it.

### DISARMAMENT

IMPRACTICABLE.

### WAR INSEPARABLE FROM THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM.

Not only banker Clews, but many high diplomats in Washington have given it as their opinion that disarmament by all nations must follow the present war. It was pointed out at the embassies of some of the belligerents that if the military power in all the countries continue as strong as it has in the past, it will bankrupt the nations.

At one of the embassies it was declared that if the nations wish to develop great humanitarian and educational schemes they must cease spending the millions of dollars annually for war. It was said that one country, which until the opening of the war had been developing its workmen's insurance would be unable to spend another cent in this way if armament taxes continue.

### Those That Cheer.

"Who are those people who are cheering?" asked the recruit as the soldiers marched to the train.

"Those," replied the veteran, "are the people who are not going."—Puck.



**GEO. E. BOOMER, SOCIALIST CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS.**

George E. Boomer, candidate for Congress from the Second District, is a resident of Port Angeles. He was born in Lewiston, Maine, 1862. Attended a common school about three years, and at an early age served as a printer's apprentice, which occupation he has followed ever since. Comrade Boomer is at present editor of the Peninsula Free Press, of Port Angeles. He has been a member of the Typographical Union for thirty years. During this time he has been in three strikes.

Comrade Boomer joined the S. L. P. in the early '80's. Was candidate for governor of R. I. in 1893. President R. I. Central Labor Union for two terms about '89. Delegate for seven years. Joined the Socialist party in Washington in 1901. Candidate for governor in 1908. Later was associate editor Appeal To Reason. He edited Colony paper at Equality, Washington, and was associate editor of Seattle Socialist.

Having been a public speaker for years, Comrade Boomer has had the usual experiences in being mobbed and arrested, for street speaking.

### CALIFORNIA ATTORNEY-GENERAL SAYS EIGHT-HOUR LAW IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

### WORKERS SHOULD ADOPT NEW CONSTITUTION SUITED TO THEIR NEEDS.

California in November will vote upon an eight-hour law very similar to the one that will come before the voters of this state. And in California the attorney-general has given an opinion in which he declares it is his conviction that the proposed measure violates the United States constitution.

The sweeping limitation of the hour of labor, he maintains, is an infringement on the personal right of all, contrary to specific provision of the nation's fundamental law.

It required 9,000 words for California's attorney-general to explain to Gov. Johnson wherein the eight-hour proposal is unconstitutional. We could have done the job in short order; wit, the eight-hour initiative favors the working-class and may reduce master-class profits. There you have it whole story in fourteen words. All you have a beautiful illustration of class-struggle.

The Socialists have a neat and pedantic manner in which to see these vexed questions about what and what is not constitutional. The eighteenth of our "Political Demands" calls for "The calling of a convention for the revision of the constitution of the United States."

There you have a ready solution of present and future problem connected with economic legislation.

The constitution of the United States in an aristocratic document, hatched in secret behind closed doors, and drafted by a convention upon whom no such authority had been conferred by the electorate, much less by the common people of this country. (For proof of this statement see "The Madison Papers.")

It now behooves the working-class of this country to turn the tables on the owning-class and draft a constitution in the interests of the majority, the despised wage-slave element. What are the workers waiting for, anyhow?

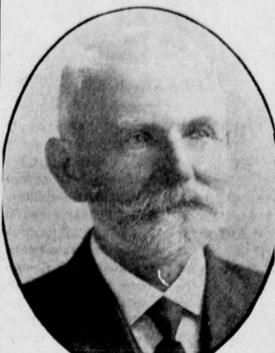
### OUR ONE AND ONLY CHANCE FOR PEACE

CIVILIZATION'S ONLY HOPE.

So long as capitalism lasts, the struggle for markets between competing nations must continue. Under competition no plan for universal disarmament could be worked out that would be acceptable to all parties concerned—especially to the victors in the war now devastating Europe. Such a proposal is utopian in a high degree. Civilization has, as Charles Edward Russel has so clearly and forcibly pointed out, but one hope. It were desirable, yes, it is absolutely necessary to the preservation of peace in America, and elsewhere, that his eloquent statement should take deep root in the minds of the world's workers. To quote:

Let the competitive system survive, whichever way the present war results it will assuredly breed other wars as gigantic or worse. From that conclusion there is no logical escape. The same causes will produce the same results, always, automatically, irrevocably, as certain as night follows day, as certain as the stars travel their roads. No man may sow his field with any faith that he can reap it and no man can look forward to a year of peace. So stands the terrible fact that now confronts mankind. We can shut it from our minds if we are cowards, or try to forget it if we are fools; but refute it or deny it may no man living.

If then we are determined that when this whirlwind of bestiality shall have passed we shall not have another, if we wish a condition under which the structure of society shall not be blown down, human intercourse shall not be destroyed, civilization shall not be set backward, and the earth shall not be bathed in blood, the one possible way to that condition is to eliminate forever the competitive system.



**THOS. JENSEN.**

Thomas Jensen, the candidate of the Socialist Party for State Senator, 39th District, is a well known farmer in the county, having lived here for years. In addition to being one of the pioneers of the county he is also one of the pioneers of Socialism in Washington, having taken an active part in the Socialist movement for years. Comrade Jensen is a member of the grange and has been an earnest worker for Socialism among the farmers.

### CARL PERSON IS ACQUITTED OF MURDER.

### TWO WEEKS TRIAL AT LINCOLN, ILL., ENDS IN VICTORY FOR ORGANIZED LABOR.

### Comerford's Great Speech Stirs Logan County.

By FLOYD P. GIBBONS. CLINTON, ILL., OCT 10.—(Special Correspondence)—Carl E. Person, editor of the Strike Bulletin was found not guilty of the murder of Antone Musser, the Illinois Central strike-breaker in a verdict returned by a jury at the Logan County Court House, Lincoln, Ill., at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon, October 4th.

### Jury Cheers.

The stillness of the sabbath afternoon was broken at 2:10 p. m. when words of cheering could be heard a the jury room of the court house. Hundreds of interested spectators were idling on the streets looking toward the court house when suddenly of the jurors sprang to the window and shouted "We Win."

### Statement by Person.

Immediately upon the announcement of verdict acquitting him, Carl Person made the following statement: acquittal pleases me most because it vindicates me in the eyes of whom I love, and justifies my efforts to serve my fellow workers.

trial compensates me in at least way, it has brought to the attention of the public that prosecutions at always begun in the name of people, neither are they always and controlled by the state. y case Attorney Frank Comerford the issue at the pending of the. The issue was clear cut, and it convinced twelve honest farmers it was the Illinois Central Railroad and not the state of Illinois that led my blood.

we have reached the crisis in our industrial struggle. The appeal of hour is to the manhood and courage of the workers. My faith is firm. We will win. We must win. My only regret is that I have not the ability to serve better.

To every worker in the ranks my heart beats a thankful message. I feel unworthy of the loyalty and generosity that has been shown me. The fight to crush labor is doomed. Men, not dollars, will be the order of the new day.

CARL E. PERSON.

### HOPE IN SOCIALISM.

London, Oct. 10.—The Nation, the organ of the English pacifists, says today:

"There is but one substantial hope of avoiding a second return of Europe to barbarism. That lies in setting up in each afflicted country a reign of modified Socialism. This partial reorganization may be effected by the action of states and municipalities in regulating employment and food supplies.

I assisted in casting down prejudice and errors; their downfall brings light.—V. Hugo.

### How Comrade Kingery Turned The Tables On Reactionaries

### STAND PATS AT OLYMPIA.

### STARTED EIGHT-HOUR LAW IN HOPES TO BREAK ALLIANCE OF UNIONISTS AND FARMERS.

By E. P. MARSH.

The "standpat" interests of the state are trying to forget the origin of the universal eight-hour day movement. To refresh their memory and for the benefit of the voters generally, it would not be amiss to recite a chapter in political chicanery. As this narrative will show, it is a case of "hoist with their own petard."

The legislative combine of farmers and trade unionists had the standpatters in the last legislature very uncomfortable and they were looking for some club to crack our joint forces with. "We have it," said they. "We'll introduce a universal eight-hour bill. The union boys will fall for it as 'eight hours' is a battle cry with them. The farmers will get sore at the unionists, for there isn't a farmer in the state that believes he can operate on an eight-hour basis. So Mr. Grass of King county introduced the bill while the gang chortled with glee. But their mirth was short lived. The farmers refused to fall for the bait. "Make it eight hours from gate to gate," they replied. Telegrams and letters came pouring in on the legislators demanding the passage of the bill. The gang became panic stricken. They had to kill their own bill, which they never proposed in good faith. The committee reported back recommending indefinite postponement and Grass, the "eight-hour goat," sat silent in his seat while his bill was done to death. This story is not being related in the columns of the standpat press. It is buried along with many other pieces of legislative trickery.

### Legislative Frame of Bosses Helps Workers.

What the standpatters began in fraud the working people of the state carried on in earnest and the Kingery initiative bill is the outcome. Now every organ of "special privilege" in the state is shrieking in chorus against "No. 13." The same howl that has been raised at every attempt of labor forces to secure remedial legislation is going up now. "You will drive industry from the state." All industrial history points one way and that is the exact opposite to the contention of the badly scared opposition. The Ford automobile concern gives the lie to the wild assertion that the shorter workday will ruin industry. Here was a great concern, millions of invested capital, undergirding the keenest competition. At one swoop it revolutionized its industrial dealings with its employes. What was the result? Its working efficiency increased forty-four per cent, according to its own published statement and the retail price of machines lowered by reason of that increased efficiency in output.

(Continued on Page 8.)

I have always supported the forward march of the human race toward the light, and I have sometimes resisted a progress which was without pity.—Les Miserables.



**A. H. COBURN.**

A. H. Coburn, Socialist party candidate for Representative 49th District, is by trade an interior decorator by occupation. He received a common school education and has also had training along industrial lines while earning his living in various ways. In 1895 he entered the labor movement as an active participant as a delegate to the San Francisco Building Trades Council, where he served for four years, two years of which were spent on the executive committee of the council. In 1899 he was the candidate of the Socialist party for mayor of San Francisco. A class-conscious worker, Comrade Coburn has fought for years on both the political and industrial fields for the betterment of his class.



**W. G. GRIMM.**

The theory that the farmer does not want Socialism is disproved for W. G. Grimm, Socialist party candidate for representative in the 49th District, who is a farmer and stockraiser and for a number of years has been active in the Socialist movement holding various offices in his local. Comrade Grimm is but one of the many farmers of not only Snohomish county, but of this country that recognizes Socialism as the only solution to the exploitation of both the farmers and the wage-workers.

The one Divine work—the one ordered sacrifice—is to do justice; and it is the last we are ever inclined to do. Anything rather than that! As much charity as you choose, but no justice.—Ruskin's "Crown of Wild Olive."

### CARRY THE COUNTY IS THE WATCHWORD!

Big mass meeting to be held in the following places: Snohomish, October 31; Arlington, November 2; Edmonds, November 2, and Monroe, November 2.

Adam H. Barth, Socialist candidate for United States Senator, will close the campaign with a monster meeting in Everett, at the COLISEUM, NOVEMBER 2nd. BE TRUE!

### AN OPEN CHALLENGE.

The Socialist party of Snohomish county challenges any or all candidates of the Progressive, Republican and Democratic parties to meet the candidates of the Socialist party in an open debate to be held on November 2nd in the Coliseum at Everett. The Socialist party agrees to furnish the hall and pay all expenses and furthermore guarantees to furnish an audience of at least 2,000 people. An open discussion on all questions is enlightening and educational; it is also necessary. We ask the candidates of the Progressive, Republican and Democratic parties to meet the candidates of the Socialist party and show what their parties have done for the working men and women of Snohomish county. We will leave the decision to the voters on November 3rd.

TORN PAGES



F. G. CROSBY.

F. G. Crosby, Socialist candidate for County Auditor, born September 30, 1868, at Ft. Dodge, Iowa, has been dodging the capitalist system ever since, married and removed to Sioux City, Iowa, in 1886, followed painting and paperhanging, joined the K. of L. in 1887 and thereafter took an active part in the labor movement, organized Local 214 Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators in 1889. For three years secretary Trades and Labor Assembly, one of the signers to the call for first Peoples' Party convention of Iowa, broke into the newspaper field with "The Liberty Bell" organ of the Farmers' Alliance and labor unions of Sioux City, which city he left in 1894 with a prairie schooner for Puget Sound, arriving in Everett, October 24, 1894, and took passage to Oak Harbor on Whidby Island. Uncle Sam soon after made him a present of forty acres and it took nineteen years to starve him out. Removed to Everett in 1913, struck a job as advertising manager of "The Commonwealth" and is still holding it down. Twelve years a Socialist, Red Card member since 1907.

STRENGTH OF IDEALS.

Nothing is so practical as the ideal. The ideal is the basis of the practical, the prophecy of the practical, the creator of the practical. The ideal has molded the world from barbarism to semi-civilization and will mold it to a civilization worthy of the name. It is the power that molds men and women and institutions and nations, as a potter molds his clay. Every book and every nation was an ideal before it was a fact, and became a fact because of the creative power of the ideal.—Prof. Frank Parsons.

Naturally, European war measures are taken by rulers.—Columbia State.

SOCIALIST STATE TICKET

United States Senator. ADAM H. BARTH. Representatives in Congress. First District—GLENN H. HOOVER. Second District—GEORGE E. BOOMER. Third District—L. E. ALLER. Fourth District—JOHN STORLAND. Fifth District—J. C. HARKNESS.

These are the candidates selected through State Referendum "G," in which both organizations participated.

SOCIALIST PARTY

Candidates on the Snohomish County Ticket.

- Senator, 39th District THOMAS JENSEN Representative, 49th District W. G. GRIMM A. H. COBURN Representatives, 48th District R. J. OLINGER J. N. McCULLOUGH Commissioner, 1st District OLE LARSEN Commissioner, 3d District W. S. KELLER Superintendent of Schools R. W. THOMPSON Sheriff H. F. LEISTER Auditor F. G. CROSBY Assessor HANS SOLIE Clerk FRANK CORT Treasurer FLORA M. BARTLETT Attorney PETER HUSBY

Vote for YOUR class—the working class! Snohomish county for Socialism!

WHAT WAS ACCOMPLISHED IN KANSAS.

Socialists in county office raised county assessments half a million and brought rich mine tax dodgers to time. Established humane treatment of prisoners and the unfortunate. Corrected evils that under former administrations had resulted in great graft. The Appeal's home is in Crawford county.



FRANK CORT.

Frank Cort, Socialist Party candidate for County Clerk, has been a worker in the socialist movement for a number of years. Comrade Cort was the Socialist Party candidate for County Assessor at the last county election and has served the party in various offices. As a member of the board of trustees of the Washington Socialist and as the county secretary-treasurer of the party in Snohomish county. He is now in charge of the Free Employment Bureau of Everett, under J. M. Salter, Socialist Commissioner of Public Works.

WHAT WE DID FOR BUTTE, MONTANA.

CAPITALISTS ARE SORE.

We give below the reason why the capitalists hate Comrade Duncan, elected mayor of Butte, Mont., in 1913. The Socialist administration arranged to pay off an old bonded indebtedness which will save the city \$18,000 a year interest. Introduced various economies. Placed city warrants at par. Established sanitary conditions of the very best. Put in miles of concrete walks in place of wooden ones. Abolished contract system of public works, with great saving to the city, while increasing wages of workers. Inaugurated milk and food inspection, thus materially lowering death rate. Secured better fire protection. Stopped the system of fining denizens of the underworld. Closed dance halls. Se pleased the people that they re-elected a Socialist administration by increased majorities, against a combination of the old parties.

SOCIALIST COMMISSIONER ELIMINATES WASTE AND INCREASES WAGES.

On entering office, it was found by Salter that the deputy electrician, who is, according to the city charter, weights and measure inspector, never showed up at the city hall except on pay day. Absolutely no inspection of the wiring of new buildings was made. Contractors were ignoring the electrical ordinances of the city, and doing work that endangered life and property.

Comrade Salter wrote the Electrical Workers' Union to recommend one of their members for deputy inspector. The union responded by recommending one of the best qualified inside wiremen in the city. In the meantime the negligent inspector was laid off, thereby saving the city that much salary, for which no return was ever given.

This act received the highest commendation from contractors, property owners, insurance men, and men employed in electrical wiring.

The state insurance inspector expressed his hearty approval of Salter's action in this matter. And now instead of the city being out \$75 per month, the fees paid into the treasurer's office as a result of the enforcement of the electrical ordinances cover about three-fourths of the inspector's salary, which has been raised to \$100 per month.

The city is the gainer by about \$35 per month.

SOCIALISTS ARE PRACTICABLE.

Comrade Hansen, who for years was in the government employ caring for and looking to the transportation of horses to the Philippine Islands, was given charge of the Everett city barn. His first act was to construct another 20 per cent. waste of hay that has been going on for years. Comrade Salter says the day of guess work is past and an era of scientific adoption of natural forces to human needs has begun.

This is the principle that Salter follows throughout in his management of the department of public works, of which he is the head. Even our capitalist enemies admit the efficiency of the Socialist controlled department.

Really, it looks as if we have been sending missionaries to the wrong places.—Washington Herald.

Florida should find Europe's atmosphere thoroughly congenial.—Columbia State.



HANS SOLIE.

Hans Solie, Socialist Party candidate for County Assessor is a carpenter by occupation. He has been a member of the Socialist Party for many years and has represented the party as its nominee for political office at various times. Comrade Solie was one of the first Socialist councilmen elected in Everett. He is married and lives with his family at Home Acres.

SCHENECTADY'S SOCIALIST ADMINISTRATION.

Socialist administration provided municipal ice at cost, with 1,000 customers daily. When an injunction was issued against this municipal institution they formed an association of Socialists who carried on the work as a private enterprise at cost and thus defeated the ice trust that had long ruled the city. Streets have been better cleaned at lower rates than ever before, while paying better wages for the work. Paving is done at lower rates through cutting out the old contract system. A central purchasing agency for buying city supplies has been established and has effected a great saving. The city assessments have been raised a third of a million. Milk and food inspection established and health safeguarded. Pharmacy established where city prescriptions are filled free. Has raised salaries of all public school teachers. Provided free text books and free school supplies, as well as free dental service for school children. Forbade importation of thugs and gun men during strike. Established city lodging house and free employment bureau. Socialist administration will no doubt be re-elected against fusion.

SOCIALIST OFFICIALS DO IT DIFFERENTLY.

AN EXAMPLE 'IN POINT.

The Old Way. The following case is an illustration of the principle upon which the street department was conducted under the old reigns. The road to the golf links had a man employed on it steadily, who, so far as Salter could see, simply kept pebbles out of the road for the benefit of speeders on their way to the County Club house.

This did not look just right to Salter, so the man was taken off the job, and the money used to improve conditions in the working class districts, or for the people as a whole.

Constructive Work.

Several bridges across gulches in the city were in such a stage of decay that only a miracle kept them from giving way, and embroiling the city in damage suits. These bridges have been repaired and made thoroughly safe. Residents who have never been given any consideration before, because of their financial circumstances, and who have walked through the mud for years, are now traveling over temporary walks built from the best material taken from the repaired bridges.

MORE GOOD WORK BY OUR SOCIALIST COMMISSIONER.

Organizers for the Teamsters' Union were never able to get the city teamsters into the union, owing to the attitude of their boss and superintendent on union labor. Comrade Salter is a union man, being secretary-treasurer of the International Teachers' Union and told the city teamsters' his attitude on unionism with the result that they now wear the union button.

Through the firm stand taken by Mr. Salter on the Bartenders' License Ordinance, which entailed a tax of \$15 per year on every bartender in the city, was repealed. Salter held that as the bartenders were wage workers and were organized into a workers union, the ordinance was unjust and entirely uncalled for.

SOCIALISTS IN OFFICE AT NEWCASTLE, PA.

Socialists established rest rooms. Raised wages of policemen, street cleaners and other city workers. Created a board of health and reduced sickness from former records. Outwitted many plots to lard the city in contracts and corruption. Fought renewal of franchise for electric plant at rates which meant graft.



FLORA BARTLETT.

Mrs. Flora Bartlett, Socialist Party candidate for County Treasurer, is one of the most active women workers for Socialism. A mother of a family and one who realizes that Socialism is woman's emancipation.

Comrade Bartlett has seen Capitalism not only as a housewife, but also as a teacher and in the business world. Women are given an equal voice in the affairs of the Socialist Party and Comrade Mrs. Bartlett has represented the Socialist Party on its county executive board. She lives with her family at Edmonds, Washington.

EVERETT RATEPAYERS BUNGOED.

SOCIALIST INSPECTOR UNEARTH'S FRAUD.

The new sewer inspector appointed by Commissioner Salter has discovered that the contractors who put in the trunk sewer last summer have left out at least fifteen flush tanks. Not only is the health of the city endangered by this, but they will have to be put in at a great cost to the city. The man who had the job previous to the present Socialist Inspector must have known of this fraud, but was most likely afraid to squeal because of his job.

These thieving contractors—or contractor, as the case may have been—were all "patriots," and dead "agin" Socialism, because the Socialists "wants to divide up."

If this war doesn't quit throwing Americans out of employment we will have to attack some nation in order to give our people something to do.—Jacksonville Florida Times Union.

Labor Benefit

JOHN MITCHELL, FORMERLY NATIONAL PRESIDENT OF THE M FIC YOU BRING ABOUT CALAMITY. RATHER THE CONTRARY. THERE

1. The saloon men say if we vote Wa

The 13th annual report of the Brewery Workers, all Coopers, all Ba Roll. If there are more than this nun Where are the other 6,378?

2. As to the comparative value of the missioner of Labor" shows that the lu The brewers pay 1 1-10%.

These Comparisons Tell the Story

Table with 2 columns: CITY, AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT. Rows include ABERDEEN (\$100,000), PORT ANGELES (25,000), SEATTLE (2,000,000), EVERETT (100,000), SPOKANE (1,000,000), SPOKANE (1,000,000), NORTH YAKIMA (50,000).

Table with 3 columns: INDUSTRY, Employees. Rows include Lumber (125), Canning Salmon (59), Newspaper (491), Lumber (62), Clay Products (50), Newspaper (153), Laundry (40).

From Washington Public Documents, Report of Commissioner of Labor.

LABOR'S SHARE OF THE VALUE OF THE PRODUCTS OF THE LEADING INDUSTRIES OF THE UNITED STATES IS A LITTLE MORE THAN 24 PER CENT. LABOR'S SHARE OF THE PRODUCTS OF THE LIQUOR INDUSTRY IS ONLY 9.01 PER CENT. FOR EVERY DOLLAR SPENT FOR INTOXICANTS LABOR RECEIVES TWO CENTS. FOR EVERY DOLLAR SPENT FOR OTHER PRODUCTS LABOR'S SHARE IS 16.2 PER CENT. THE SALOON MAKES MANY A MAN LIVE IN A POORER HOME, EAT POORER FOOD, AND WEAR POORER CLOTHES. FIFTY PER CENT. MORE PEOPLE OWN THEIR HOMES IN STATES THAT HAVE BANISHED THE SALOON THAN IN LICENSE STATES. VOTE AGAINST THE SALOON AND IT WILL MAKE YOU A BETTER AND HAPPIER MAN, A BETTER FATHER TO YOUR BOYS AND GIRLS, AND A BETTER HUSBAND TO YOUR WIFE.

Mark Your Ballot FOR INITIATIVE MEASURE No. 3 . . . . . [X]

TORN PAGES

# Music House

Violins, Mandolins and Guitars  
from \$5 to \$40, sold on payments

All the latest popular music  
15c each, 7 for \$1

Century Edition 10c

Everything in music

Best strings on the market  
Mail orders promptly filled

A. D. Hodgins, 2932 Colby Ave., Everett, Wash.

## WILL FORM MANDOLIN CLUB—LESSONS TO BE GIVEN AT NOMINAL COST.

Comrade W. C. Skinner has announced his intention of starting a mandolin and guitar class for the purpose of instructing any young people who are willing to play in the orchestra being formed in the organization. The charges will be so reasonable that no one can afford to miss such an opportunity.

It will be remembered that Comrade Skinner did a "between act" stunt at the recent presentation of Comrade Shipley's play "The Call of Conscience" and those who heard him will need no further recommendation. For definite information call up 128 or 478Z Ind.

Peace-loving citizens of this country will now rise up and tender a hearty vote of thanks to Columbus for having discovered America.—Chicago Herald.

# Do You Know ?

That the Lord more than two thousand years ago gave, through the Prophet Daniel, a clear description of the times in which we are now living. Bible students, as well as all members of society are interested in the conditions which obtain throughout the world, what the war of the nations portends; what is its place in God's economy as well as the results which will be manifested to all at the close of hostilities?

Is world-wide peace coming with disarmament? Is the Great Stone Kingdom cut out of the mountain without hands to be set up?

These matters, together with the beauty and possibilities of the peace of Christ's Kingdom at its setting up will be discussed next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Public Library auditorium by Stuart McKisick, of Seattle, Wash.

Seats Free! Nothing sold. No collection. Bring your friends.



OLE LARSEN.

Ole Larsen, Socialist Party candidate for County Commissioner, 1st District, is a Norwegian by birth. In 1885 he emigrated to America and took up farming in Wisconsin, which has been his occupation since. In 1887 he went West "to grow up with the country" and settled in the Stillaguamish valley, where he now lives. He is the president of the Trading Union Company, of Silvana, and also organizer of Local Silvana Socialist Party. He is married and has a family.

There are drawbacks to republics, but as compared with the poor exhibitions that monarchies are making they shine as the stars.—Chicago News.

European government officials will not have time to go on the Chautauqua platform this summer.—Washington Herald.

As we read more and more of the news from Europe our respect and admiration for the cave man increase very rapidly.—New York American.

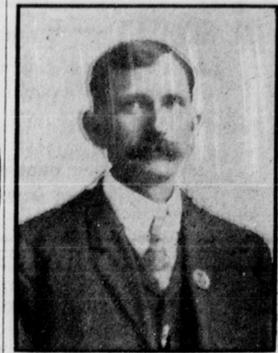


J. N. McCULLOUGH.

J. N. McCullough, Socialist Party candidate for Representative, 48th District, is a school teacher and rancher. During his life he was at one time a candidate at large at West Point, and was also ordained to the ministry. In 1899 he saw his first copy of the Appeal to Reason and firmly believed in hanging the editor, W. H. Wayland, to the nearest limb. In 1908 he joined the Socialist Party in Seattle, Washington, and has been in the movement since. He lives on his ranch which he has called "Marx La Gloire" in honor of the greatest mind of the nineteenth century.

There is grim irony in the newspapers just coming in from Europe, depicting President Wilson's weak course in Mexico and predicting trouble as a consequence.—Springfield Republican.

Rather than be forced to send Enrico Caruso to the front, Italy prudently decided to keep out of it.—New York American.



W. S. KELLER.

W. S. Keller, Socialist Party candidate for County Commissioner 3rd District, lives in Monroe. A farmer by occupation and for years he has been an earnest worker for Socialism. He is a member of Local Monroe of the Socialist Party.

**LAND OF THE FREE.**  
The city authorities of Muskegon and Tulsa, Ohio, have joined in a conspiracy to keep socialist speakers off the soap box. Several men have been arrested every time they attempt to speak and no charges laid against them.

**THE BLACK HAND.**  
Dr. William H. Allen, of Madison, Wis., has resigned as director of the bureau of municipal research, giving as his reason the fact that the bureau is dominated by the Rockefeller Foundation.

For the moment, talk of an English channel tunnel has been postponed.—Springfield Republican.

## SOCIALIST PARTY PLATFORM State of Washington, 1914

THE Socialist Party of Washington, in convention assembled, reaffirms its unflinching loyalty to the principles of international Socialism, and the Socialist Party of the United States and presents the following as its platform:

In the struggle for freedom, the interests of all modern workers are identical. The struggle is not only national, but international. It embraces the world, and will be carried to ultimate victory through intelligent class-conscious political and industrial action.

Human labor creates machinery and applies it to the land to produce things necessary for human life. Whosoever has control of land and machinery controls human labor, and with it human life and liberty. The working class owns nothing but its labor power, and sells this for wages to the capitalist class.

This labor power applied to modern means of production and distribution, produces at least four times as much value as the working class receives in wages.

The capitalist class, unable to find a market either in this or foreign countries for the surplus product, are now closing the mines, mills and factories.

This, together with the constant invention of labor-saving machinery, throws men, women and children of the working class out of employment, causing untold misery and distress.

The lack and uncertainty of employment produces extreme poverty, which in its turn produces crime, insanity, prostitution of body and brain, suicides, drunkenness, disease and degradation.

The insecurity of a livelihood and consequent degenerating results are therefore directly due to the private ownership and control by the capitalist class of mine, mill, factory and land.

The remedy lies in the social ownership of these means of production and distribution, thereby giving all an equal opportunity to live and enjoy the product of their labor.

Humanity lives amid constant change. Laws, institutions and customs, once useful and popular, become oppressive, abusive, intolerable and dangerous to further progress of the race. It is at such a time that the race must find a new method, inaugurate a new system more in harmony with its needs. If any nation or community can not change for the better it is because it is either too ignorant or too terrorized by the ruling class. Tyranny rules from the top down, social democracy from the bottom up.

The socialist party is the only political party which stands for the overthrow of the present capitalist system of exploitation and the substitution of the social ownership of the source of food, clothing, shelter and other necessities.

### OUR ULTIMATE DEMAND

Our ultimate demand is the social ownership and democratic management of all the socially used means of production and distribution.

### PROGRAM

As measures calculated to strengthen the working class in its fight for the realization of its ultimate aim, and increase its power of resistance against capitalist oppression, we advocate and pledge ourselves to the following program:

1. Collective ownership and management of all public utilities, and all industries that have become monopolized.
2. Public employment of the unemployed at not less than prevailing union scale of wages and not more than eight hours per day.
3. We demand the enactment of a maximum eight-hour law to apply to both men and women, employed in all capitalized industries.
4. We advocate initiative, referendum and

recall to apply to all public officials, the petition not to exceed 10 per cent of the voters at the previous election.

5. Abolition of child labor under the age of 16 years.

6. The elimination of the injunction in labor disputes.

7. Abolition of all residential qualifications or other restrictions for voters. The abolition of all filing fees at primaries and other elections and repeal of all non-partisan laws. Abolition of property qualifications for jurors. We favor the election of a public defender as well as prosecutor, together with the adoption of other means to insure the free administration of justice.

8. We favor a constitutional amendment abolishing the senate and we also demand that all cities be prohibited from enacting ordinances infringing on the right of free speech and free press.

9. We favor the establishment of a state board of health with full power for the inspection and condemnation of all unsanitary factories, tenements, etc., and the liberal appropriation for the use of the latest scientific methods of eliminating disease.

10. We demand the free use of all public buildings and property for public meetings, including court-houses, school houses, parks, etc., without discrimination, and we demand a liberal appropriation for promotion of social centers.

### RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved: That we, the Socialist party in convention assembled, do hereby recall to the minds of the working class all the arbitrary, cruel and inhuman methods used by the capitalist class in this class war, including the use of police power to suppress the freedom of speech, press and public assembly, as recently evidenced in several cities of this state, and as this abuse can only continue as long as we, the working class, remain divided, we here and now, urge the members of our class to devote their efforts towards greater solidarity, clearer class consciousness, and the necessity of united political action, and we hereby endorse the principle of revolutionary industrial unionism.

Resolved: That we, the Socialist party, hereby endorse all united action of the workers and pledge ourselves to assist them by supplying speakers, money and other necessary support wherever possible, to the end that we may win our economic freedom and overthrow the capitalist system.

The manufacture and sale for profit of intoxicating and adulterated liquors leads directly to many serious social evils. Intemperance in the use of intoxicating liquors weakens the physical, mental and moral powers.

We hold, therefore, that any excessive indulgence in intoxicating liquors by members of the working class is a serious obstacle to the triumph of our fight in the political and economic struggle, and we urge the members of the working class to avoid any indulgence which might impair their ability to wage a successful political and economic struggle, and so hinder the progress of the movement for their emancipation.

We do not believe that the evils of alcoholism can be eradicated by repressive measures or any extension of the police powers of the capitalist state—alcoholism is a disease of which capitalism is the chief cause. Poverty, overwork and over-worry necessarily result in intemperance on the part of the victims. To abolish the wage system with all its evils is the surest way to eliminate the evils of alcoholism and the traffic in intoxicating liquors.

We are absolutely opposed to the Boy Scout movement, and the teaching of military drill with guns and other means of destruction of human life, to our school children.

ALL THE  
Socialists in  
Snohomish County  
Should Buy Their Fall  
and Winter

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OF

## Edw. Wahl

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Prices Always the Lowest

Everything Reduced in Price

Beautiful 27 piece Luncheon Set, valued at  
\$75.00, to be given away Dec. 23d

Now on display in the window.

S. D. Clark Company  
2820 Rockefeller Avenue



Vote the Socialist Party Ticket  
Straight—Vote the Eight Hours



### M. SCLUTZ — Pianos and Player Pianos

Old line, reliable and guaranteed for ten years; easy terms.

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.

We have two good buys in two second-hand Grand Pianos, also a good second-hand Organ and a good Galloway Cream Separator cheap. All taken in exchange for Schlutz pianos.

LEAVE ORDERS FOR TUNING.

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FRESH CHURNED BUTTER, FRESH RANCH EGGS AND FULL CREAM CHEESE ALWAYS ON HAND.

Watch for our Wednesday and Saturday specials.

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Commerce Bldg., Everett, Wash.  
Two Good Baths

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An Economical Place to Trade  
MODEL SAMPLE  
No More \$2.50 No Less  
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The Upstairs Shoe Shop That  
Saves You Dollars  
How do we do it? Small expenses  
Low rent, no clerks to pay  
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Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Howard  
and Hampden watches sold on a very  
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STEVENS  
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for rich fresh milk, cream or  
butter  
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Pioneer-Alpine Dairy  
Fresh Milk and Cream Delivered to All  
Parts of the City  
Ind. 271 Sunset 1835  
26th and Broadway

### WHAT ONE SOCIALIST CON- GRESSMAN ACCOMPLISHED

Victor L. Berger was the only Socialist congressman the United States has had. He was elected from a Milwaukee district in 1910, serving two years. He was defeated by a combination of all other parties against him, though polling a larger vote when defeated than when elected.

During his term of office he introduced 24 measures reflecting the wishes of the working class; addressed congress and congressional committees 18 times; forced a corrupt federal judge to resign from office; secured the admission of four Russian political refugees who had been detained by immigration authorities; and forced a settlement of the Lawrence mill strike with victory for the workers.

Following are some of the measures he introduced into the house: Bill providing for old age pensions; bill to revise the interstate extradition law; bill to prohibit employment of children by the federal government; bill to create a public store in Washington for civil service employees; bill for government ownership and operation of railroads, telegraphs, telephones and express service; bill for government ownership of wireless; bill to provide employment for all willing workers.

Joint resolutions were introduced by Berger as follows: Demanding withdrawal of federal troops from Mexican border; for a constitutional amendment giving congress power to call a constitutional convention; for a constitutional amendment abolishing the senate, the veto power of the president, and the invalidating powers of the courts; for a constitutional amendment extending right of suffrage to women.

House resolutions were introduced by Berger to investigate the strike on the Harriman lines; to investigate the Lawrence strike; and impeaching Judge Cornelius H. Hanford.

As the only Socialist member of congress Berger was not able to force his bills through. He did, however, secure the investigation and settlement of the Lawrence strike. He so frightened Judge Hanford that the latter resigned to avoid investigation. He did secure the release of political refugees about to be returned to Russia for execution. He did visit the president and various departments, to make representation about many injustices on refugees and workers, and in many cases secured the needed relief. He addressed several house committees, and appeared before the post-office and naval departments with pleas for the toilers.

As the only working class representative in Washington, Berger was in receipt of a tremendous mail, not only from Socialists, but also from unions and workers in general. His tariff speech, in which he ridiculed both the republican and democratic positions, was given wide publicity by the capitalist press. In spite of standing alone in his politics, he commanded the respect of all his fellow congressmen, and influenced some to vote for measures which he conceived to be of interest to the workers.

It is doubtful if there ever was a congressman who did as much as Berger did for the workers, or who provoked as much agitation by his measures as did he. And this was not so much because it was Berger as because he was a Socialist. Twenty like him would have made more than twenty times as much agitation and been able to do more than twenty times as much service for the working class.

### PREPARATIONS FOR WEEK- END HARVEST FESTIVAL COMPLETE—GREAT INTER- EST BEING MANIFESTED.

The party headquarters at 1612 California street presents an unusually busy scene this week. The building is being appropriately decorated for the Harvest Festival, which has been underway for several weeks. Every thing available, which is suggestive of the harvest season, is being used.

Sunday evening, October 18th, will be the big evening of the week for which a program of unusual merit is being prepared. Comrades Skinner and Hebert are organizing a stringed orchestra for the occasion, which will be, henceforth, of inestimable value to the organization. Besides the musical features there will be a number of recitations, and don't forget that Comrade Worswick will be there in his inimitable role of Mr. Block. This, it will be remembered, was one of the star features in "The Call of Conscience," which made so many converts here recently.

Refreshments will be served by the women's committee.

Now, comrades, invite everybody you know, particularly your non-socialist friends. Let us make this an event not to be forgotten.

Dr. Foote's Plain Home Talk, a cyclopedia of popular medical and social service, \$2.00 at Hill's Book Store, 2929 Colby.

The best Coffee for the money is our Favorite Blend, 3 lbs. for \$1.00 or 1 1/2 lbs. for 50 cents. M. H. Clausen, 2812 Rockefeller. Telephone 581.

Traveling Goods repaired at Everett Trunk Factory, 2815 Rockefeller.

### Dr. J. B. ROLLINS CHIROPODIST

Corns removed without pain.  
No sharp instruments. No strong chemicals.

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Will call at homes by appointment.

S. & H. Green Stamps

### Do You Know, Sir?

The beauty of the fabrics, and excellence of the tailoring in our Men's \$15.00 and \$18.00 Fall Suits is hard to resist!

### Raincoat Time Now

SEE OURS AT \$15 and \$18.

### Brodeck-Field Co.

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1711-1713 HEWITT AVE.

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### EVERETT'S POPULAR CAFE

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Quick Service—Open Day and Night

Wetmore and Hewitt

### Weiser's Grill A Good Place To Eat

W. J. WEISER, Prop.

### TRADE ON ROCKEFELLER AVENUE AND SAVE MONEY

### A Store Chuck Full of Bargains

Every department in the store has its special bargains all the time, but we want you to remember that 90 per cent. of all our goods are sold lower than it is on Hewitt Avenue.

65c SUN-FAST DRAPERIES 48c  
36-inch silk mix Sun-Fast Drapery, colors browns, greens and combination of colors worth 65c yard. Sale price .....48c

36-INCH SILKOLINE 10c  
25 pieces best quality Silkoline, plain colors or fancies; the regular 12 1/2c quality. Sale price, yard .....10c

\$2.98 ROBE BLANKETS \$2.45  
Bath Robe Blankets, best quality, large size, with cord and tassels; \$2.98 value. Sale price \$2.45

35c TURKISH TOWELS 25c  
50 dozen extra large, heavy Turk Towels; some have stripe pink and blue borders; others plain white; worth 35c. Sale price .....25c

\$2.00 WOOL BATS \$1.49  
Large size Wool Bats, 72x84; fine white and extra nice for comforters. Sale price ..\$1.49

15c CURTAIN SWISSES 12 1/2c  
20 pieces 36-inch Curtain Swis- ses, in dots and figured designs; 15c quality. Sale Price...12 1/2c  
12 1/2c quality, yard.....10c

See our prices on Blankets—We can save you some money  
The reason why: We pay no rent.

### DOLSON & SMITH THE STORE AROUND THE CORNER ON ROCKEFELLER

GET THE BOY'S HIGH CUT SHOES AT THE MURRAY SHOE CO. THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.

### MURRAY SHOE CO.

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### Go to The Wonder Mercantile Co. for Men's Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Lowest Prices

### Wonder Mercantile Co.

S. YEO & SON, Props.

### GEM DYE WORKS

The most modern equipped plant in Snohomish county. Ladies' or gents' suits cleaned and pressed, \$1.00. Why pay more? Expert tailor for alterations  
2810 WETMORE AVE. PHONES: Ind. 663X, S. S. 516

## 98c CENTS

\$1.25 RUSSWIN OR DIAMOND EDGE FOOD CUTTER, ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED, AND JUST THE RIGHT SIZE FOR FAMILY USE. SPECIAL AT

# 98c

## \$1.50

18-inch Double Lined Air Tight Heater, complete with one joint pipe.

## \$1.75

20-inch Double Lined Air Tight Heater, complete with one joint pipe.

## \$1.50

## \$1.75

## 69c

85c Large Size Cold Blast Lantern, with brass burner.

## \$1.15

1/2 Ply Superior Guaranteed Roofing, complete with nails and cement for laying.

## 69c

## \$1.15

## 29c

45c Japanned Coal Hod.

## \$1.29

1 Ply Superior Guaranteed Roofing, complete with nails and cement for laying.

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## \$1.29

## \$38.50

\$50.00 19" PENINSULAR RANGE, GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT. SPECIAL .....\$38.50  
JUST ARRIVED, A COMPLETE LINE OF BULL DOG TOOL GRINDERS

\$1.90 1/2 Ply Ruberoid Roofing .....\$1.49 \$2.25 1 Ply Ruberoid Roofing .....\$1.69

## Curran Hardware Co.

Hewitt and Broadway

## All Good Socialists Should Trade at This Co-Operative Store!

Any Profits Go to  
500 Stockholders

Most of whom are farmers who live in the vicinity of Everett and spend their money here at the stores in Everett. An all around benefit to the community can be helped if all good socialists do this.

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We recommend you to the—  
**HOTEL HOLTON**  
Rooms are nice, large, pleasant and modern.  
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**HOTEL LOMBARD**  
1922 Hewitt Ave.  
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Socialist literature always on the table

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DO YOU REALLY, HONESTLY PREFER TO TAKE DRUGS?  
Nature wants you to be healthy and happy and nature will cure you when the cause is removed. Chiropractic Adjustments will remove the cause, and your suffering will cease when Chiropractic begins.  
It will cost you nothing to investigate.

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**PETER HUSBY**  
Attorney at Law  
Room 209 Stokes Bldg.  
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## E. P. NELSON CO.

**FREE LEGAL DEPARTMENT OF THE WASHINGTON SOCIALIST**  
Address all questions to Attorney Peter Husby, 215-16 Stokes Bldg., Everett, Wash.

Editor's Note: Free legal advice on any subject is given in this column to Washington Socialist subscribers. Are not fifty-two copies of this paper and a legal adviser for a year worth \$1.00? Tell your neighbors about this great offer?

Q. Is there any law to prevent anyone from putting literature into rural delivery mail boxes. —E. D. M.

A. No. The only prohibition in the Federal Postal laws is against wilfully doing anything to destroy mail matter.

Q. I write you in regard to Initiative Measure No. 13. Does the eight-hour provision apply equally to farmers and other employers, or is the farmer allowed two extra hours at regular wages? Please explain fully in The Washington Socialist as many farmers are in doubt about being allowed ten hours. —O. E. B.

A. In regards to farmers, the proposed law provides: " \* \* \* that in agricultural labor an additional two hours per day may be allowed for work which is unavoidably, and necessarily incidental to farm management." In the last issue of this paper, No. 196, the full text of the proposed law is given together with discussions of different phases of it.

Q. I own land next to a land company, and have built a line fence between us. Now, can I make them pay half the fence? They have refused, and say that they can't be compelled to pay. —J. M. H.

A. If the land adjoining is not enclosed you would have to notify the owner that you desired him to erect half of the partition fence before you could compel him to build his half, and there is nothing you can do now. But when the owner improves the land and encloses it and thereby makes use of the fence you have built, then you can make him pay you one-half of the value of such partition fence.

Q. Will you please tell me through the "Washington Socialist" what kind of a contract or deed a husband and wife can make out so that the surviving member can succeed and have title to real estate and avoid going through the probate court? —G. A.

A. A statute of this state provides that husband and wife may enter into an agreement concerning the disposition of their community property to take effect after the death of either one. It must be acknowledged the same as a deed. The form of the instrument is rather technical and must be exact, hence you had better have it made out by an attorney. You can by executing such an instrument avoid going through the probate court; but it can be applied only to community property.

No. 3249.  
**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.**  
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN AND FOR SNOHOMISH COUNTY.  
In the Matter of the Estate of Ragna Bruseth, Deceased.  
Nels Bruseth, the administrator of the above entitled estate, having filed herein his verified petition praying for an order of sale of all of the real estate of the said decedent for the purposes therein set forth, and it appearing that said petition is sufficient and the court being duly advised in the premises, does therefore order that all persons interested in the above entitled estate appear before the said superior court on Saturday, the 17th day of October, 1914, at 10 a. m. sharp, in Department No. 2 thereof, in the city of Everett, Washington, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said administrator to sell so much of the real estate and of the personal estate of the said decedent, at private sale, as shall be necessary.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published at least four weeks successively in the Washington Socialist, a newspaper of general circulation printed and published in Snohomish county, Washington.

Dated at Everett, Washington, September 21, 1914.  
GUY C. ALSTON,  
Judge.

Peter Husby, attorney for administrator, Everett, Washington.  
Date of first publication, September 24, 1914. 4t.

No. 3249.  
**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**  
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SNOHOMISH, IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ragna Bruseth, Deceased.  
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Nels Bruseth, administrator of the estate of Ragna Bruseth, deceased, to the creditors and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within one year after the first publication of this notice, to-wit, within one year from the first day of October, 1914, to said administrator at the office of Peter Husby, 215-16 Stokes Bldg., Everett, Washington, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

NELS BRUSETH,  
Administrator of the Estate of Ragna Bruseth, Deceased.

Peter Husby, attorney for administrator, 215-16 Stokes Bldg., Everett, Wash.  
Date of first publication, September 24, 1914.



**PETER HUSBY.**  
Attorney-at-Law.  
Socialist Candidate for County Attorney.

Peter Husby, Socialist Party candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, is a Washingtonian by birth. He was born as he states it "in the jungles of the Stillaguamish valley," in Snohomish county, at the time when the river was the only passable highway, and dugouts were the most common means of conveyance. He learned his first lessons of life among the big stumps of the pioneers' little clearings and in the primeval forest; and, received his education intermittently, as conditions permitted. Later he entered the Washington State College to prepare for the University of Washington, where he studied law, receiving at the end of a four-year course his degree as a Bachelor of Laws. Fortunately he became a Socialist before he studied law and after receiving his admittance to the Bar, he realized that unless he wanted to be a hypocrite, a parasite, or a catspaw, he would have to cost his lot with the working-class, hence, he came to Everett and actively identified himself with the Socialist movement, serving the party in Everett at secretary and is now city organizer.

Another tradition has been shattered. Henry C. Frick, the steel magnate, who has been desperately ill, is recovering, although he had seven doctors in attendance.

**NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE, BY ADMINISTRATION.**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,** That in pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Snohomish, made and entered on the second day of October, 1914, in the matter of the estate of Charles H. Davis, deceased, the undersigned, the administrator of the said estate, will sell at private sale, for cash, lawful money of the United States, subject to confirmation by said court, on and after the 31st day of October, 1914, all the right title and interest and estate of the said Charles H. Davis at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, acquired other than or in addition to that of the said Charles H. Davis at the time of his death, in and to all those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, lying and being in the County of Snohomish, State of Washington, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Tract 126 of Riverside Fruit Farms, and described as follows: Starting at the 3/4 section corner of Sections 2 and 3, in Township 30 North, of Range 6 East of the W. M.; and running thence South 88°17' West, 335.17 feet to the true place of beginning; and running thence South 2°46'10" East, 649.02 feet; thence South 88°55'45" West, 331.41 feet; thence North 2°46'10" West, 643.67 feet; thence North 88°1' East, 335.18 feet to the said true place of beginning, exception 20 feet on the South side thereof reserved for road, containing five acres, more or less.

Also, tract 127 of Riverside Fruit Farms, described as follows: Beginning at the 3/4 section corner of Sections 2 and 3, in Township 30 North, of Range 6 East of the W. M.; thence South 2°46'10" East, 654.35 feet; thence South 88°55'45" West, 335.41 feet; thence North 2°46'10" West, 649.02 feet; thence North 88°1' East, 335.17 feet to the place of beginning, excepting 20 feet on the South and East sides reserved for road, containing five acres, more or less.

The right, title, interest and estate of said estate in and to the said described real estate, consists of an equity therein under a certain contract for the purchase of the same by said decedent, under which and according to the terms of which contract, there is now due from said estate on the purchase price of said land, the sum of \$38.20, and said land will be sold subject to the said balance due under said contract, the purchaser at said sale to pay said balance due and received a deed direct from the vendors in said contract to such purchaser.

All bids or offers for said real estate must be in writing and must be delivered to the said administrator, M. L. Strong, personally, at Couperville, Washington, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court.

Terms and conditions of sale: Cash, lawful money of the United States, ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to said administrator at the time of making bids or offers, balance on confirmation of sale by the said Court. Deed at the expense of the purchaser.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1914.  
M. L. STRONG,  
Administrator of the Estate of CHARLES H. DAVIS, deceased. Ot 10 3t



**R. J. OLINGER.**  
Socialist Candidate for State Representative, 48th District.

**R. J. OLINGER.**  
R. J. Olinger, one of the Socialist Party candidates for State Representative in the 48th District is by occupation an electrician. He has been an active member of the Socialist Party for a number of years and has been called upon by his comrades to become a candidate of the Socialist Party a number of times to represent the working-class. Before joining the Socialist Party he was an active worker in the Trades Union movement in

Everett and has worked hard to make the Union movement in Everett a revolutionary one, the result being that the Electricians' Union, of which he is a member, is a Socialist Red Card Union. Comrade Olinger was at one time president of the Trades Council in Everett, and an active worker in all movements for the emancipation of the working-class. He is reputed as being one of the highest priced wage-slaves in Everett and also one of the most rebellious ones.

**To New Readers**  
TO THOSE WHO RECEIVE A SAMPLE COPY OF THIS PAPER

This paper is paid for. Read it very carefully. If you like it, subscribe now.

Send in twenty-five cents for a three months' trial subscription.

Whether you agree with all contained in the Washington Socialist or not, you cannot afford to ignore the facts it weekly presents for your consideration; least of all can you afford to ignore the world-wide movement of which it is one of thousands of spokesmen—a movement whose press is printed in fifty different languages. "Wisdom is the principal thing; therefore get wisdom; and with all thy getting, get understanding."

Send in one-cent stamps, or money order, to No. 1612 California street, Everett, Wash.

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The most of the best for the least. Sanitary. Penny Change.  
Leg Lamb ..... 15c lb  
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and a good many things at lowest prices.

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Something for Everybody

# A FIGHT FOR EXISTENCE

TRANSPORTATION FREE WITH ALL \$15 PURCHASES AS FAR AS TWENTY MILES. MONEY BACK ON SAME DAY OF PURCHASE IF NOT SATISFACTORY

WE ARE AT WAR WITH ALL OUR CREDITORS. THEY WANT THEIR MONEY. WE HAVEN'T GOT IT. THE FIGHT WILL BE ON IF WE CAN'T RAISE IT SOME WAY. WE HAVE DECIDED TO BOMBARD THE PRICES BEFORE THEY GET TO US. THE BULLETS WILL BE YOUR DOLLARS—THAT'S THE ONLY THING THAT WILL WIN THE BATTLE OF EXISTENCE FOR US. GET IN AND JOIN US IN THIS BIG FIGHT AND GET THE BEST FOR LITTLE MONEY.

ARE WE PRESSED BY OUR CREDITORS? ASK THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF THIS CITY! THEY WILL TELL YOU

THE WHOLE STOCK MUST, IF POSSIBLE, BE SOLD BEFORE THEY INVADE US. WE WILL STOP FOR NO ORIGINAL VALUES. GET IN AND DRESS THE WHOLE FAMILY FOR THE PRICE YOU WOULD PAY REGULAR FOR ONE GARMENT—A SMALL DEPOSIT, THE BALANCE A DOLLAR A WEEK WILL PAY THE BILL AT THESE GIVE AWAY PRICES.

## PRICES SHOT TO PIECES

### Sale Starts October 16th

And will last until we have that \$9,000.00 taken in



To the Public:

Let it be known that I am in for a fight to a finish. The season is just opening up with all new goods and lots of them. The largest stock in the city to choose from that it as your mercy at given-away prices, comparatively speaking. Don't say this is another one of those sales. Words cannot express the necessity this time. The way I marked the goods will prove to you that we are in trouble and must pay those hungry creditors off or be forced to the wall.



A common expression—forget it this time. Don't say I never go to a sale as it's all on paper. This is a thing of the past, as you know the law is very strict in that regard, and we are in enough trouble as it is without getting into more. Furthermore, there is always a committee of the city's representatives around to inspect the goods and the prices marked as stated for your benefit. All we ask is be here early and get three dollars for one in your usual way of buying.

LARGEST SELECTION **TODAY'S STYLES TODAY** CHICAGO **ASH OR REDU** OUTFITTING CO. **LOWEST PRICES**  
1812 HEWITT

See the Boston's Fifteen, Eighteen, Twenty and Twenty-five dollar Suits and Overcoats Severe critics have pronounced them the best in town. We claim they possess more all-wool fabrics, more tailoring, more real value than you'll find elsewhere.

Agents for Cooper Underwear, Cluett Shirts, Mallory Hats.

The Boston Clothing Co.

## Announcement

**J**OHAN NORMAN, of the Norman Suit House, has decided to retire from business, and has put his immense stock of Men's and Young Men's Union Made Clothing on sale at cost and less than cost. You will find the best selections as well as the best values in this store in Suits, Overcoats Raincoats and Pants.

We invite you to come and take advantage of this opportunity to get your clothes at cost

The Norman Suit House

Exclusive Clothiers :: 1502 Hewitt Avenue

## PLATFORM OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY OF SNOHOMISH COUNTY

(Adopted by Mass Convention of May 24, 1914.)  
The Socialist party of Snohomish county in mass convention assembled hereby renews its pledge of loyalty to the working class of the world, and to the principles of the International Socialist movement as expressed in the last national and state conventions of the Socialist party.

### OUR PLEDGE.

We pledge ourselves that in the event of the election of our candidates in Snohomish county that we will conduct the business of the county in the interests of the working class and it alone; that in the event of any organization of laborers or any group of unorganized workers striking to better their condition that we will use all the legal power at our disposal to assist them to defeat the employing capitalists; that we will do all in our power to abolish the contract system on all public work; and we pledge ourselves to furnish employment at union wages to the limit of the county funds; that we will abolish the present brutal system of starving prisoners; that if there must be prisoners at all they will be fed and clothed and cared for as human beings; that we will see to it that unimproved land held for speculative purposes be taxed to the limit of the law.

### THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM.

The schools being the most important institutions in modern society, and of tremendous significance, we pledge ourselves to control them in the interest of the producing class, rather than, as now, in the interest of the capitalist class alone; and we condemn the present superintendent in her malicious campaign against Socialist teachers, and her arbitrary methods used in forcing consolidation on districts against the will of the patrons therein. We call attention to the fact that in spite of the political promises of our opponents to be frugal with the funds of the county, they have permitted the County Superintendent and Prosecuting Attorney to spend the public funds freely in long and fruitless campaigns to revoke the certificates of Socialist teachers whose only offense was taking the side of the workers in their struggle for better wages and decent living conditions.

### ARE AGAINST FORCED FREE LABOR.

We condemn absolutely the policy instituted in the city of Everett under which innocent men are condemned to forced free labor in Forest Park stockade for the crime (?) of being out of employment and seeking work in Snohomish county. We assert that the way to prevent the alleged frequency of petty thievery is to give the unemployed work at union wages, not by forcing these unfortunate victims of bankrupt capitalism to work in jail for no pay. We brand this innovation of the police department an infamous invasion of human rights, an insult and a challenge to all who must toil for wages.

### MINIMUM WAGE FOR CITY EMPLOYEES.

We pledge ourselves to do all within our power to aid the Everett Trades Council in its effort to provide a minimum wage law under which all persons employed directly or indirectly by the city would receive a daily wage of not less than \$3 for an eight-hour day's work.

We demand that the police power of the county be used to the utmost to protect working people in their right to free speech, to peaceable assemblage, to picket peaceably, singly or in mass, and to hold meetings and distribute literature in connection with labor disputes; and that the power of the department of health be used to prevent the housing of strikebreakers in factories and public buildings.

We demand the establishment of sufficient free dispensaries, sanitariums and convalescent homes to accommodate the vast number of patients who are denied proper care through the prohibitive cost of private institutions.

### CONCLUSION.

The foregoing measures and all others that may be proposed for the benefit of the masses of the population will require the efforts, not only of city and county officials devoted to the interests of the working class, but also a strong Socialist delegation in the State Legislature.

The Socialist party does not beg for votes. It does not put its candidates forward as individual good men, but as representatives of the working class. It warns the voters that nothing can be accomplished by relying on individuals as such. It is the party that counts.

### WHAT FATHER BURKE SAID OF SOCIALISM.

"I don't blame the Catholic working people for joining the Socialist party and working for Socialism. Employers everywhere are robbing them, and our own Catholic employers are among the very worst exploiters of labor. The church has done nothing to stop this. Our members are going to an organization that is going to stop it."—Rev. Father Burke, Grand Forks, N. D.



## Vote Eight Hours

By HULET M. WELLS



The history of civilization is the history of the constant increase in the productive power of labor. In the United States the invention and perfection of mechanical processes during the last century has resulted in an amazing reduction of the labor time required in the production of wealth, and in a consequent displacement of labor.

Out of this revolution in industry has grown labor organization with its demand for a shorter work day to some extent commensurate with the reduction of time effected by labor saving machinery.

The first half of the nineteenth century saw some inventions that were destined to revolutionize industry, but it was not till the latter half of the century that this great transformation actually developed.

By 1850 the ten-hour workday had come to be pretty generally accepted as a standard, except in the textile mills. In 1840 President Van Buren issued an order "that all public establishments will hereafter be regulated, as to working hours, by the ten-hour system."

one now where three were employed. Looking at this question without any desire to be mathematically accurate, it is perhaps fair to say that it would require from fifty to one hundred million persons in this country, working under the old system, to produce the goods made and do the work performed by the workers of today by the aid of machinery.

Taking the specific employments in which Mr. Wright makes an estimate of the labor saving, and reducing the ten-hour day in proportion, would give the following length of working day in each industry respectively:

- Manufacture of farm implements, 5 hours.
- Wood turning for gun stocks, 18 minutes.
- Brick making, 6 to 9 hours.
- Making shoes, 2 hours.
- Making brooms, 2½ hours.
- Wagon making, 3½ hours.
- Carpet making, 30 minutes to 1 hour.
- Cotton manufacture, 3½ hours.

In the face of these startling facts it seems conservative to say that after making allowance for the labor of producing the machinery it would still be necessary in the average employment to cut the ten-hour work day in half, in order to keep pace with the saving of labor time by machinery, and thus prevent unemployment.

In 1842 in Massachusetts was passed the first law limiting hours of labor. This was in protection of children under twelve years of age; and in 1866 a commission appointed by the same state reported that ten hours was the prevailing work day, except in the cotton mills, where eleven hours was the rule. In 1874 a law was passed limiting women and minors to a ten-hour day.

From that time on the growing power of organized labor gradually established the eight-hour day as the standard in most of the organized trades.

Assuming, then, that ten hours was a normal working day previous to the great era of mechanical progress, it is proper to consider what reduction should be made to equal the labor saved by machinery.

The eminent authority, Carroll D. Wright, says: "In some branches of work a rough estimate would indicate that each employe at the present represents, on an average, fifty employes under the old system." In many other branches the estimate would involve the employment of

It is Labor's brain that devises the machine. It is Labor's skill that guides it. It is Labor's blood that wets the whirling wheels. Small, indeed, is the concession that Labor is asking—the protection of the law for those who are too weak to maintain what the strongest workers have already won.

This is the first and most important reason for the eight-hour law—to solve to some extent the problem of unemployment, the greatest problem which the system of machine production has forced upon society.

Additional reasons for this law may be cited as follows:

1. A universal 8-hour law is necessary to make the women's 8-hour law effective. Employers will discriminate in favor of men if the law permits a greater degree of exploitation in the case of men.
2. The physical well being of society demands a shortening of the work day in this age of nerve racking speed in industry.
3. The intellectual progress of society demands time for study and self improvement.
4. The most elemental principle of social justice demands that the men and women who produce the wealth shall share in the benefits resulting from the modern methods, that have so enormously enhanced the facilities for supplying the world's needs.

Mark Your Ballot Thus:

For Initiative Measure Number 13.

# A Few Nuts Cracked

1. Will not the eight-hour law drive the industries out of the state?

Undoubtedly, as soon as this law is passed the salmon will cease their annual runs in Washington's rivers, and will all swim over to China. Washington's vast forests will pull themselves up by the roots and, together with her mills and mines, her factories and farms, accompany their plutocratic owners to Atlantic Beach or Monte Carlo.

Do you really think they will?

Or will not our employers adjust themselves to the new conditions and learn to run their plants upon an eight-hour basis, just as Mr. O'Shea, one of the largest lumber dealers in the state, who now operates his plant successfully upon the eight-hour plan, and who will vote for Initiative Measure No. 13.

2. Will not this measure reduce our wages?

If it would, do you think for one minute that all the big exploiters of labor and their hiring newspaper editors, would be fighting it?

3. How will this measure affect the farmer?

The same vested interests that have been robbing the farmer and the city worker alike are just now expressing great solicitude lest the eight-hour law will discommodate the farmer, whom they love so well (to pluck).

The fact is that the same fundamental law that governs the standard of living for the city wage worker governs also the farm worker. Sweatshop conditions for part of the wage working class and unemployment for the rest, mean coolie conditions for the farmers. A well paid, steadily employed wage working class in the state of Washington to buy the products of her orchards and fields mean prosperity on Washington's farms.

The farmers themselves are intelligent enough to realize this, and almost with-

out exception the farmers' organizations have endorsed Initiative Measure No. 13 as meaning great benefit to the farmer who farms his farm.

It is only the farmer that farms the farmer that's kicking.

4. But what are all these basely material advantages beside the "sacred right" of every man to work as long as he pleases?

The right of a man to work is one of his sacred liberties. But to protect EVERY man in the enjoyment of this liberty, the sphere of action of one individual must not be allowed to encroach upon that of his fellow man.

Suppose one man could do all the nation's work and handed over all the product to one boss. The rest of us would either have to go hungry and naked or steal, wouldn't we?

In such a case the injustice of monopolizing the nation's work would be instantly seen and REMEDIED. Yet what's the diff between that and compelling 30,000,000 to do the nation's work during long hours of toil and leaving 10,000,000 idle to choose between starvation and stealing?

If we have 40,000,000 workers, we must either devise ways and means to let them all work and earn a living, or the 30,000,000 who do the work must feed and clothe the 10,000,000 idle. Which shall it be?

5. How about nurses. Will a sick man have to hire them in "flocks"?

The Stop-Look-Listen League is springing the nurse gag in every paper in the state that it controls, in order to soften the hearts of the voters.

First, let it be distinctly remembered that any law that is of benefit to the WORKERS in the state will be declared unconstitutional by the courts if there is any loop hole that their lawyer ferrets can find. If this law contained any exceptions, they'd kill it dead as a door-

# Throwing Your Vote Away!

By CARL ULONSKA.

Workingmen and women! are you going to throw your vote away?

Who are you going to throw it away from?

Are you going to throw it away from yourself and your class?

Republican, Democratic, and Progressive politicians tell you that to vote the Socialist party ticket is throwing your vote away.

We Socialists agree with them that if to vote against living in rented shacks. Against eating poisoned and adulterated food.

Against being clubbed on strike.

Against unsanitary working conditions.

Against long hours.

Against child labor.

Against poverty.

Against crime.

We agree with these politicians that if this is throwing our votes away that we are going to throw them away. We

are going to throw them away for the things we want and need and perhaps lose, but we refuse to vote for the things which we do not want and win!

We are going to vote for ourselves and our families.

We are going to vote for homes not shacks.

We are going to vote for humanity against greed.

We are going to vote for plenty of pure food for our children and ourselves.

We are going to vote to give labor the full social value of its toil and as an end to attain this we are going to vote for an eight-hour day for the workers of Washington.

If to vote for ourselves is to throw our vote away; we are going to throw it away voting for homes, food, shelter, recreation, culture, education and the political party that stands for these things—THE SOCIALIST PARTY.



R. W. THOMPSON.

R. W. Thompson, Socialist Party candidate for County Superintendent of Schools is fully qualified to fill this important office by long previous experience and training having taught in the public schools in many parts of this country and also in Alaska. He holds a No. 1 certificate. Comrade Thompson lives at Monroe, where he is engaged in the grocery business. He has been a member of the Socialist Party for a number of years and is secretary of Local Monroe.



H. F. LEISTER.

H. F. Leister, Socialist Party candidate for Sheriff, is fully competent to represent the workers of Snohomish county in this important office, for he is a worker himself, being a timber worker by occupation. A class conscious worker, one who has fought and felt the class struggle for years. Comrade Leister has been a member of the Socialist Party for years and is also a member of the Timberworkers' Union. Comrade Leister was chosen by the workers of Snohomish county as their nominee for sheriff two years ago and again this year. He is married and has a family.

### IS THE WORLD A SUCCESS?

Writing on the "great hope" that Socialism holds out to the spiritual nature of man, George D. Herron says:

"Sodden skeptics that we are toward any proposal for social happiness, we are blind to the foolishness and failure of past and present modes of conducting, or of attempting to conduct, the organization and relations of men. We see, or think we see, the failure of every considerate effort toward an ideal social state; but we do not consider the flasco and the tragedy forever encircling and corrupting us, of the attempts to carry on the world on the basis of historic inequalities; we shut our eyes to the demonstrated and eternal impracticability of every partial or divisive scheme of life. We say that programs of liberty and fraternity and equality have never succeeded; but tell me, pray, what else has succeeded? We deride Utopia; yet less than Utopia has contrived and perpetuated a world that is itself a derision, an abyss of sorrow. History is indeed a record of the stark incompetence of the practical man, and of

opportunism and merely political programs of procedure. It is the false wisdom of these that has achieved the depravity and imbecility of the industrial and political society that now is, to say nothing of the suffering and desolation therein."

### CAN EASILY SPARE THEM.

The answer of Socialism to the capitalist is that society can do without him just as society now does without the slave owners and the feudal lords; both were regarded as necessary to the well being and even the very existence of society.—Prof. W. Clark.

The republic of Paraguay, Andorra, and San Marino are inclined to resent being overlooked by Germany in its general distribution of ultimatums.—New York Evening Post.

It begins to look as if Elihu Root and others who accepted Nobel Peace prizes ought to step up like gentlemen and give back the money.—New York American.

nal under the pretext that it is "class legislation."

Second, Remember that violators of labor laws are never prosecuted today unless labor itself does the prosecuting. And labor will have its hands full in the future without snoopng around the cottage of some poor victim of accident or disease and trying to make out a case against some good Samaritan who, in all probability, would be fully protected under the EMERGENCY clause.

On the other hand, in our publicly owned hospitals (of which we should have many more) the nurses work but eight hours a day and arrangements are made for days off. Why can not the private hospital do likewise?

Surely, if there is one person more than another who should not be subjected to overstrain it is the nurse who, for the safety of the patients themselves, should be alert and full of vitality.

3. How about the servant and the cook?

The kept press is trying to scare our wives into opposing this law, by telling them that domestics will have to quit at noon, that we'll all get dyspepsia from eating cold lunches on Sunday. They have misquoted prominent society leaders and the bill itself in their desperate efforts to defeat it.

The bill does not say that eight CONSECUTIVE hours shall be the limit per day. The hours may be arranged to suit the convenience of the employer, only not more than a TOTAL of eight hours in one day or 48 per week may be worked. It may be seven hours per day for six days and six for the seventh, or eight

hours per day for six days and some one day off in seven.

To solve the servant problem, the hired girl must be recognized as a HUMAN BEING, with human desires for pleasure and recreation, to meet and enjoy her friends just like other folks.

The problem that so many housewives have tackled, how to maintain and retain the domestic drudge, can NOT be solved. But the problem of how to retain the domestic helper will be very largely solved by passing Initiative Measure No. 13.

### Getting Down to Brass Tacks

The eight-hour law will increase the material and mental well being of all the workers in the state of Washington, whether they labor in factory or field, in mill or mart, or in the home. It will develop a working-class competent to use the powers of self government.

It is being opposed by those would-be MASTERS of men, who look upon the workers as a commodity to be bartered and bought like so much axle grease, incapable of higher aspirations.

Let us SHOW them, on election day, whether they have measured us aright.

Let us show them that in spite of all their prostitute press and in spite of all their lickspittle politicians the workers of Washington will get what they want when they want it.

Work and vote for Initiative Measure No. 13.

## Business Success

Depends in a large measure upon a bank account—without money no business can prosper—with it the gateway to success is ever open—every day opportunities arise for safe and profitable investments.

Take your bank seriously—it is here for your good and your good means the good of the community—learn its personality well—many times you can turn to your bank in time of need.

[We will welcome your account!]

[Citizens Bank & Trust Company]

# You Can Have A Case of Beer and Two Quarts of Whiskey Every 20 Days.

You cannot spend your money in Washington. The beer cannot be made in Washington, from Washington products, or by Washington labor, so in effect says INITIATIVE MEASURE No. 3

## Do You Favor Home Industry?

Will you make 8,300 men, with wives and children dependent upon them, JOBLESS? Do you want to share your bread and butter with them?

WHAT ABOUT THE EMPTY DINNER PAILS of the 15,000 hop-pickers; the elimination of EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS paid barley growers last year?

Will You be Responsible for this Condition?

# Prohibition Does Not Prohibit

WORK and VOTE AGAINST INITIATIVE MEASURE No. 3, Mark your ballot thus:

Against Initiative Measure No. 3

THE WASHINGTON SOCIALIST

Entered as second-class matter March 9, 1911, at the postoffice at Everett, Washington, under the act of March 3, 1879.

IND. PHONE 4782

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OUR GERMAN COMRADES.

By JOHN M. WORK.

"The gates of mercy shall be all shut up,
And the flesh'd soldier, rough and hard of heart,
In liberty of bloody hand shall range
With conscience wide as hell."

I suppose every American Socialist received a jolt when he heard that the German Socialists were supporting the war.

It was not difficult to understand the attitude of the Belgian and French Socialists, for their countries were invaded and their firesides threatened.

But, when we heard that the Executive Committee of the German party had discussed the matter and deliberately decided to vote for the war appropriation and to go to the front, some of us were inclined to believe that they were false to the principles of Socialism.

It seemed so at first. But, I suspect that sooner or later we shall realize that the German Comrades, in taking this action, were making use of the same long headed wisdom for which they have been famous these many years.

It would have been interesting to hear the discussion in the Executive Committee when this crucial question was decided. We have no means of knowing at this time what took place there.

My best guess is that the reasoning indulged in was something like this. The question was whether to support the war or raise an insurrection by opposing it. They asked themselves, not which of these courses would be the most momentarily heroic, but which of them would make for the eventual progress of Socialism. They asked themselves, not which of these courses would bring the most applause from the Comrades throughout the world, but which of them would enable the Socialists to exert the greatest influence among the masses of the people after the war should cease. They saw that if they started an insurrection, they would be hopelessly outnumbered and out-equipped. A million or more of them would be shot as traitors. And after the close of the war, the remnant of the party would have lost its influence. It would be hated and despised by the people. On the other hand, if they supported the war, comparatively few of their numbers would be killed. And after the war was over, their influence among the masses of the people would be greatly increased.

The above is my guess as to the way they reasoned out the situation, and I believe that they were right. I believe that the world peace will come sooner because of their action.

THE FARMER AND THE "EIGHT-HOUR LAW."

The kindhearted capitalists are terribly worried now-a-days about what is going to happen to the poor, hard-working farmer, if the eight-hour referendum becomes a law November 3rd. With philanthropic concern they urge that the honest tiller of the soil would lose his crops; that the milker would stop at the last second of the eighth hour even though the milk from one quarter of the cow's udder remained unextracted; or that the half-unharnessed horse would have to remain partly hitched to the shafts because the eighth hour of labor had struck!

This sort of gaff might work all right on a drygoods clerk in the city; but your studious, well-read farmer, used to being his own boss and doing his own thinking would be the last person on earth to fall for this stop-look-and-listen brand of buncombe.

The working-farmer, who hires very little help the year round,—and these are vastly in the majority in Washington,—has to sell his products in competition with the big rancher, who operates on a large scale with up-to-date machinery. Now the higher the wages that must be paid per hour to farm hands, the greater will be the value of the commodities to be sold; since the value of farm products is determined by the average cost of production, just as are all other commodities. If, therefore, the proposed eight-hour law would make it necessary for the capitalist-farmers to hire more men to produce a ton of any given product than formerly, then the average selling price would be raised proportionately, since the cost of production and selling price (normally) rise and fall together. The small farmer, who does his own work would receive the benefit of this increased value without any additional cost to him. He would be in competition with an eight-hour-day wage slave instead of one who worked the year round for from twelve to fourteen hours daily.

The working farmers of Washington are well aware of the facts cited above, especially, the many Socialist farmers, who understand Marxian economics, and they will vote solidly for the eight-hour law, with its necessary "emergency" safe-guards and harvest season provisions against a rigid eight-hour-day law that might result disastrously, at this time—under capitalist conditions—even to its sponsors.

IN DEMOCRAT LAND.

Child labor laws are continually being violated in Georgia. A four-year-old child was recently found working in the cotton mills, but was not on the pay roll. The child received 64 cents for two weeks' work. The Atlanta cotton mill operators are still on strike.

THE BALLOT

By CAPT. W. E. P. FRENCH.

I can understand why the bankers, brokers, trust magnates, corporation counsel, plutocrats and parasites of predatory wealth should vote for and give ante-election bribes to the candidates of the political parties that represent the money power, for these parties stand for the graft of the rich. But I cannot conceive why any laboring man, even "though he be a fool," or any sane and honest American that holds patriotism above pocketbookism, should cast his ballot for a cross between a Tiger and a Jackass or an Elephant and a Bull Moose, when he has the chance to vote for sanity, safety and Socialism.

What do you think a vote is for?
Something to sell for a dollar or more?
Something to cast as you're told to do?
Something to give to the wealthy few,
Who are only as one to ten of you?

Don't rail at the rich; let your whining cease.
The crimes of our times lie at Labor's door;
For the rich have only a vote apiece,
Till the poor man sells them more.

Who sells his vote is both fool and knave:
More, he is coward and thief and slave
(Content as a slave to live and die),
Deserter, traitor and thrice-damned spy!
Fool, since he sells his right to think
For a harlot's wage or the price of a drink;
Whereas, had he cast his vote aright
He and his were victors in the fight.
Knave, since he's false to the Nation's trust.
Coward, because he's afraid to thrust
With the ballot's knife for Labor's cause,
But helps with his vote to make the laws
That bind his fellows in closer thrall.
Thief, since he steals from the arsenal
Of Labor its best and keenest steel,
Deserts the ranks of the commonweal,
And fawns—the cur—at the dollar's heel.
Traitor to duty and honor's call;
Spy of the spoiler in Labor's hall!
Brand him with shame till he's under ground,
Black-hearted dastard and craven hound!

What do you think a vote is for?
To demand, to command; not to implore.
A Weapon to use in your manhood's might!
A stone to cast for the cause of right!
A tool to handle with strong, clean hands!
A sword to win back your stolen lands!
A force to emphasize your demands!

Don't rail at the rich; let your whining cease.
The wrongs of our day lie at Labor's door;
For the rich have only a vote apiece,
Till the damned fool sells them more.

Then use the ballot and end your woes:
Vote for your friends, not for your foes;
Grapple your birthright fast to your souls;
Victory's yours when you guard the polls,
To see that the count be fairly made,
To see that the law shall be obeyed.
Victory's yours when you're not afraid.
To stand by Justice,
To grasp the Right,
To change the proverb
To RIGHT MAKES MIGHT.

Victory's yours when you learn at last
For what and for whom your votes to cast;
Yours when the lesson you've mastered well
That a ballot's to USE and not to SELL;
Yours when you finally understand
That "Divided, we fall; united, we stand!"
Then stand together—why longer wait?
And MAKES THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE FATE!

EVERETT'S SOCIALIST COMMISSIONER SERVES WORKING CLASS.

For two months Everett has had a Socialist Commissioner of Public Works, and so far nothing has been done to break up homes, destroy religion, nor to establish free love. That Commissioner Salter is, standing squarely upon the Socialist municipal platform, is amply demonstrated by his official acts.

An important plank in the Socialist platform reads:
The policy of the Socialist commissioner will be to consider the interests of the workers above all others in all matters.

One of Comrade Salter's first acts was to introduce an ordinance establishing an eight-hour shift for bridge tenders. This, of course, necessitated employing three men where formerly two had done the work. That this might not entail an extra expense to the city, our Socialist Commissioner of Public Works dropped from the payroll the position of street commissioner, which paid a salary of \$150 per month. Comrade Salter is now doing that work himself, with the assistance of Comrade Ford, who is probably the best informed man on street work that the city has ever had in its employ. Ford's position is that of foreman. It is generally conceded that Salter is giving the public better service and satisfaction than the city has had in its entire history.

AN EXCELLENT RECORD.

A free speech ordinance and an ordinance raising the plumbing inspector's salary to the union scale was introduced by Salter, but voted down by the other two commissioners.

The building and plumbing inspection service is far superior to any given under capitalist commissioners. Both inspectors were selected on account of their special fitness for the work to be done, and the inspection is now done without fear or favor.

A prominent citizen, who, by the way, is not a Socialist, tersely summed up the matter in the following terms:
We wanted a change and we are damned glad we got it!

STILL WISH TO SUPPRESS KNOWLEDGE.

Dr. Hans Beck, of Berlin University, claims to have discovered at Oldoway, East Africa, the skeleton of a man who is supposed to have lived 150,000 years ago.

The church is up in arms for fear this theory may be creditably established, and it might discredit the Biblical theory of the creation. Let us have all the information possible on all questions; if the Bible theory of the creation is wrong, let us know it, if it is right, let us establish it beyond the possibility of a doubt.

Melang Grocery Co., both phones 207; 2104 Hewitt avenue, Everett, Wash.

Buy your bread, cakes, pies, etc., from
SCANDIA BAKERY
2727 Chestnut

How Comrade Kingery Turned The Tables On Reactionaries

(Continued from Page 1.)

The lumber and sawing industry has suffered for many years from seasonal over-production which drove prices down. Because of over-production—under-consumption would be stating it better—some of the very men who are fighting bitterly against the Kingery bill are operating their own plants today on an "eight-hour" basis. Consistency, thou art a Jewel! They have temporarily slashed the workday to curtail production. Wouldn't it be the saner method to establish the industry on an eight-hour basis and uniformly curtail production, than to hog the market when it is up and starve it when it is down?

Crocodile Tears.

They are all solicitude now for the poor farmer, the housewife, the domestic servant and the eight-hour bill must be killed for their sakes. When did this predatory crowd show these classes any mercy in the past? When did they ever do anything else but skin 'em coming and going? "Beware of the Greeks bearing gifts!" A century ago when practically all labor worked twelve, fourteen, sixteen hours a day, the standpatters of that period viewed with alarm the first attempt to shorten the workday. The same dire prophecies were made. They too saw ruin irrefragable staring business conditions in the face. But the shortening process went on and the employer today who dares to exact sixteen hours as a daily portion of toil, is deemed brutal beyond words to express.

Our unemployment problem today constitutes a serious menace to our American ideals of citizenship. It is apparent to thinkers that it must be solved if our stability as a nation is to be maintained. What more scientific way to attack the unemployed problem than by reducing uniformly the hours of toil?

If the newspapers, the politicians, the preachers, the teachers, are in earnest in their oft-repeated words of sympathy for the common run of humanity that must toil from youth to age for the means of sustenance, let them show it NOW by supporting a measure aimed at the cancer of unemployment that is eating at our national life. It is easy to carp and criticize, hunt for the defects in an initiative measure, but we ought to recognize the broad, humane principle laid down in this proposed piece of legislation. There will be readjustments, some individual hardships, in the working out of this law, but the great good that will come to the mass of the people of the state will outweigh the hardships.

WHAT LINCOLN SAID.

This country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutional right of amending it, or their revolutionary right to dismember or overthrow it. . . . Why should there not be a patient confidence in the ultimate justice of the people? Is there any better or equal hope in the world?—Abraham Lincoln.

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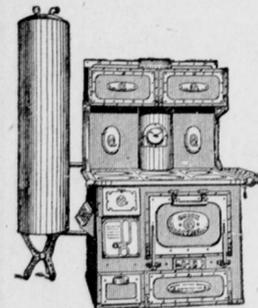
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