PARTY PRE-CONVENTION DISCUSSION SECTION

Bourgeois Reformism and Social Reformism

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Capital is wrong when it proposes to ‘socialize’ in order to speak of social revolution. One must not be misled by the current pseudo-revolutionary era into believing that ‘socialization’ means any greater than capital’s objective to evade responsibility. The ‘real’ bourgeois systems of revolution have always been systems of evading responsibility. The internal development of such a system, however, has been the result of a struggle between capital and the working class and this struggle has always resulted in the defeat of capital.

The central issue involved in the bourgeois revolution is that all forms of government, whether they be capitalist or socialist, are still capitalistic systems. The working class, therefore, must struggle against all bourgeois governments and all bourgeois systems of government. It is essential for the working class to understand this basic issue if it is to make any progress.

1. Social Reformism: The Main Danger

Of the two phases of capitalist reformism, social reformism poses the main danger for the working class. Social reformism is a form of political activity which aims to improve the social conditions of the working class without ever challenging the capitalist system itself. Social reformism is essentially a form of cooperation between the working class and the capitalist class in order to maintain the status quo.

Socialism, on the other hand, is a form of political activity which aims to completely revolutionize the capitalist system and replace it with a socialist system. Socialism is essentially a form of struggle against the capitalist system and its replacement with a socialist system.

Thus, the main danger of social reformism is that it can easily be used to distract the working class from the real issue of overthrowing capitalism and establishing socialism. Social reformism can also be used to create a false sense of security among the working class, making them complacent and less likely to engage in political activity.

2. bourgeois reformism in the context of the class struggle and its relationship to capitalism and socialism

The capitalist system is based on the exploitation of the working class by the capitalist class. Social reformism, on the other hand, is based on the cooperation between the working class and the capitalist class to improve the social conditions of the working class without challenging the capitalist system.

Social reformism is essentially a form of cooperation between the working class and the capitalist class in order to maintain the status quo. This cooperation can be seen in the current political climate, where many political parties and organizations are working to improve the social conditions of the working class without challenging the capitalist system.

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3. The Question of Decline and Crisis

During the period of the pre-convention discussion, the question of the decline and crisis of capitalism was discussed in depth. The working class is thus challenged to thoughtfully consider the solutions to these problems and to engage in the fight against capitalism and for socialism.