

GITLOW EVADES KIDNAPPERS, WILL FACE ARIZONA TERROR

PROTEST MEET, CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT

Against Persecution
and Police
Terror

Rap Kidnap Attempt

Prominent Speakers to
Talk

New York City will hold the first of the series of meetings throughout the entire county to protest against the efforts of the authorities to break up the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party. This meeting will be held Tuesday, Oct. 16, at 8:30 p. m., in the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave.

The break-up of meetings, the attempts to kidnap Benjamin Gitlow, the break-up of meetings in Texas, Long Island, Bayonne and New Jersey, the arrest of comrades in various sections of the country, the terror of the industrial squads of New York, of the thugs and police in Pennsylvania, the mass arrests in New Bedford, the shooting of workers in Detroit—these will all be issues of the meeting tomorrow.

The meeting will point out the need of workers organizing themselves in order to be able to carry on their activities.

The Shifrin defense will be part of the issues of this meeting.

Prominent speakers will address this meeting, including Robert Minor, H. M. Wicks, William W. Weinstein, James P. Cannon, Ben Gold, M. J. Olgin and Rebecca Grecht.

YOUNG WORKERS DEMONSTRATE

5 Arrested at Garden Jingo Exhibit

The arrest of five members of the Young Workers (Communist) League was the reprisal that indignation took upon the League's invasion of its week-long exposition of war preparation at Madison Square Garden, with leaflets denouncing the jingo show.

Nearly a thousand workers participated in the demonstration against the war show, and the war danger which it represents.

At a given moment thousands of leaflets denouncing the preparations for the next imperialist war were thrown from the galleries and in this way distributed among the

HOOVER PLEDGES IMPERIALIST AID

Assures Wall Street It Will Be Protected

BOSTON, Oct. 15. — Speaking here tonight before a typically conservative New England audience, composed entirely of the upper middle class, introduced by Alvan T. Fuller, legal murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti, at a meeting of which the open-shop textile baron, Senator Butler presided, Herbert Hoover delivered an address fit for the dominant imperialist clique which he hopes to lead in its future acts of aggression.

Denying that the United States is imperialistic while giving warning that American investments abroad would be protected by force of arms, the candidate pledged his Wall

Leader Jailed



SOL ERENBURG.

NEW LARGE MINE DISTRICT FORMED

Central Section of New National Union

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)
PORTAGE, Pa., Oct. 15. — From a radius of more than a hundred miles, delegates gathered here at Hungarian Hall and organized the Central Pennsylvania district of the National Miners' Union to replace the discredited and shattered United Mine Workers of America. The once powerful union controlled by the Lewis machine, delegates declared, has been destroyed by the treacherous policies of the Lewis-Marks officialdom.

Build the new miners' union, was the keynote of the convention. Charles Killinger, of Portage, who was elected president of the district, presided. Peter Mallon of Cresson was elected vice president, Tom Rodgers of Portage, secretary-treasurer, and Thomas McCluskey of Galitzin, the member of the National Executive Board from this district.

All of them have been prominent in the miners' struggles in this territory for many years and will serve as temporary officers of a twelve month period, after which the rank and file will elect the district officers by referendum.

John J. Watt, national president of the new union, made the keynote speech, calling upon each delegate to become an organizer and work tirelessly until every miner in the district has been brought into the union.

An attempt to imitate the methods used by the U. M. W. A. officialdom of Pittsburgh in their gangster attack upon the convention hall proved unsuccessful when a handful

JINGO AIRSHIP ARRIVES IN U. S.

Flies Over N. Y. City on Way to Lakehurst

LAKEHURST, N. J., Oct. 15 (U.P.). — The Graf Zeppelin, the largest airship ever built and the first to cross the Atlantic Ocean on a commercial flight, came to rest on the airfield here at 5:40 p. m., completing a flight of more than 5,400 miles in four days, 15 hours and 48 minutes.

Dull grey against a grey sky, the dirigible Graf Zeppelin, emissary of imperialist Germany, glided over New York City late yesterday afternoon as thousands of workers craned their necks thru factory and office windows to gaze at the huge air monster.

The great dirigible appeared over Battery Park shortly before 4 p. m., preceded by more than a score of army and commercial planes which circled about like traffic cops of the

JAIL COMMUNIST IN LOS ANGELES ANTI-RED DRIVE

'Criminal Syndicalism'
Is Charge Against
League Official

Frame-up Looming

Arrest Four Other
Young Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker)
LOS ANGELES, Oct. 15. — Sol Erenberg, sub-district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, is being held in prison charged with "criminal syndicalism" and a general campaign of terror was being started against the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Pioneers.

Erenberg was arrested at his home and all letters in his possession confiscated by the local and federal authorities. It is announced that he will be tried for "criminal syndicalism" or deported. His arrest followed that of two members of the Young Workers League and two Pioneers for distributing leaflets to servicemen at San Pedro. The leaflets protested the invasion of Nicaragua, and called attention to the war danger and the attacks on the Soviet Union.

The members of the League and Pioneers arrested at San Pedro were Louis Schneiderman, vice president of the Office Workers' Union, 18 years old; Abe Zimmerman, 18; Fannie Schulman, 14; and Lillian Dinkens, 14. After being held in prison for some time, all were released, Zimmerman being given a suspended sentence on the charge of "distributing without a permit."

When arrested at San Pedro, the

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WOLFE EXPOSES 'PROGRESSIVES'

Shows GOP "Prosperity" as Myth

SUPERIOR, Wis., (By Mail). — Vice presidential candidate, Charles Curtis who spoke in Superior yesterday afternoon was answered by Bertram D. Wolfe last night in Workers' Hall before the largest rally ever held by Communists in this part of Wisconsin. Wolfe also exposed the role played by La Follette of Wisconsin, Shipstead of the neighboring state of Minnesota and Victor Berger of Milwaukee. Other speeches were made by Walter Harju, chairman of the mass meeting and A. J. Hayes, Communist candidate for governor in this state. Hayes devoted his speech to the answering of Norman Thomas, who spoke here recently.

"When Curtis says Tammany corruption is an issue," declared Wolfe in his answer to the republican speaker, "I have to agree with him. But I ask him: What about Teapot

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FOSTER SEES BIG COMMUNIST VOTE IN SOUTH

Red Nominee Finds White, Negro Workers Rallying to Communist Program

By PAUL CROUCH

"The campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the south marks a new epoch in the history of our Party," declared William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, in an interview during a few hours spent in New York yesterday. Foster told of the Communist invasion of the centers of reaction with its militant program demanding full rights for Negroes.

"The Communist ticket will poll

Communist Speaks at Houston, Texas, Despite Police Who Raid Meeting Objecting to Negroes' Presence

(By Long Distance Telephone to the Daily Worker)

HOUSTON, Texas, Oct. 15. — That Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, did not fall into the hands of the kidnapping gang which claimed to have captured him at Phoenix, Ariz., on the night of October 10, became known here last night when Gitlow appeared at the Houston Labor Temple to speak at the meeting arranged by the Texas State Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The terror which began in Phoenix was continued here last night when the Houston police raided the meeting and attempted unsuccessfully to drive the Communist vice-presidential candidate out of the city. Six Houston workers, Kelly, Lawrence, Marks, Croaf, Brady and Friedman, while defending Gitlow's right to speak, were arrested and thrown into jail. The Labor Temple doors were closed by police.

POLICE AT HOUSTON

ATTACK RED MEETING

HOUSTON, Tex., Oct. 15. — At the last moment before the opening of the mass election campaign rally to be addressed by Ben Gitlow, candidate for vice president of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, the police shut the hall and began to drive the crowd away. A large-sized crowd had gathered to listen to the address of Comrade Gitlow, for whose condition grave fears were entertained by the workers.

The reason for the unsuccessful attempt to break up the meeting is to be found in the fact that the Party made a special appeal in Houston to have the Negroes attend the meeting. The Central Trades Council, in whose hall the meeting was to be held, clearly stated that it objected to allowing Negroes to enter the hall.

The uniformed gangsters did not succeed, however, in breaking up the meeting. When the Labor Temple shut its doors to the workers, several hundred of them proceeded immediately to the hall of the Workmen's Circle. The police were in despair and then they arrested six of the most active workers in the meeting. Those arrested were Kelly, Lawrence, Croaf, Mark, Priddy and Friedman. Kelly and Marks are out on bail. Their case will come up immediately for a hearing.

The workers had expected police interference because there had been organized attacks on all Workers Party election meetings the last few days throughout the south.

DENOUNCES NEGRO PERSECUTION.
The meeting was well attended and showed a splendid spirit. Gitlow made a forceful speech, in which he denounced American imperialism and pointed out the imminent war danger. He condemned sharply persecution of the Negroes and emphasized the need of the workers of all races and colors to fight energetically for the program of the Workers (Communist) Party to secure complete equality for the Negroes in the United States.

Gitlow then made a strong attack on the government authorities and their terrorist agents in attempting to break up the meetings of the Workers Party. He went on to say that it was only the beginning, but that the Communists will hold their meetings despite all persecutions.

HITS LABOR FAKERS.

The Communist candidate for vice president made an especially bitter attack on the dastardly conduct of the American Federation of Labor officialdom. He concluded his speech by asking the workers to organize themselves to fight for the full program of the Communist Party and to turn the coming imperialist war into a civil war.

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GENERAL STRIKE TYING UP LODZ

WARSAW, Oct. 15. — The general strike called for the Lodz district for today was a complete success, as workers in all the industries of the district walked out and joined the strike of the 100,000 textile workers. All factories were idle and even bakeries, slaughter houses, stores, and shops were closed down. The whole district was rendered helpless, communications were cut, the food supply threatened, and there was even a partial strike in the hospitals.

Troops have been rushed to Lodz and have taken possession of the general post office, which was empty of all employees, in order to maintain telephone connections with Warsaw.

The strike was called by the Central Labor Council at its meeting on Saturday on the demand of workers engaged in virtually all of the industries. The readiness of the workers to strike for higher wages and better working conditions has spread general alarm through official circles here and measures are being contemplated to prevent the spread of the general strike into other districts.

The split of the "socialist" under the pressure of strike wave, which has rendered them practically impotent under the present conditions, and the increasing influence of Communist leaders among the Polish workers, are factors which are taken to indicate that workers in other centers will join the general strike.

Foster declared: "The entry of the Workers (Communist) Party is a sign of the new times in the south." He told of the growing industrial development of the southern states. "Wages are much lower than in the north, and there is considerable unemployment."

In Richmond, Va., the labor fakers tried to suppress Foster's meeting by preventing the use of the labor hall, which had been engaged. At the last moment a new hall was

THREATEN HUGE GERMAN LOCKOUT

190,000 Textile Workers Fight Famine Wages

BERLIN, Oct. 15. — One hundred and ninety thousand textile workers of the Rhineland and Westphalian mills are threatened with a general lockout next Saturday, if they persist in their refusal to accept the present wage scale to be effective until the end of 1929. The workers and their leaders declare that they will not accept a wage that means starvation on the present cost of living.

In addition, within the next week, the ranks of the striking and locked-out workers may grow to a half million, as a conference between workers in the Ruhr Rhineland and employers, held in Essen on October 12 failed, and the industrialists decided to lock out all the men beginning November 1. Two hundred thousand iron and steel workers are involved, but probably the miners will also be drawn into the conflict.

The mill owners decided to call a lockout of the Rhineland mills at the meeting of the Textile Manufacturers' Associations here last night.

Strike Sentiment Strong.

Strike sentiment has been spreading through the Rhineland mills ever since the 54,000 textile workers at Muenchen-Gladbach struck two weeks ago and the walk-out now aff-

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GROCERY CLERKS' STRIKE SUCCESS

With an enthusiasm that has marked the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union as a workers organization that deserves the admiration of all class-conscious workers, its entire membership, to a man, stopped work at 10 o'clock this morning and joined the general stoppage ordered by their union on the expiration of the old agreements with New York's store owners.

While the main purpose of the stoppage was to secure acquiescence of the store owners to the new agreement the union demanded,

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Reactionary trade union officials in control of the labor temple are said to have taken exception to the action of the Communists in especially inviting Negroes to attend the meeting here in Houston, where a Negro was lynched just before the opening of the democratic national convention that nominated Al Smith. That Negroes would be present in the same hall with whites is given generally as one reason for the police attack on the meeting.

Nevertheless a successful meeting was held by securing another hall, which was filled with Negro and white workers.

By BENJAMIN GITLOW.

(By Long Distance Telephone To the Daily Worker.)

SAN ANTONIO Texas, Oct. 15. — As I was about to take a train from San Diego, California, on last Tuesday evening, October 9th, on my way to Phoenix, Ariz., to speak, I received word from William O'Brien, Communist candidate for governor of Arizona, telling me that the police had forbidden the meeting in Phoenix, that the meeting would not be permitted on the Plaza, and that the hall of the Central Trades had been refused us for use for the meeting after all arrangements had been made for me to speak.

O'Brien gave instructions to wait for further word as to whether to proceed to Phoenix and on what date, or whether to go to the next meeting to be held at Tucson. I therefore waited at San Diego. On the night of the 10th, I decided that I had to leave at once for Houston in order to make the meeting there. I learned on my arrival at Houston that the reason I had not received further information at San Diego was that O'Brien had been arrested. On my arrival in Houston, I got in touch with Arizona through the National Office of the Workers (Communist) Party at New York and arranged to go back to speak at Phoenix and Tucson.

Only here in San Antonio did I learn about the miserable plot to kidnap me in Phoenix as revealed in the premature editorial in the Arizona Gazette of Phoenix.

I am determined to go back to Phoenix and to have a meeting there.

ATTEMPT TO STOP SAN ANTONIO MEETING.

The effort is now being made to stop the San Antonio meeting.

A Mr. Hood of the San Antonio post of the American Legion took up the fight to break up our meeting so that I should not be allowed to speak in San Antonio. He appealed to Governor Moody to send troops to escort me out of Texas. But there were some that took up the fight for free speech. Moody then refused to interfere, and Hood backed out. But the American Federation of Labor hall, the Labor Temple, was then shut to us and we hired another hall—Turner Hall. But this also was taken away from us. We have since taken another hall known as the La Gloria Roof Garden. I do not know whether they will break up our meeting or not.

Local papers are ablaze with the whole Communist issue.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 15. — Carrying out a policy formulated at the recent State Convention of the American Legion in Miami, Ariz., in which the Legion pledged itself forces to fight Bolshevism, since the Workers (Communist) Party had succeeded in placing itself on the ballot in this state, a posse made up of Legionnaires, members of the Ku Klux Klan, business men, local politicians and labor fakers, laid elaborate plans here to kidnap Benjamin Gitlow, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for vice-president of the United States.

The posse boarded the train but failed to find Gitlow. A full description of the plot had been sent to the press by the would-be kidnappers in advance. R. W. Redwine, local representative of the Phoenix Gazette and also correspondent here of the New York Herald Tribune, was one of those who was let in on the story. It is believed that Redwine, after learning that the posse had failed to find Gitlow,

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Plan to Abduct Communist Candidate Revealed by Prematurely Published Story

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sent the New York Herald-Tribune a flash message not to publish the advance story which had previously been telegraphed.

(EDITOR'S NOTE:—The New York Herald-Tribune actually printed in its earlier editions such a story as is described here.)

From the best information that can be obtained here, the kidnapping plot included the plan to seize Gitlow on the train and to take him to Nogales, Ariz., or probably to Mexico. Further steps of the plan are believed to have been to take Gitlow by automobile far into the desert, probably on the Mexican side, where he was to be left to find his way out as best he could. This is in accord with an Arizona tradition which recalls the famous Bisbee deportation case, when more than one thousand workers involved in a labor dispute were deported by force into the desert and left to shift for themselves.

As to what the plans were after reaching Nogales with the prisoner, something is indicated in reports published by several Arizona newspapers.

The Arizona Gazette, of Phoenix, was among the newspapers to which the kidnapping gang gave advance knowledge of the plot. This paper actually went to press with an editorial giving explicit details of the plot written as though it had already been carried through.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 15.—William O'Brien, candidate for governor on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, today announced that all plans have been made for continuing the fight of the Party for its rights to hold mass meetings not only during the election campaign but throughout the year.

Ben Gitlow, it was announced, will speak in Arizona after having covered his Texas dates and will address the workers of Phoenix.

JOIN PARTY FORCES.

George J. Saul, Rocky Mountain sub-district organizer of the Colorado state organization of the Workers (Communist) Party, is joining O'Brien in order to strengthen the Party forces in a showdown fight.

It is learned here that the national headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party has telegraphed City Commissioner Craigs of Phoenix, Arizona, requesting permission for a meeting on the Public Plaza, to be addressed by William O'Brien, George J. Saul and Ben Gitlow. As yet no reply has been received from the city commissioner. The meeting will be held regardless of whether official permission be granted by the city commissioner or not. All preparations are going ahead at full speed.

WORKERS INCENSED.

The workers are greatly aroused over the organized campaign to disrupt the Communist election meeting. The Workers (Communist) Party has fully complied with all the technical legal requirements for being on the ballot, government and Ku Klux Klan interference with working class meetings are the order of the day. The workers have not forgotten that this is the state where the Bisbee mass deportation outrage occurred. Arizona is dominated by some of the most notorious open shop copper barons in the country.

WORKERS PARTY GAINS IN SOUTH, FOSTER STATES

Says Negroes Rally to Red Program

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and are for our Party." Foster told of a worker in Los Angeles who has been a socialist in Switzerland and the United States for 55 years, who is now supporting the ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party. "In almost all cities Thomas received the active support of the labor fakers," Foster said, at the same time pointing out that the reactionary press was a "hundred times more critical of LaFollette in 1924 than of Thomas at the present time."

Klan Backs Hoover.

Foster told of desperate efforts of the republicans to carry the south by raising religious issues and assuring the reactionary elements that they are as much for "white supremacy" as the democrats. He said that this campaign is meeting with considerable success and that they have a chance to carry a number of the southern states, especially Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, Virginia and North Carolina. The Klan elements are supporting Hoover.

In the efforts to carry the south, Foster declared, the republican party is dispelling all illusions that it stands for the rights of the Negro, and the more intelligent Negroes are rallying around the Workers (Communist) Party.

"There is practically no trade union movement in the south except among the railroad workers, printers and building trades, and even the building trades are poorly organized," Foster said.

Predicts Gains for Party.

The Communist candidate predicted considerable gains by the Workers (Communist) Party, declaring that at the present time the "LaFollette illusion is not as great as in 1924, and the retreat to the ranks of the republican party is breaking these illusions." He predicted that the more advanced proletarian elements will support the Communist Party.

Foster said that he found considerable unemployment elsewhere in the country during his tour and that there is a tremendous displacement of workers, together with the introduction of the speed-up system, throwing larger and larger numbers of workers out of employment.

"Very few Negroes are permitted to vote in the south," Foster stated, and he described the elaborate technical methods to prevent the Negro worker from registering and voting. He said that the Rev. Norman Thomas did not deal with the Negro and labor problems during his

Record Registration In New York City



The record registration in New York City is expected to produce a record vote in the elections. The thousands of workers are disfranchised in this country by the laws which aim to keep the capitalists in power, thousands of others who were permitted to register last week will vote for the Communist program and the Communist candidates on November 6. Photo shows a typical registration scene.

ENLARGE SILK STRIKE, IS CALL

Workers Rap Premature Settlements

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 15.—All the women in the strike of the 3,000 silk workers here met yesterday afternoon in a special women's mass meeting in Turn Hall and took the first steps toward organizing the women to act as an energizing force in the conduct and the spread of the strike to the thousands of workers not yet out.

Speakers at the meeting, experienced in strike leadership, pointed out to the enthusiastic audience that in textile strikes particularly, women, who make up a large percentage of textile workers, have always fought against the mill barons with the greatest militancy. In addition to staying out on strike together with the other workers, the women, the speakers declared, acted as inspirers to more militant struggle.

The assembled strikers enthusiastically endorsed the proposal put forward that all the union's efforts now be bent toward enlarging the strike to include the jacquard workers, who total another 3,000 persons. If the jacquard workers join the fight approximately 4,000 more will leave the factories.

Some of the union officials refuse to take the steps necessary to enlarge the strike, as many workers are demanding. Open criticism of this nature is heard on all sides: Instead of ensuring the final vic-

tour of the south, and that the socialist candidate only talked "liberalism."

This evening Foster will speak in Wilmington, Del.

NEW LARGE MINE DISTRICT FORMED IN PENNSYLVANIA

Watt Urges Fight by Rank and File

Continued from Page One

of local officials failed to gain admission into the hall. Officers stood outside the hall as the delegates left, recording the names of those who attended the meeting from the unorganized fields and those who came from the towns containing only company unions, for the purpose, delegates said, of discriminating against them.

"John Lewis says he is in favor of a small union of working miners and strong consolidation of the operators," Watt said, "and when we begin to organize those thousands of miners he has either expelled or refused to organize into the U. M. W. A. his little gang of paid supporters stop at nothing—even murder—to stop us from organizing."

Thomas Fleck, a delegate from the Broad Top section who rode all night with a group of fellow-delegates in an old Ford to attend the convention, declared that organization there was completely dissipated. "We're going back to start from the bottom up and build a strong sub-district for the National Miners' Union," Fleck promised.

Fleck was elected to the Grievance Committee, which is made up of one delegate from each sub-district. These officers will convene when necessary and be paid only when actually serving. The prevailing rate of wages in the mines will be the scale for all officers of the National Miners' Union, the convention decided.

Delegates were particularly anxious to vest full control in the hands of the rank and file, and the entire organizational plan reflects this. Appointive power was eliminated, an easy recall of officials provided for.

The following statement of policy was adopted unanimously by the convention:

"We declare it to be our policy to organize all mine workers in this district under the banner of the National Miners' Union, regardless of political or religious beliefs, or of color or nationality. We declare we will not tolerate any discrimination because of creed, color or nationality and will in addition defend and promote the right of free speech and

Red Candidate



David H. Kaufman, who is candidate for State Representative from the 15th Worcester, Mass., district on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. He is bringing the Communist message to the workers of Worcester. Many of them will vote for him and the other Red candidates in the coming elections.

press and assemblage as our union must be made a truly educational institution wherein the membership shall learn how best to defend their interests and promote class solidarity towards the end that they may obtain those things that rightfully belong to them.

Honest Leadership.

"We declare that this union shall be controlled by the membership, by the organization of the rank and file governing bodies which shall hold all power in the union, and who shall be the deciding body in all organizational and contractual matters. The officials of our union shall be responsible direct to the membership for their actions and our union shall strive to have only class conscious rank and file officers serve them and paid only such wages as the mine workers themselves receive.

"We declare it to be our policy to obtain the highest wages possible and the best working conditions obtainable for our membership. We shall even fight to obtain a six-hour day and a five-day week in the coal mines of this country. We shall strive to obtain a national agreement for all mine workers of this country, and we are convinced that when strikes are necessary to enforce our demands that an injury of one is the concern of all and can only be corrected by all workers in the industry striking nationally.

JAIL COMMUNIST IN LOS ANGELES ANTI-RED DRIVE

May Try to Frame Charges

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girls refused to talk with the police, and Schneiderman and Zimmerman declared that they had a right to distribute literature to servicemen, pointing out the preparations for a new imperialist war.

Capitalist Press Yelps.

Tremendous publicity has been given to the arrests by all newspapers of Los Angeles, huge headlines announcing "Red" Raiders Nab Children," "City Wide 'Red' Plot," "U. C. L. A. Boy and 3 Girls 'Captured'," "L. A. School 'Red' Regime Plot Bared" and "Federal Authorities Act in L. A. Soviet Plot Case."

One newspaper declared: "Letters to eastern officials of the Communist group were seized also and told of the work among organized fighting bodies, the R. O. T. C., national guard and the navy."

Part of the "evidence" against Erenberg are leaflets calling on soldiers, sailors and marines to "support your fellow workers in their struggles for better conditions" and to "refuse to act in strikes."

Fear Frame-Up.

Indications that frame-up methods and forgery will be used in the efforts to railroad Erenberg to prison is seen by a statement that the Communist youth leader may be charged with setting fire to an auditorium several weeks ago to "impress" prospective members of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Such ridiculous claims show the desperation of the authorities and their determination to use every effort to crush the workers' opposition to militarism by force.

The International Labor Defense here has retained an attorney to defend Erenberg.

I. L. D. Fights For Erenberg.

The national office of the International Labor Defense yesterday announced that the organization has retained an attorney in Washington, D. C., to fight the move to deport Erenberg, in addition to the attorney working on the case in California.

GERMAN STRIKES LOOM IN CRISIS

Half Million Workers Involved

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fects about 60,000 textile workers. The strike impetus is so strong that many observers here have declared that a general textile strike would occur before the date set for the lockout.

The Hamburg shipyards are at a complete standstill due to the strike of the 50,000 shipyard workers and as yet there has been no move on either side to attempt to settle the strike.

Dawes Plan Grips Workers

The strike wave is generally attributed to the increased cost of living and the refusal of the industrialists to raise wages. It is pointed out that the Dawes Plan has acted as a vice upon the workers and that the high cost of living is largely due to the large imports of gold and the decline of production in the artificially boosted industries, both of which are necessary for the Dawes plan payment which shortly falls due.

Gov't Fears General Strike.

The crisis is so severe that the National Federation of German Industry, in order to save its members from bankruptcy, has appealed to all industrialists to stop development during the next year and only build up what they already have. This action is considered to be a maneuver on the part of the industrialists to justify lockouts and their refusal to meet the increased cost of living by higher wages.

The press here points out that a situation similar to that which existed in the British general strike of 1926 may result, and the manufacturers insist that the government set up a compulsory arbitration system, which would be similar to the British anti-strike legislation.

Jingo Airship Arrives in U. S.

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sky. It was just 4 p. m. when the largest thing that flies passed by the tallest building in the world—the Woolworth tower.

The dirigible continued uptown, passing over the vicinity of Union Square and the Daily Worker building at about 4:15. It circled over the heart of the city and then headed back into the south toward the hangar at Lakehurst.

IMPERIALIST RETURNS

PARIS, Oct. 15 (UP).—Georges Clemenceau returned to Paris today by automobile from his summer vacation in Vendee.

WATSON "ICED" AT NEGRO MEET

Given Cold Welcome by Negro Republicans

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CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—There was little applause when senator James Watson of Indiana, was introduced at a political meeting here. The Negro audience did not welcome him as enthusiastically as the republican party officials were led to expect, and to the contrary gave him the well known cold shoulder. Watson, whose affiliation with the Ku Klux Klan is known throughout the country, although he sat on the speaker's platform during the entire meeting, did not speak because of a "sore throat." He was scheduled to make the principal address of the evening. When introduced, he made a bow and sat down without saying a word.

The republican leaders are reported to have said that they surmised that the senator's withdrawal "may have been" due to anti-Watson sentiment among the Negroes.

USSR Enlarges R.R.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Oct. 15.—The Presidium of the State Planning Commission of the Soviet Union has decided that during the next five years of transport development, 18,100 kilometres of railways lines will be laid. This will include 2,200 kilometres, now under construction, 11,200 kilometres of new main lines and 4,700 kilometres of local railway branches. At the end of this period, the general extension of the railroads will total 83,978 kilometres. The cost of the proposed construction will amount to 1,895,000,000 roubles.

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ONE of the best methods of carrying on election work is to see that the DAILY WORKER is placed in the hands of as many workers as possible. During the period of the Election Campaign we will sell the DAILY WORKER at \$6.00 per thousand. No meeting or campaign rally should be without a bundle of DAILY WORKERS.

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TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS

Designed By Fred Ellis

THE VOTE COMMUNIST STAMP

Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.

To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.

PRICE:

Book of eighty stamps, \$1.00. Can be re-sold at 10c per page of eight stamps.

Quantity lots: 50 books for \$50; 90 for \$75; 125 for \$100.

THE VOTE COMMUNIST BUTTON

A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.

VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.

Can be sold anywhere for a dime.

PRICE:

5c in lots up to 100.

4c in lots up to 1000.

2c in lots up to 5000.

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National Election Campaign Committee

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

43 East 125th Street

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Enlist in the Defense of the Soviet Union Fight Against the War Danger Vote Communist



I PLEDGE TO

Defend the Soviet Union at all costs.

Never to forget the experience and the suffering of the working class in the Imperialistic World War.

Always and forever to fulfill my Revolutionary Duty to the working class.

Name	Amount	Name	Amount

COLLECTED BY:

Name	City
Street	State

Return this list with names at One Dollar each no later than October 25th to DAILY WORKER, 26 28 Union Square, New York, N. Y. All Greetings received will be printed in the Russian Revolution Special Edition of the Daily Worker which will appear October 25th.