

Chicago Mass Protest Rally Challenges Police Terror

Investigation Of Brutalities Is Demanded

Haywood Cheered as He Calls for Renewed Struggle for Rights

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 8.—"Our demonstration of more than 10,000 Negro and white opponents of fascist war against Ethiopia was a brilliant success, showing that the people of Chicago are ready to unite against war and fascism, and in defense of their basic right to speak for peace," declared Harry Haywood, Negro Communist leader, amid prolonged applause and cheering as he appeared at the protest mass meeting at Boulevard Hall, 366 West Forty-seventh Street.

This was Haywood's first public appearance since his arrest and beating at Saturday's "Hands Off Ethiopia" parade and demonstration.

Police and Red Squad detectives attempted to intimidate the meeting by massing at the hall.

Haywood, still weak from the effects of the brutal attack made upon him by police, and able to walk only with the aid of crutches, spoke to a crowded hall which cheered his dramatic defiance of the police at the anti-war demonstration when he spoke to the assembled throng from a roof in defiance of the police ban. The keynote of his speech, which found ready response from the enthusiastic crowd, was that the masses had won a victory against reaction which must now be consolidated and advanced by united action of all anti-war people in the city.

"Greatest Rally in Five Years"

"We have learned that in fighting for the independence of war-mangled Ethiopia, we are also fighting for our own rights against fascist reaction and brutality right here in our own city," Haywood continued. "The fact that we staged the most magnificent successful demonstration of the past five years shows the spirit of militancy that is abroad among the people. We brand the city authorities with gross violation of the rights of the people. We charge them with gross violation of the laws guaranteeing us the right to free speech and free assembly, laws which they are sworn to protect. It is the city authorities and police who showed themselves the most flagrant and cynical lawbreakers. They called this united front demonstration a 'red' demonstration, thinking that in this way they could confuse the issue and divide us. But they failed. The Communist Party proudly pledged and pledges its support to this fight, and Communists proudly stand in the front ranks of the fight. But this is also the fight of every lover of peace, of every hater of fascism and Mussolini's war plans which are now more menacing than ever. This is the fight of every single liberty-loving individual who wishes to defeat the terrible menace of Hitlerism and Reactionism in this city."

Investigating Commission Named

Dr. Arthur G. Falls of the Urban League announced the formation of an investigating commission to look into the facts of the police brutality on Saturday. Dr. Falls is the secretary of the Joint Conference for the Defense of Ethiopia which sponsored the demonstration. Thomas M. McKenna of the American League Against War and Fascism, outlined the tasks which lie ahead, among which are the planning of another conference. The meeting, following his outlined plan, adopted resolutions calling on the City Council for an investigating committee to be formed that will include the Socialist and Communist Parties, Urban League, Civil Liberties Committee, the American League, and other interested bodies. It was proposed that this committee have the right to subpoena witnesses and take actions against whomever it finds responsible.

Meeting Monday

Miss Kathryn Johnson, noted Negro writer, one of those arrested, told of the excellent work of the Joint Committee and its true united front character. Other enthusiastically greeted speakers were Raymond Sarocco, Italian editor, and J. Law, of the International Labor Defense.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Joint Conference will be held Monday evening at the Lincoln Center, and all organizations are urged to affiliate with the committee, whose headquarters are at 1337 South State Street, Room 212. A special notice has been sent to all those who were injured Saturday to report at the International Labor Defense office, 1701 West Madison, or at 1337 South State to sign affidavits which will be taken to the Mayor this week.

Dillon Withdraws Labor Bill Test

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convention and the demand for a fully industrial union makes chances for the A. F. of L. in an election very slim. Reference to previous conferences with General Motors is likewise deceiving, as that was only in Toledo and Norwood, Ohio where strikes forced partial recognition.

Announcement of Ogburn's action as authorized by the A. F. of L. came more than a week ago. Withdrawal ordered now again shows that Green hesitates to bring the Wagner Bill to a test, in fear of its legalization of company unions or similar organizations and thereby throwing a wet blanket over Green's glowing promises on the strength of that bill.

Meanwhile a Brotherhood of Allied Automobile Organizations was formed consisting of the union in the Hudson plant which left the A. F. of L. more than a year ago under the leadership of Arthur Green, believed to be a company agent, and the Automotive Workers Industrial Association which is under Coughlin's influence. More than 30 locals are claimed by this organization. Green is secretary-treasurer.

The Michigan Manufacturer and Financial Record, organ of the manufacturers here, expressed pleasure that the workers are being split with the help of Green's dictatorial methods and Coughlin's semi-fascist policy. The last issue features its main article under the title "Manufacturers Undisturbed by Auto Union Activities."

Nazis Howl as the Bremen 5 Are Freed

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answered with an expression of regret by the U. S. Government and promises of "vigorous prosecution" of the six Bremen defendants.

U. S. Silent on Simpson Case

The U. S. State Department, however, has never protested to the Nazi regime in the case of Lawrence B. Simpson, an American seaman who on June 28 was taken off the American liner S. S. Manhattan while the ship was in the port of Hamburg. Simpson, charged with possession of anti-Nazi literature, is still held in a Nazi prison in Germany. The July 26 anti-Nazi demonstration demanded his release, as well as a halt to the violent persecution of Jews, Catholics, Protestants and militant workers by the Nazi rulers.

Neither Hull nor Luther would disclose details of the Nazi protest, but the Nazi agent told newspaper men that his discussion with the Roosevelt Cabinet member was "friendly."

Marcantonio Intervenes

Meanwhile, Representative Marcantonio, telegraphed the State Department from New York that Brodsky's decision was "eminently fair" and asked that the five exonerated defendants be permitted to recite their cases before a reply is made to the Nazi protest. Marcantonio's wire follows:

"Hon. Cordell Hull,
"Secretary of State,
"Washington, D. C.

"Press reports that German Ambassador will lodge formal protest over the discharge of defendants in the Bremen ship case. Before the State Department takes action in this matter it is only fair that the defendants' side be presented. I insist as chief counsel for the defendants that the defendants' case be placed before your department before you reply to any protest or message received from the German Embassy. Decision rendered by Judge Brodsky was eminently fair on the law and on the facts. Request hearing to substantiate this statement. I await your immediate reply."

Drolette Still to Face Trial

Edward Drolette, the one defendant ordered held for the Grand Jury by Brodsky, is out on bail. Magistrate Brodsky rejecting the demand of the prosecution that higher bail be set. Drolette is held on the trumped-up police charge of "assault" and "possession of metal knuckles." The I.L.D. is planning a vigorous mass and legal fight against his frame-up.

The New York district of the I.L.D. will hold a victory celebration at Manhattan Lycium, 66 East Fourth Street, on Friday, Sept. 20, at which time plans for the defense of Drolette will be outlined.

Defense counsel, headed by Representative Marcantonio, included Joseph Tauber and Edward Kuntz, I.L.D. attorneys, who have been in the case since its inception.

Recognition on the part of Brodsky of the indignation of the American people at the open flaunting of the Nazi emblem at the open

from Goebbels' Ministry of Propaganda.

The Berlin Boersen Zeitung tearfully exclaimed that Brodsky's verdict "represents a far greater insult to Germany than the incident in New York harbor." It attacked the United States as a "madhouse."

Attack American Flag

The Lokalanzeiger also slapped out savagely at the American people, and characterized the American flag as a "gangster flag." The Lokalanzeiger quoted Brodsky's characterization of the Nazi swastika flag as a pirate flag.

The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung calls the verdict "an unheard of insult to Germany." The paper concludes with a threat to the U. S. Government:

"Let the American Government not deceive itself regarding the degree of German (read Nazi) resentment. A land in which a judge dares designate the German flag (It was the Nazi swastika flag—Ed.) as a pirate flag must realize that this makes all international relations problematical and that there is also something wrong in its own domestic situation. It is now up to Washington."

No Steps Taken To Jail Bomber

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are "searching" for the Communist section organizer.

Lawrence Emery, section organizer, and other active Communist workers were in the headquarters yesterday but found everything taken away by the police, including typewriters and mimeograph machine. Immediate steps will be taken to demand the return of the property and that a serious attempt should be made to find the fascist criminals who had endangered the lives of the people in the neighborhood.

The theory that "patriotic citizens" placed the bomb was totally discredited.

"No patriotic citizen would be so low," Lawrence Emery said. "This was the work of mean, fascist cowardly stool-pigeons who late at night, when no one might see them, would attempt such deeds. These are agents of the motor manufacturers who object to our activities. The people in the neighborhood are friendly and responded to our meetings in increasing numbers."

Spies Exposed

Strong suspicion was aroused that the bombing of the headquarters might have been inspired by Jacob Spolansky, notorious industrial spy, who is now reported in the employ of the Chrysler Corporation, organizing their "service" men. Spolansky has won a reputation as an arch spy organizer for the past 15 years, and has been identified in provocative work in many strike struggles. The program of work of the section in the Chrysler plant was the main feature in the discovery of the "plot." The tasks set by Unit 2 of the plant were prominently publicized in the Hearst paper here.

In addition, Clyde Morrow, a school-pigeon, discovered recently and exposed by Unit 2 of the Communist Party, is also believed to be working in cooperation with Spolansky.

While the Hearst and other papers sought to give a weird tale of the discovery of a "plot" to overthrow the United States and how everything was planned in "strict secrecy," much of the publicity was of tremendous value in educating the Detroit workers on the aims of the Communist Party. In addition to plans of the Party in the auto plants, long excerpts were reprinted from the "Communist Party Manual on Organization" by J. Peters, especially from the part describing how the Party operates.

One of the great "discoveries" is that the Communist Party grew to embrace 2,500 street nuclei, 500 shop nuclei, 250 sections and 30 districts.

Prominent publicity to Peters' handbook accounted for considerable sale of the pamphlet yesterday, according to the Modern Bookshop, 3537 Woodward Avenue, where all pamphlets discovered by the Times reporter, and much more are on sale.

Passaic Labor Moves for Unity In Next Elections

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 8.—At a mass meeting of the Passaic Council Labor Party Friday night, the Executive Board of the Labor Party announced that it will not run any candidates against the so-called labor candidates running in this year's elections. This included the withdrawal of Charles Vigorito for Mayor. Charles Vigorito will run for Assembly on the Labor Party ticket.

War Mongers Act to Discredit U.S.S.R. for Its Peace Policy

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humanity into a second World War, and calling upon the capitalist nations to carry out their pledges, the New York Times correspondent in Greece, in an obviously propaganda-infused and editorialized story tries to picture the Soviet Union as an economic aid of fascist Italy. The editors find it to their purpose to feature this distorted news in one of the most conspicuous places in their paper.

In the early Sunday edition they were content to give the anti-Soviet venom a two-column head near the top of the page, next in importance only to the news of negotiations at Geneva. In the final morning editions, the Times editors considered the story so valuable, so damning to Litvinov's peace declaration and the clear expression of Soviet policy, that they expanded the body story into two columns for more prominent display.

Trade Pact Discovered

The New York Times suddenly discovers that the Soviet Union has commercial treaties with Italy and is carrying on trade. They further find that Italian Fascism, which has transferred its whole economy into a war economy, is utilizing the products which it purchases in increased quantities from the Soviet Union for its campaign against Ethiopia.

The most dastardly detail, however, is the headline which reads: "Soviet supplies help Italy's war moves; Communist sailors man the cargo vessels."

With just as much truth they could have said: "Soviet trade with Germany helps Nazis prepare anti-Soviet war; Communists man ships delivering supplies to Hitler." The same could be written with regard to trade with Japan, the United States, Great Britain, Poland, and every other capitalist country.

Who Operates the Vessels?

That there are Communist sailors on Greek ships plying between the Soviet Union and Italian ports and colonies, just as there are Socialist seamen, Republicans, Venetians, Fascist and other marine workers, has always been known. But at this particular stage in world affairs the New York Times finds it in accordance with their Wall Street policy, with the policy of world imperialism, to create the impression that Communist seamen alone man such ships, with the express intention of throwing odium on these Communists in the eyes of friends of Ethiopia and to create confusion about the real purport and power of the Soviet peace policy.

Whether those who hire the Greek freighters arriving at Soviet ports and buying oil, lumber, coal tar, coal, and other such products and pay for their products in cash, appear as Italian purchasers or not is not stated nor is it of the greatest importance. The Soviet Union has always expressed its readiness to trade with ALL capitalist countries.

In fact, Lenin considered it one of the greatest victories of the proletarian revolution in Russia when the bitterest enemies of the workers' fatherland were forced to trade with the "vicious Dictatorship of the Proletariat." Lenin foresaw that this would breed contradictions. But these contradictions arise out of the main contradiction in the world today—the existence of the Land of Socialism on the one hand, and capitalism on the other.

These contradictions of trade between a Socialist country and a capitalist land, even a Fascist regime, whose significance are now distorted by the boss press in relation to Ethiopia, arise inevitably out of the fact that a Socialist country, striving for peace, deals with an imperialist nation, plunging to war. But only the bankers' sheet like the New York Times, or agents of counter-revolution such as the Trotskyites, or incorrigible enemies of the proletarian revolution in Russia, such as the Socialist Old Guard, can try to twist this to mean the deliberate assistance of the Soviet Union to Italian Fascism's plans for war against Ethiopia.

Two Enemy Systems

The two enemy systems, existing side by side, are forced to trade with each other and find it mutually beneficial. That the imperialists at all times in the purchase of oil from the Soviet Union utilize it for their bombing planes, for preparations for war, for their armies oppressing the masses in the colonies, was always known. But intelligent, honest people understood this contradiction. They saw, yes, gains to imperialism, but above all they saw greater gains to the bulwark of the world revolution, the Soviet Union, which became a greater and more powerful force for peace and for succor to the oppressed colonial masses in all the colonies.

In the stories about Soviet trade

assistance to an imperialist bandit. Neither did anybody else raise the question when Soviet trade was carried on with Italy in 1927. Then the Fascist bombers attacked the Senussi in Libya, slaughtering them by the tens of thousands. Soviet oil was extensively used in the Fascist transport ships and naval vessels.

No, it was not necessary then. The Soviet Union had not yet become the tremendous force for peace that it is today.

Bourgeoisie Worried

The Five-Year Plans, which have built such gigantic Socialist industry in the Soviet Union and created the powerful defense force that worries the bourgeoisie of the world, did not yet exist.

Only now, when the whole world can see the power of the Soviet Union on the side of peace, the growing international importance of the Soviet Union against capitalism's efforts to plunge the world into war, that the most unscrupulous arguments of Soviet trade are prominently displayed and used as a smokescreen against the real force of the Soviet Union in the Italo-Ethiopian issue.

But this argument, as other, and previous attacks, will fall by the wayside. The barrage against Litvinov's so-called silence was effectively destroyed forever by Litvinov's speech at Geneva that left no doubt to the world that the Soviet Union stood on the side of peace and Ethiopia, and for every measure that would in any way avert war.

Mussolini, in the interim, however, can expect valuable aid from all enemies of the Soviet Union on this score. The Trotskyites, who look upon the danger of war against Ethiopia as a new avenue and opportunity of vituperation and attack on the Soviet Union, will do their share.

The Leader and Times

The New Leader with its close connections on the New York Times, even anticipated the Times argument on Soviet-Italian trade. They will find this "issue" an excellent camouflage for their fight against the united front of Socialists, Communists, Negro and white in the United States to assist the Ethiopian people.

All enemies of the united front of Negro and white, championed by the Communist International, will try to utilize this question of Soviet trade, to overcome the effect on the Negro masses of Soviet Union's support to Ethiopian independence.

All the more, it is up to all real friends of the Ethiopian people, of the necessity of rallying the greatest world-wide united front behind Ethiopia and against Italian Fascism, to exert themselves more than ever now, to smash the new lying, slanderous campaign against the Soviet Union.

What Would Stoppage Do?

Would the stoppage alone of Soviet trade with Italy at this time help Ethiopia? It certainly would not. It would, on the one hand, intensify the threats of world war. It would play into the hands of Hitler, driving the Nazis and the Italian fascists closer. The Soviet Union would become a violator of its treaties and pledges without one whit hindering Mussolini's war preparations.

Yet the Soviet Union is the only country that has expressed its willingness, in an effective form, collectively with all members of the League of Nations, immediately to carry out the economic sanctions against Italian fascism, even if this means military action, to stop the invasion of Ethiopia.

But the Soviet Union is not ready to oblige the Nazis, Japanese imperialism, and Polish fascism, in their desire for an excuse to single out the Soviet Union as an aggressor.

Stopping trade in wheat, lumber, oil, coal, etc., with Italy, the Soviet Union simultaneously would not stop trade with other capitalist countries. Mussolini would be able to obtain the same Soviet products through the subterfuge of Greek, British, American, Danish or other brokers. The reality would not be changed.

The Work of the Hearsts

But the Hearsts, the Deterdings and other enemies of the Soviet Union could talk about the Soviet Union, breaking its treaty pledges so far as trade was concerned, and thereby hinder Soviet trade elsewhere, the very trade which Lenin considered as a victory on the side of the Soviet Union, and a powerful means of helping the construction of Socialism in the Soviet Union.

Is this the first time that Soviet products have been utilized by an imperialist power in its war against a colonial people? Of course not! The Japanese imperialists, bitter enemies of the Soviet Union, bought oil, lumber, manganese, coal and iron from the Soviet Union during the whole period of the invasion of Manchuria.

And did anybody seriously charge, as the imperialist press and their Trotskyist and Old Guard Socialist

assistance to an imperialist bandit. Neither did anybody else raise the question when Soviet trade was carried on with Italy in 1927. Then the Fascist bombers attacked the Senussi in Libya, slaughtering them by the tens of thousands. Soviet oil was extensively used in the Fascist transport ships and naval vessels.

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All the more, it is up to us now to inform the widest masses of the real significance of the Soviet peace policy, tenaciously adhered to, which becomes one of the greatest weapons of the hosts fighting Fascism and War.

Women Press Meat Strike

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to W. A. Ayres, chairman of the Federal Trades Commission, which has been ordered to investigate high food prices, and to President Roosevelt, he requested an immediate inquiry to begin in Detroit. In ordering the investigation the Congress has not appropriated the necessary funds. Dingell, himself in the meat business, wrote:

"I am of the opinion that the meat packers—more specifically the big four—Swift, Armour, Cudahy and Wilson—are selling meats and edible meat products for less in the smaller cities and towns in the agricultural areas and charging a higher wholesale price to the butcher and wholesale meat dealers in the big cities. I am certain that the same practice prevails in other cities."

"The big four, without doubt control the price of meat. The small local packer must of necessity conform because of the danger should he undertake to buck the price established by the big four."

Because, following the blast and wrecking of the East Side headquarters of the Communist Party, leaflets were found directing members of the Party to be active in the meat strike, the local police department and newspapers again sought to discover the strike against high meat prices as a Communist movement.

In resolutions adopted at mass meetings of women held in many sections of the city Friday night, housewives and workers were told that this was a continued effort of the packers and their agents to split the solidarity of the workers. In regard to the headline in the Times announcing the "link" with Communists, the housewives recalled in their resolution, the first week of the meat strike when Times' photo-

graphers were taking part in the

World Labor Called To Fight War

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transport of arms and materials into Italy, and for bank clerks upon learning of financial operations with Italy to report this for general information.

Rome Denies "Truce"

ROME, Sept. 8.—Declaring there was no truth in the statement that the Italian delegates promised that Mussolini would not give orders to attack to its army surrounding Ethiopia, a Fascist official spokesman here declared that nothing could interfere with the determination to control Ethiopia by all means.

It is pointed out in official circles here that delay in military action is primarily due to the continuation of the rainy season in East Africa, which is no longer this year than usual.

At the same time, Mussolini tried to cover his indomitable drive to war by pacifist phrases today. In a speech to 15,000 war veterans gathered at Rome for a pilgrimage, Mussolini declared that "Italy desires peace, provided it is accompanied by justice." Since "justice" in the current Italian Fascist dictionary means complete military and political domination of Ethiopia, Mussolini's waving of doves of peace were considered more in the nature of clay pigeons.

British Fleet Called Ready

PARIS, Sept. 8. (U.P.)—The newspaper L'Ouvre today said that Anthony Eden, British Minister for League of Nations Affairs, has given Geneva circles to understand that the British fleet "is ready for any emergency."

Continuing, the article said that the question of a vote by the League of Nations Council on closing of the Suez Canal in event of Italian-Ethiopian hostilities is mentioned more persistently in Geneva every day.

Other sections of the French press highlighted the serious situation created by the East African dispute.

Pertinax, political commentator of the Echo de Paris, emphasized rising world opinion against Italy as a result of Benito Mussolini's African plans.

Fascist Youth March

ROME, Sept. 8 (U.P.)—Italy's military preparedness of its younger generation was demonstrated today when 30,000 selected fascist youth, all bearing muskets, paraded before Premier Mussolini.

The youths, between the ages of 14 and 18, were selected from all Italy to demonstrate youth's physical military fitness. They were members of the Fascist Avanguardista.

For more than an hour the boys marched along the Corso Umberto through the Piazza Venezia where Mussolini stood in a reviewing stand, and then proceeded to the Via Del Imperio for inspection.

Suez, Egypt, Sept. 8 (U.P.)

Francis M. Rickett, British capitalist who negotiated oil concessions in Ethiopia for the Socony-Vacuum Oil Company only to have them repudiated by the American State Department, reiterated today that he possessed a 75-year lease.

Despite cancellation of the leases by the American oil firm, Rickett, who arrived here from Ethiopia enroute to Europe, said that he will find other investors.

"I have a contract," Rickett said, "signed, sealed and delivered between Emperor Haile Selassie and myself for 75 years, and I have five years to find the necessary capital."

Litvinoff's Speech Stirs All Europe

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youth in common with the youth throughout the world.

From the Lenin Mausoleum, V. M. Molotov, chairman of the Council of People's Commissars; L. M. Kaganovich, Chief of Railroads, and numerous other members of the government reviewed the great procession. First past the tribune came Young Pioneers, shouting their snappy and youthful slogans. After the Pioneers marched countless detachments of the Young Communist League, and of the Osoviakhim, the Society for Air and Chemical Defense. Later came the aviators and parachutists, followed by broad columns of youth from all districts of Moscow.

When darkness came, balloons rose in the air and the sky was flooded with rays from powerful searchlights.

"The young Bolsheviks," said Lykhanov, secretary of the Moscow Committee of the Y.C.L., in his speech, "are taking part in the

4,000 Clerks Picket Today

Today promises to be a decisive day in the strike of the 12,000 garment shipping clerks, now entering its second week, as strikers will marshal their forces for the biggest picket demonstration yet staged and a crucial conference of David Dubinsky, president of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union, and other union officials with seven manufacturers' associations is scheduled to take place at 11 A. M.

According to Philip Gosseen, manager of the Ladies' Apparel Shipping Clerks' Union, which is conducting the strike, 4,000 pickets, including the families of the strikers, are expected to participate in the demonstration. An airplane with a large streamer reading "Don't Scab on Shipping Clerks' Strike" will circle over the garment district.

The conference with the employers is to consider arbitration of the strike.

In the meantime the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union is speeding its preparations for the half-day stoppage of its 100,000 members on Wednesday. The workers have been called to cease work at 2:30 P. M. and march to the Madison Square Garden, where amplifiers will be provided for an overflow meeting. According to Julius Hochman, chairman of the suit and dress joint board of the I.L.G.W.U., the meeting will hear the proposals of the union officials for the renewal of the agreement which expires at the end of the year.

Charles Zimmerman, manager of Local 22 of the I.L.G.W.U., who will be chairman of the meeting, hinted that if the strike of the shipping clerks is not settled by then, the Madison Square Garden rally will consider proposals for definite action to aid the clerks.

8,000 March Against War and Fascism

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and civilian population, under the most difficult illegal conditions, for the military defeat of Mussolini in Ethiopia. The Italian masses have no enthusiasm for fascism's war plans in Ethiopia. Daily there take place mutinies of rebellious soldiers in the Black Shirt army. Two days ago a whole regiment mutinied against Mussolini's officers. We the Italian workers of this country must fight against the shameful efforts of Mussolini's agents to arouse hatred and chauvinistic animosity between the Negro and Italian workers of the U. S. We must stand united in the defense of Ethiopia and for the defeat of Mussolini's war plans."

James Ashford, Negro youth leader in Harlem and member of the National Committee of the Young Communist League, exposed the miserable conditions and widespread unemployment of the Negro and Italian youth in Harlem, giving rise to crime and widespread misery.

Campaign Chairman Speaks

"The Communist Party in the election campaign now opening in New York State and city elections fights militantly for unconditional and full social, racial and political equality of the Negro people. Our election campaign is used not only as a means of electing Communists to the Board of Aldermen and State Assembly, but also to mobilize the toiling masses in the defense of Ethiopia and against war and fascism," declared Carl Brodsky, election campaign manager of the Communist Party.

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