British Troops Kill 17 Rhodesian Strikers

How Democracy Is Defended in the Empire

by GEORGE PADMORE

THE killing of 17 African workers in the rubber fields near Beira, Mozambique, is the latest example of Britain's ruthlessness in the defense of its African possessions.

The workers were struck for higher wages and better working conditions. The British government is determined to crush the strike by any means necessary.

Padmore argues that the British government is using the strike as an opportunity to demonstrate its commitment to maintaining control over its African territories.

Padmore concludes that the strike is a significant development in the struggle for African liberation.

F.D.R. Ready To Involve U.S.A. in War

"American White Paper" Describes President Wilson's Plan to Help Allies Make U.S. Leader

by ENRIQUE LINDLEY

The American "White Paper," which sets forth President Wilson's plan for the allocation of the U.S. resources for the war effort, has been issued. The document outlines the president's proposals for the reorganization of the U.S. economy and the allocation of resources to the Allies.

The document is seen as an important step in the process of mobilizing the U.S. economy for war. It is also seen as a reflection of President Wilson's commitment to the principles of self-government and self-determination.

The document has been praised for its clarity and for its emphasis on the importance of involving the American people in the war effort. It has been criticized for its lack of detail and for its failure to address the issue of military strategy.

Negroes Must Unite To Fight For Freedom

And Take Advantage of Imperialist Crisis

by JAY LOWSTEINE

The African struggle for freedom is at a crossroads. The United States is in a position to play a decisive role in this struggle by taking advantage of the current imperialist crisis.

Lowstein argues that the United States should support the African struggle for freedom, both in terms of providing military and economic aid and in terms of providing moral and political support.

Lowstein concludes that the United States has a moral obligation to support the African struggle for freedom and that it should do so in a way that is consistent with its own principles of democracy and self-determination.

Trinidad Labor Faced With War-Time Repression

The Trinidad Labor Party has been facing increased repression as a result of the war. The government has been targeting the party's leaders and members, and has imposed a number of restrictions on the party's activities.

The party has been critical of the government's policies, particularly its support for the war effort and its failure to address the issues of economic inequality and political oppression.

The party has been calling for a united front against the government, and has been urging the people of Trinidad to resist the repressive measures.

Spanish Loyalist Families Settle in Ecuador

Spanish Loyalist families have been settling in Ecuador. The families have been receiving support from the government and from voluntary organizations.

The families have been facing a number of challenges, including housing, employment, and education. The government has been providing housing and employment opportunities, and the voluntary organizations have been providing educational and cultural support.

The families have been welcomed by the Ecuadorian people, who see them as an important contribution to the country's cultural diversity.

The settlement of the families has been seen as a significant development in the process of building a more inclusive society in Ecuador.