## Against a "New" Party And a "Fourth" Int'l

## by Will Herberg

One thing at least is clear from the statement of the minority of the National Committee published in the last issue of The Workers Age and from the article of Comrade Zam in this issue: The minority believes that we should take the course of the formation of a new party in the United States and other capitalist countries and a new International on a world scale. other capitalist countries and a new International on a world scale. But why the minority insists on new International on a world scale. But why the minority insists on this fundamental change of orientation, why Comrade Zam suddenly veers to a view which he has fought for many years, this remains a deep and dark mystery! But it is precisely this mystery that Comrade Zam must dispell if he wants the group to take his contentions seriously.

In his two documents Comrade Zam presents the following "reasons" for a change of orientation:
(1) "At the present time the Communist Party (Opposition) is faced with the need for a reexamination. with the need for a reexamination of its main course. In the four-and-a-half years of our existence, we have had valuable experiences bearing on our perspective. To these experiences have now been added the experiences of the Oppositions in other countries and (2) particularly the recent events in Germany..." Our orientation as a group was "of great value in the first stages of the struggle" but it has now become obsoicte. (3) A group in its very nature, declares Comrade Zam in his statement, is "unstable"—it tends to become either an ingrown sections. ment, is "unstable"—it tends to become either an ingrown seci (like the Trotskyites) or else real-iy a party without the name (like the C. P. O.)

Are these statements "reasons" or mere empty verbiage devoid of meaning? To mention "four-and-a-half years experience" and let it go at that, is hardly enough. What happened in these four-and-ahalf years of experience of our group in America to require a change of orientation? What marks this "new stage"? Our perspective has not been realized, says Zam; that is, we have not yet either won the party or become the party! But what makes four-and-a-half years a magic number? Why, at this Are these statements "reasons" Why, at this spair of our magic number? a magic number? Why, at this point, must we despair of our course? Why not one year, two years, five years? To speak abstractly of "dead formulas and living realities" is all very fine but gets us exactly nowhere.

At this point Comrade Zam introduces a curious argument. Precisely because we have made.

At this point Comrade Zam in-troduces a curious argument. Pre-cisely because we have made much headway in our mass work and in building up our group under our old orientation, he declared in the course of the discussion in a New York unit, must we now change it because it her now become on York unit, must we now change it because it has now become an "obstacle"! Believe it or not!

But then there is Germany! We must change our orientation because the "German catastrophe is only a forerunner of similar catastrophes for the Communist movement in other capitalist countries if the present course is continued and if the Communist Opposition does not succeed in developing an does not succeed in developing an instrument with which to counteract the catastrophic results of the
ultra-leftist policies of the official
Communist parties." Perfectly
true! But this was equally true
and equally obvious a year ago.
Did not Eam know then what was
going to happen in Germany, that
the catastrophe would come unless
the German Opposition would be
able in time to counteract the effects of the party's ultra-leftism?
Obviously! What Zam does not
show, and what it is absolutely
essential for him to prove to justify his right-about-face, is that as instrument with which to counteressential for him to prove to justify his right-about face, is that as a group we cannot, in the nature of the case, overcome the ultraof the case, overcome the ultra-leftism of the party. That the C.P.G.-O. did not succeed in doing P.G.-O. dia no.
no argument, for common services from his own exponents objective failure for Comrade Zam ly kingws experience that insuperable objective condi-tions often kad to failure in spite of a correct crientation and sound lactics. Here again Comrade Zam ealthly proceeds to assume what he has to prove. Why is a new party

the only way to overcome the ul-tra-leftism of the official party and to avoid the threatening catastro-phe?

The argument of the "instabili-The argument of the "instability of a group as a group" is too absurd to take seriously. Comrade Zam does not seem to realize that, if it is true, then we have been a party in fact for many years now. Why, then a new orientation?

I return to the original question:
Why a new party, Comrade Zam?

\* \* \*

One of Compade Zam?

One of Comrade Zam's "big issues" is the claim that there is a bad contradiction in declaring, on the one hand, that the party is more amenable than ever to Opposition influence today, while making it clear, on the other hand, that the party leadership is reverting to the old "third-period" lunacies? But where is the contradiction? Precisely the reversion to the insamities of 1929, in the present situation (the events in Germany, the recent developments in the insanities of 1929, in the present situation (the events in Germany, the recent developments in the American labor movement, etc.), is what is making the party etc.), is what is making the party membership more accessible to our influence. Look at Germany! The membership more accession membership more accession influence. Look at Germany! The German Opposition has tremendously improved its relations with the C. P. members and lower organizations not only because, in some instances (the trade union question, for example), the official party leaders have veered in its direction, but also and perhaps primarily because the official party leadership and the Comintern in the face of desperate reality, insist on justifying the suicidally disastrous tactics which led to the awful catastrophe. We should learn from Germany, Comrade Zam!

contradictions Zam involves The inextricable contradictions in which Comrade Zam involves himself are strikingly obvious when his "arguments" rise to an international level. He consumes whole paragraphs to prove that the present official C.P.s are "hopeless", are increasingly inaccessible to our Opposition includes whole paragraphs the present official C.P.s are the present official C.P.s are "hopeless", are increasingly inaccessible to our Opposition influence. Then suddenly we discover that his new International is to be a "temporary measure"! "Temporary" until when—until the "hopeless' Comintern sections are rehabilitated, until the "inaccessible" (Comintern sections are won? It seems that the old devil of the perspective of winning the official How come, spective of winning the C.P.s rises again! How Comrade Zam? come,

Comrade Zam?
Furthermore, Comrade Zam's new International would, he insists, have no section in the Soviet Union. This determination does much more credit to Comrade Zam's revolutionary heart than to his Marxist head. Why, if the parties headed by Browder and Thaeltes headed by Browder and Thaeltes headed by Stalin, whose purpose the former are? We have Stalin, who stalin, who were stalin, who were staling to the staling with the staling staling with the staling staling staling which is the staling st party headed by Stalin, whose puppets the former are? We have always pointed out that the root source of the crisis in the Comintern is the monopoly of leadership held by the C.P.S.U. (the Staling group) in the C.I., the fact that the Comintern parties are mere mechanical extensions of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, acompletely dominated by the lead ership of the latter and without any independent political life of any independent political life of their own. Comrade Zam is ready to make a heroic renunciation of the tail as "hopeless" but somehow he seems to quail before the dog itself.

dog itself.

Finally, what kind of International would Comrade Zam's be without a section in the Soviet Union? He himself says it would be a "kind of new Communist International"—a very curious characterization indeed! A Communist International is supposed to be the International is supposed international general sta to be the ational general staff of the revolution but it would not representation from the world include very citadel of the world revolu-tion, from the country of the first proletarian state! An International at without a Soviet section would either be no International at all al without a liternational at all of their be no liternational at all or else it would be an anti-Communist body, living only by virtue of an inevitable anti-Soviet orientation. This is the most obvious C.

And what would be the natural character of Comrade Lum's new (Continual on Page 1)

tive and constructive role in their present aspect, Trotskyism repre-formation and development. sents the only logically self-con-sisten and thought-out theory for AGAINST THE "NEW" a new party and a new Internation This theory is based on totally PARTY VIEWS false, even anti-Communist, premises but that only makes (Continued from Page 6) striking its thorogoing character its refusal to shy at "unpleasant"

latter's

munist Opposition plays a posi-tional labor movement. Under its

party if, by any miracle, it ever

came to acquire a bodily existence?

parties if the International Com-

Such a party would be "based on Communist fundamentals and in-

ternal party democracy and not on the tactical and strategical platform of one of the groups or tendencies of Communism." But obviously the official party (Stalin) tendency would not adhere to Com-

rade Zam's party. It would then become a mere anti-Stalinite block, the various elements having nothing in common except their opposition to Stalin, each for its own reasons. It would become a veritable sewer for all the disreputable

odds and ends in the left wing of

American labor movement, bound together by a tie of a very

questionable political character, a tie which will often be hard enough to distinguish from plain anti-Sovietism!  $\mathbf{At}$ slightest the provocation

Zam waxes indignant about the "Red herring of Trotskyism". "Is this a discussion with the minority or is it a debate with the Trotskyites?" Comrade Zam asks rhetorically. Neither. Comasks rhetorically. Neither, Comrade Zam! It is a discussion of

the international situation and the

tasks of the Communist Opposi-And in this discussion the new aspect of Trotskyism and the plans and partly accomplished deeds of the Trotskyites in the direction of a "new international labor movement" in partnership with the centrists, are perhaps at least as important as Comrade Zam's illdigested outbursts. Is it not monumental conceit to insist that the

Comrade Zam's alleged ments"? But there is a deeper reason why

discussion be limited exclusively to

than to apply his political warnings of 1932 to himself and to the minority of today!

consequences. It goes the whole

hog and therefore it shows the

way to the more timid brethren.

Comrade Zam once lectured Com-

rade Gitlow on the "objective logic of his step" and brushed aside the

with the perfectly correct remark: "It isn't where you want to go that

counts; it is where the objective

logic of your course is driving vou!" And today, Comrade Gitlow

who left our group because, forsooth, we were "tending to Trot-

skyism", is openly negotiating with

Comrade Zam could do worse

the Trotskyites for a merger!

protestations

indignant

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Trotskvism must inevitably come to the fore in any discussion of the present situation in the interna-