PEACE PLAN FOR MID-EAST

EVEN TO those who have watched with grave concern the seemingly irresistible march of the Arab and Israeli countries toward war will breathe easier because of the Soviet acceptance of a plan for a peaceful solution.

Not that peace is in the bag yet. But if our own government and those of other United Nations members take the urgent and earnest efforts, through the machinery of the UN, to prevent a war in the Middle East, there is every reason to hope and to work for the best.

Commerce and trade relations between the Israeli and Arab countries would thus be safe-guarded, and our own emigration to Israel, and that of Jews from the rest of the world, would be facilitated.

One of the clearest indications of the determination of the UN to stabilize the situation in the Middle East is the fact that it has called for another conference in September to discuss the situation.

Not abandoned, either, is the need for understanding and a spirit of cooperation between the two sides. This would require a step forward in the efforts made by the UN to bring about a peaceful settlement.

A WELCOME STEP

DISSOLUTION of the Cominform—to which the American Communist Party was never affiliated—is a welcome step.

It is a step in the right direction, but it is not enough. The dissolution of the Cominform will not bring about the reunion of all the Communist parties. It is only a step in the right direction.

The Cominform was formed in 1947 to bring together the Communist parties of various countries, including the United States. The dissolution of the Cominform, which occurred in 1956, was a result of differences between the Soviet Union and other Communist countries.

The dissolution of the Cominform was a step in the right direction, but it was not enough to bring about the reunification of all the Communist parties. The dissolution of the Cominform was only the beginning of the process of reunification.

A STRONG STEP

By JAMES S. ALLEN

IN MY FIRST comment on the March 4 issue of the Worker, I said that the Cominform was a step in the right direction. I stand by my statement.

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STALIN’S EXCESSES AND DISTORTIONS

Stalin’s Excesses and Distortions

By William Z. Foster

The so-called "excesses" and "distortions" of Stalin’s regime are often cited as evidence of the supposed shortcomings of the Soviet system.

In reality, these "excesses" and "distortions" were simply Stalin’s attempts to maintain his grip on power and control over the Soviet Union. Stalin’s policies were not necessarily in the best interests of the Soviet people, but they were effective in maintaining his own rule.

Stalin’s policies were often brutal and repressive, and they led to the deaths of millions of innocent people. However, it is important to remember that Stalin’s policies were not necessarily the result of inherent flaws in the Soviet system, but rather the result of Stalin’s own greed and lust for power.

Today, we must continue to fight against the excesses and distortions of Stalin’s regime, and we must work to ensure that such abuses never happen again.

We must also remember that the Soviet Union, under Stalin’s leadership, achieved significant economic and social progress.

The Soviet Union was able to achieve rapid industrialization, and it was able to provide its people with a high standard of living.

Despite Stalin’s excesses, the Soviet Union was able to make significant contributions to the progress of humanity.

We must continue to honor the contributions of the Soviet Union, while at the same time working to ensure that such abuses are never repeated.

So, let us remember the lessons of the past, and let us work together to create a better future for all people around the world.

The Need for a Critical 'New Look'

By JAMES S. ALLEN

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