with the monopoly capitalist class as their centre, are the enemies ruling over the Japanese people. The Soviet modern revisionists and the Miyamoto revisionist clique are the biggest accomplices of the U.S.-Japanese reactionaries. "To overthrow the U.S.-Japanese reactionaries and liberate the Japanese people, these two accomplices must be smashed."

The manifesto pointed out that the Japanese revolution should crush counter-revolutionary violence with the people's revolutionary violence and set up the political power of the people's democratic dictatorship led by the proletariat.

The manifesto paid warm tribute to the great victories won in the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution initiated and led personally by Chairman Mao. It pointed out that socialist China has become the impregnable bulwark of the people all over the world in their struggle for liberation.

The manifesto vehemently denounced the U.S.-Japanese reactionaries for intensifying their military collusion. It pointed out that the Japan-U.S. "joint communique" issued by Nixon and Sato represents an attempt of the U.S.-Japanese reactionaries to step up their oppression and exploitation of the Japanese people and revive militarism rapidly so as to bind the Japanese people tightly to the war chariot of U.S. imperialism and mobilize Japan in an all-round manner to serve the U.S. plan of aggression against Asia.

The manifesto said: "Comrade Mao Tsetung has analysed all the contradictions in the present-day world and pointed out: 'With regard to the question of world war, there are but two possibilities: One is that the war will give rise to revolution and the other is that revolution will prevent the war.'" The manifesto made it clear that the Communist Party of Japan (Left) will stand at the forefront of the revolutionary struggle, wage a resolute struggle against the class enemies and be prepared to hit back at large-scale wars of aggression plotted by U.S. imperialism and Soviet social-imperialism.

The manifesto pointed out in conclusion: "We will hold aloft the red banner of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and unite with the broad masses of the Japanese people to strike down U.S. imperialism and the traitorous Japanese reactionaries and carry through to the end the great and glorious cause of liberation of the Japanese people."

The congress adopted a "political report" and a Party constitution and elected the Central Committee of the Party.

Study Mao Tsetung Thought by Integrating It With Revolutionary Practice of Australia

The Vanguard, organ of the Communist Party of Australia (Marxist-Leninist), in an article on December 18, 1969, calls on Australian Marxist-Leninists to study Mao Tsetung Thought systematically and integrate it with Australia's revolutionary practice.

The article says: "As the class struggle sharpens it becomes ever-more necessary to study systematically the works of Chairman Mao Tsetung." Mao Tsetung Thought is contemporary Marxism-Leninism.

It continues: "Mao Tsetung Integrated Marxism-Leninism with the concrete practice of the Chinese revolution which he led and is still leading. No other revolutionary leader in history has had such long experience in leading revolutionary struggle."

It states: "Without question Mao Tsetung is the Lenin of today."

"Only by using the weapon of Mao Tsetung Thought can the struggle against modern revisionism be waged. If there is no struggle against revisionism then there is no revolutionary movement but only class collaboration."

Sternly denouncing modern revisionism for undermining the revolutionary struggle of the world's people, it notes that today the world is aflame with revolution. The decisive battle against imperialism has been joined. Modern revisionism has been thrown up against the proletariat and other working people in a desperate attempt to divert and break down their struggles. The revisionist traitors now in the leadership of the Soviet Union have made preparations for an aggressive war against the centre, the foundation of the world revolutionary movement, China. Hence the struggle against the revisionist traitors is vital. It is in this struggle that the revolutionary parties of the proletariat will be built and the way cleared for the victory of the world proletarian revolution.

In conclusion, the article emphasizes: "The weapon with which we will defeat revisionism is Mao Tsetung Thought. Let us study Chairman Mao's works with the concrete needs of the Australian revolutionary movement in mind and these needs, in the words of Chairman Mao are: 'A well-disciplined Party armed with the theory of Marxism-Leninism, using the method of self-criticism and linked with the masses of the people; an army under the leadership of such a Party; a united front of all revolutionary classes and all revolutionary groups under the leadership of such a Party — these are the three main weapons with which we have defeated the enemy.'"