

# PAMOJA VENCEREMOS

*Together we will win*

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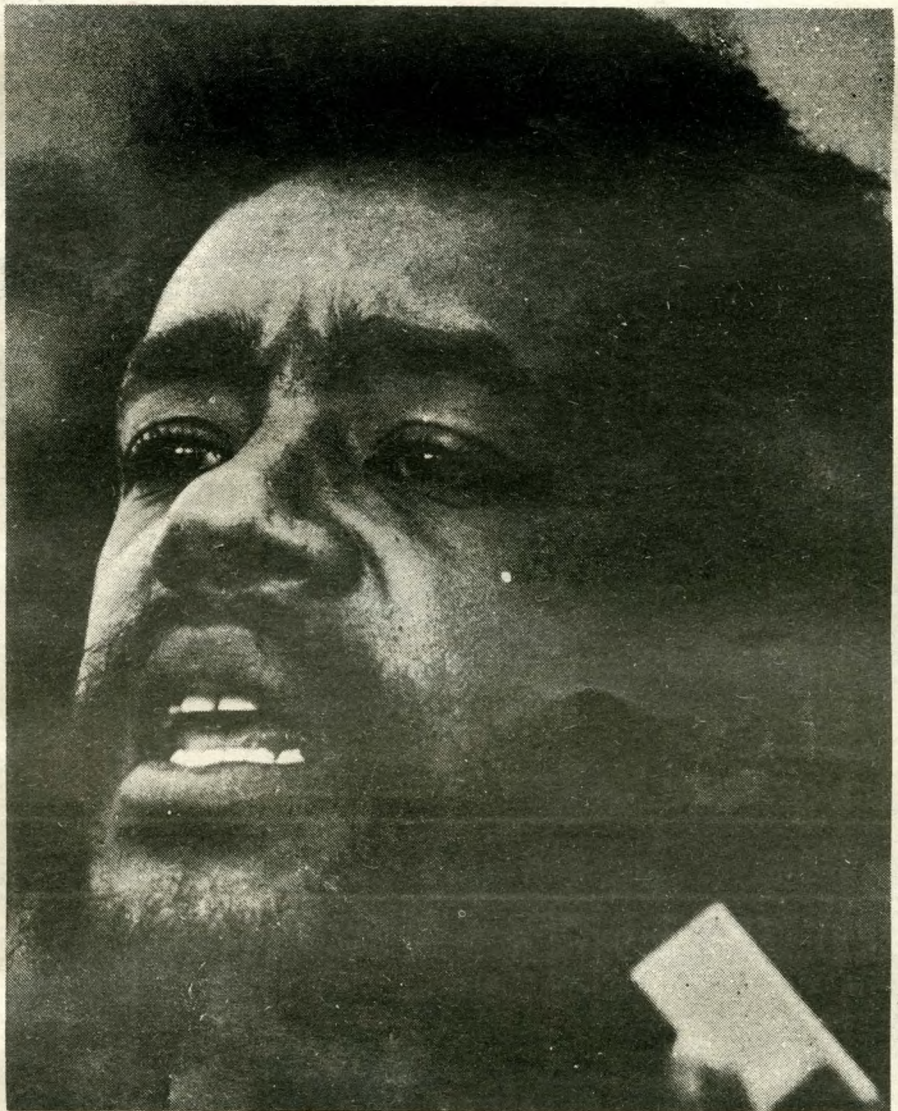
PENINSULA INTERCOMMUNAL NEWS SERVICE  
SERVICIO DE NOTICIAS INTERCOMUNALES DE LA PENINSULA

JUNE 1, 1971  
1 DE JUNIO DE 1971



*Welcome Home  
Bobby  
&  
Ericka*

*Bienvenido  
Bobby  
&  
Ericka*



SEE STORY ON PAGE 6-7

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# <sup>2</sup>HUMAN RELATIONS COMMISSION

## "I JUST WANT TO TESTIFY..."



SGT. PRONSKE'S RAIDERS, BUSTING A PEACEFUL PARTY

\*\*\*There will be a special Human Relations Commission meeting on June 2, at 7:30 at 590 Hamilton St., in the County Government Center, to probe into police brutality and helicopter harrassment.\*\*\*

Redwood City, May 20: About 45 people attended a firey Human Relations Commission (HRC) meeting in the San Mateo Co. Supervisors Chambers here, when HRC Commissioner Jacobs presented a preliminary report on the party busts of: 2740 Devonshire, April 2, with 15 arrests, and the April 3 bust at 1369 Edgewood Rd., with 42 arrests.

Sgt. Pronske's raiders unleashed dogs and clubs at both raids; numerous persons required medical attention for dog bites.

Commisioner Jacobs reported that brutality charges levelled at Sgt. Pronske's police were not confirmed in interviews he conducted with Edgewood area residents.

Jacobs also said the Sherriffs Dept. claimed their dogs bit no one, that dogs were in control and will not bite those who hold their leash. Area newspapers, however, reported that several police were bitten by their own dogs in the raids.

At Jacobs' inference that charges of police brutality were unfounded, spectators, many of whom were witnesses to the raids, rose to denounce the allegation.

One woman said, "If you, the HRC, won't deal with police brutality which you know exists, the people will deal with the police themselves. They have no other choice; you are the only people we can come to. You are our last resort. The Commisioner retorted that he was reporting what area residents said, his report was preliminary and that no in-depth investigation could be held until trials are completed. Responding to loud spoken frustration with the HRC's inaction, he maintained that they have no authority over the police or city council.

Commisioner Harrison said, "This commision is sincerely trying to work for the people. We have to get the facts. Police shove us around when we are at the scene. Please give us a chance!"

People plan to see if the HRC is true to its word by gathering affidavits from doctors who treated people for dog bite wounds after the party raids.

ALSO, ANY VICTEM OF POLICE BRUTALITY OR HELICOPTER HAR-

ASSMENT SHOULD WRITE A STATEMENT (affidavid) SPECIFYING TIME, DATE, PLACE, WHAT HAPPENED, AND ANY WITNESSES, AND PRESENT THE AFFIDAVID TO THE HRC MEETING. HRC meets the third thursday of each month at 7:30 P.M. in the Board of Supervisors chambers, County Courthouse, Redwood City.

Commissioners implied that they would act if a solid case of police brutality was handed to them on paper.

The boisterous meeting broke up as the people announced that San Mateo County Sheriff's cars were parked in lots surrounding the courthouse. At least one VW van leaving the meeting was tailgated all the way to El Camino by police. Presence of police indicate how uptight police are about the light people are shining on their behavior.

Commissioners claim that they are willing to rush to the scene of a bust if they can be notified in time, in order to witness police behavior instead of conducting post mortem investigations. Their names and numbers are:

HRC office- 369-1441 ext 2838

Jose Puentes- 583-3132

Jim Forrest- 341-8455

Leonard Thomas- 368-1485, 368-7314

Robt Jacobs- 349-2151, 323-4054

Lillian Meadows- 324-1118

## Make The Old Pig Sty Serve The People

On Wednesday, May 19th, the Public Works Committee of Palo Alto met to discuss two things. One, a beautification project for downtown Palo Alto; and two, what to do with the old pig station. After waiting and listening to one and one half hours of bull-shit on the first item, the second item came up.

City Manager George Morgan laid down the cost of \$37,000 to tear down the building. He also gave all kinds of figures for remodeling the inside of the building to bring it up to "building code specifications." Right now, Bank of America wants to buy it, tear it down and use it for a parking lot for their new bank going up on University Avenue. Also, capitalists in the community want to turn the station into Carmel-type shops. The committee really digs these ideas because they would bring in revenue for the city.

Two sisters got up and spoke on uses for the pig station that would benefit the people of the community. One sister mentioned that it would be ideal for a child care center. Another sister suggested that a drop-in drug center is really needed in Palo Alto.

The next City Works Committee meeting is Tuesday, June 1, at 7:30 P.M. Members of the community must come together to stop the pig capitalists from using a people's building for a profit-making business.



THIS IS HOW REDWOOD CITY POLICE MAKE ARRESTS ON BLACK PEOPLE





# SHERIFFS HARRASS BLACK LIBERATION FRONT

Since the fascist attacks by police at the April 9th peaceful demonstration at Stanford University Hospital, because of which 31 people have now been arrested, the police are focusing their attention on the most capable and progressive elements of the East Palo Alto community of California. Their most recent target is Christopher Laury, a member of the Black Liberation Front, who had actively participated in the hospital workers struggle since its beginning and was elected by the hospital workers to represent them at the negotiation table.

Chris Laury was arrested on May 7th, 1971, for the alleged beating and torture of Mary Jane Schmidt, a senior clerk at Stanford Hospital. (Mary Jane Schmidt claims she was attacked in her home in East Palo Alto by two black men and that they knocked her down and kicked her, breaking her ribs, and burned her face with a cigarette lighter, because she refused to support a work stoppage at the hospital. She described her assailants as being 6'2" and heavily built, and 5'6" and 140 pounds. Chris is 6'1" and a skinney 162 pounds.) Also arrested was Leo Bazzile, former B.S.U. Chairman at Stanford.



Sam Bridges

A political science teacher at Venceremos College (a nearby community college), Chris Laury was arrested in front of East Palo Alto Black Liberation Front Headquarters, where he resides. Police had made several unsuccessful attempts to enter the house, but had been warned that the B.L.F. members inside were ready to defend themselves, if necessary. Bail was set at \$12,500 and later reduced to \$6,250. When the money was finally raised and presented in form of a cashier's check, they



Christopher Laury

refused to take it, though they always accepted them before.

The following Monday, May 11, 1971, the fascist police force conducted a daylight raid on the B.L.F. headquarters, supposedly in search of a butane lighter, which is said to have been used in the case of Mary Schmidt. Six patrol cars participated in the raid. Close to 200 community people gathered outside the house and witnessed the gestapo police steal the residents' weapons. No butane lighter was found. Police were heavily armed and had sur-

rounded the house using dogs and shotguns to intimidate the people, and the community was righteously angry. People threw rocks at them and they (the pigs) scurried about their business, cause they knew they should not have been there.

Chris Laury is charged with two felonies, capable of sending the brother away for quite some time. There is concrete evidence as to the brother's whereabouts the night this was supposed to have happened. We cannot allow the fascist machinery to put another brother away on some trumped up charges because of his political activities.

One week later, on May 16, 1971, Samuel Bridges, a black ex-Stanford hospital worker (whose firing led to the April 8th and 9th sit-in and who is also one of the Stanford 31), and Chris Laury were enroute to visit a friend in Ukiah. After being under intensive observation during the ride, they were pulled over by the California Highway Patrol; and because of a .45 automatic (used for target practice by the B.L.F.), which was on the floor of the car and in full view of the police, they then threw the brothers on the ground and beat and tried to intimidate them. The racist California Highway Pa-

trolmen called the brothers, "Goddamn nigger bastards. You Black bastards weren't going to shoot anybody, were you?" Both brothers sustained injuries to the ribs and head. The pigs then drew their revolvers, attempting to frighten the brothers into telling of their most recent political involvements. The fascists claim the gun was loaded and in the hands of Chris Laury; they also claim marijuana and an open wine bottle were found in the car. The brothers pleaded not guilty.

A Black Liberation Front Defense Committee has been formed to bring a halt to the racist movement to send these brothers to jail and crush the movement of Third World People in the Mid-Peninsula area. Your support is needed; money is needed for lawyers and for the production of more informational literature. Keep these brothers free.

Free the B.L.F. 2

Free the Stanford 31

FREE ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS

Send contributions to:

Black Liberation Front Defense Committee  
2735 El Camino Real  
Redwood City, California  
or call:  
(415) 323-6848

## Ray Martinez Sentenced For Fighting Back

Last May, Raymond Martinez of Watsonville was sentenced to 40 days in the Santa Cruz County jail for disturbing the peace. The charge was made by Robert Bowman, Principal of Watsonville High School. He said Martinez shouted at him in a private meeting in Bowman's office where they were discussing the suspension of Ray's daughter, Nancy.

In January and February, Ray organized picket and pamphlet lines in front of St. Patrick's Catholic Church in Watsonville. The pickets protested the greed and discriminatory practices of the local Catholic churches. Over the past two years, the Church has denied the use of its facilities to poor people. When the people asked for a church hall to run a breakfast program, the church said they could rent it for \$25 dollars a day.

The pickets exposed the church's discrimination against the poor. In separate incidents, name calling, racial insults and physical attacks on the picketers by churchgoers occurred, but the district attorney refused to press charges.

One of the churchgoers who had harassed a black picketer was Doug Millar, Nancy Martinez's English teacher. On the Monday after the picket, Ray asked his daughter Nancy to deliver a message to Millar--"Stop harassing the pickets or I'll kick your ass." When Nancy gave Millar the message before the class, he sent her to the Dean of Students, Ron Staley, who suspended her for the day.

Tuesday Nancy discovered she was suspended for two more days and had been transferred to a different English class. Ray went to see the principal that morning instead of waiting for a Thursday appointment. Before Ray arrived, Bowman called the police to say Martinez was coming, and there might

be trouble. The police didn't come.

In a 15 minute meeting between Bowman, Martinez and his brother, and Staley, Ray stated that Nancy should not have been suspended for simply relaying a message. Bowman told Ray that church picketing was not under his authority but Nancy was. Ray urged Bowman and Staley to start listening to the people or there would be trouble. A loud argument among them followed, and, seeing that the bureaucrats would not listen, Ray left.

Bowman called the police again to file a complaint. He charged Ray with obscenity, for calling him a "mother-fucker." Instead of arresting Ray, the police had the D.A. phone Ray's lawyer, who was to notify Ray of the charge.

Ray's case was continued from February until late April. Ray's lawyer worked with Nancy and Mrs. Maggie Martinez, building a case against the school district. To enable the lawyer to work full time on Nancy's case, Ray took a public defender. He asked for a jury trial and pleaded not guilty. Ray felt his case could serve as political education for the lawyers and the jury.

When the trial began April 29, under Judge Harry Brauer, several detectives were in the audience as well as some supporters of Ray. Staley and Bowman testified that Ray had used abusive language at their meeting and was obviously upset. The lawyers played until Ray interrupted the proceedings to demand justice--that the racism, the church picketing and the school discrimination be allowed as evidence.

The judge was scared shitless. He dismissed the jury and waited for Ray to finish. When Ray finished, the judge recessed the court to compose

himself. He told Ray to be silent- or be gagged when court resumed.

On the second day of the trial, testimony from Bowman's secretary showed Staley's voice as the loudest in the argument. The case went to the jury- two hours later Ray was found guilty. Ray's sentencing set for May 3.

The hearing between the school's representatives and Nancy was held on the second day of Ray's trial. On one side was; Santa Cruz County Council, Lynn Finney; Pajaro School Superintendent James Runge; Principal Bowman; Doug Millar; and Nancy's counselor, Mr. Sullivan. On the other side was Nancy, Maggie, and Nancy's lawyer.

In the course of the hearing, Doug Millar apologized to Nancy for his mistake and agreed to work with her in his class. Nancy agreed to work with Millar as long as he didn't interfere with her politics. But the County Counsel refused to let Nancy back in Millar's English class, because "she was a very hostile young lady," and they were not going to be intimidated. Principal Bowman also said she might not receive credit for English, even though she is being tutored by an accredited teacher, because she refuses to go to another English class. Both Nancy and Doug Millar had resolved their hassle, but the principal and the County Counsel insist on enforcing their racism and prejudice.

Ray's sentencing came Monday. The Watsonville court often has a high school class sit in to observe American justice and afterwards question Judge Brauer. But Ray's sentencing was suddenly placed at the end of the calendar so that the students would not be there to observe and question the sentence. Judge Brauer then gave Ray 40 days in the Santa Cruz County jail for speaking out, for picketing the church, for challenging America's racism and fascism. In and around the courthouse during the sentencing were six pig cars and a paddy wagon. What were they expecting? The revolution!

Margarita Martinez  
San Jose



# 'All White Jury Finds Aaron Guilty

Chicano revolutionary leader and Venceremos College director Aaron Manganiello was found guilty on May 26 by an all-white jury in Palo Alto of assault on Assistant Fire Chief Barr of the Stanford Fire Department. Aaron was originally charged with assault and battery on Officer Wayne Warwick of the Stanford Police Department (in plainclothes at time of incident) and also assault and battery on Barr--a total of 4 misdemeanors.

At one time a pacifist, Aaron used to leave his doors unlocked to anybody and everybody--until the police started coming to his home. He used to play trumpet with John Handy and teach non-violence for the Student Non-violent Co-ordinating Committee (SNCC). He got suspended for selling HOW WE GOT INVOLVED IN VIETNAM on the College of San Mateo campus before most Americans understood what that involvement means to us.

He went on a hunger strike at the napalm plant in Redwood City (later the force of public opinion drove the plant away) until he got pneumonia from being hosed down during the night. Before most people knew what napalm is, Aaron lay down in front of napalm trucks in Redwood City. For that crime he was sentenced to six months suspended and a fine.

Aaron was the one who found out quite accidentally about the contract that professor Rambo of Stanford had with the CIA.

Like a lot of us, Aaron moved from pacifist to revolutionary. He became Minister of Education for the Brown Berets. He was a leader in the militant struggle to make the College Readiness Program at CSM relevant to Third World students. He was tried and found innocent of several charges (the state kept changing them) resulting from that effort. When the CRP gave in to pressure from ex-Stanford-Trustee-now-Assistant-Secretary of Defense David Packard himself, Aaron founded Venceremos College in a continuing struggle to help provide relevant education for poor and minority people.

He went over to Stanford Jan. 28 to



AARON IN THE FOREFRONT OF A REDWOOD CITY, LOS SIETE DEMONSTRATION

be legal counsel for a minority student when she was up before the Stanford Judicial Council for participation in the disruption of Henry Cabot Lodge's speech. Lodge had been invited to speak by the Hoover Institute and was supposed to be received politely in honor of his efforts to promote world peace through being a chief planner and pusher of the war in Southeast Asia.

Aaron, along with many people who had come to support the defendants, was not allowed in because the Fire Department said too many people were in the room. When people tried to get inside, Warwick grabbed Aaron by the balls and Aaron, finding that Warwick wouldn't stop even though Aaron yelled out what was going on, reached over and hit Warwick. During the trial the state dropped the charge of assault on Warwick because it was obvious that

Warwick instigated what happened. The jury also found Aaron innocent of battery on Warwick.

But there were three charges in all. The way these things go, if the state charges you with several different things, a jury will generally find you guilty of at least one--a compromise! Of course it's not really a compromise if you're innocent of all three, but the jury thinks it is nice of them not to find you guilty of all three.

So Aaron is now declared guilty of assault and will be sentenced. In the eyes of the people, Aaron is guilty of no crime. In the eyes of the state, Aaron is guilty of being a Chicano and a revolutionary.

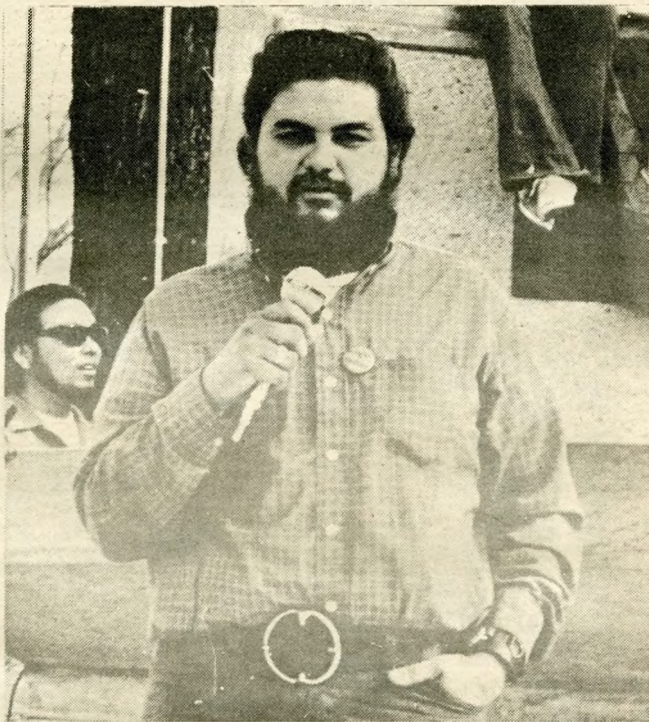
Aaron will be sentenced on June 24 in the Municipal Court of Palo Alto at 2:00 p.m.

## Aaron Fue Hayado Culable Por Un Jurado De Todos Blancos

Revolucionario Chicano lidere y director del Colegio Venceremos, Aaron Manganiello fue hayado culpable el 26 de Mayo por un jurado de todos blancos en Palo Alto de asalto al asistente jefe de bomberos Barr del departamento de bomberos de Stanford. Aaron originalmente fue cargado con asalto y golpeo al oficial Wayne Warwick del departamento de policia de Stanford (traia ropa particular al tiempo) y tambien asalto y golpeo de Barr - con total de 4 cargos de menor quantia.

A un tiempo Aaron era pacifista, dejaba puertas abiertas a todos pero cuando empeso ha entrar la policia cambio. Tocaba la trompeta con John Handy y era maestro de no violencia para el Student Non-violent Co-ordinating Committee (SNCC). Fue suspendido por vender (COMO NOS ENVOLVIMOS EN VIETNAM) en el colegio de San Mateo antes de que la majority de los Americanos comprendian lo que significaba este entremedio.

Se pusa ha hayunar en la planta de napalm in Redwood City (despues la fuerza de opinion publica movio la planta de ahi) hasta con mange-ras de agua durante la noche. Antes de que la gente sabia lo que era napalm Aaron se ponía en frente de



BROTHER AARON AT THE CHICANO MORATORIUM

trokas de esfuerzos de atraer paz mundial siendo el jefe de planear y llevar acabo la guerra de sureste Asia.

Aaron, junto con mucha gente quien habian venido en apoyo de los de-

fendientes, no fue permitido adentro por que el departamento de lumbre dijo que mucha gente estaban en el cuarto. Cuando la gente trato de entrar, Warwick cojio a Aaron de los huevos y Aaron vio que Warwick no lo soltaba aunque Aaron grito lo que habia pasado, y golpeo a Warwick. Durante el juicio el estado quito el cargo de asalto a Warwick porque era obvio que Warwick comenso lo que comenso. El jurado tambien hayo Aaron inocente. Pero habian tres cargos. Como van las cosas, si el estado carga a uno con varias diferentes cosas, el jurado haya a uno culpable de menos un cargo. No es nada bueno si uno no es culpable de nada pero el jurado cree que es bueno no hayar a uno culpable de todos.

Asi es que ahora Aaron esta declarado culpable de asalto y sera sentenciado. En los ojos de la gente, Aaron no es culpable de ningun crimen. En los ojos del estado, Aaron es culpable de ser Chicano y revolucionario.

Aaron sera sentenciado el 24 de junio a las dos de la tarde en la corte municipal de Palo Alto.



# MOUNTAIN VIEW RALLY



On Thursday, May 20, more than 40 people demonstrated against the Armed Forces Recruiting Center at 655 W. Evelyn St. in Mountain View. This was the second demonstration at the Center, and the demonstrators pledged to continue actions against the recruiters until the Armed Forces are forced out of Mountain View, saying, "If Nixon won't get Mountain View out of the war, we'll get the war out of Mountain View."

The demonstration was the second called by the Mountain View Citizens for Peace and endorsed by Mountain View Venceremos. However, Thursday's demonstration was carried out by a broader group than was the earlier action. Demonstrators included high school students, workers from nearby plants (including plants doing "defense" work), veterans, Foothill College students, unemployed people, housewives, children, members of Venceremos and the Mountain View Citizens for Peace, a Stanford women's group, and a Mountain View-Foothill College "women's army."

When the demonstrators arrived, carrying signs like "join the fastest growing anti-war movement -- enlist", they found that the building had been spraypainted with anti-war sentiments: "Vietnamese woman carry guns", "the NLF has won", and "All power to the people". They rapidly set up a picket line outside the office and sent people out to leaflet Castro Street and the downtown area.

The high point of the early part of the demonstration outside the office was the arrival of the Mountain View Women's Army, wearing red armbands and with NLF flags painted on their faces. The woman chanted "Madame Binh, Madame Binh, NLF is going to win", "We love our Vietnamese sisters", and sang songs about women's liberation.

When Army personnel, including photographers, gathered inside the locked glass door, two women attached one of the picket signs, saying "bring the fragging home," to the door. The Army took it down and put it up from the inside, displaying the other side: "Stop recruiting in Mountain View." The people cheered, and the sign was removed. The women then put up a poster saying, "The Vietnamese people are not

our enemies."

Terry Karl of Venceremos spoke about her conversations with women from Indochina, who told her that the U.S. policy of defoliation has caused a 20% incidence of birth deformities in the defoliated areas, and then the demonstrators entered the recruiting offices by the back door.

They immediately questioned the recruiter about a bumper strip displayed on the wall underneath the Declaration of Independence, showing a peace symbol and the caption "foot-print of the American chicken." After stating that the Army is "not political," the recruiter said the

strip represented a "personal opinion," rather than official policy of the office. He offered to let the demonstrators post their own "opinions" in the office, and they vowed to return to do so at the next demonstration.

The demonstrators left when someone released a stink bomb in the office.

The next demonstration is planned for the week of June 1. The groups participating in the planning of the demonstrations say they will continue to take broad-based, militant actions against the recruiters until they are forced out of Mountain View.





# 6 BOBBY Y ERICKA LIBRADOS

El presidente del Partido de los Panteras Negras, Bobby Seale, y Ericka Huggins han sido nombrados libres de todos los cargos que les hacian, por la corte de New Haven, Conn. Antes de esto Bobby gasto mas de un ano y medio y Ericka sobre dos años en la carcel por cargos de (conspiración) a muerte. El jurado resultó en incompetencia de poderlos juzgar dandolos libres en el tratado de mayo, 25 de 1971. El jurado se declaró incompetente de juzgar y siendo 11 a 1 por absolucion y asi el juez absolvió los cargos. El jurado se abstubo por 6 dias en los nueve cargos antes de declarar su impotencia a un fallo justo.

Segun uno de los jurados, estos votaron primeramente para avolir a Seale y despues continuar la discusión sobre el caso de Ericka. El voto de Ericka fue once contra uno. El unico voto fue uno rehusando a dar libre a Ericka y cuando los otros jurados rehusaron ponerse a su lado, esta entonces puso su voto en Bobby. El miembro del jurado que fue entre vistado por la estación de radio KSAN declaró que no supieron nunca porque razon voto esta dama en Bobby. La corte tubo que entermpirse algunas veces a causa ba el jurado antes de entregar su declaración. La persona del jurado que voto en contra declaro su razon en que Ericka no soñaba con miedo en el "tape" o "cinta gravada" en la casa Pantera en donde acontecio la tortura de Alex Rackley. Ericka declaró que ella participo en la interrogación de Rackley unicamente porque tenia miedo a Jorge Sams el testigo del Estado, quien habia sido declarado incompetente mentalmente por los psicologos.

Al salir de la corte en lugar de ir a su celda por primera vez despues de 2 años Ericka dijo: viendo hacia arriba! Que cielo azul tan precioso.

Bobby todavia enfrenta los cargos de rebeldia en corte de otra conspiracion en Chicago. Huey Newton, ministro de defensa por el Partido de los Panteras a pesar del gusto de que los dieron libres advoco, "Aun la lectura de las palabras 'Inocente' no justificara por esos años de su vida. La tardande su hija mai por 2 años, sino que la policia se encargo de matar su esposo Juan en Los Angeles.

El poder de la gente ha libertado a Bobby y Ericka. Si la gente no se hubiera afocado en este caso, el estado con seguridad hubiera ejecutado a Bobby y a Ericka. Pero porque el publico vigilo celosamente, el estado declaro que eran inocentes.

za de la ley no es nada nuevo para el partido o para el pobre de este pais."

Tambien adhirió que la causa de Bobby y Ericka, era la causa de todo el opreso.

Este caso empenzo en mayo de 1969 cuando Ericka fue arrestada en una redada en la oficina de los Panteras en New Haven pero el ataque verdadero contra los panteras empezo mucho mas temprano. El verano de 1968 Bobby Seale dio un discurso en Chicago durante la convencion de los Demócratas advirtiendolos se cuidaran del facismo y se armaran para defensa propia de casa a casa y de bloque a bloque como resala constitucion. Durante 1969 la policia redaba oficiales de los Panteras a traves del pais, algunas veces con el pretexto que vuscaban a Jorge Sams, su propio agente. Persecucion de Panteras individuales aumento y Bobby recibio cargos en coneccion con la conspiracion en Chicago a pesar de no tener evidencia alguna.

Bobby fue arrestado el 19 de agosto de 1969 en Berkeley y llevado a S.F. por tratar de huir por evitar. Estos cargos fueron avolidos cuando kfue cargado con conspiración de muerte en la que no haz fianza.

Ya que lo tenian encerrado lo plagiaron a Chicago en donde no le permitian se defendiera el mismo y sentenciandolo con 4 años de carcel por demandar tal derecho. Despues vuelto a San Francisco y New Haven.

Asi por los ultimos dos años Bobby ha estado encarcelado sin tener evidencia alguna.

La defensa contra Bobby por alarnos a armarnos para defensa propio nos costo' millones; de dolares a nosotros y a el, un ano y medio de carcel.

Pero como dice Huey esto es comun para el pobre o para la gente que batalla contra opresión.

Mas de la mitad de los prisioneros en California estan sin delito alguno. Ericka tambien ha sido castigada severamente por simpatizar con la causa no solo estuvo en la carcel y separada de



EL PODER DEL PUEBLO HAN LIBERADO BOBBY SEALE Y ERICKA HUGGINS.

## NLRB Decision Expected At Stanford Soon

Sometime during the near future, a decision about unionizing at Stanford is expected to be handed down by the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) in Washington, D.C. Hearings were completed last December and the Board was expected to reach a decision within six to nine months.

At stake are: whether or not Stanford workers will be able to hold an election to determine if they want a union, (and what union they want), and what parts of the university are considered to be "appropriate bargaining units."

United Stanford Employees (USE), the progressive union on campus, argued for a bargaining unit that would basically encompass all workers in the university, except faculty, professionals and supervisors. The Stanford Employees Association (SEA, a conservative, mangement-oriented group) argued that there should be two units--one including most of the women and the other most of the

men. A third group, the Teamsters, is mainly interested in a unit that would include Physical Plant workers only.

It is most likely that the NLRB will hand down a decision that one or another of the bargaining units is appropriate and calling for a worker election within thirty days.

At least three issues are likely to emerge. The first will be one of "red baiting." Some USE members are also members of Vencemos and have been actively working for revolutionary goals both as a part of and in addition to their work in labor organizing. USE has been open to all workers, unlike SEA which kicks out anyone who rocks the boat or questions the way Stanford's Board of Trustees runs the university and the world.

It is quite possible that both the university and SEA, working together as they usually do, will attempt to scare workers away from USE by labeling it "communist," "red," etc. They are hoping that people will respond to these words the way they (cont.

IT'S NOT ONLY BLACKS & COLLEGE KIDS WHO WANT TO TURN THINGS AROUND. OTHER WORKING PEOPLE & YOUNG PEOPLE - WE KNOW WE'RE BEING DONE THE SAME WAY. / AND WE DON'T NEED ANY POLITICIANS



on next page)

NO TELL US WHAT WE WANT. WE KNOW WHAT WE WANT. WE WANT TO BE WORKING PEOPLE. - PEGGY TERRY, CHICAGO.



# BOBBY AND ERICKA FREED

7

Bobby Seale, Chairman of the Black Panther Party and Ericka Huggins have had all the charges against them dropped by a New Haven, Conn., court. Bobby spent over a year and a half in jail and Ericka over two years, behind the charges of conspiracy to murder, before these charges were finally dropped. The trial, which began on October 6, ended with a hung jury on May 25. The jury was hopelessly deadlocked 11 to 1 for acquittal, and so the judge declared a mistrial and then dismissed the charges because he said that it would not be possible to find another jury, due to the publicity which the trial had been given.

The jury had deliberated for six days on the nine charges before declaring that they were not able to reach a verdict. According to one of the jurors, they had originally voted to acquit Bobby, and then went on to discuss Ericka's case. The vote on Ericka was 11 to 1 for acquittal. The

sky." Bobby still is up on appeal for the contempt of court charges he faces stemming from the Conspiracy Trial in Chicago. But on Friday, May 28, Bobby was released from prison on bail and flew home to Oakland. Chairman Bobby was greeted by 150 brothers and sisters at the San Francisco airport. These comrades rushed to welcome Bobby home as soon as they heard he would be arriving.

Huey Newton, Minister of Defense of the Black Panther Party said while he was very pleased that they were "freed" said, "Even the reading of the words 'not guilty' would not justify those years of their lives ... the law's delay is no new thing to either the Black Panther Party or to black and poor people of this country." Huey also said that the real fight to free Bobby and Ericka is the fight to free all oppressed people.

This case began in May, 1969, when Ericka was arrested in a raid on the



one juror who held out refused to acquit Ericka and then when the other jurors refused to come over to her side on Ericka, she changed her vote on Bobby. The juror, who was interviewed on KSAN radio, said that the juror who held out did not give any reasons for her vote on Bobby. The court had to be cleared a number of times because of the shouting from the jury-room while they deliberated. The holdout juror based her vote on Ericka on the fact that she felt that Ericka "did not sound afraid" on the tape which was made at the Panther house where the "torture" of Alex Rackley was carried out. Ericka said on the stand that she had participated in the interrogation of Rackley because she was afraid of George Sams, the State's star witness - a man who was declared a mental incompetent by psychiatrists.

As Ericka walked out of the court room and headed to the New Haven Green, instead of back to her cell for the first time in over two years, she said, "Oh look at that beautiful

New Haven Panther office, but the real attempt to railroad the Panthers began much earlier. In the summer of 1968, Bobby Seale gave a speech in Chicago during the Democratic convention, warning people of fascism and urging them to arm themselves for self defense from house to house and block to block as the constitution says. During 1969 the pigs raided Panther offices all over the country, many times on the pretext of looking for George Sams, their own agent.

Persecution of individual Panthers also increased, and Bobby was charged in connection with the Conspiracy Trial in Chicago, even though they had absolutely no evidence. Bobby was arrested on August 19, 1969, in Berkeley and taken to San Francisco on charges of flight to avoid prosecution. These charges were dropped as soon as a warrant came from New Haven charging him with conspiracy to murder, for which there was no bail.

Once they had Bobby locked up, they kidnapped him to Chicago, where he was not allowed to defend himself, and

where he was sentenced to 4 years in jail for demanding that right. From there he went back to San Francisco and was then extradited to New Haven. So, for the last two years, Bobby has been locked up, although the State had no evidence against him. The State's attempt to punish Bobby for urging people to arm themselves for self-defense has cost us millions of dollars, and Bobby a year and a half in jail. But as Huey said, this is not unusual for poor people and for people who struggle against oppression. Over half of the prisoners in California's jails have never been convicted of anything.

Ericka too has been punished severely for her participation in the struggle. Not only was she kept in jail and away from her daughter, Mai, for over two years, but before that, the pigs killed her husband John in Los Angeles.

The power of the people has freed Bobby and Ericka. If the people had not focused their attention on the trial, the State surely would have executed Bobby and Ericka. But because the public was watching every move, the State was forced to reveal that it had no case against the Panthers.

*Fred Lonsdale, Venceremos*

## NLRB DECISION continued

have been trained to do by the schools, newspapers, T.V., and so forth with a lot of fear and very little understanding of what they mean.

USE's task will be twofold: one, to deal honestly with what Venceremos' revolutionary program is so that workers can decide for themselves whether these are desirable or undesirable, and two, to fight for an open, progressive union, that allows for members of varying political persuasions to work together around their common problems.

The second issue at stake will be about oppression of women. There is every likelihood that an attempt will be made to intimidate women workers into voting against any union at all. Because women workers are in the main secretaries and clerical workers whose jobs keep them isolated from one another and very de-



LIBRARY WORKERS ON STRIKE

pendent upon a closely-supervising boss, they are often susceptible to this kind of false reasoning. Stanford will probably try to play on the contradiction between men workers and women workers in order to keep any union from getting elected. It is going to be up to USE to insist that men and women should not only work

together to form a strong and progressive labor organization, but that an end to the oppression of women on the campus must be a basic part of the union's program.

Finally, racism will be a factor. USE has come out strongly in support of Brown and Black workers even though its own membership has been mostly white. Since white workers are strongly in the majority, it is going to be tempting to SEA, which is likely to be USE's main contender, to quietly and subtly appeal to the racism that infects all of us who are white. USE must show that it is in the interest of all workers to strongly support the Black and Brown liberation struggles on the job and in the community. A union that succumbs to the temptation to perpetuate the racism that has kept all workers down is worse than no union at all.



# We Must Free Brother Chris

The Redwood City courts are trying to "legally" assassinate a brother. Christopher Brown, a twenty year old Black brother has been selected to stand trial alone before an all white jury. He is being tried on a murder charge by the District Attorney who claims to represent the people, but in actual fact represents the interest of the white ruling class of white, racist Amerika.

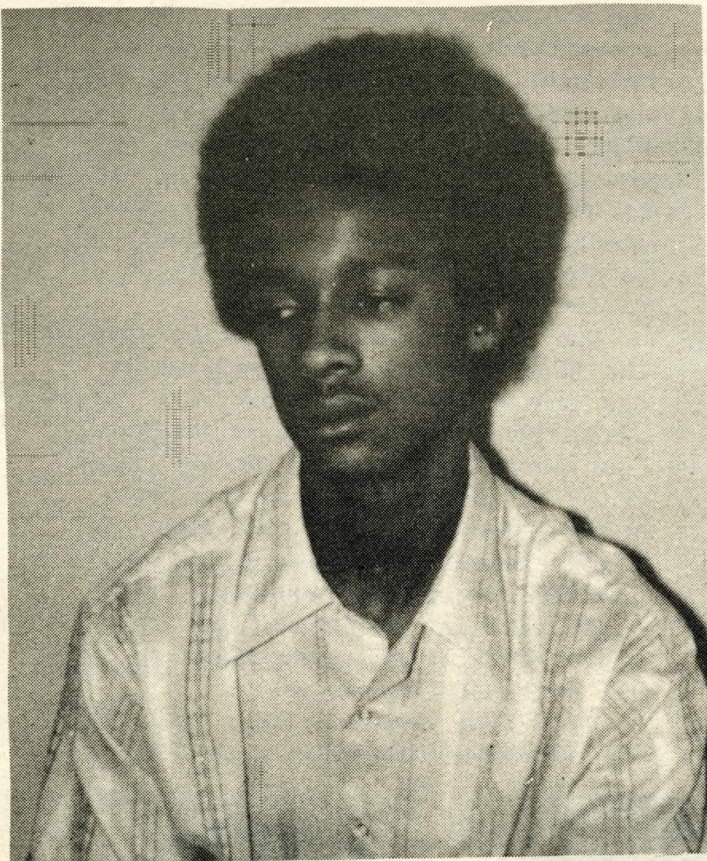
On January 15, Eugene Evilsizer was shot and killed outside Mel's Bowling Alley in Redwood City. His wallet containing credit cards was stolen.

The pigs claim that Chris used one of the victim's credit cards to buy gas and subsequently arrested him for murder and robbery based upon that circumstantial evidence.

The pigs also seized a .22 caliber weapon at Chris' girlfriend's house to try to prove that that was the murder weapon. They know that they cannot prove that. The D.A. is out there trying to win another case for his boss. The pigs don't care what evidence they've got. They want to solve the case and they're going to try to hang somebody for the murder. Chris is Black, young and militant. He fits the picture, in the eyes of the pigs, of another Black man that should be off the streets. Chris has been in jail three months. His bail was set at \$500,000.

As stated by the Black Liberation Front: We want all Black people brought to trial to be tried by a jury of their peers, or people from their Black communities, as defined by the U.S. Constitution. The Black Panther Party and other revolutionary groups have taken the same position. This is obviously not what is happening.

Chris, or any other oppressed person, cannot find \$500,000 to post



bail. He has been given a court appointed lawyer who is being paid by the state, just like the judge and the D.A. They're all buddies. What kind of justice can be expected? The jury looks so lily white racist that they have already convicted the brother without needing any evidence.

The only "eyewitness" has stated in court that she could not recognize Chris. But they want to hang him anyway.

The stage is set and the wheel of "Justice" is once again going to try to assassinate another Black man.

We cannot allow this to happen. The people must show their anger against the court system in Amerika. We must demonstrate to the people that we, the people are opposed to such trials. The D.A. is not representing the people. We are. The

court rooms must be filled with supporters of oppressed people. The news media must voice our opposition to genocide. We must show the world -by all available means- that the government does not have the support of the people.

Chris is a political prisoner. He is a victim already. All Black and Brown people are victims of this society, and when we conduct ourselves in an "illegal" manner, the ruling class must be blamed for creating the conditions that caused us to react to it. We are all political prisoners. There are thousands who, like Chris, are being set up by the state. Some of the better known political prisoners today include Angela Davis, Ruchell Magee, Huey Newton (new trial coming up), Los Siete (now underground), Bobby Seale (for contempt!).

We must set them free. We must fight to get Chris and all political prisoners out of jail, and back in the streets where they belong with the people.

We must educate one another on what's happening in Amerika. We must support one another with everything we got: Action, thought, money, time, everything!

THE POWER OF THE PEOPLE CAN AND WILL FREE CHRIS.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

BLACK LIBERATION FRONT

For further information or contributions:

BLF Defense Fund  
Redwood City  
2755 El Camino  
369-4652  
East Palo Alto  
1800 Stevens Ave.  
323-6848

## Libertad Para Chris

La corte superior de Redwood City esta tratando asesinar legalmente a un hermano. Christopher Brown, hermano Negro de veinte años, ha sido seleccionado para enfrentarse solo a un jurado completamente blanco. Ha sido acusado de un asesinato en primer grado por el abogado de distrito que esta supuesto representar el pueblo, pero quien, en realidad representa los intereses de la clase gobernante de Amerika blanca y racista.

El quince de enero de este año, Eugene Evilsizer fue disparado y matado afuera de la bolera Mel's en Redwood City. Fue robado de su cartera conteniendo tarjetas de credito.

Los puercos dicen que Chris se sirvió de una de las tarjetas de credito de la victima para comprar gasolina y lo arrestaron por asesinato en primer grado y robo, basado en esta evidencia circunstancial.

Los puercos tambien cogieron en posesion una arma calibre .22 en la casa de la novia de Chris, tratando de probar que era la arma del crimen. Ellos saben que no pueden probar eso. El abogado de distrito nomas esta tratanto ganar otro caso para su patron. No les importa a los puercos que clase de evidencia tienen. Quieren resolver el caso y quieren colgar a alguien por el asesinato. Chris es Negro, joven y militante. En los

ojos de los puercos, representa Chris una persona que debe estar encarcelado. Chris ha estado encarcelado por tres meses. Su fianza fue fijada a \$500,000.

Como ha dicho El Frente de Liberacion Negra: "Queremos que toda persona Negra traída al juzgado sea juzgada por un jurado de sus iguales, o gente de sus comunidades Negras, como es definido por la Constitucion de los Estados Unidos." El partido de las Panteras Negras, y varios otros grupos revolucionarios han tomado la misma posicion. Es claro que esto no es lo que esta pasando.

Chris, o cualquiera otra persona oprimida, no puede encontrar \$500,000 de fianza de cualquier sitio. Le dieron un abogado de la corte, que esta siendo pagado por el estado, asi como el juez y el abogado de distrito. Son todos amigos. Que clase de justicia puede salir de ahi? El jurado parece tan racista blanco que ya han hallado el hermano culpable sin necesitar evidencia ninguna.

La unica testigo, dijo bajo juramento que no podia reconocer a Chris. Pero lo quieren colgar de todos modos.

El teatro ya esta montado, y la cadena de "Justicia" sigue tratanto asesinar a otro hombre Negro.

Nosotros no podemos permitir que pase esto. El pueblo debe enseñar su furia contra el sistema de corte de



Amerikka. Debemos enseñar a la gente, que nosotros, el pueblo estamos opuestos a esta clase de juzgado. El abogado de distrito ne representa el pueblo. Nosotros, si! Las cortes deben llenarse de gente que soportan el pueblo oprimido. Los medios noticieros tienen que exponer nuestra oposicion al genocidio. Debemos enseñar al mundo entero -por todos medios posibles- que el gobierno no tiene el soporte de la gente.



# WHO IS ERVIN PRONSKE ?

Mr. Ervin Pronske is a sergeant for the San Mateo County Sheriff's Dept. He has worked for the department for the last 3 years. Sergeant Pronske gets paid between \$851.00 to \$1,075.00 a mo. for his work. For these last 3 years Third World people along with poor and hip white people have felt the harassment and hatred of this racist pig and his lackeys.

Lately Sgt. Pronske has made himself and the rest of his Raiders famous by concentrating on political arrests. Pronske's Raiders (which is also the Tac Squad for San Mateo County) includes Deputy Stanley Botto, Deputy Raymond Garibaldi, Reserve Officer Larry Jordan, Deputy McKercher, and Deputy Herborn. This is not the complete list, but these pigs are some of the most active. This group of pigs are similar to the Palo Alto Red Squad in purpose, and are the ones responsible for all of the political arrests made in Redwood City in the last year.

Sgt. Pronske led the Raiders to 3rd Ave. (Bruce Franklin's and Aaron Mangianello's birthday party), to the Edgewood Rd. party, to the Devonshire St. party and for the arrest of Bruce Franklin at the Los Siete Rally. At all of the parties he was looking for cadre (members) of the Venceremos Organization. At 3rd Ave., Venceremos buttons were found slashed by knives and the Venceremos flag, used during the Los Siete Rally was ripped off by the Raiders. At Devonshire, a man living next door to the house where the party was held was threatened by police with drawn guns simply for having a Venceremos newspaper.

Deputy Stanley Botto has participated in all of the party raids, and he also was in on Franklin's arrest.

Chris es un prisionero politico. Ya es una victima. Toda gente Negra o Morena es victima de esta sociedad, y cuando nos conducimos en una manera "inlegal", la clase mandatoria es responsable de haber creado las condiciones que nos hacen reaccionar contra ella. Somos todos prisioneros politicos. Hay miles, como Chris, que estan siendo jodidos por el estado. Unos de los mas conocidos son Angela Davis, Ruchell Magee, Huey Newton (nuevo juzgado), Los Siete (ahora operando en secreto), Bobby Seal (disturbio de corte!).

Tenemos que liberalos. Debemos pelear para sacar Chris y todos prisioneros politicos de la carcel, y tenerlos en la calle donde pertenecen con el pueblo.

Tenemos que educarnos unos a otros sobre lo que esta pasando en Amerika. Debemos soportarnos unos a otros con todo lo que tenemos: Accion, pensamiento, dinero, tiempo, todo!

EL PODER DEL PUEBLO PUEDE LIBERAR Y LIBERARA A CHRIS.

TODO PODER AL PUEBLO!

FRENTE DE LIBERACION NEGRA

Para mas informacion o contribucion:  
BLF Fondos de Defensa  
Redwood City  
2755 El Camino  
369-4652

East Palo Alto  
1800 Stevens Ave.  
323-6848

This week he led a raid on Chris Laury's house in East Palo Alto. Chris is a member of the Black Liberation Front, which has been involved in a hospital workers' struggle at Stanford. Deputy Botto is also the person accusing Sue Flores of assault & battery from the 3rd Ave. bust.

Botto is Pronske's righthand man.

Deputy Raymond Garibaldi participated in most of the party raids. He's the one who always stands on top of the court house roof with binoculars, watching the crowd during the Los Siete rallies. Garibaldi was the arresting officer in the Bruce Hobson bust. He, Deputy McKercher and Deputy Herborn were the pigs who tried to beat up Hobson. Garibaldi sat on top of Hobson with his hand around his neck on the way to the station.

Reserve Officer Larry Jordan was the first cop in the door at 3rd Ave. Jordan was also on duty during the Stanford Medical Center Sit-In. He works at the Medical Center as an engineer, servicing the sterilizing machines.

We have to point out the fact that these arrests have been directed against people who are doing either political education in the community or who are working to serve the people. Out of the 14 people who were arrested at 3rd Ave., three were working at Venceremos College, three were working at the Peoples' Medical Center, and two worked at the Peoples' Food Co-op. Some of the people arrested had a major part in organizing support for Los Siete here in Redwood City. Although arrests of political organizers are recent, it should be remembered that the people of this community have been victimized by these fascist raiders for the last 3 years.

In a recent survey done by people of the Venceremos Organization in the unincorporated area of Redwood City, it was found that not only do the people

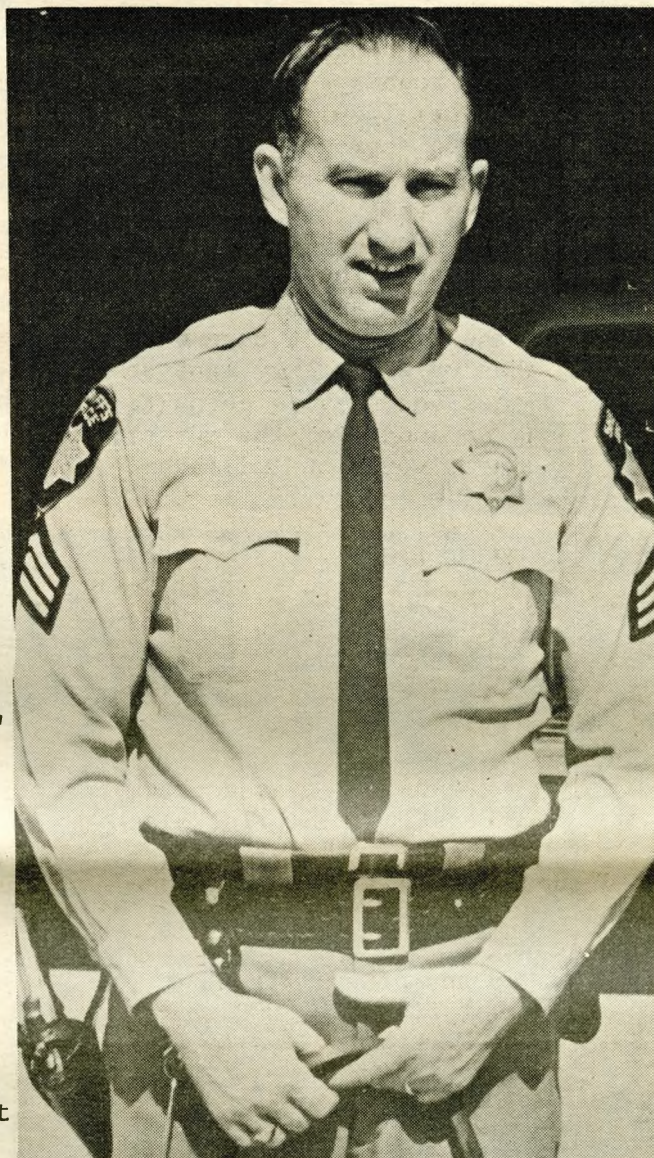
by Tomás Pillsbury, Venceremos

detest the Sheriffs, but also the Redwood City Police don't even get along with them. It seems the RCPD are very envious of the Sheriffs' power.

Not surprisingly, the slogan --- "Death to Pronske's Raiders" has been written on a number of walls in the unincorporated area of Redwood City. The people of Redwood City are getting fed up and their patience is running out.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE

OFF PRONSKE'S RAIDERS



## QUIEN ES PRONSKE ?

El Sr. Pronske es un sargento del "sheriff's department" de San Mateo County. Ya hace tres años que el trabajaba para el departamento. Él recibe un salario mensual entre \$851.00 y 1075.00 para su trabajo. En los últimos tres años, las personas del tercer mundo, junto con los pobres y los "hip" blancos, han sentido las molestias y han odiado a este puerco racista y sus ayudantes.

Recientemente, el sargento Pronske se ha hecho muy famoso por los arrestos, concentrando en los arrestos políticos. Pronske's Raiders (que es también el "Tac Squad") para San Mateo County incluye el diputado Stanley Botto, el diputado Raymond Ganbaldi, el oficial de reserva Harry Jordan, el diputado Nic Kercher, y el diputado Herborn. Y no es la lista completa, pero estos son los más activos. Este grupo de puercos son parecidos al Palo Alto Red Squad en sus intenciones. Ellos son los responsables por todos los arrestos políticos en Redwood City en este año pasado.

El sargento Pronske dirigió los invasores a 3rd Ave. (fiesta de cumpleaños de Bruce Franklin y Aaron Mangello), la fiesta de Edgewood,

ella de Devonshire, y el arresto de Bruce Franklin en una demostración por Los Siete. En todos estos casos, fue buscando el cadre de la organización Venceremos. En la 3rd Ave. se hallaron botones de Venceremos cortados con cuchillos, y la bandera de Venceremos usado en la demostración por Los Siete fue robada por la chota. En Devonshire, un vecino fue casi matado por tener un periódico Venceremos.

El diputado Stanley Botto ha participado en todos los casos de fiestas interrumpidas; también cooperó en el arresto de Franklin. Esta semana él dirigió una busca de la casa de Chris Laury en E. Palo Alto. Chris es miembro de Frente negro de liberación quien participó en la lucha de los empleados del hospital Stanford. El diputado Botto también es el chota acusando a Susan Flores de "assault and battery" del arresto de 3rd Ave. Botto trabaja como mano derecha de Pronske.

El diputado Raymond Ganbaldi participó en la mayoría de los arrestos de fiestas. Él es el puerco que siem-

(cont. on page 10)



# 10 WOMEN OF FOOTHILL COME TOGETHER

Women of Foothill College and the Mountain View Community have gotten together out of a common need. Although we have only met a few times, we are beginning to realize that working collectively, as sisters, we can deal with the problems of sexism, that we have all been finding individually in our lives.

Although many of us are on different levels politically, we can all agree on the point that men are not the enemy, but the system that perpetuates male chauvinism is. By discussing this more of us are realizing what is going to have to be done to deal with the enemy.



In our meetings we not only discuss personal problems, but we try to plan out concrete actions to be taken to solve the problems.

As a Women's Army we attended a demonstration at the Mountain View recruiting station. Acting in solidarity with our sisters in Viet Nam we painted NLF flags on our faces and carried pictures of our sisters in S. E. Asia. Painted on the walls of the station were "Vietnamese sisters carry guns" and "The people will win."

We have also set up a system of legal defense among the group. We are working with two Chicano sisters that were busted last month. Many of us are training in the use of weapons.

We are working on setting up an abortion and birth-control center at Foothill. Also over the summer we will be putting together a woman's magazine to be published monthly at Foothill, starting in Fall.

Women in the community wishing to join the group should call 948-9782 after 6P.M.



QUIEN ES ELVIN PRONSKE cont.



ONE OF PRONSKE'S RAIDERS

pre se para sobre la azotea de la corte con gemelos mirando a la gente en las demostraciones por los Siete. Ganbaldi fue el oficial de arresto en el arresto de Bruce Hobson. El, el diputado Kercher, y el diputado Herborn fueron los puercos que quisieron golpear a Hobson este tiempo. Ganbaldi se sentó sobre Hobson con la mano agarrando su pescuezo mientras iban a la estación de policía.

Oficial de reserva Larry Jordan, fue el primer puerco en la puerta de 3rd Ave. Jordan también estaba en su trabajo durante la demostración del Centro médico de Stanford. Trabaja en el Centro Médico como ingeniero, servicia las máquinas de esterilización.

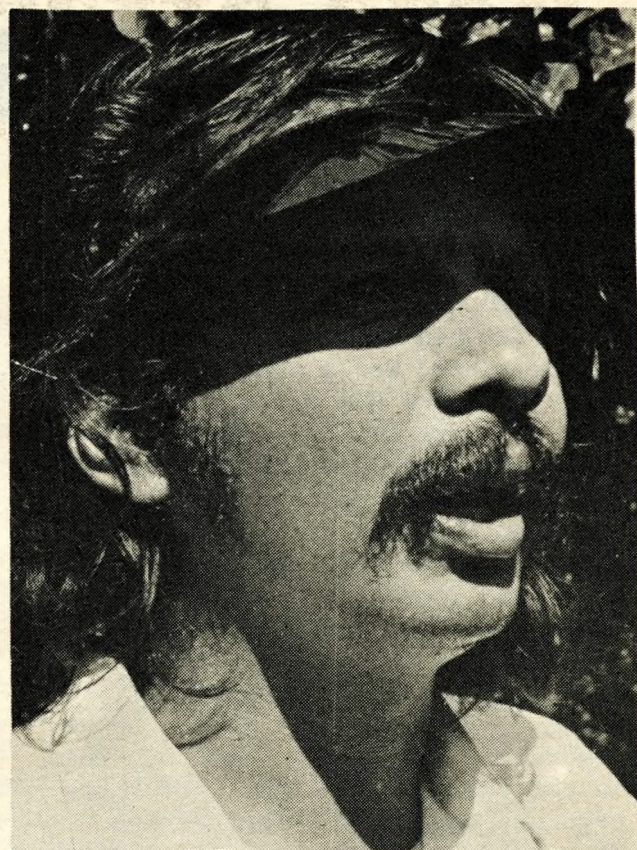
Estos arrestos son dirigidos a

gente que está participando en educación política por el pueblo o esta trabajando en algo por el beneficio de la gente de la comunidad. De los catorce que fueron arrestados en la 3rd Ave. tres trabajaban en el colegio Venceremos, tres trabajaban en el Centro Médico del Pueblo, y dos trabajaban en la cooperativa de comidas del pueblo. Algunos quienes fueron arrestados tomaron parte en organizar las demostraciones por los Siete aquí en Redwood City. Por los tres años pasados la comunidad ha tenido que vivir con estos policías quienes siempre molestan a la gente.

En un cuestionario reciente que la gente de la organización Venceremos ha hecho en la area no incorporada de Redwood City hemos hallado que no solo la gente odian a los sherifes pero los policías de la ciudad de Redwood City estan desatisfechos del poder que tienen los sherifes.

No es sorpresa que el dicho "Death to Pronske's Raiders" (muerte a los saltadores de Pronske) se ha escrito en numerosas paredes de la area no incorporada de Redwood City. En esto se muestra el nivel en que la gente está en la lucha del pueblo contra los sherifes.

TODO PODER AL PUEBLO  
MUERTE A LOS SALTADORES DE PRONSKE



Jaime Arias

## CHICANO SUSPENDED

On Wednesday evening of May 19, a meeting was held of the Trustees of the Foothill Community College District, at which various student-oriented issues were discussed. A man who identified himself only as Newman and "a responsible, concerned citizen from the vicinity" consistently heckled some (and sometimes all) of the 150 members of the audience. At the same time he displayed a servile attitude towards the Trustees.

Newman treated the Trustees and the audience to some Hitler-style rhetoric, to the relish of the Trustees. He called for punishment to the "fullest extent of the law" for the "Foothill 11" (students arrested at a recent sit-in), obviously copying earlier spewings by Board Member Chasuk.

Newman stated further that he could guarantee that all of the community would stand behind the Trustees if they denied the students their self-determination adding, "whatever that is". He also heckled during a proposal for an on-campus child-care center. This entire objectionable performance was brought to a crisis when Newman viciously attacked and verbally abused Jaime Arias, a Chicano student at F.C.C. when the unsuspecting young man came to ask Newman for his business card.

The F.C.C. Board of Trustees added insult to injury when they moved to apologize to Newman in the college's behalf. Trustee Robert Smithwick declared that Newman deserved an apology for attacking Jaime!

Two days later on May 21 Jaime received a letter from the President of the college in which he was summarily suspended from the school under a new (1970) repressive law 626.4 of the California Penal Code, and the superintendent of the Community College District, Calvin C. Flint endorsed the letter of suspension 24 hours later.

Note: Judging by observants this pig (Newman) represented a group of selected few residents of the closely knit, filthy rich Los Altos Hills community and he was sent here to the meeting to deliver their message.

If members of the community wish to express support for Jaime call:  
Robert Smithwick Phone 948-7208  
Alfred Chasuk Phone 967-1094

COMMUNITY COLLEGES TO SERVE THE PEOPLE!



# Raza Attacked at Hellyer Park in San Jose

On May 9 a fight broke out in Hellyer Park about closing time. The people cooled it down. Then sheriffs came in and started pushing some sisters around. The people got angry. More pigs were called and they started clubbing everyone and arresting people. 25 were arrested for charges ranging from assault to resisting.

The Berets were told about what happened and we went to talk to rangers & park officials to solve the problem. We came to an agreement that it was a matter of communication.

The next Sunday the Berets went to the park with cameras. We told the people about legal self-defense and we told them that brothers and sisters shouldn't be fighting each other. Still cops were there on alert and hassled the people for car registration and minor vehicle violations as they left the park. But still everything was pretty peaceful. People were taking care of each other!!

The next Sunday the people were there again and so were the pigs. The pigs hid behind trees on the other side of the park out of sight of the people.

A fight broke out among some people. There were shots - - two people were killed; a few wounded. The fighting continued but the pigs waited. Then they came down busting people. Busting everyone - bystanders; people trying to stop the fight; and C.A.P. people (Community Alert Patrol) and confiscating cameras, tape recorders, and their car. One sister tried to save some of the equipment but was beat up by eight cops.

Hellyer Park is where most Chicanos in San Jose go to relax and have fun. It used to be that we went to a park on 13th St. but we were kicked out by city pigs. Then Chicanos went to Alum Rock Park and were kicked out of there. And now the police are saying the people can't use Hellyer Park. Where can we go from here?

We think it is an insult to the Chicano Community that so many people are punished and brutalized for the action of a few. The cops ought to be glad that Chicanos are buying beer instead of guns. If harassment of Chicano youth continues - THIS WILL CHANGE.

The youth is asking the older Chicano community for support. Why are many punished for the few and why do our parks close earlier than parks for rich people in Saratoga. (ed. note: Saratoga is a ritzy town outside of San Jose)

BLACK BERETS POR LA JUSTICIA



El 9 de mayo hubo una pelea en el parque Hellyer cerca a la hora de cerrar. La gente la asilencio. Luego llegaron los cherifes y empesaron a jular a unas hermanas. La gente se enojo. Llegaron mas chotas y empesaron a pelear con todos y arrestaron a viente y cinco personas con cargos de asalto a resistencia.

Los Berets fueron dicho de lo que paso y fuimos con los oficiales del parque para resolver la problema.

El domingo siguiente Los Berets fueron al parque con camaras. Le dijimos a la gente de defensa legal y les dijimos a los hermanos y hermanas que no deben pelearse uno al otro. De todos modos estuvo los policias ahi molestando a la gente por infracciones y registro de carros cuando salian del parque. Pero de todos modos todo estuvo muy pacifico. La gente se cuida uno al otro.

El domingo siguiente la gente estuvo ahi otro vez y tambien la chota. Los puercos se escondian detras de arboles al otro lado del parque afuera de la vista de la gente.

Ubo una pelea entre unas personas. Huvieron balazos--dos personas fueron matadas; algunas heridos. Siguieron peleando pero los puercos se esperaron. Luego llegaron arrestando gente. Arrestando gente. Arrestaron a toda gente que estaban viendo: gente queriendo parar la pelea; y gente del C.A.P. (la Patrulla Alerta de la Comunidad) y quitaron camaras, grabadoras, y su carro. Una hermana trato de guardar parte del equipo pero fue golpeada por ocho puercos.

Hellyer Park es donde muchos Chicanos de San Jose van a descansar y pasar buen tiempo. Antes ibamos a un parque por la calle trece pero nos quitaron los puercos de la ciudad. Luego los Chicanos fueron al parque Alum Rock y fueron quitados de ahi. Ahora la policia esta diciendo que la gente no puede estar en el parque. ¿Ahora a donde vamos?



Creemos que es insulto a la Comunidad Chicana que tanta gente es castigada y brutalizada por los acciones de pocos. Las chotas deben de estar contentos que chicanos estan coprando cerveza en lugar de armas. Si sigue la molestia de los jovenes Chicanos - ESTO VA A CAMBIAR.

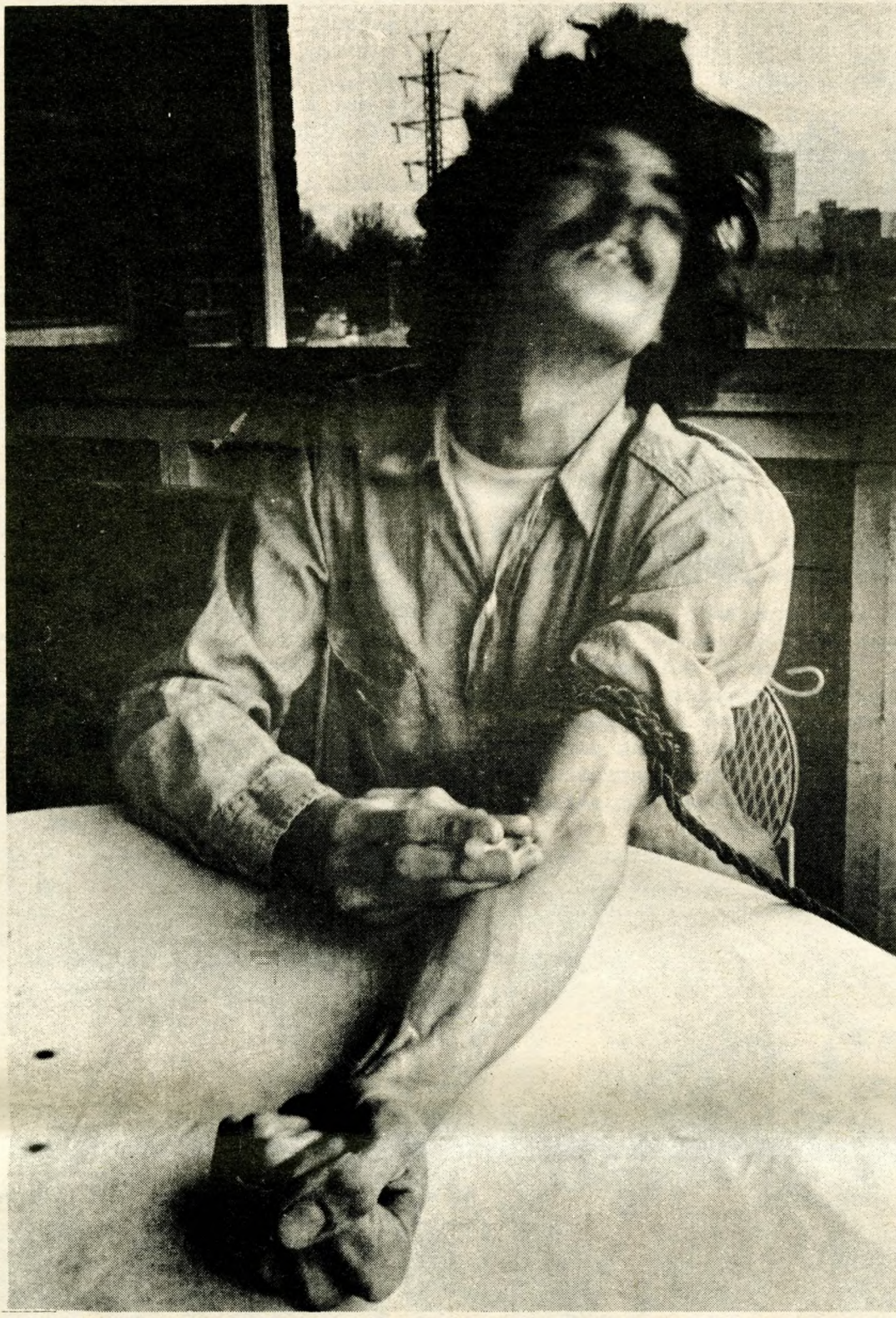
La juventud esta pidiendo a la comunidad Chicana mas vieja por apoyo. Por que son castigados tantos por solo pocos y por que se cierran nuestros parques mas temprano, que los parques para la gente rica en Saratoga (Saratoga es un pueblo rico afuera de San Jo)

BLACK BERETS, POR LA JUSTICIA



# HEROIN

## The Real



(A brief survey and comments on the Ramparts article.) by Rick Fitch

A well written and informative article appeared in the May 71 issue of Ramparts titled "The New Opium War" by Frank Browning and Banning Garrett. Heroin, an opium derivative, now has an estimated addiction rate of one fifth of the U.S. troops in South Vietnam. The obvious questions are; where is the opium grown and who does the trafficking.

The Ramparts article shows that most opium is grown and produced in Northern Thailand and Laos by a local tribe known as the Meo's. The opium then follows many routes to Saigon for processing into heroin. On one of the routes a "Toll Fee" (tax) is collected by Nationalist Chinese troops (U.S. supported). Another major route of the opium is via helicopter of the Royal Lao army. The helo's were donated by the U.S. Military Aid program.

Direct U.S. involvement is shown in subtle ways. To quote from Ramparts "The major source of opium has always been the Meo growers, who were selected by the C.I.A. as its counter-insurgency bulwark (force) against the Pathet Lao"... "the safe transport of the Meo's opium by an ideologically sanctioned network increased the incentive of these C.I.A. equipped and trained tribesman to fight the Pathet Lao."... "Opium was the economic cement binding all the parties together much more closely than anti-communism could."

Spics going to the cooker  
never realizing they've been cooked  
Mind shook, money took  
And nothing to show for it  
but raw scars, railroad tracks  
on swollen arms  
And abscesses of the mind

Go ahead spic  
Stick it in your trigger finger  
You ain't got nothing to lose  
but your freedom  
And yo' mama who wails futilely at  
the toilet door  
wants to tear down the whole plumbing structure  
but can't  
cause you still inside  
Shooting up, when you already been shot

You ain't got nothing to lose but your freedom  
Shoot the poison, the smack of your professor  
Shoot Pepi, on 8th Ave pulling a mule cart  
of cheap dresses  
to be sold en la Marqueta

Shoot Mami, sweating like her brown ancestors  
long ago, killed by Columbus and the Church  
to make that 60.00 in the tombs called factories  
Machines rape your mother everyday and spit her out  
a whore--

Don't throw dagger stares at men  
who cruelly crunch your  
sisters buttocks between  
slimy fingers  
You ain't doing nothing  
to change it spic



You ain't got nothing to lose  
but your Freedom  
Shoot up our island  
of Borinquen  
Populated by writhing snakes  
who we nicely call gringos  
Green Go  
Green Go  
Green Berets en el Yunque  
Green Marines en Calle del Sol  
Green bills passing from trembling hand  
to calloused palms,  
And you shoot the poison 'cause you don't  
want to stare at you own ugly reflection--  
But it's there spic, hanging off the stoops  
dripping over on fire escapes, in the eyes  
of your hermanito, who wants to be  
like you-- when he grows up.

Better get hip quit lying and jiving  
and flying like you own something  
Cause you don't own nothing but your chains  
And when the revolution comes  
Very, very soon-- you shoot, and I'll shoot  
You shoot & I'll shoot, You shoot & I'll shoot--

And unless you shoot straight,  
I'm gonna get you  
Before you get yourself!

FELIPE LUCIANO  
Chairman  
New York State Young Lords Party



## Dealers

An incident is revealed involving Pop Buell (a former Indiana farmer who left home to work with the Meo tribe) and a local French restaurateur. At a local airport, as a large load of opium was being loaded, a woman was arguing with the Corsican pilot. Buell was told by the Frenchman, "zat is ze grande madame of opium from Saigon." Buell was later to recognize the woman's unforgettable face as that of Madame Nhu. A newspaper reported recently that she has just paid cash for France's third largest bank.

Nguyen Cao Ky through the years has shown a lot of unexplained power and money in South Vietnamese politics and military. Early in '68 Senator Ernest Gruening revealed that during the previous four years, while Ky was running the C.I.A.'s "Operation Haylift," (an airborne war machine gunning operation) he was also running opium on the flights. Ky was subsequently fired.

Established media even admit who the real dealers are. Sunday's Chronicle had a first page article titled "Officials Pushing Heroin". To quote, "Reliable sources report that at least two high ranking Laotian officials, including the chief of the Laotian general staff are deeply involved in the heroin business."

The May 24 issue of Newsweek quotes Stewart Alsop as saying "there is no doubt that highly placed Laotians and Vietnamese profit from the traffic." Apparently they're very highly placed as he next says "President Thieu can no more effectively control the drug traffic in Saigon than Mayor Lindsay can in New York." And now we find Ky campaigning for president.

Once again the U.S. is in the untenable position of supporting another corrupt government. When the war isn't taking U.S. troops lives the Saigon regime is taking their minds and bodies with heroin.

## tucson

The federal grand jury was once considered a constitutional safeguard, a protector of the people's rights. Now it has become the latest weapon of the Justice Department against revolutionary peoples' movements in this country. In Seattle, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and especially in Tucson, the grand jury has been used to jail movement people indefinitely and without any of the normal criminal safeguards, such as public trial by jury, or representation by a lawyer.

Grand juries are made up almost exclusively of white middle and upper class "leading citizens." People of color, the poor, and the young are generally excluded from serving on these juries. They meet in secret. Persons called to testify in front of the grand jury may not have lawyers present to represent them, they usually are not allowed to see the record of questions and answers given, and they can not cross-examine other witnesses or call witnesses in their behalf. Unlike regular juries, the prosecutor is present while the grand jury makes its decisions! Given this situation, it is easy to see how the grand jury can become a weapon of repression.



## Mick Jagger

and

## Rock

The Rolling Stones have just signed a \$5,000,000 contract with Atlantic Records. Atlantic Records is owned by Kinney Parking Lots which is owned by International Telephone and Telegraph. If the phone company can come up with \$5 million for a rock'n roll group, why can't it come up with decent working conditions for its workers?

And last week Mick Jagger married into one of the small circles of fascist families who rule Nicaragua. While most of Nicaragua's people went hungry, Mick and his bride spent \$10,000 on their wedding.

And finally there's the Stones latest hit:

"The old girl said she found the cottonfields  
Sold in a market down in New Orleans

Sly dog slaver knows he's doing alright

Hear him with the women just about midnight

Brown sugar, how come you dance so good?

Brown sugar, just like a young girl should.

Brown sugar, how come you taste so good?

Brown sugar, just like a black girl should."

The Rolling Stones seem to get off by making fun of women and black people. But a lot of people could really get off behind offing the Rolling Stones.

DEATH TO THE ROCK 'N ROLL IMPERIALISTS!  
GET SOME SATISFACTION!

## movement on trial



The grand jury in Tucson was originally called to investigate interstate transportation of dynamite by a supposed Weatherman. The grand jury issued subpoenas to most of the best known revolutionaries and radicals in Los Angeles and immediately began to question them on every aspect of the movement, for example asking questions like, "Describe every time during the last year you saw so-and-so . . .". Those called to testify first claimed that the questions were incriminating and refused to answer on the basis of the Fifth amendment. However, as soon as they claimed the Fifth, the prosecutor would grant the witnesses immunity from prosecution, which means they could no longer claim the Fifth since the testimony couldn't be used against them. However, the Los Angeles people still refused to testify, because of the secrecy. They didn't want their brothers and sisters to worry about whether they were "singing" to save their own skins. So as soon as each witness refused to testify again, the federal judge would find them in contempt of the grand jury and send them immediately to jail. This kind of contempt is called "coercive" because it lasts as long as the

person in contempt refuses to do what he is told to do. Five persons have been sentenced to this indefinite contempt at Tucson and the federal courts have refused all appeals for their release, and refused to consider whether the questions being asked by the jury were unconstitutional or whether the laws being used by the jury were unconstitutional.

Since the Tucson jury started, movement people and their lawyers all over the country have begun to discuss the grand juries and have begun to develop effective tactics for defeating these overt attempts at repression. There are several tactics available to prevent the grand jury from conducting its inquisition without people going to jail. In the next few months these tactics should begin to emerge.





14 Venceremos: The reason why we're here is to ask the questions people in the community have been having concerning the raids on parties and things like that. And also, we're going to try to get some idea of what kind of person you are.

Pronske: Well, I'd prefer to keep my personal life out of it.

V: All right. What do you think about Venceremos College and some of the programs that have been going on out of it--the People's Medical Center, the food co-op and things related to serve the people programs?

P: I don't really know much about them, about their programs. I work nights.

V: What has your policy been on the parties, and on raids on parties?

P: Well, for one thing, I can't talk about any one of those three you're pertaining to, because we do have court action coming on those. As far as the policy concerning the dogs, that's a policy again set down by the sheriff.

Elvander: As a matter of fact they've bitten more policemen than they have citizens.

V: Are they kind of uncontrollable?

P: No. They're under complete control.

V: How does that explain them biting policemen?

P: The policemen came too close. I mean, the dog is always on a leash in a disturbance. We never let them off a leash. The only time we let them off a leash is for searching a building, or for tracking a lost person, because then he won't bite the person, because we have different commands. But on crowd control, they're always on a leash. But if an officer comes in too close, they will bite anybody who gets in their way, especially at night.

V: Recently the Human Relations Committee has been investigating something they call Pronske's Raiders.

P: Yeah.

V: I guess that name comes from certain people who are always involved in the raids. Who are Pronske's raiders and --

P: This name did not come from me or my men. It came from community people down there. As far as I know. From what we've heard.

E: Well, a lot of people are calling it a lot of things. I was calling them Pronske's Party Poopers for a while there myself.

(Pronske laughs.)

P: But the name "Raiders" came from the people.

V: I see. So that name came from you being mainly involved with the parties.

P: That's part of my duties. That's part of my duties. Any sergeant would do the, uh, part of his duties.

E: He was a shift sergeant when these things were happening. If they'd waited another night, till his night off, it would have been another sergeant. It wouldn't have been Pronske.

V: Do you handle the patrol in East Palo Alto also?

P: No. They have another sergeant down there.

E: See, that's an independent substation down there that's, it comes under the criminal division of the sheriff's office, but there's a lieutenant in charge. He acts like a chief of police. He reports directly to the elected municipal council in East Palo Alto. And they have their own sergeants and their own detectives. They're part of the sheriff's office, but they work like a precinct station would in a large city. In other words, they're separate.

V: How do you feel about politics and what's going on in the country today, like the Panther 21 all being dismissed yesterday.

P: I do not believe in the overthrow of the government. I'm very emphatic about that. I haven't seen a government better than ours yet, but I won't get involved in arguing politics with you.

V: OK. Do you feel like there's a revolutionary con-

## Exclusive Interview Sgt. Pronske & C



spiracy going on?

P: Again, I won't argue politics.

V: How do you feel about people like Bruce Franklin or Aaron Manganiello who are around the community?

P: I have nothing against them as long as they obey the law. If they violate the law, just like anybody else. I've arrested many people in 13 years.

V: How about the Los Siete rallies? You were in charge of patrolling for those?

P: The captain here was in charge of that. I presume you mean the tactical squads?

V: Yes. You're head of the tac squad?

E: No, I'm in charge of the criminal division. Sgt. Pronske's in charge of the, we don't have what you could call a tactical, a tac squad like San Francisco has. We have two squads, each one with a sergeant in charge, that are trained in riot control, search and rescue, and I guess that's about it. All of our men are required to attend these training sessions that are had, but some of the guys seem to be a little bit better suited for this type of operation.

You know, policemen traditionally in the United States, or at least in California, didn't really know much about operating in units up until I'd say about 1963 or 64. Policemen operated maybe with a partner, and except for a large city like San Francisco or New York or Los Angeles, you didn't see policemen marching in precision type marching, in parades, or anything like that. Nobody knew how to do it. And they made, each individual policeman made his own decisions regarding what his job was in the field, supervised by a sergeant or a lieutenant, or something like that.

Then about the time, in my recollection I'd have to say it was about the time of the Watts riot, that was about 1964 I think. It became apparent in the areas where they were having the trouble that they had to be better organized, because they couldn't handle crowd situations like this.

Regardless of what you might think, and you're certainly entitled to your opinion, our job isn't to go around and kill people or beat them, if we can avoid it. And the purpose of training men in formations and in handling crowds is to be able to handle the situation with a minimum amount of force, if it's possible.

This, of course, is taking into account the fact that individual officers are going to act occasionally as individuals. That is something you can't predict, just like soldiers do, and just like members of militant groups do on occasion. Sometimes you can't control your own people.

V: Well, is there one person who leads the tac squad in this county, who is in charge of . . .

E: Sgt. Pronske is in charge of a tac squad. There's another, uh, Davis?

P: No, he just withdrew. Hale took his place.

E: Sgt. Hale now. Sgt. Pronske might be transferred to the jail, to the corrections division next month. In fact, he has been there. He still will be in charge of his tac squad because it doesn't make any difference where you are in an emergency to be called out. But he wouldn't be patrolling the streets. He'd only be called out in an





# Interview With Capt. Elvander

by Tomás Pillsbury, Venceremos

## Part One

emergency. And his tac squads were never called out on any of these incidences.

V: They were never around for Los Siete?

E: Oh, Los Siete, yes. But not the parties. We knew we were going to have a crowd of demonstrators at Los Siete but we didn't know we were going to have a crowd when a couple of our units got a call of a party disturbing the peace. We didn't anticipate that, or else we probably would have had the tac squad out there in their coveralls.

V: Are some of those people who were on patrol with you during those parties also on the tac squad with you?

P: Yes, they are.

V: What determines if a man is capable of working on the tac squad or just an ordinary patrolman?

E: Well, first of all we want a fellow who wants to be in this unit, not -- we have deputies who don't want to be in it.

P: One thing, we want a pretty levelheaded, we want somebody that's going to do what he's told and is not going to take off and run out after somebody on his own. Only under orders, under command. They work as a unit, and there again like the captain says, it's a volunteer outfit. All these people volunteer. You can't take somebody and tell him he has to do this and expect him to function, particularly. We have no size limit, nothing like this.

V: What about situations where people are calling you pig?

P: It doesn't bother me a bit, it doesn't bother my men.

V: They still maintain level heads?

P: Right.

E: I think about a year or so ago a lot of policemen got mad. But it's like drinking something, you know, that tastes bad, or sitting in a house that's just been freshly painted. If you're in there long enough, you don't smell it any more. Our guys are getting kind of used to it.

V: How do you feel about this community and the people? Do you feel that this is a reasonable community, people obey the law?

P: Yes, I think so. I wouldn't be afraid to go anywhere down in the community. I know most of the people down there. Not most of them, I know a lot of them over a period of years. I have always gotten along fairly good with them. I do mostly dog demonstrations for schools, PTA groups, Cub Scouts, whatever you have. I've been down to Garfield School and I believe I went to Hoover School once, and I get along good with kids.

V: How about the teenage people in the community?

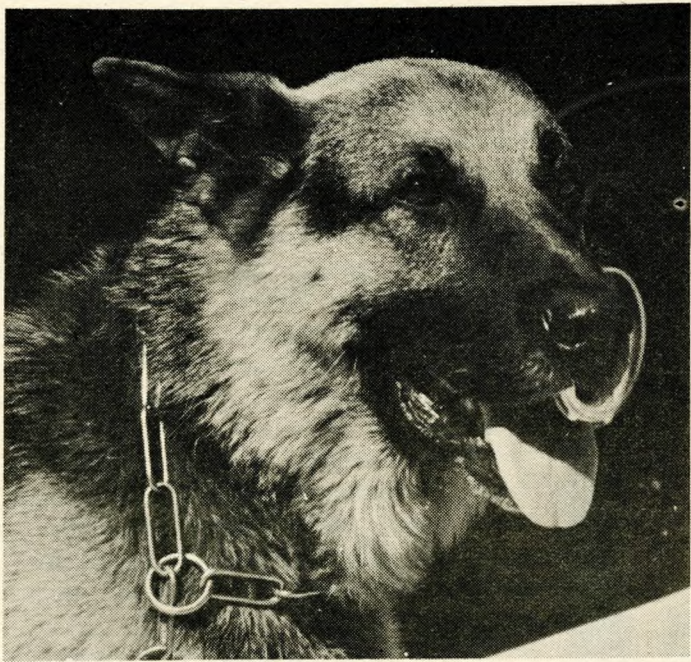
P: I've had very little problem with them, except for the ones who violate the law.

V: Your patrol is mainly the unincorporated area, right?

P: Yeah.

V: And as far as the city, it's left up to Redwood City police.

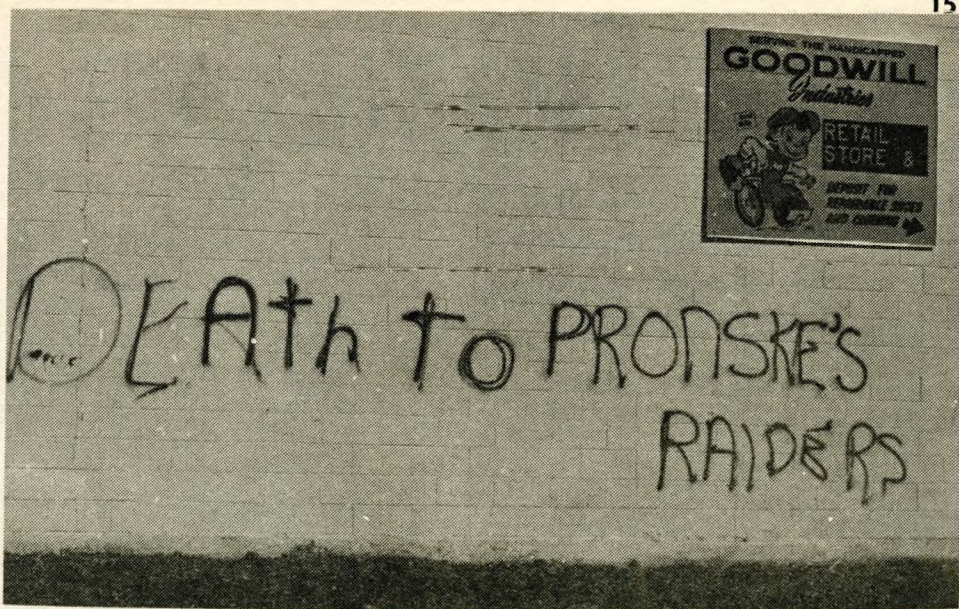
P: Right.



V: East Palo Alto is also the sheriffs, but that's a whole different unit.

P: They're under contract to the council.

E: Yeah, the people in East Palo Alto, I guess it's about five years ago now, I'm not sure of the exact date, wanted more police protection. They had an election down there, which was necessary, and voted to form a police



district. Their tax base down there is low compared to other areas of the county, and they couldn't afford to pay for what they wanted. So the Board of Supervisors agreed to pay half the cost, and this has been a continuing thing since then.

Right now we have 19 deputies, 4 sergeants, a detective sergeant, 4 detectives, a couple of community relations officers, plus the lieutenant, that man the substation. Half of all this is paid for by taxing the people in East Palo Alto. In fact, they recently voted to increase police protection and they have some additional policemen down there.

You're probably aware that in a ghetto area or a minority group area, whatever you want to call it, where a lot of Negro people live, the crime rate is usually high. And the victims of the crimes are Negroes as well as usually the perpetrators of the crimes are also Negroes. And the people down there realize this themselves. The majority of the people.

V: Recently, I think it was last week, or two weeks ago, we ran an article about the parties and I think they accused you of breaking windows and stuff and turning the dogs loose at will. Do you feel any of that is true?

P: No, it's not. There again, I mean, well, clarify this one thing there again. We do have court action pending here and I don't think we can bring that up here. Part of it will be coming up in court.

V: How did you feel about the article? Do you think the article presented things fairly?

P: There again I can't say because there are some, and I won't say what it is, there is one statement in there pertaining to one incident that is completely untrue. And I think I know what happened. They got me mixed up with somebody else.

V: Do you feel you're getting a lot of unfavorable publicity about the stuff that's going on?

P: I don't know whether to say it's unfavorable or favorable. If you've driven down Middlefield Road lately it's just like a lot of billboards down there now.

V: How many men do you have in your tac squad. How many people?

P: A total of roughly 25. They vary from time to time.

E: Normally only half of these will be called out.

V: The rest stand by in reserve?

E: One reason for that is he'll have that many men in his squad, but one sergeant can't really handle that many men at one time. In a callout, like we will get called in a mutual aid or something like that, we'll call a tac squad, since they're always ready to go. He might have anywhere from 8 to 12 men.

P: I have 11 men in my squad. My own personal squad.

V: Is Deputy Botto in your particular tac squad?

P: He is a dog handler. And as such is called out whenever the tac squad is called out because of his dog. He is not actually. . . he is now just joining the squad. He just happened to be on duty on all those parties.

V: Is that the reason that he was down in East Palo Alto two, three days ago during the raid on Chris Laury's house?

P: He was on duty that night. I think he was working 4 to 12.

V: But again, doesn't he work out of this department up here?

P: Wait a minute now. East Palo Alto is under contract, but our dog units are free to go down in there all the time.

E: Dog units are roving units. They're like the helicopter. They go wherever they're requested. If East Palo Alto requested a dog unit they will respond.

P: As a matter of fact I was down last night with the dog unit searching the Littleman's Square. Burglary.

MORE FROM PRONSKE AND ELVANDER IN THE  
NEXT ISSUE OF PAMOJA VENCEREMOS...



# NOTICIAS NACIONALES

## NY: Policías Balasearon

En las dos semanas pasadas, la policía de Nueva York ha sufrido ataques fuertes. Hasta ahora, dos policías han sido matados, dos han sido heridos, y otros dos por poco fueron matados.

Se les atraparon a los dos policías asesinados en una emboscada mientras hicieron una llamada a un edificio de apartamentos en Manhattan. Cuando los policías salieron de su coche, dos hermanos en un "mustang" blanco empezaron a disparar sus armas. Dentro de un poco después, la estación de radio WLIB recibió un paquete conteniendo el número de licencia del "mustang", la cubierta de un .45, y una nota de explicación.

La nota dijo, "Adentro, encontrara la razón porque se les fusilaron a los facistas. Diga que ellos han estado fusilando a tantos negros en el adelantar de la regla de los racistas. Nuestra gente debe saber por que."

Algunas horas después, un hermano fue parado por pasar un señal rojo, levanto un .38 al puerco, pero la arma no funciono (conforme a los puercos) y se le cargaron por un asesino intentado. El comisario de policía y el Patrolmen's Benevolent Association (Asociación benevola de policía) estan gritando de una "guerra maníatica", pero el largo reinado de violencia abierta de la policía contra la comunidad negra es un asunto de registro historico.



Chattanooga, Tennessee: Un joven hermano negro, Leon Anderson, fue fusilado y matado por la Guardia nacional en Chattanooga, Tenn. el 24 de mayo.

Mas de 2,000 tropas de la Guardia nacional han ocupado a la ciudad por tres días. Chattanooga ha sido bajo un toque de queda entre las horas de 7pm. hast 5 am. en un esfuerzo de provenir mas acciones, pero hasta ahora, no ha sucedido muy bien.

El puerco comisario, Gene Roberts, piensa que el escondido disparar de fuego, el romper de ventanas, y el bombar con bombas de fuego son simplemente el resultado de taticas guerrilleras por "personas irresponsibles que estan merodeando." Pero el y otros puercos como el aprenderan que estas acciones surgen del enojo justo de la gente.

## Chicago

Chicago, Illinois: Un especial Gran jurado, investigando los asesinos de los panteral Fred Hampton y Mark Clark por la policía de Chicago, ha salido de la mano del puerco. En vez de blanquear a los asesinos, es jurado ha votado a enjuiciar es abogado estatal del condado Cook, Edward Hanrahan.

Pues, que pasó? El juez que ordeno originalmente la investigación por el Gran jurado, ha movido que se lo despidan para parar es enjuicio.

El juez era un socio de el alcalde Richard Daley-el tirano de Chicago. NO EXISTIRA LA JUSTICIA EN LOS EEUU HASTA CUANDO LA GENTE SEA LOS JUZES.



## Investigacion del CRLA

Sacramento, California: La investigación de Ronald Reagan sobre el CRLA (Ayuda legal rural de California) continua. Reagan trata de justificar el sabotaje de la agencia de pobreza por mostrar su "sesgo político"--su conexión con organizaciones que sirven a la gente.

Hasta ahora, este comisión especial ha "descubierto" a enlaces entre el CRLA y Cesar Chavez y los obreros de los campos. En sus instrucciones más recientes a la comisión, Reagan fabrica un cuento sobre "ciertos grupos que recorren a usar amenazas de violencia e intimidación en un esfuerzo de desalentar a los ciudadanos de proveer información a la comisión."

Berkeley, California: Trabajadores negros en el Centro médico de la Universidad de California han dictado una lista de 20 demandas a la administración del Centro médico. Incluyen las demandas el despedir de administradores racistas, el establecer de una unidad de acción afirmativa, mas facultad negra, y un curso bajo cual los obreros de color podrían ser los últimos despedidos en caso de "layoffs."

Las demandas fueron presentados al canciller del Centro médico, Phillip R. Lee. Lee es el hijo de Russell V. Lee, jefe anterior del Palo Alto Medical Foundation (Fundación médica de Palo Alto) y es un lider de los magnates que dirigen la industria de la sanidad en los EEUU.



Fred Hampton

## DESQUITES GUERRILLEROS EN PUERTO RICO

Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico: La guerra de liberación nacional del pueblo puertorriqueño se está calentando. Recientemente, grupos de guerrillas armados han atacado a negocios que pertenecen a los EEUU en esta colonia. El grupo guerrillero, llamado los Comandos armados de liberación, ha empezado un programa de "diez por uno" en desquite contra las actividades del CIA.

Un comunicación reciente de los guerrillas declara que "para cada acción del CIA contra puertorriqueños que soportan a la independencia, tomaremos acciones contra los yanquis en la proporción de 10 a 1."

El mensaje termina con, "Los yanquis y ellos que los soportan deben tomar noticia. INDEPENDENCIA O MUERTE --Alfonso Beal, Jefe de los Comandos armados de liberación."

## Jefe de policia vigilante en Cairo

Cairo, Illinois: James Dale, un miembro de los vigilantes blancos (Concilio de ciudadanos blancos) ha estado "nombrado" el nuevo jefe de policía de Cairo, un pueblo trabado de batalla racial abierta pro mas que un año.

El mes pasado, Dale admitio abiertamente que era un capitan del bloque para los "white hats" (sombros blancos), y que dirigia ejercicios militares en la comunidad negra.

Mientras tanto, la Frente Unida de Cairo, dirigida por el Rev. Charles Koen, continua su boicot economico contra los mercantes blanco de Cairo. Koen les ha llamado a los miembros nuevos del concilio "los mas extremo de los extremistas. Han jurado de mantenerse a los negros en su lugar por cualquier medios necesarios. Su metodo en el pasado ha sido por la violencia abierta contra gente negra".

## Mueve para la restauracion

Los Angeles: En 1932, David Siqueiros, el gran artista revolucionario de Mexico, pinto un mural en el muro de la planta alta del centro de arte en el centro de Los Angeles.

El mural mostro a una aguilas de los EEUU rondando sobre un indio crucificado. Un azteca y un soldado mexicano revolucionario son mostrados apuntando sus armas a la aguilas.

Se incenso tanto a la clase blanca gobernante por el mural que lo blanqueaban. Algo semejante ocurrio al gran artista revolucionario de murales Diego Rivera cuando él era comisionado para pintar en el Rockefeller Center en Nueva York.

Ahora los miembros de la comunidad chicana de East Los Angeles estan tratando de tener restaurado el mural blanqueado.

Un interlocutor para el grupo, Jesus Trevino, explico que el mural "es un simbolo del tratamiento que ha sufrido el chicano en los EEUU. Nos recuerda de que han ocurrido otras blanqueos."

Siqueiros, ahora de 74 anos de edad, tiene orgullo del espiritu revolucionario mostrado por los hermanos en Los Angeles. Dice Trevino que es posible que Siqueiros regrese para pintar otro mural, "no un museo al otro lado de la ciudad, pero un nuestra propia comunidad."



# NATIONAL NEWS

## N.Y. POLICE SNUFFED

During the past two weeks, N.Y. police men have been under heavy attack. So far two police officers have been killed, two more have been injured and a couple more were almost killed.

The two assassinated officers were caught caught in an ambush while making a call to a Manhattan apartment building. As the police left their car, two brothers sitting in a white mustang opened fire.

Shortly afterwards, radio station WLIB received a package containing the license plate for the Mustang, the casing of a .45 and a note of explanation.

The note read: "Enclosed you will find the reason the fascists were gunned down. Just say they have been gunning down so many niggers in the furtherance of racist rule. Our people must know why."

Several hours later, a brother stopped for running a light, pulled a .38 on a pig, but the gun misfired (according to the pigs) and the brother was booked on attempted murder.

The police commissioner and the Patrolmen's Benelovent Association (a kind of right-wing policeman's union) are screaming about a "maniacal war," but the long reign of open police violence on the black community is a matter of historical record.

## MOVE TO RESTORE CENSORED CHICANO MURAL

Los Angeles: In 1932, David Siqueiros, the great revolutionary artist from Mexico, painted a mural on the upstairs wall of an art center in downtown Los Angeles.

The Mural showed an American Eagle hovering over a crucified Indian. An Aztec and a Mexican revolutionary soldier are shown aiming their guns at the eagle.

The white ruling class was so insensed by the mural that they had it whitewashed. A similar thing happened to a great mural revolutionary artist, Diego Rivera, when he was commissioned to paint on Rockefeller Center in New York.

Now members of the Chicano community of East Los Angeles are trying to have the whitewashed mural restored.

A spokesman for the group, Jesus Trevino, explained that the mural "is a symbol of the treatment that the Chicano has had in the United States. It reminds us that there have been other whitewashings."

Siqueiros, now 74, is himself proud of the revolutionary spirit shown by the brothers and sisters in Los Angeles. Trevino says that Siqueiros may come back to do another mural, "not in some museum across town, but in our own community."

## CRLA INVESTIGATION

Sacramento, California: Ronald Reagan's "investigation" of CRLA (California Rural Legal Assistance) keeps moving along. Reagan tries to justify his sabotaging of the poverty agency by showing its "political bias" - its connection with organizations serving the people.

So far, Reagan's special commission has "uncovered" links between CRLA and Caesar Chavez and the farmworkers. In his latest instruction to the commission, Reagan fabricates a story about "certain groups resorting to threats of violence and intimidation in an effort to discourage citizens from providing information to the commission"

## PUERTO RICO



JORNADA DE SOLIDARIDAD CON PUERTO RICO/23 DE SEPTIEMBRE • DAY OF SOLIDARITY WITH PUERTO RICO/SEPTEMBER 23 • JOURNEE DE SOLIDARITE AVEC PORTO RICO/23 SEPTEMBRE

## CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

A young black brother, Leon Anderson, was shot and killed by the National Guard in Chattanooga, Tenn., May 24th.

More than 2,000 National Guard troops have occupied the city for about 3 days. Chattanooga has been under a city-wide 7 p.m. - 5 a.m. curfew in an effort to prevent any more actions from taking place, but so far, this hasn't seemed to do much of anything.

Pig Commissioner, Gene Roberts, thinks the sniping, trashing, and fire-bombing are merely the result of guerilla tactics by "irresponsible people on the prowl." But he and other pigs like him will learn that these actions are the outcome of the righteous anger of the people.

## CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Chicago, Illinois: A special Grand Jury, investigating the murders of Panthers Fred Hampton and Mark Clark by Chicago police, has gotten out of (the pig's) hand. Instead of whitewashing the assassinations, the Jury has voted to indict Cook County State's Attorney Edward Hanrahan.

So what happens? The judge who originally ordered the Grand Jury investigation, has moved to dismiss it and head off the indictment.

The judge is a former law partner of Richard Daley - the tyrant of Chicago. THERE WILL BE NO JUSTICE IN AMERICA UNTIL THE PEOPLE ARE THE JUDGES.

## GUERRILLA RETALIATION IN PUERTO RICO

Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico: The Puerto Rican people's War of National Liberation is heating up. Recently, armed guerrilla units have attacked U.S. owned businesses in this colony. The guerrilla group, called Armed Commandos of Liberation, has begun a program of "Ten for One" in retaliation against CIA activities.

A recent communique of the guerrillas states that "for each action taken by the CIA against Puerto Ricans who support independence, we shall take actions against the yankees in the proportion of 10 to 1."

The message ends, "Yankees and yankee sympathizers must take notice. INDEPENDENCE OR DEATH - Alfonso Beal, Chief of the Armed Commandos of Liberation.

## BERKELEY DEMANDS

Berkeley, California: Black workers at the University of California Medical Center have issued a list of 23 demands on the administration of the Med. Center. These include the firing of racist administrators, the establishment of an affirmative action unit, more black faculty, and a policy under which workers of color would be the last to be fired in case of layoffs.

The demands were presented to the chancellor of the Med. Center - Philip R. Lee. Lee is the son of Russel V. Lee, former head of the Palo Alto Medical Foundation and a leader of the medical tycoons who run the health industry in America.

## VIGILANTE POLICE CHIEF

Cairo, Illinois: James Dale, a member of the white vigilantes (White Citizens Council) has been "appointed" the new police boss of Cairo, a town engaged in open racial warfare for over a year.

Last month, Dale and three other vigilantes swept into office in a vote full of irregularities.

During a radio interview, Dale openly admitted being a Block Captain for the whitehats, and leading military drills in the black community.

Meanwhile, the United Front of Cairo, led by the Rev. Charles Koen, continues its economic boycott of the white Cairo merchants. Koen has called the new councilmen "the most extreme of the extremists. They have vowed to keep blacks in their place in whatever ways needed. Their ways in the past have been through open violence against black people."



New police chief (holding shotgun) harassing picketers





There are 5 bills dealing with abortion which will come before the Sacramento House in June. They are being introduced by Assemblyman Burke, a Republican, and 3 are co-signed by John Vasconcellos, Assemblyman from the 24th district. These are the bills: (1) Right now a woman can not get an abortion if she is 20 weeks pregnant (or over), but one bill would reduce it to 10 weeks. (2) The physician who interviews the woman desiring an abortion and the surgeon who would perform the abortion can not be on the committee which decides if she should receive an abortion. Their reasoning is to eliminate doctors deciding on cases they'll also make money off of. (3) The applicant must be interviewed by the hospital to see if she has been coerced into getting an abortion. Number (2) and (3) sound like they protect women. However, the reality of all these interviews could be like an interrogation - intimidating, harassing our heads. (4) If you want an abortion for mental health reasons, you must have been seeing a psychiatrist at the time of conception. This implies that for EVERY woman it is mentally healthy to bear a child. To them it is impossible that we simply DO NOT WANT to have a child. It must be for other problems. (5) Injections of saline solution (which causes a miscarriage) as an abortion technique would be eliminated. Since it is the only safe and effective method for abortion over 12 weeks pregnant, the amount of time when an abortion could legally be performed would be limited.

John Vasconcellos is a well-known liberal pacifist who refers to himself as "educatable, open to new ideas and changing". He had drawn much support from liberals and students mainly through his objection to the war in Vietnam (over which he has little control as a state official). Many students have said that he is the "best the system has to offer." His support of the first 3 of these bills came as a shock to many of his supporters. Members of San Jose State Women's Liberation attempted to "educate" Mr. Vasconcellos by attending his Town Hall Meeting in Cupertino on May 21. Town Hall is a very informal question-answer session created so that he can keep in touch with his people. We found out, however, that it was a very one-way thing. He listened to what we said but stated

# Informacion De Aborto

"La única operación médica que requiere la ley de California que se ejecute en un hospital es un aborto," dijo Richard Orser, el director de Problem Pregnancy Information Center (Centro de información de preñez). Este requerimiento de hospitalización les obliga a las mujeres que quieran abortos pagar cuotas ultrajantes para una operación que es mas segura y mas facil que la operación de quitar la tonsila o un nacimiento. Al momento que una mujer entra por las puertas del hospital de Stanford, tiene que pagar \$150. Cuesta otra \$50 para anestesia general (anestesia local es mas barata y mas sana). Aún cuando el médico hiciera la operación gratis, costaría \$200 para una operación que solamente toma 3 o 5 minutos.

A pesar de una convicción por avisar información de aborto, Richard Orser y su ayudante Janis continúan

el servicio de dar consejos gratis a todas las mujeres. Es necesario llamar para una cita en el numero 851-2300 entre 11:30 y 5:30. Se dan consejos los martes y viernes en la Iglesia luterana en la esquina de Stanford Ave. y Bowdoin.

Primero, PPIC arregla una prueba de preñez, con los resultados el mismo día, por \$3 hasta \$6. Sigue una charla de dos horas. Se discuten todas las alternativas, como continuar con la preñez, terminar la preñez o casamiento, aviso de ayuda financiera y medica. "Cualquiera cosa que quieran hacer. Se no quieren decirlo a sus padres, arreglemos eso." Cualquiera mujer de cualquiera edad puede tener un aborto, con o sin el permiso o saber de los padres.

Se arregla una discusión con una mujer que recientemente tuvo una experiencia semejante si se quiere. Si

## Abortion Information

The only medical operation required by California law to be performed in a hospital is an abortion," stated Richard Orser, head of Problem Pregnancy Information Center. This hospitalization requirement forces women who want abortions to pay outrageous fees for an operation which is safer and easier than a tonsillectomy or child birth. 150 dollars in cash must be paid when a woman walks in the door at Stanford Hospital. Another \$50 is required for general anesthesia (local anesthesia is cheaper and safer). So even if a doctor did the operation for free, that's \$200 for an operation which takes 3 to 5 minutes.

Despite a conviction for advertising abortion information, Richard Orser and his assistant Janis are continuing their free counselling services to all women. It is necessary to call for an appointment at 851-2300 between 10:30 and 5:30. Counselling is held Tuesday and Friday at the Lutheran Church at the corner of Stanford Ave. and Bowdoin.

A discussion with a woman who has just been through a similar experience is arranged if wanted. If a woman decides to have an abortion she can meet with someone who has just had one. If she wishes to keep the baby she can meet with someone who is doing that. There are two psychiatrists (Barbara and John) helping P.P.I.C. and women who need them at no charge. A dress rehearsal of the abortion is gone through so women will know what to expect when they go to the hospital.

Appointments with doctors are set up within two to three days once a woman decides on an abortion. Frequently P.P.I.C. is able to arrange low cost abortions. Without P.P.I.C. hospital costs range from \$150-\$250 and doctors fees range from \$150-\$450. P.P.I.C. will also help eligible women get MediCal.

First P.P.I.C. arranges a pregnancy test, with results the same day for \$3 to \$6. There follows a two hour rap. All the alternatives are discussed, such as, continuing the pregnancy,

The Richard Burke

### ABORTION BILLS

will be considered by the STATE SENATE

MONDAY, JUNE 7th at 7:30 pm

Go to the hearing **SHOW YOUR ANGER!**

Call Helen Morrison about chartered bus rides

321-9671



very stubbornly that HIS "moral conscience" was the deciding factor in how he votes and what he supports. In other words his own interests, not the needs of the people, are primary to him.

And how can his interests coincide with sisters who must carry the burden of pregnancy if his bills go through? His bills won't stop abortion. Women will still seek abortions any way possible, and will still die from unsafe botched up abortions. His bills will not stop the killing he so self-righteously opposes. How is it that men think they can legislate over our

bodies and even be the ones to choose whether our lives or "potential human life" is of more value. This hypocrite is not even actively involved in any projects, bills, etc. which will PREVENT those unwanted pregnancies from happening in the first place.

Even the "best the system has to offer" does not serve the needs of the people. Until we take complete control over our bodies and lives our needs will not be met.

POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

Candy--San Jose



una mujer decide en tener un aborto, puede encontrarse con una mujer que tuvo uno. Si ella desea tener el bebe, puede encontrarse con alguien que esta haciéndolo. Hay dos psiquiatras (Barbara y John) ayudando a PPIC y a mujeres que les necesiten a ellos gratis. Se repasa el aborto como en un ensayo para que las mujeres sepan lo que pueden esperar cuando vayan al hospital.

Se hace citas con un médico en dos o tres dias después de que una mujer haya decidido tener un aborto. Frecuentemente, PPIC puede arreglar abortos a precios bajos. Sin PPIC las cuotas de hospital varían entre \$150-250 y la cuota del medico entre \$150-450. PPIC tambien ayudara a mujeres elegibles conseguir Medical.

Se aplica una anestesia general que dura media hora. Los médicos que estan en contacto con PPIC usan solamente el metodo de "vacuum curettage", un aborto mas sano que el "D. y C." En el D. y C., se usa un instrumento para raspar al utero. Debe de dilatar al cerviz por instrumentos graduadas. El "vacuum curettage", inventado en un

país comunista, usa una succión mansa que quita el feto hasta doce semanas de preñez. "Es mas sano que tener un bebe," dijo Richard. Si es necesario dilatar al cerviz, (especialmente con mujeres que no han tenido hijos), abre al cerviz con un "vibrodilator". La operación entera dura unos 3 o 5 minutos, y la mujer descansa hasta que se termina el efecto de la anestesia. "Entrar a los ocho, salir a las doce." Si se usará una anestesia local, la mujer podria salir casi inmediatamente.

"La operación es sin dolor," declaró Richard. "Cuando las mujeres se despiertan, frecuentemente preguntan cuando va a pasar." Si la mujer desea que este otra persona durante la operación, se puede arreglarlo con el médico. En total, toma una semana o 10 dias desde la primera entrevista hasta la operación. Muchas de las mujeres pueden tener abortos por PPIC con Medical a un precio bajo o gratis.

PPIC continua el cuidado para asegurar que todo pase bien y que la mujer o su amante este usando alguna

forma de control de la natalidad. 19 Toda la información es confidencial en PPIC. Y Richard es muy amistoso.

Chope Community Hospital, para los habitantes del condado de San Mateo, tiene cuotas diferentes conforme a cuanto la mujer pueda pagar. Tambien aceptan pagamientos a tiempo. Valley Medical Center, el supuesto hospital comunal para los habitantes del condado de Santa Clara, demanda a la cuota completa para el aborto (mas de \$500) antes de entrar, o no les permitirá a la gente que entren. Ellos, del hospital, en la otra mano, consideran a abortos como un procedimiento electivo, no una operación de emergencia. Sin embargo, exigen una letra de un psiquiatra que dice que un aborto es preciso a la sanidad física y mental de la mujer. Esta hipocresía de un hospital que debe servir a la comunidad: ricos y pobres, hombres y mujeres, debe ser resuelta. Aun una mujer desesperada con cinco hijos no sea admitida para un aborto a menos que ella pueda pagar inmediatamente.

Judy, Redwood City

terminating the pregnancy or marriage, advice on financial aid and medical help. "Whatever they want to do. If they don't want to tell their parents, we arrange that." Any woman of any age can have an abortion, with or without parental consent or knowledge.

A general anesthesia is given which lasts a 1/2 hour. The doctors contacted by P.P.I.C. use only the vacuum curettage method, a safer abortion than the D. and C. The D. and C. is a scraping of the uterus by a tool. The cervix must be dilated by graduated instruments. The vacuum curettage, invented in a communist country, uses a gentle suction which removes the fetus up to twelve weeks pregnancy. "Its safer than having a baby," confirmed Richard. If dilation is necessary (particularly for women who have never had children) a vibrodilator opens the cervix with one insertion. The entire operation lasts from 3 to 5 minutes, and the woman rests until the anesthesia wears off. "In at eight, out at 12."

If a local anesthesia were used, the woman could leave almost immediately.

"The operation is painless," Richard stated. "When women wake up they



"More American Women Die Every Year From Illegal Abortions Than American Men Die In Vietnam."

often ask when its going to happen." If a woman wishes another person to be present during the abortion, this can be arranged with the doctor. The entire time from the first interview to the operation is a week to ten days. Many women are able to get abortions through P.P.I.C. with MediCal at low or no cost.

There is a follow up by P.P.I.C., checking to make sure everything is going smoothly and that the woman or her lover are using some form of birth control. All information at P.P.I.C. is confidential. And Richard is a very warm person.

Chope Community Hospital for San Mateo residents has different fees according to the woman's ability to pay. They also accept time payments. Valley Medical Center, supposedly the Community Hospital for Santa Clara residents, demands the full fee for the cost of the abortion (over \$500) before entering, or they will turn people away. They, on the one hand, consider abortions to be an elective procedure, not an emergency operation. Yet, they require a letter from a psychiatrist saying the abortion is necessary to the woman's mental or physical health. This hypocrisy from a hospital which should serve the community, rich and poor, men and women, should be dealt with. Even a desperate woman with five children will not be admitted for an abortion unless she is able to pay immediately.

Judy, Redwood City

#### NOTA DEL EDITOR:

PAMOJA VENCEREMOS esta de acuerdo de que es preciso que se puede tener abortos, sin precio, inmediatamente, y sin problemas, para las mujeres que los deseen. Pero debemos enfatizar que el control de natalidad en general, y específicamente esterilización, abortos, y varias otras formas artificiales de control de la natalidad se estan siendo forzado por la racista blanca clase gobernante en la gente del tercer mundo como medio de rebajar nuestros numeros. Cargamos genocidio. Control de natalidad debe ser acompañado por informacion medica correcta e informacion en general. Si la gente del tercer mundo tuviera mas que comer y un mejor nivel de vivir, no necesitaríamos usar control de la natalidad. Podemos y podemos alimentar a todos nuestros hijos. Los que desean abortos deben tenerlos. Los que quieren muchos hijos deben tenerlos, junto con comida, mucho espacio, mucha ropa, mucho amor.

TODO PODER A LAS MADRES

#### EDITOR'S NOTE:

PAMOJA VENCEREMOS agrees that abortions must be made available, at no cost, immediately, and without hassles, to the women who want one. However, we must stress that birth control in general, and specifically sterilization, abortions, and various artificial forms of birth control are being pushed by the white racist ruling class on third world people as a means of reducing our numbers. We charge genocide. Birth control must be accompanied by correct medical information and information in general. If third world people had more to eat and a better standard of living, we wouldn't need to resort to birth control. We could and can feed all our children. Those who wish abortions must get them. Those who want lots of children must have them, together with lots of food, lots of room, lots of clothes, lots of love.

ALL POWER TO THE MOTHERS





# NEWS FLASHES...

## B of A blasted again

OAKLAND- A homemade bomb did \$15-20,000 damage to the Oakland International Airport branch of Bank of Amerika. It was the 31st bombing attack on the B of A in the last 15 months.

## Bomb hits PG&E

WALNUT CREEK- A powerful pipe bomb caused extensive damage to a PG&E office building.

## District HQ bombed

OAKLAND- A pipe bomb blew out the main entrance to the Peralta Junior College District Headquarters. Damage was \$5,000.

## "Sorry, it's the union's fault"

At Gus Mozart Volkswagen in Palo Alto, where all-men mechanics and service workers are unionized and all women office workers are not, receptionists on Saturday are instructed to answer the phone, "I'm sorry, we're not open on Saturday because of the union."



## 89 tons of crud

San Francisco (LNS)--Standard Oil Company has the biggest oil refinery in California's Bay Area. It is also the biggest single oil polluter in the region, pumping 89 tons of assorted crud and poison into the air every day.

The main Standard Oil refinery in Richmond is the source of 1/8 of all sulfur oxides in the air. Sulfur oxides attack your lungs and destroy plants, and they mix with mist or rain to form sulfuric acid.

The Richmond refinery also accounts for 1/8 of all Bay Area industrial nitrogen oxides pollution. Nitrogen oxides form a whiskey brown haze residents can see on hot days over the East Bay and the North Bay. It is the critical component of smog.

## Man defends himself

Memphis, Tennessee

A gun duel erupted in Memphis between a white, 57 year old man, Sam Farmer, and the pigs. The pigs came to Sam's house on a complaint from a neighbor. Sam barricaded himself in his house and got out his shotgun. Sam, according to the newspaper, "critically wounded" pig James Crossno.

Sam was so determined to hold the pigs off that it took tear gas and a hand wound to get Sam to "surrender" himself to the pigs. After surrendering to the pigs, Sam was taken into custody and hospitalized.

## Trashing in New York

BROOKLYN-There was widespread looting and trashing in Bedford-Stuyvesant area of Brooklyn after police shot to death a man who had supposedly lunged at a policeman with a knife. The knife was never found.



## Nixon fights abortions

Washington D.C. (LNS)---President Nixon has struck down a liberal Pentagon policy towards abortions and ordered military hospitals to comply with generally more restrictive laws in states where they are located. In most places, military personnel and dependents have been able to get abortions nearly on demand. Nixon retracted this abortion policy because of what he calls his "belief in the quality and sanctity of life."

## Pigs rewarded

The Santa Clara County pigs got a reward for beating up people at Stanford Medical Center, Foothill College, Hellyer Park, and for probing a murder case. This reward was \$90,000 in overtime, paid for by working people, like those who were vamped on.

## Rich Daughter Busted

Washington D. C.

Heidi Ann Fletcher, daughter of San Jose City Manager Thomas W. Fletcher was busted in Washington on murder charges after a pig was killed during a hold-up. She drove the getaway van. Even the rich city manager's daughter can rebel against the man!

## Boulder trashed

BOULDER- Four hundred young people trashed Boulder's business district, causing several thousand dollars damage. Deputy Mayor Jon Buecher called it "retaliation against police." Right on!



SAM FARMER "SURRENDERS" ONLY AFTER A RIGHTEOUS FIGHT

## Chile takes back copper mine

SANTIAGO--The government of Chile has taken control of El Teniente, the world's largest copper mine. It was owned by the Kennecott Corporation.

## Bombs blast US base

KOREA--Four guards were injured and a helicopter destroyed in a series of explosions at Camp Humphreys, 35 miles south of Seoul.

## Australian riot

CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA--Students staged a "Day of Rage" to protest the Vietnam war. 170 were arrested in heavy fighting with the police.

## Paris youth trash

PARIS-Young people demonstrating against "the consumption society" roamed through the Latin Quarter trashing stores and setting fires.

## Belfast explosion

BELFAST, NORTHERN IRELAND-An explosion did extensive damage to a police station and barracks 25 miles northwest of Belfast. In separate incidents, two British soldiers were killed, two policemen were wounded, and a police car blown up.

## Rolls-Royce bombed

PARIS- The offices of three British companies, including Rolls Royce, were bombed the day after Prime Minister Edward Heath returned to London.

## GI's busted

WEST GERMANY--Three GIs have been charged in the March 14th planting of a fragmentation grenade in their jeep.

## Mexican students support union

TIAJUANA- One thousand students, protesting the refusal of private schools to sign with a teachers union, marched through downtown streets trashing businesses and schools. After 35 people were arrested, hundreds of students attacked the police station in an unsuccessful attempt to free them.

## Greek blast

ATHENS- A bomb explosion killed a policeman at the Harry Truman statue, shortly before a new revolutionary group threatened to "make life impossible for Americans in Greece."

## Okinowans want US out

OKINAWA--75,000 Okinawans went on a 24 hour strike to demand total U. S. withdrawal from Okinawa.



# Expulsions at Foothill

*Historically, all reactionary forces on the verge of extinction invariably conduct a last desperate struggle against the revolutionary forces, and some revolutionaries are apt to be deluded for a time by this phenomenon of outward strength but inner weakness, failing to grasp the essential fact that the enemy is nearing extinction while they themselves are approaching victory.*

*Mao Tse-tung*

This has been a year of struggle at Foothill Community College. Since there should not be a division between the student community and the community, Foothill is to serve, many students are trying to bridge the gap that does exist because Foothill is located in Los Altos Hills. The Board of Trustees has made it clear through their actions that they only intend to serve the interests of that bourgeois community.

At the last Board meeting, they refused to drop charges against the "Foothill 11" arrested for trying to open the Cusack house for a student-community center. They set up a committee with students to "investigate the need for such a facility on campus" but then refused to respond to the needs expressed by the student members of the community. Thousands of dollars had to be paid to the Tac Squad

for calling them on campus to "protect" the Cusack House. The college's budget (coming from taxpayers money) is already greatly over-extended.

They have used the tac squad issue as an excuse to lay off over 50 'work-study' student employees because of lack of funds. This is entirely false when in fact they just erected a giant new \$4 million dollar auditorium at DeAnza Community College in Cupertino. It is called the Calvin (Flint Auditorium in memory of the retiring dinosaur superintendent of the district.

Students trying to expose these and other incidents are being suspended with no judicial process or being threatened with suspension over petty matters. They are also losing their jobs if they work on campus.

The trustees have set up English instructor Harold Booton as a scapegoat and threat to faculty members who "step out of line." Harold is being prosecuted because of his involvement with student issues.

We demand that the Board of Trustees of Foothill start serving the real needs of the oppressed people in our community. "When tyranny becomes law, revolution becomes order."

The Foothill Liberation Front



A RALLY AFTER THE CUSACK HOUSE BUST

## Dancin' In The Streets

In response to the need people in Mountain View have for a place to get together during the summer, a group has formed to plan free summer rock concerts in Mountain View like the concerts at People's Plaza in Palo Alto. We

won't be intimidated by an uptight city council or ugly pigs. The next meeting will be at 7:30 P.M. Thursday, June 4, at 355 Mariposa #5 in Mountain View. We need to decide on a place and time to start, get organized, and get it on!

Spider is the name for a neat device made of two very heavy construction staples. They're made so that any way they're thrown they sit on a strong tripod of points and one sticking straight up. That's the one that screws up the tire which drives over it.

Here's how to make them:

Pick up some heavy construction staples--medium length (about 1½" long)--they cost about 30¢ per pound. Hook two of them together and hold them straight up.



Spider:

People's  
Weapon

Grab the top staple where it's curved, with a vice grip and squeeze it together hard (it takes some strength). Now take a screw driver and pry the squashed staple's points outward. As soon as you can, grab the points with pliers and bend them out. It will look sort of like this



## DEFEND YOURSELF!

The purpose of having an Emergency Phone List is to develop a system of getting lots of people to your house fast to be witnesses or help you defend yourself and your house from illegal acts committed by the police or others. Having lots of witnesses may prevent the police from brutalizing you or other people. And if the police know that all the neighbors will be outside immediately they may be less willing to beat up on our people. WE MUST ORGANIZE OUR NEIGHBORS TO LOOK OUT FOR EACH OTHER, both when police come and burglaries are being committed. THIS UNITY IS NECESSARY IF WE ARE TO SURVIVE.

### WHO TO CALL

1. Two people who live closest. Talk to them so they will really understand when you do call.

Black Liberation Front--323-6848

2. Another Friend Tell her to call everyone else.

3. NEWSPAPER REPORTER

Bill Flynn -325-1839 S.F. Examiner

4. NEWSPAPER PHOTOGRAPHER

Phil--323-0330  
Pamoja Venceremos Newspaper

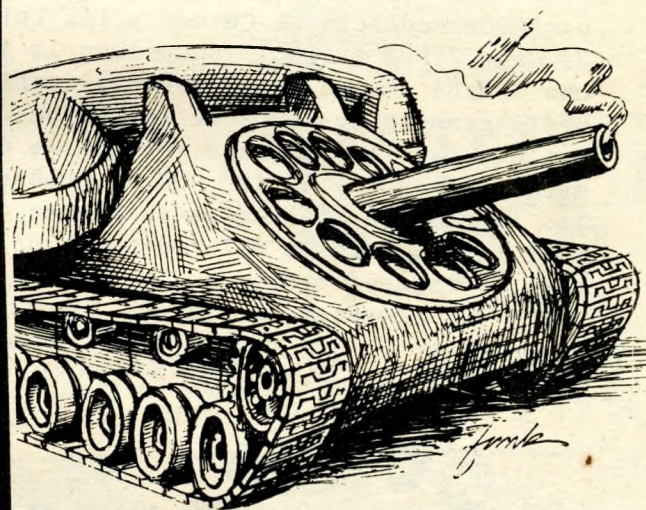
5. RADIO STATION NEWSROOM

KDIA--834-4329

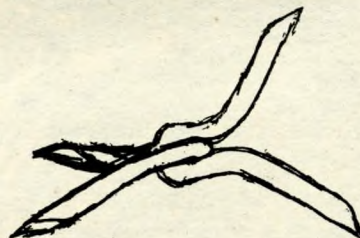
YOU WILL PROBABLY ONLY HAVE TIME TO MAKE 1 OR 2 CALLS SO DON'T WASTE TIME

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE

BLACK LIBERATION FRONT  
1800 STEVENS AVE., EPA  
323-6848



Now flip the whole thing over and do the same thing to the other staple. The finished thing will look like this



When you're done, you should be able to throw it and have one spike straight up every time. It's not a very fancy weapon, but neither are a lot of the weapons used by the Viet Cong. Only use spiders on enemies of the people!

The Black Widow



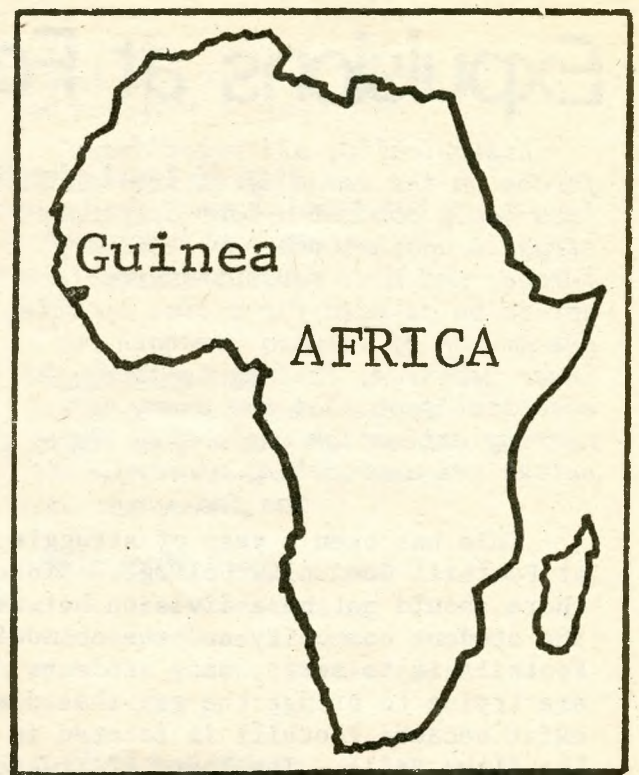
# War of Liberation in "Portuguese" Guinea

"Portuguese" Guinea is a small country in Western Africa which presently is carrying on one of the most successful national liberation struggles on the continent. A colony of Portugal since 1692, "Portuguese" Guinea was used, like all colonies and neo-colonies, as a source of raw materials and cheap labor to enrich the mother country. In 1963 the people of Guinea, led by the African Independence Party of Guinea and the Cape Verde Islands (PAIGC) began the armed struggle against their Portuguese oppressors. Today, despite the fact that great quantities of U.S. aid have equipped the Portuguese occupation forces in Guinea (numbering 25,000) the liberation forces are now in control of two-thirds of the country's territory, and the expulsion of the Portuguese and their American bosses is just a matter of time.

The methods of the PAIGC in mobilizing the people are an interesting example of how a successful popular revolution is carried out. Contrary to the Cuban example of the *foco*, the small guerrilla band which begins the armed struggle immediately and uses it as an example to mobilize the population, the PAIGC began the armed struggle only after an intensive survey of the spe-

cific conditions of Guinea. This does not in any way refute the necessity of armed struggle but, instead, deals with the methods necessary to implant the idea of armed struggle in the population and to ensure that it has the support of the population from which it is being launched. To this end, the PAIGC did intensive propaganda work with the people of Guinea in addition to carefully ascertaining which regions of the country were best suited to the beginning of the struggle. When this preliminary work of "psychological mobilization" was completed, the armed struggle began, with the full support of the population.

The beginning of the armed struggle, however, did not signify an end to intensive political work. Schools, co-ops, and land reforms were carried out in the newly liberated areas, to really serve the people and show them the concrete advantages of freedom from Portuguese exploitation. In addition, the armed struggle, supplied at first mainly with captured weapons, was rapidly intensified, showing the people that the enemy could be defeated militarily as well as politically. Thus, all throughout the Guinean war of national liberation, there has been no



difference between the guerrillas and the people, both are united in the same cause.

The most important lesson of "Portuguese" Guinea for revolutionaries all over the world is that for a revolution to succeed, instead of mechanically applying the theories of other revolutions, it is necessary for revolutionaries to develop their practice and theory from the specific conditions existing within their own countries.

Source: Armed Struggle in Africa by Gerard Chaliand

La Guinea "Portuguesa" es un país chico en el oeste de África cual al presente sucesivas luchas por liberación nacional del continente. Siendo colonia Portuguesa desde 1662, la Guinea "Portuguesa" fue usada, como toda las colonias, como lugar para conseguir materiales y trabajo barato para enriquecer al país grande. En 1963 gente de Guinea, dirigida por el Partido Africano por Independencia de Guinea y las Islas de Cape Verde (PAIGC) comenzaron la lucha armada contra sus opresores cantidades grandes de ayuda de los EE.UU. han equipado las fuerzas Portuguesas que están ocupando allí (25,000 en números) las fuerzas de liberación ya tienen control de dos tercios del territorio del país, y la deportación de los portugueses y sus patrones Americanos llamero llega.

Los métodos que usa la PAIGC para movilizar la gente es un ejemplo interesante de como se puede llevar a cabo una revolución popular. Contrario al ejemplo cubano de *foco*, la banda guerrilla chica cual comienza la lucha armada inmediatamente y la usa como ejemplo para movilizar a la población, el PAIGC comenzó la lucha armada hasta después de un estudio completo de la

## Guerra de Liberación en Guinea "Portuguesa"

condiciones específicas de Guinea. Esto no rechaza a la necesidad de la lucha armada pero, en vez, trata con los métodos necesarios de enplantar la idea de lucha armada en la población y asegurar que tenga el soporte de la población de donde comienza. Para llegar a esto la PAIGC hizo mucha propaganda con la gente de Guinea junto con asegurar bien las regiones del país mejores para el comienzo de la lucha. Cuando el trabajo primero de "movilización psicológica" fue completado, la lucha armada comenzó, con apoyo completo de la población.

El comienzo de la lucha armada no significó el término de trabajo político. Escuelas, cooperativas, y reformas de tierras se llevaron a cabo en las áreas recientemente liberadas, para verdaderamente servir al pueblo y ejemplar las ventajas concretas de libertad de la explotación portuguesa. También la lucha armada, primero armada con armas detenidas, fue extendida pronto, mostrando que el enemigo puede ser vencido militarmente como políticamente. Así por toda la guerra de Guinea de liberación nacional, no hay distinción entre los guerrillas y la gente, los dos están unidos por la misma causa.

La lección más importante de la Guinea "Portuguesa" para revolucionarios de todo el mundo es de que para que puede suceder una revolución, en vez de poner ejemplos de otras revoluciones, es necesario que los revolucionarios hagan su propia práctica y teoría de las condiciones específicas que existen en sus propios países.





# MURDER, FRAME-UP IN HOUSTON

In March, 1970, Carl Hampton formed Peoples Part II (PPII), a group with the same 10 point program as the Black Panther Party and with the same determination to serve the needs of the people. That same month, PPII united with the John Brown Revolutionary League and the Mexican-American Youth Organization to form Houston's "Rainbow Coalition." The power structure responded quickly. All three organizations came under constant harassment: in about three months, more than 40 members of PPII, JBRL, and MAYO were arrested - though no one was ever convicted of a single offense. In June, 1970, PPII established a community center in one of the most oppressed sections of the black ghetto, the corner of Dowling and Taum. The power structure was again quick to respond.

After ten days of unsuccessfully trying to provoke a riot, the police apparently got tired of waiting and decided to move on the center again. Around 10 P.M., July 26, word reached a rally in front of the center that plainclothes white men were hiding on the roof of a church down the block. Carl Hampton sent two men to investigate; the men were greeted by shots fired from the church roof. Carl told the people to hold their fire and to shoot only in extreme self-defense, and walked towards the church to check out the situation first-hand. Suddenly, without any warning, white men with rifles opened fire from atop the church. Carl was hit in the stomach by a dum-dum bullet, the kind that expands tremendously upon impact and tears huge wounds. He fell to the pavement. The snipers continued to pour bullets into him as he lay helpless, bleeding to death, in the street.

At the sound of the first shot, people rushed to rescue Carl, but were caught in a well-organized police ambush. Bartee Haile, one of the original members of the JBRL, was in one group of rescuers, but before he could reach Carl, he was felled by two bullets in his left arm. Johnny Coward, a candidate for membership in PPII, also tried to save Carl but was hit by a dum-dum bullet which blew off the heel of his left foot. Finally, an unknown person in a Volkswagen somehow made it through the barrage of fire and rescued Hampton, but a few hours later, Carl was dead. Two days later, July 28, Houston police entered the same hospital and arrested Johnny Coward and Bartee Haile. The charges: assault to murder a police officer and assault to murder. On Monday, May 17, 1971, Coward and Haile went on trial in Houston, singled out for the courts

## JULY 26, 1970



## CARL HAMPTON Assassinated by Police



## JOHNNY COWARD FRAMEUP

WOUNDED BY HOUSTON POLICE JULY 26, 1970  
ON DOWLING STREET TO BE TRIED MAY 17, 1971.  
ON TRUMPED UP CHARGES OF ASSAULT TO  
MURDER AND ASSAULT TO MURDER A POLICE  
OFFICER.



## BARTEE HAILE TRIAL

because they survived death in the streets.

Broad support is growing in Houston for Johnny Coward and Bartee Haile. Not just support which says these men somehow deserve a "fair trial," whatever that is. But strong, politically conscious support which says that had Coward and Haile been armed that bloody night, had they shot back at the police, they still would be innocent.

Johnny Coward and Bartee Haile both face life in the penitentiary. YOU CAN HELP SAVE THE LIVES OF THESE TWO RIGHTEOUS REVOLUTIONARIES! The National Committee to Support and

Defend Johnny Coward and Bartee Haile desperately needs bread, volunteer workers, and mass support of any kind. Send what you can to the :

Committee  
5003 Austin  
Houston, Texas 77004  
tel.(713) 921-3047  
or  
537 E. 5th Street  
New York, New York 10013  
tel.(212)636-9533 or 254-3817

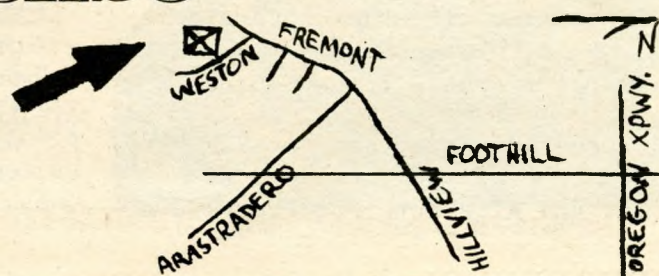
DEFEND AND SUPPORT JOHNNY AND BARTEE!  
DEATH TO THE FASCIST PIGS!

## Barbecue for Legal Defense

SUPPORT THE STANFORD HOSPITAL 31

SUNDAY, JUNE 6, 3pm - 8pm (\$2 donation)

Food & Drink, People's Theater — child care provided





# BSU PLEBICITE: REFORMS URGED FOR STANFORD

This school year in a final "Black Reparation Demands 1971" document, the Stanford Black Community, through the Black Students Union, demanded reforms in Stanford policies concerning Black admissions and financial aids, Black Studies, Black Employees, the adjoining Black Community East-Bayshore, Corporate Investment policies, and relations with Third World groups at Stanford. These reforms confront some of the most serious areas of institutional racism at Stanford.

After a three-day Convocation on Institutional Racism, Imperialism and Political Victimization, a Plebiscite Vote of the Stanford community was conducted, ending after Brother Muhammad Ali's speech here last Friday. The 1,764 students, faculty and employees that voted, passed the two resolutions by a 2 to 1 margin.

Resolution #1 reads:

Whereas racism, which is hopefully based mainly on ignorance, is responsible for many of America's presentsocial problems and, whereas Stanford poses as an intellectually enlightened and morally responsible community: Be it highly resolved that the Stanford Community abhors the racism and imperialism inherent in the institution, Stanford, and Be it further resolved that implementation of the demands presented by the Black Community is the necessary first step toward ending racist inequities inherent in the institution Stanford."

Resolution #1 received 1192 votes for and 548 votes against.

Resolution #2 reads:

Whereas previous, predominately white attempts at institutional reform have been accompanied by

minimal penalties for participants, and whereas the recent attempt at institutional reform led and initiated by Black people, was greeted by the most severe and repressive measures in Stanford's history and whereas for the first time, bogus felony and misdemeanor charges were used in an attempt to silence and discredit negotiators and supporters of Black demands: Be it highly resolved that Stanford, in order to correct the injustices of the past weeks, should utilize all means at its disposal to insure that none of the Black Demands negotiators and supporters be imprisoned, suspended or expelled.

Resolution #2 received 1193 yes votes and 553 no votes.

In spite of violent threats and attacks upon us, both by racist terrorists and rioting police, the Stanford Black Community has made this final attempt to orderly pursue the redress of grievances. It is our hope, that the response of the Stanford Administration to the Plebiscite, will be such as to communicate to Black Americans that at least on university campuses, the ballot is considered an effective as well as acceptable means of achieving institutional reform.

*Willie L. Newberry, Chairman  
Black Students Union, Stanford*



POLICE WERE CALLED IN TO BREAK UP PEACEFUL SIT-IN AT STANFORD HOSPITAL. 31 PEOPLE ARE NOW FACING PROSECUTION.

## Stanford Alternate Food Service Ends

The worker-organized "Alternate Food Service" finally came to an end, for the time being, last Friday, May 28. During its eleven weeks of existence it raised and distributed over \$1,900 to laid-off workers. It also provided top quality food at very low prices, became a gathering place for workers and students to talk about what was coming down, and was a visible symbol of worker militancy fighting against lay-offs.

Eight people were helped out by the money made over the eleven weeks. Five were laid-off Tresidder workers, two were laid-off workers from others of the university, and one was an unemployed brother unconnected with Stanford. Money went to pay hospital bills, rent, insurance premiums, loan payments, food and other necessities. Since Stanford still doesn't pay unemployment benefits, this money was the only outside money available for those who were helped.

The final day of the food service several people connected with the Boycott presented a street theater play summarizing the university's moves to take jobs away from workers and the response it generated.

Several people have worked very hard to make the Tresidder Boycott and Alternate Food Service a

success. Nancy and Paul Fearer and Frances Emley in particular have been the mainstays of the food service, and Sue Ehrlich and Joe Hardegee have helped to keep things going. Also, dozens of workers and students made sandwiches, picketed, and did the other jobs which were necessary to move things forward.

The Boycott clearly made an impact on Tresidder. Business was down considerably throughout, especially during the normally busy noon hour. One student worker testified during hearings held about Tresidder management that with the Boycott cutting into business it would have been extremely difficult for the remaining workers to do the jobs that would have been required of them. "Normal" business would have been too much of a strain on the workers remaining after the twelve were laid off.

Hearings were initiated by the Stanford Students Association as a result of the publicity resulting from the boycott. Several things emerged during the testimony. One was that Tresidder management has proved to be incredibly inept and repressive. Problems of food quality, worker morale and sanitation were mentioned again and again by students and workers who testified.

Some suggested that Tresidder

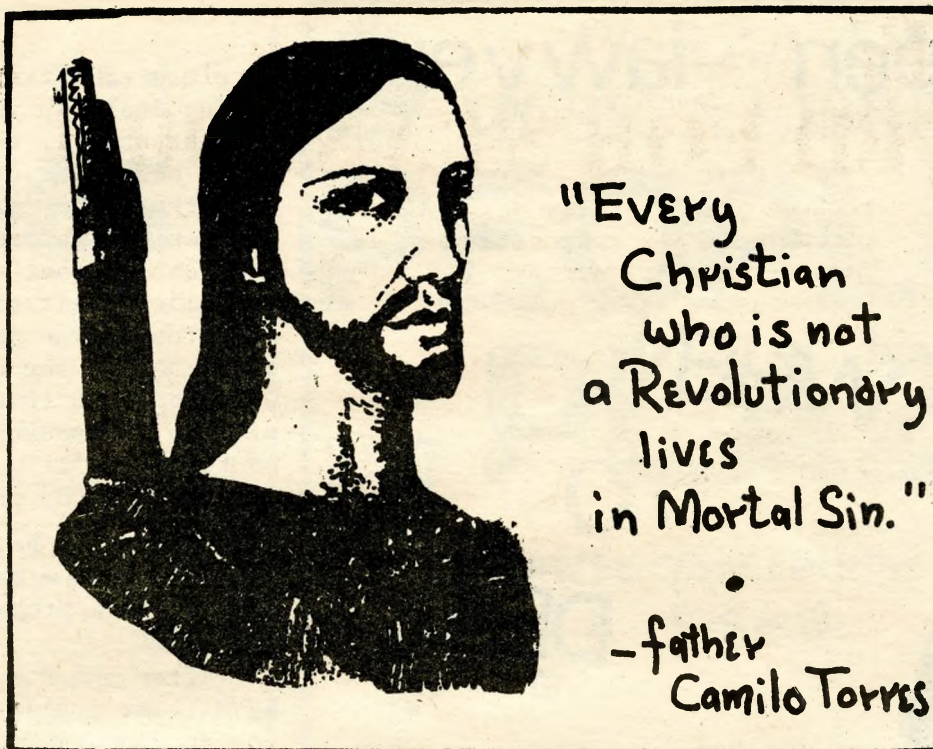
should be managed collectively by the workers themselves. It is clear that some major changes are going to have to come about if the place is to be run by and for the people.

At this stage there are still some workers who have not found new jobs. Whether this means that the Alternate Food Service will have to be resumed at a later date in order to keep the pressure on Stanford is yet to be decided. One thing is for sure, these workers cannot be abandoned. Stanford workers and students, and the entire community must continue the struggle for the right to a decent livelihood for all people.





# People's Church Forming



A death sentence has been approved by the board of the United Christian Campus Ministry at Stanford in the case of Joe Hardegree. It is a condemnation of the life-giving message of the gospels because it rejects the basic premise of love: to feed the hungry, to clothe the naked, to take care of the sick and visit the imprisoned.

The UCCM board meeting compares to many other gatherings in which one side wears the mask of concern while the other side negotiates for survival. It happened in Stanford Hospital negotiations with Dr. 's Wilson and Gonda; it happens weekly in the Paris Peace Talks, and similarly with the BSU demands of reparation.

In all these instances, the people responsible at this time for the decision-making policies dodge behind numerous complexities: Sam Bridges cannot be rehired because of this and that (likewise for Bruce Franklin); the troops cannot be pulled out of Indo-China because of something or other; and all the BSU demands can't be met because of certain existing priorities. Imperialism seeps into all these decisions because it has conditioned many of us to seek our own comfort, our own success and our own prestige which leads us to submit to the massive violence that brutalizes the downtrodden peoples of the world. Ironically, the move to cut down the budget that enables the board to remove Joe

from Stanford came the same week The Black Panther put out an issue on "The Role of the Church and the Survival Programs." These are concrete proposals as to how churches can implement programs for survival and liberation.

In the past, the Black Church had the true spirit of freedom and passion for survival. Father Neil urges the Church to recapture that early leadership. Most of the UCCM members do not seem to hear the cries of people suffering under the weight of imperialism. They don't seem to understand that they had an obligation to sustain their brother in his efforts to minister through a liberation struggle.

At Stanford, students, faculty and workers are getting together to help Joe by setting up a People's Ministry. They know that being a revolutionary and being a Christian both mean loving and supporting all those who--like Joe--are devoting their lives to serving the people. Plans for the People's Ministry include collecting money through pledges, etc. in order to keep Joe in the Stanford community for another year. Are you interested in helping? If you are, please call Joann Johnson at 491-3583 ALL LOVE AND POWER TO THE PEOPLE.....

## Hospital 31 Hearing Set

Starting on June 1, Tuesday at 9:30 A.M. in the North County Court House on Grant Ave. in Palo Alto, the seven sisters and brothers charged with felonies resulting from the Stanford Hospital sit-in will start their preliminary hearing. The hearing will probably go on for three days, in Judge Phelps' courtroom on the second floor.

Everyone is asked to come and support these courageous freedom fighters.

## "D" Back in Jail

Diarmuid "D" McGuire has been in Elmwood Rehabilitation Center since May 3, for violation of probation.

Judge Ingram slammed "D" for "disturbing the peace," the disturbance being "D's" article "Snitches", which fingered Ray White and Roger Reed, both Stanford seniors, as finks.

White and Reed had provided the instrumental testimony that lead to "D's" original conviction for malicious mischief July 1970.

The article appeared in the Stanford Daily.

"D's" probation officer refused to revoke "D's" probation for exercising his constitutionally guaranteed freedom of press.

So uptight was the D.A. at the light "D" shone on stoolies White and Reed, he went straight to the judge to send "D" back to jail.

"D" will be sprung June 6.

Time spent in jail for rights fought for in 1776 is righteous time.

This combined with the police raid on Stanford Daily's office shows the Bill of Rights is but a piece of paper in the bottom of some police wastebasket.



DIARMUID MCGUIRE

## Campus Newspapers Attacked

On Tuesday, May 11, the Daily Californian ran an editorial urging that the people of Berkeley take down the fence surrounding People's Park.

On Saturday around 1000 people gathered at the park and attempted to remove the fence. The Berkeley Police moved in, and the rest of the day was spent street fighting with the police and Alameda County Sheriffs. There were 41 arrests, but pigs suffered more injuries than the people.

By Monday the administration of Cal was trying to nail the editors of the Daily Cal for causing the riot by writing their Tuesday editorial. The U.C. administration asked the Publications Board to discipline three editors, David Dozier, James Blodgett, and Fran Hawthorne.

The Publications Board decided to remove the three editors from the paper. The editors refused to leave the paper, and the publications board responded by threatening to cut off money for the paper. Finally the Daily Cal was forced to change editors for the last four issues of the term, but was able to avoid having to actually dismiss

Dozier, Blodgett, or Hawthorne.

The whole issue that U. C. tried the editors of the Daily Cal on was phoney. They were accused of advocating or inciting a riot, while, in reality, the paper had called for the whole demonstration to be peaceful in several editorials during the week before the riot. What the U. C. Administration and the Regents really want is to eliminate any progressive people on the Daily Cal from editorial positions, and to intimidate the staff from taking progressive positions.

The situation is similar at Stanford, where the Palo Alto Police felt free to raid the Stanford Daily offices with a search warrant for pictures that might have been taken at the Hospital when the pigs busted the sit-in.

The Daily destroys all negatives, so the police found nothing. The real purpose of the raid (the first time a newspaper office has ever been raided in America) was to intimidate the Daily.

Since the raid the Daily has filed a suit in court asking 1) that the search of the Daily offices be declared uncon-

stitutional 2) that an injunction be granted preventing another such raid, 3) that the city pay all court costs involved in the suit.



WORKERS PICKET TRESSIDER



# lumpen lawyer



## WHEN TO DEAL

On May 21, "Gino" Varadin pled guilty to a charge of assaulting with deadly force, during a San Jose State demonstration against a Standard Oil recruiter. He was expecting six to nine months on the farm. Superior Judge Scott sentenced him to from one to ten years in State prison, despite the fact that Gino was only 20 years old, had served no jail time and the probation department had recommended CYA time.

Since Scott on the same day gave a one-year sentence for armed robbery, it is clear how he regards politically motivated "crimes." It is important that we have the information necessary to fight the court system of the state.

Of the millions of people busted every year in Amerika, only about 5 to 10% ever go to trial. All the "officers of the court"—the district attorneys, judges, most public defenders or court-appointed lawyers, and many private lawyers, without letting on to their client, cooperate in the effort to pressure defendants into taking deals. The reason is obvious: if all the people busted demanded jury trials, the court system would get so jammed up that it would collapse.

"Officers of the court" use several tactics to pressure you into giving up your right to a jury trial. The district attorney puts extra heavy charges on you, then promises to drop or lower them if you will plead guilty to a few. The public defender indicates that he just doesn't have the staff to adequately prepare your trial. Your lawyer hints that a jury trial will double his lawyer's fee. And judges show by their practice that they will give a prisoner convicted by trial a much stiffer sentence than if he accepts a deal and doesn't "waste the court's time." You get punished for demanding your right to a trial!

Because of their understanding of the function of deals in maintaining the legal system, some political organizations have a general policy that their members will not make deals when they are busted. However, most other people, whether or not they belong to a movement group, will usually make their decision concerning a deal on the basis of the individual circumstances of their case. The decision should only be made after you and your lawyer have made a thorough evaluation of the strength of your case versus the strength of

the D.A.'s case against you, as well as considering your past record and other trials you may have pending.

## Deal or Trial

Generally, it is worthwhile to consider taking a deal under any of the following circumstances: (1) You've been busted on a felony on which the D.A. has enough evidence to convict you easily; (2) You've been busted on either a felony or misdemeanor that is easy to prove even without much evidence; (3) You've been busted on a light misdemeanor and have no previous record; (4) You face multiple trials on several different busts which might all be consolidated into one sentence on a deal; (5) You were busted for an expressly political act and have no organizational support, but the D.A. does not yet realize you as an enemy of the state.

It is probably better to go through with the trial under any of these circumstances: (1) The D.A.'s case is weak, and you and your lawyer are thoroughly prepared; (2) You have a previous record which would make a jail or prison sentence mandatory under a deal;

(3) You want to delay proceedings as long as possible, hoping the D.A. loses interest in your case (and possibly might offer a more attractive offer in the future); (4) You want to try to educate the jury, and you have enough support to do some organizing around the issue of your case; (5) You're considering the possibility of not showing up for trial, and need some time for preparations.

You can make a deal any time from arraignment through the middle of the trial. But the best time is probably after you have seen the D.A.'s case against you and he has expressed willingness to make a good deal, and before the judge has "wasted" his time sitting in on jury selection. But all this depends on the practice in your city, and on the individual judges involved. You and your lawyer should check this out thoroughly before you plead to a deal.

## What You Should Know

The deal-making will be done by your lawyer, the D.A., and the judge. Since you can't be present at this crucial time, you ought to know exactly what your lawyer should be doing, in case he gets a little

careless or lacks experience with making deals in your city. Make sure he has all the information he needs before he discusses the deal with the D.A.: what the maximum and minimum sentences are on your charges; whether they are optional (considered either misdemeanors or felonies at the judge's discretion); what charges the D.A. will drop and which ones he'll change from felonies to misdemeanors; what kind of sentences he'll suggest and when you will have to do the time; how long probation will be, with what terms; will you have a choice between jail time or fine/probation/suspended sentence?

(After the D.A. and your lawyer have their preliminary discussion you should tell your lawyer what kind of a deal you would like him to work for.) Your lawyer, of course, has already told the D.A. that he can't make any decision on whether you will take a deal without consulting you first on the terms of the deal. Your lawyer should make no promises until he gets a firm commitment from the D.A. on the sentence that the D.A. will recommend to the judge.

The deal cannot be finalized until the D.A. and your lawyer talk to the judge. The D.A. cannot give you a sentence, he can only make a recommendation to the judge. Your lawyer should come armed with glowing written references from "important" people in the community who testify to your value in the community. Your lawyer should "deal" and make sure he gets a promise from the judge about the sentence. Judge Scott seldom promises anything, so be careful.

If the judge is totally unsatisfactory, you can try to disqualify him. However, you will probably be transferred to the one other judge who would do the same thing. In any case, most judges will be bent out of shape because you disqualified one of their friends and will increase the sentence accordingly. It depends on the judges involved so don't act hastily.

When you and your lawyer reappear in court, the judge will ask you how you plead. You will say "guilty." Two things are important at this point: (1) You should try to make a "conditional plea" by saying to the court that you plead guilty on the condition that some of the charges are dropped or that you do not receive state time; and (2) You and your lawyer should talk about the voir dire the judge gives everyone who cops (makes a plea) and try to lay the grounds for an appeal in case you get screwed.

You will have trouble getting either to work. If there's any doublecross when you are sentenced, don't be afraid to say, "Your honor, that's not what we agreed on." Your only recourse then is to ask to change your plea back to "not guilty" and request a jury trial. If the judge refuses to accept your change of plea, you may be stuck with the sentence he gave you.

If he accepts your new plea, he will set another court date, which may be in his court or in another judge's. This should give you and your lawyer another chance to try to make a better deal. Help free all political prisoners by keeping yourself free.



# important ... phones

Abortion Information.....328-4941  
 ACLU.....328-0732  
 Boycott Center.....321-5933  
 Community Legal Defense.....328-4941  
 Concerned Citizens.....325-3765  
 Crisis Intervention Center...327-9242  
 East Palo Alto Food Co-op...325-7762  
 Ecology Action (peninsula)...328-6752  
 Free Pregnancy Test, Family  
 Planning.....321-2141  
 Free Press.....327-5676  
 Legal Aid Society (San Mateo  
 County).....324-0071  
 Legal Aid Society (Santa Clara  
 County).....245-2526  
 Legal Defense.....328-4941  
 Midpeninsula Free University328-4941  
 Mt. View Citizens against the  
 war.....968-1795  
 Music Switchboard, Palo Alto327-2625  
 Nairobi College.....323-3169  
 Nairobi Culture Center.....327-9832  
 Nairobi Draft Center.....323-3114  
 Pacific Studies Center.....322-4664  
 Palo Altans Against the war.328-4941  
 Palo Alto Food Co-op.....324-4972  
 Palo Alto Tenants Union.....329-0744  
 Palo Alto Partisans.....328-4941  
 Peoples Medical Center  
 El Centro Medico del Pueblo.365-2691  
 People's Plaza planning  
 committee.....328-4941  
 Probe Center.....369-8249  
 Redwood City Food Co-op  
 Cooperatua de Comida Redwood  
 City.....369-4651  
 Redwood City Jail.....364-1811  
 Redwood City Legal Aid.....365-8411  
 Redwood City Partisans.....365-5462  
 Release on your own recognizance  
 (Redwood City).....365-0350  
 or.....369-1441- ex. 4181  
 San Mateo County.....369-1441  
 Resistance Draft Center.....327-3108  
 Santa Clara County Jail.....321-2551  
 San Mateo County Jail.....369-1441  
 Teatro Venceremos.....369-9160  
 Venceremos Child Care Center365-2730  
 Venceremos College.....369-4651  
 Venceremos Newspaper.....328-4941  
 Welfare Rights.....369-8249  
 Whole Earth Truck Store.....323-0313  
 Worlds Indoor Records.....327-1122

## san jose nos.

People's Food Co-op..... 272-0770  
 ..... 258-2498  
 People's Legal Defense.... 289-9546  
 Call in news..... 926-1355

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PLAZA DEL PUEBLO  
 MUSICA LIBRE CADA SABADO

# PEOPLE'S PLAZA

7:30  
pm

UNIVERSITY and EMERSON  
 in PALO ALTO

every Saturday

june 5

Soul music with  
 the Fantastics

june 12

Rushin' River



## PMC Hours

The People's Medical Center is located in Redwood City at 2555 Middlefield Road. The phone number is 365-2691. The Center is open Monday through Friday from 10:30 am to 5 pm, and also on Saturdays from 10 am to 4 pm.

For those patients with children, there is a child care center at PMC, and for those without transportation, just call and someone will come pick you up. All members of the community are invited to visit the clinic.

## Horas de CMP

El Centro Medico del Pueblo esta situado en el 2555 Middlefield Road, Redwood City. El telefono es 365-2691. El Centro es abierto de lunes a viernes de 10:30 am a 5 pm y tambien los sabados de 10 am a 4 pm.

Para aquellos pacientes con ninios, hay una guarderia infantil que cuidara a sus ninios, y para ellos que necesiten transportacion, llame al mismo telefono y alguien lo recojera.

Todos los miembros de la comunidad estan invitados a la clinica.

Brother desperately needs a cabin, room or house to stay in with his two children-low rent. Call 328-4941 and leave message for Red.

## PRENATAL CARE

Anyone interested in taking or teaching pre-natal care please contact Jesse Corona. Call 369-4651 and leave your name and number and I will return your call.

The class sponsored by Venceremos College and People's Medical Center in Redwood City.

## CUIDADO PRE-NATAL

Los que puedan ensenar o quieren estudiar el cuidado prenatal haganos el favor de ponerse en contacto con Jesse Corona. Llame el numero 369-4651 y deje su nombre y numero de telefono y yo le volvere la llamada.

La clase esta patrocinada por la Organizacion Venceremos y el Centro de Salud del Pueblo en Redwood City.

VENCEREMOS COLLEGE  
 SOUTH CITY CAMPUS

10 South Spruce  
 South San Francisco

583-9088

## Food Coops

East Palo Alto  
 WRO Food Coop  
 880 Runnymede  
 325-7762

Central Palo Alto  
 Bill & Roberta Kane  
 636 Webster  
 324-4972

Redwood City  
 People's Food Co-op  
 2755 El Camino  
 369-4651

South Palo Alto  
 Craig & Monica Carver  
 2663 Emerson  
 326-9437

North Palo Alto  
 Don Willis  
 151 Cowper  
 329-0744

College Terrace  
 Phil Blois  
 2288 Williams  
 328-0654

Mt. View  
 964-9782

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# THE SOUL BROTHERS MOTORCYCLE CLUB WILL HOLD



**A ROCK FESTIVAL  
IN EL CAMINO PARK  
SUNDAY JUNE 13  
FROM 1-6 P.M.  
DONATION  
OF \$1.00  
TO COVER BAND EXPENSES**

## A Good Week For The Indo-chinese People

During the past week, Indochinese freedom fighters continued to make it hot for invading American forces and their Saigon allies.

In South Vietnam, National Liberation Front troops dealt serious losses to South Vietnamese forces during 11 days of heavy fighting in the A Shau Valley, in the northern part of that country. Another big battle appeared to be shaping up around Firebase 5 in the central highlands southwest of Dak To, where a buildup was reported of the North Vietnamese 28th Regiment and a commando battalion, with an anti-air-



craft battalion in support. North Vietnamese gunners are set up in seven positions around the buildup base, and their heavy fire kept U.S. helicopters from reaching the base yesterday (Friday, May 28).

In Cambodia, National United Front and North Vietnamese forces are besieg-

ing South Vietnamese troops defending Sunol, a rubber plantation town 85 miles north of Saigon. According to U.S. military officials, in three days of heavy fighting, 30 South Vietnamese troops were killed, and more than 100 were wounded. Considering the source, these figures are undoubtedly on the low side. Heavy fighting also took place 16 miles north of Phnom Penh, on the east bank of the Mekong River.

In Laos, Pathet Lao troops overran a government blocking position on the western Bolovens plateau along Highway 23 about seven miles west of Pak Song. The Pathet Lao forces may well soon take the important Mekong River town of Pak Se.

All in all, it was a good week for the Indochinese people.

Sunday, May 23: Officials at Travis Air Force Base used the excuse of a "fight" between Black and White GIs to lock up three of the more active and politically aware Black brothers on the base.

Brothers on the base decided to protest this move and demanded the release of the three brothers. About 200 GIs marched on the base stockade demanding that their comrades be freed, saying that they were determined to see them released by any means necessary.

They were attacked by Air Force Riot Police, white GIs, Fairfield City Pigs, and the base fire department, who drove up and down the barrack streets, spraying people with a water cannon. The bachelor officers' quarters were gutted by fire and one fireman died of a heart attack. Over one hundred and twenty GIs were arrested and put in the stockade, ninety-seven of them Black.

## TRAVIS A.F.B.



### POLITICAL PRISONER APPEAL

The Black Panther Party is sponsoring a program in which the public can help give support to our brothers and sisters on the "inside"--in prison. If you can possibly fulfill any of the suggestions in the box, please complete the box and mail it to the Black Panther Office.

"We must wage a struggle in the prisons and jails simultaneous with the struggle in the street."- Robert Williams  
Political Prisoner

I am interested in:

\_\_\_\_ Helping with the bussing program (busses, car pools etc.)

\_\_\_\_ Helping with legal aid services (attorneys) for the prisoners.

\_\_\_\_ Helping a prisoner meet his commissary needs.

\_\_\_\_ Helping a prisoner's family to visit him regularly through the bussing program.

I PLEDGE:

\$1--\$5--\$15--\$20--\$ --monthly  
For 6 months \_\_\_\_ For a year \_\_\_\_

TO: THE BUSSING PROGRAM  
LEGAL AID (DEFENSE FUNDS) \_\_\_\_  
PRISONER'S NEEDS \_\_\_\_

NAME: \_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_  
CITY-STATE: \_\_\_\_  
PHONE: \_\_\_\_

SEND ALL DONATIONS TO:  
Black Panther Party  
c/o Legal Defense Fund  
1048 Peralta St.  
Oakland, California 94706