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Action Centre for Marxist-Leninist Unity Discussion Theses for the Marxist-Leninist Movement in Britain

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DISCUSSION THESES

FOR THE

MARXIST-LENINIST MOVEMENT

IN BRITAIN.

 The main contradiction on a world scale in which British imperialism now finds itself is that between U.S. imperialism and the peoples of the world.

- 2). The continued and intensified uneven development of the chief imperialist powers since World War II - characterised by the virtual elimination of German, Italian and Japanese imperialism and the very serious weakening of Britain and France has brought about the emergence of U.S. imperialism as the most predatory power on earth, the chief exploiter of the peoples of the world and chief instigator of reactionary colonialwars and the threat of nuclear world war.
- 3). In this, the present stage of growing and intensifying contradictions between U.S.imperialism and the peoples of the world, the main storm centres are to be found in Asia, Africa and Latin America, where the scramble for control of the remaining and rapidly diminishing spheres of colonial and neo-colonial exploitation and conquest amongst the imperialist powers, with the U.S. at their head, has brought into being the National Liberation Movements in the colonial and semi-colonial territories, which are weakening and driving back imperialism on all fronts, winning national independence and democratic rights for the oppressed peoples, making a major contribution to the cause of the liberation of and thus mankind from the slavery, oppression and war that capitalism and imperialism ceaselessly engender.
- 4). In addition to the National Liberation Movements in Asia, Africa and Latin America, the post-war period has witnessed the large-scale spontaneous awakening of the working masses and progressive people in the advanced metropolitan imperialist countries of Europe and in the U.S. itself, in defence of world peace, national independence and democratic rights. The natural allies of the working-class and peace movements in Western Europe and the U.S. are the national liberation forces in the colonial and semi-colonial world, with whom it is of vital importance to forge close fraternal links and political and organisational association in struggle, in order to defeat the common enemy, world imperialism, with U.S. imperialism at its head.
- 5). The intensified uneven development amongst the remaining imperialist competitors has, however, also brought into being its inevitable oppthe growth of serious inter-imperialist rivalries between U.S. osite: imperialism on the one hand and its various competitors on the shrinking world market on the other. Thus we see the development of the European Common Market, the virtual withdrawal of France from the aggressive NATO alliance and her pursuance of independent national policies under de Gaulle. These rivalries, however, have also intensified amongst the lesser imperialist powers themselves, i.e., the countries of the Common Market, which, in reality, serves a dual role: a). To create a market and investment sphere in Europe whose combined productive potential is capable of challenging the U.S. collossus: and b). As the arena within which French and West German capital (the latter the direct instrument of U.S. capital) can fight it out for supremacy in Europe.
- 6). The totality of these developments represents a change in the world balance of class forces which is extremely favourable to the forces opposing imperialism. These forces, embracing the peoples of the Socialist camp, the solid base of revolutionary advance won to date as a result of the struggles of the world's toiling masses, the National Liberation Movements where the contradictions of imperialism and the struggle for national independence are concentrated in the present historical phase, and the working-class and peace forces throughout the world, together comprise a majority of the world's peoples. As a consequence of the emergence of these mighty new forces of social progress, the camp of imperialism has been weakened to the point where it is progressively losing the initiative in world struggle and in determining the future course of world history.

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- 10 It is within this new and favourable situation that the emergence 7). of modern revisionism must be understood. For Marxism-Leninism teaches, and the entire experience in struggle of the world's working people confirms, that it is precisely at such moments of decisive change is the world balance of class forces and in the objective conditions for perclutionary advance that the imperialists and reactionaries are compelled to seek allies within the camp of Socialism, national liberation, de. seracy and peace. As imperialism, headed by U.S. imperialism, progressively loses the historical initiative, it simultaneously loses its ability to mobilise the masses behind its predatory system and aggressive schemes for world domination, and is compelled to rely more and more upon nake. military force and coercion. Modern revisionism therefore reflects the capitulation to imperialist blackmail and aggression externally, and to bourgeois ideology and influences internally. It is the ideologically open but organisationally still partly concealed, detachment of capitalism and imperialism within the camp of Socialism, democracy and peace.
- In the advanced monopoly-capitalist countries of Western Europe, an. 8). especially here in Europe, where capitalism had its birthplace, the main base of support for capitalist exploitation and the bourgeois lictatorship has been social-democracy, which seeks to permeate the working-class and working people with the capitalist ideology of " class peace ", for disarming the working people from struggle, for the creation of a refor-mist and parliamentary-constitutional base to form the main prop of the bourgeois dictatorship and its chief embellishment, parliament. For, 30 long as the working people can be deceived by ideology and the corrupting influences of "reforms" paid for out of the oppression and exploitate ion of the colonial peoples, for so long is the monopoly-capitalist class enabled to keep its main organs of state power - the armed forces, police and other arms of the state apparatus of force - in reserve, against the day when Socialist Revolution can no longer be held back. The class-collaborationist teachings of modern revisionism on the international plane, emanating from the Khrushchovite leadership in the U.S.S.R. and from Tito Jugoslavia, find a ready-made base in these social-democratic and reformist traditions and ideas always present in the working-class movements of the advanced monopoly-capitalist countries, including Britain, and form an ever constant source of surrender and betrayal of the fundamental interests of the working-class.
- 9). The various forms of social-democratic ideology, therefore, constitute the main support of monopoly-capital and imperialism in Western Europe, including Britain. Ever since capitalism developed into its imperialist stage at the turn of the century, the basic strategy of monopolycapital has been to pursue the dual policy of transforming the mass organisations of the working-class, formed originally as collective organ s of struggle, into the political and ideological extensions of the state, and simultaneously to develop the central power of the armed machinery of violence and coercion at the core of the state, and such ancillary arms as serve it, to the point where both permeate and dominate every aspect of social life.
- 10). From being originally factions and tendencies within the various organisations of the working - class, reflecting the growth of a "labour aristocracy" engendered by the policies of reform utilised by monopolycapital to dampen down class struggle, to alleviate the worst social evils attending the development of the capitalist system, and to create a social stratum amenable to its policies, the social-democrats in the Labour Party, the large Trade Unions and other mass organisations of the working-class, have, since approximately Worll War II, brought about the final and complete transformation of the Labour Party and the largest and most powerful Trade Unions into organised detachments and extensions of the bourgeois state machine, into an apparatus for permeating the working-class with the capitalist ideology of "class peace", of the false and disarming perspectives of gradual, " peaceful " change through "reforms" and parliamentary elections.
- 11). These organisations have thus developed into the ideological, political and economic framework of modern monopoly- capitalism in Britain; they each serve to maintain a broad sector of the social structure of capitalism, and are being increasingly linked together to form a corporate whole. As the internal and external contradictions of British imperialism intensify, as the class relationships polarise with the increasing concentration of capital in fewer and fewer hands, as the fusion of large scale finance capital and the giant trusts and combines with the monopo-

and of both with U.S. imperialism, gets under way ly- capitalist state, with accelerating tempo, and as the power and scope of large-scale monopoly industry, trade and banking comes more and more into conflict with the general environment of capitalism and as the total strains and stresses of life become more and more intolerable for the mass of the working population, the traditional constitutional structure of the capitalist dictatorship - bourgeois democracy, political parties, elections and parliament, are being increasingly transformed into corporate state monopoly-capitalism.

12). The main features of corporate state monopoly-capitalism are :-

- a). The vastly increased scope of state-capitalist forms of ownership, reaching to the point where the monopoly-capitalist state owns the most important sectors of heavy industry, transport, communications, power and public utilities, and administers them in the interests of the large-scale monopolies and finance-capital.
- b). A tremendous extension of state-administered "welfare" schemes, health services, educational and "cultural" organisations, etc. de-signed not only to ameliorate the worst effects of intensifying exploitation, and the growing antagonism of class relationships, but also to assist in the permeation of reformist ideology and to harness the working people and broad middle strata more thoroughly to the monopoly-capitalist state.
- c). The growing tendency for the traditional political parties of the capitalist constitutional structure to align with one another in forming the democratic facade of corporate state monopoly-capit-alism, with parliament at its apex. This development represents the culmination of an inherent process fundamental to bourgeois democracy, and which has been maturing ever since the birth of capitalism and capitalist democracy in the 18th Century: as the two major classes of capitalism polarise, and as, in the epoch of imperialism, the state becomes increasingly the tool and oppressive weapon of the monopolies, the social basis of the political parties and their various policies and class - ideological positions become less and less an organic reflection of the antagonistic class relationships, of the conflicting interests of the various classes, and therefore becomes less and less concerned with providing a genuine democratic choice, and comes to serve more and more as the direct instrument of the class interest of the dominant section within the dominant class - the monopoly-capitalists - and to strengthen their class dictatorship throughout the whole of capitalist society, and particularly within the working-class and its potential allies, the potentially progressive middle strata. Foremost amongst these tasks fulfilled by the capitalist political parties which form the democratic facade is the permeation of reformist and parliamentary-democratic illusions amongst the broad masses of the people, to disarm them from struggle against the monopoly-capitalist stranglehold, to harness the mass of the people to capitalism, to prevent the middle strata from forming broad alliances with the working-class, and so to prevent the growth of a broad anti-monopoly united front of all who are oppressed and threatened by monopoly-capital and its state, with the working-class at its head.
- d). An equally tremendous increase in the power of the central organs of armed violence and coercion of the monopoly-capitalist state -the armed forces, the police, the para - military formations - and recruitment of these organs from amongst the broad masses of the people.
- e). The tendency for the basic organisations of the working-class the Trades Unions, Trades Councils, Co-operative Societies and others, to be incorporated into the monopoly - capitalist framework of class power, through the enactment of legislation providing for state control over wages and incomes, and to make strike action, the fundamental weapon of the working-class, illegal. The strategic aim of these developments, which are fundamental to corporate state monopoly-capitalism, is to deprive the working-class of its independent organs of struggle, and to link them organisationally and legally, as well as politically and ideologically, with the monopolycapitalist state.

Within the structure of monopoly-capitalist class power outlined above, the first line of defence for the preservation of capitalism is formed by the permeation of capitalist ideology amongst the broad masses of the people through the agency of, in the first instance, the political

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parties, but also assisted by the broad "welfare", "cultural" and progandist organisations, the reformist Trade Unions and co-operatives, the ministries concerned with information, education and propaganda, a churches and youth clubs, etc. etc. The second line of defence is format by the parliamentary-democratic constitutional facade itself, with iament at its apex and the political parties at its base, whose concern is with the presentation and mass dissemination of the specificall itical, as well as ideological, influences and concepts of "percedu "supra-class" development, of the gradual elimination of the esile of capitalism without struggle. And finally, at the core of monopoly-contract alist class power, lie the permanent organs of violence and coercies of the state, which are held in reserve against the onset of violent slave conflict, when the first two lines of defence have failed to dist. ismobilise the working-class and its allies and have been breached, as against the onset of Socialist Revolution itself.

- The main instruments for achieving the creation of theory erate at-13). ate monopoly-capitalist framework for British capitalism are approximate and cial-democratic political party of reform and parliamentary frond, to Labour Party, and b). the social-democratic Trade Unions and Concral Council of the T.U.C.
- The Labour Party forms the chief bulwark of the corporate 2000-14). rk within the sphere of political and ideological deception, for all y parliament and the political parties. Within the broader econo ic francework of state-capitalist and monopolist exploitation, oppression and "reform.", it is the Trade Union Movement, dominated by the large reformint Trade Unions and the General Council of the T. U. C., whose loaderships are wholly or mainly social - democratic, that form the main base. Makes two wings, the political and the economic, are fused together in the same your Party structure, and thus, in their totality, represent the office ideological, political and economic base for securing the corporate state monopoly - capitalist dictatorship of the dominant stratum within and capitalist class which is tied to U. S. capital, and for stren, thethe ng that dictatorship within the broad levels of the working-class dia i-Idle strata who constitute the vast majority of the population.
- 151. As a consequence of the complete organisational integration of the Labour Party and the reformist Trade Union structure into the corpolate framework of state monopoly-capitalism, the Labour Party is steading 10sing, and has already largely lost, its character as a party appealing to working-class allegiance and class interest. Such effectiveness as it still possesses in this respect is almost wholly restricted to the field of electoral support - an appeal which is fetishistic in character and exists wholly within the illusory and disarming framework of parlia andary democracy and party - political electioneering. The Labour Secty Las ceased to be a party concerned in any way with working - class struggle. Its sole purpose has now become that of erecting and administering the corporate framework of state monopoly-capitalism and "reform".
- 16). Class struggle, however, continues, and will intensity as the overseas bases of British imperialism collapse under the blows of the Batilnal Liberation Movements in the colonial and semi-colonial arous. Los as the accelerating concentration of monopoly ownership comes more data work into conflict with the social character of the production process the rapid development of the productive forces, and thus exposes com-more clearly its fundamental antagonism to the class interest not only of the working-class and working people, but also of ever broader sections of the middle strata, including professional people, the growing stratum of state and monopoly-employed administrators and technicians, and even the small and middle capitalists in the field of small scale manufacture and distribution. Thus two developmenst arise: a), the need for a new "left" type of social-democratic party which, whilst adhering to and supporting the parliamentary-political and reformist framework of deception, will nevertheless appear to give support to mass struggles and forms of spontaneous opposition to monopoly-capitalist oppression, without, however, ever leading or incepting such struggles or giving them a rovolutionary, socialist orientation; and b). the growth within the overall structure of the Labour Party of a "left" trend, reflecting the growing antagonism between the broad middle strata and the dominant state monopoly-capitalists.
- The two tendencies above form the objective base for the emergence 17). of modern revisionist ideology, theories and policies within the Commun-

ist Party of Great Britain, reflecting the preponderant influence of social-democratic ideas and influences within the broad working-class and petty-bourgeoisie, and the adaptation of this traditional social-democratic ideology to the emergence of new class relationships and forms of capitalist rule in the epoch of moribund imperialism, National Liberation struggles and Socialist Revolution. With the adoption of the revisionist programmatic statement, "Turn Left For Progress", at the 29th National Congress in November 1965, the C.P.G.B. has ceased to be a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist Party of the working - class, and has now become just such a "left" type of social-democratic party, to act as the second line of defence of the capitalist political framework behind the Labour Party.

- 18). pursues The framework of social-democratic deception and "reform" the strategic aim of the monopoly-capitalist class of dividing the forces of the working-class and working people, of preventing them from uniting into a cohesive and many-sided force representative of the many spheres of exploitation and class struggle. The character of the existing social-democratic organisations has been such as to divide and keep seperate the various sections of the working-class and working people and to prevent them from waging a united struggle in solidarity with one another, out of which would be born, inevitably and irresistably, an awareness first of all of the incompatibility of the capitalist framework of relations with the immediate material class interests of the working people, and later of the inevitability and necessity of Socialism as the only possible solution of its age-old, but now no longer tolerable, class exploitation, cultural deprivation, anarchy, senseless waste of vastmaterial resources produced by the peoples' labour which characterise modern capitalism, and which the capitalists can no longer control or even utilise fully.
- 19). The Marxist-Leninist Party represents that most advanced section of the working-class and progressive people which has broken free from capitalist ideology, idealism and metaphysics and the paralysing grip of social-democratic thinking, and which, by applying the scientific Marxist theory of social development and revolution, succeeds in establishing the first indispensable independent base of class conscious proletarian leadership. Having once established its independent vanguard organisation, it is essential for the Marxist-Leninist Party to turn outwards into the broad working-class organisations in which bourgeois and social-democratic thinking are dominant in order to concentrate and direct class struggle in all its many spheres and fronts, and to transform those struggles into a great reservoir of accumulated revolutionary energies, creating understanding of the need for working-class power and Socialism amongst all levels of the working-class, from the most advanced sections downwards into the broadest strata of the working people and in all the many spheres of production relations and social life. At each stage of the widening and intensifying class struggle, as the battle between the two major classes for the role of leading class in society grows in scope and intensity, it will be necessary to consolidate and direct each advain ideological clarity and class militancy, each actual victory in nce political and economic struggle, the lessons of each defeat in struggle, into the building of the organs of revolution and future working - class power.
- 20). The corporate framework of modern capitalism represents a last-ditch attempt by the monopolists and imperialists to defend and strengthen the social basis of bourgeois rule, through a vast proliferation and intensification of its organs of ideological deception, "reform" and class violence.For this purpose it has erected a giant network of organisations , under both the direct and the indirect control of the state and embracing all aspects of social and personal life. Within this new rising trend of capitalist rule, it is essential for the Marxist - Leninist Party to commence the long and arduous task of building a broad anti-monopoly unembracing all classes and strata whose basic interests are ited front, in any way thr eatened by monopoly capital, with the working-class at its in order to isolate the main class enemy, the dominant section of head, large-scale monopoly - capitalists which is intensifying its spoliation of the nation's wealth and resources, whose militarisation and plunder of the economy is creating increasingly intolerable hardships for everwider sections and classes of the people, and which is more and more surrendering the nation's independence and sovereignty into the hands of the greatest international scourge of world peace and social progress and chief enemy of the world's neonles. H.S. immerialism.

- The leading force within this broad anti-monopoly united front. the 21). solid base of leadership upon which all progressive interpediate state will depend for the maintenance and strengthening of their initiation and unity, will be the industrial working - class by hand and brain. It will therefore be an essential and fundamental task of the Marxist-Loninist Party to establish nuclei of working-class leadership in all spacees of industry, and to build those nuclei into centres of working-class struggle, which will act as the main link between the working indeses and their vanguard Party, giving class leadership on all in edicte issues of struggle, relating those issues to the final aim of Socialist Revolution, developing and conserving the confidence of the working - class in their power as a class, assisting and encouraging them to seize the initiation boldly in every advantageous situation and so gradually raising the working-class to fulfilment of its role as leading force in the anti-mationolist united front and great rallier and inspirer of the intervenie to progressive strata and broat masses of the people.
- An essential aspect of this broad programme of united from the out 22). opolist struggle will be the need to engage the old and new representatives of social-democracy, revisionism and class betrayal in uncompromising ideological and political struggle, exposing them consistently as traitors to the fundamental interests of the working-class. But it will also and simultaneously be necessary to unite with all vacillating social-democratic leaders at whatever level, on all immediate and practical issues on which agreement can be won, in order to weam them away from support for the corporate framework and to win them over to support and activity on behalf of the people's forces and the organisations of the anti-monopoly united front. To pursue this dual struggle effectively, it will be necessary for Communists to engage in patient and energetic longterm work within the organisations of the corporate framework, in particular within the Trades Unions and other mass organisations, winning bases of support and leadership amongst their members and building centres of leadership in struggle. Whilst engaged in this wor' of buildin, the bases of the broad anti-monopoly united front within the social-lemosratic organisations of the corporate framework, however, Communists shoul . also be preparing for the day when the organisational structure of these organisations becomes incompatible with the new needs of struggle and the stage of ideological clarity and unity in struggle reached by the forces of the working-class. These conditions will apertain when socialdemocracy has been exposed as the ideological and political tool of Lotopoly-capitalism and its corporate framework, and when a majority of working-class and working people have been won for the sins of socialism and working- class power, and the Marxist - Leainist Party has been bilt as the guiding centre and vanuard leadership to which the overwhelming majority of the working people and broad masses give their active allegiance and support. Then this stage is reached, it will be necessary to build new organs of struggle, reflecting the greatly increased level of class consciousness and political understanding of growing millions of working people. The embryos of these new organisations will, in fact, have developed throughout the whole intervening period through the tasks of building the broad anti-monopoly united front and the centres of wor-king-class leadership in industry which will act as its advance guard, and the emergence of these new conditions of struggle will merald the onset of the pre-revolutionary situation in Britain,
 - 25). In order to prepare for the victorious carryin, through of the socialist revolution in the form most advantageous to the working-class and revolutionary people, it will be necessary that the bases of class power of the monopoly-capitalists - the various levels of the corporate framework and the first and second lines of defence formed by the political parties, parliament and the organs of "welfare" and "reform" - should be isolated and whittled away over a whole period of broad united front struggles. At every stage prior to and short of the revolutionary transition itself, it will be necessary to avoid open and frontal engagements with the infinitely more powerful state machinery of violence, except in conditions where the forces of the revoltuionary people are overwhelmiagly preponderant and tactical retreats may be wrested from the ruling class, and instead the course of gradually and painstakingly isolating the central stronghold of capitalist power, the state, should be embarked upon through the building of an all-ambracing and parallel network of organs of popular resistance to corporate state monopoly oppression, exploitation and deception, which will increasingly confront and challenge the supremacy of the organisations of the corporate framework, moving

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from minor actions to major ones and from peripheral engagements to national ones as the revolutionary experience and confidence of the masses grows in the course of building the political and organisational unity of the broad anti-monopolist struggle. It will be necessary for the Marxist-Leninist Party, at the head of these organs of popular struggle, to combat the disarming and restraining role of the organisations of the corporate framework in every sphere of social life - in industry, in the Trades Unions, in the Co-operative Societies, Tenants Associations, "welfare" and health organisations, and youth movements - and to build in their place the parallel network of people!s organisations, the powerhouses of the future working-class power and its democratic state. The building of such a framework will, in fact, represent the onset of dual class power in the pre - revolutionary situation, in which the social and political initiative is more and more being wrested out of the hands of the numerically insignificant group of top monopoly - capitalists which controls the machinery of force of the state and is irresistibly passing into the hands of the revolutionary people, Only when the overwhelming majority of the people have been won to the side of the working - class, have accepted the leading role of the working-class within the broad anti-monopolist united front, and the monopoly-capitalists themselves have been socially isolated and imprisoned within their central state stronghold of armed force and counter-revolutionary violence, will it be possible to carry through the final stage of destroying that central stronghold through the revolutionary force and violence of the working-class and working people. By this means, the maintenance of the revolutionary initiative of the people will be ensured, premature frontal clashes avoided, the building of unity at each stage of advance achieved, and the most advantageous and, in the last analysis the most peaceful - though not in the legal, constitutional sense -form of revolutionary transition carried through, to the final establishment of the democratic dictatorship of the working-class and working people.

- 24). In the course of gathering the forces of Socialist Revolution through the building of a broad anti-monopolist united front to isolate the main enemy, a strategically most vital revolutionary task will be to forge, throughout the intervening period, the closest and strongest ideological and political bonds of unity between the British working - class and working people and the revolutionary worker and peasant masses in the colonial and semi-colonial territories where, at the present stage of the world revolutionary anti - imperialist struggle, the conflict of classes is most intense, where revolutionary people's wars are in progress, and from whence anti - imperialist struggle will spread towards the central areas of advanced monopoly-capitalist exploitation and oppression. The Marxist-Leninist Party will therefore need to wage uncompromising struggle against all forms of imperialist social-chauvinism amongst the people. and to expose the increasingly barbaric acts of oppression of the imperialists in the colonial and semi-colonial areas. It will be necessary to forge unbreakable bonds of solidarity with the revolutionary people of the colonial and semi-colonial areas, through organising and leading struggles to thwart the aggressive counter-revolutionary wars of the imperialists, through such measures as the blacking of ships and other transport carrying war supplies, strike action in arms factories, picketing and cordoning of military bases, etc. Within the overall context of these anti-imperialist solidarity struggles, it will be essential to concentrate the maximum of force against the war bases and military personnel of the main enemy of both the British and the world's working people, U.S. imperialism, and against the agents of U.S. imperialism in Brithe armed forces of the monopoly - capitalist dictatorship, which tain, act in concert and in collusion with it.
 - 25). In the present period, British monopoly-capitalism is intensifying its attacks against the working people of Britain, is continuously reducing living standards and stepping up exploitation, is making increasing inroads into the hard won democratic rights of the people, seeking to dismantle the independent working - class organisations and, through the development of the corporate framework, is actively preparing for the imposition of fascist forms of direct, unbridled monopoly-capitalist dictatorship. To these grave developments must be added the fact that the Marxist - Leninist Communist Party, the Party of working-class power and Socialism, has been liquidated by revisionist betrayal, leaving the working-class leaderless at a decisive moment of historical change. It is vitally necessary, therefore, that the Marxist-Leninist vanguard should, as an urgent and immediate measure to rally and re-orientate the working

16 HAMMER OR ANVIL class and working people towards a perspective of anti - capitalist ctiuggle, to draw up a programme of immediate working-class demands - if ancessary, even prior to the actual re-establishment of the Marxisterie ist Communist Party. Such a programme of immediate demands should weather those fundamental economic and political rights and working-class int... ests on which the nonopoly - capitalists and their state are at pressure concentrating their attacks : -

- a). AN END TO THE WILSON GOVT'S POLICY OF ENCOURAGING U.S. MILET .. " Y SUBJUGATION AND OCCUPATION OF BRITAIN ! FOR THE ABROGATIVE. OF PACTS AND TREATIES WHICH HARNESS BRITAIN TO THE CHARIOT OF .S. WORLD REACTION!
- b). AN END TO THE DISMANTLING OF TRADE UNION AND DEMOCRATIC DI DITA ... ALL ATTACKS ON THE INDEPENDENCE OF WORKING-CLASS O GANIS TINTS: THE RIGHT OF ALL MORKERS TO ORGANISE, TO STRIKE AND TO THERE INDEPENDENT ORGANS OF STRUGGLE !
- c). AN END TO THE INCOMES POLICY, WHICH FREEZES WARDS FILLST LIG TO ARE FREE TO SOAR: FOR HIGHER WAGES AND AN INCREASE IN THIS DALLS THE FOR THE JOB !
- d). AN END TO ALL COLONIAL AND NEO COLONIAL WARS AND OPPHISSICK dan ta EXPLOITATION OF PEOPLES OF OTHER LANDS: FOR THE LIBER TION OF THE PEOPLES STILL UNDER COLONIAL DOMINATION !
- e). AN END TO ALL FORMS OF RACIALIST DISCRIMINATION AND CREALS T FOR FULL AND FRIE INTERCOURSE DETWEEN PEOPLES OF ALL MADES AND THE IONALITIES !
- f). AN END TO ALL NUCLEAR WEAPONS, NUCLEAR BLACKMAIL AND WAR PORPARATE IONS: FOR CLOSE AND FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH THE NATIONS AND PROPERTY OF THE WHOLE WORLD, PARTICULARLY WITH THE NATIONS AND PROPLES OF V -CTORIOUS SOCIALISM !
- g). AN END TO THE MILKING OF THE SOCIAL AND HEALTH SELVICES IN THE IL-TERESTS OF THE MONOPOLIES: FOR HIGHER PENSIONS AND FULL AND FHER 50-CIAL SERVICES !
- h). AN END TO ALL EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL DISCRIMINATION AGAINST FUE WORKING PEOPLE IN THE INTERESTS OF CAPITALIST WAGE-SLAVERY. FOR AN ALL ROUND AND TRULY COMPREHENSIVE FOUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL DAG ... :
- i). AN END TO THE ARTIFICIAL SHORTAGE OF HOMES WHICH FOR HES UP AND MORTGAGE RE-PAYMENTS: FOR A NATIONAL HOUSING SERVICE WIT LY ADEQUATE BUILDING PROGRAMMER AND WITH INTEREST FREE LGANS IN 198-RTGAGES !

These fundamental demands must be raised and fought for now as twomplementary political measure to begin the long and difficult tash of weakening the corporate political framework and of breaking the socialdemocratic stranglehold on the allegiances of the working-class, and to develop understanding both of the monopoly-capitalist system of exploitation. anarchy and waste, and of the future socialist system of planue. production and plenty for all, it is urgently necessary to draw up a list of WORKING-CLASS PARLIAMENTARY CANDIDATES, to stand 1. as many constituencies as possible at General Elections and By-Elections. These candidates, whilst utilising to the full the existing parliamentary righte in the interests of the working-class, will consistently present the sccialist alternative to monopoly-capitalism and importalism, will expose the sham democracy of the corporate political framework of bourgeois democracy and capitalist dictatorship, the basic unity of all capitalist political parties in deceiving the people, and the betrayal of fundamental working-class interests by the social-democrats and modern revisionists. To make these essential campaigns possible, it will also be necessary to open a WORKERS FOR PARLIAMENT FIGHTING FUND, to which all working-ng-class and progressive organisations must be asked to contribute. In the is way a beginning will have been made in the task of rallying the working-class and working people to the standard of class struggle, workingclass power and Socialism, and will begin to rally the advanced sections around the growing Marxist-Leninist vanguard in preparation for the re-e stablishment of the indispensable vanguard Marxist-Leni list Party in the future.

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