Vote Socialist Workers . . .

NIXON PLANS TO BUST UNIONS AFTER NOV. 7

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EDITORIAL

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These plans include not only an attack on the minimum wage and workmen's compensation but plans for the undermining of the construction unions. This is only the tip of the iceberg. This is what American workers will face after the elections: *Unemployment: Already there are five million workers unemployed. Trade war means the consolidation of industries, plant closures, and the growth of massive unemployment.*

(Continued On Page 8)

Vietnam 'Peace' Fraud Covers US War Plans

BY DAVID NORTH

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As White House spokesmen insisted that the Administration would not be stampeded into signing an agreement, Nixon was demanding that North Vietnam withdraw its liberation forces from the South as a precondition for any cease-fire.

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The off-the-record comments by Pentagon officials that the bombing of Indochina will continue through 1976 confirm this conclusion.

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And the statements by Nguyen Van Thieu, Nixon's puppet in Saigon, that any agreement short of military victory would be a betrayal of his government are a more accurate reflection of the opinion of the White House than the public comments of Administration officials, who have their eyes on election polls. However, the secret negotiations between Henry Kissinger and North Vietnamese leaders pose the greatest dangers to the Vietnamese revolution. That Madame Binh was able to state in Paris that Hanoi was prepared to accept the terms of the 5-point peace plan discussed by Kissinger in Washington last...(Continued On Page 18)

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an exclusive story
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(Continued On Page 9)

Critical Stage Of Drive

The Bulletin Fall Fund Drive has reached a critical stage as we approach the half way mark. In the last few days we have received $2,714.05 bringing our total to $25,204.07. This still leaves the drive short of the half way point. The Chelsea, Bronx, Hartford, New Haven and Florida branches have sent in half of their pledges.

At the center of the Watergate conspiracy are the preparations of Nixon against the press. If Nixon is preparing to attack the capitalist press we know what he has in store for the working class press. This is why this fund drive is so critical both for the expansion and development of the Bulletin and the installment of our own press.

Therefore, a big effort is urgently needed now by the Workers League and Young Socialist branches. We must raise $8,795 this week if we are to make our target. We urge our readers and supporters to send the largest contribution you can—immediately to the Bulletin.
British Unionists Build Revolutionary Party

BY MELVIN FARROW

"We say No to the Common Market. No to fascism, force the Tories to resign, build a revolutionary party to take the working class to power in Britain," declared Gerry Healy, National Secretary of the Socialist Labour League in his address to the fifth conference of the All Trades Unions Alliance held in Birmingham, October 22.

The conference of 2,000 workers from all the major industries throughout Britain, the largest the ATUA has ever held, voted unanimously for a political resolution to launch immediately a fight to build the revolutionary party and throw out the Tory government.

The conference was opened by Alan Thornett, a senior shop steward from the British Leyland car plant. Other speakers included shipyard workers currently on strike for a wage increase, tenant strike leaders, constructors, hospital and transport workers, as well as representatives of two factory occupations in Liverpool.

SHOUDOWN

The conference resolution emphasized that the British working class is now entering into the decisive showdown with the Tories in which the building of a revolutionary leadership in the unions was the only way to assure victory in the struggles ahead.

The economic crisis of British capitalism has reached the point where Prime Minister Heath must bring in mandatory wage controls and build a corporate state in which trade union and democratic rights are destroyed.

Only days after the ATUA conference, the price of the British pound on the world market fell to an all-time low, reflecting the rapidly deteriorating position of British capitalism.

It is the strength of the British workers and their determination to defend their living standards that lies at the heart of this crisis. After a year of struggle, Heath has been unable to defeat the working class in its fight for wages.

Heath is using the present talks with the trade union leaders on "voluntary" wage controls to buy time until Britain joins the Common Market January 1. Backed up by this union with the European capitalists, he will seek to impose a compulsory state control of wages, a ban on strikes, and a massive rise in unemployment.

DICTATORSHIP

To those who ask: Is this the way ahead for these attacks, Heath is getting ready to show the workers in the near future to prepare the way for dictatorship.

It is hope very well that the working class will never submit to any form of wage freeze. The trade union leaders by participating in talks with the government want to ensure the workers in the working class are giving Heath the time he needs to carry out his

Liberals Collapse

In Canada Vote

SPECIAL TO THE BULLETIN

Montreal—Canadian trade unionists must fight any attempt by the leadership of the New Democratic Party to bolster Prime Minister’s Pierre Trudeau's discredited Liberal Party with an offer of coalition rule.

The results of Monday's national elections in which the Liberals lost their Parliamentary majority and now are tied with the Conservatives with 108 seats, have set the stage for the rapid disintegration of Trudeau’s party.

Robert Stanfield’s Tories will now take the lead in organizing a ruthless offensive against the working class and trade unionists. With the support of the Liberals, Stanfield will press for wage controls, anti-strike laws, and more unemployment.

NDP

The New Democratic Party, which registered gains in this election, can fight these attacks only if it maintains a position of independence and hostility toward all the capitalist parties. David Lewis, the leader of the NDP, is responsible for the failure of the Canadian labor party to win more votes than it did in the western regions, where the NDP could have depended on its support. Lewis refused to present the NDP as a party fighting for power.

Because Lewis ran the NDP as merely a "protest" vote, the Tories were able to gain strength in the west by claiming to be the only alternative to the Liberals.

Both the Liberals and the Tories stand on a platform of vicious anti-trade unionism, and it is expected that they will negotiate over the possibility of forming a "National Unity" government.

SOCIALIST

No party has a majority in the Parliament. The NDP must immediately begin a fight for new elections and the victory of a labour government pledged to socialist policies.

Allende Calls On Military

BY ED SMITH

For the first time last week, Army tanks had to be called out to control right-wing demonstrations in Chile against President Salvador Allende's Popular Unity government.

President Allende has announced he has broken off negotiations with truck owners and other employers and middle class groups who have been operating a shutdown and lock-out of their operations across the country over the past two weeks in protest against government policies.

But the right wing’s appetite had only been whetted. Not only does the lockout continue, but for the first time large-scale street violence breaks out. There have been recurring rumors that a number of military leaders will now be taken into Allende’s cabinet in order to obtain some sort of guarantee of the Army’s loyalty to him, generally right wing threats of a coup.

One Million Demonstrate

In Ceylon

BY A CORRESPONDENT

One million Ceylonese workers went on a one day hunger strike October 18 against the coalition government of Madame Bandaranaike. Another 300,000 plantation workers halted work for the day to join the protest.

The massive demonstration was called by six of the major trade unions against "the policy of repression and reactionary laws" of the government.

The Ceylonese coalition government, which includes the Communist Party, the LSSP, and the socialist party of Madame Bandaranaike has been moving rapidly to the right. As the economic situation of the workers and peasants deteriorates, the government has allotted more funds for the army and police to repress the working class and youth.

Prime Minister Trudeau

Over 2,000 British trade unionists and a delegation of youth took part in October 22 national conference of All Trades Unions Alliance.
Frigidaire Men Wildcat As Speedup Follows Forced Pay Cut

BY A BULLETIN REPORTER

DAYTON—GM Frigidaire workers stopped all production Thursday here in Moraine, Ohio. The walkout of 14,300 workers began Wednesday evening in Department 227 on the second shift over unresolved speedup grievances.

All of plants 2, 3, and 1 South were shut down and plant 1 North (Dayton), the downtown automobile plant, has been partially shut. Ray Barrett, the committeeman who led the walkout, has been fired by the company; the workers are refusing to return to work until he and the others who were fired are reinstated.

On the picket line Thursday, one worker told the committeeman he was arrested three times the night before for trespassing at the gate. He said: "The issue is speedup. We took the wage cut so this company could stay in Dayton, then they speeded us up."

THOMPSON

While reporters were talking to pickets at one of the plant gates, Arnold Thompson, the union president, drove up. He asked the pickets to return to work saying they would get the committeeman back after they go back to work. The pickets refused to leave, telling him: "Get the committeeman back now." One of the workers said: "Thompson's sold out—I bet the company told him he’d slip him ten if he gets us to go back."

On Thursday evening a new situation developed—only the question of the speedup to a head, but has called into question again the whole wage cut that took place a year ago. It was then that the union was split—the higher seniority workers concentrated in the automobile section (where the air conditioners for GM cars are made) and received the 25¢ raise due at that time under the 1969 contract. The remainder of the workers, in the appliance sections, did not receive the increase. Additional, new workers and those being recalled from layoffs received 25¢ an hour less.

This campaign for a wage increase has been going on since last year, and a further increase is expected this year.

St. Louis GM Ranks Plant Strike Fight For Nationwide Strike

BY HOWARD WEST

ST LOUIS—Officials of Local 25 called off the planned strike for Monday October 30 at the St. Louis General Motors plant after a tentative agreement with management was announced.

Originally the strike had been planned for Thursday at 12 p.m. to last for four days. This was postponed until the following Monday when significant progress during negotiations was made. Now the strike has been called off, and a general union meeting will discuss the settlement on Wednesday night.

No terms of the settlement have been announced here yet. The strike deadline negotiations have averted all but one of the previously announced walkouts for this weekend. The one strike which began on Friday took place at the assembly plant at Pees, Missouri, near Kansas City, where about 300 workers walked off their jobs.

WOODCOCK

Woodcock and the local leadership are behind this tentative settlement. The whole betrayal of the struggle by the International leadership has shown that a fight against GM means a fight against the Woodcock leadership. This position was taken forward by a meeting of rank and file members of Local 25 on Sunday. A decision to form a caucus for a new leadership of UAW Local 25 was taken up. This is a fight against those leaders who refuse to fight against GM and try to keep the union tied to the Democratic Party.

GRIEVANCES

No settlement is acceptable until all Paragraph 78 grievances and all 1400 men laid off are recalled. The ranks of Local 25 must fight for an indefinite strike of the local, calling on other GM locals to join them. A resolution calling for a national shutdown of GM will be put forward at the meeting this week. This demand was originally raised by Local 25 in September.

The fight against GM is political. Both Nixon and McGovern stand with the employers’ productivity drive. In the struggle to shut down GM the ranks of the UAW must raise the necessity of building a labor party.
Courts Bar Right To Picket In Construction

BY FRANK ELLIOT

PHILADELPHIA—The Pennsylvania Supreme Court last week took a major step toward removing the right to picket. Although split on the extent to which picketing could be limited, the court was in agreement on the right of the courts to enjoin unions from picketing.

The Supreme Court ruled on an injunction petition by Judge Cirillo prohibiting picketing within one mile of any Abington Building site. J. Leo Alterman is a major contractor in the area, who employs a large amount of non-union labor. With the backing of the powerful Associated Building Contractors (ABC), he is leading a massive campaign to return construction to open shop conditions and destroy the construction unions.

In its ruling, the Supreme Court upheld the injunction, only modifying the distance at which picketing could take place. The court overruled Cirillo’s contention that “the nature of the union was not the type of activity which is protected under the law.”

The only objection the court had with the injunction was that it was too broad and should be modified. The differences in the Court were whether the original one mile limitation should be reduced to 200 yards or the number of pickets limited to 10 persons. The Court decided with the one-against, they left the final decision to Judge Cirillo, who promptly “modified” his original injunction prohibiting picketing to within 200 yards of any Abington building site.

This decision gives the green light to all the anti-union forces in the ABC. The campaign by the ABC to return construction to open shop conditions must be seen as a spearhead in a national “right to work” campaign.

One of the Supreme Court Justices noted with dismay the “little improvement in the state of labor relations during the three quarters of a century since the Pullman and Homestead strikes.”

PULLMAN

It must be remembered that in the historic Pullman and Homestead strikes, hundreds and thousands of scalps and federal troops were mobilized by the government under the protection of the courts against the strikers. It is these actions which the government is clearly considering and the need to return to the conditions of the nineteenth century that is now dominating the thinking of the capitalist class.

When asked by a Bulletin reporter if he thought the court decision was a victory or defeat, Bernard Katz, lawyer for the Building and Construction Trades Council, said: “I don’t think in terms of victories and defeats. I think in terms of solutions.” His solution was now to re-open the Supreme Court to solve the 2:3 split in favor of the more palatable ruling, that is, the one limiting pickets to ten at any site. He saw the union’s role as one of balancing between the rights of workers to unlimited picketing and the forces who want to destroy the right to picket altogether.

Construction workers are not interested in these kinds of solutions. As a union official told this reporter, “I’ll be a victim when they fire Alterman.” Another: “It’s a defeat.”

DEFATE

“Cirillo’s decision is a real defeat for us. We should be able to right to picket right at the building site, not 200 yards away. They’re trying to throw the building trades workers out of work. What we have to do is throw out the ABC. They’re taking advantage of union labor all over the place.

“Nixon’s saying you can’t own a car, you can’t own a home, you can’t own anything. If the working man doesn’t fight against it he’s going to lose everything he owns.”

2,130 Oppose Sellout In General Dynamics

BY RUTH NELSON

GROTON, Conn., Oct. 27—By a meager margin of 897 votes, 3027 to 2130, Anthony De Gregory, head of the Metal Trades Council of General Dynamics Electric Boat, successfully forced through a sellout contract.

The contract is essentially the same as the one which was rejected about a month ago by a vote of 10 to 1. The three year contract calls for wage and benefit increases of approximately $1.26 an hour. This leaves the men still some $1.50 an hour behind wages for the same work in other areas.

As for speedup and job security, the contract calls for new work on the General Dynamics Electric Boat, head of the Metal Trades Council of General Dynamics.

Dispute with De Gregory and the contract was widespread. The feelings of most workers who voted against the contract was expressed by one worker who told the Bulletin: “After we gave him the vote of confidence he turned around and kicked us in the face. Before he told us to reject it. This contract offers less, less benefits and he tells us to accept it.”

Even the official leadership of the boilermakers local was forced to split from the rest of the MTC and issue a call for a No Vote.

De Gregory’s leadership during the negotiations and his inability to fight and win any significant gains is a real threat to the workers at Electric Boat. De Gregory in a statement to the press said he was “satisfied with it (the contract) because it was the best we could get under the conditions that exist today.”

In other words, De Gregory never had any plans nor does he now, for waging a fight against the attacks of the bosses.

The defense of the men against conditions which exist today and will get worse tomorrow is to fight to build a new leadership which will refuse to negotiate the loss of one job to productivity at Electric Boat and answer the plans of General Dynamics and the government for layoffs and speedup with the labor party to defend the unions.

Strike Hits Mack Truck

BY ED BELLINO

ALLENTOWN, Pa. — Mack Truck, the king of the truck makers, was recently rocked by a walkout by the truck drivers that has cost the corporation up to two million dollars.

The walkout was triggered in the key frame-making department when about fifty production workers rebelled after they were ordered to lift objects weighing 80 pounds to hand. The strike quickly spread until as many as 150 workers had walked off their jobs.

Currently, the UAW leadership is negotiating with Mack Truck officials and the men have resumed work. According to one worker who took part in the strike, the union leadership has given the rank-and-file the green light to strike if they are not satisfied with the settlement. The company has threatened to shut down Mack’s facilities both in Allentown and in Hagerstown, Maryland, involving over 5000 workers.

The situation is anything but stable as there is widespread opposition to the present leadership of the Boxcar, as revealed by the total lack of support for McGovern among Mack Truck workers. One worker told the Bulletin, “I don’t know of anyone in my department that’s voting for McGovern.”

It is clear that the speed-up initiated by GMAD is being prepared for the entire auto and truck industries.

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NOVEMBER 6, 1972

McGovern

Drive Fizzles To An End

BY DAVID NORTH

WASHINGTON:

D.C.—“Things are looking up. The polls now show our seats only 20 points behind.”

The paid staff member who made that comment was the only optimist this reporter met as I walked through the national headquarters of McGovern For President, located on K Street.

This one cheerul exiled, the atmosphere was heavy with gloom and despair. The casual observer might find it hard to believe that this building was the center of a national campaign of an political party.

The headquarters seemed more like the bankruptcy limb preparing to vacate the premises.

An Italian restaurant near by was less busy. At the front door, Gary Hagle, admin manager was engaged in a discussion. I asked him how the campaign was going.

“Fine,” he replied, and then walked around the corner to

an Italian restaurant where he spent a leisurely 90 minutes enjoying his lunch.

Upstairs, things were a bit more active. There were a lot of letters being written in the mail room. nehmenza was sitting at a desk outside Pierre Laffayette’s office, writing a letter, the Midwest. It warned that the “senior citizen vote” is “like a political party.”

A close aide of Larry O’Brien, national chairman of

the Democratic Party, had no illusions about the McGovern campaign.

“We’re probably going to lose every state, unless we are lucky in California and Massachusetts,” he said, reinforcing his predictions with a thumbs-down gesture.

Just as I was leaving his office, he asked: “Do you know where I can get a job after next week?”

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YSA Backs Stalinist Sellout In Vietnam

Millions of youth throughout the world are watching the counterrevolutionary role of Stalinism as the bureaucrats of Moscow and Peking betray the struggles of the Vietnamese farmers and peasants for freedom.

Along with this, all those groups that call themselves revolutionary are rushing to participate in this betrayal of the masses in order to gain favor with the imperialist government alongside the reactionary regime of President Thieu.

This is occurring when the Vietnamese are closest to gaining a complete victory and have the troops of the puppet South Vietnamese government on the run. Just at the point of victory all of these false revolutionaries are showing their true colors of traitors.

Their refusal to confront the history of the struggle between Stalinism and Trotskyism leaves them incapable of recognizing revolution from counterrevolution.

The November 4 rally being held in New York will include every nationalist and radical middle class group calling for support to the seven-point sell-out.

Nixon would like the same thing that these radicals are crying out for. A reverse of history is now being spelled out which so desperately needs to deal with the movement of workers here.

Alongside the role of the Socialist Workers Party and Young Socialist Alliance must be condemned. This movement which has been a product of the fight against Trotskyism is now fomenting an anti-Soviet war.

Above all, the YSA has been driven out of the Stalinists by not posing that the revolutionary solution to the war in Vietnam lies only in lifting the American war-class against the government. This can only be done by breaking the labor movement from the Democrats and Republicans and constructing a labor party.

One that for a labor party can expose the role of the CP and YWLL to workers and youth as these Stalinists fight desperately to hold on to the unions of the Democratic Party by calling for support to McGovern.

The revisionist YSA is determined to sacrifice the victory of the Vietnamese in order to preserve their decaying antiwar operation.

The November 18 antiwar protest does not oppose the Stalinists in any way. The Stalinists would be only too happy to join it and have all the liberal politicians they support on the platform.

The program on which the Student Mobilization Communique from the Action Committee building the November 18 demonstration provides no alternative and will help only the Stalinists and Nixon.

It is program states that whatever the Stalinist leaders give to Nixon, the antiwar movement will follow. This statement held meetings throughout the country to discuss the developments in Vietnam and to plan out action to mobilize workers, students and youth against this betrayal.

The YS will also intervene at the November 18 demonstration in support of it the UFW in Michigan and for the unions to fight the parties responsible for the war by building a labor party.

YS Rallies In Canarsie Against Racist Attacks
BY ABBY RODRIGUEZ

BROOKLYN—Parents, organized by extreme right-wing elements, protested the decision of the Board of Education which ordered the enrollment of 31 Black students at JHS 211 and overturned the previous decision of Chancellor Harry Scribner. The situation came to a head last Thursday when police removed parents, clearing the way for the 31 students.

On Monday, a boycott of all the junior high and elementary schools in the Canarsie section was called by the parents and drew a large turnout at JHS 211. On Tuesday very few parents turned out as the hard core leadership and racists found support dwindling.

Amidst this whipped-up hysteria, members of the Young Socialists held a rally and demonstrated at Canar- sie High School for the unity of Black and white students, teachers and parents against the Democrats and Republican publics who are seeking to divide the working class along racist lines.

The YS told students that racism is being used by Nixon to divert the youth into fighting each other, while he prepares the biggest attack on the living standards of the working class as a whole.

The Democrats and Republicans, acting in the interests of big business, will increase unemployment, speed up the factories, increase taxes along with prices once the elections are over.

Racism is being carelessly aimed at destroying the trade unions because of the movement that has developed against the Pay Board and unemployment. It is this hostility towards the unions which characterized last week's protest and boycott.

The teachers and their union, the United Federation of Teachers, drew the most threats from the crowd led by reactionary forces like members of the Conservative Party, the Italian-American Civil Rights League, and some Jewish Defense League. As teachers crossed police barricades, one woman yelled "We'll remember you, we have a list and we'll get you."

Contemptuous

White workers, living in Canar- sie, expressed agreement with the Young Socialists and were contemptuous of what was taking place. "You listen to some of these people last week, you wouldn't know if you were in Alabama or New York," said one woman worker and added, "but these people don't speak for us. Those Brownsville kids should have come to town to go to 211."

Another white worker told the Young Socialist that "JHS 211 is overcrowded, but they shouldn't take it out on the Black kids. What they should do is build another school next to 211 so that all the kids could go.

What has developed in Canar- sie has been consciously pre- pared by right-wing forces of the Italian-American Civil Rights League, and the Republican Party.

COMMUNITY CONTROL

The Young Socialist Alliance, which is pushing for "com- munity control," can hardly comment on the situation they themselves brought about. One can only now utilize the same demand.

The complete hostility of the teachers to the racism being whipped up by the right-wing forces Albert Shanker, Presi- dent of the UFT, to demand the right of the 31 students to enroll, while at the same time capital- izing to the reactionary forces by insisting that it was not a racial issue.

The YS will continue the fight against racism and the budget cuts. We call on the unions to take a similar stand by opposing the Republicans and Democrats, who are both responsible for this hysteria, through the call for the construction of a labor party that will fight racism and demand de- cent education.
Young Socialist

BY ERNIE LEWIS
LOS ANGELES—The sharp attacks on educational facilities brought another target this week in the recently planned UCLA School of Journalism. Although an excellent article in the Los Angeles Times reduces the issues to the pros and cons of journalism as an academic discipline, further investigation reveals the school is being cancelled due to severe budget problems.

The effect of these problems was pointed out in a recent interview given to the Bulletin by Walter Wilcox, head of the Journalism Department. “It’s difficult to believe that a college the size of UCLA can’t afford a staff of nine men to run a new school. They’ve even begun cutting into our department by putting on a guide book. Almost half our staff is gone, leaving four men to run the whole department.”

He revealed to us that over 200 UCLA faculty members had been dropped or not replaced. In addition, there have been cutbacks in areas such as financial aid and in the language departments. Several students told the Bulletin that the financial aid department, not having enough funds to cover student subsidies, issued checks falling short of what is needed by many students to repay their loans.

The California state school system built up for the period of the postwar boom which made it possible for many working class families to attend college is in now preparing drastic cutbacks leaving no future for the youth.

Jenness Election Talk Attacks ‘Racist’ Labor

BY NICK LUCAS
COLLEGE PARK—Socialist Workers Party candidate Linda Jenness, speaking before a crowd of one hundred, brought her presidential campaign to the University of Maryland for the second time this year on October 28.

Without once referring to the crisis engulfling world capitalism, she never mentioned the need to mobilize the working class in a labor party to meet Nixon’s attacks on its standard of living. She showed more interest in “exposing” McGovern and explaining how capitalism makes commodities out of human emotions than in fighting for a class understanding and the need to construct a labor party based on a socialist program as the only way forward for workers and youth in this country.

Her solution to the war on the Vietnamese workers and peasants boiled down to no more than the building of a bigger and better antiwar movement. She hoped to accomplish through “nonviolent action.”

At no point did she mention the current peace negotiations being forced on the Vietnamese by the restoration by the Stalinist bureaucrats of the Soviet Union and China. By opposing and criticizing the traitorous role of the Communist Party of the USA and

Bklyn YSA

Greetings Senator

BY ADELE PLATEAU
BROOKLYN COLLEGE—The revisionist Young Socialist Alliance shared a platform last week with Democratic Senator Birch Bayh who used the antiwar meeting to tell the 180 students present to vote for McGovern.

Not only did the YSA speakers refuse to support a labor party, but they also carefully avoided any reference to the Jenness-Pulley campaign.

Jenness, Socialist Workers Party candidate opposing Democrat Shirley Chisholm, spoke of the Vietnamese Revolution being in “grave danger” and how “the Vietnamese people have offered a tremendous amount for peace, have offered the right to determine their own destiny by accepting a coalition government.”

Not once was the role of the Stalinists bureaucracy in Moscow and Peking mentioned as the reason why the recent talks for a peace settlement could be pushed through.

1500 March In Cambridge After Cops Murder Youth

BY PAT CONNOLLY
CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—Over 1500 youth and residents of East Cambridge demonstrated at police headquarters Thursday against the brutal murder of one teenager. The demonstration topped off a week of protest by the community which included arrests and injuries to dozens of youth and workers as a result of a police rampage through the courtyards of the Roosevelt Towers housing project here.

Seventeen year old Larry Largay, who had worked in a Roxbury warehouse and had a minor position for being picked up for drinking, was arrested last Saturday night. A neighbor, Mrs. Betty O’Brien, witnessed the arrest, as did her son David, and another youth who was arrested along with Largay, Tommy Doyle.

WINDOW

Mrs. O’Brien saw Larry walking along the street, shadow boxing. He broke a window. A minute later cops were there. They first jumped on Doyle, who was standing down the street, twisted his arm and knelt him in the back before throwing him in the police wagon.

Then Largay go in and a cop followed. The wagon began rocking “I thought it was going to tip up,” Mrs. O’Brien said.

“I heard screams coming from inside. I couldn’t believe it. Something has to be done. I’ve read about it. I just couldn’t believe I was seeing it…His face was all covered with blood.”

Largay was dead in his cell at the police station the next morning. While police tried to say that he had died from a combination of drugs and alcohol, Largay had absolutely no record of drug use, and neither he nor Doyle had any drugs on them when arrested.

ANGER

When the anger and frustration of the youth at this vicious murder exploded with windows being smashed, fires set near the projects, and crowds gathering, police moved in and attacked the youth with nightsticks and tear gas, injury and arresting more.

An 18 year old boy with cerebral palsy was in the project with his sister, visiting a cousin. Ken Gustowski said, “We saw the police coming, so me and Cheryli ran through a door. Three police men with clubs came in and started hitting me without saying anything. I kept yelling I had cerebral palsy but they wouldn’t stop. I saw the letters MDC (Metropolitan District Commission Police) on their helmets. One of them kicked me in the back. I don’t know why they did that because I said I would go with them. My head was covered with blood and my clothes and undergarments were soaked with blood.”

MAYOR

At a special City Council meeting, Mayor Barbara Ackerman was shouted down and booed as she announced that the two cops involved, DeLuca and Carbone, were on a voluntary leave of absence; that the city is appointing an independent investigator into the murder, and that there will be another autopsy to determine the cause of Largay’s death.

Ackerman and others on the City Council were elected as liberals and radical Democrats, but they have completely whitewashed these attacks and the conditions that lead to them.

The government, having created unemployment in Cambridge that has become one of the highest in the state, now sends the police to brutalize the youth.

Drop Charge Against YS

BY A Reporter
CHICAGO—An attack against the Chicago Young Socialists by the police prompted the news that the Police Department has been defeated.

In spite of pretrial harassment and intimidation, District Attorney Marion was forced to drop charges of “criminal damage” brought nine months ago against two supporters of the YS arrested for posting leaflets for a demonstration.
Young Socialist

MAPS FIGHT TO UNITE
YOUTH AGAINST TORIES

BY NANCY VASQUEZ

Confronted with a reign of terrorist attacks and legal murder by British troops, the Irish Young Socialists held their summer camp at Enniskillen where they discussed the building of a revolutionary movement to unite Catholics and Protestants in the light of the situation in Ireland. The conference stressed the critical need to expand their paper in order to lead all workers there in a conscious fight against the Tory government.

The workers are those bankers, merchants and the Tories who sat in London, declared a young Irish girl speaking of the recent murder of her friend in Belfast by the Tory troops. “If we can get the whole working class united in England as well as Ireland we can get the Tories out,” she continued.

In the situation which both Protestants and Catholic workers and youth face in Ireland every day, the immense move by the Tory government to keep the Irish working class down has created an intolerable lie and a grim future for all youth. For the capitalist class of England and Ireland to continue making profits, they must now drive back the working class, through an attack on their very standard of living.

The Tories seek to divert the real struggle of workers against capitalism by turning it to a mere question of religious discrimination. Religion is the tool which the Tories use to pit one worker against the other to keep them divided and away from fighting the real problems they face.

REACTOR

Reactor forces have now come forward to reinforce the divisions perpetuated by the government. Their role is to criminally mislead many Protestant workers. These extreme right-wing organizations, claiming the allegiance of the Protestant working class, are engaged in suppressing and attacking Catholic workers and youth. Their operations are directed in order to ensure that the Tories continue their offensive.

The reactionary Ulster Defense Association is using this situation to build up their organization and consolidate their control of a backwater section of the working class. This section will be aimed at and drilled and trained as a real force to be used against both Catholic and Protestant workers during their fight against the attacks made on their wages, jobs and lives.

This move presents an extreme danger for all working class people. Several political tendencies in Ireland empirically see this as a progressive turn being made by the Protestants. For the first time it seems that Protestants are fighting against the troops, but actually what they are doing is continuing the reactionary policies of the bourgeoisie.

The life and death of all workers and youth depends on the political struggle in Britain and Ireland for the destruction of the Tory regime and all its perpetrators.

LEADERSHIP

It is in this period that a leadership must be built in the working class to confront the tasks that lie ahead and take forward the fight to lead the workers against the government and for the taking of power.

In this critical period, the Irish Young Socialists held its conference as the only revolutionary youth movement which can mobilize Protestant and Catholic youth into a fight against the attacks of the Tory government and turn the movement of the workers into a united fight against the government.

YOUTH FROM BOTH THE NORTH AND SOUTH OF IRELAND MET AT ENNISKILLEN TO DISCUSS THE NERCESSITY OF CONSTRUCTING THE IRISH YOUNG SOCIALISTS AS THE ONLY LEADERSHIP FOR WORKERS AND YOUTH. PREPARATIONS WERE MADE FOR THE EXPANSION OF THEIR PRESENT FOUR PAGE BI-WEEKLY YOUTH BULLETIN TO AN EIGHT PAGE PAPER EARLY NEXT YEAR.

The conference and the expansion of their paper marked a tremendous step forward for the construction of the revolutionary party in Ireland which can defeat the Tories in England and lead the struggle of workers to the taking of power.

This can only be done through a bitter fight against all those tendencies which seek to destroy or divert the movement with illusions of reform.

It is only through the destruction of the Tory regime that the mounting unemployment, the soaring cost of living, and the brutal murders can be answered.

German Trotskyist Youth Expose Stalinist Betrayals at First Conference

BY ALAN BERenson

On October 1 the Socialist Youth League (SJB), youth movement of the Socialist Workers League (SAB), the German section of the International Committee of the Fourth International, held its first national conference in Essen.

The holding of this conference represents a crucial step towards the development of a Trotskyist leadership for German workers and youth and in the development of the international Trotskyist movement.

The conference took place in the most decisive period of the entire history of the German working class. The German “economic miracle” of the postwar boom, built on the deficit balances of the dollars into Germany after the war, has now collapsed.

The measures of President Nixon on August 15, 1971—specifically the removal of the gold backing of the dollar—and the steps toward international trade war, which have gone further since August 15, 1971—are now causing profound repercussions inside Germany—forcing the German workers to join against the militant and powerful German working class and youth.

Thousands of workers involved in all the basic industries are now being laid off by the cold backing of the dollar. All the workers are now threatened. The city of Essen itself has been held, denying German youth their right to an education. High schools, youth are packed 50 at a time into classrooms. Youth have repeatedly demonstrated against the rotten conditions forced on them by German capitalist exploitation.

The most right-wing forces are now developing in the big business parties, which will try to destroy all the rights won by workers since the fall of the Third Reich.

MILITANCY

The German working class and youth have responded with the greatest militancy to all these attacks. The last months have seen a series of successful strikes. Most importantly, when the extreme right wing of the German bourgeois party, the CDU, attempted to overthrow the Social Democratic-led government, millions of German workers walked out and shut down their plants in defense of the SPD.

The SAB and SJB are working to build a revolutionary leadership that will fight in the vanguard of the working class struggle against the crisis. This means the further development of Marxist theory as the best weapon for the working class.

Against the reformist illusions of the SAB and SJB is a path that is now clear. The AP (Kommunist Partei der DDR), and the Revisionists, must be defeated, for only Marxism can guarantee victory to the working class.

Therefore, the youth movement has a special responsibility in bringing Marxism into the working class.”

It was the forces of Social Democracy which were responsible for the murder of the leadership of the working class in 1918. Rosa Luxemburg and Karl Liebknecht, and for the preservation of German capitalism following World War I.

It was the traitorous sectarian role played by the German Communist Party—directed by the Stalinist bureaucracy in Russia, which paved the way for the victory of fascism in Germany in 1933. After World War II it was the forces of Stalinism which made a deal with imperialism resulting in the shameful partition of Germany and the maintenance of capitalism in the western half.

In the history of these betrayals that the SJB is training youth in order to destroy these forces inside the working class.

It is only the SAB and SJB which is waging a campaign to bring the Social Democrats back independently into power. And it is through this campaign that the SAB and SJB is leading the fight to expose the real character of the Social Democrats. It is through this fight that an alternative revolutionary leadership will be constructed in Germany.

The Young Socialists send the warmest of greetings to their comrades in the SJB.
employment will consciously be used to break the power of the unions. The chairman of the President’s Council of Economic Advisers said this week that Nixon considers reducing unemployment “counterproductive.”

Nixon: As a tremendous revolt now grows in the unions against the 5.5 percent guidelines of the Pay Board, the government has made clear its intention to trim these down to 2.5 percent and to get legal sanction against all those unions that violate them. Already, the Pay Board has gone to the courts to get the right to enforce these guidelines with more injunctions against strikes that demand more than the guidelines.

UAW: Spearheaded by General Motors and backed by the government, the big corporations are pushing their inhuman drive in the plants. This intensifies as the ranks of the labor movement now move into action against productivity.

Nixon’s Plans

(Continued From Page 1)

The Communist Party presidential campaign of Gus Hall and Arvin Tyner has had only one purpose: and that is to increase the working class from building a labor party and defeating Nixon.

There can be no doubt that the period immediately following November 7 will be marked by an all-out assault on the labor movement. The Nixon administration is laying plans to outlaw strikes in the transportation sector. It has been stated that it would be “counter-productive” to use the employment rate, and documents from the Labor Department have signed the plot to destroy the construction unions.

But even in the face of these grave dangers, the Socialist Communist Party has used its program to disarm the working class. If the Socialist Communist Party has shown exceptional energy in getting Gus Hall and Arvin Tyner at the ballots of a number of states, it is because they are determined to derail the movement of masses of workers toward a decisive break with the Democrats and the establishment of a labor party that would fight for power.

For all its ballyhoo about the fight to “dump Nixon,” the Communist Party—as its cynical leaders know so well—does not have the slightest possibility for ensuring his re-election.

Nor does anyone expect that Nixon can run counter to the plans of the American System. That is set out in the Kremlin, which has been engaged in reactionary bargaining with Nixon for the past four years and who have recently sided and died, are openly supporting the Republicans. The enormous pressure being applied by the Kremlin for a quick settlement of the Vietnamese revolution is but one example of Brezhnev’s efforts on Nixon’s behalf.

The Communist Party cannot support Nixon openly and continue to operate within the trade union movement. But their frenzied drive to support the bankrupt pro-McGovern bureaucrat is a treacherous means of diverting the working class from arming itself and moving to confront “four more years of Nixon.”

It is no coincidence that the Nixon administration has decided to restructure the dying Democrats—by reorganizing its bureaucracy to maintain the “democracy” of capital. The Nixon administation has signed the death warrant of that party. It has no future.

Far from regrouping after November 7, a movement of millions will roll out behind Nixon or leave politics.

But while the Democratic Party is reduced to impotence and is unable to pose any alternative to Nixon, the CP must make a stand for labor against Nixon and that means trying to strengthen the bonds of the Communist Party. The CP member must be prepared to accept the labor bureaucrats who are opposed to Nixon and the corporation.

In opposing the fight for the labor party, the CP might fall into the very trap that is pushing the whole country toward the very struggle that will produce a revolutionary leadership in the trade unions. According to Hall, writing in the October 22 issue of the Daily World, “By far the largest numbers of labor are not following Meany...for Communism. They pretend an extremely important opportunity...to build on an anti-monopoly coalition” in order to reform the reactionary forces gathered around Nixon. “Such a coalition,” Hall continues, “can never be built without a strong Com- munist contingent.”

Essentially Hall is saying that the purpose of the Communist Party campaign is to be the leading element in an alliance of the “progressive” and “often confused” labor bureaucrats with the middle class pro- testers, McGovern, and “pro- gressive sectors” of the capitalist class.

Hall’s talk about the “trade union leaders who have sold out the interests of the workers,” his attack on the “class collaboration” of Meany, Abel and Gleeson, is the most cynical fraud perpetuated in the hopes of forming an alliance with some of the biggest class collaborators, who labor the movement today—Leonard Woodcock, President of the United Auto Workers and Joseph Seine, President of the Communications Workers of America (CWA).

People like Seine who sold out the New York Telephone strike, and who the CP always attacked for being the right hand man in support of the CIA, are now being called by Daily World writer George Morris for having been converted to the McGovern cause. Thus, Morris writes in the October 19 Daily World that “Bach does not say, ‘The AFL-CIO will never be the same’.”

The Campaign is already doing its dirty work in preparation for this “coalition” by glorifying the recent polities of Woodcock’s strategy against GMAD—a strategy designed to hold back and domesticate the ranks of the UAW. Where does Gus Hall stand on Woodcock’s statement that a “national strike against GMAD” would be an invitation to disaster?

Woodcock, Beirne, Smith, Jennings and the other leaders of the Labor for McGovern Campaign were not confused people moving toward independent politics for the labor movement, but on the contrary, are conscious enemies of the rank and file who are disagreed with McGovern and the Democrats. They are conscious enemies of the movement of the rank and file for the formation of a labor party.

During the coming months, the government will be forced by the crisis to launch a war against the trade union movement. Although the elections will be over, the political tasks concerning the working class will remain, come what may, go on and on.

The Workers League will deepen its movement for a labor party for the labor party; for there is no other way to defend the trade union movement.

The struggle for the labor party will take place through a bitter fight against the Socialists and all those who cover up their conscious betrayal of the working class. It is through this fight that a Marxist leadership will be constructed with deep roots in the working class.

The 72 elections

What we think

Gus Hall’s Campaign Fraud

The election drive is off to a tremendous start with 1046 subs received to date. New Haven, Los Angeles, and Brownsville are leading the way.

Detroit, Berkeley, San Jose, and Portland have gotten off to a slow start and must turn this around in the coming days.

One of our subscribers, sending in a change of address, wrote us the other day: “I don’t care if the change of name is in the Bulletin, the only paper fighting for the labor party.”

We will continue this fight after the elections, as we prepare with this for the future.

We must take warning from the anti-press campaign being whipped up by Nixon, Agnew and Co. and build a wide base of support to strike back at the facist media. As our only insurance that the Bulletin will continue to be the voice of the lead workers and youth as they fight against all attacks.

A dock worker who subscribes said he was going to give each of his fellow workers a sub to the Bulletin as a Christmas present. So subscribe now—do your Christmas shopping early.
WITH THE national elections less than one week away, it is critical to understand the real meaning of the Watergate conspiracy—for it will make clear that the fight for the labor party will assume even greater urgency after Richard Nixon is re-elected.

The events surrounding the break-in of the Democratic Party headquarters at the opulent Watergate apartments in Washington, D.C. are a warning to every trade unionist that after November 7, his living conditions and basic rights will be attacked by a government that has already laid extensive plans for the smashing of all political opposition.

Because of the rapid development of the world economic crisis since Nixon assumed office in January 1969—and particularly since the collapse of the Bretton Woods system on August 15, 1971—the Nixon administration will bear little resemblance to the first. It will attempt to meet the crisis by breaking strikes, smashing unions, and creating massive unemployment.

It is in this historical context that the Watergate conspiracy must be examined; for then it is possible to realize that Watergate is not a "bizarre" plot cooked up by the White House, but exposes the policies that big business plans to implement after the election is over.

Therefore, the Watergate conspiracy poses to the working class the burning necessity to mobilize itself politically in a labor party to stand up to the attacks planned by the corporations.

There is no other alternative for the working class. Watergate reveals that the Republican Party is ruthlessly preparing civil war and is killing the Democratic Party aside like a corpse that blocks its way.

The working class cannot defend itself by clinging to that very corpse, but only through a labor party which fights for power against the Republicans and big business.

The Watergate conspiracy is without parallel in the political history of the United States. It is sharply a reaction to any other action undertaken by the Nixon administration. The conspiracy has exposed the preparations made by big business for the establishment of a police state and the destruction of trade unions.

Any attempt to compare and equate the Watergate conspiracy to other well-known political scandals serves only to mask the real face of the Nixon regime and, therefore, to disarm the class struggle.

Watergate is not another Tea Pot Dome scandal. What is involved in Watergate is not simply politicians lining their pockets through one scheme or another. That sort of corruption is common enough in American politics.

Rather, the Watergate conspiracy amounted to a full-scale police action designed to destroy the Democratic Party and its leadership organized in the White House.

The goals of the conspiracy are complex. But when they are analyzed, the following clear outline emerges:

Armed with more than $25 million donated by the most powerful industrial and banking interests, the White House mobilized the power of the state to wiretap, sabotage, burglarize and intimidate the Democratic Party and its leading members.

The forces behind the conspiracy, the White House staff—compiled almost to a man of Goldwater-type and even more extreme reactionaries—assembled a small army of CIA operatives, FBI agents, anti-Castro Cubans, and a broad variety of fanatical anti-communists.

If the Watergate conspiracy could be compared to anything, it would be to the operations staged by the CIA in Asia and Latin America. But in this case, the government planned to overthrow not a foreign government but the United States' oldest political party.

As information relating to the conspiracy is brought to light, the dictatorial objectives of the Nixon administration become clearer. The very men who participated in Watergate are engaged in other activities which range from preparing the abolition of a free press to plotting the incarceration of political opponents.

Even in its replies to the exposures of the Watergate conspiracy, the Nixon administration promises tendencies always common to Bonapartist regimes. Despite the mountains of fact that directly link the White House to the conspiracy, the Nixon administration accuses the "Big Lie" tactics of the Nazis and denies everything.

Feeling itself immune from the legal sanctions of even the class it represents, the White House insists that the act of reporting the details of the Watergate conspiracy constitutes a crime in itself.

Against its will, the capitalist press is being forced by the very magnitude of the conspiracy to warn of the dangers of dictatorship. The Washington Post, which uncovered the bulk of the information about the White House plot, wrote on October 17:

"As it stands now, the allegations, if true, add up to the most arrogant assault ever mounted on the political process, the institutions of government and the credibility of the people. Unchallenged in any substantive way, day by day, they draw an ever closer circle around the oval office—right up to its doorknob."

Leading Democrats, who have for a long period attempted to ignore the conspiracy, are now admitting that the Nixon administration is out for blood. Pierre Salinger, once the press secretary of John Kennedy and now a leading McGovern aide, told the Bulletin: "The Watergate affair is a conspiracy by the Nixon administration and the Republican Party to physically destroy the Democratic Party."

In an interview with the Bulletin, Joe Moakley, press secretary of the Democratic Party National Chairman, Larry O'Brien, stated: "We are entering an era of repression, censorship, and police state mentality. Nixon's justice department is preparing measures that will make the no-knock law look like the Bill of Rights.

"The Democratic Party is not a political organization serving the interests of the working class. Like the Republican Party it defends big business. But no trade unionist should take a light-hearted attitude to the Watergate conspiracy. It is not politics as usual."

If Nixon is aiming his guns against the Democrats now, it is because big business is preparing for civil war against the working class, and is seeking to create the proper political environment of repression for the battle.

As the Bulletin has insisted for the past months, the mobilization of the capitalist class behind the Republicans and the collapse and persecution of the Democrats is rooted in the historic economic crises that threatens the profit system with collapse. Big business is desperate as it confronts a working class that will fight to defend all its rights.

When one examines the sources of the secret fund that financed the Watergate conspiracy—as we will later in this article—one finds that the giant conglomerates united as one to make enthusiastic donations to Nixon's war chest.

Nearly $30 million was raised by Nixon's former Commerce Secretary, Maurice Stans, before April 7, 1972, when a new campaign fund reporting law took effect. Under the cloak of secrecy huge sums were given by U.S. Steel, Chrysler, General Electric, Bethlehem Steel, Westinghouse, Inland Steel, Northrup, Kennecott Copper, 3M, and Gulf Research and Oil.
Among the contributors were businesses and unions in the Democratic Party—until this year. Now, the capitalist class is leading the charge to retake the White House. The Watergate conspiracy reveals that the Republican Party, led by President Richard Nixon, is a tool of the capitalist class. The Watergate scandal is the latest chapter in the ongoing struggle for democratic rights.

The Watergate conspiracy involved the theft, break-ins, and burglary of the Democratic Party headquarters at the Watergate Hotel in Washington, D.C. The goal was to silence critics of the Nixon administration and cover up illegal activities.

The Watergate conspiracy was discovered on June 17, 1972, when five men were arrested for breaking into the Democratic National Committee headquarters at the Watergate Hotel. The investigation led to the resignation of President Nixon and the conviction of several top officials.

The Watergate scandal has had a lasting impact on American politics and the rule of law. It has been described as one of the greatest political scandals in American history.
reveal that Nixon’s entire inner regime is involved in the secret fund and participate-
red in the planning of the most massive assault on another political party that has ever been conducted. The details of the conspiracy show that the entire Nixon staff (and the C.R.P.) are intimately con-
et to each other and are involved in matters way beyond that which occurred in the Watergate/Democratic head-
quarters.

Nixon has assembled a personal staff of the most right-wing forces in the country who are determined to carry out the tasks of a desperate ruling class: a class which realizes that its survival depends on its ability to establish a one-party dicta-
1  torship to prepare for the civil war being brought on by an economic crisis which cannot be solved in their interests except through fascism.

The entire extent of the operations of the C.R.P. is not known but the evidence produced by the Washington Post shows conclusively that the entire staff was in-
volved in this attack on the Democratic Party. If further, it exposes the relationship between big business and the Republican Party today. Massive amounts of money were contributed by all the major corpora-
tions in the U.S.—including those who in the past have supported the Democratic Party.

Prior to April 7, 1972, when the new campaign financing law would require a public listing of contributors, the C.R.P. raised more than $20 million. The largest, as well as the most reactionary sections of the ruling class, poured their money into Nixon’s campaign to ensure that their demands would be met on November 7. Maurice Stans, who as former Cmmercio-
Secretary had been in a position to grant the demands of Republican contributors, was the ideal person to run the fund-
raising campaign. His method is a total ruthlessness which he coasts with the vicious demagogy concerning the preservation of free enterprise, patriotism and citizen re-
sponsibility. He assigned corporations “quotas” that Nixon expected them to meet; and he reminded firms of the favors which they needed from the ad-
ministration. Stans was characterized by U.S. Steel Vice President William Whyte as “quite a peddler.”

In August 1971, Stans called a meeting of 30 corporations to demand that they con-
tinue the “conduit system” of raising money. (This was the system used by Pennzoil in the Mexico, Houston, Washing-
ton, Miami illegal espionage fund. This system entails the chief executive of a company soliciting other executive contributions and then turning them over to Stans in a lump sum.

Stans urged that corporations hand over the money before April 7. Says Whyte: “We contributed to lots of campaigns before April 7. Some of our people gave money to the Committee to Re-elect the President. I coordinated some of the Con-
tributions but not all of them.

I had one of my men take the money over to Stans’ office. The money was all in personal checks. We didn’t have any for-
mat fundraising program where we open

our books and it’s all reported. We have in-
dividuals that contribute in their own names.”

In collecting the money, said Whyte, “Stans said we needed to have a friendly ear in Government.” U.S. Steel has refused to make public the full amount donated by its members.

Another contributor, Philip D. Block, Jr., former chairman of Inland Steel, re-
fused to tell the Washington Post the amount of its donation. He stated that: “There’s no reason why I should give you that information and I won’t. It was all perfectly legal. It doesn’t matter who I gave the contribution to. I realize it is not recorded. It doesn’t have to be.”

Stanley Kurtz, board chairman of Beth-
lehem Steel, also refused to discuss pre-
April 7 donations: “I consider this a per-
onal matter,” he said.

When Westinghouse expressed some misgivings that they might get into trouble with the campaign fund law, Stans re-
3

ounced their management by prospective (and, from the Justice Department a private opinion from the chief of the political fraud division that no laws were being vio-

lated.

In sharp contrast to the Democrats, the Republican Party is richer today than ever before. Already, the GOP has raised more than half its $40 million target.

“They’ve got so much money,” stated former Democratic National Treasurer Robert Strauss, “that they don’t even count it. They weight.

The contributions of Dwayne Andreas itself exposed what these campaign contributions are for. Several news papers press the character of the high powered businessmen who develop their relation-
ships with the White House in order to do whatever they want.

In 1960, he opened a livestock food business and by 1969, Andreas owned three plants. They were sold for $2.5 million in 1964 to Cargill, which was recently in-
volved in the grain scandal.

In the 1970s, he bought the Honey-Mead soybean plant. He then became involved in 1966 in a scandal, trying to buy and sell U.S. to the U.S.S.R., but he did not get a license. In the 1970s, he bought Honey-Mead millions of dollars from Farmers Union Grain Terminal Association (FTA).

He was a big contributor to Humphrey and also to Thomas Dewey. In 1964, he gave $10,000 to the presidential cam-
paign of Humphrey. Andreas said: "Hum-
phrey is a liberal, but still a strong sup-
porter of business and free enterprise.”

After Johnson’s landslide, Andreas became politically involved and entered Spanish diplomas and royalties. He left the 1969 campaign of Dwayne An-
drew, but attended Nixon’s inauguration as a Nixon’s熨grant.

In January 1966 he resigned from GT.

He now is the principal stockholder and Board of Directors of National City Bank of Minneapolis, and also has a big interest in the National Life Insurance Company, Brunswick Mining and Smelting Com-
1 1

pany. He became involved in a drive to support the Minneapolis school integration and the Taconite interests special privileges.

On March 10, 1972, he gave $10,000 to Humphrey, but at the same time, have his good friend, Kenneth Dahlberg, $25,000 for

At the time, Andreas was seeking a bank chairmanship. On August 22, it was granted to a group which includes Kenneth Dahlberg as well. The charter was granted in the un-
precedented time of 88 days, while at least two other competing groups were seeking chairmanship in the same area. Furthermore, the charter was rushed through although the banking center in which the bank is to be located is not to be completed until 1974 or 1975. So much for Stans’s demagogy about free enterprise system this inner competition. (It is important to note that Andreas holding companies commit 80 percent of the banking assent of the country.

The absolute arrogance of the capitalist class was revealed in a statement by An-
drews, he remarked: “I don’t care who is President, as long as I have ten minutes advance warning, I can donate $10,000,000 to his cam-
paign, but others estimate it at $25,000,000. Davis is worth $25,000,000.”

Incidentally, Cargill, with which Andreas has kept close ties, recently had to appear before a Senate subcommittee to ex-
er the grain deal. Five of the top ten members of the firm gave $5000 each to

Nixon before the hearing. Another of Nixon’s contributions came from the dairy interests, who raised $70,000,000. Because Nixon raised the Federal price support level for milk.

The more than 25 million dollars contrib-
ted to the C.R.P. has been chan-
ted to a complex of 450 separate committees set up to make detection of the actual contributors im-
possible while, at the same time, provid-
ing a system for the maximum security covering the cover-up.

The charters were drawn from a secret document drafted by John Dean, 3rd, the White House Counsel—and author of the Nixon whitewash of the Watergate scandal.

The committees have staff members as chairman. The replaceable one was Howard Hunt who, according to, C. Jack-

son Ritchie, vice president of the Nixon Forest Company (where another 50 committees were opened) never opened a file of the committees. At the end of the hearings, the entire Nixon staff has been inti-

mately involved in the financing of the espionage activity.

The Nixon regime, from the top under Nixon, Johnson and in chief, is connected to and responsible for the political activities of the campaign. The seven men actually caught in the Water-
gate offices were simply puppets pulled by the ideological string of the political cult in Nixon’s inner sanctum. In turn, the C.R.P., the White House staff and Nixon himself, are merely servants for the most arid, ruthless section of the ruling class. All attempts by the White House to deny knowledge of the espionage activity are stupid, misleading and unconvincing. Evidence which links Nixon’s top assistants with the revelations about the activities of the C.R.P.

A secret fund was gathered over a year before it ever became a legal. The purpose was to conduct activities aimed at de-
stroying the Democratic Party. The Sup-
ervior of the fund was Nixon’s then At-
torney General—and top “law and order” point man. McCarthy. The fund that period the fund’s balance ran up to $700,000. He controlled the fund at the time while he headed the Justice Department. Later, he shared control with McGeorge Bundy and, newly appointed right-wing representative of the C.R.P., on July 1, he is still involved in authorizing payments from that fund today.

Control of the C.R.P. finance com-
mitees was assumed in turn by Stans in July. The secret fund was kept in a safe in his office and never reported to the General Accounting Office. Following the Water-
gate arrests, all these funds were records were destroy by Stans and Hough Sloan, the former committee treasurer.

THE C.R.P. AND THE WHITE HOUSE

The lines of responsibility in the C.R.P. has become incredibly complex and the number of people in-
volved so numerous that we cannot sketch. But the outline alone shows that the conspiracy was direc-
I 5

tly involved in the major parties but rather by the hard-core right-wing elements. Herbert Kalmah, Nixon’s personal at-
dvisor. The forces behind the Watergate con-
spiracy are of course close friends and advisors: H.R. Haldeman and John Ehrlichman and press secretary Ronald Ziegler. Then there is the notorious body, Herbert Kalmah, Nixon’s personal at-
daughter, in an interview with the Bulletin, described those involved as “radical right-wingers” who were “understood” and have a “very close relationship” with Nixon.

Following down the chain of command within the White House are: Charles Colson, special counsel; Dwight Chapin, deputy assistant to Nixon; and John Dean's former adjutant, Liddy and McCord.

The most important sabotage against the C.R.

n, on staff of over 50 espionage agents, in addition to the seven indicted for Water-
Because, according to Liddy, "in the fundraising business you don't deal in receipts."

The fund, which now totalled $100,000, was delivered to Washington. All attempts to question Allen concerning the nature of these funds have been ignored. In Washington, the funds were sent to Maurice Stans, Hugh Sloan, and eventually ended up in the possession of Bernard Barker on April 18 in Miami. Barker deposited them in the U.S. bank and Lockheed to find out what was going on with the legal problems in a operation which was then in the early stages of the Watergate Security.

Nixon's campaign was based on the promise of returning the money to the American people. However, it was later discovered that the fund had been used for illegal purposes, including the financing of the Watergate operation. This led to the resignation of several top campaign officials and the eventual conviction of several individuals.

The legal implications of the fund were significant, and it contributed to the eventual downfall of the Nixon administration.
was Donald Segretti, who was hired by Chapin, Strachan and paid by Kalbman.

In addition, several other leading staff members played prominent roles in this vicious conspiracy. They are Kenneth Chapman, who is a former Young Americans for Freedom Director and an active member of the Christian Youth Federation for Freedom. Howard Hunt, a former New York Times reporter, is also involved. They have been fingered on the basis of their association and activities with the National Lawyers Guild and the American Civil Liberties Union. The National Lawyers Guild is a radical, reactionary, anti-labor element that the ruling class is now summoning to the forefront. These are the elements who will run the country after Nixon’s reelection.

The personal ties between Chapin, Segretti, Ziegler and a link back to college when they attended the University of Southern California. At USC, they were all involved in the right-wing campus activities. Haldeman and Ehrlichman also had relationships with the Nixon campaign at a much earlier period and had been involved in right-wing political activities together. Chapin, Segretti and Ziegler were also responsible for hiring Segretti—a former Treasury Department lawyer—to crisis-cross the country gathering people for the sabotage campaign. Segretti also infiltrated the National Lawyers Guild and served as a sabotage campaign staff for a short period. Records of telephone calls have established that Chapin and Segretti’s immediate contact was with the White House.

But the link between Nixon and Haldeman is the personal protégé of Haldeman. He was responsible for many of the arrangements that led to the Watergate break-in, and his direct working relationship to Haldeman and his obvious decision to the re-election, because of the very close relationship of Nixon and Haldeman, knew nothing of Segretti’s activities. According to Washington sources, Haldeman is Nixon’s closest and most trusted personal aide. The source stated that Haldeman had access to more information about the Watergate affair than any other person. Haldeman has been in Nixon’s political circle since 1956 and in the 1962 California gubernatorial campaign, which was authorized by Nixon. The sabo-
tage was at Pat Brown whom they labeled as an extremist. They solicited contributions from Democrats on the pretext that the funds would be used to shift the ideological base of the Demo-
crats. In 1960, to shift the ideological base of the Demo-
crats, the funds were used to finance Nixon’s campaign.

Haldeman is humorless, cynical and ruthless, but he is not a right-wing extremist. He is one of the top five aides with access to the sabotage fund in Nixon’s White House. It is clear that Haldeman, functioning as Chapin’s closest boss and having control over hundreds of dollars of funds, was directly involved in the planning and executing of the conspiracy.

By itself, the secret fund was controlled by independent organizations, such as the Birch and Magruder. They allocated hundreds of thousands of dollars for the massive campaign, but because the money was not only at the destruction of the nat-

The Watergate complex.

discredit the Democrats, etc. in short, these forces would use any means necessary to ensure the destruction of the Democratic Party. To guarantee the maximum scope and effectiveness of the operation, the C.R.P. was given unlimited funds by big business.

The riot-atent and decadent measures of the committee have been exposed in re-

cord. Nixon’s campaign organization, which is the real principle behind the Watergate, has been exposed. The Nixon that used to give money to the Krupp family for the foundation in the United States, the United States, is no longer behind the scenes. The Nixon that used to give money to the Krupp family for the foundation in the United States, is no longer behind the scenes.

Rep. William S. Moorhead declared that this “National Watchlist” may include the names of ‘questionable’ individuals, such as those collected during various surveillance activities, and also collect similar types of information about anyone else.

As the hearings in May revealed, the “national emergency” under which “white collar” criminal activities might become operative is very loosely defined. At the hearings, it was pointed out that several points, no reference is made to war time emergency. A national emer-
gency could be a war such as Vietnam or even a rail strike.

While the Office of Emergency Preparedness only admits that it will “continue preparing computer procedures for compiling a watchlist” but that “no actual watchlist is maintained,” another official description of the Special Analysis Division of the OEP states that it is designed “to prepare, maintain, and disseminate’ the National Watchlist.”

An informed source in Washington told the Bulletin that: “In their private con-
versations, the White House Staff is much more hostile to the press than even Agnew’s public statements would in-

The Watergate conspiracy makes the independent mobilization of the working class an urgent necessity. In the coming period, the only defensive weapon will be through its independent mobilization in its own party as the first step in the battle for power.

Understanding that the crisis has reached a crisis stage, the Watergate conspiracy clearly demonstrates—the Workers’ League will deepen its struggle against an even stronger反革命 DHS and the Day.”

But this is a bad spectacle, a massive coverup and concealment of the greatest political espionage ever carried out in the history of the United States. In the words of the chairman of the committee, Texas Demo-
crat Wright Patman, quoted by the White House “enormous.

He also stated that: “The President has pulled down an important weapon in order to keep the American people from knowing the facts.”

When Patman tried to have the C.R.P.’s members voluntarily attend a session, they turned him down, and he stated that:

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The Greatness Of Nadezhda Krupskaya

Kathy Mankiewicz

Books

effect to bring his Yesseniys to the attention of the Party were defeated. However, she persisted in her struggle against the bureaucracy that was consolidating itself around Stalin. Krupskaya identified herself with the Left Opposition, and at the Fourteenth Party Congress, she delivered a brilliant criticism of the Great Purges and Stalin's abandonment of the Marxist method. She wrote that the Central Committee had veered to the right, and argued that it was time for the party to move back to the theoretical foundations of the Left Opposition. In her view, Stalin's policies were causing great suffering among the working class and middle class, and she called for a return to the principles of Marxism.

Krupskaya was in the forefront of Left Opposition resistance to Trotsky's policies, particularly with regard to the war effort. She was a member of the editorial board of the newspaper Pravda, and helped to propagate the views of the Left Opposition. She wrote articles and pamphlets, including a defence of Trotsky and the Left Opposition, entitled "The Left Opposition and the War." Her writings were reprinted in the Left Opposition's newspaper Iskra, and she was a member of the editorial board of the journal Pravda, which was the organ of the Left Opposition.

In her book, "The Greatness Of Nadezhda Krupskaya," Kathy Mankiewicz explores Krupskaya's life and work, and highlights her significant contributions to the Bolshevik Party and the Soviet state. Mankiewicz argues that Krupskaya was a key figure in the development of the Soviet state, and that her work was instrumental in the success of the Bolshevik Party. She was a strong supporter of the Left Opposition, and her writings helped to spread the views of the Left Opposition throughout the party. Through her work, Krupskaya played a key role in the development of the Soviet state and the Bolshevik Party.
Daily World Defends Czech Frame-Up Trials

BY FRED MUELLER

In July and August of this year a series of trials of oppositionists was held in Czechoslovakia. Included among the defendants were many of the leading supporters of former Communist Party secretary Alexander Dubcek. Dubcek and Josef Smrkovsky have not yet been charged, but that is clearly the direction in which the present regime is heading.

These trials reflect the deepening crisis of the Stalinist bureaucracy in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe. In spite of administrative and repres- sionist measures, opposition continues to grow. Four years after the 1968 invasion, the Czech working class is unconcerned about bureaucratic rule.

Hence the new attacks, initiated both as a means of intimidating the workers as well as to any “liberal” section of the bureau- cracy itself which might be tempted to seek support through a policy of concen- sions such as followed by Dubcek four years ago.

The bureaucracy cannot put these measures to rest. It is also reflected in a series of articles in the Daily World, a full twelve articles all of them seeking to defend them and explain them.

In these articles by Erik Bert, the American Stalinists run true to form as most servile mouthpieces of the Kremlin. This whole effort to justify the invasion of 1968 and the repression since then requires the cruelest slanderers trying to link up the same as well as the Czech oppo- sition to imperialism.

This was done solely on quotes from Prague’s Rude Pravo, and proceeds in proving nothing but that the accused were servile opponents of the bureaucracy. They openly affirmed their opposition to the regime, and denounced the trials and the frame-up charges they faced.

The Stalinists are at great pains to prove that the accused were not tried for their political views. Yet Bert cannot explain why the famous Central Committee doors, in violation of the Czechoslovak Constitution itself, the press was closed, and even the only wives of the defen- dants were allowed in.

Bert fails to explain the basis of the charges or the background of the defen- dants themselves. He ignores, in other words, the charges of the accused: “Several illegal groups had been formed among the workers, the trade unionists of the Rightist, opportunist and anti-socialist forces in 1966. The Central Committee, as the ‘anti-Party’ organization, was the ‘vehicle’ action of the Movement for Democratic Socialism.’ They distributed illegal printed matter of Czech and foreign origin, at- tacked the socialist state, the Commu- nist Party and its representatives, the Soviet Union and other socialist states.”

The guilt of the defendants, writes Bert, was “established by their own ad- missions, their confessions by the other defen- dants, by illegal printed and written material and copies of letters written to foreign ‘contacts.’”

CONVICTED

The 46 individuals convicted and im-Prisoned for the above activities included many who had been members of the Com- munist Party for 20 or 30 years. Several were former Central Committee members, almost all were former party members.

Milan Huebl, for instance, was the director of a party school in Prague in 1948 when he was a former Central Committee member and close friend of party boss Husak, who was later sentenced to 15 and sentenced to 6½ years. He was ac- cused of being a member of a Trotskyist group.

Friedrich Maly and transmitting documents abroad to opponents including Jiri Pelikan, the former director of Prague television now living in Rome. Huebl himself claimed that he sent material to Erich Herttl, secretary of the Ital- ian Communist Party, via the French bureau of the Communist Party of France. Bertok was accused of translating an article from the French CP press for the Polit- ical Monthly.

Jaromir Sabata, former party chief in the industrial center of Brno, was tried in that city on August 3. Sabata had refused to testify at the Huebl trial. He is report- ed to have told the court that he did so because the charges were “fabricated and invented out of whole cloth.”

The main charge against Sabata was the distribution of leaflets to workers at the time of the presidential elections in November 1971. These leaflets reminded the citizens of their constitutional rights, including the right to cross names off the ballot, to write new names in or not to vote at all. The leaflets also attacked the regime’s use of the elections to continue the occupation of Czechoslo- vakia by 48,000 Soviet troops.

Sabata’s two sons and one daughter were also jailed, for sentences ranging from 2 to 5½ years. These are only a few of the better known defendants. Among the 46, many received sentences of 4, 5 years.

Czech party paper Rude Pravo boasted about the trials, listing them all, of the “massacring” of the authorities. The trials, it said, were “the usual course of action in any civilized state.”

For millions of Czech workers, these trials bring back bitter memories. This month marks the twentieth anniversary of the “Prague Spring” trial. While writing at length about the current case, the Daily World is completely silent about its ante- cedents.

After Tito’s break with Moscow, Stalin set into motion a drive against the “cultural and technical whitewash within the eastern European countries.”

SLANSKY

Rudolf Slansky was a top leader of the Czech CP. He had been a devoted sup- porter of Stalin, and had also served in the resistance during the war. At the trial, he confessed, along with 13 others, to treason and espionage.

Eleven of the thirteen defendants, in- cluding Slansky, were Jews. The trial was modeled after the Stalin purges of 1936-38, complete with anti-Semitism and confes- sions extracted through sophisticated methods and physical torture.

In 1963 the Czech Supreme Court was forced to condemn this trial and rehabilitate its victims. The Court stated that: “In reality, no such hostile center ever exis- ted, that it was a figment worked out by the security services for which they used testimony extracted by illegal means for persons already under arrest.”

What is the Daily World, the organ of the Daily World, say about this in- famous frame-up? Although it printed lit- tle or no information on the trial itself, it supported the prosecution and the verdict consistently. On December 1, 1962, a full page editorial informed its readers as follows: “Prague itself has the country been treated to such a heavy dose of lies—calculated, de- liberately false and purposefully spread. The trials are now getting about the Prague trials and the death sentences pronounced on Slansky and his fellows.”

The Prague trials have been broad- enough to cast all of Europe, every single word. But the reports we have been getting in the press have only the remotest resemblance to what the actual trials have been, and what they have revealed. To conceal from the American public—es- pecially the Jewish public here—what has really been uncovered, the press has resorted to the most shameless false- hoood and suppression of facts.

“While a young asylum at these trials? A nest of spies planted, placed in several cases many years back, in some cases during the war years or imme- diately after.”

This full support to frame-ups in the past has never been repudiated by the leaders of the American Communist Par- ty. Now they rush into print to defend the trials of 1972, with the same concern for the truth and the same loyalty to the bureaucracy. They expect no quest- ions to be asked about the trial whose twentieth anniversary is now approaching. Workers and socialists militating must treat this cynical effort with the contempt it deserves.

Jiri Pelikan, the oppositionist whose Open Letter to Angela Davis has aroused the special fury of the Stalinists, sums it up eloquently some of the crimes of the bu- reaucracy and exposes its lying claims to represent socialism: “It is not only a revolt of intellectuals or young people, as is sometimes asserted by Western left-wingers to justify their silence or helplessness. Four weeks ago in Prague the congress of the ‘normalised’ trade unions (purged of more than 50,000 cadres in 1967) annulled the decisions of the preceding congress, including the right to strike. The workers are not allowed to have independent trade unions or to fight for their demands or to protest against the dismissal of comrades against produc- tion schedules and bad working condi- tions. The Workers’ Council, formed in 1968 and dissolved in 1969, have been defined by the party leadership as ‘instru- ments of counterrevolution.’ Isn’t that statement absurd for a so-called ‘working- class state’?”

The American Stalinists have always been completely unwitting in their defense of the Kremlin. Therefore the Dail- y World is full of veiled criticism of the “so-called progressive forces” which have fallen for the “Western anti-commu- nist hate campaign against Czechoslo- vakia.” After a long quote from Husak at the 1969 International Meeting in Mos- cow, calling for support and under- standing for his regime, Erik Bert comments: “These events indicate that their hopes were not completely fulfilled.”

FEAR

Behind the bureaucracy’s fear of even the mildest criticism or the vaccillating policy of Dubcek and those who supported him, is the tremendous movement of the working class. The bureaucracy’s hatred and fear of the working class requires that it strike out at Trotskyism, the continu- ation of Babeshevism today and of the his- toric interests and struggle of the work- ing class.

Thus the Daily World spends two days attempting to prove the connection be- tween the Czech opposition and Trotsky- ism, and between both and the imperial- ists. This is complete with a cartoon por- traying the Trotskyists and oppositionists as CIA agents.

This is because only the Trotskyist movement, built in life and death struggle against the bureaucracy, can fight for the understanding of the crimes of Stalinism so that the main obstacle to the over- throw of capitalism can be removed. The instinct of self-preservation drives the ruling clique in Czechoslovakia and its American allies to lash out at what they fear most of all.

The continued resistance of the Czechoslovak working class, soon after the strug- gle in Poland, Yugoslavia and else- where, and in the face of the most brutal repression, shows that revolutionary leadership can and must be built against the Stalinist traitors.
Midwest News
Rail Bosses' Profit Drive
Kills 44 In Chicago Wreck

BY A BULLETIN REPORTER
CHICAGO, Oct. 30—Forty-four people were killed this morning and over 300 more maimed when two Illinois Central commuter cars collided just south of the Loop. A doctor described the scene at the 25th Street Station: "When I got there it was unbelievable. There were arms and legs and fingers not attached to bodies. The engineer of the second train was welded between the two trains."

Police, firemen, and uninjured commuters worked feverishly to save those who poured bloody from the cars. Cranes were brought in to pry apart the wreckage where people, some still living, were pinned. Commuters in the front train, a new double-decker higher-car, were trapped inside, unable to open the windows or break the plate glass. Medical workers who were Vietnam veterans said it looked like a combat zone.

The second train had already passed the light when the front train backed up. So the conductor on the second train could not see the warning signal. The second train, one of the older, heavyweight models, plowed like a ramrod into 75 percent of the last car of the front train.

Radio
Although the conductor and his engineer in the new train were in contact with the second conductor, the second older train had no radio equipment, and there was no contact between the crews of the two trains at all.

This is the first fatality on the IC since it was electrified in 1908.

For over a year, workers on the IC have been threatening action on what they called unsafe conditions, resulting from the reduction of maintenance crews and inadequate safety devices.

Only last week, another train left the track, but no one was seriously injured. Last March, when the IC requested a fare increase, the Illinois Commerce Commission ordered them to make extensive repairs and update the signal system. This has yet to be done.

Big business has little interest in keeping the line running at all. It was built to serve the fashionable South Side neighborhoods in 1920. Now those suburbs and neighborhoods are mostly working class, and those who died in the crash were workers.

More investigations have been ordered by various government agencies and there are cries that the almost bankrupt IC be made public. This, when the workers of the CTA (public commuter lines) have been under vicious attacks on wages because of dwindling public funds.

The capitalists must now seek new ways to destroy the working class, in order to keep their corporations from ruin. Already, the papers are pointing their fingers at the drivers of the first train, who has never been involved in a serious rail accident in the 24 years he has driven.

Workers must now demand that the Chicago Federation of Labor make its own investigation of the horror and expose the grafters and profiteers who are responsible.

Theiero is no real workman on the IC since it was electrified in 1908.

NCR Plans
Big Cut In Research Division

BY A BULLETIN REPORTER
DAYTON—National Cash Register (NCR) announced that it will slash 870 more jobs in its research and development division.

This is in addition to a job destruction program in the production end that calls for slashing 2000 jobs in production permanently.

Actually NCR has been closing out jobs in the research division for some time. In its latest announcement, the company stressed that the jobs eliminated were in the research and development technology and not directly related to the product manufacturing. It is in the area of long-term investment that the crisis is most sharply revealed. Massive cutbacks in this area always precede a depression. NCR is saying it has no need for long-term research when the value of the dollar and therefore the value of its profits is in a state of collapse.

Meanwhile, NCR continues its all-out attack on the production workers through a campaign of union movement and mass job destruction. It is building back the bulk of its projected mass layoffs until after the election of Nixon when it plans on destroying the jobs of 1500 more workers.

St. Paul Teachers Vote in Union

BY A BULLETIN REPORTER
ST. PAUL, Oct. 25—St. Paul teachers have overwhelmingly elected the St. Paul Federation of Teachers Local 28 as their exclusive bargaining agent. The AFL-CIO affiliated Federation outpolled the "professional" oriented St. Paul Education Association by 1616 votes to 997.

The teachers are turning to organized labor in preparation for the fight against the vicious cutbacks in education which school boards across the country are imposing.

DENIED

Although the Federation won a similar vote last May by 1342 to 1140, at a time when the state law required the union to get a majority of all teachers—including those who did not vote—for it to gain union certification as bargaining agent. The Federation has scheduled a second vote for last June, but the Association filed suit to prevent it from occurring. As a result, the capitalist courts were too happy to uphold.

CONTRACT

As a result, St. Paul teachers are two months into the new school year without a contract. The school board froze wages at last year's level, refusing to grant even the normal increases for added experience, training and so on. The Ramsey County District Court denied the Federation's appeal to force the school board to negotiate a new contract.

ANTI-STRIKE LAW

The teachers' unionization opens the way for the bitter contract battle to begin. Now the fight for a contract means a fight against the whole state machinery of anti-strike laws and court injunctions. St. Paul's liberal Democratic Mayor Cohen and Governor Kelly Anderson will not hesitate to file criminal action against St. Paul teachers. Instead, they did last spring against St. Paul sanitation workers who had staged a one-day sick in...
BY BRUCE MCKAY

CLEWISTON, Fla.—The history of the sugarcane industry in the Western Hemisphere is the history of a 450 year quest by first a landed aristocracy and then the capitalist growers for a reliable source of cheap labor.

It is a history of the bitter struggle by the men and women who have been ruthlessly and brutally driven to the extremes of human endurance to provide the world with sweets, molasses, and rum—and their employers with the sugary taste of profit.

Cutting the tall cane in the humid swelter of the tropics is one of the most arduous tasks to ever confront the farm laborer. Because of this and the desire of the growers to extract the utmost in surplus value from each worker, sugar companies have faced continual difficulties in finding willing laborers to wield the machete.

SLAVERY

Slavery followed directly on the heels of the introduction of sugar cane into the Caribbean by the Spanish conquistadores and for 300 years remained the chief source of labor for the cane plantations.

Slavery remained a tool of the British growers in Jamaica, Trinidad and British Guiana until outlawed by Parliament in 1838 under the impetus of the class struggle and the new capitalist class. In Louisianna, African slaves cut cane on the huge sugar plantations until freed by the Civil War.

Sugarcane, in fact, was very important to the development of the African slave trade. Much of the shipping between Europe and the Caribbean during the eighteenth century was based on the cargoes of Black slaves delivered to the sugar plantations in return for valuable cargoes of sugar, molasses and, especially, rum.

DECLINE

One South African sugar expert laments that the abolition of slavery in the British colonies, "there followed a sharp decline in sugar production caused by the unwillingness of free labour to perform tasks previously carried out by slaves."

Productivity in Jamaica, in fact, plummeted from 72,730 tons of raw sugar in 1832 to 19,007 in 1841, three years after abolition.

The sugar industry in Louisiana was very nearly wiped out following the Civil War as newly freed slaves refused to return to their former cutting tasks.

IMPORTATION

The next ploy of British sugar companies in the West Indies was the importation—all the way from India where sugarcane is also grown—of indentured workers. By 1848, more than 21,000 had arrived, but by 1864 two thirds of them had fled the islands and British Guiana.

After sugarcane had been introduced into the Hawaiian Islands, growers, beginning in 1852, imported Chinese workers as a source of cheap labor. This practice continued for 46 years until the United States acquired the islands in 1898 as part of a growing empire.

Despite all these efforts—and many others—following the breakup of the slave system under the impact of the industrial revolution and the development of capitalism, the sugar industry languished until it, too, came under the domination of the new industrial technology and capital rationalization.

Steam power was early applied to reduce labor requirements in the grinding process (the mills) and capitalist competition and crisis led to the gradual consolidation of the small plantations and an enormous concentration of capital.

DRIVE

After World War II, faced with rising wage demands (even with the importation of Jamaican and Bahamian workers here), a tremendous drive to rationalize and further mechanize production took place.

From 1967-1969 to 1969—despite an increase in hourly wages from 66 cents an hour to $1.11 an hour—labor costs per ton at U.S. Sugar declined 37 percent from $38 to $24. U.S. Sugar, in fact, became the most "productive" sugar company in the United States.

This was accomplished not only through the partial mechanization of harvesting but through a ruthless speed-up which forced on the workers after management broke the CWA union, which had been built by mill workers during the class upheavals of the 1930s, and replaced it with a company union.

(About six years ago, mill workers here successfully fought an industry-wide lockout to re-establish trade unionism in the mills under IAM leadership.)

SOLUTION

The final "solution" to rising wage demands and the threat of unionization is being prepared now in the corporate board rooms of Florida sugar companies. Especially in the face of trade war and the deepening international crisis, the capitalist growers here will move rapidly toward mechanizing the cane cutting process itself.

In spite of technical problems caused by soil conditions here, the technology already exists to completely mechanize cane harvesting here. In many other areas, mechanical harvesters are already extensively used. In the early 1960s, for example, U.S. Sugar tested a Cary Combine Harvester capable of harvesting 300 tons of cane per day—over 50 times as much as a Jamaican worker. This machine was not put into mass production at that time simply because the manufacturer determined fewer than 250 per year would be sold.

Like the tomato industry and other sectors of capitalist agriculture, the sugar industry intends to force the working class to bear the full weight of the economic crisis through a staggering increase in unemployment and the loss of all the gains won since the 1930s.

TO BE CONTINUED
United National Causus Rejects GM Shutdown

BY REX HENRY

DETROIT—On Sunday, October 28, the United National Causus, a nationally organized caucus of UAW members, held a Detroit-area conference to lay plans for a fight against unemployment in the auto industry, the attacks by GMAD, and the Woodcock leadership, in preparation for the 1973 contract negotiations in April.

While meeting at the most decisive point in the history of the UAW and the organized labor, the United National Causus was unable to take a single step toward a policy which can lead the UAW against the bitter-speed-up-as-

sault being organized by GMAD and backed by the U.S. government itself.

The leadership of the UNC, and their supporters in the Stalinist Communist Party and the Interna-
tional Socialist group, conscien-
tiously sought to avoid the fight for a nationwide strike against GM and the construction of a labor party.

In his opening address to Sun-

day’s conference, attended by ap-
proximately 40 people, Pete Kel-
ly, leader of the UNC, set the stage for his approach.

“The community expressed opin-

ion that the UAW is the most ag-

gressive and democratic union in the U.S. today.” Kelly stated, “but be in the light of the other unions in the country, some of which are supporting Nixon.”

The growing militancy of the UAW membership, he said, forced Woodcock to begin to hit and run strikes against GM.

“One thing stands green emp-

loyment,” Kelly continued, “and that is that there are no settlements at the ends of these strikes. These strikes of one or two days go back in again with the same problems that they left. These strikes are not being resolved.

The conclusion that Kelly drew from this fact, however, was not that the UAW must therefore begin the fight against Wood-
cock for a nationwide GM strike but rather that nothing sover can be done now to stop GMAD’s union-busting cam-

paign.

“They are local strikes are all based on the fact that people want to control over what is going on in that plant. They want control over the line speed, working conditions, and dis-
cipline. You can call that what you want, but that’s the kind of fight that’s going to have to take

place. The leadership of this

union is not going to take on the fight to control the plant en-

vironment.”

UTOPIAN

The fight that Kelly sketches for control of plant conditions and line speeds, while GM con-

tinues to own the plants them-

selves is a utopian dream. Kelly

foresees this situation coming through about a fight for a na-

tionwide network of caucuses which at some future date can gain leadership of the UAW itself.

“The present position of the leadership at the UAW con-

ferences and conventions is not going to last. There’s a crisis coming about, there’s a move-

ment of discontent in the rank and file, and I don’t believe they are going to vote just all to-

tgether as they have been.”

Until the point when the UNC can mobilize a majority vote in the UAW, therefore, Kelly pro-

poses that the rank and file con-

struct the UNC not through a fight for the central needs of the UAW, but through the con-

centration on preparation for the 1973 negotiations and a fight for such issues as control of local

conditions and against unem-

ployment.

This perspective was put for-

ward in an even clearer way by Nati Mosely, shop com-

mitteeman for UAW Local 25 in St. Louis, who had been invited to address the UNC on the sit-

uation at the St. Louis, Local 25 had been at the center of the fight back against GM.

He pointed out that: “Since GMAD went into effect, we had

8,000 men laid off,” and that Woodcock’s present - “Apache strategy” is a capitalization to the

nationwide union which local which strikes for two or three days a week only has to make up for

work missed when they return to work. He went on to say that:

“We, local, on the 29th of last

month, came to Detroit and told them that, along with several other locals, we are asking that the

International union strike the 18 GMAD plants in the country.

Well, striking all the GMAD plants is good, but to me it isn’t good enough. We can shut the

total GM down and still not win a damn thing. 1970 proved that. In 1970, Woodcock took them on and he got his ass kicked.

“We set six cents in new

money. We didn’t get 30 or out. So put that into perspective. In 1970 we talk them on. Today, if we were to strike GM, I surely believe we couldn’t come up with a reputable settlement.”

Mostly proposed that:

“Instead we as the ranks have to begin to organize the caucuses to form pipelines from one local to another all around the country and ‘challenge Woodcock on the 1973 contract negotiations.”

Mosely slams himself in the company of all those forces in the UNC and the labor movement grouped around the Communist Party, which are in a frenzied effort to beat back a growing opposition to Woodcock’s policies and to strike policy in GM, and stop the movement for a break from the Democratic Party.

The role of those who, like the CP, who oppose the construction of a Marxist leader-

ship in the trade unions, based on a fight to force the union leadership to confront the at-

tack of the capitalists, can only serve to diffuse the milli-

tiancy of the union ranks and channel the unions back into the pockets of the Democratic Party.

This is the role which Mosely and the leadership of the UNC now consciously adopt. In separate interviews with the Bulletin, both Mosely and Pete Kelly expressed opposition to the fight for the development of a nationwide caucus in the UAW, which would form a nationwide strike in GM and for the construction of a labor party.

“Some people.” Kelly stated, “have the idea that the UAW is some kind of democratically run union. It’s not. A nationwide strike would do nothing. We had a nationwide strike in 1970 and nothing happened. First we’ve go to have a union.”

University of Connecticut food workers (CSEA) picketed and entered the school’s Board of Trustees meeting (above) at Storrs, Conn. They demanded that all workers be kept on the state’s payroll. Maskill, the state governor, has been contracting work out to private firms who pay lower wages and fewer benefits.

Editor’s Notebook

By Invitation Only

Labor For McGovern held a meeting in Boston last week at the Retail Clerks International National Union hall in Ros-

linde. The Bulletin was sold outside the door, along with the pamphlet “The Case For A Labor Party.”

After close to an hour with a half dozen persons entering the hall, two intrepid Bulletin reporters decided to investigate further, to see if the only labor for McGovern to be found in all of Ros-

linde were warehousers and a scab driver of down-at-the-

thumb labor bureaucrats.

The reporters were greeted at the door by a painfully smiling fellow who informed them. “Well, yes, we, that is, our union, has a real labor party. But that’s after we elect Mr. Go, ha, ha.”

Half a minute later and two steps into the room, the re-

porters’ arms were grabbed by a burly bureaucrat, and they were informed that their presence was not welcome.

When it was pointed out that the Bulletin covers all news and developments of interest to the labor movement, the re-

porters were told: “Well, you have to be a union member.”

When it was pointed out that the reporter in question was a union member and had his card with him, the bureaucrat said: “Well, this is a closed meeting. It’s by in-

vitation only.”

“Oh, that why there are no workers present?” asked a Bulletin reporter.

“Those are no workers pre-

sent because we didn’t invite any workers.”

Drawing The

Class Lines

One year ago Progressive Labor, supported by the Spa-

tarist League, staged a dis-

ruptive demonstration at the meeting of the National Peace Action Coalition. Vance Hartke had been invited by the NFPC leadership to speak. PL im-

mediately began marching around the hall chanting "No Ruling Class." "Ruling Class Out!" and "Workers Yes, Bosses No." When Victor Reuther, a representative of a capitalist party but of the labor movement spoke, PL re-

poised its antics.

The Workers League supported their removal from the con-

ference pointing out that the action of PL-Spartacist against Reuther represented a middle class hysteria totally hostile to the working class. Spartacist was severely defended PL, claiming that PL-SDS had "draws the class lines" and was moving towards Trotskyism.

PL’s position at the NFPC conference occurred only shortly after its publication of Road to Re-

olution III in which PL com-

pletely attacked every princi-

ple of Leninism. In Ja-

nuary, 1972 we wrote: “In Road to Revolution III PL

served notice that it is pre-

pared to close ranks with the bourgeoisie against the working class. No one should be surprised when PL, ends its frenzied race away from the working class by falling into the arms of the Democrats.” It did not take long, pre-

cisely because those who expect Marxism must inevi-

tably be dominated by the capitalist class. Only last month we published a leaflet for a demon-

stration to "March to Dump The Wage Freeze." Among those who will share the platform with PL is none other than a representative of the ruling class—Sidney Van Luster, a New York Senator. Van Luster is very much in the Democratic Party.

The class lines have been drawn.

Orville Varnell

Sidney Van Luster

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FRIGIDAIRE...

(Continued From Page 3)

reduction in Dayton was engineered by the Save Frigidaire Committee, composed of the Chamber of Commerce and the politicians with the collaboration of the union leadership like Joe Shump, also chairman of the Democratic Party in Montgomery County. When he received in a Governor Gilligan's administration, Arnold Thompson who had been in opposition to Shump was elected. No sooner did he get elected than he turned around and negotiated the wage cut settlement. At a stacked meeting and with only a standup vote, he decided the issue won.

ROSY

Since that time he has painted a rose picture of the firing at the plant. It has gained him the intensified speedup that has taken to work like this, we're creating by the wage cut.

Since the wage cut, the speedup of the workforce began to escalate after the 1700 contract had been negotiated. Workers being rehired were told by foremen that the contract was no good, so they were like new employees. Workers have been forced to work for substandard wages for the keeping up with the line speed or for any finicky reason.

One worker told the Bulletin: "They're a guy for putting a signature on the paper on the floor, or for saying that you think. It's impossible to keep up with the line speed, and they're shifting workers from one department to another without any regard to seniority."

Workers in Department 227 where the 

One worker told us, "You shouldn't even get a chance to wash your hands. Every time you work in the grease pits your hands are going to be greasy."

Another worker told us, "You don't even have a chance to wash your hands. It's so bad that you work in the grease pits your hands are going to be greasy."

The track at 3:17 for leaving at 3:18 so you can even wash up before you go home.

INTOLERABLE

Ray Barrett told the Bulletin that a strike vote for the workhouse was taken in the department because of the intolerable conditions and because the union has sat on the grievances. He stated that the workers want assurance that no disciplinary action is taken against himself and the others who participated in the walkout before they agree to turn back. A worker in the department told the Bulletin: "There are 92 grievances in this department alone that have not been resolved." Arthur Barrett said: "If you examine the contract, almost every clause grants the company discretion."

"We have to correct the use of the contract for our benefit to re-open the negotiations for us." Barrett also pointed out: "There should be uniform wages between auto and appliance workers, since it's taken about the same amount of effort to produce the product and they both work for the \division."

Friday at 4:30 p.m. the workers of the County Common Pleas and Pheasants Pleads worked until after the shift change when there were just a few pickets in each gate. The police came out in full riot gear. The sheriff was delivered copies of the order to two of pickets. A group of ten foremen were there pointing to the sheriff the men by name: "This is a man who refused to take the police and the sheriff shipped into it."

Sixteen workers were on the list. The list probably includes several other committee members who were on the picket line, Thompson told the local press: "I really don't blame workers for showing up to work in the pickets. I wouldn't want you any guts to get a busted head to go to work.

FEOY

He further stated that he would not get ready to "evidence" used by the police in firing the dismissed workers before deciding whether to defend these workers. The company claimed the pickets had "violence." The sheriff reported repeats the company's allegations: "The use or carrying of a weapon on the picket line is no different if it happened in the plant and we certainly wouldn't accept it there."

Thompson, seeing this an opportunity to pick on some militant leaders, told the press that we workers were doing their job and the workers dismissed until they were "proven guilty." He is now openly attempting to striking a vote.

The demand of the rank and file, including many elected committeemen will be for a strike vote immediately and for Thompson to resign. The fight at Frigidaire must be linked with the fight for a national GM strike of all GM plants, both UAW and IUE. These two unions must call for a Congress of Labor to deal with the economic and political crisis and take up forming a labor front.

On Sunday the leadership of Local 81 attempted to halt the demonstration by cutting off the miss meeting gathering by the pickets. Such strike which shut down the giant Frigidaire complex for four days.

When Ray Barrett, the fiery commissioner who started the walkout, protested against the union president, Arnold Thompson's charges of grievances had not been filed, he was told to come back the next day. No sooner had he started to talk, than Thompson grabbed away the microphone. A scuffle developed with Barrett pushed off the platform by one of Thompson's followers.

Thompson then used as a pretext to adjourn the meeting. Shouting matches and fights broke out in the aisles after the meeting.

Thompson told the press that: "I think if you're going to talk to them about going back to work, you'll have to talk to them at the meeting."

He referred to the scuffle at the membership meeting as an example of "inteligence." He warned the workers "a court order means nothing to him."

"The picket line will get arrested."

Meetings were broken up on the union hall. One worker told the Bulletin today that a petition is circulation for a membership meeting to secure strike authorization.

Only the united strength of the rank and file for a legal strike could put an end to these internal and end the slowdown and other violations of their rights.

BRITAIN...

(Continued From Page 2)

real plans

The ATU conference affirmed that the Tories have never been weaker, that the time is ripe to create the conditions to hurl the government before their reactionary plans can be unleashed.

In the spirit of a determined fight against the Labour Party, the Socialist Labor Party has demonstrated that they stand not with the workers and their interests but against the capitalist system.

Above all, the conference stressed that all trade unionists must turn to the task of building a revolutionary party, on the basis of an understanding of Marxism and to fight all conceptions that the Tories can be defeated through strikes or militant "pressure."

This perspective is rejected by the Communist Party and the revisionists who tell the workers that the pressure of "left" trade unionism can help them on the range from the Tories to retreat.

This is the same position as the American Socialist Workers Party which currently is working on October 25 issue of Interecontinental Press that the "pressure of the workers" is "moving to the left," due to the radicalization of the workers. On the other hand, the experiences of the past months have shown that the movement of the working class into struggle, the more these trade union leaders collaborate with this struggle against the revisionists of his party to the abandoning of the struggle with the fight against revisionism today.

VIETNAM...

(Continued From Page 1)

week that would leave Thieu in power, reveals that North Vietnam is prepared to retreat from even its 7-point plan in order to come to terms with Nixon.

STALINISTS

The deviations during the past week reveal that the Stalinists of the Soviet Union and China stand in solidarity with American imperialism against the Vietnamese people.

The capitalist press is admitting that Nixon is gratified by the Soviet Union's overtures and has placed upon Hanoi to come to terms. In an article published in

Moscow's newspaper several weeks ago, Viktor Levshin, the KGB operative whose views revealed the thinking of Brezhnev—expressed extreme impatience with Hanoi's hard-line position on the refugee puppet government. In addition to foisting Nixon in the Kremlin only one week after he misled the Haiphong harbor, the Soviet Union Stalinists have made veiled threats that arms shipments to North Vietnam would end if a settlement is not promptly reached.

With the latest wave of house floated rumors of a cease-fire, the liberation forces were seen taking a broad offensive that placed the NLF in control of hamlets on the outskirts of Saigon.

VICTORIES

The almost undefeated victors of the NLF made it clear, once again, that the Vietnamese workers and peasants are now in a position to topple the Thieu regime and throw the Americans out.

Only in this manner can the Vietnamese win their freedom, said Nixon nor his so-called "peace opponents" in the Democratic Party who have been banking on a negotiated solution to yield through compromise.

California's McGovern's running mate, Sargent Shriver, denounced the reported cease-fire deal. He said that "peace is honor with whom I will work": "I'd like to know what surrender is," he said.

Just as the revolution stands on the brink of victory, the American Communist Party is leading the drive to push through the betrayal desired by the Kremlin bureaucrats.

For the past week every issue of The Daily World has lobbied the cease-fire that would amount to a complete settlement, demanding that Nixon "sign the agreement." While Nixon prepares to step up the war following election, the Stalinists are doing all they can to disarm the NLF so that it might be destroyed by the coming offensive...

Because the refuse to expose the real meaning of the cease-fire talks, the revisionists of the Socialist Workers Party open the way for the Stalinist betrayal. With its membership in the Stalinist bureaucrats now makes them the conscience accomplices of Stalinist...
Low-Income Housing Fraud Implicates Top Reagan Aide

BY SHEILA BREHM

SACRAMENTO—All is not too proper in Governor Reagan’s “law and order” administration. A Reagan administration official whose department is supposed to help low-income families find housing is doing quite well for himself by indirectly renting them some of his own.

Wardell A. Connerly, deputy director of the state Department of Housing and Community Development, was recently offered a job that included an assignment to the Sacramento Housing Authority for almost $500,000. The Housing Authority in turn rents the units to low income people in the Sacramento area.

Connerly conveniently began making visits to the housing authority shortly after learning of the Housing Authority’s plans to begin a federally subsidized leasing program in 1966. Connerly purchased most of the units between May and November of 1967, the leasing program officially beginning October 1, 1968.

MARKET

And what does Mr. Connerly have to say? “I'm in the housing business and I would find out about programs like that, but it was public information. Anyone could have found out. Housing was a natural investment for me. I know how to find housing and I happen to know the market.”

According to a former Housing Authority employee, Connerly happened to know Harry Zolinger, the executive director of the Housing Authority. Zolinger, who started the leasing program, resigned under fire a year ago when irregularities in the Housing Authority were disclosed. Zolinger was indicted on charges ranging from forgery to misappropriation of public funds.

Unable to deny his role in this matter, Connerly angrily added, “to conclude that anyone who happens to be working for this department should not be involved in housing as an investment is incredibly unfair.”

Growing Frames Corona
To Cover Real Killers

BY MARTY MORAN

Fresno, Calif. — The prosecution’s case has broken down completely in the Juan Cornejo trial. Corona is charged with killing twenty-five migrant farm workers whose bodies were uncovered in May 1971 in Sutter County, in the Sacramento area.

Corona has been held in jail for eighteen months without bail and without any direct evidence or eyewitness testimony to connect him with the killings. The trial, which began on September 11, has been a travesty from the start. Defense attorneys have repeatedly demanded that the prosecution release evidence in their possession which they were holding back. Prosecuttor David Teja denied withholding any evidence.

SUPPRESSED

Hawk hinted to several jurors that much evidence was being suppressed and John Richard Paton cited him for contempt of court.

The technical part of the prosecution’s case collapsed immediately. Sutter County Sheriff’s Department personnel admitted that they were hopelessly mixed up on which body was found in which grave: that the tests were not done to determine if the bodies were not connected with the bodies since the bones were not labeled and confused; that tire tracks found at the site of the murders did not match any of Corona’s vehicles; that blood samples and weapons belonging to Corona could not be typed or matched with the victims.

In the face of this, Sutter County District Attorney Wolford and assistant prosecutor Burt Williams met to discuss whether to drop the case in return for an agreement by Corona not to sue for malicious prosecution. Williams, who is frequently private to defense attorney Hawk that he had a reasonable doubt as to Corona’s guilt, and there were reports that Williams would withdraw from the case when Hawk revealed this to the jury, he received another contempt citation.

The Judge bailed out the prosecution for inefficiency and botching the case and ordered them to produce their files of evidence. Sutter County hired a new special prosecutor at $1,180 a week to patch together their case.

A shoddiness of the case is obvious. Corona, a Mexican citizen who is a farm labor contractor, serves as the agent of the big growers and a parasite on farm labor. But now he is being used for another purpose.

Corona is being framed up to protect the growers. They are using him as a scapegoat for the killings in order to make sure they are not connected with the murders. As the corruption of business and politics comes more and more to the surface, the big growers begin making sure that the courts serve their needs and cover up their crimes.

West Coast News

Bay Area legal aid workers Benton Douglas and Andrea Holman (above) are being framed up for the death of a guard. The judge has illegally refused them bail and deputies have threatened to murder them.

SF Hospital Ranks Fight In Casa Madonna Sweatshop

BY A BULLETIN REPORTER

SAN FRANCISCO—Casa Madonna, one of the largest convalescent hospitals in the Bay Area, is representative of the deterioration of health services and working conditions in hospitals across the country. Currently, the hospital has a dual process. The workers are being required to sign a contract with the hospital within thirty days or they are fired. The workers at Casa Madonna can only defend themselves by bringing in Local 250 on a mandate of higher wages, increased hiring and better working conditions. A leadership must be built to bring in the union and fight for a labor party, which will overcome the misconceived and secure union conditions for all workers.

A nurse said: “It’s a very good reason for fighting.”

FBI Makes Veneremos Target of Witchhunt

BY ANN LORE

PALO ALTO—Two legal assistants, workers in one a member of Veneremos, have been arrested and charged by the FBI in connection with the escape of Chino prison inmate Ronald Beatty. Andrea Holman, 18, and Benton Douglas, 30, had been working with a legal assistance project doing legal work on Beatty’s case.

Police claim Beatty is a member of Veneremos, a Midwest Manist group which has been subject to considerable police harassment.

Warrants were issued for 2 men and 2 women who allegedly forced a car off the road and freed Beatty who was being taken to a court appearance. One guard was shot and the other wounded. Holman and Douglas turned themselves in for learning of the warrants, both denying any part in the escape. Neither fit des- criptions broadcast by police over the previous two weeks.

Immediately after the escape homes of Veneremos members were raided. Holman and Douglas are charged with murder, lynching, and unlawful flight to avoid arrest.

Both spoke to newsmen and indicated their fears of being killed while in custody. Douglas said that San Bernadino County sheriff’s deputies that they would “kill anyone who murdered a prison guard” before he ever came to trial.

The next day both were denied bail. In a courtroom saturated with deputies, maids, plainclothesmen, and FBI agents, the prosecution could not produce the arrest warrants.

All he had was a photo copy of a police teletype report that the warrants were issued. Although the judge expressed “dis- pleasure” with this violation of law and procedure, it was enough to deny bail.

The police and the courts are interested in other things than due process. All organizations of the working class are targets in this frame-up.
Seamen Strike
Pacific Maritime

BY DENNIS BROWN
LOS ANGELES—On October 25 the Masters, Mates and Pilots Union began a strike of all Pacific Maritime Association (PMA) ships on the West Coast and Hawaii after negotiations stalled. The 7500 men in the national union have been working without a contract since June 15.

Smith
Frame-up Exposed

BY A CORRESPONDENT
PORT ORD—Testimony by defense witnesses last week completely exposed the army framing of John V. Smith, who has been convicted of murder. Smith has been tried out by the army brass for the slaying of two officers at Bien Hoa, Vietnam, because of his militant opposition to the war. The only evidence against him is a grenade pin supposedly found in his pocket following the explosion. Two experts testified last week that it did not match the grenade that blew up the officers' quarters.
A professional metallurgist and an aerospace chemical engineer both refuted the testimony of a prosecution witness who had claimed that tests matched the pin with the exploded grenade. The testimony of fellow G.I.'s made it crystal clear that the army never carried out a real investigation, but picked on Smith from the outset. One G.I., Henry McCray, testified that he, Smith and another soldier were in a bunker when the explosion occurred. Less than an hour later, Smith was arrested for murder.
Other defense witnesses described how G.I.'s wearing baseball caps and fatigues who had left the base 15 minutes prior to the explosion were seen running away from the officers' quarters just after the grenade went off.

Defense testimony has not only destroyed the army's case, but has revealed an open conspiracy to railroad a militant G.I. to jail for life.

Hank Walters, the union representative at Wilmington, told the Bulletin that unemployment was the main issue in the negotiations. Out of 300 men on the roster at Wilmington, only 100 are working. He said that unemploy-
ment of 50 percent was probably typical throughout the union.
Nine hundred jobs were lost when 177 victory ships which the PMA had brought out of mothballs to carry cargo to Vietnam were pulled out of service under pressure of the big barge lines that wanted the business.
The union is seeking to negotiate a rotating schedule to give each man 6 months' work then 60 days paid vacation, then part time work until his next job. This will enable members to work at least 6 months out of the year.
The PMA is demanding in exchange the right to call by name the captains and first mates, which would be the first step in elimin-
ing the union roster list for all job assignments. On top of this, the employers want to reduce their contribution to the pension fund by 85 percent. As of June 15, the PMA was $1,500,000 behind in contributions and the union won in arbitration a judgement that would mean a pension con-
tribution by the PMA of $250.60 per day, per man.
The PMA's demand to reduce this is an attempt to put into the new contract the regrading of the pension fund which has taken place over the life of the past contract. In the last contract, the union won a 15 percent wage in-
crease; this time the leadership is accepting the 5.5 percent limit of the Pay Board, even though the dock workers through a 134 day strike this year got over twice the 5.5 percent. Just as in the dock strike, the strategy of the union leaders is to call out the West Coast separately from the rest of the union, instead of a na-
tionwide strike.
The Bulletin spoke with several seamen in San Francisco who claimed that they have only worked 4 months this year and that this was a typical situation. They also pointed out that on the new automated ships turn around time is so short that they get less than a day in port when working.
The men pointed out that when on the beach they often spend months in the hall every day waiting for a ship. Just as on the docks, the PMA would like a permanent work force with the rest laid off leading to the elimination of the hiring hall.
While the West Coast is struck the union continues to work Gulf and East Coast ships although the contract is up there as well. One of the most dangerous aspects of this strike is that the union accepts completely the right of the company to institute growing unemployment. Union demands amount to little more than the demand to share the unemployment in an attempt to hang on.
Despite the limited nature of the strike and while military cargo, passenger ships, and mail are going through, the govern-
ment is already stepping in to try to force an end to the strike. Hawaii, which is supplied from the West Coast entirely by American flag ships, faces a crisis and there is talk of using this as an excuse for Taft-Hartley.

Seamen must demand a full year's pay as matter what the work situation to preserve their jobs. The Masters, Mates, and Pilots face the same threat from automation as the dockers. Only unity of all maritime workers for a national shutdown can con-
front this crisis.

Peace March Backs Betrayal in Vietnam

BY ERNIE LEWIS
SAN FRANCISCO—The Student Mobilization Committee this weekend held a meeting here to discus the November 18 antiwar march. A speaker from the Young Socialist Alliance confined his remarks to organizational suggestions for building the march, holding antiwar slide showings and a perspective of carrying on as though nothing new had taken place.

This meeting revealed the determination of the SWP-YSA to do everything possible to liqui-
date the struggle against impe-
rialist war into support for the perspectives of Stalinism. Precisely when Moscow and Peking are seeking to throttle the Vietnamese revolution, and turn the military victories of the Viet-
namese workers and peasants into a return to the conditions of the 1954 Geneva accord, the SWP-YSA leaps to their support.

YSA spokesrefused to even mention Stalinism or to admit that a betrayal was being nego-
tiated in Vietnam. All they would say was that the North Vietnam-
ese are incapable of keeping up the antiwar fight and that they have no right to criticize the deci-
sions of the Vietnamese.

Supporters
The YSA has now become the most conscious supporters of the Stalinist betrayal. The entire meeting was dominated by at-
tempts of the YSA to prevent the Workers League-Young Socialists from speaking and to stifle discussion on the principle issues.

The Workers League-Young Socialists spokesrefused that their adaptation to Stalinism flowed from their entire history of refusing to confront Pablo-
ism, which now leads to their complete prostration before Stalinism. The motion of the WL-
YS demanded that the Novem-
ber 18 march denounce the at-
tempts to achieve a negotiated betrayal in Vietnam and call for the victory of the NLF.

WL-YS
WL-YS spokes stated that the perspectives of peaceful coexistence in Vietnam were carried forward by the Stalinists here in their support to the labor bureaucracy and George McGovern, and demanded that the November 18 march must call for a break from the capi-
talist parties and a fight for a labor party.
The panic-stricken SMC could do little more than refuse to even discuss these questions and to adjourn their own meeting without making any decisions. What this meeting revealed is that precisely at the point when millions are thrown into a con-
frontation with Stalinism and when the fight for Trotskyism is decisive, the SWP-YSA comes forward seeking to divert any movement toward the construc-
tion of the revolutionary party and to liquidate into Stalinism.
Seamen Strike in Pacific Maritime

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Smith Frame-up Exposed

BY A CORRESPONDENT

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Workers League and Young Socialists

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Peace March Backs Betrayal in Vietnam

BY ERNIE LEWIS

SAN FRANCISCO—The Student Mobilization Committee this weekend held a meeting here to discuss the November 18 antiwar march. A speaker from the Young Socialist Alliance confined his remarks to organizational suggestions for building the march, holding antiwar slide showings and a perspective of carrying on as though nothing new had taken place.

This meeting revealed the determination of the SWP-YSA to do everything possible to liquidate the struggle against imperialism for the perspectives of Stalinism. Precisely when Moscow and Peking are seeking to throttle the Vietnamese revolution, and turn the military victories of the Vietnamese workers and peasants into a return to the conditions of the 1945 Geneva accord, the SWP-YSA leaps to their support.

YSA speakers refused to even mention Stalinism or to admit that a betrayal was being negotiated in Vietnam. All they would say was that the North Vietnamese are incapable of keeping up the antiwar fight and that they have no right to criticize the decisions of the Vietnamese.

SUPPORTERS

The YSA has now become the most conscious supporters of the Stalinist betrayal. The entire meeting was dominated by attempts of the YSA to prevent the Workers League-Young Socialists from speaking and to stifle discussion on the principles involved.

The Workers League-Young Socialists speakers stressed that their adaptation to Stalinism flowed from their entire history of refusing to confront Pabloism, which now leads to their complete prostration before Stalinism. The motion of the WLYS demanded that the November 18 march denote the attempt to achieve a negotiated betrayal in Vietnam and call for the victory of the NLF.

ONLY WS-LY WS-LY speakers stated that the perspectives of peaceful Coexistence in Vietnam were carried forward by the Stalinists here in their support to the labor bureaucracy and George Ball's government, and demanded that the November 18 march must call for a break from the capitalist parties and a fight for a labor party.

The panic-stricken SMC could do little more than refuse to even discuss these questions and to adjourn their own meeting without making any decision. What this meeting revealed is that precisely at the point where millions are thrown into a confrontation with Stalinism and when the fight for Trotskyism is decisive, the SWP-YSA comes forward seeking to divert any movement toward the construction of the revolutionary party and to liquidate into Stalinism.