# INTERNATIONAL REMS

Vel. XII No. 2

Labor Donated

10 Cents

ARCH APRI THE STALIN-TITO SPLIT

THE UKRAINE PROBLEM AN ANSWER TO TROTSKY

A SUPPRESSED CHAPTER FROM THE HISTORY OF TROTSKYISM PART III -Hugo Oehler

LENIN ON "POINT FOUR"

Theoretical Organ of the REVOLUTIONARY WORKERS LEAGUE, U.S.

# The Tito-Stalin Split

The dispute between Tite and Stalin has grewn and become clearer after the year and a half since it first came to world public attention. The Tite regime, product of vast social upheaval of the war and post-war period, has clashed with the plans of the Soviet burgeracy to keep Eastern Europe as a buffer area between the Russian borders and the American-British imperialist dominated Western Europe. Just as Wall Street finds the masses rebelling against their part of Europe agreed on at the secret Yalta and Potsdam agreements of Ressevelt-Churchill and Truman-Atles with Stalin, so Stalin finds the workers and peasants of Yuge-slavia and all East Europe stirring against "his part." They not only reject any proposals to return to their rotten conditions of the Versailles Peace of 1918, or the great self-out of Munich and the Hitler-Stalin Pact, or the Nazi wartime demination, but they also refuse to telerate a "new" future of plunder by the Wall Street bankers and "denzified" European capitalists supported by a frightened Soviet burgeracy.

The Nugeslav workers and peasants civil war under Tite's leadership was directed against capitalism, although under a false banner of nationalism and "People's Front" and "People's Democracy." Capitalist apologists take advantage of this contradiction, to pass off their struggle as a reballion yesterday against former and today against Stalin, as actually a matter of nationalism against formign demination. But this is not true.

### VERSAILLES "PEACE" AND THE NATIONAL PROBLEM

There are indeed problems of an unsolved national question, which capitalism never solved in Eastern Europe while it did so in Western Europe for the most part. The breakdown of the Austro-Hungarian Empire (along with the Russian and Ottoman Empires) relieved the various nationalities of one appression only to plunge them into another. The whole map of Eastern Europe was redrawn to meet the needs of world capitalism against the October Revolution, to create a patchwork of weak, competing nations with all their various hatrods against each other, as a borden sanitaire", and secondly, the needs of the victorious Allies of 1918 against the possible resurgence of German capitalism. The slogan of defending the rights of small nations was the cover to split the worker and peasant masses before the enertachments of American, and especially British and French capital.

as their justification, they kept conspicuously silent about the violent white terror of the semi-fiscist dictat rships of Pilsudski (Peland), Herthy (Hungary) and there from Yugoslavia dewa to Greece, dressed up as constitutional menarchies. They who were deathly silent while the worst terror destrayed hundreds and thousands of workers and peasants lives, and oppressed ever 100 million people in the "gloricus" Versailles Peace, new screen about the misfortune of a few handfuls of reactionary capitalists, landswapers and landswaping churchmen at the hands of the ruthless Soviet burgeracy.

And for the benefit of these who bemean the fate of "honest" democrats and socialists (while remaining silent about Stalin's terror AGAINST PROLETARIAN REVOLUTIONISTS) in Eastern Europe, as violations of Yalta, etc., let us recall a few of the INEVITABLE RESULTS OF THE "HONEYMOON" PERIOD OF AGREEMENT. They include such matters as: redrawing the map of Central and Eastern Europe with a complete disregard of the people—not even the protense of a plobiscite; forced mass migration of the people—not even the protense of a plobiscite; forced mass migration of the people—not even the protense of a plobiscite; forced mass migration of the people of the people

was a managan sa ing talah kan kamanan kanagan sa bahasa kanaga

Line of the same state of

tion of millions; planned semi-starvation to broak all resistance; governments feisted on the people (West and East) by a combined use of armed force and threat of starvation; and continuous open terror where the misses refuse to submit(Greece). This of course omits such "minor" matters as the war against the Asiatic masses (China, French Inde-China, British Malaya, Dutch Indonesia, etc.), not to deal with mass bembing—by incondiary, atomic, and just plain bembs of all sizes—of unarmed civilians during World War 2.

#### STALIN AND TITO AGREE INMPRINCIPLE

The exchange of insults between Stalin and Tite about their betrayal of "socialism." "rights of small nations," otc., are a mockery of the working-class and coordsed possents. Both agree to the program of "building socialism in one country," a national refermist idea of middle class basis that has nothing in commen with Marxism. They beth agree it can be built in the U.S.S.R. -- but disagree ever the question of building it in one country in small Yugoslavia. Stalin berrews liberally from the criticism made by Tretsky and the Loft Opposition of the Seviet Communist Party years against him, to threw it against Tite. We will deal with this mero fully elsewhere in our press, the FIGHTING WORKER and the INTERNATIONAL NEWS. Here we will cally state briefly the Marxian position: the workers can take never in one country to establish a society moving towards secitlism, but only when the workers are victorious on a world scale, can they really have a socialist, classless society. Stalin for years tried to confuse the issue, saying these who expresed him domanded that workers of all countries must take power at once, or else give it up wherever they had it now. New he follows up this farce by claiming Tite cannot build socialism CNLY because he does not tie up his regime completely with the "secialist nevement" and "people's democracies." and the Seviet Union. Marxists reject this farce, which means that the workers and peasants of East Europe and the U.S.S.R. can build socialism without the workers of Wastern Europe. It is a revision of Marxian theory, which covers Stalin's-and Tite's capitulation to capitalism in Western Europe and the rest of the world coonly.

### CAPITALISTS IN EASTERN EUROPE

The truth, and to say, is that capitalism has not been actually destroyed anywhere in Eastern Europe, including Yug slavia. The fall of Hitler carried with it most of the capitalists and land where of these countries; most of these who collaborated had to flee for their lives to the safety of "democratic" Western Europe. These whose record was not too bad, a minority, remained and declared themselves united with exiles who returned from abroad, such as Benes, etc., in friendship with the grander stalin. Sold out openly at Munich, they now hoped to balance themselves between the big powers in the west and east, against the masses below. They are the new "progressive intelligentsia," the "honest patricts" who on occasion even join the native CP, where the various Democratic, Peasant and Cathelic Parties cannot serve their needs.

They are edught between the tug-of-war for central of Europe by the Western imperialists and the Seviet bur cracy, and between these international forces and the masses below. All play on the discentent of the masses to strengthen themselves against each other, and the native emitalists more than any other, as "real patriots." But all fear the masses above everything. They remember, if many people in other countries do not, the mass uprisings in Warsaw (1939, 1942, 1943 and 1944), the civil war in Yuguslavia, the wave of unrest tending to crystalize into workers, and peasants, a uncils and militias. The fact that the Stalinists

helped the native "good" beurge isie to distort this social development into nationalistic forms, "liberation committees," did not deceive the exploiters as to the social danger.

The days of 1918 and 1919, of the Soviets of Liebkmocht and Luxemburg, of Fisher's Bavarian Soviet Republic, Bola Kun in Hungary, came to their memory in a rush. Not for nothing do they embrace the Stalinists, even though these Kremlin stonges are forced on them by the presence of the Red Army in Central Europe (occupation and "communication" zones). Today they telerate, because they have to, the nationalization of industry in part or in whole, and the division of land of the landlerds and PART of the church lands. The pressure of the masses for social revolution compels the Stalinists to go far beyond the FORMS of capitalist economy in Western Europe, but THE FORM OF THE CAPITALIST STATE remains, and the social revolution is prevented from reaching full development in the dictatorship of the proletariat, in the form of democratic workers and peasants councils.

#### PEOPLE'S FRONTISM AGAIN

The civil war in Yugoslavia led the masses far along the read of social revolution, but the great block of a leadership brought up in a revisionist school of politics -- Stalinism -- stands in the way. They are many of them of great courage unlike many other revisionists of Stalinism and Social-Democracy, but they have been and are derailing the social revolution just as much as Social Democracy since 1914. Stalinism averywhere since 1923, and Amarchism and the POUM in the Spanish civil war. It is no accident that Tite is an ordent Pocole's Frontist: he participated in the Spanish struggle hand in glove with all the Stalinist forces against the prelotariat for support of the Kromlin line. Dospite the bloody defeat organized by the People's Front, Tite drew only one lessen: improve the collaboration with the "democratic" class enemy. In Yugoslavia, the total collapse of the cld ruling factions of the bourgeoisic during the war and the fall of the Hitler demination, dreve the petty-bourgooisis and sections of the bourgooisie into the arms of the C.P. for protection against the wrath of the proletariat and poor peasants. Under the concrete conditions of the post-war period and the international situation, it was a godsend to these exploiters.

Let us refer to Tito himself. The following statements were made in a report to the Second Congress of the People's Front in September, 1947—the same month in which the Cominform was set up:

"Our country emerged from the war in a terribly devastated condition. The wounds which the peoples of our country had suffered at the hands of the invalers were such serious ones that it would have taken several decades to held them under former political and economic conditions. But the People's Front infused a tremendous working, creative enthusiasm among our peoples for the reconstruction of our country—among our youth, our workers, our peasants, and our people's intelligentsia..." After the betrayal of the old ruling factions, the masses required a "new state...on the ruins of the old Yugeslavia which had shown itself incapable of existing", a "new Yugeslavia—the Federated People's Republic of Yugeslavia—a state with a new and more equitable social organization." Rejecting the old forms of capitalist democracy as a mask for capitalist dictatorship, Yugeslavia new has a "democracy of a new type," in which there are no more the old pro-monarchist, competing bourgesis political parties. They are unnecessary because "a unified economic program also requires a unified political leadership. However—

"Semeene may remark that in our People's Front tec there are several bourgedis parties. This is true. But the masses of these parties and some of their leaders joined the People's Front while the war of liberation was still in progress and without waiting for the main leaders. After the war the leaders of these parties reached the conviction that the Popplo's Front was the best solution for our people. They entered the People's Front and are today holding important pasts in the administration of the country. The presence of these leaders in the People's Front does not have a weakening offect on its unity so long as they carry cut the program of the Frent, so long as they agree with its political and econcuic conceptions..."

#### TITO AND CAPITALISTS AGREE

And what about the pregram of the Tite party in relation to this People's Front program, with which "seme" bourgoois politicians agree?

"Has the Communist Party of Yugoslavia some other program cutside that of the Posple's Front? No! The Communist Party has he other program. The program of the People's Front is its program too." How then did the CP differ from the other parties? In leading the forces for national liberation under the Nagi compation, "driving out the aggressors, for annihilating local traiters, and for creating a new state structure, the Federal Pecola's Republic of Yugoslavia.

"After the new state had been created, the Communist Party assumed the leadership of the entire social developments in the building of people's authorities, in the organization of the state, that is, in the reconstruction of the country, in occurred and cultural life, etc. It carried out this task as a compenent part of the People's Front because it is the leading element within it."

#### NEED FOR WORKERS! COUNCIL STATE

In other words, when bourged is society collapsed, the Tite forces resurrected it in new forms. As in the Spanish Popple's Front, the beurgecisic appear as banished craminer segments as "good democrats supporting the majority." But the "new" state form is also based on national, geographic lines which since modern history bogon, has been the ideal instrument of the capitalists to cenceal their class rule under a "democratic" guise. As Marx and Lonin se often pointed out. the preletariat will only be able to express its rule after the bourgeois state is smashed by an industrial structure, of the type of the Paris Commune and the Soviet structure of the October Revolution.

This is a further revision of Marxism, by Stalinism. Where in 1935 the 7th Werld Cengress of the eld Comintorn pesed the task of Poople's Frents as a means of "combating" fascism, after the Second World War the People's Front is given the task of REPLACING THE DICTATORSHIP OF THE PROLETARIAT as a transition form of society between capitalism and socialism.

Laury M. Waster College Burner

Concemitant with this goes another development of revisionism. Where yesterday "collective security" was supposedly an expedient to threw back "fascist aggression," today there is an open repudiation of the world proletarian revolution. The fundamental programs of the Ceminferm, which STALIN AND TITO support, was stated by Zhdanev and Malonkev, as reporters for "Communist Party of the Seviet Union (Belsheviks)": "We proceed from the fact that the co-existence of two systems -- capitalism and socialism -- is inevitable for a long period of time..."

Tite since his summary expulsion has never criticized this revision, only Stalin's burgeratic attitude tweard Tite. The recent cutritat regudiation of a call for a new communist international shows Tite's differences are not fundamental. Tite and Stalin thus both repudiate the world prolotariat, except as border patrels to hinder fereign intervention.

The revolutionary Marxists of Yugoslavia must have no illusions. The present situation of a thwarted social revolution can solve none of the problems of the workers and peasents, none of the various national questions (Serbia, Slovenia, Creatia, Macodenia). Capitalist reaction in exile and in tactical silence at home has suffered blows, but it has NOT BEEN DECISIVELY DEFEATED. Let Stalin reach agreement with Wall Street on Germany and Austria,, and withdraw the Red Army from the "eccupation and communication zones," lot the importalists put open pressure en Tite through forced componsation for nationalized preporty taken ever from foreign capital (80% of pro-war Yugoslav industry was foreign cwned), and reaction will show itself epenly again.

#### FOR WORKERS DEMOCRACY

The workers of Yugoslavia cannot continue to support a regime that oppeses the establishment of democratic workers, peasants and soldiers countils while it protends to agree with Marx and Lenin. They must establish a new state, the dictatorship of the proletariat, that will crush roaction decisively, while guaranteeing democracy for these who need it, the triling masses. And the longtorm devolopment of Yugoslavia's industry and agriculture must be tied up with the fate of industry and agriculture of Western Europe and the Seviet Union-the SOCIALIST UNIFICATION OF EUROPE: If send say this is unrealistic, let them explain hew any other read is practical, on a continent of capitalist anarchy and war-destreyed ecenciaes, cought in the grip of the tug-of-war between Wall Street and the Kremlin, with all the big and little existing rulers of Europe appealing any real collaboration of countries, drewning the masses in seas of national hatrods. The heavy industry of Czechoslovakia, Gormany, France, Bolgium and Luxembeurg, must become an aid to fuguslavia and all of East Europe; the workers of Italy and Spain, the workers and pensants of the SOVIET UNION, must all be united. They can be. IN EVERY ONE OF THESE COUNTRIES THE MASSES OVERWHELMINGLY SUPPORT LEADERS WHO SUPPOSEDLY ARE "FOR SOCIALISE."

The Yugoslav Marxists can load the way. But they must break with all national refermists, with all who vacillate on proletarian internationalism. Their slegans must be-FOR A SCCIALIST YUGOSLAVIA OF WORKERS, PEASANTS AND SOLDIERS' COUNCILS! FOR A SOCIALIST COUNCIL UNITED STATES OF EUROPE! AGAINST CAPITALISM AND AGAINST STALINISM -- FOR WORKERS DEMOCRACY! FOR A NEW COMMUNIST PARTY OF YUGO-SLAVIA, AND A NEW COMMUNIST (4TH) INTERNATIONAL!

There is no other way. There is no euror way.

January 6, 1950.

PAGE 6

# The Ukraine Problem

AN ANSWER TO LEON TROTSKY AND OTHERS

Ed. Note: The question of the national problem in Eastern Emmone is taking on more importance with the increasing tension between world capitalism and the Soviet burecracy for control of this vital area, the Tite developments in Yugoslavia, and reports of underground activity in the Ukraine. To aid in the clarification of this problem, we reprint an article published by the RWL in 1939, as a restatement of the Marxist position in answer to Leon Trotsky who capitulated to Ukrainian nationalism as part of his contrist line. The Cannon Trotskyists have recently republished this article by Trotsky, as well as his answer to the article published below. Our reply to his answer will appear in the next issue of INTERNATIONAL NEWS, as a reprint of our original reply which the Trotskyists chase to remain completely silent about.

The Hitler prepaganda for a "Greater Ukraine", which lays the basis for a Nazi attempt to carve a celenial empire out of this vast fortile territory and is an opening wedge to everthrow the Soviet Union, focuses attention upon one of the most complex questions of Eastern Europe. The Ukraine, like Poland has constituted a historical jig-saw ever since the days of Czarism. The Versailles Treaty did not solve this problem; but only created new and sharper antagenisms. Today, with the decline of the Soviet Union under Stalinism, and with the rise of Fascism, the problem of the Ukraine becomes one of the important questions of world politics. Although Hitler has momentarily relegated to the background agitation on the Ukraine question, this by no means indicates a new policy. The Nazis have a healthy fear of the social forces which a movement for a "Greater Ukraine" would unleash—such a movement can too easily become a becomerang. But Hitler is only trying to ge around the obstacles and difficulties he now confronts.

The victoricus October Revelutien opened up a new perspective for the appressed minorities as well as for the workers and peasants; and began the construction of a society based upon production for use. The decisive part of the Ukraine was under the Rod Flag and became a rallying center for these sections of the Ukraine still centrelled by the imperialist exploiters and their lackeys.

#### . THE RIGHT OF SELF DETERMINATION

The slegan fer the right of self determination was raised by the Belsheviks as part of the workers struggle for power, as an auxiliary tactic to put backward sections of the population into action, and to undermine the imperialist domination of national minorities. It was not a trick slegan, a maneuver. It answered a genuine need of the oppressed minorities. The concept of the right of self determination was carried over and incorporated into the Constitution of the Soviet Union, the first country to legally recegnize this right even to the point of separation of the federated nationality if so desired. But one must understand that this slegan is an auxiliary slegan, that it is not raised under ALL conditions at ALL times. For example, the Soviets pointed out that the victorious Allies in the world war "advocated" self determination in Eastern Europe for the purpose of dismembering and rendering impotent Germany and her allies, and to place a wall between the Soviet Union and the rost of Europe. The Bolsheviks correctly exposed and fought this type of "self determination." Hitler's agitation today is only the other side of the same coin.

The right of self determination under capitalism, and the right of self determination under Seviet rule do not have the same axis. Thus, while the Bel-sheviks affirmed this right, they sought to convince the masses to stay within the framework of the Federated Seviet Republic. The question is one of STRATEGY, not principle. The party of the working class will not advance this slogan in situations where it becomes a lever for an imperialist power AGAINST THE MINORITIES and against the working class, as was the case in Eastern Europe yesterday under the Angle-French imperialist bloc, and as is the case today under the Reme-Berlin axis.

FOR A UNITED SOVIET UKRAINE

One cannot consider the Ukraine problem isolated from the Seviet Union, notwithstanding Stalinist demination, because in that country is found the greater part of the Ukraine. But neither can one ignore the Ukrainian sections still under the rule of the exploiters in Poland, Hungary and Roumania. There is on the one hand the task of freeing these sections, and on the other hand the task of custing Stalinism which has stifled all developed in the Seviet Ukraine as it has in the rest of the Seviet Union. These tasks are two sides of one problem.

It is not too early to envisage the time when the yoke of exploitation will be smashed and the different sections of the Ukraine will be united into a Ukraine Soviet. The precondition for this is the revolution in one or more advanced capitalist countries in Europe and the establishment of a Soviet system. This will be a beginning toward the consolidation of the United Socialist Soviets of Europe. Under this structure the present relation to the Soviet Union will be supplanted by a new and higher stage in which the Ukraine as an entity in its own right will be affiliated to the European Soviet. Within this framework we can speak of a free, independent Soviet Ukraine.

## TROTSKY AND THE UKRAINE QUESTION

An article by Tretsky, "The Preblem of the Ukraine", prevides a good springboard to differentiate between the Marxist and contrist positions on this question. Tretsky advocates the separation of the Ukraine from the Seviet Union and the establishment of a "Free independent Seviet Ukraine." This position runs counter to the basic interests of the working class, and can only play into the hands of the imperialists and their Russian agents, Stalinists and others. Implied in it is an identification of the Seviet Union with the Stalinist burceracy, a less of faith in the possibilities of the regeneration of the warped workers state.

As usual, the article abcunds in ambiguous fermulations intended to meet the objections of the comrades who ask too many questions. Tretsky says: "The program of independence for the Ukraine in the epoch of imperialism is directly and indissolybly bound up with the program of the prolotarian revolution. It would be criminal to entertain any illusions on this score." But this correct statement is immediately negated: "In the face of such an internal situation (degeneration under Stalinism) it is naturally impossible even to talk of Western Ukraine voluntarily joining the USSR as it is as present constituted. Consequently the unification of the Ukraine PRESUPPOSES (Our emphasis—Ed.) from the second like the Stalinist boots." First the Soviet Ukraine must be freed from the rost of the Soviet Union, then we will have the prolotarian revolution and unification of the rest of the Ukraine! This position makes so many empty words of the talk of a proletarian revolution. It is no better in content than the stand of the Second International leaders who are for "socialism."

Thetsky reserts to faulty legic to make his point. He speaks of the impossibility of Western Ukraine VOLUNTARILY joining the Soviet Union as at present constituted. But western Ukraine could not voluntarily join the Soviet Union even if the S.U. were under a Marxian leadership. In any case, that is possible only AFTER the preletarian revelution in Western Ukraine, a factor which would change the whole relationship of forces both within and outside the U.S.S.R.

#### A REVOLUTION IN THE UKRAINE

If the werkers carry through a successful rovelution in Western Ukraine (and other countries of that area) should our strategy then be to demand that the Seviet Ukraine separate and join its western section? Just the opposite. The revclutionary Marxists would call for the unification of the new workers' state with the Seviet Union on CONDITIONS necessary to insure the workers democratic control of the new Dictatorship of the Prolotariat against the exploiters and as a wedge to revive workers democracy and genuine Soviets in Russia. On this basis the revclution in Western Ukraine would be a wedge for a political revolution against Stelinism. At the same time it would extend its force westward to other parts of Eurepe.

If the werkers in Seviet Ukraine everthrew Stalinism and reestablish a gonuine werkers state, shall they separate from the rest of the Seviet Union? No. If the workers regain their position in the Soviet Ukraine before the proletarian revolution in Western Ukraine they should DRIVE DEEPER INTO THE SOUTET UNION AGAINST STALINISM and the other imperialist agents. Not turning our backs on the Seviet Union, but its regeneration and roostablishment as a mighty citadel of world rovclution-that is the read of Marxism.

- Tretsky says: "The question of first order is the revolutionary guarantee of the unity and independence of a workers' and persents' Ukraine in the struggle against imperialism, on the one hand, and against Moscow Benapartism, on the cther." This is begging the question. The "first order" of Trotsky is about the tenth order. To have a united and independent Ukraine, the workers and peasants must succeed with a prelotarian revolution in three capitalist countries, and must carry through a political revolution in Seviet Ukraine.

Tretsky's concept turns inside out the position of the extension of the October Revolution and a political revolution in the Soviet Union, and completely negates the position of the defense of the Seviet Union. It has nothing in common with the cencept of the permanent revolution.

Enmoshed in capitalist centradictions in Western Ukraine, confronted with Stalinist degeneration within Soviet Ukraine, with both sections beaten down under the hammer blaws of the imperialist struggle for the redivision of the world, the problem of the Ukraine calls for special attention. The policy the revolutionary Marxists present, is first and feremest the independent action of the working class. This is possible only on the basis of the political and organizational independence of the revolutionary Marxian organization. In Western Ukraine this independent class action calls for these steps that prepare the class in action for the social revolution. In the time element it makes no difference where the workers are succossful first, in the social revolution of Western Ukraine or in the political revclution of Seviet Ukraine. In the Seviet Ukraine this independent class action calls fer such a political revolution and the EXTENSION of this workers' victory to the rest of the Seviet Union and for the Social revolution internationally. Only on this basis can the working class EXTEND THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION.

A Suppressed Chapter

PART 3

PAGE 8

FROM THE HISTORY OF TROTSKYISM

By HUGO OERLER

This was a new question for all of us. We had little past material to use for a guide. And even after the above mentioned letter in which it clearly stated that we have here a principle issue and we must keep our organizational independence and only send factions into other parties, we still made several false and clumsy formulations on this principle question for the next few months-until the Left Wing was firmly united and we ironed cut our documents on this question, after long discussions with each other and fights with the other factions of the League.

Cannon did not want us, that is, the left wing, in the new party with Muste, and he tried in every way possible to provoke us to split. In reply, we were compelled to present the following statement to the National Committee on November 14, 1934, signed by Hugo Ochlor, dealing with a New York membership moeting:

"The rumers which have been set in metion by comrade Carnon's speech at the membership meeting of Sunday November 11 are obviously intended to create a false impression in the membership. In order to circumvent this, I find it necessary to submit the fellowing statement:

"Although in our opinion the ICL made a principle mistake on the French crientation this in itself does not change the character of the ICL as a communist organization. As such it must permit differences in its ranks and within the bounds of traditional communist organizational procedure (democratic contralism). Expulsion of comrades for maintaining a principle difference on the French orientation would constitute a breach of democratic contralism by the organization against which we will fight. On the other hand if any comrade opposing the French crientation on principle grounds broaks the discipline of the organization and thereby places himself outside of it we will disasscriate ourselves from him organizationally. At the same time we will fight for his readmission if he corrects such a mistake. And We will carry on our principle fight inside the ICL to change its course."

There were some comrades who wanted to split at that moment and not enter the new Workers Party. The majority pointed out that this is not the French section. We were not yet liquidating into the Socialist Party. On the contrary, after our fight on the program we forced them to adopt a program that had a minimum Marxian line and we could fight in this independent party for its growth. We wore sure that if things did not go too well that Cannon, and Shachtman would try to bust up the party and enter the SP. This we would be ready for. Our majority position wen.

# WEISBORD AND FIELDS

In his book, Cannon ridicules Woisbord and Fields and others, for their impatience and "get-rich-quick" pelicy of going to the masses over the head of Cannon. It must be printed cut that the errors of Weisbord and Fields, and later the Shachtman group in eppesition to Cannon, in either going or arguing for going TO THE MASSES WAS NOT THIS ASPECT of the question. An attempt to be mere than a faction of the CP, and an attempt to do work directly in the class struggle inde-

空影性的。17名称"Carded"的 對於自由的自己自由的"國際"的國際的

pendent of the CP in the early period of the Loft Opposition WAS A CORRECT ARGUMENT against Connon & Their error, which Cannon to this day does not understand lay day a different direction. Cannon passes it off as a joke of "get rich quick" people, who were impatient. This part of their opposition was correct. It was the PROGRAM those comrades presented to the class in place of the program of the Loft Oppositien, that was wreng. In other words, these comrades wanted to get into direct class activity, but the material they issued from day to day foll short of a Marxian pregram. Max nover reached this stage of independence from Caumen, even though he fought him almost constantly on miner issues until the Russian question causedt their split. New Shachtman's group is oven to the right of Connen's group of Tretskyites. In going to the class, like Weisbord and Fields, Shacktman even went to the right of these two former comrades.

So much for this aspect of the question. More important is Cannon's eriontation, following Trotsky with the adoption of the "Franch turn." Let us put it this way. With the Socialist Party crientation and liquidation of the WORKERS PARTY, Cannon and Snachtman's cwn impationed and "got rich quick" formula was far werse in principle error than that of Weisbord and Fields. Whoreas Weisbord and Fields took the direct road "to the masses" the Trotsky-Cannon-Shachtman read of liquidation into the Socialist Party carries with it, even new when they are kicked cut, and are working as independent groups, thettheoretical gorm of liquidation. Liquidation TODAY into the LABOR PARTY, liquidation temerrow into the Socialist Party as another left wing develops, and later when the workers of America are ready to soize pewer, liquidation into a Farmer-Labor Government, a third capitalist party government, like that of the English Labor Party.

As we have said before, the Left Opposition obtained Organic Unity with the AWP, the Musteites, and for a mement the SP liquidation erientation was "fergetten. " All factions entered the new party. We formally disselved our faction, but kept a working relationship of the top faction committee, as did the other factions. We were in the same committee meetings each day and week, and cur agreements and disagreements flewed into the same channels. The henoymeen lasted only a few wasks because we found two different reads for the new Workers Party in every meeting, every committee. Cannon led-toward one read and the former left wing led toward an opposite road. We wanted to BUILD THE NEW PARTY, get cut into the class and push our independent work. Cannon started at the inception advancing foolers and steeges with a line toward the SP-feeling cut the membership as to what their reaction would be. It was a fight in the dark, with each concrete motion for this or that action emphasizing either the Werkers Party's independent action or lack of action-because the Cannon-Shachtman erientation toward entry into the SP requided that nothing be done to antagonize the SP. Muste was bowildored in this situation. He had been teld that Uchler was against unity with the AWP. This was obviously false, but it had its offect. The Basky, Stamm, Kiffel, Streeter. Ochlor faction of the Lo was pictured as people who did not want to unite. The facts are that we wanted a Marxian pregram, which we obtained, otherwise we would not have united.

Let us translate this abstract statement into concrete arguments to reyeal what we mean by the two reads for the new party.

The loft wing, and later also most of the Musteites, wanted to proceed toward the building of a powerful new party, and toward a Fourth International, mainly by INDEPENDENT CLASS ACTIVITY in all avonues of work, with negotiations and faction work within the SP and other organizations as secondary. The Cannon Shachtman factions would give lip-service to this, but on all concrete issues, Constitution of Parish and Educate and a second and a second of the second of the extension of the extension o The latest the parish of the second and the second and the second and the second of the extension of the extension of the second and th

and on faction work their proposals resulted in a perspective of mainly faction activity, erganic unity, liquidation of the Workers Party, with necessarily blunted class activity.

For example, the left wing by necessity, carried ever into the new party, the questions that were not voted on when the CLA united with the AWP: the Negro question, the Colonial question, the Trade Union question, Unemployment, and American Imporialism. Those questions were mainly disputes on strategy, not tactics or principles. At the same time we were involved in the new party with principle disputes on the independence of the revolutionary Barxian organization, the liquidation into the SP proposals, and the read to the Fourth International. We will take these questions up in concrete detail at the different plenums of the Workers Party, which Connon passes off mainly as a fight against the "Cohlor sectarians." We will show by decuments, otd., the political issues involved on the above questions and let the reader judge for himself. It will reveal that we hold a Marxian line, while Cannon and Company moved to the right, into contrism. But as we said before, for Cannon to held fast to the LABEL of Marxism he had to call us ultraloft sectarians, because it was obvious that we were attacking from the loft.

#### THE WORKERS PARTY

We had fermed a party, based upon a minimum Marxian program, and we had ample functionaries, and capable cadros to take the field and held it against other forces larger in numbers, like the Stalinists and Socialists, because they were refermists and we were Marxists. For the first half year in the new party, Cannon especially, a little less se with Shachtman, stayed in the background en the policy of liquidating the new party into the SP. They obtained such steeges as Burnham, who was a ready to 1 in his effort to liquidate and broak up a rovelutienary Marxian party. He did wendorful service for the capitalists. But he was a steego of Cannon and Shachtman. Heek worked with Burnham, but as a silent partner. Later we knew what Heek wrete and what Burnham wrete. They were no different then, than they are new. They had only different tactics to fellew, in their aim to break up the Marxian party. The left wing fought them every inch. They hated the very ground we walked on, because they felt that we might frustrate their plans. But the "good work" of Connon and Shachtman in protecting themas well as Budenz-defeated the ends of the left wing. Cannon and Shachtman needed the services of Hock and Burnham against the left wing, and against the Muste caucus.

It must be kept in mind that for the first six menths Cannon and Shachtman denied emphatically that they intended to liquidate the WP into the SP. In fact, every carefully worded metion or resolution they pushed in through Burnham er seme other steege, we fought against. If our opposition gained enough votes, they retreated, and since they were careful enough to present resolutions with two meanings, they would take the mild meaning, and accuse us of being alarmists. They even brought Tem Stemm up on charges of slander a half year after we fermed the now party, at the June plenum, because he accused them of secret negotiations with SP representatives, without Pelitical Committee or other party approval. Stamm was consured by a veta against the left. Later we obtained mere evidence to prove that we were correct, but by this time we had already been kicked cut of the party.

### CANNON'S CONFESSION

This was the actual state of affairs for the first half year. But Cannen, writing in his "history" years later, amkes a confession and a slip. Ho says (page 194), "We had barely started our work under the independent banner of PAGE 12

the Workers Party, but this problem would not whit. We began to insist that more and more attention be paid to the Socialist Party and its developing left wing. In We argued along the fellowing lines: We must frustrate the Stalinists. We must cut in between the Stalinists and this developing mevement of the left Scelalists and turn it in the direction of genuine Marrism. And in order to accomplish this we must lay aside all organizational fotishism."

New Cannon tells this. But at that period he denied this variant of liquidation into the SP until he expelled the left wing. Speaking of our position, the left wing. Connen says the fell-wing: "The Obhlerites teck their stand on d emotic sectarion grounds. Not only would they have nothing to do with any present crientation toward the Socialist Party, but they insisted as a matter of principle, that we exclude this from our future consideration." Their position is: "We are Mchammed and they are the mountain, and the mountain must come us" (P.195). Constitution of the contract o

This kind of argument evades the issue. We argued in the Left Opposition. and in the Workers Party, that on the basis of our independent organization we must de faction work in the SP. We must send in a LARGE FACTION of comrades. We stated specifically that the principle question was the political and organizational independence of the revolutionary Marxian ORGANIZATION. We said it was a strategical question as to how many courades we must send into the SP. We could even send in a majority. That was strategical. But keep enough out to keep our independent benner flying. That was principled. On this basis, we can later unite if the split or exculsion takes place one way or another. Our read was correct then, now, and temerrew. But when Cannon and Shachtman were kicked cut of the Socialist Party, less than two years after their entry, they obtained their erganizational "independence." while leaving something more important behind. They left behind in theory (by their revisionist positions on the Labor Party, on the Laber Gevernment, on the Peoples' Front, on Social Democracy, and many other questions) THEIR POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE AS REVOLUTIONARY COMRADES. And to the degree. that they bury themselves in the Laber Party, they also fersake their ORGANIZATION-AL INDEPENDENCE.

Our pelicy of keeping intact our independent organization and press, which would necessarily criticize the faction within the SP whon errors were made, would have resulted in keeping our Marxian program as well as gaining more members. Instead, the Cannon-Shachtman line resulted in lesses in relitical pregram (for which the RWL criticized their centinual capitulation to refermism) as well as members. here were lest in splits and disillusionment, than were gained by the SP entry.

#### LIQUIDATION ALDS SP BUROCRACY

Congress of the last

More important than this, was the blow given to strong trends to left and revelutionary regreupments in the U.S. and abread. The betrayal of Social-Domceracy and Stalinism in Germany, Austria and Spain in 1933 and 1934, caused widespread discontent among class conscious workers, and trends toward a new party and international. But this now development, of the liquidationist line of Trotsky is into Social Democracy, mided the old burecracies against the militant rank and file. The position of Cannon-Shachtman-Rock-Burnham for the LIQUIDATION of the Werkers Party and entry into the SP, was a god-send to Norman Themas & Co. Hundrads of workers who were considering joining the WP, instead joined the SP. There were also members of the SP and its various loft tendencies (RPC, etc.) who were looking toward the Workers Party as a basis for erganic unity when they know seener or later they would be expelled by Thomas in a blee with the right wing. 

But when they realized that Cennen, Shachtman, Burnham and Hock were going to join the SP, they changed their mind and waited for developments. This process took place also in France, Germany, Spain, and many other countries.

This theme we shall play over and over by in many forms, to substantiate by concrete/details the truth of this statement. The development of the Workers Party, or more exactly, its decline, is a product of the "French Turn" of Trotsky, the liquidationist line of Cannon, Shachtman, Burnham and Hock. It is a botrayal of the American working-class and revolutionary movement, a tragedy which found counterparts in Spain (with the POUM), and the other countries of which we spoke.

#### HOW CANNON "FOUGHT" AGAINST BUDENZ

A good beginning to reveal the difference between the Left Wing, which the "real" Harxists, revolutionists, prolotarian Cammenitos called the "lunatic and sectarian fringe", is the Budonz question in the Workers Party. Budonz, says Cannon (p. 176), "was a vicious openant of the unification. Budenz was already locking toward the Stalinist party, as indeed a considerable section of the AWP organization had been." This is one of these half-truths, which is no better than no truth. The fact remains that Budonz, Johnson and others at the very beginning were sceptical of the CLA, as well as the Stalinist as being "too foreign," too secturion, and not "American" enough in their approach to the workers of these country. But after they joined the new party with dusto they at first roally went to work to BUILD THE WORKERS PARTY. But they no more than got started and they too understood that semething was foul. They too began to realize, in their cwn way, differently than the left wing, that Connen and Shachtman and Burnham and Hock were trying to step all building of the Workers Party and outer the SP. These fellows reasoned that of the two swamps, the Communist Party was loss of an evil, even though Connon and Shachtman had the door closed insofar as joining the CP was concerned. Theoretically, there is NOODIFFERENCE IN PRINCIPLE BETWEEN LIQUIDATING INTO THE STALLAIST PARTY -- AND LIQUIDATING INTO THE SOCIALIST PARTY: Tactically and strategically it is different, but not theoretically. IF ONE IS CORRECT THEN THE OTHER IS ALSO CORRECT.

Cannon speaks as though HE fought Budonz and KNEW that Budonz was heading toward Stalinism. Nothing was further from the truth. Let us quete in full a document the left wing entered into the new party on this question. It goes without saying that we did not win, because Cannon, Shachtman and Musto voted us down. But it at least shows who is who and what is what.

#### 4-22-35

Comrado Budenz's article "For An American Revolutionary Appreach." in the March issue of the Modern Monthly, is, in essence, an anti-Marxists platform around which a right wing is crystalizing in the party. Comrade Budenz, in his interpretation of what he conceives as his American revolutionary approach to be, advances ideas that not only come in conflict with the Declaration of Principles of our Party but really attempts to substitute a platform of nationalism for the platform of the party—the Doclaration of Principles.

The main trend of the article-under cover of an American Approach theis a rejection of internationalism. It does not regard the revolutionary mevement of the American working class as part and parcel of the revolutionniv mevement of the workers of the world; it advocates a concept that the revclutionary party of America should held itself alcof from the "breils of

PAGE 14

European radicalism." Such a concept carried to its legical conclusions could result only in national isolation of the party which adopted it. It does not affirm the need for correct Marxian theory as a basis for revolutionary action; the article is permeated with contempt for theory; the article is full of return formist and reactionary ideas. By proposing a constitutional amendment as a program or as a slegan to "strike a death blow at the profit system" through a nationalization of the basic industries and transportation the article festers the illusion that the capitalist state apparatus can be used to strike a death blow at the profit system". The appeal to the idea of the Founding Fathers, the proposals to use the slogan "Advance America" are extremely dangerous and can be used by reactionary movements and even by Fascist elements.

The Budenz article—published before the Plenum—and the fact that several leading comrades—Rewe, Johnson, Truax—have identified themselves with the ideas advanced in this article since the Plenum; indicates that a number of comrades in the ranks of the party also support these ideas, proves that centrary to the Pittsburgh Plenum resolution a danger from the right in the party exists. (Note: The Pittsburgh resolution which Cannon rammed through said the danger existed from the left.)

The resolution adopted at the Pittsburgh Plenum and the course followed on the basis of this resolution—an attack on the left—encouraged right elements who, under cover of the attack on the left, began to crystalize around the Budeng article.

The PC should new change its course. It should declare that the danger to the party comes from the right. It should wage an idealogical struggle in the party against the Budenz Platform. The PC should carry out the decisions to publish a political reply to the Budenz article, disasseciating the party from it. A general resolution on the perspective of the WP and its relations to the SP should be adopted and a international political fight should be waged against the 2nd and 3rd internationals, for the 4th International. The Basky-Stamm-Ochler resolution should be adopted as a basis for a struggle against the danger from the right.

Basky Stama Oohlar

History, however, reveals that Cannon and Shachtman still considered the main danger to come from the left. Therefore they waged a relentless war against the Marxista, while making unity with such sterling Bolsheviks as Budenz, Hock, Burnham & Company.

(To Be Centinued)

# LENIN ON TRUMAN'S POINTA"

Under the old capitalism, when free compatition provailed, the expert of good as was the most typical feature. Under modern capitalism, when menopolies revail, the expert of capital has become the typical feature.

Capitalism is commedity production at the highest stage of development, when laber power itself becomes a commedity. The growth of internal exchange, and particularly of international exchange, is the characteristic distinguishing foature of capitalism. The uneven and spadmodic character of the development of individual enterprises, of individual branches of industry and individual countries, is inevitable under the capitalist system. England became a capitalist country before any other, and in the middle of the mineteenth century, having adopted free trade, claimed to be the wrkshep of the world," the great purveyer of manufactured gerds to all countries, which in exchange were to keep her supplied with raw materials. But in the last quarter of the nineteenth century, we had a nemetopolyf was pligady undermined sobber countries, pretecting themselves by tariff walls, had developed into independent capitalist states. On the thresheld of the twentieth century, we see a new type of menepely coming into existence. First, there are mencyclist capitalist combines in all advanced capitalist countries; secondly, a few rich countries, in which the accumulation of capital reaches gigantic propertions, eccupy a menepolist position. An enermous "superabundance of capital" has accumulated in the advanced countries.

It goes without saying that if capitalism could devolop agriculture, which today lags for behind industry everywhere, if it could raise the standard of living of the masses, who are everywhere still poverty-stricken and underfed, in spite of the amazing advance in technical knewledge, there could be no talk of a superabundance of capital. This "argument" the petty-brurgeris critics of capitalism advance on every occasion. But if capitalism did these things it would not be capitalism; for uneven development and wrotehed conditions of the masses are fundamental and inevitable conditions and premises of this mode of productions as long as capitalism remains what it is, surplus capital will never be utilized for the purpose of raising the standard of living of the masses of a given country, for this would mean a decline in prefits for the capitalists; it WILL BE USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF INCREASING THOSE PROFITS BY EXPORTING CAPITAL ABROAD TO THE BACKWARD COUNTRIES. (Our emphasis—Ed. note) In these backward countries profits are usually high, for capital is scarce, the price of land is relatively low, wages are low, raw materials are cheap...

Finance expital has created the open of meneralies, and meneralies introduce everywhere managelist methods; the utilization of "connections" for profitable transactions takes the place of competition on the open market. The most usual thing is to stipulate that part of the lace that is granted shall be spont on purchases in the country of issue, particularly on orders for war materials, or for ships, etc...

(From Importalism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism, by V. I. Lenin - 1916)

Read, Spread, Subscribe to---

THE FIGHTING WORKER AND INTERNATIONAL NEWS