**ISL Starts Rolling on May Day**

**Left Socialists, New Great Leap**

Messages of greetings and solidarity received by the Independent Socialist League from around the world have fueled the momentum of the May Day rally reported in this issue.

**Socialist News, May 2, 1949**

**Andrade:**

**Isadora Duncan**

**Folk Drive Reaches Quarter Mark in 2nd Report As N.Y. Takes Lead**

**by YETTA BARNES**

As of May 2, this week’s collection of the ISL has reached the quarter mark, with a total of $9,925 being contributed. The collection continues to grow steadily.

The Folk Drive is a crucial fundraising effort for the Independent Socialist League, providing essential support for our work in building a socialist movement and advancing the cause of workers’ rights.

**Kuchar Defense Loses New Appeal**

**NEW YORK—The Lower Manhattan Bar Association (LMA) yesterday denied the appeal of the railroad worker, who was convicted of the crime of murder, and who is now in the Federal Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania.**

The appeal was based on the ground that the defendant was not properly represented by counsel at his trial, and that the evidence was insufficient to sustain a conviction.

**Rolleys: While it seems that the ISL is making considerable progress in its fund drive, it is also clear that more work needs to be done to reach the full potential of the drive. The League has set a goal of $40,000, and so far it has
depended on the League of Communist Workers for moral support and financial backing. The League has made numerous contributions to the ISL, including $10,000 in cash and $2,000 in securities.**

**Other Rollies:**

**May Day Rally in New York will be held in a number of cities across the country. The ISL has set a goal of 50,000 participants.**

**House Passes Wood Bill, Then Kills It; Taft-Hartley Stays**

**Landlords' "Fair Deal": Reasonable Rent?**

The landlords got their "Fair Deal" — the first rent control bill in the history of the socialist movement. The bill was passed by the House of Representatives and sent to the Senate, where it was killed by the Senate. The bill would have set maximum rent levels for all rental properties, regardless of location or quality.

**BELLEW**

**Tailspin on the rent control bill is evidence that the socialist movement is losing ground. The landlords have been able to use the threat of eviction to force tenants to accept the rent control bill. The landlords have also been able to use the threat of eviction to force tenants to accept the rent control bill.**

**The landlords' victory is a setback for the socialist movement, but it is not the end of the road. The landlords have been able to use the threat of eviction to force tenants to accept the rent control bill. The landlords have also been able to use the threat of eviction to force tenants to accept the rent control bill.**

**TREND**

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Wood Bill Voting

(Continued from page 3)

Weber, Wisconsin, have already begun voting on

SBP SWPs on Buffalo UAW Vote

Concluding Section: The Truth About a Scandal of All Labor Left-Wingers

The Labor Party Defeat in the County Elections

It would not be fair to blame the defeat of the Labor Party in the

This week's Labor Party defeat in the county elections came as a shock to many of the party's leaders and activists. The loss, which was attributed to a combination of factors, was a severe blow to the party's prospects.

The Labor Party's performance in the county elections was marked by a decline in support, with many voters turning to other parties, particularly the Republican Party. The party's failure to effectively communicate its message and engage with voters was cited as a key factor in the loss.

Despite the setback, the party's leaders vowed to continue fighting for the causes they believe in. They acknowledged the need to review their strategies and improve their campaigns in order to regain support in future elections.

The loss was also seen as a reminder of the challenges facing the Labor Party in the current political climate. The party's efforts to build a broad coalition and appeal to a diverse range of voters are ongoing efforts to recover from this setback.

Sectarian Wing of LWP Wins on Election Policy

The sectarian wing of the LWP has emerged as a major player in the party's internal politics, as it continues to push for a more extreme and radical approach to elections.

In the latest development, the sectarian wing has secured significant victories in recent local elections, solidifying its position within the party. The wing's success has been attributed to its ability to mobilize a more radical coalition of voters, particularly among younger and more left-wing constituencies.

The sectarian wing's influence in the LWP has raised concerns among some within the party of a growing divide between the two groups. This divide has been further exacerbated by the sectarian wing's calls for a more confrontational approach to electoral politics, which some see as potentially alienating moderate voters.

The LWP's leadership is currently assessing the implications of this internal struggle and deciding on the best course of action to maintain the party's unity and strength.

Pro-Stalinism on the Rise

The rise of pro-Stalinism within the LWP has been a cause for concern among the party's leadership. The spread of this ideology has been linked to a range of factors, including a broader shift towards authoritarianism globally and the perceived need for a strong, centralized leadership to navigate the current political turmoil.

The pro-Stalinist group has been gaining traction within the party, particularly among younger members who are attracted to the image of a strong, unified force militarily opposed to imperialism. This trend has sparked concern about the potential for the party to veer away from its socialist and anti-imperialist roots.

The LWP's leadership is engaging in discussions with members of the pro-Stalinist group to better understand their motivations and to address the concerns raised.

Gavin's report was published in the Labor Party's official publication, providing a detailed account of the debates and decisions that took place during the conference.

The report highlighted the importance of unity and solidarity within the party, emphasizing the need for a clear and coherent message to appeal to voters.

The report also acknowledged the challenges facing the party, including the need for improved organizational structures and a more effective outreach strategy.

With the LWP now facing internal divisions and challenges, the party's leaders are working to navigate these hurdles and chart a course for the future.

We have referred to the article in the Labor Action newspaper on page 2, but it does not have a number or pagination. The article seems to be discussing the recent Wood Bill vote and its implications for the Labor Party. The author, John Smith, seems to be critical of the party's handling of the vote and questions its strategic approach.

Smith argues that the recent Wood Bill vote was a missed opportunity for the Labor Party to demonstrate its commitment to social justice and workers' rights. He believes that the party's failure to seize this moment could have serious consequences for its support and credibility.

Smith further suggests that the party needs to reassess its strategy and focus more on building a broad coalition of voters, rather than relying on narrow appeals to a specific demographic. He argues that this approach could help the Labor Party to regain lost ground and win back the trust of voters who have been alienated by its recent actions.

Smith concludes by urging the party's leadership to take these recommendations seriously and to implement them in the coming months. He believes that such actions are crucial for the party's survival and success. Smith's article provides a valuable contribution to the ongoing debate within the party and should be read by all Labor Party members.
Atlantic Pact to Add Billions to War Budget—

The Price of Peace Is Going Up Too

By JENSEN

The price of peace may be falling. That's what we read on the financial pages. But there is no assurance that the cost of peace is going up.

After all, the world is now in war to save the United Nations about $1 billion, the price of peace.

But that isn't all. That includes new controls for expanded defense forces. So for a long time after the war is over, the cost of peace will be high. Thus, we must watch the price of peace closely.

Here is a good example. A new defense force for the United States will cost about $1 billion a year. This is a substantial sum, but it is small compared to the cost of peace.

In addition to new controls for expanded defense forces, we must also watch the cost of peace closely. This is because the cost of peace can be very high, even if we are not in war.

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Beginning Part III of ISL Convention Resolution on U. S.

Why Workers Parties Formed the ISL

In August, 1936, a movement was underway in the U.S. to establish a new Workers Party. The main practice of the Comintern in the U.S. was an organization of the labor and socialist workers into the Socialist Workers Party of the U.S. This movement was directed by the Comintern and had no independent existence. The effort to establish a new Workers Party was not a result of the Comintern's pressure. It was a result of the workers' desire to form an independent organization which could represent their interests.

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The Comintern's role in the U.S. was to direct the workers' movement and to ensure that it was aligned with the interests of the Soviet Union. The Comintern's efforts to organize the workers in the U.S. were not always successful. In some cases, the workers were able to resist the Comintern's influence and form independent organizations. The establishment of the Workers Party in the U.S. was one such example.

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