Editorial

It is reported that Mr. Aneurin Bevan has decided to accept nomination as Party Treasurer. Already the National Executive have given him their backing.

In standing for Treasurer, Bevan acts in sharp contrast to his once declared hatred of the Labour Party. Perhaps his decision is dictated by the need to bring about a more effective organization of the party and its support. It should be noted that Bevan's decision is not without precedent. In 1929, the late Mr. Arthur Henderson served as Treasurer of the party.

The contest between Bevan—whose recent resignation from the Shadow Cabinet because of opposition to Right Wing policies— and Gaitskell, the darling of the Right, will be the most important event of the Labour Party conference at Salford. If the opinion of the rank and file finds a reflection in the vote then the Labour Party will be divided once again.

The C.L.P.'s will be solidly behind Bevan. Left Wingers must ensure the backing of the unions. A victory for Bevan could strike a blow at the Right Wing of the party as well as the Centre at the elections in Manchester.

Lyons Strike

MEMBERS of the E.T.U. are continuing the strike at the Lyons Ltd. factory, where 2000 workers have been on strike for ten weeks.

The union has now appealed to all its members to boycott the shops owned by this company. We are sure that this action will have a serious effect on the company's profits and that it will help to win the strike.

The old trade union slogan "an injury to one is an injury to all" has real significance in this fight.

All success to the E.T.U.

LET LABOUR ACT ON THIS NOW!

At the 35th Annual Conference of the Labour Party at Bournemouth in 1933, the following resolution was carried unanimously:

"That this conference views with profound regret the international situation towards war; that the Labour Party, represented at the annual conference assembled at Bournemouth in 1933, is determined to do everything in its power to prevent a war and that it is the duty of every individual, and every party, both nationally and internationally, to work for the establishment of a world movement for the purpose of ensuring that the conditions which led to war in 1914 never recur, and that any individual, or party which is indifferent to the danger or which deliberately seeks to bring about war should be regarded as enemies of the peace of the world." (Source: The Guardian, 1933)

(i) The growing acuteness of the war danger;
(ii) The economic crisis and the deepening of imperialism and capitalist rivalries as a direct cause of war;
(iii) The growth of fascism and its relationship to the war problem;
(iv) The need for an uncompromising struggle against war;
(v) The preservation of our good will and friendship, and believing that this is now more than ever a matter of vital importance;

The above resolutions were passed in December 1933.

ASIA OR WASHINGTON? Labour Must Decide

Labour are presented with a twofold task. They must decide whether to accept the scheme which represents the interests of the United States or to maintain the traditional British policies of neutrality and independence.

The scheme proposed by the United States is designed to provide a common market for goods and services and to promote economic development in Asia. It is argued that this scheme will benefit Britain and the British overseas territories, but it is also feared that it may lead to a reduction in British influence in the region.

The traditional British policies of neutrality and independence are based on the principle that Britain should remain neutral in world conflicts and that it should not enter into commitments that might entangle it in international disputes.

Churchill and Eden

The scheme proposed by the United States is designed to provide a common market for goods and services and to promote economic development in Asia. It is argued that this scheme will benefit Britain and the British overseas territories, but it is also feared that it may lead to a reduction in British influence in the region.

The traditional British policies of neutrality and independence are based on the principle that Britain should remain neutral in world conflicts and that it should not enter into commitments that might entangle it in international disputes.

Pay Revolt

All emergency meeting of the Labour Party was decided to take action following the Pay Revolt. An additional 1% increase in pay is being demanded by the workers.

COMMITTEE OF PERSPECTIVE

President Arbenz fled into exile after the election of the Arbenz junta under Colonel Díaz in 1944. The Communist Party and the Labour Party were both represented on the junta, and the Communist Party carried through its program of land reform and nationalization of foreign-owned enterprises.

The military coup was the result of a conflict between the Arbenz government and the military. The coup was led by Colonel Díaz, who was supported by the United States and other imperialist powers.

The military coup was the result of a conflict between the Arbenz government and the military. The coup was led by Colonel Díaz, who was supported by the United States and other imperialist powers.

Xmas Bazaar

A committee of local workers organized a Xmas Bazaar as a fund-raiser for the Labour Party. The bazaar was held in the community hall and was attended by a large number of local workers.

Socialist Outlook

Editorial Board

M. BANDA, G. HEALY, M. WARD, AND L. JACK STANLEY

All correspondence should be addressed to the Editorial Board, Socialist Outlook, 177 Euston Road, London, S.E.1

Telephone: HOF 3237.
**These Are Your Tory Leaders This Is Churchill**

F EW of our contemporary figures have received the martyr treatment to a greater extent than Eden, leader-designate of the Tory Party and Churchill's logical successor as Prime Minister (this side of a general election). But few have suffered more for their beliefs, or the cause of freedom, than Eden, the Tory Crown Prince for so long, who has been at the center of the storm for so long. From his days as an advocate of World War II, Eden has been associated with the fascist and authoritarian elements in the British political scene.

On November 19, 1936, when Eden was Foreign Secretary, Italian dictator Benito Mussolini raised the Foreign Secretary's profile when he declared that there were "other foreigners with whom the British should do business," either German or Italian.

While the fascist planes were capable of targeting ships and troops, the British "seanificance" to the semi-autonomous "anti-Fascists" in the immediate Spanish government.

As the civil war proceeded, however, differences began to develop within the British ruling class. The "anti-Fascists" under the leadership of Neville Chamberlain, who succeeded Eden as Foreign Secretary in 1937, eventually abandoned the hope of achieving an immediate German or Italian victory.

Neville Chamberlain, on the other hand, was working behind the scenes to bring about a settlement. The "war in the air" was not only a battle between Fascists and Chamberlain, but also a struggle between the two "warlords."

It is indeed strange how many people have forgotten about Eden's true character. At Prince Charmant and not just a political puppet, Eden has emerged from such a situation.

**The HOARE-LAVAL Plan**

When the visit of Chur- chill and Eden to France was discussed in the House of Commons last week, Labour leaders of the French Parliament launched an attack on the British government. This was the first time in recent history that the British government had been criticized by a French government.

"Mr. Churchill and Mr. Eden," said a Labour M.P. for the West Ham, "are the only Englishmen who have ever been criticized by a French government."

But if it is true that Eden has always been the object of British imperial pretentions, it is equally true that his government has been no less interested in the French revolutionary movement. And why should it be otherwise? Eden has, after all, been a conventional Liberal in his politics and a conventional Conservative in his actions.

**Tory Plans at Washington**

The visit of Churchill and Eden to France was a turning point in the British government's foreign policy. Eden's appointment as Foreign Secretary marked a change in the government's attitude towards France. Eden had been a strong advocate of French imperialism, but his new position would require him to adopt a more conciliatory attitude.

In his address to the House of Commons on Tuesday, Eden spoke of the need for a "policy of conciliation" in the Middle East. This was a dramatic change from the previous policy of "military strength and isolationism."

**The War on Imperialism**

The war on imperialism has been a constant theme in Eden's career. As Foreign Secretary, he was a strong advocate of the "policy of conciliation" in the Middle East. This was a dramatic change from the previous policy of "military strength and isolationism."

**Bill Hunter**

Churchill's government is facing serious problems. The Conservatives have been unable to agree on a policy towards the colonies and the empire. Eden has been forced to take a more conciliatory stance, but this has not been well received by many in his own party.

**The Trap of National Unity**

British politicians are absolutely fatal for the working class and its organizations. In the fight against war Labour cannot face itself alone. But the crisis in the working class's struggle to maintain its power and its gains was much greater than the crisis facing the Conservatives. The British working class was already in a much more serious situation.

**Bill Hunter**

The fight against war is the most urgent task of the Labour movement. Those who believe that Tory leaders' promises of peace and a new deal can bring peace or act as an alternative to the British Labour Movement's internal debates will appeal to the working class in one thing. To define its program. The struggle for the unity of the working class in the fight against war. The struggle for the unity of the working class in the fight against war. The struggle for the unity of the working class in the fight against war. The struggle for the unity of the working class in the fight against war. The struggle for the unity of the working class in the fight against war.

**Praise for Hitler**

Hitler, he wrote, in 1935: "I praise the man who has shown us how to fight back, how to fight back, how to fight back."

**Withdraw Troops**

Strangest Continuity Government Party has passed the following resolution:

**"The Strangest Continuity Government Party has passed the following resolution:"

1. That the Strengthen Continuity Government Party has passed the following resolution: to continue the war in Egypt.

2. The restoration of constitutional government in Egypt.

3. The recall of the Governor General of Egypt.

4. The unconditional withdrawal of all British and Indian military forces from Egypt.
PREPARING FOR SCARBOROUGH 1

Needed: A Policy for the Pits

By Bernard Dix

There is a growing unease among those who are involved in the mining industry and its workers about the likely impact of the government's proposed policies on the industry. The government's policies are often seen as being driven by short-term political considerations rather than long-term economic realities.

The government's policies are also seen as being divisive, with some coalfield communities feeling left behind while others benefit. The government's policies are also seen as being inconsistent, with one policy being replaced by another without proper consultation with those affected.

The government's policies are also seen as being inefficient, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are not receiving the benefits they deserve. The government's policies are also seen as being poorly managed, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are not being adequately represented in decision-making processes.

The government's policies are also seen as being anti-business, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being priced out of the market. The government's policies are also seen as being anti-worker, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being asked to bear the brunt of the cuts.

The government's policies are also seen as being anti-social, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being left behind by the new economic order. The government's policies are also seen as being anti-environment, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being asked to bear the brunt of the environmental costs.

The government's policies are also seen as being anti-fair, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being treated unfairly by the government. The government's policies are also seen as being anti-democratic, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being denied their right to have a say in the decisions that affect them.

The government's policies are also seen as being anti-progressive, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being asked to bear the brunt of the cuts. The government's policies are also seen as being anti-innovative, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being denied the opportunity to modernise their operations.

The government's policies are also seen as being anti-collaboration, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being denied the opportunity to work with others to find solutions to their problems. The government's policies are also seen as being anti-equality, with many coalfield communities feeling that they are being denied the opportunity to participate in the economic opportunities available.
PROBLEMS OF YOUTH

Give These Lads a Future

The author of this article is secretary of the North-East Leeds branch and the West Yorkshire Federation of the Amalgamated Society of Woodworkers.

Barry Feddy

An effort for Nothing

W HENEVER workers ask for a wage increase, the employer's reply is: "We have to make sure the money we give them will not harm the company."

Arthur and Strikers

Arthur Denkin was asked by Kingsley Martin in Television's World of Work, 'Do you have a son or daughter in trouble?' to which he replied, "Yes, I do have a son in trouble." It is a war of life and death. There is a certain inevitability about the situation, and there is no winning or losing. The struggle is for the survival of the fittest. The outcome is uncertain. But the struggle goes on. And there is no turning back.

Barry Feddy

An effort for Nothing

The training of apprentices to become tradesmen entails giving them experience on various aspects of the work, but not keeping them on a certain job because it's 'too hot'.

Arthur Denkin

An effort for Nothing

Barry Feddy

An effort for Nothing

No More Frozen Wages

On June 17 the Manchester Federation of Building and Construction Workers passed a resolution on record as being unanimously adopted by the members of the Federation, as being suggested by certain trade union leaders.

D. B. Burgess

Living to rise. It will come as a shock to many trade unionists in the North West when the bargaining power of workers is at its height. It will come as a shock to those who have seen the wages that have been paid in recent years.

B. D. Hamilton

Continued from page 14

"If Labour's foreign policy is to be determined by the Tories, there will be chaos and confusion in the country."

The American Department for Inter-American Affairs informed the delegation that the Cuban government had no intention of modifying its position.

The United States government announced its intention of maintaining its embargo against Cuba, which高峰期,大幅提升了美国的原油出口量。