Milliners Stoppage Settled

Trimmers Suffer Cut As Contract Is Made Behind Closed Doors

As we go to press some of the milliners are working according to their strike, while others are back again in the shops. At 7:30 a.m. Monday a meeting was held in the offices of theTriangle League in the New York Daily News Building, where decisions were reached for the control of the strike. About 1,000 milliners attended the meeting, which lasted for two and a half hours, and decided to continue the strike.

Furriers Strike Is Scuttled

Gold Forces Wrenched Agreement on Union No Closed Shop

By M. B. HATFIELD

The strike is over! The Furriers' Union No. 62, which has been on strike for over a month, has settled its differences with the employers. The union will have a closed shop agreement, and the employers have agreed to recognize the union.

Pekin Strike Called Off

Paralyzes City in Fight to Remove Police Chief

Motor Products Strike Enters Its Third Month

Detroit Auto Workers Battle Against Motor, Diamond, Police, Tariffs, Sabotage

WASHINGTON D.C., Jan. 28. - The strike at the Detroit Motor Products plant is entering its third month. The strikers have not been successful in their efforts to remove the Police Chief and the superintendent of the plant. The workers have been engaged in a battle against the Motor, Diamond, and Police companies.

700 in N.Y. Mass Meet Protest Stalin's Terror

Vote for Resolution Calling for Committee To Probe Charges Made by Claggs and Tarov

NEW YORK, Feb. 2. - A mass meeting was held in the Union Hall of the International Labor Union in New York City. The meeting was called to protest against the terror in the Soviet Union.

Next Week!

Two High Profile Articles

One by Leon Trotsky and another by Stalin

By SAMUEL WAGNER

Next week we will have two high profile articles. The first one will be by Leon Trotsky and will be published in the Socialist League Bulletin. The second one will be by Stalin and will appear in the New York Times. The articles will cover important developments in the world of socialism.

Hunger Stalks Poor Texas Farms

As Roosevelt Plans Take Effect

By CLINTON SPAULDING

Next week we will have an article on the effects of the Roosevelt plans on the poor farmers in Texas. The article will be published in the New York Times. The article will show how the plans are affecting the farmers and their families.

Rubber Baron Grants Union Demands

"Sit-Down" Protest over Discharge Forced

By JACOB WILSON

The rubber baron, who has been trying to break the strike, has finally granted the demands of the union. The workers will have a "sit-down" protest over the discharge of a worker.

 inactive as it has been.

Mr. Roosevelt's plans are not popular in Texas, where the farmers are still suffering from the effects of the Depression.

Looking for Help?

For women who are in need or want work, there are opportunities available. Women's Socialists can help connect them with job opportunities. The National Women's Socialist Organization is working to provide resources and support for women seeking employment.

Labor Skate Disbands Militant San Diego City Labor Council

In Robert Fraser

WASHINGTON D.C., Jan. 28. - The San Diego Labor movement has decided to disband the Labor Skate Disbands Militant San Diego City Labor Council. The council has not been successful in its efforts to organize the workers in the city.

Gas Succeeds Where Buses and Tear Gas Were Powerless

F. K. Brooks

In Elizabeth Windham

Gas has been used successfully to disperse crowds in situations where buses and tear gas had failed. Gas has proven to be an effective tool in maintaining order and preventing disruptions.

February 3

Mr. Roosevelt's plans are not popular in Texas, where the farmers are still suffering from the effects of the Depression.

March 5

The strike at the Detroit Motor Products plant is entering its third month. The strikers have not been successful in their efforts to remove the Police Chief and the superintendent of the plant. The workers have been engaged in a battle against the Motor, Diamond, and Police companies.
Detroit Motor Strike Enters Its Third Month in Face of Heavy Odds

(Continued from Page 1) The strike, which began Jan. 2, has left the city with a labor shortage. A number of employers have resorted to hiring permanent labor, and the number of workers has increased. However, the strike continues to cause hardship for many families. The community is divided on the issue, with some supporting the strikers and others calling for an end to the strike.

NEW MILITANT SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1938

AkonBarons Concede

(Continued from Page 1) The AkonBarons have agreed to a settlement with the workers. The company will give the workers a raise and allow them to return to work. The workers will be able to keep their jobs and continue to work at their current wages. The union will continue to negotiate with the company to ensure that the workers' rights are protected.

Company Vice President Concedes

(Continued from Page 1) The company has agreed to a settlement with the workers. The company will give the workers a raise and allow them to return to work. The workers will be able to keep their jobs and continue to work at their current wages. The union will continue to negotiate with the company to ensure that the workers' rights are protected.

THE POOR RICH

By JOHNSON J. WILLOUGHBY

In the midst of the economic crisis, there are many who have suffered greatly. The rich have grown richer, and the poor have become poorer. This has led to a growing divide between the two classes. The rich have the resources and power to maintain their wealth, while the poor struggle to make ends meet.

The rich have been able to accumulate wealth through a variety of means. Some have inherited wealth from their families, while others have worked hard to build their own fortunes. The rich have also been able to take advantage of government policies that benefit the wealthy. For example, low taxes and subsidies have been given to corporations, which have allowed them to grow even more powerful.

The poor, on the other hand, have been left behind. They have been unable to build wealth because of the limited opportunities available to them. They have been forced to work long hours for low wages, and many have been unable to find work at all. The lack of opportunities for the poor is a major cause of the growing divide between the classes.

There are many who are working to address this issue. Some are working to provide more opportunities for the poor, while others are working to reduce the wealth gap. However, the solution to this problem will require a collective effort from all of us. We must work together to create a society where everyone has the opportunity to live a prosperous life.
Anton Ciliga Describes Wrecking of Jugoslav C.P.; Tells of Opposition Struggle in the Soviet Union

1. Pages From Internal Life in Jugoslavia

In fact, the release of the long-imprisoned Chinese Sub-Commander of the Eastern Front, Li Song-Hung, has previously been published for the first time in France by Albert Blond, former C.C. of the Comintern. The Comintern is quoted in the following terms:

The Central Committee, having studied the question of the release of Li Song-Hung, is of the opinion that this is a measure necessary for the maintenance of the Comintern. The release of Li Song-Hung is a measure necessary for the maintenance of the Comintern.

Li Song-Hung was arrested in 1927 and imprisoned for his activities against the Comintern. He was tried and sentenced to death, but his sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. He has remained in prison ever since.

The Central Committee is convinced that the release of Li Song-Hung is a necessary step towards the reorganization of the Chinese Communist Party and the maintenance of the Comintern. The release of Li Song-Hung is a necessary step towards the reorganization of the Chinese Communist Party and the maintenance of the Comintern.

Li Song-Hung was released from prison in 1933 and has since been a prominent member of the Chinese Communist Party.

2. The Struggle for the Right to Depart

In May, 1929, a small number of Jugoslav C.P. workers' organizations was established. These organizations were the result of the activities of the Jugoslav C.P. workers who had been expelled from the party in 1927.

The Central Committee, having studied the question of the establishment of these organizations, is of the opinion that this is a measure necessary for the maintenance of the Comintern. The establishment of these organizations is a measure necessary for the maintenance of the Comintern.

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NEWSFLASH!

DANCE TO CELEBRATE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE W.P.
Friday, Feb. 28
IRVING PLAZA HALL
15th Street at Irving Place
MUSIK BY
HARLEM RHYTHM MAKERS
PROFESSIONAL ENTERTAINMENT
REFRESHMENTS
TICKETS IN ADVANCE 75c, AT DOOR $1

FRIDAY, FEB. 28, 1954

A Cry for Protest from A Sibemian Exile Camp

Letter of 15 Bolsheviks, Written in 1954, Comes to Light for First Time

We publish below an authentic document, stemming in its revivification from the files of the American Newspaper Guild, which contains the first detailed information on the last and most significant development in the tragic story of the Moscow trials. In the summer of 1954, a number of prominent members of the Soviet Communist Party, disillusioned with the policy of the late Stalin, and who had lived in the Soviet Union for many years, appeared in the Sibemian capital of Vladivostock to protest against the policies of the present regime. Among the members of this group was Mr. Soma, a Russian labor leader who had been exiled to Siberia. Mr. Soma had been arrested in 1937 and sentenced to ten years in a labor camp after being accused of organizing a workers' union. He was later released from prison but continued to engage in political activities, including the organization of a workers' union in Vladivostok. In 1954, he and a number of other prominent members of the Communist Party in Vladivostok met to protest against the policies of the present regime and to demand the release of political prisoners. The meeting was attended by Mr. Soma, along with a number of other prominent members of the Communist Party in Vladivostok. The meeting was held in secret, and the participants were aware that they were risking arrest and imprisonment by the authorities. The participants in the meeting discussed the need for political change in the Soviet Union and the need for the release of political prisoners. They believed that the policies of the present regime were aligned with Stalin's policies and that they were working to maintain the status quo. The participants in the meeting believed that the only way to achieve political change was through the organization of a workers' union. They agreed to continue their political activities and to work towards the release of political prisoners. The letter contains the first detailed information on the last and most significant development in the tragic story of the Moscow trials. It provides insight into the political climate in the Soviet Union during this time and the need for political change. The letter is a powerful reminder of the need for political freedom and the importance of the struggle for political change.