PRICE 3 CHECK

## Radicals Hold Whip Hand In French People's Front

## The Meaning of the Vital to S.P. French Elections

COLD and sober analysis is necessary in order to estimate at their true value the results of the French elections. Dema- Hold Sway in New gogues, liberals, and reformists are at liberty to spin out dreams and illusions; it is the business of Marxists to base their theoretical and practical conclusions on an understanding of reality. If we were to accept the Stalinist account of the French elections, we would now believe that the danger of Fascism in France participating in the sohas passed, that the crisis in France is in a position to be solved called People's Front. In the old rapidly and tranquilly under the benign aegis of the People's Chamber these same parties held Front majority. Unfortunately, we remember other Stalinist 304 seats out of 611. accounts of other events: We remember how, in the autumn of 1932, the decline in the Nazi vote in Germany proved to the satisfaction of the Comintern analysts that the power of Hitler was broken and would soon disappear; and how, in March, 1933, to 72. The Socialist Party gained it was so stirringly prophecied by these same brave augurs that 53 seats, increasing its representa-Hitler could not remain in power longer than a bare six months.

A glance at the bourgeois press during the past few days 151 to 116, as the largest single might alone be enough to cause a doubt or two to begin with. party in the Chamber. Of the re-The Wall Street Journal records itself as well satisfied with the outcome. The Times notes that little difficulty is to be expected Union received 26 seats (losing 13); from sudden changes in French foreign policy, since all of the the Independent Socialists received French political parties have based their programs on solid proposals for strong national defense. The New York Evening Post, in a long editorial, notes that the elections were a great blow both at fascism "and at communism." Ludwig Lore, in his Post column, in the midst of his song of victory, pauses parenthetically to observe that the program of the People's resentation does not correctly re-Front is no more radical than Roosevelt's New Deal. In France | flect the gains of this party on the itself, the "repudiated" premier, Sarraut, was so overwhelmed -as not to find it necessary even to resign.

What has changed in France? What is the significance of C.P. delegation in the old Chamber tions. So far, however, there has these elections?

Without doubt, the elections record the movement further electoral agreements with either vana Federation of Labor, the Soto the left of large sections of the French proletariat and the the Socialists or the Radicals in lower peasantry. This is marked sufficiently by the spectacular 1932. As a result, the vote in many Leninist party. Every class-conincrease in the Communist vote, and the substantial increase in advantage of the Right and the financial aid to these victims and the Socialist vote, making the representation of the latter party | Center parties. the largest in the new Chamber. This, in turn, is a symbol of Nor is the rise of the Socialist a case of international solidarity. the deeper process which has been unfolding in France during Party to supersede the Radicals It is a case of supporting the strugthe past three years: the gradual cleavage of the French popular speaking a surprise. The gles of workers who bear far more face of such bitter opposition, Dil-French general elections have been than we do the common yoke of lon and Green withdrew while the lation into the two mighty divisions of the basically opposing going "left" since 1924; and in class forces.

But, first and last in commenting upon these elections, it must be observed that the increase in the votes of the working-class parties occurred at the expense not of the Right but of the Center-of the Radical Socialist and the lesser petty-bourgeois parties. The parties of the Right, far from losing strength, actually gained more than twenty seats in the new Chamber. Thus, even on the electoral field, we find on examination that the "mighty blow to reaction" turns out to be the hallucination of bureaucratic minds: the Right emerges from the elections not weaker but stronger.

The increase in the votes of the working-class parties, as well as the increase on the Right was, then, accomplished at the titans of the world's rubber indusexpense of the parties of the Center, above all of the Radical Socialists. The Radical Socialist Party, for many years the percent for all production workers largest parliamentary party in France, will enter the new Chamber with approximately twenty fewer representatives than these increases came from the com the Socialist Party. Thus these elections demonstrate incontestably the truth of the Marxist prediction that under the impact of the process of basic class differentiation the pettybourgeois parties of the Center must necessarily disintegrate, their following sifting out into one class division or the other. The relations in the Chamber do not, however, indicate by any means the full extent of the disintegration of the Radical Socialists. Further evidence is provided by the fact that many of the most popular traditional leaders of the Radical Socialists -including Herriot himself-failed to secure election in the first day of voting, and were returned on the second ballot only with the support of the Communists and Socialists; and in a number of cases lost out altogether.

The disintegration of the Radical Socialists is both symbol and proof of the fact that the crisis in France is too deep to permit of solution along the customary lines of modern French politics. For decades the French bourgeoisie has maintained its social and economic dictatorship through the utilization of windows last Sunday and watch the Radical Socialists as its chief governmental agents. The Radical Socialist leaders, in turn, maintained the support of their mass petty-bourgeois following for French imperialism. But today the results of the profound and continuing economic had passed in review. depression and the approach of the new war demand a sterner answer. The alternative is posed to France: Fascism or Socialism; and the alternative is inescapable. Thus the voice of the Radical Socialist preachers of "the middle way" is lost in caps brilliant in the May sunshine, the rising social tumult. And their following slips out of their they stretched out for three full hands, to the right and to the left.

It is in the light of this process of differentiation that the Litchfield's 600 union members!" strategy of the People's Front policy must be judged. And, so judged, it is seen to be precisely the betrayal of the revolution- headed a division of the parade. At the U.S.S.R.,, that "according to ary struggle which the realities of French society places on the the front of the Goodrich local the new constitution, the suffrage order of the day. Nothing could make this clearer than the recent elections. The Radical Socialist Party, its policies and cries of. "When you gonna use its leadership, stand discredited before the French masses. Its them guns, boys " came from the policies have led to nothing but disaster; its leaders have been sidewalks. As the crack tire divi- against the peasants are to be really state that, ". . . . disenfranopenly shown to be shot through with every form of corruption sion marched by, the good-natured abolished. Henceforth, obviously, chisement and any restrictions upon and venality. And, at just the time when this is becoming ap- down!" parent to the consciousness of the masses, the working-class towing a trailer piled with old tires "no classes", then all members of of struggle against the attempts of but (Continued on page 4)

## Their Aid is and C.P. Plans

Left Coalition

The final results of the run-offs in the French elections gave 380 seats out of a total of 618 to the

The Communist Party scored the largest and seemingly most sensational gains, adding 62 seats, and increasing its total in the Chamber tion to 146, and replacing the Radical Socialists, who dropped from maining "left" parties, Paul Boncour's Socialist and Republican 9 seats (a loss of 2); and the dissident communists kept the 10 seats they had in the previous Chamber.

#### What the Gains Mean

It should be noted that the sevenfold increase in the Communist rep- cally. electoral arena. Its popular vote was about double that of the 1932 the I.L.D. receive financial aid elections. The reason for the small from their international connecwas largely due to the refusal of been almost no international aid for the Stalinists to make any sort of the prisoners adhering to the Hacases was split three ways, to the

Continued on Page 4

## Grant Wage increases

AKRON, Ohio, May 5 .-- Goodyear Firestone, and Goodrich, the three try, early this week announced wage increases of from five to ten It need not be imagined that passionate hearts of the rubber barons whose capacity for good works and kind deeds is well known. They came because the big boys are quaking in their rubber boots before the demon of rampant unionism which the Goodyear strike

can be savored only by those peragreed universally to the present

#### Lingering Doubts Dispelled

If any lingering doubts existed in the skulls of the local barons, they had only to stand in their office phalanx after phalanx of Akron union labor parade through the downtown section. When the parade ended, 20,000 union workers

Heading the procession was the victorious Goodyear local of the United Rubber Workers. Marching in close order, with their yellow constantly from the ranks, "Here's

Each of the large rubber locals marched 300 members of the rifle will be universal, equal, direct and club and drill team. Cheering little

(Continued on Page 4)

### **Solidarity** with Cuban Comrades!

Widespread Support Needed Against Reaction

On the first day of the General Strike of 1935 in Cuba, our comade, Cresencio Freyre, leader of the Bakers' Union of Cuba, was seized by Batista's gunmen. They took him through all Havana and attempted to force him to pick out his comrades from among the strikers. He refused; and the gunmen took him to an open field and machine-gunned him to death, and left him there to rot.

died in Batista's dungeons. The restrained news report from Cuba, ing the progressive actions taken published in this issue, takes for here this week at the second congranted a knowledge of the depth vention of the United Automobile of the Cuban terror. Unfortunately, few American workers have any idea of the concrete conditions under which the Cuban working class fall, the sessions brought forth struggles today. The NEW MILI-TANT has published what news has seeped out. The vigorous protest to thinking, what unrest is sweeping President Roosevelt, circulated by the Non-Partisan Labor Defense, gave a succinct picture of the Cuban terror-the smashed unions, the outlawed political parties, the labor and progressive leaders assassinated or imprisoned, the dread rule of the "law of flight." Since we published the full text of that protest in our issue of January 11, the terror has gone on systemati-

The political prisoners and their families who are under the charge corro Obrero, and the Bolshevik-American imperialism.

Defense, 22 East 17 Street, New false policies.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT

Max Shachtman's lecture has been postponed from Sun., May 17th, to Wed. May 20th at 8 P.M. The subject will be, "Earl Browder, the Man and His Books", the place, Irving Plaza Hall, Irving Place and 15th St.

## In F.D.'s Cuba Progressives Triumph at Hundreds AutoWorkersConvention Jailed and

Terror Reigns

Dillon-Green Machine Receive Smashing Defeat; Plan of Action Drafted

By JACK WILSON

been murdered; and others have in the auto industry that has wide autonomy! possibilities can be expected follow-Workers of America.

> Similar in many respects to the many manifestations of what the thousands of auto workers are through the factories and what A steering committee of 12 was course might be traveled in the coming period.

A decisive victory against the tupid and criminal policies of William Green, A. F. of L. president, who defended craft unionism at

So well remembered were the two of the executive board of the A. F. dent, Francis J. Dillon.

#### Green and Dillon Trounced

A lame defense by both Dillon scious worker is duty-bound to give and Green of their policies met with no sympathy or response. Every their families. Here it is not merely delegate was prepared to battle at any cost a continuation of the an tiquated craft union policies. In delegates cheered and cheered. The We ask all our readers to send two men left repudiated, disgraced, funds for Cuban political prisoners, failures in their effort to organize in care of the Non-Partisan Labor the auto industry because of their

highly significant that pairs the already badly damaged in obtaining recognition. Dillon inated executive board of the A. F. and was an outlaw union since it of L. It indicates that their posi- refused last fall to bust the powertion has become so weak among ful union of 16 plants into separate workers in basic industry that they locals. It had paid up its delinquent pressure on the authorities. This fear to make a fight for it! Jubilant progressives and the

other delegates shouted and cheered in a wild scene of enthusiasm as

Homer Martin, vice-president, took Since then other comrades have resurgence of the labor movement chairman. The union had won its

#### Tasks Before the Convention

Two major tasks confronted the convention after the retreat of Green and Dillon; adoption of a progressive program which would afford a basis for building a powerrubber workers' convention of last ful union and the selection of good leaders to carry out that program.

A program had been drawn up by a caucus of 140 delegates held dictatorship, signalizes an effort by chosen at that time to lead the fight for its approval.

the convention, marked the opening ing of the probationary period of ganizations and imprisoned nearly (2) establishment of an industrial pers and intellectuals. Batista years of splitting, betrayal, auto- union within the confines of the A. wants to unite all the "respectable cratic control, and the other poli- F. of L. with the jurisdictional elements" of the population to cies which nearly destroyed the la- question to be carried to the A. F. maintain the status quo. of the petty-hourgeois liberals and bor movement in the auto industry of L. convention; (3) amalgama for which Green and the majority tion of the independent unions such as the M.E.S.A. and the former of L. were responsible, that the 215 Coughlinite-influenced union with delegates were unanimously op the United Automobile Workers; posed to Green's appointed presi- (4) approval of a democratic constitution allowing all political liberties to membership; (5) and the Gorman Labor Party resolution which the Stalinists naturally had foisted upon the delegates: (6) ar immediate organization drive.

The program carried in its en tirety. Without an understanding of how each issue was carried, how ever, the program lacks much content in so far as accurate analysis is concerned.

Toledo delegates was the first ques- ship. For example, we used to emtion considered. Since the Dillon ploy lawyers for courtroom fights Green and Dillon made such a seri- and he had left the convention, ous retreat, one that further im- these delegates had little difficulty reputation of the craft union dom- had claimed Toledo had no charter for fear of government reprisal. per-capita tax.

Although nearly all the delegates acted in a progressive manner by (Continued on Page 4)

# ortured

#### Attempts to Cover Up by Investigation

(Special to New Militant)

HAVANA, April 30 .- The action of the Cuban Supreme Court and of the Congress, calling for an investigation of recent murders of bourgeois opponents of the Batista a month previous to the convention. Batista to broaden the base of his support.

Any investigation made will be farce, for the murders were com-The program of this essentially mitted by Batista's own gunmen. progressive bloc who were advised Batista hopes, however, to make by the Committee for Industrial peace with his bourgeois opponents. Organization included: (1) the end- Having outlawed all the labor orthe union with Dillon as president; five thousand workers, sharecrop-

#### Conciliation and White Terror

Batista's conciliatory gestures toward the opposition bourgeoisie go hand in hand with systematic continuance of the white terror: No day passes without someone being murdered. New hundreds are imprisoned for no other offense than attending labor meetings. Scores are tortured. Only strong young men can survive imprisonment in Cabana Fortress; older men die

What is needed here, above all is a powerful defense movement. The kind of defense work known in America is a physical impossi-The seating of the 37 militant bility under the Batista dictator before the general strike of now there is not a lawver left in the whole of Cuba who will accept the defense of a worker or radical

The real work of a defense movement, then, cannot be in the court. room, but must begin with mass means meetings, lightning demonstrations, leaflets, underground liferature, systematic diffusion news to other countries, especially to the United States, a militant policy of mobilizing the ranks of the shattered unions and outlawed labor parties—all of which has been conspicuously absent for the past seven months or more.

#### Amnesty Committee Ineffective

The National Committee for Amnesty for Social and Political Prisoners has failed to act as the center for such a defense movement. In the past eight months, it has met but once, and then it came together at the call of the Bishop of Havana. Who called the Bishop of Havana? Who but the Stalinists? In all its months of existence, the Amnesty Committee has not issued a single leastet. It has not called a single demonstration or even adopted a militant resolution. Its appeal has been mainly to the charitable minded of the bourgeoisie, the Catholic Church, the Masons and the Odd Fellows.

In other words, it has tried to immunize itself by spreading a cloak of respectability and legality about its actions. But the Bishop of Havana has long ago dropped away, as have the few Masons, Odd Fellows and other "good bour geois." Despite all its respectability, it has felt Batista's fist. His soldados broke up a meeting of central committee held in a vate home; twenty-two twenty-seven members were arrested, hauled to army posts and beaten with swords. Most of them were then sentenced (on a morals charge!) to prison sentences of six nonths and more.

#### Organizations Represented

Neither the Autenticos (party of former President Grau San Martin). or Young Cuba, ever joined the Amnesty Committee, although both were formally invited. The organizations comprising the Amnesty Committee fall into three groups:

(Continued on Page 4)

## THE NEW CONSTITUT OF THE U.S.S.R.

The full extent of this victory is going on to replace the Soviet constitution by a new one, which, sons acquainted with one of the according to the declarations of most ruthlessly competitive of Stalin, Molotov and others, will be American industries. Traditionally the "most democratic in the world." tirely derived form that very same ons sat down around a table and by the procedure in which the constitution is being elaborated. Up to recently, there has been no mention of this great reform either in the press or at meetings. No one is acquainted with the draft of the constitution as yet. In the meantime, Stalin told the American interviewer Roy Howard, on March 1, 1936 that, "We shall probably adopt our new constitution at the end of this year." Thus Stalin is informed exactly as to the date when this constitution will be adopted, about which the people still has practically no information. It is impossible not to conclude that the "most democratic constitution in the world" is being elaborated and incity blocks. Cries of derision broke troduced in a manner that is not entirely democratic.

Stalin confirmed to Howard, and through him also to the peoples of secret."

The inequalities in suffrage rights in favor of the workers as

#### Behind the Kremlin walls work By Leon Trotsky store their privileges. In propor-

be disenfranchised only by the courts. All these principles are encame to replace. The party always held that the Soviet system was a higher form of democracy. The Soviet system was to wither away together with the dictatorship of the proletariat, of which it was the expression. The question of the new constitution boils down therefore to another and more fundamental question: Will the dictatorship continue to become "stronger" from now on, as is demanded by all the official speeches and articles, or will begin to soften, weaken and "wither away"? The meaning of the new constitution can be correctly appraised only in the light of this perspective. Let us immediately add here that the perspective itself does not at all depend upon the measure of Stalinist liberalism but upon the actual structure of the transitional Soviet society.

In explaining the reform, Pravda refers obscurely and not at all prudently to the party program written by Lenin in 1919, which does crowd yelled, "Sit down! Sit not factories but citizens will vote: whatsoever upon liberty are neces-This local also had a car each one for himself. Once there are sary solely as temporary measures which were employed formerly", society are equal. Individuals can the exploiters to maintain or to re-

tion as the objective possibility for the exploitation of man by man disappears, all necessity for these temporary measures will likewise disappear, and the party will strive to at daggers drawn, the rubber bar- To be sure, doubts might be aroused program of bourgeois democracy narrow them down, and to comwhich the Soviets in their time pletely abolish them" (our emphasis). These lines can no doubt serve to justify the refusal to "disenfranchise" in a society in which the possibility for exploitation has disappeared. But along with this the program demands the simultaneous abolition of "any restrictions what soever upon liberty." For the entry into socialist society is character ized not by the peasants being made equal with the workers, and not by returning the franchise to 3-5 per cent of the citizens of bourgeois origin, but by the establishment of true liberty for 100 per cent of the population. With the abolition of classes, according to Lenin, and according to Marx, not only the dictatorship but also the state itself withers away. Stalin, however, has said nothing as yet about removing "restrictions upon liberty" either to Howard or to the peoples of the U.S.S.R.

Molotov hastened to Stalin's as sistance, sad to say, not very propitiously. In replying to a question of the Editor-in-Chief of le Temps, Molotov said, "Now not infrequently (?) there is already no need for those administrative measures "the Soviet power must of (Continued on Page 3)

### France at the Crossroads

In Lieu of an Introduction to the Second Edition of "In Defense of Terrorism"

By LEON TROTSKY

(Concluded in this issue) To pretend that Herriot-Daladier of capitalism. The toilers of France long as Mussolini has been able to jutants, errand boys. It is by reason are capable of proclaiming war are faced with the problem of the maintain himself. Beginning with against the "200 families" that rule revolutionary conquest of power not Italy or Germany, the twilight of France is to dupe the people shame- as a distant goal but as the task fascism would quickly spread into lessly. The 200 families do not hang of the unfolding period. Meanwhile, France as well. To build a revolususpended in mid-air but are the the socialist and communist leaders tionary party in this, the least facrown of the system of finance-cap- not only renounce the revolutionary vorable variant, is to bring nearer ital. To cope with the 200 families mobilization of the proletariat, but the hour of vengeance. The wiseit is necessary to overthrow the resist it with all their strength. acres who shy away from the uneconomic and political regime, in Fraternizing with the bourgeoisie, postponable task with the words, the maintenance of which Herriot they hound and expel the Bolsheand Daladier are just as interested viks. So greatly do they hate the merely reveal that they themselves as Flandin and de la Rocque. The revolution and dread it! Under have not matured for the condiissue here is not a struggle of the these conditions, the worst role is tions. "nation" against a handful of mag- played by those pseudo-revolutionnates as l'Humanite pictures it but ists of the type of Marceau Pivert the struggle of the proletariat who promise to overthrow the bouragainst the bourgeoisie. It is a geoisie, but only with the permisquestion of the class struggle which sion of Leon Blum! The entire can be resolved only be revolution. course of the French labor move-The strikebreaking conspiracy of ment for the last twelve years has the People's Front has become the placed the task of creating a new chief obstacle on this road.

It is impossible to say in advance the day. how much longer the semi-parlia- The question whether events will famous than the fall of the social mentary, semi-Bonapartist minis allow "sufficient" time for its for democracy in 1914. The new cadres tries will continue to succeed one mation is to engage in the most are being recruited slowly, in a cruanother in France and in general fruitless of all occupations. His- el struggle against the united front through what concrete stages the tory has absolutely inexhaustible against the reactionary and patriian and German fascism, upon the culties fascism may venture prethe awareness and the activity of trariwise, it may occupy a tempothe advanced elements of the rizing position too long and thereby new International. French proletariat. The denouement increase the chances in favor of the laboration between France and against its own contradictions be-England can postpone it. In any fore fascism is able to engage in a period than the duration in Ger- in the parties of the working class, by whom?

for peace, bread and liberty, and does not mean that it will reign for olutionary banner, but to the Sov- this volume is dedicated. other beautiful things is either a 1,000 years as Hitler prophesies, or iet bureaucracy. These are not March 26, 1936.

By T. C. (London)

Congresses, resolutions against war

were endorsed to the accompani-

ment of long, windy speeches usual-

ly delivered by MacDonald, Snow-

wicked Russian Bolsheviks were re-

and their refusal to join the im-

On their left flank, the Laborites

were attacked by the Communist

Party and other left wing groups

working class, while on the right,

the young Tory die-hards sneered

that they were seeking cushy jobs

Pledge to Support Gov't

flinchingly support our government

in all risks and consequences of

collective action against a peace-

perialist robbers.

at Geneva.

breaker."

Party Conferences and Trade Union | ception of the Communist Party.

Labor Party was a betrayal of the as a "League of Bandits."

then the usual protests to the in "Leninism" describes the League

sometimes made but by 1984 this as August, 1934, the Young Com-

proposition was definitely scrapped munist League at a Youth Confer-

and the Trade Unions and the Labor Party were pledged to "un finchingly convert the state that "the Lacons and the Lacons and

fulfilling its duty to take part in a means of preparation for war."

| lie, or the struggle for the overthrow | that it is even assured to endure as | fighters but docide functionaries, adrevolutionary party on the order of extremely difficult by the fall of the

families", against fascism and war. which is theoretically not excluded Bolshevik program, not to the rev- Bolshevism, to the defense of which

From Pacifism to Social - Patriotism

BRITISH WORKERS AND WAR

Stalinism: Yesterday and Today

Stalinist Policy

League while the Trade Union bloc, port of imperialist war in certain

"the conditions are not mature"

#### **Building the Cadres**

The Marxists of France, as well as those of the entire world, must, in a certain sense, begin at the be ginning, but on an infinitely higher historical level than their predecessors. Progress is at first rendered Communist International, more in-

of this that the Third International is putrefying so infamously amid the historical situation so rich in great revolutionary possibilities.

#### The Inevitable Regroupment

The Fourth International rises on the shoulders of its three predecessors. It is subjected to blows from the front, the sides and the rear. Careerists, cowards, philistines have nothing to seek in our ranks. The percentage of sectarians and adventurists, inevitable at the beginning, is winnowed away as the movement grows. Let pedants and phic defeat of the Chinese revolusceptics shrug their shoulders about 'small" organizations that issue "small" papers and fling a challenge to the entire world. Serious Chiang Kai-shek's chariot. The burevolutionists will pass contemptu- reaucrats at the top, it seems, are ously by the pedants and sceptics. trying to comfort the dissenters by The October Revolution also once the well-known method of decepbegan with its swaddling clothes. . .

The mighty Russian parties of Social Revolutionaries and Mensheviks who made up the "People's country will pass in the next period. resources in the domain of different itic bureaucracy in the working Front" with the Cadets, crumbled This depends upon the world and variants, historical forms, stages, class. On the other hand, these very into dust, in the course of a few national economic conjuncture, accelerations, and retardations. Undifficulties, which did not descend months, under the blows of a upon the degree of strategy of Ital- der the influence of economic diffi- upon the proletariat accidentally, "handful of fanatics" of Bolsheconstitute an important condition vism. Subsequently the German socourse of events in Spain, and last maturely and suffer a defeat. This for the correct selection and the cial democracy, the German Com--but not least in importance—upon would imply a long respite. Con- firm tempering of the first detach- munist party and the Austrian soments of the new party and the cial democracy died an ignoble death under the blows of fascism Only a very tiny section of the The epoch which is drawing close can be brought closer by the con- revolutionary organizations. The cadres of the Comintern began its for the European peoples will vulsions of the franc. A closer col- People's Front may go to smash revolutionary education from the sweep out of the working class ber revolution. Almost all these el. equivocal and rotten. All the Joucase the death-throes of "democra- general battle: this would signify ements, without a single exception, haux's. Citrines, Blums, Cachins, cy" may drag out for a much longer a period of regroupments and splits are now outside the Communist In- Vanderveldes and Caballeros are many of the pre-fascist period of and a rapid fusion of the revolutum joined the already victorious 2nd and 3rd Internationls will indoes not stop it from being the mass movements as in Toulon and easier. But only an insignificant another. A new regroupment in the death-throes. Democracy will be Brest may attain a wide sweep and portion has remained even of this workers' ranks in inevitable. Young swept away. The only question is: create a reliable fulcrum for the second draft. The overwhelming revolutionary cadres will gain flesh revolutionary lever. Finally, even majority of the present cadres of and blood. Victory is conceivable The struggle against the "200 the victory of fascism in France, the Comintern adhered not to the only on the basis of the methods of

line. We do not for a moment exclude military defence against Fasc-Republic, of the future World Sov- munists defend selflessly." iet Union, aginst Fascism with evploiting class; we shall not let ourone set of masters against another. the anti-imperialist united front?"

#### This is the Leninist line.

in order to revive the weakening nist Party is concerned. Within a they thought we had cooked them ideological and political influence of stem the tide of Japanese imperialillusions in the League of Nations few months, Dutt and his party up—(cooking up quotations being the Kuomintang." as a guarantee of peace, or to were in full cry for the League of part of every Stalinist's educapreach the obligation of the work- Nations, for sanctions against Fasleadership of the League of Nations. as an instrument of peace, for one revolution. The workers under even more enthusiastic for the Thus it has fallen to the Chinese capitalism have no Fatherland. League and sanctions than the old Bolshevik-Leninists to inform the Must we not defend our country timers themselves. All this confu- ranks of the C.P. of the Seventh against Fascism? Is not pacifism in sion favors the war-makers but desuch conditions equivalent to sur- spite desperate efforts on the part all their full glory! The Stalinist

#### Last of Leninist Line

then the usual protests to the League were made and that was all. Hints of a general strike were

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That Shook the World."

LABOR BOOK SHOP 28 East 12th Street, New York City

## In the Dark of Night the C.I. Prepares The New Betrayal for China

## Are Kept in **Ignorance**

By LI FU-JEN (Translated from "Struggle," Organ of Communist League of China)

SHANGHAL -- Conversations between some of our comrades and five Stalinists here recently showed that at least some of the rank-andfile of the Chinese Communist Party are not finding it easy to swallow establishment of the "bloc of four classes" which led to the catastro tion in 1925-27.

They cannot stomach the idea of being harnessed once again to tion. But to do this they have had to conceal from the membership of the party large portions of the Seventh Comintern congress docu-

Our comrades quoted to the young Stalinists Wan Min's offer to give Chiang Kai-shek an opportunity to "atone for his crimes' against the Chinese people. ("Bolshevik," Moscow, November, 1935.)

#### Only a "Maneuver"

a maneuver." That is what the olutions in modern history. bureaucrats are telling them, that the new offer of a "united front" is outset of the war, prior to the Octo- without leaving a trace all that is being made "only to expose Chiang as a traitor who is not prepared to fight for China's independence." We asked them if they had seen ternational. The next oldest stra- only phantoms. The sections of the documents of the Seventh Congress. They had not! The lead-Bruener-Papen-Schleicher; but this tionalty vanguard. Spontaneous October Revolution. This was much gloriously leave the stage one after ership, we learned, hands down to Leninists, organized in the Commuthe rank and file only carefully selected excerpts. So we quoted to them from Manuilsky's speech, which has been used by Wan Min abroad in several of his recent ar ticles elaborating the "new line,"

> "The setting up of such a program for a broad anti-imperialist ing in common with the pacifist fighting front of the Chinese people is not a maneuver on the part of the Communist Party. It would be ism—on one condition—and one serious matter as the defense of the a crime to maneuver with such a condition only, namely, that we people against imperialist robbery. have a country to defend. We shall One may maneuver with and defend Workers Britain, as an in- against the enemy but not at the tegral part of the World Worker's al liberty and freedom the Com-

notably the following:

To which Wan Min added: ery means in our power. But until "Moreover, if you say that our When the workers of Britain Party, is wholehearted in its supagainst an aggressor, in the case then we shall fight our own expolicy is a maneuver, then why do you not try to expose our maneu-

#### Staggered by True Facts

fully grasp our views or agree with

We showed them our paper, 'Struggle." This impressed them

Congress speeches and reports in bureaucrats here interpret the new policy as a "maneuver" in order to The statement is signed by memget their followers to swallow it, bers of a committee appointed by while the Comintern pundits in the Council to investigate and resignate such a conception as a ''crime.''

#### Wan Min's Crooked Calculations

Wan Min's exegesis in justification of the "new line" proceed, with characteristic contempt for revolutionary cadres, on the two assumptions which have become the common yardstick for all the Stalinist falsifiers. First, he assumes that the older generation of Chinese revolutionists is for the most part dead, while those who remain have dently acting under the instrucfallen into passivity and no longer participate in the revolutionary struggle. He expects no challenge from that quarter. Second, he knows that the younger generation management will not recognize or of revolutionists did not participate officially deal with any organizain the events of 1925-27, any more than Wan Min himself did. (Wan Min was a young student at Sun Yat-sen University in Moscow from

#### Members of CP An Unnoticed May Bolshevik Len-Day Funeral

A funeral, unnoticed and unremarked, marched with the May Day parade. It was the funeral of the myth of "Soviet China."

The "Friends of the Chinese People" who have been the foremost "defenders" of Soviet China on the American Stalinist-liberal front, marched on May Day without a single placard for the Chinese Soviets, not a single placard that even mentioned the workers and peasants of China, nor a single placard against the Kuomintang!

"Support the liberation movement of the Chinese people," "Support the patriotic movement of the Chinese students," "Support the People's Republic of Outer Mongolia," "Withdraw the American forces from China," these were the slogans under which the "Friends" marched. The "Soviets," which are now to give way to a new "bloc of four classes" were silently interred.

With what contempt Chinese workers would regard these "friends" if they knew anything about them!

literature has not enlightened them to be sure, as to the true character of the policies pursued and the real of the Chinese toilers we shall drag sons why a great revolutionary them out into the light of day and movement ended in one of the most "Ah," they retorted, "that's only vicious and destructive counter-rev-

> Wan Min therefore feels quite safe in perpetrating the most blatant falsehoods, in poisoning the political atmosphere and thereby preparing the destruction of the third Chinese revolution. Between Wan Min and the accomplishment of his rotten aim stand the Bolsheviknist League of China. We shall teach the workers to turn their backs on this lying traitor and the corrupt masters whom he serves. Covering Their Criminal Past

The Stalinists can only cover ing their criminal past. Thus, in line pursued in 1925-27, Wan Min Min is careful to point out that in bend the knee and take the rap. 1927 "it was not the anti-imperialist united front tactics themselves

that were at fault . . . the oppor-

tunists who were incorrect.'

back to Stalin's famous Theses on cow bureaucrats think they will the "Problems of the Chinese Revolution" in which he declared, ing the Chinese Communists reamong many other similar remarks: youth), the working youth, the peasant youth-all these are a Our young Stalinist auditors force which can advance the revo- the Chinese revolution but for the

the revolutionary struggle of the which the real defense of the Sowere visibly staggered. No, they working class"? On the contrary, viet Union resides. is it not abundantly clear that Chen olutionaries, but they did not yet Tu-hsiu was faithfully carrying out at betrayal every Chinese revoluthe class collaborationist policy tionist must be on guard. Down them. They asked for more discus- formulated by Stalin and the Comintern?

## inists Point The Way

verifiable facts concerning the subordination of the interests of the proletariat to those of the bourgeoisie under the direct aegis of the Comintern would indict the real authors of the catastrophe and strike a blow at the Stalinist cult of infallibility. Hence the blame vas placed on the C.P. leadership, especially Chen Tu-hsiu, who today stands in the ranks of the Fourth Internationalists, and is a prisoner of the Kuomintang.

Comrade Chen Tu-hsiu has for years been hounded and defamed by all the hacks of Stalinism because he refused to become a silent scapegoat, because he insisted on analyzing openly the reasons for the great catastrophe and drawing lessons from it for the future. He was and is traduced and vilified and slandered, not because he committed mistakes fatal for the revolution, but because he would not agree to deceive the workers and act as a cover for Stalin and Co.

The facts of history cannot forever be concealed. In the interests warn all honest revolutionaries to be on their guard against the Stalinist falsifiers. We shall neglect no means to expose their lies and their slanders.

The Real Culprit: Then and Now For Bolshevik - Leninists have

nothing in common with the methods of Stalinism. It is our policy to tell the whole truth, concealingnothing. Only this way can past experiences become useful lessons for a victorious future. For the Stalinists, truth is dangerous. They were prepared to forgive Chen Tuhsiu "his" opportunist errors and even invited him to Moscow "to talk things over." They defended their shameless present by cover Chen Tu-hsiu against the Opposition during the revolution precisely referring to the criminally false because Chen was carrying out Stalin's instructions. His real crime ascribes full responsibility to the in the eyes of the Stalinists consist-"opportunists in the leadership" of ed in his refusal afterward to cover the Chinese Communist Party, up the role of the Comintern in the 'headed by Chen Tu-hsiu." Wan catastrophe of 1927. his refusal to

The "new" opportunist line of Stalinism in China will lead to new disasters. It runs counter in every line and syllable to the interests of But Wan Min prefers not to turn the Chinese revolution. The Mos-"defend the Soviet Union" by havnounce the revolutionary struggle "The student youth (revolutionary and join Chiang Kai-shek in a "People's Government." But this would be disastrous not only for ism but will, on the contrary, com-Does it appear from this that it promise with it and drown in blood

Against this perfidious attempt with Stalinism! Build the new revolutionary party of the Fourth In-For Wan Min and his similars to ternational, the only guarantee of state this fact and all the other triumph for a revolutionary China!

#### Milwaukee Labor Council Urges Unions Aid News Strike

MILWAUKEE, Wis. Apr. 27-1 follows: Calling upon the whole labor movetoday issued a formal statement for titude of compromise on these the information and guidance of points. union members and friends.

The statement is signed by mem-Moscow (Wan Min, Manuilsky) de port on the strike of the Milwaukee Newspaper Guild against the Wisconsin News. The committee members are J. F. Fredrick, general organizer of the Council; Herman Seide, general secretary of the Council: and Otto Jirikowic, member of the executive board.

The report states flatly that the Wisconsin News has assumed an "open-shop" anti-union attitude toward its editorial employes. The local management of the paper, evitions of the head management of bargaining. the Hearst Publications, has taken the position that editorial workers shall not organize and that the tions of such workers, the statement continues.

#### Refutes Hearst Charges

tions of that period and Stalinist ments and its own conclusions, as consin News building.

"First: While wages, hours and ment to support the strike of working conditions are involved, Hearst's Wisconsin News editorial differences on these points are not workers, on the ground that the so great that they would stand in right to organize and bargain col- the way of a settlement, especially lectively is its main issue, the Mil- in view of the fact that the Guild waukee Federated Trades Council has assumed a very reasonable at-

> "Second: As to the statement of the management that it has not interfered with its employes' joining the Guild, the fact is that while they may not in so many words have stated that its employes should not join the Guild, it has let it been generally known that it does not favor the organization of the editorial workers.

> "Third: As to the statement that it has met with representatives of the Guild to discuss demands and grievances, the fact remains that it has refused to carry such meetings to a logical conclusion by refusing to consider entering into any sort of agreement. Such an attitude is a denial of the principle of collective

"Fourth: While it is true that the Wisconsin News has a union shop agreement with local unions covering employes in its mechanical departments, such agreements constitute a distinct discrimination against other categories."

In supporting the strike, the Convinced by its investigation statement concludes, it is complying 1926 to 1929. He went there origilate "the management has consis-with the request of William Green, inally as a Kuomintang member, tently endeavored to becloud this president of A. F. of L. Affiliated not a Communist.) He banks on main issue" and "mislead the pub- local unions are urged to give morthe fact that the present-day Com-lic" the committee takes up point al and financial support, and to parmunists have no personal recollectory point the management's state-ticipate in picketing before the Wis-

#### This line was followed up a year the British Communist Party. In later, when the Italian-Ethiopian his editorial notes in the "Labor war crisis was debated, by a steam- Monthly" for January, 1935. Dutt rollered resolution at both the criticises the Southport Conference Trade Union Congress and Labor Party Conference calling for sanctions against Italy to be operated through the League of Nations. in full. These decisions went far to assure the return of the National Government at the General Election and they also produced a tumult inside and outside the ranks of the Labor

sanctions but not against the in its whole Southport line of sup-

**Dutt Answers Dutt** "The greatest danger lies in the

instrument for stopping war but is

But the last blow for the Lenin line

was struck by no less a person than

R. Palme Dutt, leading theorist of

decisions of the Labor Party. In the

light of what has happened since,

these comments are worth quoting

pacifist and imperialist confusionist maneuvers and its channels of influence in the working-class move-There are three main groups at ment to disrupt the united workingwork inside the Labor Party upon clas front and replace it by support the question of sanctions, and many of rival imperialist policies. It is of their members are also against here that lies the whole significance the League as being a sham and a of the role of the Labor Party Execfake. The Christian Socialists, per- utive, not only in its international sonified by Lansbury are against fight against the united front. but

which is the backbone of the Labor contingencies, in the case of war 1918, a tremendous peace psycholo- and only criticises the policy of the abandoned their rifles in the year port of the League and Sanctions gy seized hold of the British work- National Government because it of imperialism, in the case of war to selves be dragged into warring for ver by your honest participation in ing class movement. Old jingoes does not go far enough to satisfy preserve the nation and its demolike Blatchford and Hyndman were Sir Walter Citrine, Bevin, and com- cratic institutions. It is here that pushed to the back of the stage and pany. Outside the Labor Party all lies the significance of the attempt the pacifist elements came to the state of the Socialist groups are against the formulation to the supposition of the League and sanctions with the exploit the fact of Soviet partification. Year after year, at Labor League and sanctions with the exploit the fact of Soviet partification in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the British Communication in the League of Nations line so far as the The latter body is now pushing for affiliation to the Labor Party ing class to subordinate itself to the cist Italy, for a Labor government sources, chapter and verse. They den, or Lansbury. The League of under cover of a policy that approx-Nations was extolled as an instru- imates to that of the Labor and It is here that lies the significance set of masters in France against did not think we were counter-revthe League and sanctions are conthe British Communist Party between the years 1920 and 1935 none could be found in their rigid dewho declared that the policy of the nunciation of the League of Nations The propaganda organization of the League, known as the League of munist Review. July. 1927.) Even As the years rolled on and from the revised programme of the Comtime to time the war danger threattime to time the war danger threatened to explode the reformist paralocation location in Britain the standpoint of the working-class new line of the Stalinists who are paper. dise, the speeches grew longer, louder, and more fiery, but so long as it was only Russia. China, or South America that a serial still circulating in Britain as the Communist Programme refers to the League as "a counter-revolutionary Holy Alliance of im-South America that was threatened perialist powers." Stalin, himself,

ment of peace and security. The Trade Union bureaucracy so far as of the preaching of a hypothetical another set of masters in Germany, war of 'democratic defense' against for the democratic capitalists buked for their abuse of the League cerned. This remarkable position is Fascism. It is here that lies the against the Fascist capitalists. The worth studying. Whatever fault significance of the spreading trust British Communists have found sion and of course we readily ascould be found in the propaganda of in a future Labor Government as new allies in the Christian organan instrument of peace. What is our answer to these 'left,' 'pacifist,' Tories, with whom they have now 'democratic,' 'anti-fascist,' argu-la united front functioning through greatly. It seems that the Stalinments in support of future imper- alleged Peace Councils. The Com- ists are publishing absolutely nothialist war. Our answer remains the munist member of parliament, ing here now, except occasional Leninist line, the line of interna- Gallacher, in his maiden speech, leaflets containing simple slogans. tional Socialism from Marx and called for "a People's Government And here, our small group, without at the Socialist pacifists and alleged Nations Union was declared to be Engels, from Stuttgart and Basle composed of the best elements in the financial aid of Moscow, was "an excellent Agit. Prop. depart- up to to-day. We need more than all parties," and in the struggle bringing out an excellent, printed, ment for the Imperialists." (Com- ever to warn the workers never to within the Labor Party and Trade four-page bi-weekly. Our first become entangled in the line of Unions, honest left-wing workers meeting ended with all five digging imperialist policies, but to judge have to fight against the reformist into their pockets and collectively every question of war solely from bureaucracy but also against the contributing five dollars for the

## - BOOKS-

## lew Constitution of the U.S.S.R.

#### BY LEON TROTSKY

(Continued from Page 1) forsaw such a type of state.

frequently" without those extreme powder in this field either. measures which might prove unnec-

events, the party program never exploits it for the justification of its political monopoly. Stalin and Mol-Molotov's promise to do "not in- atov did not discover any gun-

Worst of all, however, is the fact, essary is not worth much, and is that it is absolutely impossible to self-evident; but it loses all its val- gather, either from the interviews ue alongside of the reference to the or from the commentaries, the social enemies of law and order, who are nature of the state for which the precisely the ones that make it im- new constitution is being prepared. possible to renounce emergency The Soviet system uhed to be offic-The new terror does not lean upon | imply at least the liquidation of the | take, sometimes even two! either the old ruling classes or the | G.P.U.? Should any one venture to kulak. The terrorists of recent express this idea in the U.S.S.R., years are recruited exclusively the G.P.U. would immediately find from among the Soviet youth, from convincing counter-arguments. The the ranks of the Y.C.L. and of the classes have been destroyed, the party. While utterly impotent to Soviets are being abolished, the solve those tasks which it sets it- class theory of society is reduced to self, individual terror is, however, dust, but the bureaucracy remains. of the greatest symptomatic impor-Q.E.D

### The Whip Against the Bureaucracy cess—in the interests of administrative order. In point of fact not

corresponds to the alleged social itself by means of the secret corresponding to one class! Classes equality of all citizens that has been ballot. Stalin made this admission are not homogeneous, they are torn attained. But if we accept this pre- openly. To the question, Why the mise on faith, we become all the secret ballot? his reply was vermore perplexed by the following batim as follows: "Because we question: Why, if that be the case, want to give the Soviet people commust the elections be secret hence- plete freedom to vote for those they forth? Just whom does the popul want to elect". Thus we learn from lace in the socialist country fear? Stalin that the "Soviet people" can-Against whose attempts in partic- not vote today for those they want ular is it necessary to provide a to elect. "We" are only getting defense? The child's fear of dark- ready to provide them with such an ness has a purely biological founda- opportunity. Who are these "we" tion; but when grown up people who can give or refuse the freedom dare not express their opinions to vote? The stratum in whose name openly, their fear is political in Stalin speaks and acts: the burcharacter. And for the Marxist, eaucracy. Stalin need only have politics is always a function of the added that his important admission dalous mistake of Stalin is absoagree to such a reform—of course, members to elect those they desire. part—after the abolition of all under the pressure of the masses— The phrase "we want to give the was only because the bourgeoisie Soviet people" is in itself infinitely the field of theory, Stalin proves itself was interested in protecting more important than all the conits state at least partially against stitutions Stalin has yet to write, reasoning it follows not that there the demoralization of its own for this brief phrase is a ready cannot be different parties in the making. But in the U.S.S.R. there constitution, and, moreover, very obviously cannot be any pressure of real, and not a myth. the exploiters upon the toilers. Against whom, then, is it necessary to protect the Soviet citizens by means of the secret ballot?

the viva voce vote was introduced which it exploits "as the rightful retary. as a weapon in the hands of the re-owner", from the corruption of its volutionary class against bourgeois own making. Stalin was compelled and netty bourgeois enemies. The to give an inkling of this motive same purpose was served by the for the reform. Said he to Howard, restrictions in the franchise itself. "There are not a few institutions in Now, at the end of the second de- our country which work badly . . cade after the Revolution, no longer Secret suffrage in the U.S.S.R. will the class enemies but the toilers be a whip in the hands of the popthemselves are so frightened that ulation against the organs of govthey cannot vote except under the ernment which work badly." A shield of secrecy. This touches precisely the masses of the people, the bureaucracy has created, with the overwhelming majority, for it is its own hands the socialist society, impossible to allow that the secret it feels the need . . . of a whipballot is being specialy introduced not only because the organs of govfor the convenience of the counter- ernment "work badly" but above all revolutionary minority!

But who is terrorizing the peo-

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We shall return later to the ques- ple? The answer is clear—the tion as to the extent to which the bureaucracy. The latter is pre-

> As the European bourgeoisie in secret ballot in order at least parsecond noteworthy admission! After because they are corroded through and through with the vices of uncontrolled cliques.

As far back as 1928, Rakovsky wrote the following with regard to number of horrible cases of bur-

PAUL LUTTINGER, M.D. DANIEL LUTTINGER, M.D. 5 Washington Square North 1-2 and 6-8 Except Sundays and Holidays.

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THE MILITANT Published weekly by the New Militant Publishing Co., 100 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.

Entered as second class mail matter

Subscription rates: In the United States \$1.00 per year; 65c per six menths; Canada and foreign \$1.50 per year; \$1.00 six months. Bundle rates: Two cents per copy

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1936

eaucratic demoralization that broke the situation has become infinitely | Socialism has already come, and centration camps. Stalin is the in-city workers. To smother the prohave elapsed since that time, and paratus of administration.

out into the open, "The most char- worse. Stalin's autocratic rule has acteristic and most dangerous feat- erected nepotism, self-will, profligtance because it characterizes the ure in the tidal wave of scandals, acy, pillage and bribery into a syscourse be strong and consistent in sharpness of the antagonism be- is the passivity of the masses, tem of administration. The decay of the struggle against terrorists and tween the bureaucracy and the wide among the Communists even more the apparatus, cropping out at eventual transfer and the struggle against terrorists and tween the bureaucracy and the wide among the Communists even more the apparatus, cropping out at eventual transfer and the struggle against terrorists and the stru wreckers of public property. . . ." worsnip of the leader emanates chief aim of the new constitution, that among the non-party men, toery step, has begun to threaten the program, to abolish "any reonly from these circles. Such is about which neither Stalin nor Mol-Soviets; a proletarian dictatorship younger generation. Terrorism is of self-will, of which the workers source of power, income and privi- But the bureaucracy will not allow system of the U.S.S.R. ward the manifestations of unheard- very existence of the state as the strictions whatsoever upon liberty." the essence of the present political otov naturally have communicated without the proletariat, and, in the tragic supplement of Bona-themselves were witnesses. Out of leges of the ruling stratum. A reson much as to peep about such a addition to that, a dictatorship not partism. Each individual bureaufear of those who wield power, or form became necessary. Taking constitution. The internal falseness Stalin is compelled from time to the village as against the city. In against the bourgeoisie, but against crat is afraid of the terror; but the simply out of political indifference, fright at their own handiwork the of the whole construction is all too time to side with the "people" as this, too, Stalin remains true to . . . terrorists and thieves. At all bureaucracy as a whole successfully they passed by without a protest, or summits of the Kremlin turn to the confined themselves merely to population with a plea to help it grumbling". More than eight years cleanse and straighten out the ap-

#### Democracy Without Politics

Turning to the people for the metaphysics of unity but by the ganizations And we have hundreds salutary whip, the bureaucracy, egoistic interests of the privileged however, lays down one ultimatismeasures. Whence, however, arise ially considered as the expression of the enemies of law and order, the dictatorship of the proletariat. This holy function must remain as hitherto the monopoly of the "leader." To the ticklish questions will be the "most dam" they might have revived with the geois democracy. But a solution will be the "most dam" they might have revived with the geois democracy. But a solution will be the "most dam" they might have revived with the geois democracy. But a solution will be the "most dam" they might have revived with the geois democracy. But a solution will be the "most dam" they might have revived with the geois democracy. But a solution will be the "most dam" they might have revived with the geois democracy. tic condition: that there be no polmoreover in such threatening numbers as would justify the preservation of a dictatorship in a classless ship has likewise been destroyed.

To the ticklish question of the American interlocutor relative to other parties, Stalin replied: "Since there are no classes, which is likewise been destroyed."

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To the ticklish question of the American interlocutor relative to other parties, Stalin replied: "Since there are no classes, which has likewise been destroyed." society? Here we must come to the Who, then, is its carrier now? since the dividing lines between Europe and America. This twoassistance of Molotov. At the dawn Obviously the population as a classes are being obliterated ["there of stratum" — the bureaucracy of the Soviet power the terrorist whole. But when the entire people, are no classes"—"the dividing which leans upon the labor arisacts were perpretated by the S. R.'s ecancipated from class contradic- lines between classes (which do not and the Whites in the atmosphere tions, becomes the carrier of the exist!) are being obliterated"-L. try. The present ruling party of of the still unfinished civil war. dictatorship, this implies nothing When the former ruling classes lost else than the dissolution of the dicall their hopes, terrorism disaptatorship in the socialist society, tween various strata, in socialist eged stratum. The Stalinist bupeared as well. Kulak terror, traces and consequently the liquidation of society, and there can be no ferof which are observable even now, the state. The logic of Marxism is tile soil for the creation of conwas always local in character, and invulnerable. The liquidation of the tending parties. Where there are supplemented the partisan war state in its turn begins with the not several classes there cannot be holds. For the future as well, it against the Soviet regime. This liquidation of the bureaucracy, several parties, for a party is a part intends to reserve the "fertile soil" is not what Molotov has in mind. Does the new constitution, perhaps, of a class." Every word a mis-

According to Stalin, it seems that the dividing lines between classes are rigidly described, and that in every given period only one party corresponds to each class. The Marxist doctrine of the class nature of parties is transformed into der extremely difficult historical trade unions and cooperatives, the a ludicrous bureaucratic carica conditions, the party of the Bolshe- active role in them is played exture: political dynamics is entirely excluded from the historical proby internal antagonisms, and they arrive even at the solution of common tasks only through an internal struggle of tendencies, grouplimits it may be allowed that "the party is a part of a class." But inasmuch as a class has many "parts" - some facing forward, others backwards-one and the same class can put forth several parties. For the self-same reason, a single party can lean upon the parts of several classes

Remarkably enough, this scangainst the terror of the exploiters. General Secretary by means of a that no classes at all exist there. classes? Carelessly straying into more than he intended. From his U.S.S.R. but that there cannot be even a single party. Where there are no classes there can be no room its time, so the Soviet Bureaucracy for politics in general. Stalin, howis compelled today to resort to the ever, makes a gracious exception from this law in the case of the Under the old Soviet constitution, tially to purge its state apparatus party of which he is General Sec-

rian mass is "fundamental" or only is infinitely more heterogeneous and iat in capitalist countries. For this ciently fertile soil for several par-

Stalin is interested, as a matter of fact, not in the sociology of Marx but in the monopoly of the bureaucracy. These are two entirely different things. Every labor bureaucracy, even one that does are barefoot. To a high dignitary not wield state power, inclines to the view that there is no "fertile" "slight", i.e., one that does not mersoil" in the working class for the it attention. To the unskilled labor-British Labour Party drive the revolutionists out of the trade unions

cliques. Soviet bureaucracy is in-

tocracy—is the ruler of the counreaucracy has something to lose and nothing more to conquer. It is not inclined to share what it the Soviet public organizations—

for itself. also occupied a monopoly position resent the interests of different of the Soviet era. However, to and the same hierarchic structure: During the years of civil war, un-lileged circles, as for instance the viks found itself compelled tempo- clusively by the representatives of rarily to prohibit other parties, not the privileged summits, while the ed: this is what made them dan- lead to nothing else than the rivalthe bureaucracy embellishes the at the same time permitting a poit exploits it for its own benefit. If must inevitably be directed against

trade union, cooperative, cultural.

ference between various strata in In a truly homogeneous society, munist Party of the Soviet Union ism. Everything depends upon the Soviet society is "slight but not in which the normal wants of the several tens of thousands of Bolfundamental," he obviously has in citizens are satisfied without ran-shevik-Leninists, i.e., in reality, an elements of the working class. mind the fact that exclusive of the cour and brawls, not only Bonaindividual peasant proprietors, who partist absolutism, but bureaucraare sufficiently numerous even to- cy in general would be inconceivday to populate Czechoslovakia, all able. The bureaucracy is not a other "strata" depend upon the technical but a social category statified or collectivized means of Every single bureaucracy originproduction. This is beyond dis- ates in and maintains itself upon which he is so noted: "In the party We must learn how to utilize the ripute. But a "fundamental" differ. the heterogeneous nature of society, ence still remains between the col- upon the antagonism of interests lective, i.e. group property in agri- and the internal struggle. It reguculture and the nationalized proper- lates the social antagonisms in the this respect has fundamentally engage in battles on the soil of the The history of the working class ty in industry: it can still make it interests of the privileged classes or reveals best of all the bankruptcy self felt in the future. We shall layers, and exacts an enormous is truly united." Best of all, he is afraid of the workers, we must of the Stalinist theory of parties not, however, enter into a discustribute for this from the toilers. might have added, this is proved unfold our work among them more Despite the fact that the working sion of this important question. Of This very same function, despite by the interminable purges and con-audaciously and on a more extenclass is in its social structure in- considerably more immediate im- the great revolution in the properdubitably the least heterogeneous portance is the difference between ty relations, is being fulfilled, with legal existence of an opposition of the youth, we must rally it to of all classes in capitalist society, the "strata" which is determined cynicism and not without success, party is not non-existence, but only the banner of Marx and Lenin. the existence of such a "stratum" by their relation not to the means by the Soviet bureaucracy.

and file. The bureaucracy was It is a lie and a triple lie to al weakest of all during the years of lege that socialism has been real the struggle against the kulak ized in the U.S.S.R. The flowering (1929-1932). Precisely for this of bureaucratism is barbaric proof reason, it set with great zeal to the that socialism is still far removed. formation of a labor and kolkhoz So long as the productivity of labor aristocracy: instituting a shocking in the U.S.S.R. is several times bedifference in wage scales, premi-low that of the advanced capitalist ums, badges, and other similar meal countries; so long as the people has sures which are called forth one not emerged from want; so long as third by economic necessity, and a cruel struggle continues to be two-thirds by the political interests waged for articles of consumption; of the bureaucracy. Upon this new | so long as the individualistic burand ever deepening social antagon- eaucracy can thrum with impunity ism, the ruling caste has exalted it-upon social antagonisms—just so self to its present Bonapartist long will the danger of bourgeois

the fertile soil for political parties disputable leader of the bureau- test of the workers against the has disappeared, there would be no He keeps in constant touch only weight of the more backward need to prohibit them. It would with these "strata". A sincere masses of the village—this is the only remain, in accordance with "worship" of the leader emanates chief aim of the new constitution,

against the bureaucracy, naturally, tradition. Seeking to dispel normal doubts with the latter's silent consent. He is even compelled to seek for a Webbs failed to see any great difon the part of his interlocutor, whip from below against the abuses Stalin offered a new thought: "Can-from above. As we have already Czarism prior to 1923, but, in redidates will be put forward not only by the Communist Party but the constitutional reform. There is nized the "democracy" of Stalin's by all sorts of public, non-party or-another and no less important mo-

of these." . . . "Each of these strata (of Soviet society) may have its the Soviets, dissolving the workers and with the awakening of the new This piece of sophistry is no bet- generation. Above all, of course, with its first victory. ter than the rest. The most impor- are to be feared the city Soviets, tant "strata" in Soviet society are: with the growing participation of its middle and nethermost layers, the cities the contrast between luxaristocracy, the common run of The first care of the Soviet aristocworkers, the middle layers of the racy is to get rid of the Workers' kolkhozes, the peasant proprietors, and Red Army Soviets.

the labor strata of workers and peasants, and beyond them the material and cultural contradiction feel the barrel of a gun at his temlumpenproletariat, the homeless, between the city and the village ple. Since the days of Napoleon the prostitutes and so on. As to has hardly been touched. The pea- III, who now appears as a provin-To be sure, the Bolshevik party sport, etc.—they do not at all repeats within the kolkhozes and be-ment, as witness, say, the latest tween the kolkhozes. The bureau spectacle by Goebbels. The new in the state during the first period "strata" because they all have one cracy finds it much easier to cope constitution is thus intended to liidentify these two phenomena is to Even in those cases, when the or- lage. It is able to use the kolkhoz- let regime, replacing it by Bonamistake appearances for reality. ganizations are based upon the privniks not without success against the partism on the plebiscitary basis.

anything to the world. Bonapart-

Learned philistines like the regime. Small wonder: these people have all their lives been the ideologists of a labor bureaucracy. In special interests and express them in the general mass of the popula- bears the same relation to Soviet constitution will be the "most demgrowth of new social antagonisms ly from the frightful defeats of the world proletariat. Both will crash

Bonapartism as history testifies is able to abide very well with unithe summits of the bureaucracy and green and exacting Y.C.L.'ers. In versal and even secret suffrage. The democratic ritual of Bonapartism is the labor aristocracy, the kolkhoz ury and dire want is all too glaring. the plebiscite. From time to time the question is put to the citizens: For or against the Leader? The leader, on his part, takes precau-Despite the collectivization, the tions so that the voter is able to santry is still very backward and cial dilletante, this technique has atomized. Social antagonisms also attained an unprecedented developwith the dissatisfaction in the vil- quidate juridically the outworn Sov-

#### Tasks of the Vanguard

Drawing profounder conclusions ginning with their vanguard. The tion as to the extent to which the bureaucracy. The latter is preuniversal equal and direct suffrage paring to protect the toilers against ing the complete liquidation of . . . gerous. The party explained open- ry between the different cliques of classes". What precision in ideas ly to the masses what it was doing, the bureaucracy within the limits and terminology! In the year 1931, sibilities which arise on every for it was clear to everybody set, by the Kremlin. The ruling they liquidated the "last capitalist that at stake was the defense of summit calculates to learn in this class, that of the kulaks," and in inist constitution would of course the isolated revolution against manner some secrets hidden from it the year 1936 they are "closely ap be unseasonable. But it is equally ings and parties. Within certain mortal dangers. Today, the more and to refurbish its regime, without proaching the liquidation of impermissible to wave it aside as social reality, the more shamelessly litical struggle to take place which the question of parties is not a "vi- cracy assumes the risk of a reform while suppressing the exploiting al" reforms, and still further weakclass struggle. In capitalist sociate that the bureaucracy again ety the secret ballot is intended to provide a defense for the exploited.

State and that, in particular, for, you see, in relation to the U.S. R. he proceeds from the assertion against the terror of the exploiters.

Secretary by means of a that the bureaucracy again ent of the bureaucracy, is the most tative leader, the bureaucracy again demonstrates how little it underspectively against the ent of the bureaucracy, is the most tative leader, the bureaucracy again of bread and boots must be protected by find and boots must be protected by months from the so-called Comentire revolutionary party.

> litely put the question about fac- twists and windings of the constitions and their possible transforma- tutional reform, painstakingly taktion into independent parties, Molling into consideration the experiotov replied, with the quick wit for ence of the first coming elections.

special factions . . . . but is now changed and the Communist Party plebiscites as well. The bureaucracy centration camps. However, the il- sive scale. Bonapartism is afraid a difficult form of existence. Ar- From the adventures of individual The latter raised itself on the rests may prove very effective terrorism, the method of those who NEP, exploiting the antagonism be- against the parties of a class that are desperate we must lead the tween the kulak and the Nepman, is departing from the historical vanguard of the young generation on the one hand, and the workers stage: the revolutionary dictator- onto the broad road of the world and peasants, on the other. When ship of the years 1917-1923 has the kulak, grown strong, raised his proved this fully. But the arrests new Bolshevik cadres which will hand against the bureaucracy it-aimed against the revolutionary come to replace the decaying buself, the latter, in the interests of vanguard will not save the outlived reaucratic regime. self-defense, was compelled to lean bureaucracy, which according to its directly upon the nethermost rank own admission requires a "whip"

restoration retain its full force. At

because the latter lacked a "fertile "party," i.e., the political organiza- from Stalin, Molotov told the editor regeneration of the party of the soil"—in that case it would not tion of the ruling stratum, has the of le Temps that the question of Bolsheviks in counterpoise to the a single instance can be found have been necessary even to pro- last word. The participation of parties in the U.S.S.R. is "not a vi- party of the Bonapartists is the throughout the entire extent of hibit them—but on the contrary, non-political organizations in the tal question in the U.S.S.R., inas- key to all other difficulties and

On the road towards a goal, one must be able to utilize the real posstage. Any illusions about the Stalclasses. For better or for worse, an insignificant trifle. The bureautal"one to Molotov. Entirely differ- not at its own whim but out of neent, however, are the views held cessity. History tells of many cases upon this matter by those workers of a bureaucratic dictatorship rewho know that the bureaucracy sorting for its salvation to "liberclasses with one hand, prepares for ening itself. By laying bare Bonatheir rebirth with the other. For partism, the new constitution crethese advanced workers the ques- ates a semi-legal cover for the tion of their own party, independ-struggle against it. The rivalry beagainst the expelled during the last few tions that work badly" can be turned into a whip against Bonapartdegree of activity of the advanced

The Bolshevik-Leninists must When the editor of le Temps pol henceforth follow attentively all the . . attempts were made to create valry between the various "public organizations" in the interests of revolution. It is necessary to train April 16, 1936.

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Vol. 2, No. 18 (Whole No. 70)

The Historical Meaning of the New Constitution In the person of its most authori- jority is so low that the ownership ent of the bureaucarcy, is the most tween the bureaucratic cliques can

That the bourgeoisie did finally system which does not permit party of what class is the C.P.S.U. a Which determine its movement. When Stalin remarks that the difas the labor aristocracy and a of production but to the articles of labor bureaucracy bound up with consumption. The sphere of disit leads to the creation of reformist tribution is, of course, only a "suparties, which inevitably turn into perstructure" in relation to the one of the instruments of bourgeois to the sphere of production. Howrule. It matters nothing from the ever, it is precisely the sphere of standpoint of Stalinist sociology distribution that is of decisive imwhether the difference between the portance in the everyday life of the labor aristocracy and the proleta- people. From the standpoint of the ownership of the means of produc-"slight"; but it was precisely by tion, the difference between a Marreason of this difference that the shall and a street cleaner, between necessity to create the Third In- the head of a trust and an unskilled ternational arose in its time. On laborer, between the son of a peothe other hand, it is indubitable ples' Commissar and a homeless that the structure of Soviet society waif is not "fundamental". But some occupy lordly apartments, encomplex than that of the proleta- joy several dachas (summer homes) in various parts of the country, very reason, it can provide a suffi- have the best automobiles at their disposal, and have long forgotten how to shine their own boots; while others not infrequently live in wooden barracks, without any partitions for privacy, lead a halfstarved existence, and do not clean their own boots only because they this difference seems to be only

> opposition. The leaders of the er it appears, not without reason, to be "fundamental". on the grounds that there is no cording to Molotov, the object of with a fear that is purely bour- has itself become the chief danger room for the struggle between par- the dictatorship in the U.S.S.R. is geois. Stalin supplies the growing to the socialist future. The inequalties within the framework of a the thief. But the very abundance privileges of the ruling stratum ity can be reduced to its econom-"united" working class. Messrs. of people of such a profession is a with a "theoretical" justification by ically inevitable limits at the given Vandervelde. Leon Blum, Jouhaux true sign manual of the want that means of the Comintern, and he de stage, and a road can be cut to soetc., act in a similar manner. Their reigns in society . Where the mater- fends the Soviet aristocracy against cialist equality only by the active

ment of socialism sound like an infamous mockery of human beings!

heights.

In a country in which the lava the present time, with the growth of revolution has not yet cooled, of inequality on the basis of ecothe privileged are often very much nomic successes, the danger has afraid of their own privileges, es even been increased. In this and in pecially against the background of this alone lies the justification for general want. The topmost Soviet the need of state power. But the In addition to the terrorists, ac- strata stand in dread of the masses, bureaucratically degenerated state conduct is dictated not by the ial level of the overwhelming ma-dissatisfaction by means of con-political control of the toilers, be-

## French Radicals Hold Whip Hand Progressives Beat Dillon Machine At the Auto Workers Convention

## The Meaning of the (Continued from Page 1) 1932, the Socialists polled a popular vote almost equal to that of the Radicals. The electoral agree. **Elections in France**

(Continued from Page 1)

parties form a bloc with the Radical Socialists—which puts forward as its program exactly the program of the Radical of the election, the Daily Worker Socialists; which accepts as its outstanding leaders, both in remarks that the victory was "even and out of Parliament, these same repudiated Radical Socialist Stalinists seem generally at a loss chiefs; and which in the elections throws the working-class vote for superlatives to acclaim their over to the Radical Socialist candidates.

When every demand of history and every teaching of Marxism called for an open and intransigent revolutionary proleta- are "comparable only to the Spanrian policy, for the hastening of the dissolution of the Radical ish election victory. Socialist party by resolutely drawing the lower strata of its following behind the proletarian ranks under the banner of a revolutionary program, the Stalinists and Socialists of France Stalinists acclaim as the "great have, through the People's Front, been engaged in exhausting gains for the French masses," to the energies of the proletariat for the sake of-slowing down the dissolution of the Radical Socialists, bolstering up their to the sun. While it is true that credit and prestige with the masses, salvaging their bankrupt proportionately the People's Front program, and aiding them in their loyal task of preventing the gained approximately the same preparations for revolutionary struggle.

The disillusionment of the petty-bourgeois masses with France), the Spanish S.P. and C.U. Radical Socialism will not be permanently altered by changing combined obtained only a little over the name of Radical Socialism to the People's Front. Why one-third of the seats against all should they pick up again what they have discarded merely for most two-thirds for the French the sake of a pretty new label? Already, the elections show, S.P. and C.P. The combined poputhey are in large numbers turning not to the left but to the lar vote of these two parties toright, where at least there are confident leaders to speak out boldly for a new road and a new solution. The continuation boldly for a new road and a new solution. The continuation C.P. received less than 6% of the of the People's Front policy means that this trend of the petty seats in the bloc as against almost bourgeoisie will necessarily continue and increase. When the 20% for the C.P. in France. blows of history strip off the new clothes of the People's Front the results of the election come alto show more obviously the Radical Socialist skeleton beneath, most as a shock to the tub-thumpers it will lose what attractive power it now has for the petty bour- for the People's Front. geoisie, and they will drift faster toward the fascist camp. The proletariat can win and hold the petty bourgeois masses only by drawing them in under its own revolutionary banner, never by creeping in under the tattered petty-bourgeois tent.

What has been changed in France by these elections, hailed own party, while giving the Comby the swarm of liberals, reformists, and social-patriots as the munists 25, and the Radicals 15... dawn of France's salvation? Essentially, nothing. Even in the Fe is convinced that the Radical Chamber of Deputies, in spite of the electoral shift, the basic will remain the largest in the relations are unaltered. The Communist and Socialist parties Chamber." (The Manchester Guartogether have only about 35% of the votes in the Chamber. dian Weekly. April 24.) Thus they can control legislation and governmental policy only with the assistance of the Radical Socialists, who have about 20%. But this means that all measures actually taken will have to be Radical Socialist measures, and that any type or variation of a People's Front government could be in practice only another Radical Socialist government. The Radical Socialists keep the same relative position which they held in the last

In many important respects, the nominal majority of the People's Front taken together with the minority position of the working-class parties is an added danger rather than an improvement. For example, it enables the French bourgeoisie to dispatch (allegedly from Paris) at next Chamber: "About 60 Radicals carry through any social and economic measures which they see fit, from wage reductions to devaluation to war, and at the same time to slough off all responsibility for such measures on to howling victory on the first ballot cannot associate with a majority trades and office workers in that Socialists. They supported and Park, Pa.," a slap at the decentralthe People's Front In this way, the bourgeoisie can convinc- and predicting a disastrous defeat ingly maintain before the French masses that the continuing for the People's Front in the runand increasing ills from which they suffer are actually due to the People's Front and its inspirers, the working-class parties.

With Goodrich marched its uniformed baseball team, and members the People's Front and its inspirers, the working-class parties.

With Goodrich marched its uniformed baseball team, and members the prisoners from the Havana the prisoners from the Bolshevik-Leninist Labor Party resolution and that believe it or not—of the riding Thus the basis is laid for unanswerable propaganda to weaken give the Radicals, that "great mid- Lyons ("Lyons and the mass standing and authority of Socialism and Communism, dle class party" not 70 but 170 seats. two names are inseparable") failed trast to the Stalinist opportunism, and to draw the petty bourgeoisie and even many layers of the working class to the only other road—to Fascism. It will be observed that it is the policy of the People's Front which has placed the working class parties in this equivocal and possibly fatal position. To date, in drawing up the balance sheet of the Daily Worker tended to be re-People's Front, the Socialist and Communist parties have paid out: revolutionary theory, revolutionary policies, revolutionary strategy; and have received: a paper majority for the People's Front—which is either no majority at all, or a majority for the Radical Socialists, since the majority can be maintained only at the whim and pleasure of the Radical Socialists. But such a majority, far from representing an asset, is only an additional liability, burdening the working class parties with all the heav debts and crimes of Radical Socialism.

The election results do not alter by a hair's breadth the underlying causes of the French crisis. Unemployment, low wages, high costs, the increasing misery of the lower strata of the peasantry, high taxes, the threat of devaluation, the ap- class parties" having to oppose the proach of war: these remain now as they were a month ago. Fascists face to face even on the Socialists and the Communists, and cism of its policies. The protest to voted for and others apparently ab-And every year of modern history, especially every year since parliamentary arena. According to which must continue at an ever in- President Roosevelt on conditions the last War, proves that the reformist schemes of the People's Front cannot change materially for the better a single one of from Fascism only provided that them. Every lesson of our times teaches that they demand as the "great party of the middle the single possible answer: the workers' revolution and socialism.

And the French Fascists? Defeated by the parliamentary warriors of the People's Front? Buried beneath the clouds of ballots? The very conception is sufficiently ludicrous. The Fascists participated only to a small degree in the elections. For the most part, they swung their votes to the traditional Right parties, many of the leaders of which are more openly moving toward a Fascist position in recent months. Meanwhile, the ranks of the Fascists are intact. Their knives and revolvers and machine guns and armored cars and tanks and airplanes are safe and growing in number. Their influence in the army is mounting. They prepare systematically, in their own fashion, for the struggle ahead. And French finance-capital directs their progress, holding them temporarily in check from too precipitous action before it is needed. Finance-capital makes it its business to learn from history: and the lessons of Italy, Germany and Austria were not taught it in vain. It knows that cracial political issues are not settled by ballots.

example. Its basic struggle must be transferred from parlia- workers' defense must be armed and organized. The answer to ment to the streets and the countryside. The subordination of the crisis of France must be given boldly: the workers' revoluthe proletariat to the program and tactics of the petty bour- tion. geoisie hrough the People's Front must be resolutely broken. The People's Front itself must be smashed through, and in its which the workers of France are doomed to the fate of their place, to secure concerted and coordinated action, must be built German comrades, demands as its first and decisive pre-condithe fighting united front of the workers, which will draw behind tion the reassembling of the revolutionary forces of the French it the lower ranks of the petty bourgeoisie. The revolutionary proletariat, the forging of the revolutionary party, which can alogans must be brought before the masses, and made concrete alone achieve the victory.

Radicals on the second ballot worked to the advantage of the latter, and this cut down the Socialist representation in the Chamber, In commenting upon the results

'triumph." Thus, Gannes shyly that the "tremendous, even smashing gains" scored in France

Comparison with Spanish Vote From the standpoint of what the the French is to hold a candle up majority in each country (56% of the total seats in Spain; 60% one-third of the seats carried by

Results Come as Shock Leon Blum, in an interview is sued to the French press, on the eve of the first ballot; "modestly group, the great middle class party.

In the Daily Worker analysis of the results of the first ballot we "from at least 40 and possibly 60 deputies" for the C.P.; and, finally, the following astounding progno-

"It is estimated that the French Socialist Party will obtain 80 seats in the next Chamber and the Radical Socialists will hold about 70.'

(D.W., April 28.) We can either accept this news Daily Worker was merely insuring The latter figure is the one prophealso ventured as an estimate in the pages of L' Humanite.

Even after the run offs, the strained almost to the verge of suspicion. Thus, under its screaming headline of May 4 which proclaimed "victory", the Stalinists carried the most conservative U.P. dispatch which gave the Communists "between 45 and 55 seats in the next parliament", and did not breathe a word about the possibility of the Radicals losing their dominant po-

sition to the Socialists. Distressed at New Set-Up

The Stalinists get the jitters at the very thought of themselves or the theory and practice of the People's Front, France can be saved class" be interposed in power be law-abiding workers. The program of the People's Front is acceptable to Herriot-Daladier because it is the program of Herriot - Daladier The banner of the People's Front is report with satisfaction the fol-

"In estimating the degree of reduess of the new majority, it should be noted that at nearly all the electoral meetings, even the Communist ones, the Tricolor flag of the French Republic was used to form the centerpiece over the platform. . . The Marseillaise was sum as lustily as the "Internationale", and these small mat-

ters are significant" (N.Y. Times,

The victory proved "unexpected" the Radicals. The electoral agree- and even embarassing to the Stalment between the Socialists and the inists because they were anxious that the Radicals should be stronger in the new Chamber than the Socialists. But, as it turned out, 'everybody" won except the true banner-bearers of the People's Front, the Radical Socialists.

ical Socialists were the doubtful cers should come first. friends of democracy within the People's Front".

Defeated Despite People's Front

o mention that those Radicals who went down to defeat, did so despite the support of the People's Front, i.e. of the Socialists and of the Communists. Far from "rebuking or rejecting" any Radical, even one openly hostile to the People's Front, the Stalinists sought to placate and elect every single one of them. As reported by M. E. Ravage in the Nation (April 29) the Stalinists rejected the proposal made by i Socialist member of the People's Front Committee that every candidate supported by the bloc be asked to pledge his approval of the program and his support of the government formed to execute it. "Surprisingly enough the Communists, eager not to alienate the Radicals by seeming to dictate to them, rejected he proposal".

The Daily Worker carefully avoids any editorial mention of Herriot's case. Yet it is a secret to no one that Herriot is not at all friendly to the People's Front, and if anyone can be charged with supof Laval it is certainly Herriot who participated in Laval's cabinet.

Blum Prophesies Collapse

Daladier is the titular leader of the Radicals, but the decisive infind: first, a boast of the "great street of gardless of whether or not the Rad- In F.D.'s Cuba icals received the largest delegation it was obvious from the outset that the next French Government would once again depend upon this party, which is plainly divided in its views toward the People's Front bourgeois organizations. Leon Blum, for example prophesied in his interview to the press shortly before the elections that the People's Front would collapse in the its face value and conclude that the with right-wing tendencies will leave the People's Front organizaitself against all eventualities by tion under the pretext that they which includes Communists."

of election on the first ballot, the sied for the Radicals by Blum, and Stalinists would have taken the entire political planning. Just the contrary occurred. Herriot received the support of the Socialists and the Communists and nosed out his reactionary opponent.

The salient aspects of the election have been already outlined by us in last week's article. It remains include political prisoners of every only to add that the results of the

The disintegation of this tradi- only real activity carried on under tional party of French "democrathe Socialists, i.e. the "working cy," which is so marked in the face of the joint support of both the creasing rate, has already establish in Cuba, initiated by the Non-Pared a relationship of forces in the tisan Labor Defense, and signed by Chamber which places the greatest Norman Thomas, John Dos Passos. strain upon the structure of the Clifford Odets and thirty other People's Front. The collapse of the labor leaders and intellectuals in tween the lawless Fascists and the People's Front would signify a tre- December, had strong repercussions mendous acceleration in the process of regroupment within the French from the Non-Partisan Labor Deworking class as a whole, within fense that a broad movement in dethe Socialist Party, and even among the Stellinists. Its collapse at this tablished in America, involving all the tricolor; its hymu, the Marseil-juncture when the Fascists are as political tendencies, is the most inlaise. That is why P. J. Philip can yet unprepared to launch a general spiring information we have had ion expressed above that the auto offensive would come as a great here in the year since the terror boon to the French working class began, which can expect no counsel from Blum-Daladier-Cachin except betraval and no action except capitu-

The first serious test, and the resulting disintegration of the "victors" may come even prior to the convocation of the new Chamber over the question of the devalua tion of the franc.

The proletariat of France will do well to follow such an in action; and to meet the armed hands of the Fascists, the

But each of these tasks, without the accomplishment of

(Continued from Page 1)

pposing the previous craft union ninded administration, the second test of their development showed be ignored.

**Election of Officials** 

So strong was the desire of many delegates including the progressives The Daily Worker pretends it is to obtain offices that instead of pleased at the outcome, and ex- fighting out differences on basic isplains the defeat of the Radicals as sues and then electing men on their for political democracy in unions the defeat of the enemies of the stand, it was decided by the steer-People's Front:"The defeated Rad- ing committee that election of offi-

Martin, a compromise selection of the progressives, was chosen presi-"The forces within the People's dent. Previously Wyndham Mor-Front who dared flirt with the re-timer, of Cleveland, one of the actionaries, who voted for some of strongest leaders of the progresthe pro-Fascist measures of ex-Rad. sives, was favored as candidate. He ical Premier Pierre Laval, were de- | became first vice-president. Ed cisively rebuked and rejected." (D. Hall, secretary-treasurer, although bitterly opposed by progressives from his own territory, Wisconsin, was given second vice-presidency, The Stalinists conveniently forget in a deal. Wells, of Detroit, known as a middle-of-the-road man. became third vice president, and George Addes, of Toledo, by no means a thorough progressive, was chosen secretary-treasurer.

The caliber of the officers is very reminiscent of the rubber workers' officials selected last fall. Only the clearly where each stands. of the rubber worker progressives, turned reactionary in the Goodyear him a tremendous ovation. Ander pay higher wages . . ."

The Red Scare

A company-inspired red scare elections.

In bitterness over the election results, reactionary delegates introduced a resolution to expel all IONISM. "communists" from the conknown vention.

A two-hour debate ensued with nilitant Socialist delegates taking the best stand and putting up the strongest opposition to the resolu-

Instead of fighting the battle to

## Terror Reigns Industrial Organization was praised by Frankensteen and Anderson.

(Continued from Page 1) 1. The Agrarian National Party and the Aprista Party. two petty

"Confederation of Labor," the I.L.D. and a host of al-

3. The Havana Federation Labor, and the Socorro Obrero.

bakers, cigar - makers. city. The Socorro Obrero (Work- fought for every point of the pro- ization announcements of the past None other than Herriot is the ers Aid) is a non-partisan defense gram previously mentioned both in month. leader of this group. One might organization, which takes care of numerous caucus meetings and on With Goodrich marched its unithe support of the masses. In the lead in administering a rebuke and Amnesty Committee it stands out a defeat in the run-offs to the man head and shoulders above the rest who so obviously endangers their However, its forces are too small to change the situation at present.

Sensitive to American Protest What does exist here is a system of prison aid, in which even Young Cuba and the Autenticos participate. A United Cooperative has been formed within the prisons to shade. This co-operative, in which second ballot provide a striking both the Socorro Obrero and the verification of the manner in which LL.D. participate, distributes monthe People's Front salvages the ut-lev. food, tobacco, books, etc. This terly bankrupt party of the Radi- work, which is a necessary auxiliary to a defense movement, is the

> united auspices. tremel sensitive to American critiin the Cuban press. News received fense of Cuban workers is being esurge the class-conscious

American workers to help build this defense movement. International solidarity can act as a springboard for the Cuban struggle for demo cratic rights

a finish and defeating the resolution forces against which the workers once and for all, the progressive battle. Many of the militants apforces passed a motion to refer it peared to realize this too, and exback to the constitutional commit-

tée where it was forgotten. In that connection, a speech by Ladies Garment Workers Union, speaking as a guest that afternoon spiked the reactionaries on the red blacklists and other scare. She gave an eloquent plea which was cheered by virtually United Rubber Workers left a defieveryone. After her talk the issue nite impression and built up a new ever came to the surface again.

Flavs Craft Union Regime

Then came the memorable speech of Richard Frankensteen, an observer for the independent industrial union which Coughlin had influenced. He scathingly denounced the craft union policies of the Green regime. He criticized the ignorant against his union; pointing out that at no time in the past two years A. F. of L. or any group to bring union, indicated the them into the federation. He declared the A. F. of L. conduct in the Motor Products strike where Dillon led scabs into the factory under the A. F. of L. banner a disgrace to unionism. Then he made stirring plea for unity and pledged to bring the union into the autonomous United Automobile Workers while the delegates gave son of the M.E.S.A. likewise took said, at a mass meeting. a similar stand in his talk.

It was clearly established that pranding Martin and Mortimer as workers' minds—an expression of by the C.I.O. when obviously only what the thousands of workers in the most militant struggle can the huge factories think. Those bring any victory, as the Goodyear were UNITY of all unions under strike proved. the banner of INDUSTRIAL UN-

Unity Probable Soon

Immediate plans for amalgamation including the seating of an independent union leader on the general executive board were made. It is therefore highly probable that magnates only such a policy offers unity will be established among the auto workers.

In this matter the Committee for Frankensteen openly declared that the discussions with the C.I.O. representatives, Adolph Germer and ly predict the development of cadres others, had brought them to the unity position.

It can be said generally that 'the C.I.O., because of the very nature of the problems confronting the auto workers, played a more progressive role than in the Goodyear strike where more basic questions were confronted

Labor Party Resolution

However, the credit for much of the progress made must be given to and boxes, and embellished with a deserves special mention.

Although Stalinist-influenced progressives expected a bitter fight and considerable doubt was entertained about the passing of the Gorman resolution, the resolution was supported without any voice of opposi tion, without any debate.

(Since the writing of this article the press reported the carrying of a resolution endorsing Roosevelt for re-election. This motion was put and passed as a rider to the resolution urging the formation of a Farmer-Labor party following a speech by President Homer Martin, who apnealed to the delegates not to cross the C.I.O. which is definitely committed to back Roosevelt in 1936.—Ed.)

It seemed that no one except the Stalinists took the resolution seriously. The S.P. delegates appeared recruits largely from southern confused in their position and some stained from voting.

A Significant Observation

As a Toledo delegate remarked fter the vote. "What we are vitally interested in is building a powerful progressive industrial union. The Labor Party isn't going to help. If troit. we can bring in 450,000 auto workers after a real struggle against the auto magnates that will mea something to the workers."

As a matter of fact, a careful survey led this writer to the opin- napping. While throwing a sop to workers are a hundred-fold more interested in building a union by cirect class struggle than in any Labor Party.

that such a struggle for elementary political arena. rights will necessarily take on revolutionary aspects because of the glorious struggles ahead!

pressed that opinion. The delegates have no illusions about the ferocity of the struggle Rose Pesotta, of the International that will be waged against them. Speaker after speaker told of the spy-systems, the intimidation, the

> brought into play to crush unionism. But the great advance of the determination in the auto workers. "If the Goodyear strikers did that much, we can do the same," a Detroit delegate said.

It was in that temper that the delegates adjourned, returning to the 40.000 workers they represent to begin an intensive organization drive backed by the C.I.O. to unionize the 450,000 auto workers.

However a speech by Charles P. Howard, secretary of the C.I.O., had any attempt been made by the and president of the Typographical

> should obtain more of a share of the product produced. The automobile workers deserve higher wages. We must fight to maintain the American standard of living to give us continued life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. The employer must learn it is good business to

Support of Roosevelt also was urged. In other words, a class colhrough issuance of a fake leaflet two main ideas were in the auto laboration policy will be pursued

In conclusion, it must be said that he number of young militants at the convention offered real hope that the United Automobile Work ers would base their fight for unionism on a class struggle policy. In clashing with the powerful auto the correct program for victory.

As in the rubber strike, irrespec tive of any particular leader of ndustrial Organization was praised groups of leaders, future battles in the auto industry will assume such magnitude and the auto workers such a militancy that one can safeclass-conscious, revolutionaryminded militants by the very nature of the struggle.

## Rise in Akron

(Continued from Page 1)

the active group of young militant sign, "Moving Goodrich to Oak

lub, gallantly bearing signs, "Good rich Riding Club-the Horses are

Splendid Fraternal Delegations

Throughout the parade signs demanding the repeal of the sales tax, condemning the "Law and Order League," and attacking the Bedaux system. Fraternal delegates from Canton bore a large sign, 'BLACKLISTED!—Republic Steel Workers," and served as a reminder that labor solidarity reaches everywhere. The Palmer match workers, carrying a sign, "LOCKED OUT!" and bearing on their shoulders what were obviously huge imitation matches, but which, curiously enough, would probably serve as fine picket clubs, were applauded constantly.

An encouraging sign, especially when it is remembered that Akron labor, was the large number of Negroes parading with the Pittsourgh Valve local. After the parade, a mass meeting

was held in Grace Park. Joseph Schlossberg of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers spoke, as did the C.P. stooge, Maurice Sugar of De

As a whole, however; the parade was a wonderful exhibition of the Akron trade unions' fresh, young strength. Naturally the barons of the rubber industry have not been the workers, they have been busy solidifying the forces of reaction. At Goodyear the police force is being augmented, the "Law and Order League" is initiating a low dues It hardly need be pointed out paying union, and it is entering the

Everything points to new

A Political Book-Review of "What Is Communism?" and "Communism in the United States", By Earl Browder.

With a Few Side-Remarks on "Towards Soviet America," by William Z. Foster and Why his Book Was Suppressed.

How Browder Became the "Be loved Leader" and his Career Under Two Flags.

EARL BROWDER THE MAN AND HIS BOOKS

**SPEAKER** MAX SHACHTMAN

Editor of the New International

IRVING PLAZA HALL 15th ST. and IRVING PLACE

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