Introducing the 6-Page 'MILITANT'

With last week's issue we began publication as a six-page paper. Much important class-struggle news which we were unable to find room for in the four-pager will now be yours each week. In addition, we shall have room now to print more analytical articles on the war and the labor movement. And last, but at least as important as anything else, we shall now be able to print many more letters and articles from our worker-readers.

Help us get THE MILITANT into the hands of the many workers who haven't had a chance to see our paper as yet. To introduce THE MILITANT to new readers, we have made a special arrangement to get it to them at a very nominal price. Clip the coupon on page2 and send THE MILITANT to a friend for a trial period.

It's your paper! Help spread its weekly message!

THE MILITANT

Formerly The

Socialist Appeal

Official Weekly Organ of the Socialist Workers Party

VOL. V—No. 6

NEW YORK, N. Y. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1941

FIVE (5) CENTS

WAR BILL WILL PASS BY "COMPROMISE"

SWP Candidate For Congress

Arthur Burch Is Named As Our Candidate In 17th Congressional District Election Contest Against Both Boss Parites

Arthur Burch, labor attorney, veteran of the first World War, and organizational secretary of the New York local of the Socialist Workers Party, has been nominated as the candidate of the S.W.P. for Congress from the 17th Congressional district, New York City.

A special election has been set for March 11 by official proclamation of Governor Lehman. The campaign to obtain sufficient signatures to place Comrade Burch's name on the ballot will have to be a speedy one, for the Governor has set Feb. 25 as the filing date.

The election has already received wide attention, since the

capitalist press has played it up as a battle between the Administration forces and the so called "isolationist" forces within the Republican Party. Although no candidates have yet been nominated, indicative of how important the capitalist parties consider the election was the fact the arch-reactionary N. Y. Sun seriously posed the name of Wendell Willkie as a candidate.

FIGHT BOSS PARTIES

In presenting its candidate the S. W. P. will make clear to the workers in the district and throughout the country that there is no real difference between didates.

The campaign committee of Local New York has announced that it will publish within the next few days its program for the election, consisting of a four page folder, which will be distributed in many thousands throughout the district and other parts of the city.

The election program will describe the attitude of Burch and the S. W. P. towards the "lease lend" bill and the war policies of both major parties. The campaign will serve as an opportunity for the party to make known its determined opposition to the reactionary bills now pending in Congress and in the State legislature aimed against the Communist Party and other working class organ-

be given in the next issue of THE | Party in the capacity of Secretary

Arthur Burch, the candidate, is tion.



ARTHUR BURCH

43 years of age. He served in the U. S. Navy in the World War. He of 1918 and the Columbia Law School, 1920.

torney in numerous labor cases.

All friends who wish to receive necessary signatures should write ers Party, 116 University Place, New York City. Campaign contributions should be sent to the above address.

practice of law to do full time Full details of the program will work for the Socialist Workers of the New York City organiza-

Chicago Strikers Are Still Out, 6,500 Strong



Militant strikers of the Tractor Plant of the seen as they picket the deserted plant. Scabs International Harvester Company, Chicago, are stayed clear of these sturdy pickets!

Navy Negotiating With Ford For New Contracts

Ballyhoo About Small Contract Refused To Ford Covers Up

is a graduate of C.C.N.Y., class week, when the Ford Motor com- amounting to over \$100,000,000 for There is a rising feeling that huge He is well known in the labor nounced that Ford had refused to negotiations. The War Depart-elected to present a contract to movement, having acted as an at-accept inclusion of the labor clause ment refusal to award Ford the the Ford management; this cona copy of the folder and to aid | Ford had underbid the Fargo com- contract which mounts into really and Chrysler, and to provide for in the campaign to obtain the pany by a quarter of a million important figures.

dollars the Army would not give to the N. Y. Local, Socialist Work- him the contract without the la-The cagey maneuver to get la-

Ford without the labor clause. And what is more, the Navy | Now more than ever it is becom- to defeat.

DETROIT, Mich. Feb. 3. - A | department immediately after | ing obvious to UAW militants that typical bit of Roosevelt shadow- this slap on the wrist began to a well-thought out program of ac-

Meanwhile the crucial situation department. in the Ford organizing drive of the UAW-CIO still prevails.

bor militancy at Ford's channel- workers has not yet subsided may rious preparations for a strike be ized along government lines in be seen by the fact that R. J. made; strike kitchens to be set stead of along the lines of direct | Thomas, President of the UAW, up; supplies of cots and first aid; action, was easily discernible as a felt compelled to make a state- in short, a well prepared camfraud. No action was taken to ment, at an open hearing in Lan-paign to force Ford to surrender. cancel the \$125,000,000 worth of sing on "National Defense," that army contracts already awarded the UAW could make no promises not to strike at Ford.

boxing went on exhibition last dicker with Ford for a contract tion must be launched at Ford pany was the victim of a gingerly big navy guns. Nothing was said mass meetings should be held, slap on the wrist; the Army an about the labor clause in these and a top bargaining committee in a contract for trucks amount ten million dollar contract was tract to include at least as good ing to \$10,000,000, and although obviously a cover for the Navy conditions as prevail now in GM the abolition of the hated service

Should Ford refuse to bargain on such a contract, the union That the militancy of the Ford membership is determined that se-Should this be done, as it was in the great struggles with GM and Chrysler, Ford will go down

ON THE WAR FRONTS Vinson Anti-Labor Bill On Jan. 30 the warlord Hitler He also bluntly announced that tood up to make another of his Germany had discounted in ad-

Vinson, Georgia (poll tax) Democrat and chairman of the dividual from "requiring or at ism in Germany. It was the eighth ery conceivable possibility." he powerful House Naval Affairs Committee, last week introduced tempting to require, as a condianniversary of the most crushing said. He will meet Roosevelt's all- in Congress a bill to enforce arbitration in all labor disputes defeat suffered by the world work out aid with torpedoes. Hitler and to forbid the closed shop in any company engaged in work on a naval contract.

Although Vinson asserts the bill is his own individual pro- any labor organization. posal, it is difficult to believe that he acted without consultation with the Navy Department. The chairman of the House Naval make the open-shop compulsory Affairs Committee works in closest conjunction with the Navy world learned that Hitler's ber that the horrible reality of Department. It is equally hard to believe that Roosevelt, had he reinforced by a section which

of the Navy Department.

to which all labor disputes involv- action. ing work on "naval contracts" It is therefore possible for the organized labor puts up against must be submitted for review. Be employer, with the aid of the this bill will be closely watched fore such review, the employer board, to stall off a strike for by the administration, which unand employes will conduct nego nearly three months. This is long doubtedly regards the move as a tiations for a settlement "in good enough to break a union or break "feeler" in determining how far faith," and if the settlement is down strike sentiment. not reached after 20 days of such | And if this is not sufficient in ward tightening the legislative (See Harry Frankel's article on negotiations, the dispute then itself to curb union organization curbs on the rights of labor in

ed the move through his control study the case, at the end of which power to fire union men, on the period it will submit a public re- grounds of alleged membership in port of "findings." The employes or solicitation of membership for, The bill calls for the setting up must then maintain an additional the Communist Party, German of a three-man Naval Defense 30 days waiting period before they American Bund "or any other sub of the cowardly capitulation of the Board, appointed by the President, are permitted to undertake strike versive organization.

goes to the Naval Defense Board, and action, there is the clause connection with the development

ment of any individual by a naval contractor" that such an individual "be or not be" a member of In other words, the bill would This open-shop clause is further gives the employers the direct

tion or prerequisite of the employ-

The amount of resistance which and how fast it can proceed to-This board will have 30 days to which prohibits any union or in of the government's war program.

Why We Fight The War Bill

AN EDITORIAL

The opposition to the Roosevelt lend-lease bill includes many different individuals and groups who present different reasons for their opposition. The intelligent and class-conscious worker can accept only those which are valid for him as a member of the working class, the class that has to furnish the vast majority of those who do the fighting and dying.

It is not at all difficult to see through the opposition of a man like Lindbergh. He does not pretend to be interested in the preservation of democracy. To that extent it can be said that he is more honest than many of those who say they oppose the bill on the ground that it grants too much power to the President. Lindbergh is an admirer of the fascist system, the system which has as its main function the destruction of every democratic right that the working class has gained in the past by continuous struggle. To Lindbergh and those who think as he does fascism is not something to be fought tooth and nail but is the only effective method to solve the problems of a decaying capitalist order. Lindbergh is not interested in the horrors of war; he is simply afraid of the revolutionary consequences of a defeat for either the fascist or the demo-

It goes without saying that no worker who is opposed to the lease-lend bill can have anything in common with Lindbergh in his opposition to that bill. The defeat and destruction of fascism must be and is the objective of every intel-

The opposition of people like Hoover, Vandenberg and the rest of the Old Republican die-hards is not much more subtle than Lindbergh's opposition.

That Hoover and his crowd are the least bit interested in defending democracy against Roosevelt is something that no one with the slightest intelligence is capable of believing. They represent the most reactionary section of the American capitalists, a section that is ready and willing to crush every democratic right possessed by the working masses.

Their opposition to the lease-lend bill is motivated: (1) by the fact that they want to make capital for their party, and (2) they do not accept the idea that a victory for the fascists represents such a great danger to the interests of American imperialism. While they prefer a victory of British imperialism they are not willing to go as far as Roosevelt to assure such a victory.

Then there are the sincere pacifist democrats, who are really worried about the possibility of Roosevelt's becoming a dictator. They also oppose the bill because they do not want this country to be involved in a war. The arguments of this group have to be studied carefully by the advanced worker.

Naturally our party and all thinking workers are opposed to granting powers to the President which can and will be used to drag us into the war and conduct it dictatorially. Yet the basic reason for OUR opposition is not primarily because of those aspects of the bill.

If granting additional power to the President would mean a more effective struggle against fascism we would be for the bill. Yes, if going to war would mean fighting and destroying fascism we would be for an immediate declaration of war. We have nothing to do with and we look with contempt upon those who think that fascism can be destroyed without a serious

But our party is convinced, and every thinking worker will sooner or later agree with us, that Roosevelt is not going to war to fight fascism but to protect American imperialist interests against a rival imperialism.

Does it require much argument to prove this?

When the democratic Loyalists were fighting Franco what did Roosevelt do? He boycotted the Loyalists and helped

Roosevelt wants to aid Greece, now under the control of as brutal a dictatorship as ever existed.

Roosevelt never said a word against any of the dictatorships in South America.

Roosevelt's war will be a war to guard and extend the interests of the capitalist class of this country. That is why we shall oppose entry into the war and shall oppose the war even

The victory of British imperialism will not destroy

It is only the victory of the British working class against the British capitalist class that can turn this struggle into a real struggle against fascism.

It is only if the workers of this country take power into their own hands and take over the industries that this country will be able to wage a victorious war against fascism-both

"Enemy" **Provides** Formula

Essentials of Bill Are Left Untouched By Republicans

The pretext of the Republican die-hards that they were in principled opposition to Roosevelt's "lend-lease" War Powers Bill was dropped Tuesday, when one of the most authoritative spokesmen for the Republicans, Representative James A. Wadsworth of New York, announced he had come to the conclusion "that this or a similar measure" must be adopted.

The only face-saving formula Wadsworth asked of the Democrats was inclusion in the bill of time-limit and a specific sum to be used by the President under the bill. To underline how little these "compromises" meant. Wadsworth offered no specific sum or time-limit of his own, leaving the initiative to Roosevelt's spokesmen and making it clear he would accept virtually any proposals

they made. Thus did the hypocritical "opposition" of the Republicans cease—as we predicted in advance. "National Unity" is here - the unity of the capitalist class against the workers.

Roosevelt's Congressional leaders immediately indicated their readiness to join Wadsworth in concretizing his formula.

THE SKY'S THE LIMIT

Under this formula, Roosevelt will be given several billions and a two or three-year period, in which he will have an absolutely free hand in conducting the war. He needs nothing more for his purposes. When he has expended those billions at the end of two years or so, he will have dragged the country so deeply into the war that neither the exhaustion of his billions or the expiration of the time-limit will lead to any change in the situation.

In a word, this is merely a formula under which, without telling their constituencies the truth, the Congressmen will have endorsed the waging of war. Later, under the pretext of dealing with an accomplished fact, they will grant Roosevelt whatever he demands. Henceforth, it is clear, there

will be no real opposition to the war, and no demand for an end to the war, except when the working class develops a new leadership dedicated to putting an end to the war by workingclass methods and for the interests of the working class.

GRACE CARLSON TOUR THIS WEEK

READING, Pa.: Friday, Feb. 7, 8 P.M., at the Bricklayers Hall, 836 Elm St. Subject: "Road to Socialism-Proletarian Military Policy."

QUAKERTOWN, Pa.: Saturday, Feb. 8, 8 P.M., at Union Hall, Front and Park. Subject: "The Right to Life."

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.: Sunday, Feb. 9 8 P.M., at Chattahoochee Hall, (Northeast corner Girard Ave., and Hutchinson St.). Subject: "The Right to Life."

PITTSBURGH, Pa. Friday, Feb., 14, 8:30 P.M., at Moose Hall, 634 Penn Ave., Subject: "War and the Workers."

It was eight years ago that hordes had assumed power without encountering resistance.

resurgent struggle that never 30 eight years ago. came. The great mass of the German workers, ready to fight for a Soviet Germany, were deserted by the organizations and the leaders whom they looked to at this time of great decision.

And Hitler stood up on this Jan. 30 after eight years and hurled new taunts at his British rivals. He laughed, in effect, at the British support which had his present apparent eminence. this issue.)

stood up to make another of his Germany had discounted in adspeeches to the peoples he has vance the probability of American enslayed. It was the eighth an- entry into the war. "We have niversary of the victory of Fasc- considered and weighed cooly eving class in our times. It was the indicated his confidence that he eighth anniversary of the opening could complete his conquest of of a fateful epoch in world his- England in time to meet the Amer-

ican challenge. War leaves little time for look stunned workers all over the ing back. But it is well to rememthe war that is and the specter of so desired, could not have preventthe war that is yet to be, stem It was so inconceivable that for in the immediate sense from the days afterward one waited for the initial Fascist "victory" of Jan.

It was a "victory" won because Second and Third Internationala "victory" that bowed the German working class in defeat and passed over to the new Fascist instruments of capitalist power the leadership that could lead only to war and barbarism.

helped him arrive so swiftly at Hitler's rise to power, page 5 of

Write to us-tell us what's going on in your part of the labor movement—what are the workers thinking about?—tell us what the bosses are up to—and the G-men and the local cops and the Stalinists—send us that story the capitalist press didn't print and that story they buried or distorted—our pages are open to you. Letters must carry name and address, but indicate if you do not want your name printed.

Colored Worker Says His People Should Read the MILITANT

Editor

the working class.

The real fighting strength of the Negro cannot be built up through such chronicles of "so- Chicago, Ill.

ciety doing" but only by the labor press that is interested in the masses and their sufferings. While the colored press has

plenty of fight, it does not occupy the place a genuine fighting paper In many sections of the country read a completely whole-hearted there are white newspapers that revolutionary journal like THE have their columns of news de MILITANT. We need something voted to the colored citizen. They that will give us heart and strength are usually innocuous gossip and for the hard struggles ahead, and tales of no particular interest to the revolutionary press has that needed surge.

> Yours truly JAMES MILLER

Reuther Tries To **Outwit Locals**

He And Thomas Are Trying To Find Way To Overrule General Motors Conference

DETROIT. Mich., Feb. 3.-Wal-, a much more satisfactory agreeter Reuther and R. J. Thomas are ment for the support of draftees' frightened at the possibility of a families. They will demand that revolt of the rank and file of Gen- GM pay the difference between eral Motors workers against the army pay and \$100 a month for Reuther-Thomas policy of conser- all employes of the company draftvativism and inaction, are maneu- ed into the armed forces. vering to sidetrack the decisions of the GM conference into the delegates to the conference preharmless hands of the Interna- pared to demand a series of imtional GM council, a body largely portant contract changes. They controlled by Reuther.

I issue of the United Automobile ferential employes, to establish Worker, that a revised contract the steward system, and to subwould be drawn up at the meet. stitute a 30 day clause for the ing of the GM Council on Feb. six month clause governing sen-10th and 11th, while the GM con- liority rights for new employes. ference of delegates from all GM locals, which will undoubtedly be mas and Co. to put over a duplimade up of a real representation cate of the old rotten agreement. of the ranks, will confine itself whitewashed with a nickel raise, to "recommendations."

It is already well-known that Reuther, GM director, is talking of a "nickel wage increase," while the rank and file are determined to get at least a ten cent blanket ATTENTION raise, in addition to raising the level of those plants which are far below the average GM wage

PAY FOR DRAFTEES

While Reuther and Thomas for an increase from 40 to 80 hours pay to draftees, representatives of several locals have made it known that they will demand

Many GM locals are sending are especially determined to wipe It was announced, in the Feb. out the notorious "D" list of pre

> The attempt by Reuther, Thowill not sit well with GM local representatives.

Local New York

There will be a special membership meeting Friday Evening, have announced that they will ask | February 7th at 8 p.m. sharp at Beethoven Hall, 210 East 5th St. (near 2nd Ave.)

ORKERS' Phelps-Dodge Strikers Victory; Highlights In Company Agrees To Negotiate The Labor Press

WORKERS

STRIKING

UNION

LOCAL .

sure that everyone who attended

the Banquet given by Local New

York on Feb. 1 at Germania Hall

agreed that it was a huge suc-

beautifully decorated; a fine

crowd of 125 comrades and

but not least, the collection taken

up by Comrade W. Warde for

RECOGNITION

A LINION CONTRACT

Boss Had Refused To Agree To An NLRB Election

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 2-Another big open-shop corporation has been set back on its heels by union strike action, 1600 workers of the Phelps Dodge Copper Products Corporation, employed in the Baywater plant here, return to work tomorrow morning does. The colored people need to after the company acceded to the strikers' demands that an NLRB election be held in the plant immediately and that the company agree to negotiate a union con-

> The Baywater plant was shut down last Friday morning, after the company refused to consider union demands for opening of contract negotiations.

> The company will enter contract negotiations starting tomorrow, for a contract which will go into effect when the CIO union wins an NLRB election.

> The contract demands which the union will raise will include wage increases for production workers from the present 55 cent hourly minimum to 65 cents, and for women from the present 45 | cents to 50 cents and then to 55 cents after three months.

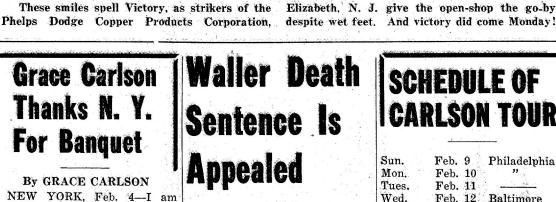
The union shop, a 5 day-40 hour week, time and a half for Saturdays and double time for Sundays and holidays will also be sought.

Company officials were howling that 30 million dollars in war contracts are being worked on in the Baywater plant. In addition. they claimed that the strike tied up production of orders to other manufacturers with war contracts totalling over \$200 million.

Before the strike settlement was reached, Peter Besch, international representative of the UERMWA, who participated in the strike conferences, declared that the strike would be spread to the Los Angeles and Fort Wayne, Indiana, plants of the corporation, where the CIO has contracts. Another plant, at Yonkers, has a contract with the International Brotherhood of refugee aid was over \$250. Electrical Workers (AFL) which to Felix Morrow acted as toast-NLRB election. The UERMWA Goldman, Henry Martin, Larry Finerty. has filed a protest against this Williams and I were on the election, charging that the company influenced the voting.

contract with an "independent union", the Baywater Copper

Products Employes Association. There is no doubt that Local 441 will make a clean sweep of the coming NLRB elections and that the Baywater plant will be working under a CIO union contract in the near future.



Petition for a writ of error has been filed with the Virginia Court of Appeals in the case of Odell Sun. cess. The hall and the tables were Waller, 23-year old Negro share- Mon. cropper whose conviiction for the Tues. self-defense killing of his landlord Wed. friends were in attendance; last, is being appealed by the Workers Thurs. Defense League.

In a few days the court will set | Sat. a date for argument to be pre-Sun. sented by the league's counsel, Mon. defeated the UERMWA in an master. Farrell Dobbs, Albert Thomas H. Stone and John F. Tues.

Finerty, formerly Tom Mooney's Thurs. counsel, will handle the constitu- to Thurs. Mar. 13 speaking program. It was interesting to note that the speeches tional aspects of the case, the lea- Fri. The refusal of the company to all dealt with various phases of gue charging that Waller's trial, Sat. negotiate a contract with the CIO | Party work—the distribution of | before a jury drawn only from | Sun. union was based on the argument | the MILITANT, trade union those able to pay their poll tax, Mon. that the company already had a work in New York, recruiting in excluded sharecroppers and other Tues. New York and throughout the country, etc. These practical, of the 14th amendment to the Thurs. March 20 down-to-the-earth speeches were | Constitution, which guarantees all | Fri. listened to by the comrades and citizens the right of trial by a Sat. friends with the greatest interjury of their peers. est. A further indication of the

Waller was sentenced to die De- Tues. wonderful change in the New cember 27, but the Workers De- Wed. In my speech at the Banquet, fense League won a stay until Thurs. March 27 I took occasion to thank the New March 14. Now the league is ap. Fri. York comrades in the name of pealing, with the cooperation of Sat. the Minnesota Party, since I unthe National Association for the Mon. derstood very well that the Ban-Advancement of Colored People Tues. quet—formally in my honor—was intended to honor the Minnesota and the Brotherhood of Sleeping Wed. comrades for the good work done | Car Porters.

Join the Socialist

SCHEDULE OF CARLSON TOUR

Feb. 9 Philadelphia Feb. 10 Feb. 11 Wed. Feb. 12 Baltimore Feb. 13 Pittsburgh Feb. 15 Indianapolis Feb. 16 Feb. 17 Indianapolis Feb. 18 St. Louis Feb. 19 Feb. 20 Feb. 21 Memphis Feb. 22 Feb. 23 Arkansas Feb. 24 Arkansas Feb. 25 Texas Feb. 26 Texas Feb. 27 March 14 Los Angeles March 15 and vicinity March 16 March 17 March 18 March 21 March 22 San Francisco

March 23 March 24 March 25 March 26 March 28 March 29 March 30 Portland March 31 Seattle April 1 April 2 Thurs. April 3

Workers Party

April 4 Plentywood Fri. April 5 Williston Sat. Sund. April 6 Mon. April 7 Fargo Tues. April 8 Twin Cities April 9 enthused, got up and made an excellent speech urging the workers our work, comrades. Go Forward! present immediately to respond to the Party's appeal for immediate action, and urging those presen to become members of the Social ist Workers Party. Indeed this is now being worked out; the de- were unable to have approxim-

> "In the near future we hope to increase our bundle." Thanks, I

> RESULTS IN CHICAGO CHICAGO, Ill-"Last night we covered the local NAACP meeting. When we arrived there, there were already 150 persons in the building, and when we started distributing the papers several persons came out to get more for those inside. Our paper was VERY WELL received at this meeting." This was apparently not the only Chicago mass meeting at which our paper was well received. For the recent UAW mass meeting Comrade H J., Chicago agent, found it neces

ZEN disputes the assertion of manded at will CIO Cleveland UNION LEADER that Sir Walter Citrine officers, but fortunately for oris a "wealthy, titled and aristocratic British labor faker."

The AFL sheet says Sir Walter "is paid just about one-fifth as much as John Lewis, Philip Murray or William Green."

That could still leave Sir Walter a wealthy labor faker.

President Sal Hoffman of the Upholsterers International Union gave President Roosevelt a 100% union-made upholstered chair on his birthday last month. Incidentally the new organizational Director of the Upholsterers International is Albert Weisbord.

We see that J. S. Potofsky, general secretary-treasurer of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, is still talking in the AD-VANCE about "making unionism a way of life." All workers must have unions, but what enlightened worker wants to accept the continuance of his wage-slavery as a "way of life?" Yet this is what Potofsky means. What must be done is to go BEYOND unionism to the creation of a workers' political party and a workers' government that can end this "way of life" and really per-

A sharp labor criticism of the is beyond me. military caste is contained in an editorial in the January 24th West Coast SAILOR:

"The anti-union stand of many army men, who consider wages, initiation fees and dues too high and hours of work too short, is becoming more manifest in the discussions between union officials and Army officers... The tendency of the military to set itself up as a privileged caste misery of the masses. This is the over and above that of the body of civilians is nearly too obvious the officials of our political parto require any great amount of | ties and trade unions become corelucidation. Without stopping to rupt—or more precisely, tend to realize the strategic position oc- | become corrupt-under capitalist cupied by industrial workers in conditions, why they show a tenany national economy and the dency to turn into bureaucrats, severe grind they have to go i. e., privileged persons detached through to acquire the status of from the masses, and standing skilled or semi-skilled workers, above the masses."-Lenin, Toit (the army) arrogantly ap- ward the Seizure of Power, Book proaches the problem as if they 2, Page 243.

The AFL CLEVELAND CITI- | were buck privates to be com-

"Unfortunately for the army ganized labor, the workers do not give away what they have fought so hard to gain merely because of a high-handed attitude and ignorance. It is becoming plain to the more experienced men connected with national defense that the army personnel is very much in need of a liberal education when it comes to handling problems involving labor ... '

The NEW LEADER, pro-war organ of the Social-Democratic Federation, has certainly got itself in a ridiculous position for a sheet calling itself socialist. In its anxiety to convin e the people that the United States should at all costs go to war against Hitler, it now confronts the argument of some American industrialists that Britain is going socialist. The New Leader says it ain't so, and urges the businessmen not to abstain from aid to England because of any fear of "post-war Social-(the ironical quotation marks are the New Leader's). This naper quotes from the program of the British Labor Party to PROVE that it won't lead England to socialism. The New Leader convinced me, all right. The New Leader may win the support of mit the toilers to live for the first | Big Business for its program. But why it should win the support of a single American working man

> "The sympathy of the rich for poverty never preserved the poor from humiliation and need."-Trotsky, Whither England? Page

"Under capitalism, democracy is narrowed, crushed, curtailed, mutilated by all the conditions of wage-slavery, the poverty and reason, and the only reason, why

TROTSKY MEMORIAL 109% Score **Drive Closes!**

By FARRELL DOBBS

We're over the top in the Trotsky Memorial Fund campaign! The total contributions to the Fund exceeded the original quotas by 9% as the campaign closed on February 1st. Fifteen branches exceeded their quotas, several by a quite substantial percentage. Another fifteen branches came through an even 100%. Only one branch found itself unable to make the grade. The quotas originally accepted could be met only through serious effort. The task was not in any sense a pushover.

This eloquent material demonstration of vitality speaks for itself. It is something of a record in our own party. Not to mention the sharp contrast between this dynamic performance and the calamity howling of our impotent, pseudo-radical political opponents who grow weaker and less confident every day.

We have demonstratively revealed our growing strength and effectiveness. A commendable job of providing material means for

0		<u> </u>	1. 12 1. 1
Branch	Quota	Amount paid	%
BOSTON	\$ 100.00	\$ 152.00	152%
NEW HAVEN	Y 20.00	26.00	130
d DETROIT	200.00	250.00	123
d NEW YORK	1000.00	1206.79	121
e PITTSBURGH		12.00	120
- CHICAGO &	INDIANA	9	
t- HARBOR	200.00	215.07	108
h LOS ANGEL		162.45	108
e QUAKERTOV	VN 7.00	7.50	107
se FLINT	150.00	158.00	106
e BUFFALO	25.00	26.15	105
o PORTLAND	10.00	10.50	105
i, LYNN	100.00	105.00	105
t TOLEDO	50.00	51.00	102
YOUNGSTOW	VN 50.00	51.00	102
O Minneapolis d	& St. Paul 1000.00	1001.00	100.1
I. Akron	10.00	10.00	100
Allentown	15.00	15.00	100
Baltimore	10.00	10.00	100
e Hutchinson	10.00	10.00	100
- Milwaukee	5.10	5.10	100
Newark	150.00	150.00	100
S Philadelphia	30.00	30.00	100
e Reading	5.00	5.00	100
Rochester Rochester	15.00	15.00	100
, Rockville	7.00	7.00	100
t San Diego	8.50	8.50	100
- San Francisco	100.00	100.00	100
s St. Louis	5.00	5.00	100
s Texas	5.00	5.00	100
t Williston	10.00	10.00	100
Cleveland	70.00	26	37
- Individual Con	ntributions	4.30	
TOTAL	\$3527.60	\$3850.36	109%

to thank all of the New York comrades again for the very The New 6-Page MILITANT pleasant time that I had during my stay in the "Big City."

announces

A MILITART START FOR THE MILITART

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time received sub blanks and list Rochester; Flint against Youngstown; Boston against Chicago. Detroit takes on Chicago, Boston AND Newark! Next week we shall start running the sub-drive score-board, in the challenge categories. Get your challenges in; but even more importantget those subs rolling in!

DETROIT OKAYS

BUNDLE INCREASE DETROIT, Mich.-"You will be interested to know that the Detroit branch has approved a doubling of our bundle order, effective TANT." Good work, E. H.! How do the auto workers like the 6-page MILITANT?

LOS ANGELES

LOS ANGLELES, Calif.—"The L. A. section is on the eve of in- lection. Also after Comrade Carlcreasing the bundle order to Min-son's speech, during discussion, sary to order an extra thousand neapolis proportions," writes H. one of our old contacts, never so papers.

T., outgoing L. A. agent. (Most was an excellent ending for a good All the branches have by this stry.) "The financial arrangement flu epidemic in Youngstown, we of ex-subscribers to both pub- finite order may come with the ately eight sure people to the meet lications, on the introductory next report. The increase is abling, who were all ill at home with MILITANT-F. I. subscription solutely needed, as our present or the flu. However, thanks to the drive. Branch challenges in the der, although large, is absolutely papers distributed, we were able drive competition are flying thick insufficient for our needs. With to reach the workers and those and fast: New Haven against the added copies we will reach who could attend. The people of the projected L. A. expansion.

YOUNGSTOWN

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio-"Although we have always had good response to our mass work with the paper, the real value was never really realized as it was at the time of our Carlson meeting. "The papers were distributed

as usual at the mill gates. From the paper and the inserted leaflet, the workers read of the Carlson meeting. As a result, we had with the first issue of the MILI- 10 absolutely new people at our meeting, all having read of the meeting in the paper. Although numerically small, the content, being made up of steel workers, was very good.

"We had an unusually large col-

honorably discharged into indus- meeting. Due to the widespread new groups of workers." We look there were militant workers. To to the new agent, M. W. for news date we haven't a paper on hand. except the new bundle that jus arrived tonight.

Internal Stalinist Declaration On 'Trotskyism' It Launches Witch-Hunt Against Communist Party's Own Members

The important advances made by the Socialist Workers Party in the last few months-indicated by the returns in the Minnesota elections, the expansion of our press, the very successful tour of Comrade Grace Carlson, new successes in the trade unions. etc.—have driven the leadership of the Communist Party to launch a new campaign against "Trotskyism." The opening gun in their campaign, laying down the line that is to be followed, is not a public document, but an internal one, published in the internal bulletin of the National Committee of the Communist Party. We publish it in the adjoining columns, and we propose to answer

The document of the National Committee of the Communist Party is typical of what goes under the name of "self-criticism" in the Stalinist apparatus. It Paises the question, why the Trotskyists made such gains in Minnesota, but deliberately avoids really answering the question. The answer it expects from its Minnesota subordinates is indicated in advance: a perfunctory amount of breast-beating about the failure of the Minnesota Stalinists to adequately combat the Trotskyists. This is the answer of a police mind. It is like the Pinkerton explanation of a strike: not enough was done in advance to destroy the influence of the union leaders. Why the Trotskyists win mass influence: that question the Stalinist leaders will not and cannot answer. But we can: elsewhere in this paper Comrade Grace. Carlson explains the Minnesota developments.

Apart from the complaints about Minnesota, the rest of the Stalinist document consists of a discussion of ways and means of preventing "Trotskyist penetration" within the Communist

The document's reference to the proposals of Comrades Trotsky and Cannon is thoroughly distorted. The interested reader need only look up the issues of the Socialist Appeal where these proposals were openly published in full detail, and he will find that what we were talking about was the task of united fronts of the Socialist Workers Party and the Communist Party on certain specific issues on which we can jointly act against the reactionaries. These discussions on the united front are not honestly identified in the Stalinist document because the last thing the Stalinist leaders want their members to know is that the Trotskyists are prepared to discuss joint action against the reactionaries and war-mongers.

This distorted reference in the Stalinist document is designed to cover up the real purpose of that section of the document: namely, to organize a witch-hunt within the Communist Party, not against Trotskyists at all, but against all members of the Communist Party who, without any contact with the Trotskyists or without any knowledge of the program of the Trotskyists, have nevertheless begun to think seriously about the fundamental problems confronting the revolutionists.

Note who are to be the victims of this witch-hunt: "'honest rank and filers' spreading doubt," those attempting "to undermine the confidence of the membership in the leadership," those making "very 'left' proposals," those "expressing 'doubts' regarding various phases of Soviet policy." In a word, all those thinking workers in the Communist Party and its periphery, who are beginning to critically examine the preposterous Browder leadership, who want a firm revolutionary policy, who are increasingly disturbed by Stalin's reactionary role-those, and not the Trotskyists, are to be the victims of this witch-hunt.

And here we must correct our introductory remarks. We said that our successes have driven the Communist Party to launch this campaign. It would be more accurate to say that the present world situation has driven them to launch this campaign. The unfolding of all the implications of the second World War, including as an integral aspect Stalin's reactionary policy, are the root causes of this desperate campaign of the Communist Party. successes are but the result of our correct policy of struggle against the imperialist war and against Stalin's counter-revolutionary policy. The evident panic of the Communist Party leadership, as indicated in their document, is fear not only of the Socialist Workers Party but fear also of what the membership of the Communist Party is thinking about—and what that membership will do when it has thought things through.

Why They Fear Their Own Members

The war, which strips everything bare, is more and more exposing the real nature of the Stalinist bureaucracy and its perfidious policies. The National Committee of the Communist Party is really disturbed about "expressions of doubt regarding various phases of Soviet policy." The Moscow Trials, the Stalin-Hitler pact, and the subsequent Stalin-Hitler trade agreements, the joint partition of Poland with Hitler, the invasion of Finland, Motolov's kow-towing before Ribbentrop, these and other recent events have provoked the greatest consternation and convulsions in the ranks of the Communist International. They have created doubts in the minds of revolutionary workers everywhere about Stalin's policies and the role of his International.

But these doubts are nothing compared to the doubts in store tomorrow when Communist workers in this and other countries learn about recent developments within the Soviet Union which have hitherto been kept from them by their own party leaders. In his recent dispatches from Moscow, Walter Duranty, inspired by the Kremlin, is already attempting to cushion public opinion against the shocks it will receive when it hears of Stalin's new blows against the Soviet workers.

The Stalinist press here has not yet printed a word of the so-called pre-conference discussion which has been published in the Soviet press in preparation for the 18th Party Conference. Ask the Communist party leaders why the Daily Worker remains silent on the preparations for this Conference.

Stalin's Recent Anti-Labor Laws

The Communist Party has launched a gigantic publicity campaign to sell a million copies of the Dean of Canterbury's book "The Soviet Power." (Incidentally, what would Lenin have said of the fact that, twenty-four years after the establishment of the first workers state, its official representatives must lean upon a pacifist sky-pilot of the reactionary Church of England as its principal defender in the English-speaking world?) The Dean's book praises the system of free education in the Soviet Union. But since he wrote his book that free educational system has been abolished. On October 2, 1940, a Kremlin ukase provided that all secondary school students henceforth have to pay tuition fees. With the low wages paid to the average Soviet worker this means that his children are deprived of the possibility of education. In the Daily Worker and other C. P. papers you will not find either the text or a description of this reactionary order which sets back the Soviet educational system, once the best in the world, behind that of the United States.

The Dean's "Soviet Power" asserts that child labor has been eliminated in the USSR. But the primary purpose of the October 2 ukase was to drive the children of the Soviet workers and peasants out of the schools and into factories, fields and mines. This ukase was supplemented on the same day by still another, officially setting up the child labor system. Again the Communist Party papers are silent about this ukase. You will find only one or two meager and obscurely-worded references to "in-

Text of Communist Party Statement On Trotskyism

JANUARY, 1941

754 - PEU

For Members of the Communist Party

Struggle Against Trotzkyism

everywhere profit by the Minne-sofa experience. It is not neces-sary to wait until we are confront-ed with similar situations in other

(The following is the verbatim text of an article, "Struggle Against Trotskyism," which was published by the National Committee of the Communist Party in the January, 1941 issue of the National Committee's internal party organ, PARTY NEWS.)

When a Trotzkyite can secure some 6,000 votes in the case of as in the case of the teamsters' Senate in Minnesota, it is somethis vote even exceeds the vote over a number of years, and to when we are confronted with a only emphasizes the problem. Sur- exposed and defeated, there is no how to fight them successfully. ely no one thinks that all of these guarantee that under similar cir- It is essential that the Party ite are counter-revolutionary paid to mislead workers in other parts sota experience. It is not necesagents of Wall Street. But the of the country. fact remains that they did vote for the counter-revolutionary espionage agency that parades under the name of "Socialist Work-

Dangerous Underestimations that nowhere else with the pos-

For Vigilance and Education

the Trotzkyites ever made such a explanation. They admit that must carry on a constant struggle showing in an election. True, they did not carry on a struggle against Trotzkyism in order to ites been able to secure control they believed them to be very of sections of the labor movement weak, and thought that by attack- always new strata of workers are stated in a report of James Can- phases of Soviet policy, that we bor movement.

ing them, they would only call attention to them and thus help them. What need is there here to go into any details until this dangerous and false position is pose, with what Trotzkyism really able occasions . . . to penetrate eliminated? How can we analyze is. Especially is this necessary their ranks . . . " eliminated? How can we analyze the Trotzkyite candidate for U.S. organization in Minneapolis and the concrete phases of the strug-St. Paul. But the fact that they gle against Trotzkyism, the strong thing to think about. And when are able to retain this control and weak sides of our methods, cast for our Party candidate in use this control not only for dis- situation where the comrades con-Minnesota then it is really a se- rupting the progressive move sciously and seriously followed a rious challenge to our Party, and ments in that state but also to policy of no struggle at all? It is not alone in Minnesota. The fact win the allegiance of such a large this underestimation of the role that our comrades in Minnesota number of workers to their candil of Trotzkyism that must be solvtell us that these votes, like the date, represents a challenge that ed first. And in solving it we votes for Norman Thomas, should must be met. Unless this chal- will of necessity be confronted really have gone to our Party lenge is met and the Trotzkyites with and solve the details as to 6,000 who voted for the Trotzky- cumstances they may not be able everywhere profit by the Minnesary to wait until we are confronted with similar situations in other localities. Now and all the We do not here wish to go into time we must everywhere carry a detailed examination of the on the struggle against Trotzkycauses for this situation in Min- ism. It must be admitted that nesota. This will have to be done, in the recent period the struggle and the comrades in Minnesota against this counter-revolutionary Nor is the problem settled or must do it and do it quickly and poison has been neglected. Our answered by pointing to the fact thoroughly. Here it is enough to job is not only to fight Trotzkyism repeat what the Minnesota com- when it has already poisoned secsible exception of New Jersey have rades have already offered as an tions of the working class. We

In this connection we must take

entering the struggle who have non in which he admits that this will be able to detect them dinot yet learned the character and policy was proposed by Leon Trot- rectly, or those whom they are role of the Trotzkyites, who do zky himself. This policy of try beginning to influence and use as not know its treacherous history, ing to disrupt our Party from tools in their disruptive work. But Even in our Party there are many within he admits is made neces such detection will be possible thousands of members who, hav- sary because despite all attacks only to the extent that the Party ing joined in the last few years, the bourgeoisie could not destroy membership understands the polhave not gone through the strug-our Party. He says: "The Stal-icies of the National Committee, gle that our Party has carried on inist workers, on the other hand, that the membership and organagainst this counter-revolutionary by and large, stayed with the izations are activized, and made It is necessary to teach the deal of repression and persecu- the correct Party policies.

Trotzkyism, its role from its very be taken as the point of departure inception, its final degeneration in determining our tactical apinto an espionage agency of im- proach to this question." And perialism. It is necessary to ac- what is this "new approach" to quaint the broad strata of the consist of? Here it is. "We must Trotskyites are a small sect and working class and toilers, who devise a more flexible tactic tomay be fooled by its camouflage wards the C. P. and look for suittoday when, on the one hand the masses are moving leftward, and, on the other hand, the forces of must train all Party members and bers not only with the whole hisreaction are unloosing the sharpest attack against the working lant against such Trotzkyite in- try, but also with the disruptive class and its organizations, using filtration into our ranks, as well work that they are still carrying all varieties of methods including as into the ranks of the workers' on in many lands including the

espionage. THE PARTY ORGANIZATIONS STRUGGLE AGAINST TROTZ-KYISM AND LEARN TO DE-TECT TROTZKYITES PENE-TRATION INTO THE LABOR MOVEMENT AND EVEN INTO THE PARTY ITSELF.

Guarding Against Trotskyite Penetration

note of the recent decisions of the membership in the leadership, it in the labor movement for an ef-Trotzkyites to concentrate their is in their very "left" proposals, fective struggle against Trotzkynowhere else have the Trotsky- against the Trotzkyites because immunize the workers against it. efforts to penetrate our Party or and in their expression of ism will pay big dividends in the

Party membership the history of tion. These established facts must

all Party organizations to he vigitory of Trotzkyism in every counfrontal attacks, corruption, and organizations. And we may be sure United States. that these spies will not come in THE PARTY LEADERS AND announcing themselves as Trotzky-THE OLDER MEMBERS WHO ites. Where they succeed in pene- the recent writings of Stalin as HAVE GONE THROUGH ALL trating our ranks, they will ca- well as Comrades Browder and PHASES OF THE FIGHT A- mouflage themselves as "honest Foster in which they explain the GAINST TROTZKYISM MUST rank and filers" spreading doubt, role and the methods of the Trotz-MAKE IT THEIR DUTY TO passivity, aiming to disrupt the kyites; to study the writings of TEACH THE NEWER MEM- Party's activities, acting as finger Lenin and his struggle against BERS, MUST SEE TO IT THAT men against our most active com- Trotzkyism in the building of the rades. Where they can succeed, Bolshevik Party; to study the CONSTANTLY CARRY ON THE their method will also aim at pro- History of the Communist Party open attack against us.

Party, and stood up under a great sensitive to all deviations from

The Necessity of Study

The attitude we often come up against is one which considers it a waste of time to spend effort we have so many important tasks to fulfill. It is precisely such an attitude which makes it possible for these traitors, saboteurs, and In the face of this policy of the spies to carry on their disruptive Trotzkyites it is clear that we work. We must acquaint all mem-

In this * connection it will be vocations in order to prepare the of the Soviet Union. And finally, to bear in mind these words of We must especially be on the Lenin: "The labor movement of alert against such provocations, every country periodically spends and forewarn the Party organiza- more or less of its reserves of entions to detect them. It is through ergy, attention and time, in the such provocative proposals, as 'training' of recruits." Time, enwell as through their attempts to ergy and attention paid to equip undermine the confidence of the our Party and the active forces We must bear in mind that ganizations. This policy is openly "doubts" regarding various building of our Party and the la-

dustrial education" in an attempt to cover up the real meaning of these edicts.

The Dean's "Soviet Power" praises the labor laws of the Soviet Union. On June 26, 1940—since the Dean wrote his book ukases which have since become know as the June 26 laws were decreed which make a mockery of all previous labor legislation guaranteeing freedom to the Soviet workers. The hirelings of the Kremlin who run the Communist Party press have not yet dared to print the text of these June 26 laws. If they did, you would learn that the factory worker is no longer free to leave his job, he can be sent by the arbitrary order of the Kremlin to any factory in any corner of the Soviet Union wages have been cut once more, and for any infraction of the June 26 laws, workers can be sentenced to forced labor.

What Happened in the Red Army

The Dean's "Soviet Power" admiringly describes the conditions of the Red Army soldiers. Since he wrote that book, the Kremlin has issued a new series of statutes for the Red Army which reduces the soldier to the status of a slave over whom the officers have powers of life and death. These statutes are described in this issue of THE MILITANT. Previous issues have discussed the other ukases mentioned above.

Whatever doubts about Stalin's policies existed before will be multiplied a hundredfold once the Communist worker conducts independent investigations to verify the facts about the statutes which we have just described. It is to prevent them in advance from undertaking any such investigation, to cow them into unthinking submission, and to forestall us Trotskyists from explaining the significance of Stalin's ultra-reactionary moves that the party leaders now initiate their campaign against their own

Stalin's Foreign Policy

Lenin laid down the principles that international policy is the continuation of domestic policy. Stalin's reactionary course against the workers within the Soviet Union is supplemented and extended by his no less reactionary policy in the world arena. That policy has been characterized by sudden zigzags which have produced the greatest demoralization in the ranks of the Communist Parties and among advanced workers in general. Instead of conducting a fearless and consistent line of revolutionary internationalism based upon the independent class action of the working masses, Stalin has veered from one imperialist camp to another. Stalinist diplomacy strives to lean upon whichever one of the imperialist camps seems strongest at the moment, for Stalin has no confidence in the only reliable ally of the Soviet Union, the workers of the world. This policy of independence, of humiliating submission before the imperialist overlords is camouflaged as cunning maneuvers designed to outwit this or that imperialist grouping. In reality, however, the Stalinist zigzags have succeeded only in disorienting and demoralizing the

Stalin's international policy is conducted not only through the Soviet officialdom but also through the Communist Parties throughout the world. When Stalin signed his pact with Hitler, crude efforts were made to indicate that this pact would not affect the policy of the Communist Parties. For a brief period, the British and Canadian Communist Parties were even permitted to come out for support of British imperialism in the war.

All this was bunkum to deceive and confuse. Within a few weeks the Communist Parties everywhere dropped their slogans supporting democratic imperialism and adopted new policies in accordance with the needs of the Stalin-Hitler alliance. During the first part of the war, when Hitler's armies were marching from victory to victory, the Communist Parties were broadcasting formulas which depicted the "democracies" as the chief inciter to war. This propaganda was undistinguishable from that of

Only after Hitler's drive slowed up and the full menace of his conquests on the European continent become apparent to the Kremlin, only when it became clear that the United States would back Great Britain, did the Kremlin permit the Communist Parties to change their tune and to assert in recent days that all the imperialist powers are equally guilty. Tomorrow, if the world situation compels Stalin to conclude another alliance with the democratic imperialists, the Communist Party will return to a pro-Roosevelt line upon orders from the Kremlin. The Dean of Canterbury's book, which advocates a Washington-London-Moscow alliance is a sign of coming events.

Remember that in 1935-39 the Communist Party of the United States shouted for a war of the "democracies" against fascism. It supported Roosevelt in the hope that American imperialism would become an ally of Stalin against Hitler. During those five years of the Popular and Democratic Front, every bourgeois "liberal" was represented as a progressive friend of the workers and peace was to be guaranteed by the League of Nations and a policy of collective security. We don't have to remind anyone in detail of the support accorded Roosevelt during those five years. Recall the 1936 electoral slogan of the Communist Party: "Defeat Landon at all Costs."

United Fronts With Trotskyists

Not the least among the reasons why the Stalinist leaders fear their rank and file is this: The present line of Comintern propaganda opposing the participation of the United States in the war appears to coincide with the policy of the Trotskyists. This apparent identity in slogans has had the effect of drawing closer together the members of the Communist Party and of the Socialist Workers Party in common struggle against the imperialist war mongers and their agents within the labor movement. We could name several important unions in which Communist Party members and our own comrades have effected united fronts of struggle against the reactionary policies of labor bureaucrats.

The Communist Party leaders cannot permit their members to know about these joint struggles. They try to suppress and to deny them. For knowledge of them would destroy at one stroke the whole edifice of lies they have built up around us. If we are agents of fascism or counter revolutionary agents of Wall Street, as they call us in this document, why have the Stalinist leaders given their party fractions in those unions permission to combine with us in common struggle? If we are reactionary enemies of the working class, how is it that we are found in the forefront of the struggle against the bosses and their lieutenants? If it is a crime punishable by expulsion in the Communist Party to consort with Trotskyists, why has their National Committee permitted these union fractions to cooperate with us?

They do so because they must. Within the progressive wing of the trade union movement, the Trotskyist members and sympathizers stand out as the most irreconcilable opponents of the war mongers and the reactionaries. They are always ready to join with any group of workers or any workers' organization that will really fight in defense of trade unionism and workers rights. Under the blows of reactionary repression, the Communist leaders have found it absolutely imperative to form blocs with the Trotskyists. The Communist Party members should demand that their leaders inform them about these united fronts between Trotskyists and Communist Party groups. We have no intention of publishing in a public organ the concrete facts about these situations lest our common enemies seize upon them and use them.

Unfortunately for the interests of the working class, the instances in which the Communist Party leadership has thus far permitted its followers to cooperate with Trotskyists have been exceptions to the rule. Wherever it has any other alternative, at no matter what cost to the unions and other workers' organizations, the Communist Party leadership strives to keep the Trotskyists and Communist Party workers apart from each other and thereby cripples the struggle against war and reaction.

We have spoken of the apparent similarity at present in the policies of the Communist Party and ours. But this similarity is superficial. There is a world of difference between us, and we are the first to insist on this fact and to explain it. At this moment the Communist Party is whooping up the American Peace Mobilization. Demonstrations in Washington and in other localities, picket lines at the houses of Congressmen, are being

conducted in connection with this mobilization. Picket lines and demonstrations are good working class weapons. But what slogans are the pickets and demonstrators instructed to shout? "No, sir, the Yanks are not coming," "Defeat the Lend-Lease Bill," "We Want Peace," etc.

Stalinist "Anti-War" Pacifism

This is a purely pacifist campaign against war. There is only one difference between this pacifist agitation and that of the Norman Thomas sect and other pacifist groups. This is the addition of one other slogan, "Friendship with the Soviet Union." This slogan is not designed to promote an alliance between the Soviet and American workers, but to promote an alliance between Washington and Moscow, similar in its reactionary consequences to the Franco-Soviet pact and the Stalin-Hitler pact.

The National Committee of the Communist Party talks about the necessity of studying. We suggest that every Communist Party member read Lenin's writings during the last war. The document also advises study of the history of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. We suggest that every class-conscious worker read the theses of the first four congresses of the Communist international as well as its program, written in 1928, on the revolutionary proletarian methods of struggle against imperialist war. Compare these documents with the present pacifist claptrap which Browder is passing off as a truly Leninist program. The Stalinist leaders occasionally polemize against pacifism, but in essentials nothing distinguishes the Communist Party's "antiwar line" from that of the most treacherous petty-bourgeois

We Continue Lenin's Program

Our policy is the real policy of Lenin in the struggle against war. This struggle must be conducted as part of the daily struggle of the working class and the trade unions. We Trotskyists do not believe that peace can be regained or maintained by any reliance upon any imperialist government, whether or not it is temporarily "friendly" to the Soviet Union. We fight against the war and defend the Soviet Union through the methods of the international class struggle.

We realize that all important questions are decided arms in hand in this terrible epoch of wars and revolutions. The workers require military training. In opposition to the conscription imposed upon the workers by the capitalist government, we call for the military training of the workers under the control and supervision of the trade unions, their own class organizations. Our military policy has nothing in common with the pacifist poison spread by Stalinism. Nor do we rely upon theatrical conventions or parades to stop the war. Only the action of the workers directed toward the overthrow of capitalism can put an end to war and the system which breeds wars. This was the teaching of Lenin. This was the teaching of Trotsky.

The Communist Party leaders are victims of their own propaganda against the Trotskyists. For years they asserted that the Trotskyists were simply personal followers or hirelings of the counter-revolutionary Trotsky. Therefore, the Communist Party leaders themselves came to believe that when Trotsky had been assassinated, Trotskyism would seize to exist.

But this, as they themselves are now compelled to admit, was a "dangerous underestimation." They are now obliged to revise their official estimate by the force of facts. The Trotskyist movement in the United States has become stronger since Trotsky's death, for it was not Trotsky by himself that gave birth to our movement, but the ideas of Trotskyism. These ideas form the basis of our party. They are beginning to penetrate wider and wider circles of the advanced workers in the United States. They are beginning to penetrate the walled precincts of the Com-

Once the Communist Party members really know precisely what Trotskyism is, what the Socialist Workers Party stands for, we are confident that they will find their way to joint action with us, and that side by side we shall fight together for a Socialist America and a Workers' World!

The New Statutes of the Red Army Walter Duranty-LIAR

Can Now Shoot Their Subordinates For The Slightest Act Of Insubordination

By L. POKRAS

The Red Army which was forged by the revolution and differs in its spirit from all the armies in the world—this same Red Army, which despite all the attempts of the ruling clique has nonetheless remained the army of the workers' state—is now placed under disciplinary Statutes harsher than those in any other army, even that of the Nazis.

The new Statutes introduced on October 12, 1940 give the commander unlimited powers:

"In case of insubordination, the commander has the right to apply all measures of coercion up to and including the application of force and firearms." "The commander bears no responsibility for the consequences in case he finds it necessary to apply force and firearms in order to compel an insubordinate to fulfill a command and to restore discipline and order." On the contrary, "the commander who does not in such instances evince firmness, resoluteness, and who does not apply all necessary measures to fulfill an order is remitted to trial before the court martial." (Red Star, No. 242, October 15, 1940.)

Without any control from any side whatever, a superior officer has the right in peace time to shoot down a Red Army soldier for not fulfilling a command—not for mutiny, not for an insurrection, but for insubordination!

Article 7 of the old statutes which were in force from 1925 to October, 1940 reads:

"The nachalniki (men in charge) have the right to apply armed compulsion only in a military situation and only in the V. Ulrich, presiding judge of the of Stalin's shaky regime next in Moscow Frame-up trials, in an importance only to the GPU.

article in the Red Star, special organ of the Red Army, of Octo-

ber 22, 1940. Comradely relations between soldiers and officers are no more. "The hail-fellow-wellmet spirit in the relationships between a commander and a subordinate can have no place in the Red Army. Discussion of any kind is absolutely prohibited among the subordinates." (Red Star, October 22, 1940.) And as Lieutenant-General V Kurdvumov clarifies in his article

n Pravda for October 16, 1940:

"Grievances may be introduced only personally and individually. Submission of group grievances or grievances for others is prohibited." No more group declarations, no more joint discussions-whether concerning an order, or bad food. or any other topic—all this comes under the heading of "insubordination" and for it a soldier may be shot on the spot without so much as a court-

tion, if a superior officer solely and personally so decides. This is how Stalin presumably proposes to lift the morale of the Red Army and prepare it for struggles in defense of the Soviet execution of battle orders." Here Union. The Red Army is, of is an accurate enough description course, not strengthened but of this aspect of the new stat- weakened by these measures, unutes: "The disciplinary statutes precedented in their ferocity. considerably extend the right of They are in reality intended commanders as regards the use further to reinforce the authorof force and firearms"-such is ity and position of the newly the conclusion of the notorious created officer-corps, now a prop

Red Caps Union

Presents Court With Damning Evidence

CHICAGO, Ill., February 2. - in the face of Jim-Crowism was

cities are suing six railroad com- the stand that just before he left

panies for \$1,550,961.75 as double to attend the trial his Station

indemnity on unpaid back wages. Master had threatened him that

that the Red Caps report all tips sonal, affair" implies a lynching.

The trial closed January 29 with

During the trial which opened if he testified to anything but the

That Railroads Violated Wage Law

to the companies which would

make up the difference between

the tips and the legal minimum

their own "plan," by forcing the

workers to report 25c. per hour

regardless of what the tips actu-

Despite the protests of the un-

ion, the United Transport Service

Employees of America, which de-

clared that the "plan" is based

upon coercion and intimidation,

the companies continued to force the "plan" down the throats of

the workers under threats of dis-

charge. As soon as the union

filed suit, the companies scurried

for legal cover and abandoned the

"Accounting and Guarantee Plan,"

placing the Red Caps on the pay-

roll at 25c. per hour. This was

an admission that they knew full

well their "plan" would not stand

Thirty Red Caps from all parts of the country, including the deep

South, came to Chicago to testify

in court on behalf of the union.

The high-light of the trial was

the testimony of Felix Braton,

who came up from Jackson, Mis-

sissippi. He stated that his Sta-

tion Master had compelled him

and other Red Caps under the

threat of firing to report \$1.50 in

tips for six hours work when their

actual receipts were about 60 or

It was also shown that Braxton

70 cents for six hours work.

ally were.

up in court.

RED CAPS TESTIFY

in many cases violated even this, a decision.

martial, hearing or investiga-

Officers' Control New Army Statutes Indicate Stalin's Is Now Complete Agenda For The 18th Conference

Beria Removed as Head of the GPU

An Associated Press dispatch dated Moscow, January 31. 1941 brings news of the removal of Laurenti Beria from his post as chief of the GPU. The dismissal of Beria means that the GPU itself is being reorganized along the lines of the reorganization which has already taken place in the trade unions, the party, the army, in industry, trade, finance, etc. Every sphere of Soviet life has now been affected by deep-going changes by means of which Stalin is seeking to stabilize his regime. The old instruments of suppression, the entire repressive apparatus of the regime has crumbled and has been revamped by Stalin in point of personnel through the purge and in point of structure and role through the new set-up, in which the army i.e. the officers' corps, plays a major

No reason was given for Beria's removal. His predecessor, Yezhov, was purged "for reasons of health." Yezhov's predecessor, Yagoda, was shot. Since the Moscow Frame-ups. Stalin has been using up GPU chieftains approximately at the rate of one a year.

vious meeting."

ence is the announcement of the cussion is taking place in the columns of the New York Times.

Mr. Duranty boasts that he

termined (by whom? where? dispatches! vided local authority but watch-of the Red Army? fulness to see that the orders of

If these words mean anything at Y. Times, January 27.) all, they mean that the party's role is henceforth to be, if not a that of "watchdog," then, at most, that of a "watchman" and a "help-

ation" amounts to in the Red Ar- lied as a single monolithic detach-Mr. Walter Duranty, Stalin's my, where things have gone be- ment, in closed ranks around the publicity agent in the United youd the point of discussion, ela- Central Committee of the C.P.S.U., States, continues to scoop the boration, or ratification. In fact, Comrade Stalin..." boasted Pravda Daily Worker. "On February 15," the new "program" was already on November 19, 1940. he writes, "begins the Eighteenth in force in the Red Army a month | Stalin will be surrounded at the Party Conference which will rank before the Conference call was is- Eighteenth Party Conference by in importance with any such pre- sued. Complete political authority his suite of Marshals. Generals. has been for months in the hands etc. in addition to all the other All that the Daily Worker has of the self-same commanders who "plenipotentiaries," who will do printed on this important Confer as Comrade Pokras describes else the "ratifying," and who have

vhere in this issue) are invest- done the "rallying." call last December 20! From all ed with the power of life and indications, the pre-Conference dis | death over their subordinates. "On the commanders, the plent-

potentiary leaders of the troops, knows in advance that "this next | den of responsibility for the policonference will discuss, work out tical work in the sections. This in detail and ratify a program or has still further raised," insists party control and cooperation in | Pravda, "the authority of com-ALL BRANCHES OF SOVIET manders and has determined the ENDEAVOR." (N. Y. Times, Jan-direction of the party political uary 29. My emphasis). No more, work in the Red Army." (Pravda, November 19, 1940). This was

shall not mean interference or di- for the party as such in the life ger.

the central authority—and also still "the question of precisely role in industry will not be a production plans—are carried out what role the Communist party.... major one. Stalin, when he takes munists" that they had become and to help in carrying them out." should play in army affairs." (N.

> Apparently, the role is that of flea on a watchdog.

"adjustment," as Duranty modest-Let us see just what the "pro- the pages of the Russian press. gards the party.

The old formula used to read "rally around the party, the Central Committee and Comrade Stalin." For the time being we rehas likewise fallen the whole bur- serve comment on the new formula, namely, "the Central Committee, Comrade Stalin." Suffice it to call attention here to this noteworthy change, in connection with the new role of the officers.

Duranty does not lie when he This statement is then clarified written more than two months be- ment of the Communist party . . . Progress!" Duranty himself as- have been built on sand." And as follows: "It has now been de- fore Duranty began writing his to the Red Army and, for that sures us that "the Communists again: "And he who thinks to matter, to industry, too." It cer- themselves are learning . . . are when?-J. G. W.) that control How much "role" does that leave tainly does loom bigger and big working for national progress in-

> Duranty pretends that there is my is any gauge, then the party's And no doubt it is. the floor at the Conference, will too preoccupied with economic undoubtedly clarify matters more successes and had forgotten all in a blind alley." (Daily Worker, fully than Duranty is permitted about politics. At the plenum of to. But it is possible to say in ad- the Central Committee he said If any discussion took place this vance that Duranty's formula of at the time: "It should be exing to instruct the party to forget "watchfulness" comes close to plained that economic successes ly calls it, it certainly was not on summing up the program as re- themselves, their stability and dur-

Duranty, like all of Stalin's hired hands, has to lie about the Draconic June 26 labor laws. In his dispatch of January 29, Duranty tries to convey the impression that the Soviet workers are getting higher wages because of longer hours.

"And longer working hours also mean higher wages, as German statistics showed, a point in the Nazi success some people are apt to forget." (N. Y. TIMES, January 30, 1941).

Duranty, it will be observed, refers to "German statistics" as evidence of higher wages in the Soviet Union!

To expose this shabby lie we quote again what Shvernik the head of the C.C.T.U. (trade union center) had to say on this subject:

"The lengthening of the working day is most closely bound up with the question of wages. An objection may be raised that the proportional increase of the working day must be accompanied, if you please, by a similar increase in wages. It would be absolutely incorrect to pose the question in this way. Were we to permit an increase of wages proportionate to the increase of the working day then there could not even be talk of any necessary sacrifices." (BOLSHEVIK-No. 11-12, June 1940.)

The section of the ukase pertaining to wages reads:

"That the norms of output be raised and piece work rates be lowered in proportion to the increased working day." In other words, instead of getting higher wages, the workers got cuts in pay, in addition to longer hours.

stead of just playing politics."

In 1937, Stalin "taught the Comation wholly and fully depend on may alter but the conclusion re-Duranty even supplies the key-the successes of party organiza-mains the same: In a blind alley.

note of Stalin's speech at the Con- | tional and party political work; says "It is the biggest thing in ference, namely: "Stop Playing that without this condition ecothe U.S.S.R. today, this adjust- Politics!" "Work for National nomic successes may prove to separate economy from politics in economic work at the cost of be-If the "adjustment" in the Ar- That sounds very authoritative. littling political work, or contrariwise, to strengthen political work at the cost of belittling economic work, will inevitably find himself March 30, 1937.)

> In 1941, he is evidently preparall about politics. The formulas

The Vote For Trotskyism In Minnesota

By GRACE CARLSON

(Trotskyist candidate in Minnesota for U. S. Senator in the last election).

When 8,761 workers and farmers of Minnesota record their support of the Trotskyist program by voting for the Trotskyist candidate for U.S. Senator, and when this represents 6,050 more votes than the Stalinist candidate for president received, that is, in the words of the National Committee of the Communist Party, "something to think about."

If a worker does think seriously about the meaning of these election returns, he can come to only one conclusion, namely that the advanced workers and farmers of Minnesota, who have had a long acquaintance with Trotskyists, realize that militant working class action.

Workers Remember Stalinist Crimes

For the Minnesota workers and farmers have had a long acquaintance with Stalinism too. They recall vividly the criminal and irresponsible attacks made by the Stalinist officials on the valiant leaders of the truck drivers strikes of 1934. They haven't forgotten the adventuristic Stalinist criti-1,000 Red Cap porters from twenty exemplified in his statement from cism made against the Trotskyist leaders for "accepting the support" of the Farmer-Labor Governor Floyd Olson in the victorious settlement of the strikes. As late as October, 1934, the Com-January 20 before Federal Judge "truth" (what the Station Master | munist Party published a 58-page pamphlet en-Sullivan a so-called "Accounting and the R.R.'s wanted told) it titled, "Permanent Counter-Revolution: The Role and Guarantee Plan" was brought would be a "personal affair" be of the Trotskyites in the Minneapolis Strikes." to light. This "plan" provided tween them. In the South a "per- and written by two Stalinist big-shots, William F. Dunne and Morris Childs. Despite the plain evidence of the success of the great strikes, and both sides instructed to file briefs the growth of the General Drivers Union on the of 25c. per hour. It was revealed within forty-five days, after firm foundation of that success, this nationallyduring the trial that the railroads which time the judge will render distributed pamphlet sought to prove that the Trotskyists had sold out the strikes. Try and

find a copy of that absurd pamphlet in a Stalinist bookshop now! The growth of Minneapolis into the best-organized city of its size in the country, thanks to the drivers' victories, has made that pamphlet'a curio worth having. And we have copies that any interested worker can see.

Minnesota workers and farmers also have long enough memories to recall how the Stalinists overnight turned from a policy of attacking Farmer-Laborites to the "Popular Front" policy of capturing the Farmer-Labor Party and pushing it far to the right. The small-town banker, Elmer Benson, who was elected Governor in 1936, was an easy stooge for the Stalinists, and turned over all patronage to the C. P. machine. Minnesota Farmer-Laborites remember very well the bitterness felt by those rank and filers who had fought in the ranks of the F-LP for years to see a group of C. P. carpet baggers come in to the state, take over their Party by control of state jobs and turn it into an appendage to Roosevelt's machine.

Stalinists Wrecked Farmer-Labor Party

Farmer-Labor workers don't forget that the many attempts to "broaden" the Farmer-Labor Party into a Popular Front by coalition with the Democrats and "liberal" Republicans were Stalinistengineered. These reactionary proposals were repudiated time and again by the advanced workers in the trade unions affiliated with the F-LP.

Because of the succession of C. P.-inspired outrages, Benson was defeated in the 1938 election. The Socialist Workers Party gave critical support to Benson in the election against the Republican Stassen. In an Open Letter to Governor Benson, presented to him during the campaign, we warned that he could not rally the workers and farmers unless he made "a sharp

break with the Democratic machine nationally" and "a clear ideological break with Roosevelt's most vociferous supporters, the most determined pro-war group in the country today, the Communist Party."

With the signing of the Nazi-Soviet pact in 1939, the Communist Party again changed its line, and it now tries to use for the new line the remnants of the Farmer-Labor party which surived after the disastrous defeat of 1938. And with no explanation of the somersault.

Nor can the Communist Party of Minnesota erase from its record its shameful, union-smashing campaigns of 1937 directed against the organized machinists, hospital workers and others in AFL unions. Working in the name of the CIO, Bill Mauseth and other Stalinist leaders succeeded in reducing strong and powerful AFL unions into weak "paper" organizations in the Stalinist-dominated CIO movement in Minnesota. This whole program of union disruption was carried on with the fullest cooperation of the Stalinist-controlled Governor's office. The bona fide CIO national movement suffered as a result. Despite all efforts of the Minneapolis union leadership-who are pro-industrial union and recognize the progressive and major role of the CIO nationally-many workers identify the national CIO with the caricature concocted by the Stalinists in Minnesota.

The thinking worker can therefore easily understand that advanced workers and farmers of Minnesota responded eagerly to the proletarian, revolutionary program of the Socialist Workers Party in the 1940 election campaign.

The Trotskyist Record is Clear

For, unlike the Stalinists, the Trotskyists have a clear record of unswerving support of the Marxist method of struggle. The Marxist method is the method of support of all of the day-to-day struggles of the workers against the bosses, and of militant struggle within the Farmer-Labor Party to draw the workers further along the road of independent working-class action.

The militant activity of the Trotskyists in the great strike struggles of 1934, in the demonstrations and struggles of the unemployed and WPA workers during the past six years, in the campaigns of the trade unionists and organized farmers of the Farmer-Labor Party against the reactionary Republican and Democratic machines, is well known.

The militancy and working class solidarity demonstrated by the Trotskyists of Minnesota have won them the respect of the vast majority of the organized workers of Minnesota and the hatred of the capitalists and their government. The ranks of the Trotskyists of Minnesota number many class-struggle fighters who have been imprisoned because of their activities in behalf of trade union and unemployed workers.

The 1940 Election Campaign

This is the stainless record of the Trotskyists in Minnesota, and none of the smearing attempts of the Stalinists could blacken it in the eyes of the workers and farmers of Minnesota. We appeared on the ballot as the "Trotskyist Anti-War

We were careful in all of the speeches, leaflets and radio propaganda of the campaign to make clear that our attacks on the Communist Party, were attacks of revolutionists against reformists. One of the planks in our platform called for "Defense of the Soviet Union Against Imperialism and Stalinism."

We appealed to the Communist Party workers

in our election literature to "restudy Stalinism in the light of the writings of Marx and Lenin." We expressed confidence that such a study would lead them to a break with the Stalinist Party and unity with the Bolshevik program of the Socialist Workers Party.

In sections of the state, particularly among the iron miners on the Range, there are a large number of former C. P. members who have for years supported the Russian Revolution. Impressive totals for the Trotskyist candidate were recorded in those sections.

A heavy registration of votes for Trotskyism were also recorded in those areas of the state in which there are industrial workers, such as the packinghouse workers, timber workers, drivers, miners, etc. The word "Trotskyist" stands for militant working-class action to these workers. who have understood the role of the Trotskyists in the militant Minneapolis labor movement.

The largest vote for the Trotskvist candidate came from the three industrial centers of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth. In Minneapolis and St. Paul alone, our Party received a larger vote than the C. P. obtained in the entire state.

It is a great gratification to note how deeply the ideas of Trotskyism have penetrated among the Minnesota masses. Undoubtedly the recent tragic death of Leon Trotsky at the hands of Stalin's agent dramatized the program of the Fourth International for thousands of workers and farmers in Minnesota as well as through the nation. I am very sure that many hundreds of votes were cast for me as the Trotskyist candidate in order to do honor to the murdered hero who symbolizes for the oppressed the revolutionary struggle against the capitalist system of expolit-

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joined the UTSEA at its very beginning and was a courageous fighter in its behalf. His courage

Negro Struggle

Fight Against Byrne's Appointment

Shortly after the announcement that McReynolds was retiring from the United States Supreme Court, word came that Roosevelt had already chosen the man he was going to nominate to fill the vacancy, although he did not intend to make the name known for several weeks.

However, at the same time, "authoritative sources" disclosed that the man Roosevelt was referring to was Senator James Byrnes of South Carolina, one of his chief aides in pushing the "Lend-Lease" War Powers Bill.

Immediately, protest action was called for by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, which said it would conduct a fight against the selection of Byrnes because he "has been absolutely consistent in opposing any and every effort to give to Negro citizens the protection of the United States Constitution."

The NAACP also pointed out that the three senators who most strongly favor Byrne's appointment, Carter Glass of Virginia, Pat Harrison of Mississippi, and Alben Barkley of Kentucky, are all opponents of any kind of federal anti-lynching

The Pittsburgh Courier went back to the record and dug out the following information:

While Byrnes was in the House of Representatives, he tried to obstruct and voted against appropriations for Howard University.

He spoke and voted against the Dyer anti-

He voted against the resolution providing a loan of five million dollars to Liberia.

He placed the blame for the 1919 "race riots" in Chicago and Washington on "would-be leaders of the (Negro) race," instead of on the boss-inspired anti-union campaigns, and said:

"If the two races are to live together in this country, it may as well be understood that the war has in no way changed the attitude of the white man toward the social and political equality of the Negro.

"If, as a result of his experience in the war, he does not care to live in this land without political and social equality, then he can depart for any country he wishes and his departure will be facilitated by the white people of this country who desire no disturbing factor in their midst."

the above statement and has the above record mete out equal justice to all citizens of the United States?

The Courier, asks: "Can the man who made

"If you think so, read until you're sleepy and "If you don't think so, prepare to act."

New Deal Testimony Against Byrnes!

But not even the Courier has told the whole story about Byrnes, as can be seen by a reading of "Dixie Demagogues" by two New Dealers, A. Michie and F. Ryhlick, who will be embarassed. after they exposed Byrne's record and his opposition to the more liberal legislation of the earlier New Deal, to see how closely Roosevelt is working

For Byrnes is every bit as much anti-labor as he is anti-Negro. And his nomination must be opposed not only by fighters for equality for the Negro people, but by organized labor as well.

In 1937 Byrnes was among the first to rush forward with a denunciation of the sit-down strike, and he introduced an amendment to the Guffey Coal Bill to bar sit-downs, one of labor's strongest weapons.

He opposed the Wage-Hour Bill in the Senate, and attempted to use his influence in the House to prevent its passage. He thinks that the thousands of textile workers and sharecroppers of South Carolina are getting along well enough in their present starving, highly exploited condition.

He was one of the leaders in Congress of the relief-slashing bloc that has cut WPA to ribbons, always favoring the lowest figure offered for WPA appropriations, always in favor of the move to turn relief over to the states' control.

An example of his die-hard opposition to the anti-lynching bill, was his reply to the question asked him in 1938 as to what likelihood there was of ending the filibuster against the anti-lynch bill:

"Not until the year 2038, unless the bill is withdrawn before then!"

The fact that Roosevelt even considers such a man for appointment to the Supreme Court should serve to disillusion many colored and white workers who have supported Roosevelt because "he's a little better than the Republicans."

Citizenship Lost in Panama

When the Panama Canal was being dug back at the beginning of the century, thousands of Negroes in the British West Indies were brought over to help dig it.

Most of them, after pouring out their sweat and blood building it, settled down to live in Panama, and to raise their families there.

Today, these Negro workers and their children who were born in Panama, have lost their rights of citizenship under the new constitution that went into effect at the beginning of the year.

The children of the diggers of the Panama Canal and the children of Asiatics all thus become people "without a country," and are placed in a position where it will be much easier for them to be exploited and oppressed in the future.

We can be sure that those who are whooping it up most loudly for a war "for democracy" against Germany will have nothing to say about (and will silently approve) this almost unprecedented repression. For all that the government of Panama has done is to proclaim in law the same conditions of servitude that are imposed in fact and in deed on over nine million Negro workers and sharecroppers in the South.

The cannot emandipate itself How They Let Hitler Take Power Just What Happened

The Second And Third Internationals Let Him In Without A Fight

By HARRY FRANKEL

It is now eight years since Hitler came to power in Germany. Since that time the reactionary consequences of that great catasrophe have fully unfolded themselves, but the lessons of this defeat for the working class have not been widely spread among even the thinking workers. There has been much weeping, but very little has been understood. For this reason, we must once again weigh the lessons of Germany and take them to heart. I hen we will be better armed for the future.

In Germany before Hitler the working class was very well organized. The trade unions encompassed millions, the fraternal and sports organizations of the workers were extremely powerful,

end, the fascist menace could

the capitalists and the capitalist

united front of struggle, victory

have a far-sighted revolutionary

leadership of the type the Rus-

sian workers possessed in 1917.

The German workers were headed

by much the same sort of swind-

lers, blockheads and agents of

capitalism and of Stalin as to-

examine these "leaders" and their

The Social Democrats were the

most important leaders of the

workers and their worst betray-

ers. They first dragged the Ger-

man workers into the World War,

and then, as they emerged from

it, prevented them from setting

up a Workers Government. In the

course of suppressing the revolu-

tion Ebert, Noske, Scheidemann

and the other Social-Democratic

leaders slaughtered thousands of

workers. Rosa Luxemburg and

Communist workers, were assas-

sinated by Junker officers under

the command of the Social Demo-

crats. For the next fourteen

vears, the Social Democrats were

either the Government or its

Karl Liebknecht, leaders of the

actions to know what to avoid.

THE RECORD OF THE

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS

ly assured in advance.

and the enormous support given | to the Socialist and Communist parties by the workers testified to the almost unanimous desire on the part of the masses for Socialism. On the other hand, the economic situation in Germany was becoming steadily worse. Production was disorganized. wages were low and declining, and the enormous mass unemployment grew like a cancer on the body of German society. In the face of this situation, the continued stability and growth of Unfortunately, this was not so. the working class organizations was possible only if they began to take control of the economic life of the country. The only road for them was to form the government and take over power

THE TASK OF SMASHING FASCISM

The Fascist camp of Hitler grew and fed itself on the social decay and on the refusal of the working class leaders to translate their words into action. The unemployed, the youth who had never had jobs, the ruined middle class-all the demoralized and declassed sections of the population-served as the reservoir from which Hitler drew his support. Official society had squeezed them from its pores; Hitler organized them, gave them a "mission" and a banner, told them that the workers and worker's organizations were their main enemies. Hitler spoke often, in those days, to meetings of manufacturers associations; he won their support mainly by his success in breaking up worker's

How was it possible to fight this plague? First it was necessary to organize a working class united front for action against the fascists. It was necessary to meet force with force. In the course of this united front, the further necessity of taking over alizing the important industries help them fight the fascists. The

By J. INGRAM

Von Schleicher; supported all the @ capitalist governments as these swung ever further to the right stand was to help re-elect Von Hindenburg, the President. And on January 30, 1933 he called upon Hitler to form a cabinet. Even then the Social Democrats did not change their policy. In the Reichstag they voted for a motion of confidence in Hitler's foreign policy. They offered to support Hitler if only he would tolerate the continued existence be removed, and with it its source: of the Social Democratic apparatus and so save these flunkeys their jobs. crisis. Along this road of the

THE SIMILAR RECORD OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY

for the working class and its socialist aspirations was practical-But the Communist Party? What was it doing with its prest-But for all this to happen, it ige, its support, its nearly six was necessary for the workers to million voters?

The Stalinist bureaucrats were at that time in the throes of their policy of "social fascism." According to Stalin, Social Democracy was "the moderate wing of fascism." And according to this logic, a Social Democratic government is even worse than day mislead the workers in this a fascist government! Here is a country. We would do well to sample of the work of the Stalinist scribblers at that time.

> "A Social Democratic coalition government, confronted with a non-combatant, split up, confused proletariat would be a thousand times greater evil than an open Fascist dictatorship, against which would appear a class conscious proletariat, resolved upon struggle, united in its mass."

-DER PROPAGANDIST

Sept. '31 What was necessary was to establish a working class united front and, without for a moment trusting the existing boss "democratic" government, launch the struggle to unite and arm the workers to defend all existing working class organizations. But no, answered the Stalinist theoreticians of "Der Propagandist,' the Social Democrats are fascists themselves; an open fascist Govchief prop-in Prussia they ruled ernment would be better.

throughout-and Social Demo-The Trotskyists, at that time, cratic workers on strike who felt organized their biggest campaign the blows of the police could, if around the slogan of the united they chose, comfort themselves | front against the Nazis. Had the with the thought that the police | Stalinists launched such a slogan, chief belonged to the same party we said at that time, the result would have been tremendous. These "leaders" of the working Those Social Democratic leaders class could think of nothing but who opposed the united front, or governmental power and nation- to call upon the government to accepted it insincerely, would have been immediately exposed and the banks would have be- Social Democrats supported before the widest mass of their come plain to all workers. In the Bruening, then Von Papen, then followers. By elaborating a fight- be different from Italy. The Stal-

under Nazi pressure. Their last stand was to help re-elect Von Casualties, Ordered By Army

The War Department on January 29 placed an order for 1,350,000 special identification tags to be worn by the American troops in addition to the regular metal identification disc of traditional use.

The new tag will be used to aid in the keeping of the medical records at dressing stations, medical posts and field hospitals. It is a numbered cardboard in a metal ring. When removed from a corpse, fragment of corpse, or a wounded soldier disfigured beyond recognition, the letters KIA (Killed in action) or WIA (Wounded in action) can be written down in a hurry and the disc tossed into a container. No fussing around with index cards and filing cabinets.

When asked why so large an order was being placed at this time, Army procurement officials explained that the army was laying in a full supply of all "potential requirements."

The Army officials indignantly denied, when questioned by newspaper reporters, that the purchase of this huge supply of special identification tags indicated that they anticipate an imminent entry into the war.

Maybe the War Department is in such a hurry to get DOUBLE identification discs for the boys who might get blistered feet marching around the army camps.

creased its prestige, weakened the to power, they argued, that was such thing; they sabotaged the united front and came out openly really believed that events were against it. Willi Muenzenberg then one of the chief spokesmen of Stalinism, spoke quite plainly on Feb. 1, 1932:

"A bloc or even an alliance, or even a temporary joint operation in individual actions between the Communist Party and the Social Democratic Party of Germany would forever discredit the Communist Party among the broad masses of the workers, toiling peasants, and middle strata, and draw it into decline."

False as every word is here, the falsest of all are the references to the "middle strata." The petty bourgeosie can be won by the workers, but only by a bold and audacious policy of action. The cowardly and vacillating policy of the Stalinist tops was a major factor in driving the "middle strata" to the Nazis.

Ah, but Germany is going to

ing program, the Communist par- | inist hacks turned out reams on ty would have enormously in- this theme. When Mussolini came Social Democratic apparatus, and during a reactionary period, paved the way for Soviets. But while today, the period we are the Stalinist criminals did no entering is a revolutionary one. These school-marm politicians moving according to a pre-conceived graph kept in the Bureau of Standards at Moscow. What they could not or would not grasp was that the events in Germany and the actions of the Communist Party were going to determine for many years whether the period would be revolutionary or reactionary.

> And so the Stalinist Generals marched their soldiers round and round, hurled curses and implications at all the other parties and did nothing at all to win over the Social Democratic workers to joint struggle against fascism Long after Hitler was Chancellor, these absurd lackeys were parading around as though noth ing had happened, boasting that the party of Thaelmann had not erred, and was preparing, and that we would soon hear from it Yes, we heard. Finally, the Communist International, after six weeks of silence after the Reichstag fire and Hitler's complete triumph, came out for...the

The British Goebbels On Kenya The Trotskyists drew up the alance sheet of the Stalinist International on the basis of the German events and launched an international of victory: The Fourth International. Stalin ended up by joining Hitler in economic, political and military collaboration. And the Social Democrat leaders, who wouldn't let the German workers fight Hitler, have emigrated, and now ask the American workers to die in the says the British Ministry of Pro- do the German workers any

> THE COMING REVOLUTION IN GERMANY

The German workers have suffered much since Hitler came to gaining are prohibited by law; power. All of their organizations destroyed and the best of their ployment benefits, old-age pensions | militants slaughtered, this working class, once the proudest in all Europe must feel doubly defeated since they never even got a chance to fight. The Stalin-Hitler pact has surely left a great many of the finest among the German workers feeling beis the principal export crop and trayed and hopeless. But it must so it is the monopoly of the white have taught a great many of planters. As for the crops which them where not to look for leadership.

After the Fascists had come keting, because the transportation to power in Germany, the Stalfacilities were built for the ben- inists, refusing to acknowledge a efit of the European Communities. defeat long after it had taken place, went about saying:: the of Propaganda, are interested in decisive battles are yet to come.' the native's political development. These words, used as a cover for A strange manner in which to a false policy which had failed, show it: No native has the right contain a truth today that the to vote; there is no representation | Stalinist leaders are completely on the Legislative Council except unable to understand. The de-The best equipped hospitals are a missionary who is appointed by cisive battles in Germany are yet armies, the German workers who persons cannot meet together and put an end to their brutal The native children are hungry without permission of the author- prison-keepers. Hitler's strongest weapon today is the fact that the proletariat in the "democracies" is obeying its capitalist rulers. When it ceases to do so, we shall immediately find it joined in revolution by the German proletariat that gave us Marx, Engels, Liebknecht, Luxemburg and a

million unknown heroes of its

struggle to change the world!

When the A. P. M. Went to Washington

By JOHN FREDERICKS

WASHINGTON, D. C .- Another Stalinist 'peoples lobby" was conducted here on Saturday, Feb. 1, this time under the auspices of the American Peace Mobilization. The 800 delegates from New York City that were brought here by special train for the purpose listened to a 10 minute speech by Congressman Vito Marcantonio against the so-called "lend-lease" bill. And that's about all they did do.

The lobby, under the direction of one Dr. Neff, proceeded to the Senate office building where they were supposed to buttonhole the senators of the Foreign Relations committee. The senators refused to see the delegation or to allow them to enter the Senate office building. Dr. Neff advised the group to stand patiently outside the building, making no sort of demonstration, in order to impress the senators that the delegation had peaceful intentions. The delegates were allowed to cool their heels on the bleak, windswept steps of the office building until the senators went home for the day.

Finally admitting defeat in the announced mission of seeing the senators, Dr. Neff advised his followers to return to Murrays Casino, in the Negro section of Washington, promising there to organize a demonstration that would shake all

Leaders Haven't Many Ideas

At Murrays Casino a pep meeting was organized where it was explained to the delegates that there was no real democracy to be found in these Congressional halls, as if they had expected to find some there. After stalling around for about two hours in the hall listening to speeches of delegates from the floor after the meeting had run out of regular speakers, the leaders finally admitted that they were all out of ideas for further action. They admitted that since all government buildings were closed at that hour on Saturday afternoon, and the neighborhood was deserted, that the delegation was faced with the alternative of fruitlessly picketing empty buildings before no audience, or going back to New

The rank and file of the meeting, however, was in a more militant mood, and a proposal came from the floor that the group picket the White House. Since this action was better than no action at all it was enthusiastically accepted.

The idea of holding a parade through the city working class districts was abandoned when the police said it was contrary to law. There were nine arrests-for violation of jaywalking laws.

At last the demonstration in front of the White House was carried out for an hour under the banner of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade. During the hour, there were, all

told, about 200 passers-by. Those who kept their eyes and ears open and who are used to the militant struggles of trade

unions when they fight for an objective, learned that the pacifist program of the A.P.M. will never succeed in defeating H. R. 1776 or doing anything else except impress the authorities with the timidity and stupidity of the leadership of

It Can Happen Here

An Associated Press dispatch of Feb. 1 from Honolulu informs us that, in the face of a threat delivered last Thursday by the local draft board to call up for army service any worker who went out on strike, 315 members of the Amalgamated Association of Street Electric Railway Employes of America (AFL) tied up the transit system of the leading city in the island colony of the United States.

The strike was called after the directors of the Honolulu Rapid Transit Company had refused to arbitrate the question of a union shop clause in the contract under negotiation.

Pretext for the strike-breaking threat of the draft board was the charge that the transit strike would hold up work at the Pearl Harbor Naval

Today the draft board makes such a threat in a colony. Tomorrow it will be tried here.

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In all the British daily papers lands and become mere tenants government rushed in, drove over gal. we find articles subtitled "A Com- of the Crown. Meanwhile the 10,000 of these natives off their monwealth in Arms" which are white planters have taken over lands, and forced them to sign the native economic interests? So imperialist war which will never turned out under the direction or the best lands in the Colony, the six month labor contracts at a the Ministry of Information and Highlands, which are the most pay of 10 shillings (\$2.50) per paganda! A breach of contract is good. Propaganda. These articles at fertile, healthful and productive. month of 30 working days of nine tempt to prove the unity and com- In this area, by white man's law, hours each. Chronic social diseases radeship of all the peoples who no colored person may live, and were brought in by the gold dig- in one year over 3,000 natives ive under the flag of England. In furthermore, no native African gers, the agricultural economy dis-

as they did.

and other colonial peoples. A THEIR LAND STOLEN, statements of the Daily Telegraph article and a glimpse at the facts are more than enough to expose

"We are ready, our sons are

compare it with the facts present- many days he has worked. lules Africa."

plantation owners, a landed aris- ernment that has broken its productive lands; here the Africans then, in 1932, when gold was ish language, the authorities close so under British rule!

tude of the Government to these mile of land for each white.

Churchill's Ministry of Propaganda Tells A Whopper

brief examination of a few of the THEN FORCED LABOR

the monstrous hypocrisy and the the Reserves and onto the planta- anything about these wrongs. shameless lying of British "De- tions of the white where, by law, the natives must work a mini OUTDOING HITLER'S mum of 180 days a year; in ac- PROPAGANDA MINISTRY ready, each of us is ready to give tual practice the big plantations all that he can to be one with exact 270 days out of the 365. This the Empire and to defend our system of enforced land impover- pays taxes or tribute in any form country." These words are attri- ishment for the natives insures to Britain." This incredible asserbuted by the Daily Telegraph ar. an adequate supply of labor for tion is made in the British Proticle to the Senior Chief of Cen- the white plantations. No native paganda Ministry's article! In Ketral Kavirondo in Kenya colony. can get away from this forced language alone, in 1929 the Natives bor because no native can wander paid £531,016 in hut and poll body else talks like this in Kenya about the country at will or be taxes; in 1930, £591,424; in 1931, because, the article explains, of unemployed, as he will immediate £530,877. the utter selflessness of British ately be arrested and imprisoned rule over Kenya. "Here is the for vagrancy. Every native off reserved for white patients. There the Governor and who is supposed to come. All the German workkeynote of British colonial policy. the Reserves must wear a Kip- are three hospitals for Africans to represent the native interest. ers need is a little encourage-Its aim is to foster natural growth andi, a kind of wallet which must containing 1500 beds for a native The natives cannot even petition ment: to be shown by example. -economic, social and political." be worn around the neck and population of 3,000,000. Due to im- the government to protest their When revolt first infects Europe's A very touching picture. Let us which contains the fingerprints of proper medical care, the native grievances because their organizacompare it, however, with some the bearer and a labor certificate mortality in some of the Reserves tions are illegal. More than five are so slandered today will rise easily-obtainable FACTS. Let us signed by the master showing how is as high as 500 deaths per 1,000.

In Kenya we see that the white eagerly pledge allegiance to a gov-

lose all title to their ancestral; found on the native Reserves, the them down and declare them illethe Daily Telegraph of Nov. 29, can even acquire a legal right to rupted, the family life disinted Trade unions and collective bar-1940, for example, we find a choice any land within the Colony. On grated. This insult was added, bit of propaganda telling how the the Reserves, the natives, an agri-that if a man or a cow fell into people of Kenya Colony in Africa cultural and pastoral people, are a mining pit and died, 5 shillings are ready to give their all for the crowded together, 136 to the mile, compensation was given to the rel-Empire, and of the fatherly atti- while there is reserved a square atives of the man or the owner of the cow. When the Kavirondo-Native Ass'n sent a delegation to the Colonial Secretary in London. protesting these conditions and This enforced overcrowding abuses, he did not find it convedrives these landless people off nient to receive it, let alone do

"No part of the British Empire

ed by George Padmore, himself a What unashamed insolence—as and disease-ridden, 95-to 100% native of a British colony, in his brazen as Hitler's Ministry of of African children under the age revealing book, "How Britain Propaganda—to make it appear of 10 carry traces of chronic malthat the people of Kenya Colony arial infection; in some districts over 70% suffer from hookworm.

The government is looking after considered desertion and is pun-

ishable by fine and imprisonment; were punished under this law. workmen's compensation, unemare unheard of in East Africa.

IF THIS ISN'T SLAVERY, WHAT IS?

The native peasants are not allowed to grow coffee, because it the natives are allowed to grow, they have great difficulty in mar-The British, says the Ministry

Perhaps the most cynical statement in this article of the Propaganda Ministry, is: "Today we are fighting to save this work (in The natives ask for schools to Kenya) from the hands of the Destocracy, with the connivance of mises to them and refuses redress. teach them scientific farming, the troyer, whose only idea for colonthe government, have driven the In 1930 the Government passed a whites answer, "It will spoil the ial peoples is permanent slavery." Africans off their lands and herd- law promising these natives that Blacks." When the natives open Presumably the emphasis is on ed them onto Reserves, onto the there would be no further slicing their own schools to teach their the word permanent! As distinmost barren, unfertile and unpro- up of their remaining lands, and children, of all things, the Engl- guished from a few centuries or

THE MILITANT

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FIGHT WITH THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY

ON THE WAR FRONT:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, under control of the trade unions.
- 2. The establishment of special officers' training camps, financed by the government and controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become
- 3. Confiscation of all war profits—all company books to be open for trade union inspection.
- 4. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 5. Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the
- 6. Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces-Down with Jim Crowism.
- 7. An end to secret diplomacy.
- 8. A peoples' referendum on any and all wars.

AT HOME:

- 1. A job and decent living for every worker.
- 2. Thirty-thirty-\$30 weekly minimum wage-30 hour weekly maximum for all workers on all jobs.
- 3. \$30 weekly old age and disability pension. 4. Full social, political and economic equality for the
- Negro people. 5. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and
- 6. A twenty-billion dollar Federal public works and
- housing program to provide jobs for the unem-
- 7. Expropriate the Sixty Families.
- 8. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade
- 9. A Workers' and Farmers' Government.

Green's Offer to Ford

William Green's announcement on Monday that a "majority" of the production workers in the River Rouge and Lincoln plants of the Ford Motor Company "have taken the necessary preliminary steps to become organized into American Federation of Labor unions" is news not only to American labor generally but, above all, to the Ford workers themselves.

There is but one bona fide union of automobile workers in this country, the United Automobile Workers of the CIO. Within this great industrial union are the organized workers of General Motors, Chrysler and the host of auto-parts plants. There can be no genuine union in the Ford plants which is not an integral part of the UAW-CIO. The UAW-CIO has fought the battle for the auto workers and smashed through to victory in every open-shop stronghold in the vast auto industry with the single exception of one, the Ford Motor Company.

The UAW-CIO is now engaged in the greatest struggle of all. It has flung the gauntlet into the face of Henry Ford, and the Ford workers are joining the CIO by the thousands. The iron bars of the Ford prison have begun to bulge apart under the impact of the CIO.

Green's statement has but one intent: to prevent at all costs the organization of the Ford workers into the CIO. And that means, to prevent altogether the genuine organization of the Ford workers, for ho real union can exist in Ford's without the backing of the rest of the organized auto

Green's claim to a majority in the principle Ford plants is a bald-faced lie on the face of it. It is inconceivable that an organizing campaign which could win a majority in plants of the immense size of Ford's could have been undertaken and carried through in such a fashion that news of it would not have leaked forth. It is a task of such scope as to require an army of organizers and union personnel. Who are these organizers, where have they been hiding? No one knows, because they do not exist.

Compare Green's invisible campaign with the far-flung offices, organizers and activities of the UAW-CIO Ford drive!

The game which William Green is attempting to play now is the same dirty game at which Homer Martin tried his hand and so miserably failed. Like Martin, Green is preparing to sell himself and the fair name of that great body of union men at whose head he stands, into the services of the vilest exploiter of labor in the country. He has profferred a deal to Henry Ford, whereby in return for a sham contract with a "union" in which the Ford workers will have had no part, Green will provide Ford with a "legal" excuse for continuing to refuse to deal with the union of the Ford work-

ers' choice, the CIO United Auto Workers Union.

Green and the AFL leaders have not in the past evinced the slightest desire to organize the Ford or any other industrial workers. The entire history of the AFL top leaders, and particularly during the last eight years, has revealed them as implacable enemies of industrial unionism, the only type of unionism which can organize Ford.

If anything reveals the scummy intent of Green's statement, it is the following words of his public announcement:

"None of these (Ford) employes was ever discriminated against by the management of the Ford Motor Company because of membership in the American Federation of Labor unions."

"The right of the production workers to voluntarily become members of a union of their own choosing, as provided for in the National Labor Relations Act, was freely exercised, without interference by the management of the Ford Motor Company."

These statements are a brazen attempt to whitewash the vilest anti-union boss in the land. If the AFL members who, Green claims, have always worked in Ford's plants, have never felt the weight of Ford's terrorism, if they have never been interfered with in their union rights, how does it happen that the AFL did not succeed long ago in winning a contract for the Ford workers? Why is it that only since the CIO has been making organizational gains in the Ford plants has Green recognized the need for unionism in Ford's?

If the facts of Ford's tyranny, his low wages and man-killing speed-up, his huge army of thugs and spies which have kept his realm a kingdom of fear, were not known to every American worker, a whole series of NLRB decisions exist to testify to the countless violations of labor laws and workers' rights which have transpired in the plants of Henry Ford. Within the past week, the War Department, which has demonstrated no sympathy for the rights of labor, was nevertheless constrained to deny Ford a war contract because he arrogantly refused to accept a clause in the contract agreeing to live up to the requirements of existing labor

We have no doubt that Henry Ford, if faced with the final choice of signing a real union contract with the Ford workers voluntarily organized into the CIO, or penning his name to a counterfeit "contract" with the name AFL attached but which the Ford workers never saw or ratified, Ford will unhesitatingly choose the latter.

But it will be the contract not of a real union, but of a "union" organized within the offices of Harry Bennett. It will be a "union" which the Ford workers will join when confronted by Harry Bennett with a dismissal notice in one hand and an AFL application blank in the other. It will be the polar opposite of real unionism, a company owned and operated union.

There is not a single honest unionist in America, AFL or CIO, who does not hate and despise Henry Ford.

Members of the AFL! The honor of the AFL as a genuine body of union labor is at stake. William Green and the rest of the AFL Executive Council must not be permitted to sell the name of the AFL to Henry Ford. If the membership of the AFL permitted that to happen, the labor movement would be plunged into nation-wide internal warfare. On the other hand, if the CIO is helped to succeed in organizing Ford, the entire labor movement will be given the most tremendous impetus, just as the UAW-CIO victories of 1937 in General Motors and Chrysler directly fostered the growth of all unions, AFL and CIO alike.

William Green must be stopped. The AFL workers owe it to themselves to stop him.

Spell Is Free

The acquittal of Joseph Spell, Negro worker, at the hands of an all-white Connecticut jury, of the charges of rape and assault brought against him by his white employer, a wealthy and prominent club woman, caused general surprise and ela-

The very fact of the wide-spread publicity given to this verdict and the unexpected satisfaction it has brought to all unbiased people is testimony in itself of the true conditions under which the Negroes live and the customary character of the "justice" they receive at the hands of the white

In itself, the case was an open and shut one. The factual evidence was wholly in favor of the accused man. Had Spell been a white man, the woman, under the circumstances of the relationship which she had herself solicited, would never have thought, in all probability, of charging him with rape. Or if she had, the public prosecutor would have himself tossed it out of court.

This case will no doubt be used by the liberal reformists, both Negro and white, as an argument that at least in the North, the Negro can expect an even-handed justice from the courts.

But the truth must be recognized that the outcome of this case was an exception, and that the Negro people in the North, as well as in the South, have little chance of securing justice in the courts or in any other of the capitalist state institutions. They will continue to be segregated, insulted, ostracized and degraded, socially and economically, so long as the present oppressive social system

For every case where an individual Negro receives some isolated semblance of justice, there are a thousand others which prove that the Negro people as a whole can never expect to receive decent and fair treatment under the rule of the boss

The sole guarantee that the Negroes will achieve that social, economic and political equality and justice to which they as human beings and workers are entitled, in the exact same measure as the white workers, is to join hand in hand with the white workers and the oppressed of every race and nationality for the abolishment of the capitalist system and the building of a socialist society.

West Coast Sailors Blast Dirksen Shipowners Bill

Sailors Union of the Pacific Launches Struggle to Defeat 'National Defense" Bill Designed to Destroy the Union Hall

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3—The Headquarters Branch of action as violation of the Constithe Sailors Union of the Pacific last night adopted a strong reso- tution, and lution denouncing the Dirksen Bill as a union-smashing plan of the ship-owners and launching a struggle of the union to defeat provides that, "At least 75 per

The resolution is going before all other SUP branches and will undoubtedly be adopted.

The text of this important resolution follows: WHEREAS: under the pre- To make sure there will be no tense of serving the most patriotic interests of the United States, Representative Dirksen, of Illinois, introduced Bill HR 2662, which is now before the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, and

WHEREAS: this bill is by far the most vicious yet formulated and embraces every strategy for the destruction of the seamen's unions against which the Sailors Union of the Pacific has been fighting right along, and

WHEREAS: this bill provides for the establishment of fink halls "employment center at each port port, subject to the general su- out of the Union's hands, and pervision and direction of the Secretary of Commerce." Not only would this eliminate the union hiring hall, but the bill further provides that "Whoever engages, or furnishes facilities for the engaging of seamen, otherwise than in the manner provided ... shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more than \$1,000, or be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both." maintain its own hiring hall, and WHEREAS: in order to sugar-

coat this union-smashing process, and thereby confuse the seamen, the bill provides for union representatives to "advise" the shipping commissioner "of the rights and claims, contractual or otherwise, of the various labor organizations in connection with the engaging of seamen for any vessel at the employment center, and to present to the master of such vessel, or his designated representative, seamen who are vessel." But the person who would determine such rights and ity...to engage from any other seamen who there present them-

form of hiring would be pun-WHEREAS: the bill provides that the general duties of the

shipping commissioner would include the keeping of a register of the "names and characters" of the seamen. Here's the good old blacklist! Not even the United States Navy maintains a more strict control over its personnel The shipping commissioner will also have the right "to provide means for securing the presence which are termed "employment | on board at the proper times of centers," and declares that the men who are so engaged," and "to facilitate the making of apshall be operated by, and be un- prenticeships to the sea service." der the exclusive control of, the | This is complete regimentation shipping commissioner at such and takes all control whatsoever

WHEREAS: the bill provides for the continuous discharge book, which the SUP fought successfully, but this time it is even more vicious than the Copeland fink book. The book as defined in this bill can be issued by the shipowners, or by individuals, which means one thing: crimp joints. In this book the complete record of the seaman will be kept in a manner that even Copeland In plain language: the union will | did not dare to propose in his be prosecuted if it attempts to fink book plan. Nearly five and a half pages of the bill are devoted to including every possible item, thus making a chattel slave of the seaman with such a record at the disposal of the shipowner. The bill further provides that if the seaman makes a false statement when getting the book, he can be fined or imprisoned or both, and

WHEREAS: the bill provides that the "distribution by any seaman among other seamen of any book, pamphlet, leaflet, or other publication or item of writeligible to be engaged on such | ten, printed, or graphic matter which in the opinion of the master is encouraging, or is calculathave complete say so about them ed to encourage, mutinous or rewould be the shipping commis- | bellious conduct, or disloyalty to sioner. And this means that the United States or the princ-Union representatives would only liples of the Constitution..." be stooges, because the bill goes | shall be considered a violation of further to say that the master or | what is defined as "lawful comhis representative" . . . shall have | mand" . . . This obviously means authority to reject any seamen so that if he wants to, the captain presented, and upon failure of the can declare a seaman guilty of advisory board to present him encouraging mutiny by passing sufficient seamen to enable him out an issue of the WEST to engage the number of sea- | COAST SAILORS, because the | voice in the discussion and demen required who are satisfac- captain has all the authority to liberation of this act, and to all tory to him, he shall have author- do so. In order to cover up this control, the constitutional loyalty to the United States is dragged selves to him such number as in, but we know how skippers may be necessary to complete the | can, when they want to, and es- | ment to join us in this fight to number required." This is hiring pecially when the shipowners prevent this bill from becoming off the dock with a vengeance! | want them to, characterize union 'a law.

WHEREAS: the bill further centum of the crew of each vessel" as defined in the bill "shall be citizens of the United States. native-born or completely naturalized," and demands the most stringent regulations for the remaining 25 percent aliens. This would mean throwing more of our members on the beach for no other reason than this shipowner stooges' excuse of doing so in the name of "good citizenship." The loyalty of the overwhelming majority of our men cannot be questioned, and in most cases it is not their fault

that they have not become citi-

zens, and

WHEREAS: the bill provides for the establishment of a maritime labor mediation board to be appointed by the President, members of which would draw salaries of \$10,000 a year, and which would be in a position to make strike action impossible by publicizing the action of the union in a prejudicial manner, depending upon its own interpretations to the public. The red tape and complicated procedure which this bill would require before the seamen could take any action to adjust their grievances effectively, no matter how serious they might be, would make any such adjustment impossible, since all issues could be stalled until the seamen could do nothing about it. In plain language, this mediation labor board would actually be able to prevent strike action if

faction from the ship owners, and WHEREAS: we consider this entire bill an undercover attack against the seamen, prepared in a period of war psychology which Mr. Dirksen is adroitly using as a cloak for smuggling in the shipowners' dog collar and putting it around the necks of the seamen, therefore be it

the seamen could get no satis-

RESOLVED: That we go on record to condemn this proposed measure as a measure of prosecution, persecution and abuse of the seamen, and as a violation of their constitutional rights, as well as the rights long since guaranteed them by the law of the land, and be it further

RESOLVED: That we reaffirm our position to have our Secretary fight the passage of this bill unrelentingly and use all the prevent it from becoming a law,

RESOLVED: That we send copies of this resolution to all the Congressmen who have any other interested parties, and be it further

RESOLVED: That we call upon the whole organized labor move-

The Spectre of the **Revolution Haunts** This Industrialist

By EDITH KANE

Mr. Charles Wilson, president of the General Electric Company announces that "Never before has the American free enterprise system been confronted by such serious challenge" and offers a ten-year plan for its stabilization and maintenance.

This leading industrialist warns the capitalist class that it is "later than we think." He sees no hope of improving world conditions through the war for he states that no matter what the outcome of the present European situation "political and economic slavery-if not actual slavery-will prevail" in Europe. That Mr. Wilson does not regard American prospects as hopeful either is evident from his warning the harassed industrialists against the delusion "that when the next peace papers are signed, the national emergency will cease, and we shall return to that nebulous state known as 'normal living'." It should be understood that by 'normal living' he means business as usual, with profits pouring in.

What is this rising force that is challenging the profit system so seriously as to strike Mr. Wilson and his friends with such fear? "The world," says the president of the General Electric Company," is passing through the second stage of a revolutionary movement of the masses" which he forecasts will last another two or three decades. And further "Hundreds of millions of people throughout the world have been persuaded that the capitalist system is the cause of the economic insecurity of the common man and that, as the root of his economic ills this system must be drastically modified, or failing that, destroyed."

A Serious Estimate of the Future

At a time when the Lovestonites, Social Democrats and Mensheviks of all kinds have announced the hopelessness of the American revolutionary movement, our class-enemy spokesman, sees clearly the ever-growing revolutionary potentialities of the great American masses. He did not arrive at this conclusion by adding the membership figures and electoral votes of all the parties and movements alongside of the two major political parties. No! he can sense that the workers, under the social conditions of today are looking for a way out and the only one that really solves their problems is the revolutionary method, which is precisely what he fears most and schemes to avert some-

It is up to the public-spirited, enlightened industrialists, he lectures to his class brothers, to devise a plan which will "appeal to the emotions and aspirations of the masses more than do the actions and appeals to which they are now responding." Mr. Wilson asks his fellow-leaders of American industry a question which the serious ones will ponder on many a sleepless night: "How may an ever broadening bulwark of public faith be built to protect this free enterprise system, seeking to serve this purpose—in the face of this world revolutionary system, heretofore unmatched, either in extent or in emotional intensity or destructive potentialities?"

Since Mr. Wilson understands that the masses who recognize the capitalist system as the root of all evil can only call for its destruction, the plan hastily embraces a lesser evil-"modification." Here we see the program of the reformists unfolded in its original, native soil. Lacking confidence in their agents, the reformists, to control large numbers by promises of improving capitalism, spokesmen of the boss class are prepared to act themselves.

Mr. Wilson's "Great Plan"

Employment of all employables, says Mr. Wilson, is the basis for the progress and continuing stages of the plan. But nowhere does he tell us how this is to be achieved. He then offers us in similar fashion the encouragement and development of new inventions, rural electrification, industrialization of agriculture, more goods and more services for more people at less cost. The development of South America plays an important part in the plan and we have Mr. Wilson's assurance that what is meant is friendly co-operation for the benefit of both continents and not the "commercial exploitation of the character which, too often, has created hemispheric discord." It is barely possible that this is a sincere desire on the part of the author of the plan, but unfortunately, he is able to give no more intimation as to why things will be different now, than all the varieties of Mensheviks from Norman Thomas down have been able to give.

Medical and hospitalization insurance on a national scale, better housing, increased social security laws, restraints on business expansion loans, promotion of pioneer products . . . and so we roll into the final stage of the plan Messrs. Industrialists are offering the workers. This stage wherein all (?) that has been achieved so far must be preserved and employment. maintained at a full level Mr. Wilson calls the "challenge state of the free enterprise system."

And at last, he is ready to offer a concrete sample of how all this is to be done. Here Mr. Wilson submits "prayer and the whole-hearted practice of the Golden Rule."

He Knows What's Coming!

It's all there in black and white. Send away to Mr. Charles Wilson, President, General Electric Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and get a copy of his plan. See how it all ends up in ... prayer. Thus does Mr. Wilson exemplify the utter bankruptcy of his class. Even the reformist and piddling concessions proposed to the masses by this "public-spirited" industrialist, who of course sees no means of providing them, other than through the generosity of his class, have to be invoked by ... prayer. So unreal does his proposal seem to him that he has to bring in magic to get it. In his heart he probably knows that ritualistic incantations are more likely to produce those reforms than his brother-capitalists are likely to part with some of their spoils!

Yes, every worker who finds himself faltering in the class struggle should get a copy of Mr. Wilson's plan. It's the best testimony we've had in a long while to the bankruptcy of the ruling class and their fearknowledge that the curtain is about to go down on

The Coming Election In **Bohn Aluminum Local**

great interest the coming union

This corporation, world's largest aluminum and brass castings producer, as well as one of the largest bearing manufacturers, plays an increasingly important role in the "National Defense" program as machinery is being geared to manufacture airplane and tank bearings and to produce ammunition and gun parts. With full expansion under way shortly, the present force of 5,000 may be doubled.

IT'S JUST WORDS IN THE DAILY WORKER

The Bohn local leadership has been seriously influenced by the Communist Party for the past three years. These hypocrites pretend opposition to the "National Defense" program and the war drive of the Roosevelt government-in the Daily Worker. It is an entirely different story in practice. Conditions in the Bohn plant are rotten, and under the C. P. influenced leadership headed by Fred Williams, are daily growing worse.

Instead of a militant, fighting membership, the leadership has the militancy of the men. lower to higher pay jobs without find young, recently-hired men propaganda.

DETROIT, Michigan-Progres- | adequate pay boosts, and has | complaining of their piling-up sive unionists are watching with permitted speedup, "re-timing" grievances. They demand a jusof jobs-which means arbitrary tified settlement. Seasoned veterelections at Bohn Aluminum & demands for greater output on ans of many strikes begin to look Brass Corp., Local 208, UAW- the same job-and "chiseling" on askance at the halo of militancy wage rates of new men who are with which the Stalinists have hired far below the 5c-less than surrounded themselves. Even prevailing rate set in the contract. Nor are new men given ing faith in their leaders. their full rate in 30 days as the contract demands.

Hand in hand with doing nothing about these conditions has gone a policy of dishonesty. Suffice it to say that the local's books were not audited by the International Union for four years despite a clause in the International Constitution requiring an annual audit. When, after a minor revolt, an audit was that a new leadership be elected finally made, the books were four to five hundred dollars short.

paign to intimidate the men and undermine the union, letters have ware of spies and saboteurs in the plant and to report any suspicious persons or actions. Men leaving the plant are all "frisked" as part of this process of intimidation.

The local leadership answers this anti-union campaign by be-

TASKS THAT ARE FACING THE UNION The officers to-be-elected must consider that the Bohn Corporation is piling up profits each year.

As part of the company cambeen sent to all workers to be- ers that will see to it that new

ing "respectable." The fact is that the leadership is scared and policy to protect the gains of the is doing everything to tone down

permitted transfer of men from However, union meetings today

Stalinist rank and filers are los-

Their new plants and machinery, which will still further intensify production and speed up men, are paid for by the government.

Union militants are demanding

which will counteract the vicious company campaign. They desire a local executive board which will stop the speedup and defend the union contract. They want leadand reclassified men get their proper wage, and they want to educate and organize the membership-through leaflets, meetings, etc.-against the plans of the corporation to extract more profit from the hides of the men, For steps must be taken to prevent the company from reintroducing the six day week at straight time and breaking the union with "national defense"