UAW Board Backs CIO Drive To Organize Teamsters

— See Page 4 —

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SEAMEN DEFEAT MARITIME COMMISSION

Why Churchill Doesn't Open A Western Front

An Editorial

By FELIX MORROW

After three months of the Soviet-Nazi war, the British Stalinists are compelled to admit that their support of the Churchill government has failed to secure from the "democracies" adequate aid for the Soviet Union.

At one of the open air mass meetings being conducted by the British Communist Party, demanding that Britain open up a western front. Harry Pollitt summed up the Churchill government policy

"Churchill's policy announced on September 9, completely failed to satisfy public disquiet. . . Taken in conjunction with statements by Lords Moyne and Clement Attlee in behalf of the government, we have a declaration of definite policy which can be summed up as limited assistance to Russia, rejection of military action and 'ceaseless study of the whole problem.'

"It is in this connection that Col Moore-Brabazon's statement takes on the greatest importance," he continued. "It becomes not an isolated episode or 'indiscretion' but a test of government policy. The fact that his statement was not repudiated emphasizes that what Moore-Brabazon said and what the government explained as its policy may have been differently phrased, but from a viewpoint of practical effect were not very far removed." (Daily Worker, Sept. 22, 1941.)

It will be recalled that at the British Trade Union Congress, Aircraft Production Minister Moore-Brabazon was accused of having said that the Russians and Germans should be left to kill each other off, leaving Britain master of the Continent.

Pollitt, in short, is now implicitly charging that the Churchill government has no desire to see the Soviet Union victorious.

Why doesn't the Churchill government want to see its Soviet ally emerge victorious? Pollitt dare not ask, much less answer. that question. The Stalinists must avoid that question at all costs. For the answer to that question would condemn the Stalinist policy of supporting Churchill and Roosevelt.

Instead, the Stalinist call for continued support of the Churchill and Roosevelt governments' war and for "public pressure" as a means of securing adequate aid from Churchill and Roosevelt for the Soviet Union. That is, the sole explanation offered by the Stalinists for the failure of the "democracies" to aid the Soviet Union is that as yet there has been insufficient "public pressure" on the rulers of the "democracies."

We can see the problem a little more clearly, perhaps, if we Harold Stassen's State Labor Conciliator, certifying examine the demand raised by the Stalinists for the opening of a

Is it militarily possible for the British to open a western front -that is, land a major expeditionary force on the European continent? The Stalinists insist that it is not only possible, but the best move now open to the British in the war against Hitler. Some Stalinist commentators refer particularly to Spain as the best place for a British landing. With Gibraltar already in British hands, and with the Spanish people utterly opposed to Franco and his collaboration with Hitler, a British landing could easily be effected, Labor Conciliator is saying to the public through his decision say the Stalinists. It is undoubtedly with reference to opening up a western front that Litvinov, in a telegraphed article to a British paper, pointedly warns that humanity is following with deep interest "not only the military events on the eastern front but also

the relations between the Allies." The Stalinist insistence on opening up a western front is supported by certain obvious facts. The main forces of the Nazis, both on the land and in the air, have been for three months involved on the eastern front. The weakness of the Nazi air resistance to AFL, Local 544-CIO offered to British raids on Germany and occupied territory indicate that the Nazis for the present do not have a major air arm in the west. the men through elections by se-Under these conditions it is certainly plausible to argue that a western front could be opened by Britain.

Under infinitely less favorable conditions the British landed an expeditionary force in Greece. Why, then, couldn't they land an erty, refused to agree to an elecexpeditionary force now which will, at the very least, draw off | tion. a considerable section of the Nazi forces from the eastern front and thus ease the situation of the hard-pressed Red Army?

Why? Is it merely a difference of military opinion? If that were all, then the British military authorities might be convinced by the arguments of the Red Army staff. But the form of argument in which the Stalinists put their main hope is not the opinions of military experts but mass demonstrations in Britain. That means that the difference of opinion is not one between military experts

Why, if it is militarily possible, don't Churchill and Roosevelt (Continued on Page 4)

NY Banquet To Honor **Indicted SWP Leaders**

A solidarity banquet to honor the leaders of the Socialist Workers Party who are under federal indictment for "seditious conspiracy" will be held at the Hotel Diplomat, 108 West 43rd Street, New York City, on Friday, October 3, starting 7 P. M.

This banquet, which is being sponsored by the New York Local of the SWP, will be the last opportunity for the New York party members and sympathizers to express their solidarity directly with the indicted leaders before they leave the city for their trial in Minneapolis beginning October 20.

Among the speakers at the banquet will be James P. Cannon, SWP National Secretary and Trotskyist Anti-War candidate for mayor of New York, and Felix Morrow, editor of the MILITANT, two of the 29 defendants whom the Roosevelt Ad-

ministration is seeking to frame up for their militant anti-war Subscriptions for the banquet are \$1 per plate, the proceeds to help finance the defense.

Cannon Petition Drive Nearing Successful End

NEW YORK, September, 23of James P. Cannon, Trotskyist Anti-War candidate for Mayor, on the ballot in the coming New York City elections is rapidly nearing a successful conclusion the nominating petitions approaches the full quota.

We have now collected 14,500 signatures from the workers of Cannon campaign manager, an-

Comment on the elections this week in the capitalist press featured the "Apathy" of the voters towards the campaign. Only 14 percent of the eligible Republican registrants came to the polls to vote in the primary contest between LaGuardia and Davies.

State Administration:

ciliator and the National Labor

Relations Board seeking elec-

tions, Tobin countered by peti-

tioning the State Labor Concili-

ator to certify the AFL for the

entire industry without elections.

Local 544 is applying for a

court review of the decision.

Everyone in the Twin Cities, in-

cluding every boss in the truck-

election were held today Local

544-CIO would carry every plant

and every section of the industry.

That is precisely why the State

and National Administrations,

openly in alliance with Tobin,

have done everything in their

power for three and a half

months to deny the workers elec-

WHY STASSEN DID IT

NEXT FIGHT IN COURTS

Comrade Chester pointed out The campaign to place the name that, although this "apathy" may have created concern among the Republican politicians, it never hindered the work of the canvassers for the Trotskyist Anti-War ticket, who found that the work ers everywhere in the city reas the collection of signatures on spond with enthusiasm to the labor anti-war program of

Referring to the scandals over the collection of signatures for New York", Robert H. Chester, the bosses candidates in the election by paid canvassers, Chester nounced today. "Only 7,500 sign- said: "Our comrades' loyalty is atures are required to place our not for sale or for hire. They go candidate in nomination, but we out and hit the ball with every intend to file twice that number." thing they have and their only incentive is their loyalty to the workers of this city. And now they intend to wind up our campaign by getting out a strong workers' vote for Cannon."

Another article on the New York election campaign will be found on page 2 of this issue.

Right to Vote to Determine Which Union They Want Is Brazenly

Denied to Minneapolis Motor Transport Workers by State and

port workers of Minneapolis were denied their right drivers from having elections.

cratic National Administration

National Administrations Violating Their Own Laws

to elections to determine which union they want to

ed down Friday by reactionary Republican Governor

without elections Daniel J. Tobin's AFL Teamsters.

Workers Union, said of the brazen decision of the

on the tips of bayonets. But democracy is beyond the reach

of the Minneapolis drivers." This is what Governor Stassen's

544 membership meeting of nearly 4,000 motor transport work-

ers voted almost unanimously to disaffiliate from Daniel J

Tobin's AFL Teamsters' International and accepted a charter

from the CIO. When Tobin sent hundreds of thugs in here

in an attempt to drive the motor aligned himself with the Demotransport workers back into the anatic National Administration

to deny the drivers petitions for elections."

Local 544-CIO, Motor Transport and Allied

"Democracy is all right to talk about, and to send abroad

More than three and a half months ago, on June 9, a Local

Minneapolis Drivers

Are Refused Elections

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 22. — The motor trans- mitteeman Tobin to prevent the swer to a telegram from Tobin

represent them, in an unprecedented decision hand- went AFL instead of CIO, be- charter to the Minneapolis truck

Picketing Aluminum Trust



Striking members of the Seafarers International Union (AFL) picket the Alcoa Steamship Company docks in New York City, after tying up three Alcoa boats to enforce demands for war risk compensation and bonuses. The strike was spread after the government intervened and "seized" the struck ships, rounded up scab crews, and pulled port with two ships manned

"It was Stassen luck that the Roosevelt condemned as "union-

(state conciliator) Blair ruling raiding" the granting of a CIO

blood between him and that or- Justice officials into Minneapolis

is but the latest move of the

State and National Administra-

tion to aid Tobin in driving the

motor transport workers back in-

to the AFL. On June 13, in an-

appealing for aid, President

ers Party headquarters in St.

Cities press as directed against

On July 15, 29 defendants, in-

cluding 16 leaders of Local 544-

CIO, were indicted for "seditious

conspiracy" and go on trial on

October 20. After an investiga-

tion of this case, the American

der to promote the interests of

Local 544-CIO.

War Bonus Issue To Be Negotiated With Employers

Successful Strike Smashes Government's Attempt to Force Seafarers Union Into Compulsory Arbitration of War Bonus

— BULLETIN —

NEW YORK, September 24. — The Seafarers International Union (AFL), striking 25 ships in Atlatic and Gulf ports, won an important victory yesterday when the U. S. Maritime Commission, which had tried to smash the strike by seizing the first three tied-up vessels and operating them with scab crews, was forced to withdraw completely from the dispute and permit settlement of the war risk bonus issue through direct negotiations between the union and

The strike was precipitated by the Maritime Commission, when it prevented the union from settling the bonus question by direct negotiations with the shipowners. Instead, the Commission instructed the owners not to negotiate and insisted that the union submit to compulsory arbitration.

The SIU today voted to return to work pending the outcome of the direct negotiations with the National Defense Mediation Board participating. The negotiations are scheduled to from the situation when the Com-

mission proved unable to proper-The government was forced to ly man the three vessels seized retreat and withdraw the strike- not to mention the other 22 breaking Maritime Commission ships already tied up.

drivers, and sent Department of hits an American port. Strike action was taken by the fort to force the shipowners to ganization (the CIO), and even to aid Tobin. On June 27 FBI union on September 12 to enfor negotiate the issue. At that time agents raided the Socialist Work- ce its demands for war bonus pay- the bosses maintained that the Caments in Caribbean runs and a ribbean was not a "war zone" and Paul and Minneapolis — a move | boost in war-risk insurance rates | that the men were not entitled openly characterized by the Twin of \$5,000 per man. The seamen to bonus payments on such runs. contend that if they risk their Since then Roosevelt has launchlives, they should get paid for it. ed an undeclared naval war upon Bonuses are now paid on African the Nazis and the danger to the runs, but the shipowners have merchant fleet in all Atlantic refused to extend the bonus system to the Caribbean and South

The success of the union in by the SIU after the White House Civil Liberties Union declared it completely tying up the struck promised to convene a conference "reasonable to conclude that the ships for two weeks would have of shipowners and all maritime government injected itself into | led to the capitulation of the bos- | unions for the purpose of settle in inter-union controversy in or- ses in most strikes. This time, ing the bonus and insurance queshowever, the United States Mari- tions. time Commission has intervened BOSSES SABOTAGE and instructed the shipowners not to negotiate with the union until the strike has been called ed because it was sabotaged by

GOV'T. STRIKEBREAKING

arbitration while sailing the ships. When the union ignored the ultimatum, the Commission requisitioned three Alcoa ships, manned them with scabe, and sent them loaded with supplies to the new U. S. military bases in the Cari-

Due to the fine union solidarity shown by rank and file members of the National Maritime Union. great difficulty in recruiting crews | jected this on the basis that, in for the Alcoa ships. One vessel the first place, it was an arbitrabad to delay its sailing because ry method of determining bonus it was short-handed. Moreover, not intimidated the SIU, which tiation; and, in the second place, has continued to strike one ship

NEW YORK, Sept. 22. — The Seafarers International Union, AFL, has struck 23 American-flag ships with which it has contracts on foreign runs. Twenty of the vessels are now tied up in major Atlantic and Gulf ports and are surrounded by strong picket lines. The number of struck ships is mounting daily as the SIU continues to call off the crews of every contracted foreign run boat as it?

The Maritime Commission has assumed open strike breaking tactics. The moment the tie-up was called, the Commission served an ultimatum on the union, demanding that the strike be called off within 24 hours and that the seamen submit their dispute to a lengthy and involved system of Branches of the Civil Rights

The July strike on the Colmar and Robin lines was called off The Washington Conference held the first of this month, failthe bosses with the encourage-The bosses refused to settle the issue, calculating that the Stalinist-controlled National Maritime

waters has multiplied a dozen fold.

ses did. The Stalinists, being 100 per cent pro-war, were determined not to make demands for which they might have to strike and tie-up munitions shipments to England, NMU President Curran squirmed from the moment the conference opened, trying to find some formula that would prevent the need for militant action by the other unions. The bosses soon

Union, rival to the SIU, would

The shipowners suggested to the conference that bonus payments be based upon the hull insurance rates for each vessel. The SIU repayments and not one reached by a seaman's life was worth the same regardless of how hull insurance rates might vary. More-

The bosses had given the line, (Continued on page 2)

(Continued on page 2) The state conciliator's decision and Democratic National Comput the question directly up to Warren K. Billings Joins cret ballot under government supervision. Tobin, who looks upon the drivers as his personal prop-Committee Defending 29 When Local 544-CIO filed petitions with the State Labor Con-

a decision in their favor wouldn't

In other words Stassen, who

is now on good terms with the

AFL, backed the AFL because

they would help him get re-

elected. The Minneapolis Star

Journal goes on: "With the

drivers' organization the heart

of the whole union setup in this

city, the decision is bound to

give the AFL unions right

down the line a tremendous

lift here, assuming the ruling

is sustained in the courts."

ROOSEVELT HELPED

have reconciled them."

Joins Other Labor and Liberal Figures in Organization Formed to Defend Indicted Leaders of SWP and Local 544-CIO

NEW YORK, Sept. 23. - Warren K. Billings, famed labor martyr, who, with Tom Mooney spent 22 years in prison as a Defense Committee are being set result of the frame up engineered by the bosses during the first up and are already at work in World War, has joined the San Francisco branch of the Civil many cities extending from Bo-Rights Defense Committee, which is conducting a nation-wide ston to Los Angeles. Trade unions campaign in labor and liberal circles to rally support for the and other labor and liberal orga-29 defendants who go on trial Oct. 20 in Minneapolis in the nizations are being canvassed by federal government's "seditious conspiracy" case against the local members of the Committee ng industry, knows that if an Socialist Workers Party and Local 544-CIO.

National Chairman of the Civil Rights Defense Committee Newark, five local unions have is James T. Farrell, well-known 9author of "Studs Lonigan" and and Washington correspondent of

outstanding figure in the labor movement, is Vice-Chairman of Chairman is John Dos Passos, noted liberal author.

In an amazingly frank and Republican Governor Stassen of the American Newspaper Guild nist.

Carlo Tresca, editor of "Il Mar- Dr. John Dewey, world-famous etello" and for many decades an ducator; Emmett E. Dorsey, Ne-

the 29 defendants by making seizthe "Louisville Courier-Journal," gro leader and professor at Ho-Party candidate for Mayor of

able contributions to their defen-Extensive plans are being developed to broaden the activity of ward University; Waldo Frank, the Committee and constitute it these strike-breaking moves have collective bargaining and negoon a firm foundations in the next George W. Hartman, Socialist few weeks. The Committee announces that after another. Among other prominent figures New York City; Dorothy Kenyon, it requires \$7,500 immediately to

for contributions and support. In

demonstrated their solidarity with

the Committee. Another Vice- well-known novelist; Professor

cynical article by its political who have joined the National noted labor lawyer; Max Shacht pay expenses for the forthcoming spring of the S.S. Robin Moor, over, the bosses and their governcommentator, M. W. Halloran, Committee of the Civil Rights man, Secretary of the Workers trial of the 29 defendants. Make manned by a full SIU crew, the the reactionary Mineapolis Star Defense Committee are: Ken Party; William Rose Benet, Poet; all checks payable to the Civil union has been trying to obtain rates. Journal of Sept. 21 explains why neth Crawford, former president Ludwig Lore, "N. Y. Post" colum- Rights Defense Committee, 160 protection for its members. Fifth Avenue, New York.

Minneapolis Drivers Are Refused Elections

Right to Pick Union They Want Denied by Gov'ment Agencies

(Continued from page 1) the one side (Tobin) which supported the administration's foreign and domestic policies."

STASSEN'S RED-

BAITING EXCUSE The state conciliator's decision makes no attempt to justify the refusal to submit the controversy to balloting by the motor transport workers. Instead, the conciliator asserts that the issue "does not present a dispute of the ordinary type between the AFL and the CIO, but rather presents a dispute between the AFL union of long standing and a comparatively small group of men under a leadership actively affiliated with the Socialist Workers Party, who withdrew from the AFL to avoid being expelled from this organization and who have sought to create a union for their own purposes under a charter from the CIO. . . the dispute over representation arose on June 9, 1941, by reason of an attempt of certain officers of said union to secede and create a new union under charter by the CIO."

Thus the state conciliator's redbaiting reference to the Socialist Workers Party is designed to covthe real facts. He dare not admit that the "certain officers" of Lo- the decision. cal 544 are the entire leadership of the union, the same leadership that has been re-elected each year in the union since it built tories of 1934. He dare not adthe almost unanimous decision of meeting on June 9.

POLITICAL ARITHMETIC

The state conciliator then blandly goes on to credit the AFL with 4,251 members out of the 5,473 drivers and helpers in the Minneapolis area. How did he number of names inscribed in the AFL ledgers!

But the real issue was that these ledgers were stigmatized as fakes by the CIO and the CIO offered to prove that they were taken in a governmentsupervised election.

Then, to cap this outrage, the AFL petition hearings concerning the activities of Tobin's thugs.

In short, the state conciliator proceeded to arbitrarily establish that which could only be

New York Opens Cannon For Mayor Drive

Dear friends and sympathizers:

On October 1st we are filing our petitions. At that time we will start what we expect to be the most intensive propaganda campaign in our history. Right now, we've undertaken to build a campaign fund that will allow us to carry through this campaign as part of the great fight against the imperialist war. Are you ready to help us collect this fund? Do you want to see this fight carried on in a manner worthy of the party of Lenin and Trotsky?

Do your part as other friends and comrades are doing! Contribute a days' wage to the Trotskyist Anti-War Party's

From various parts of the country, friends such as J. of Rockville, Conn., and C. of Akron, Ohio, have sent us donations and expressions of support. Let New Yorkers follow their encouraging example.

Send in your donation today! Address it to Robert Chester, Chairman, Cannon Campaign Committee, 116 University Place, New York.

which Local 544-CIO is demanding.

this kangaroo decision against ly grins. Local 544-CIO was engineered, sheet here, the Minnesota Teamster, was out on the street with he text of the decision and comer up his complete distortion of and other Tobin lawyers, hours union, where the men wired 544- be required to collect this infor-

CIO WILL FIGHT

The CIO had, in the light of the other anti-CIO moves of the the union in the great strike vic- State and National Administrations in this situation, anticipatmit that the decision to secede ed such a decision. Meeting Frifrom the AFL was taken, not day night, a few hours after the merely by this leadership, but by decision, the Local 544-CIO Stewurds meeting was well attended, 4,000 members at a membership the men took the decision in their stride, and grimly pledged to coninue the struggle for the right of the workers to designate a union of their own choosing.

Stassen-Blair ruling a cold reception indeed, as was indicated arrive at that figure? A public when the Tobin hopheads tried, accountant added up for him the to hold a mock funeral Saturday noon to bury Local 544-CIO. Tobin's representatives had notified all drivers in the city to attend a special meeting Saturday noon. When a few hundred men showed the fact that Stassen had refused them an election, they walked state conciliator concedes to the away in disgust and came over CIO as members only the 172 to the 544-CIO headquarters. The workers who testified during the hopheads, by handing out money for beer, finally induced about 40 dehorns to accompany the casket. An American Legion band came out to help the Tobin machine try to make the mock fuestablished by the elections neral look like something, but it

was a sick affair indeed, with the hopheads and the dehorns weav-Typical of the way in which ing down the street, wearing sick-

Dissatisfaction with Tobin's the text of the state conciliator's dictatorship continues to flare the text of the state conciliator's dictatorship continues to flare decision was in the hands of the up throughout the Middle West, daily papers and the press ser- with more and more unions previces hours before Local 544-CIO paring to break away from the received a copy. Tobin's yellow AFL and join the progressive ranks of the CIO industrial union movement.

Latest drivers' group to leave ments on it from Judge Parway Tobin is the Dubuque, Iowa, before Local 544-CIO received CIO Thursday that "LARGE CHARTER."

Dubuque is the third Iowa city where the drivers have joined the CIO. Ottumwa and Mason City already have their CIO charters.

Trotsky's Last Work MANIFESTO OF THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL on the

IMPERIALIST WAR and the

5 cents per copy

Order from PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Place New York City

Newark Defense Committee to Hold Banquet for 29 This Saturday

NEWARK, N. J.-The Newark Branch of the Civil Rights Defense Committee this week announced the holding of a banquet and reception on behalf of the 29 defendants facing trial in Minneapolis on October 20. Speakers at the banquet will discuss the reasons for the prosecution and the circumstances leading up to it. All proceeds from the affair will be used for the defense of the 29.

The banquet will be held Saturday evening, Sept. 27, at 9:00 o'clock at Ambassador Hall, 13 Belmont Ave., Newark. Subscription is \$1.00 and the program includes entertainment and dancing.

The speakers of the evening will include James P. Cannon, National Secretary of the Socialist Workers Party, and Felix Morrow, editor of THE MILITANT. In addition, there

will be speakers representing local organizations.

The Newark Committee in charge of the affair expects a large turnout of prominent trade unionists and liberals, based on the favorable response of organizations approached for support of the Committee's work.

Thus far representatives of the Committee have appeared before several local unions, and have received donations or collections from steel workers. journeyman tailors, mine, mill and smelters workers, brewery union, etc.

Several other groups have promised to take favorable action on the request for support, and rank and file unionists have expressed their interest in hearing more about the issues and the development of the government's prosecution of the anti-war defendants.

COMMISSION

(Continued from page 1)

however, and Curran picked it up. He requested that the hull man of the Maritime Commission, insurance rates be made availarevealed that several weeks would mation, Curran announced that GROUP OF DRIVERS HERE in his opinion there was nothing PROTESTING RECEIVERSHIP. the conference could accomplish HAVE APPLIED FOR UCWOC in the meantime, and he withdrew.

The bosses had insisted all along that the bonus and insurance questions be settled on an "industry wide basis." With the NMU out of the conference, this was not possible said the bosses, and so they, along with the Maritime Commission, dissolved the negotiations. The SIU was left no rely to the bosses and sail the ships without any bonus, or to offer is received. The rank and file gave the PROLETARIAN REVOLUTION strike. Without hesitation they

> Joseph Ryan, President of the DO YOU HAVE A SUBSCRIP-International Longshoremen's Association, sent a telegram to the Maritime Commission requesting that it continue efforts to settle

... I strongly contend that you (Admiral Land), as chair-Ryan's telegram read, "should and representatives of the Seafarers International Union at once, unabated. so as to relieve our men of the

continuing to press the union for a cancellation of the strike and acceptance of arbitration while the ships are being sailed. The union has made a standing offer to meet the shipowhers at any ships until some concrete bonus

TION? LOOK FOR OUR

wno i meat.

Injunction

Chicago CIO Unions Rally in Defense of Picketing Rights

CHICAGO, September 21.—The militant two-week old strike of packinghouse workers at the IIlinois Meat, Agar and Brennan packinghouses here is entering its third week with the strikers, Negro and White, fighting back at the all-embracing injunction issued against them by the laborhating Judge Rusch.

The company had locked out all the leading stewards and officers of Locals 23, 24 and 56 of the Packinghouse Workers Organizing Committee (CIO) following a previous three-day walk-out early this month. The union responded with a strike that shut the plants down solid.

The strike has been militantly conducted. Mass picket lines have been maintained in defiance of Judge Rusch's injunction, one of the most sweeping ever issued when they intend to carry through League rally, the Daily Worker. here. Thus injunction not only a serious fight against them. And fearing to break the news too prohibits all mass picketing or any other strike action by work ter is formally withdrawn from did not report Amter's crucial ers wearing PWOC buttons, but the campaign or not, the Stalin- reference to LaGuardia. It wasn't forbids the strikers to discuss the ists are out to toe the mark for until Amter repeated the remark strike or have any contact with the mayoralty representative of in his Sunday evening radio talk, scabs or non-strikers

So far 117 strikers have been ble to the conference. When it was call a meeting of the operators arrested under this injunction, no one but the rank and file Stato its baffled readers. but the fighting spirit continues linists, to whom the policy of

The local CIO unions have deembarrassing situation they are cided to smash the injunction ists decided upon this course of now in, where their allegiance to with a huge picket line this cothe government compels them to ming Monday morning. Packingload and discharge ships where house workers from the heart of non-union crews are being em the stockyards, Armour's, Wilson's and Swift's, are expected to join The Maritime Commission is the strikers on the picket lines. Workers from the huge Carnegie-Illinois Steel plant and other South Chicago steel plants and from the International Harvester Company will also march.

The principal demand of the negotiations. The SIC was left and course but to either submit enti- time, but has refused to man the their union by the reinstatement of the locked out union leaders. This lock out was an attempt by the companies to compel the striking unions to select leaders amenable to company dictates. The slanderous excuse for the lock-out was that the union lead-SPECIAL OFFER ers were "subversive saboteurs" who had put ground glass in the

Packinghouse LaGuardia Gets Strikers Defy Stalinist Boost For Reelection

CP Mayoralty Candidate Praises Union-Busting Mayor in Own "Campaign Speech"

By HARRY FRANKEL

Israel Amter, Communist Party Candidate for Mayor of New York City, indicated this week that his party has no intention of conducting an independent campaign in the municipal elections. In a speech made before a Young Communist League rally on September 19, the Stalinist "mayoralty candidate" finally gave up the ghost. *

The decisive portion of Amter's talk came after a reference to the Jewish New Year:

section of the New York population ,will not be misled, but will be found in only one camp — the genuinely anti-Hitler camp headed by Roosevelt and LaGuardia." (N. Y. TIMES, Sept. 20).

Parties don't usually refer to their opponents in this fashion speech at the Young Communist. so it is clear that, whether Am- quickly to the CP rank and file, Wall Street LaGuardia.

their own party is as a book sealed with seven seals. The Stalinaction a long time ago. The "leftwing" Stalinist-controlled American Labor Party made that clear many weeks back when it decided to support LaGuardia. In addition, the Daily Worker for many lays previous to the final unveiling of this new monument to Stainist treachery, carried enough hints to make the matter plain to all who have eyes to see.

The Daily Worker for September 15, featured the contest between "appeaser Davies" and La Guardia, and the next day triumphantly reported: "LaGuardia Beats Appeaser Foe." The Com- workers in New York," But munist Party, municipal slate, what kind of unity? Unity with rushed into print with a message, the bosses on their own war proof congratulations:

"The results of Tuesday's real basis exists for unity of the people on the main issue lerism." ("D. W.", Sept. 18).

usual "fighting" tone that the the candidates expresses the ha-Stalinists adopt when they get tred of the majority of the workready to eat dirt: "The position ers of this city for the capitalists of Mr. LaGuardia needs strength- and their imperialist war. Alone ening."

forays against the city education- their millions in profits. al system, and such liberal larks.

Friday's Daily Worker chortles | will mean to reject the false unity with glee: "Mayor Rips O'Dwyer of the Stalinists, to cast a vote on 'Economy.'" The "Mister against the boss war abroad and Mayor" is himself no slouch when capitalist exploitation at home. it comes to "economy" as the re- To vote for Cannon will mean trenchment in the school system to vote for a Workers Governwill testify. The Daily Worker ment.

"In the election campaign, sympathetically runs through the Jews, as a very important "Mister LaGuardia's" pensive recital of all the things O'Dwyer would have to close down to economize. Not a word to recall how LaGuardia's "economy" included rejection of the demand of the subway workers for a decent wage.

Following Amter's revealing that the Daily Worker mustered This development will surprise | brass enough to break the news

O'Dwyer has expressed the same views as LaGuardia on the war issue. If elected, each would support the same foreign policy. Why then are the Stalinists so vociferous about the matter? The answer is easy. LaGuardia is Roosevelt's man, and the Stalinists are out to curry favor with the Big Boss. They've got to show that they can break the back of the movement which they lead and deliver it into the hands of the war government. That is their object in this election as part of their entire policy in this country today.

"Unity," cries the Daily Worker, "We must have unity of the

The Socialist Workers Party primaries clearly prove that a has always opposed such "unity." We have a program and a candidate which we don't intend to of our time, the defeat of Hitler | withdraw for anyone. James P. Cannon, running on the Trotsky-The statement continues in the list anti-war ticket, alone of all of all the candidates. James P. You can bet it does! It's going | Cannon will expose the political to take an awful lot of white- racketeers who run this city with wash to cover up LaGuardia's sales taxes out of the workers brutal assault on the Transport | pockets, while the bankers and Workers Union, his red-baiting capitalists continue to collect

To vote for James P. Cannon

The MILITANT

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when a few hundred men showed up and found they were expected to march in a parade celebrating to march in a parade celebrating.

the statement of Local 544-CIO's Executive Board on the Stassen- Blair decision to deny Minneapolis Motor Transport workers their right to elections to determine which union represents

"Democracy is all right to talk about, and to send abroad on the tips of bayonets. But democracy is beyond the reach of the Minneapolis drivers." This is what Governor Stassen's labor conciliator is saying to the public, through his decision to deny the drivers' petition for elections.

Blair's ruling is based from beginning to end on deceitful logic and brazen lies. It goes without saying that Local 544-CIO will challenge Blair's decision. Attorneys for the union are moving as a first step to obtain a court review of the conciliator's ruling at the earliest possible moment.

Through this dispute between the Minneapolis drivers and Tobin, the only consistent exponent of democracy and a democratic solution has been Local 544-CIO. Not a single politician, not a single metropolitan newspaper, has lifted a finger to aid the drivers to win their democratic and legal rights to an elec-

What Blair Is Covering Up

To arrive at his crooked decision, Mr. Blair has had to disregard the testimony of hundreds of drivers that the Tobin hoodlums sent into Minneapolis collected dues and members only through force. Blair's cynical claim that the drivers "voluntarily paid dues" to the AFL will be recognized as a lie by every employer and employee in the motor transport industry.

Blair has had to lie about the membership figures of Local $544\text{-}\mathrm{CIO}_{\!\!\scriptscriptstyle o}$ pretending that the only members of Local $544\text{-}\mathrm{CIO}$ are those 172 witnesses who came to testify at the last of a series of hearings, to testify not to their union membership but to the methods of intimidation and coercion used by the Tobin machine in collecting dues and signing up workers.

As proof for Tobin's claim-to a majority of the drivers, Blair accepts the report of a firm of public accountants, who, after all, confined themselves to the simple task of adding up the names the AFL had written on its ledgers, making no attempt to verify the authenticity of the information nor to determine by what methods dues were extracted from the workers.

If one were to accept as logical Blair's excuses to justify his certification of the AFL, one would have to deny the very existence of the CIO, with its six million members. Blair, like Tobin, argues that the drivers of Minneapolis - and of Minnesota and the nation - must belong to AFL Teamster Dictator Tobin now and forever, and that it is unthinkable that the drivers should ever assert their independence from Tobin, or should ever stand up for their democratic right to select their own union and run that union only in the interests of the membership. If life unfolded according to Blair's rigid formula, there would never be a CTO - nor, for that matter, an American Federation of Labor which itself arose as a competing movement to the earlier Knights of Labor.

They Distort the History of 544

When Blair states that to recognize the rights of Local 544-CIO would "defeat the purposes of the Minnesota Labor Relations Act," he really means that for him to recognize the democratic right of the drivers to their election would defeat the controversy, have worked hand-in-glove with the employers and Tobin against the union membership.

Blair's reference to the history of the dispute between the Minneapolis drivers and Tobin tortures the truth beyond all recognition. This dispute was forced upon the drivers by Tobin, who told the union's committee at a conference in Washington that he was sending in a receiver to take control of the union away from the membership. The union membership decided to defend union democracy by leaving Tobin's set-up and accepting a proffered charter in the CIO. At its last regular June membership meeting, attended by four thousand drivers, Local 544 voted overwhelmingly to leave the AFL and join the CIO. The membership instructed its officers to take all necessary steps to carry out the will of the union.

Local 544-CIO is a bonafide union chartered by the United Construction Workers Organizing Committee of the CIO, approved by CIO President Philip Murray, and enthusiastically supported by the largest unions in the CIO.

Blair does more than misrepresent and lie about the origin of this dispute. He seeks to set himself up as judge as to what is a good union and a bad union, what are good union officials and bad officials. If Blair's decision were to survive a legal test, which we are confident it will not, we would have in Minnesota a situation where a corrupt state labor conciliator would henceforth rule on the politics, morals and actions of union members and union leaders. In effect, through his ruling Blair attempts to usurp the legal right of the workers to designate unions of their own choosing, to select officers of their own liking, to themselves decide on union policies.

Tobin's Cangster Policies Approved

Through this decision Governor Stassen and State Labor Conciliator Blair are placing the stamp of approval of their offices upon the sort of undemocratic regime and gangster policies practiced by Tobin. The Governor and his conciliator, through their silence, signify their approval of Tobin's practice of sending hundreds of gunmen into Minneapolis to club and intimidate workers whose only crime is their devotion to honest unionism and democratic union practices.

Not the least interesting aspect of the Blair decision is the arbitrary ruling that henceforth there shall be citywide employer-union relations in the motor transport industry. This decree sharply reverses the history and the logic of contractual relations in this industry, where hitherto the union has dealt with individual employers or at most small groups of employers. At no time did Blair hear any testimony from employees to show consent of the workers involved to this arbitrary decision.

Unjust as the state labor law is, Blair's decision in this dispute makes the law even more oppressive and dangerous for the union movement, and jeopardizes union rights to an unprecedented degree.

Tobin, with the aid of Governor Stassen and Blair, has signed contracts without the consent or approval of the employees involved. The Blair decision to certify the AFL is an attempt to make those sellout contracts good, and to again force them upon the workers against their will. Local 544-CIO will continue to defend democracy in the union movement, will continue to defend the rights of the drivers, and will challenge the Blair deci-

ing the sphere of influence of the bill!" MILITANT is being carried on country. New Haven, for inst- above experience.) ance, has the following interest- Pittsburgh writes: "We got a ing story to tell:

Saturday, we experimented with district, a section where we have street-selling of the MILITANT. been circulating the paper every Our comrade stood before a large other week for a couple of five-and-dime on a busy street during the rush hours from 12 person-to-person and got a swell to 2 and sold a total of 17 MILI- reception plus 55c - pretty en-TANTS!

were: Buy the MILITANT - day." the only workers' anti-war paper sold on the streets of New Haven!' Read how Roosevelt leads us to war!'

"Our comrade reports that she found a great deal of friendly feeling toward the MI-LITANT - workers approached with 'Anti-war? Well, that's the paper for me!'

"From this experience, the New Haven branch can heartily recommend this way of getting our message across to workers. Be-

The work of constantly widen- | sides, it helps with the literature

(P. S.: This branch increased seriously in every part of the its bundle 100% shortly after the

break in some of our door-to-door "During the rush of shoppers work. This was in the Negro months. Last Saturday we went couraging! We would have got-"Some of the slogans used ten more if it hadn't been Satur-

> And from one of our subscribers, who hastens with a check for renewal of his subs to the MILI-TANT and the FOURTH INTER-NATIONAL, we hear these welcome words: "As I cannot get along without my papers any longer you will find the money for renewals enclosed.

"Once you get used to getting the news straight from the shoulder you cannnot let your sub run out. Your papers must continue to brighten my door-

'INSURGENT' MINERS OPPOSE CIO POLICIES

By ANTHONY MASSINI

The capitalist press has given much publicity during the past two weeks to a walkout by a group of miners in the anthracite region in Pennsylvania.

If this publicity is different from that usually given to strikers by the boss press, if there have been none of the usual denunciations and attacks on the people involved, then it is for a very good reason. Because the "strike" is directed not at the mine owners but at the union which has a closed shop contract in these mines, the United Miners.

7 of the union, ostensibly over the question of an increase in union dues and assessments after the mine owners in the area had refused to dispense with the checkoff on dues and assessments, provided for in the union contract.

At the last convention of District 7 in September, 1940, the he attacks Lewis and his policies. union had voted to increase its dues from \$1.00 to \$1.50 a month, to become effective July 1 of this Lewis, as expressed by Miller, year. Also involved is a \$4.00 a year increase in the international union assessment, voted by the international executive board and his rubber-stamp executive board approved by a referendum of the have spent \$2,000,000 or more in membership.

Thus the total dues increase against which the walkout has ican labor by means of 'loans' supposedly been called amounts to CIO and its affiliates, 'loans' to only \$10 a year. As a result which, will never be repaid. of the latest contract negotiated by the union last May, the miners | Lewis has twice torpedoed reareceived a 71/2 per cent wage in- sonable and acceptable plans for crease from last May to October | peace between the AFL and CIO. 1, with the increase then rising

such things as an attempt to ex- stacle to labor peace. . . " etc. tend the work stoppage to other districts, the announcement of leaders of the walkout to even international executive board sent progressive policies of the CIO. by John L. Lewis from Washington to try to settle the controversy, then the whole situation CIO, when it is proposed that he forces within the CIO.

Into Suicidal 'Unity' With AFL

The stoppage began in District Leader, organ of the Social Demo-

cratic Federation, which wholeheartedly defends the so-called insurgents, that the dues argument is a cover for issues far more fundamental and important. The September 20 issue of the

New Leader approvingly quotes the statements of Garrett Miller, leader of the walkout, in which

"Specifically," the New Leader says, "the miners' charges against cover an impressive bill of particulars. . . They take cognizance of the fact that Lewis and the past five years in helping subsidize the civil war in Amer-

"The miners see no reason why

"They no longer intend to stand to 10% plus a \$20 Xmas bonus. idly by while he uses the United A walkout under such condi- | Mine Workers and its treasury as tions is certainly unusual. When, if they were his own. They want to these circumstances, is added to remove Lewis as the chief ob-

If the New Leader correctly reports the views of the "insurgthe election of a set of officers ents," then it is obvious that the dual to the regular officers of the dues issue is only being used as union, and the flat refusal of the a means of winning support among scissorbill and anti-union meet with three members of the elements for an attack against

When Lewis is attacked for be removed to facilitate the hege-One need not be surprised, mony of the craft union policies

CP Makes Bid for Unity with Hillman And Hillman Plans to Drive CIO

The Communist Party has launched an allout campaign for a united front with the Hillmanites in the CIO against John L. Lewis.

Roy Hudson, Stalinist chief of trade union work, launched the campaign in two articles, in the Sept. 21 Sunday Worker and the Sept. 22 Daily Worker.

Hudson sharply complained that, although "the left progressive forces and the Hillman forces within the CIO" have a "basis of collaboration," they have not yet "found the way to united. struggle for their common program and against those forces which seek to disrupt and to sabotage this struggle."

The Stalinist-Hillman united front, Hudson makes clear, will be openly directed against the John L. Lewis forces in the CIO. And the Stalinist-Hillman united front also will seek to carry out Hillman's program of CIO-AFL unity.

Hudson complains that "some progressives, including Left forces within the CIO, did not sufficiently take advantage of the opportunities for bringing about the realignment of forces as quickly as possible. . An illustration of this was the lack of understanding expressed by such a prominent person as Harry Bridges at the NMU Convention, who favored aid to the Soviet Union but spoke against an A.E.F. and aid to Britain."

John Anderson, Stalinist whip in the auto workers, is castigated by Hudson for his failure to unite with the Reuther right wing forces at the UAW Convention. Hudson says: ". . . a few people identified with the Lefts, such as Anderson, failed completely to understand the change in the situation. . . By thus seeing only the old issue of Hillman vs. Lewis, they failed miserably to give any leadership to the workers in this

Calling for "unity" of all "progressive" forces in the CIO, Hudson openly makes a bid to Hillman: "The Amalgamated Clothing Workers, and those workers considered under the influence of its leadership, whose stand in support of the for-

a "unified" labor movement, then it is clear that this work stoppage is the result of a reactionary anti-CIO movement and that its victory would be a blow helping to build and extend the at all the progressive policies and

Progressive trade unionists can, therefore, have nothing in therefore, to be told by the New of the AFL Executive Council in common with such a movement.

DEFENDING "DEMOCRACY"



St. Louis cops man-handling women strike pickets and "protecting" scabs at the Gardner Pocketbook Manufacturing Company, where the International Fur and Leather Workers Union (CIO) has been on strike since August 4. This is just one tiny sample of that "democracy" which Rousevelt wants the workers to defend against Hitler.

eign policy of the Administration is an established fact, undoubtedly are an important section of those forces who could support such a position and leadership."

Hudson attacks the Lewis forces for their organizing drive among the Teamsters and the Construction Workers, saying: "Where, in a certain period it was correct to bring large sections of workers affiliated to the AFL into the CIO,

today such a course would be harmful to the CIO and to the interests of labor as a whole."

The main emphasis of Hudson's articles is a sharp criticism of those who have not already come out openly for war against John L. Lewis. He calls Lewis "the main obstacle" to carrying out the Stalinist-Hillman policy. He says: "While Lewis' position did not get endorsement, the fact that it was not immediately understood, challeng-

ed and exposed prevented the CIO from actively fighting for an anti-fascist program. While waiting to see what was going to happen some people failed to see that Lewis' position had already become the main obstacle preventing the CIO from effectively fighting for its own interests and weakened the struggle against fascism."

This Stalinist bid to Hillman has already evoked a favorable, though still private, response from the Hillmanites. The sole objection of the Hillmanites, it is reliably reported to us, is to the Stalinist proposals for a public and open united front. The Hillmanites prefer to have the Stalinists support them "unofficially."

The Hillmanites are laying their plans for a wide-spread "CIO-AFL unity" campaign that will add the conservative craft unionists of the AFL Executive Council to their forces in the struggle against John L. Lewis.

Last year the Hillmanites raised the question at the CIO convention only to meet an overwhelming defeat at the hands of the Lewis forces supported by the Stalinists. This time they propose to proceed in a more cautious and a far better organized fashion.

In all the local councils and unions of the CIO where they have a chance to pass them, the Hillmanites are going to introduce and push resolutions calling on the CIO National Executive Board to immediately reopen negotiations with the AFL. In this way the campaign will be given the character of "a rank and file move," rather than one instigated from on top by Roosevelt, and those who oppose it will be denounced as "dictatorial."

In line with this strategy within the CIO, a move will be initiated within the AFL to "retire" William Green and replace him with someone to negotiate unity for the AFL who would be "more acceptable" to the CIO. One candidate being considered for Green's job is Senator Mead. Democrat from New York.

In these plans of Hillman, the Stalinists will undoubtedly play a large part, for they control a sizeable number of locals and central labor councils, and in other cases their forces added to the Hillmanites would provide the necessary ma-

Meaning of the Moves For CIO-AFL Unification

opposed their creation.

Such a unification as the AFL

Council wants would be a blow

dustrial. One of the progressive

in the mass industries by the

craft union leaders of the AFL

might easily lead to the destruc-

tion by the bosses of the craft

unions built near and around

The Hillmanites in the CIO also

They are not interested in see-

the prospect either. They feel

that they could easily come to

terms with the Greens and Wells.

cern is in tying the unions in

At last year's CIO convention

the Hillmanites were the chief

himself was the object of an in-

with the government.

WHAT THE

HILLMANITES WANT

The coming annual conventions of the AFL (Seattle, Oc- AFL, he would quickly sink to object of such an eager courttober 6) and the CIO (Detroit, November 17) will again bring the status of another Dubinsky, a ship, provided they write the restanding "labor" front for the policy of preventing industrial man's "unity" program which over his full pro-war, striketo the forefront the question of trade union unity.

Militant trade unionists, who want to work out an answer to the problem of unity not on the basis of an abstract formula or ideal but on the basis of the concrete interests of the working class, will profit from a

study of the positions taken by unions at the mercy of those who

cating CIO-AFL unity. Such an analysis will demonstrate that the slogan of unity to all of labor, for it would not as such is not progressive today, only weaken the strongest unions and that it is being used as the in the labor movement, but it cover for extremely reactionary would encourage the bosses to go and conservative forces operating after the remainder, craft or inagainst the best interests of the

the different groups today advo-

ROOSEVELT'S AIMS

labor movement.

Why, for example, is the Roosevelt administration so concerned about unification of the two union groups? Certainly not to enable the unions to better fight for improvement of labor's conditions and protection of labor's rights, because more than ever that fight in these days has to be directed against the efforts of the government as well as the

Roosevelt's main interest in the unions, both craft and industrial, is to tie them to the war | support moves toward unification. program, to get them in the interests of "national defense" to ing that the craft unionists be-"make sacrifices," to persuade come the dominant force - for them to give up many of their they would prefer themselves in hard-won rights for the sake of the dominant role, of course -"national unity." A divided la- but they are not worried about bor movement, entailing competition and a struggle for hegemony that leads to increased organizational activity, makes Like Roosevelt, their main con-Roosevelt's task more difficult. Roosevelt wants "peace" between the two labor federations as a prelude to "peace" between labor and the capitalists.

advocates of "resuming unity It is not hard to see that unity negotiations." Although Hillon the basis of Roosevelt's proman's proposal was decisively regram will reduce, not increase, jected by the Lewis forces at the labor's strength. convention, and although Hillman

THE AFL CONDITIONS

By and large, the bureaucrats vitation to get out of the CIO the unity they want is the kind his use to the administration and program. that will give craft unionism the the war machine rests on the idea

there that he can be of most serbasis of support of the war.

headway since November, 1940.

consequences of the AFL-CIO ROLE OF THE STALINISTS Last year the Stalinists fully today are willing to unite?

cies today as a year ago.

Criticism of Green and Hillman has entirely disappeared from the Daily Worker. The Stalinists have adopted the AFL Executive Council's formula on "strikes and national defense," namely, that unions must retain their right to strike but they must not utilize that right (Daily Worker, Sept. 20.)

proposals.

The Lewis group is the only major force that shows any signs | all under present conditions. of the AFL Council hold the same | and go back to the AFL by him- of resisting a unification that will position today as they held a self, he has chosen to keep his put the craft unions in the sadyear ago when they expressed followers in the CIO. The reason dle and make the labor movement bloc in the unions, the workers Washington attempted to refute their willingness for "unity," But | for this was two-fold. First of all, | wholly subservient to the war

Events of the last year have on the basis of undisputed recog- velt's elbow when the President

Secondly, Hillman has kept his forces in the CIO because it is vice to the administration in its drive to unify the unions on the

In the year since the Atlantic City convention, the Hillmanites have been "boring from within" the CIO, and it is unquestionable that they have made considerable

split was that, in the wake of the pro-union spirit engendered by backed the Lewis position against the organizational gains of the any unity proposals that would CIO unions, the AFL was also not guarantee the victory of inable to add many new members. The dismemberment of the unions

This year, however, they loudly proclaim, "conditions have changed." Now they give unqualified support to the Roosevelt war program. Instead of collaborating with John L. Lewis against Hillmanites in the unions, the Stalinists have declared war against Lewis, although he is pursuing more or less the same union poli-

The Stalinists are all-out for labor unification today. But unification on the basis of their program will be no different and no better than unification around the Roosevelt, Green and Hillman

LEWIS' STAND ON UNIFICATION

domination of the unified move- that he "represents" the dynamic shown how correct was the deci- nition of the victory of industrial signed the order sending regular ment and leave the industrial section of the union movement, sion of the CIO last November unionism.

By ART PREIS The Stalinist Daily Worker is making ever more tempting that Hillman was behind the ac- dustrial unionism in America. bids to Hillman and his followers to achieve organizational, as well as political, unity against the militant and anti-war sectors of the CIO.

As ardent wooers of the Hillmanites, the Stalinists place no conditions on the terms which they are prepared to accept in ers last April. the proposed marriage contract.

The Hillmanites, for their part, are quite willing to be the

with repressive anti-labor legis-

ment and the government's war

It was Hillman who went to

the front for the Administration

a year ago in sanctioning the po-

licy of granting big government

war orders to corporations like

Bethlehem Steel, which had con-

sistently flouted every labor law

In the name of "national de-

poured into the corporation's files.

Hillman directly intervened to in-

timidate the Bethlehem workers

and attemped to force them back

to work without any conditions.

get organized labor to yield its

Had his policy been adopted by

the CIO in the past year, Bethle-

hem Steel, Ford, International

Harvester, the great aircraft cor-

porations, might still be operat-

ing on a completely open-shop

Hillman gave direct sanction

to reactionary Governor James

of Pennsylvania to send the state

troopers against the Vanadium

Corporation strikers at Bridge-

ville, Pennsylvania, last March.

Hillman himself issued and sign-

ed the order demanding that the

strikers permit scabs to enter the

plant to ship materials, the order

which gave James the go-ahead

Hillman has intervened direct-

ly, or indirectly, against the

Not one person at the recent

that Hillman had stood at Roose-

signal for strikebreaking.

strike of the past year.

Hillman's policy has been to

in the land.

captive of the AFL Executive sultant contract in toto, along the Roosevelt Administration in its tingly in the labor movement.

Thus, the unity forged between these two most reactionary pro- lation, and conceal the corporawar tendencies in the labor move- tions' domination of the government, will be a unity built foursquare on Hillman's program. And that is the program which the Stalinists, along with the major section of the CIO led by John L. Lewis, decisively repudiated less than a year ago at the last CIO convention.

What is this Hillmanite program around which the Stalinises

It is unqualified endorsement fense," for months Hillman preof Hillman's concrete strikevented the Bethlehem Steel workbreaking and union-smashing ers from striking for union recacts of the past two years. ognition, while over a billion dol-HILLMAN'S PROGRAM lars of government war orders

OF STRIKEBREAKING Hillman has served as the out-

in voting down Hillman's proposal. How many of labor's gains in 1941 - the organization of Ford, Bethlehem, etc. - won through militant action, would right to strike "voluntarily." have been achieved if the iron hand of the AFL bureaucracy were dominant in a unified labor movement? Wouldn't much of the anti-labor legislation defeated by the CIO this year have become law by this time if the Hillman-Green tendency led the whole la-

THE JOB FOR MILITANTS Of course, continuation of the

split in the labor movement has its negative as well as its positive features, and a unification of the labor movement on the proper basis is desirable. But class-conscious workers must never lose sight of the fact that a unification on the basis of the Roosevelt - AFL - Hillman - Stalinist terms can prove more harmful than no unification at strikers in every important CIO

To the demagogic and reactionary plans of the Roosevelt war CIO legislative conference in must counterpose the struggle for John L. Lewis' specific charges unification of the labor movement army troops against the North

American Aviation strikers, and, would mean the liquidation of intion of the National Defense Meduring the strike of 400,000 min-

What The Communist Party Supports

When It Backs Hillman's Program

raise his voice against the OPM the proffer of support for Hillexpansion in the interests of the constitutes a chief lure now be- breaking, anti-industrial union the CIO, hog-tie organized labor

> His sole plea against repressive CIO progressives and militants. move will be the Stalinists. labor legislation was that such laws are "unnecessary at the present time." He proposed, instead, that union "leaders" like himself be permitted a further opportunity to persuade the union members to a "voluntary nostrike" policy. Hillman, during the few times he testified on such legislation, did not oppose it on any principled basis. He was for compulsion against the unions if "voluntary" methods "failed" to prevent strikes. In this, his policy differed not one whit from that expressed by Knudsen and the rest of the "ex"-corporation heads running the government's war production program.

CIO. Hillman and his henchmen proposed that the CIO accept ty and devotion among the sym- from Local New York and Rose Roosevelt's demand that the CIO pathizers of the Socialist Work- Karsner delivered a short funeral and AFL unite on terms which ers Party.

put over the proposals of the the Stalinists, wisely and correct-Southern coal mine operators ly repudiated Hillman's treacherous proposal.

tor of the OPM, Hillman did not cidal "unity" to the hilt. It is of the CIO workers.

widely despised labor "leader" Lewis and the great majority among the ranks of the CIO. His diation Board in attempting to of the CIO members, including support of government strikebreaking, his efforts to tie the CIO to the government, his bootlicking of the Administration and Today, however, the Stalinists the employers, in the past have Although an associate direc- are backing this program of sui- made his name anathema to most

Hillman has been the most

Hillman is preparing to shove ng put forth by the Stalinists to program at the coming CIO na attract the Hillmanites to a uni- tional convention. His most deted front against Lewis and the voted followers in this traitorous

IN MEMORIAL

"I am enclosing a check for \$100. Please use it the following way:

"\$25 toward the collection at the Trotsky Memorial meeting. "\$25 for protecting the pros-

ecution of the SWP. \$50 for the War Chest in Anton's memory, who has been devoted to the party's program to his last days."

So writes Comrade Maria, widow of Anton Penyaska who was cremated at Astoria, Long Island, on August 9th. We print this At the last convention of the excerpt from her fine letter as

Except for a small insurance, a good portion of which had to be used for funeral expenses. comrade Maria was left with no means and is now job-hunting. In view of this fact, her contribution

assumes greater significance.

The funeral of Anton Penyaska took place the very day our comrades had to leave for Minneapolis to appear for arraignment. None of the party leaders could therefore be present. But the Party was represented by a group one of the best examples of loyal of comrades and a floral wreath

HELP FIGHT THE INDICTMENTS

29 people-members of the Socialist Workers Party and the leaders of Motor Transport and Allied Workers Industrial Union, Local 544-CIO have been indicted in Minnesota on charges of "conspiring to overthrow the government."

This sweeping attack upon civil liberties and labor's rights must be repelled! The job of defending the victims of this prosecution is up to the workers themselves. Roosevelt's administration isn't subsidizing this defense project.

Aid the defendants by giving promptly and generously to their Defense Fund.

SEND YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS TO: THE CIVIL RIGHTS DEFENSE

COMMITTEE Room 809, 160 Fifth Ave., New York City

I enclose for your Defense Fund

The Government prosecution has been condemned by the

CIO

LABOR'S NON-PARTISAN LEAGUE UNITED AUTO WORKERS AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

> NATION NEW REPUBLIC

and other labor and liberal spokesmen

UAW Board Reaffirms Union's Support Hilferding For CIO Organization Of Teamsters

Votes to Uphold Convention Decision Which Reuther-Hillmanites Attempt to Violate

By JOHN ADAMSON

CHICAGO, Sept. 22. — The International Executive Board of the UAW made a resolution public late Saturday pledging its support to the United Construction Workers Organizing Committee, CIO, in its drive to organize the Motor Transport Workers. Officials of the UCWOC hailed this resolution as a complete endorsement of the drive.

Passage of this resolution was an important victory for the pro-John L. Lewis forces in the UAW. Although the International Executive Board was under instructions by a resolution of the recent Buffalo convention to support the CIO drive to organize the motor transport workers, the Reuther-Hillman group on the board had attempted to prevent the carrying out of the convention resolution.

This was the Board's first meeting in Chicago since the important Buffalo Convention. And as was to be expected, the first important problem confronting o the UAW again split the Board | to oppose this stand, nor did they vote against it.

Now, confronted with the or-

ganizing campaign in full swing

in Michigan, Reuther and his

clique launched a furious attack

against the drive under guise of

opposing the "raiding" of AFL

President R. J. Thomas had

earlier in the week pledged full

support to this drive in line with

the Buffalo Convention decisions,

"The entire CIO movement

in the Detroit area, including

the UAW, pledges full support

to the UCWOC, to the organ-

izing drive among Detroit

teamsters and truckers. This

drive was begun at the earnest

request of a large proportion

of drivers who are thoroughly

disgusted with the indifference

of the AFL leadership to the

Ironically enough, the most

outspoken supporters of Hillman

been the chief victims of AFL

tion, that even Hillman's own

in its Motor Transport drive.

Yet for a full week Reuther

tied up the Board with a filibus-

he succeeded in getting the Ex-

lished to bring the benefits of

ers who are not yet organized

welfare of the members."

announcing:

wide open into two widely divergent factions.

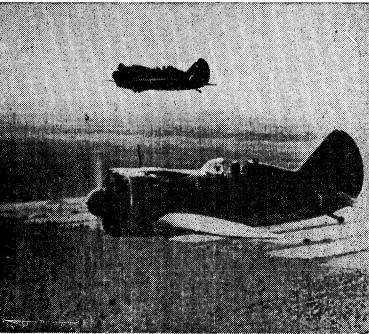
The militancy displayed at the Buffalo Convention, and the distinct unpopularity of Hillman and the OPM among the Auto Workers, served to break Frankensteen and R. J. Thomas from the Reuther-Hillman group. Afraid of being compromised by identification with Hillman and his associates in the CIO, Frankensteen and Thomas have left the Reuther group and are attempting to stand, as it were, above the two warring factions in the UAW and to duplicate inside the union the role of Murray in the

SUPPORT FOR UCWOC ASKED

As soon as the Board meeting was called into session, Russell Turner, in charge of the United Construction Workers Organizing Committee drive among the Motor Transport Workers, re- and his policies in the Michigan quested that the UAW give full | CIO, such as the Dairy Workers, aid to the UCWOC organizing Retail Clerks, etc., are the forecampaign. This drive has already most and most militant propoformally been launched in De- nents of all-out aid to the Teamtroit, Flint, Lansing, and other Michigan centers.

Detroit had been seething with ous, as a matter of fact, is the form and to its past history, the the announcement of the Motor Transport Workers drive. Hundreds of teamsters have been coming up to CIO headquarters, and Flying Squadron men CIO organization, its gangster dustry, and then declared the gathered from different auto goon tactics on the part of the

There should have been no Clothing Workers pledged its ment. question at all on the stand of complete support to the UCWOC the UAW Executive Board. The Buffalo Convention had issued clear and explicit instructions on this matter. The resolution unanimously adopted by the Convention stated "That this, the Sixth ecutive Board to adopt what it Annual Convention of the UAW- called a compromise resolution CIO go on record welcoming the which stated: "The CIO is estab-Motor Transport Workers in the to the organizing drive of the ganizing Committee in this field." that neither Reuther nor any of organized workers is the main the caucus leaders of his group task of the CIO."



Soviet Air Fighters

Soviet war planes winging their way to the Eastern Front give the lie to the Nazi boast of three months ago that the Soviet Union's air fleet had been wiped out in the first week of the Nazi invasion.

instructions of the Buffalo Consupport of the teamsters' drive, leaving the whole problem in essentially the same position as before the Board meeting.

Fortunately, this "compromise" lasted only until Saturday, when it was replaced by a resolution explicitly backing the CIO truckers drive.

The Transport Workers drive will unquestionably be pushed with full vigor and militancy and there is no question but that the auto workers in this vicinity will give all adequate and necessary assistance to this drive to insure that the Motor Transport workers will be allowed to build the democratic industrial union that they want.

ominous warnings came from the sters' drive, because they have auto industry that soon thousands of auto workers would be The whole previous week raiding and goon tactics. So furi- walking the streets and, true to whole CIO movement against the Executive Board merely reaffirm-"sweetheart" agreements with seniority of all auto workers who employers whose fields are under are transferred to "defense" inmethods of beating up CIO or- problem closed. As everybody union, the Detroit Amalgamated | problem of priorities unemploy-

vide jobs to those thousands of auto workers who cannot find work in war-orders plants. Seter on this question. At one point | niority does not take care of those workers who may have to wait from one to six months before they are placed in war production. Seniority does not protect the worker who is asked to CIO, and pledge its full support industrial unionism to millions of leave his home town for a job in unorganized of our nation. There a different city hundreds of miles United Construction Workers Or- still remain thousands of work- distant. Seniority likewise says for the President to issue an Exnothing about those workers who ecutive Order in the early stages It is further a matter of record and the organization of the un- are offered war-orders jobs at of discriminations in national de-

The militant local unions of

CIO Convention which is sched- this program over.

uled to be held in Detroit or November 17. The delegates were more or less evenly divided between the Addes and Reuther groups plus Frankensteen and Thomas. The Buffalo Convention instructed its delegates to vote for the reelection of Philip Murray to the presidency of the CIO, but apparently this will not be a contested point as Lewis' representative, Allen Heywood, publicly announced at Indianapolis to the Rubber Workers' Convention that all good men in the 10 were rallying around Philip Murray, who would run for re-

The Flint Program

The plan of the Flint UAW loals to halt priorities unemployment in the auto industry, to fers, includes: the establishment of rank-and-file committees in seniority basis for workers cov- He worked ardently to prevent ered by UAW contracts in trans- the Independent Social-Democraference to jobs in war production; maintainance of the same rate of pay on new war producvention and at the same time did Flint, keenly aware of this prob- tion jobs as in the auto plants; not answer the question of UAW | lem, have already adopted a pro- | reorganization of the auto indus- | gram which meets this problem try and plants to provide jobs far more realistically and ade- within existing plants for the quately than the proposals of the auto workers, so that they do not aims of the German workers International Exchange Execu- have to leave their present com- after 1918 and diverting their tive Board. This program has munities; equal participation of energies into reformist channels. been printed in the Flint daily the union with the management give some leadership in this prob- jobs because of priorities unemlem of priorities unemployment. ployment; and, finally, an all-out The Board also selected its ten national union campaign of econ-

"Found Dead" In Nazi Jail

Social Democrat Is **Victim of Capitalism** He Helped Save

On September 17, the German news service released the news of the death of Rudolf Hilferding, Social-Democratic Minister of Finance in the cabinets of Stresemann and Mueller during the Weimar Republic. The Nazi report alleges that he took his life by hanging in a prison cell somewhere in occupied France.

Hilferding was one of the leading theoreticians and politicians of the Second International. He made an important contribution which the foregoing article re- to Marxian economics in his famous work on Finance Capital.

As a working class politician every plant to head the fight; he played a thoroughly reactionpreferential consideration on a ary role in 1914 and thereafter. tic Party of Germany from solidarizing itself with the policies of the Russian Bolsheviks in the 1920's. Together with Kautsky, for frustrating the revolutionary

Had he and his colleagues folpapers, but apparently the Exe- in determining the allocation of lowed the example of the Ruscutive Board is still unaware of war orders, where they shall be sian Bolsheviks, Hitler and Nazit and it will take more militant produced, and where new plants ism could not have conquered in pressure on the part of Flint and shall be located; adequate cash Germany. But he was a vicious other local unions before the Ex- relief of no less than \$25 weekly opponent of Bolshevism. He spent ecutive Board can be forced to for auto workers unable to get his life trying to bolster up the decaying system of capitalism and patching up bourgeois democracy. Hilferding fell victim to delegates to the coming National omic and political action to put his own anti-revolutionary poli-

Why No Western Front Is Opened

(Continued from page 1)

didn't think it is the best step now to be taken in the war against the Nazis, there would ordinarily be the problem of making conagree to open up a western front? Even if Churchill and Roosevelt cessions to a valuable ally. The Soviet Union is now bearing the brunt of the struggle. A demand from such an ally should be acceded to if the demand is one which can physically be carried out. One could cite instances from the World War where the insistence by the French government or the Czarist Empire for a certain form of aid was acceded to by Britain, even though the British High Command would have preferred to do something else.

Here, then, is the heart of the question. Churchill and Roosevelt will not do for the Soviet Union what they would have done for the Czarist Empire. They accept the Soviet Union as an ally - but only on their own terms. They look upon the Soviet Union, not as an ordinary imperialist ally, but as a WORKERS' STATE, and they would not dream of doing for that workers' state what they would do for the Czarist Empire. Renegades from the revolutionary movement may call' the Soviet Union imperialist or fascist; Churchill and Roosevelt

Harry Pollitt is absolutely correct in asserting that there is to real difference between Moore-Brabazon's brazen statement and the more diplomatic formulations of the Churchill government. The rulers of the "democracies" have no desire whatsoever to see the Soviet Union victorious. They want the Soviet Union to expend its life blood in weakening Hitler but simultaneously they want to see the Soviet Union weakened to the point where its fate will be at the mercy of the "democracies." As the Daily Worker's own military expert said on July 13, "The (British) idea might be to see the Soviet Union win the war with one division left." What would happen to the Soviet Union if it "won" the war with one division left? It would be at the mercy of the "democratic" imperialists who would then destroy it. This is the objective of Roosevelt and Churchill, and no amount of "public pressure" will cause them to Haase and other leaders of his drop it. The only way to "change" their war aims is to overthrow party, he bears the responsibility the capitalist class they represent.

If Leningrad and Moscow fall, as Kiev has fallen, and the Soviet Union is left depleted of its industrial resources, then the "democracies" will probably forward large quantities of armament to the remnants of the Soviet Union. That is, they will arm the Red Army in the same sense that China is now being armed - under conditions where the Red Army would be completely at the mercy of Churchill and Roosevelt. Unable to provide its own arms, dependent for arms upon its "allies," the Red Army would then be subject to the orders of Churchill and Roosevelt, its strategy dictated by them, its objectives dictated by them. It would, like the Chinese forces, have the second-class status of a colonial army, forced by the weakness of its industrial resources to bow to the dictates of its imperialist allies.

If this strategy is carried out, the defeat of Hitler would not save the Soviet Union. Hitler's removal from the scene would only mean that the "democracies" would take his place as the destroyers of the Soviet Union.

This is the terrible prospect, yet it is along this road that the Stalinists, by supporting Churchill and Roosevelt, are trav-

These latest developments eloquently testify to the correctness of the Trotskyist program for defense of the Soviet Union. We do all we can to defend the Soviet Union. But we do so in the spirit of Lenin and Trotsky. It is not the task of revolutionists to "demand" that the imperialists open a western front. It is our task to call upon the workers to continue irreconcilably the class struggle against the rulers of the "democracies." For only the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of Workers' and Farmers Governments in the "democracies" can save the Soviet Union from destruction at the hands of Hitler or the "democracies." The Stalinist program surrenders the Soviet Union into the hands of those would-be destroyers. Our program is to extend the October revolution to the rest of the world.

take concrete steps to actually organize a Negro mass movement. At any rate, his actual proposals are quite vague. All he says

ment is that it would be "an herwill not proceed with a blitzkrieg tempo" because the March on Washington committee "does not have a quarter" and therefore the work will have to be carried forward "with volunteer workers."

about the organizational work in-

volved in creating such a move-

No Negro worker will deny the need for a mass organization that will fight for equality. With production expanding, with talk about democracy increasing on all sides, with their youth being called on to undergo military training, the Negro masses are ready to conduct a vigorous fight

Money is not the decisive question. Plenty of organizations with finances cannot win the al-

don't have the proper program, control?" they don't have the proper in-Randolph. Yes, but what words

Randolph offer as the program for this organization? Is it goers that be and call off militant the March on Washington Committee did last June? Is it going Is the organization going to

be democratically run? Are the masses going to have the decisive word about the organization's policies? Or is the organization to be controlled and directed from the top with a small committee not only making dayto-day organizational decisions out also the vital and fundamenal decisions of policy?

on the question is this: "In it (the organization proposed) every try to make it the kind of or-Negro will count. The highest here are all for the company. If | will be as low as the lowest and they know any better, they're the lowest will be as high as the sure afraid to say so. During highest." This may be the anthe sit downs they canned the few | swer in Randolph's own style. But then again it may only be an evasion of the question.

But Randolph has never asked the masses to decide anything of importance - the program of the March on Washington, the right to decide whether the March should have been called off or carried through, the right to decide on the personnel on the national committee "announced" by Randolph after the March was called off.

Such a handling of questions is not only dangerous for the future of the proposed organization, but it also tends to hold back the initial steps. For many of the local committees will think: "If through. Randolph's article is Randolph doesn't let us decide proof that we were correct, that what our organization should do on a question like this, what reason do we have to believe that

We Trotskyists do not hesitate ternal structure. These are the for a moment to criticize the "Let the Negro masses speak March on Washington Committhrough a million voices," says tee and its shortcomings when our criticisms can serve the interests of the masses. We feel all the more free to do so because ing to make deals with the pow- from the start we gave wholehearted support to the progresaction in return for promises, as sive acts of the movement and defended it at each stage of its development against those forces which attacked it for being "too

Today we make our criticisms of Randolph's call not because we are opposed to the creation of a Negro mass movement but because we are in favor of such a movement and want to see it. grow into a powerful force against Jim Crowism. We urge all advanced and class conscious All that Randolph has said Negroes to join this movement, to support and build it, and to ganization that will win real successes for the masses. In addition, we urge the Negro people to be vigilant within the organization against any harmful policies or procedure.

> If Randolph's procedure in calling off the March last June had been correct - and we said before and after it happened that no greater mistake could be made - then he would not have to be coming before the people today. and saying that a million Negroes are needed to be "certain to get a serious and respectful hearing" from the ruling class and its government.

> We warned that nothing could come of deals with the Jim Crow forces, that Negroes must organize to fight them all the way his past procedure was incorrect and inadequate.

Negroes can learn much from we will be permitted to decide the lessons of that March, and it policy later on? What guarantees is their duty to do so if they want then will be have against being within the proposed organization

emocratic industrial union that hey want. While the Board was in session, While the Board was in session, A New Negro Movement

AFL, and its policies of signing ed its program of protecting the Says Million Negroes Must Organize for A Serious Struggle Against Jim Crowism

By ALBERT PARKER

In an article printed in a number of Negro newspapers locals are pledging to aid in ganizers, its cynical indifference in the Auto Union knows the last week, A. Philip Randolph, president of the AFL Brotherthe drive and to ward off any to the workers of its organiza- safeguarding of seniority rights hood of Sleeping Car Porters and national director of the March culean task" and that "it perhaps on Washington Committee, called for the organization of a million Negroes to fight against racial discrimination.

'Negroes," said Randolph, "must no longer think in terms of little units, or small maneuvers. To this end, the March on Washington committees are out to enlist a million Negroes to increase the striking and driving power of the Negro masses for their rights.

"Recent history in international and national affairs shows that it is not enough to be right. You must also be powerful. You must also build the machine with which will shake America and is certain to work and fight for justice. . .

"It was just, proper and right hearing.

was launched. . .

"A million Negroes speaking at one time behind one vital issue to get a serious and respectful

But it never happened until the March on Washington movement

"Let the Negro masses speak

through a million voices."

Randolph does not indicate 80c an hour in contrast to the fense on account of race, color, whether he is just talking about

for their rights.

\$1.15 or \$1.25 that they are now religion or national origin as it something that would be nice or legiance of the masses - and This "compromise" violated the earning in the automobile shops. was proper and just, June 25. whether he plans to go ahead and for a very good reason. They

By a Flint Housewife Flint, Michigan Dear Editor.

TANT for some time now and I when we hit such a low. got to thinking that if so many people were interested in My Day by Mrs. Roosevelt, perhaps the spring and Jim got overtime men and women who read your every week, we didn't have any paper would be interested in a more than we usually do. It different sort of My Day, the makes you feel good for a while esort of day the wife of an auto and you seem to have more moworker spends. So I'm sending ney, but it doesn't go any faralong some of my diary for you ther - eggs and butter both to use.

Sept. 9, 1941 — Well, the lay- a little more. off is over and we start a fresh year. I used to start my diary on New Year's Day but now I start ing. It seems everybody wanted it after the lay-offs. We are always flat broke then and starting | don't blame them. I get awfully | it all dumped in front of the City from scratch. Last year Jim made \$1400 but that isn't much the ice-box and putting stuff out had half a notion to go down and about that. help in figuring out the budget in the winter. But it seems a see what I could pick out and now for this year. Everything is so pity, because they'll lose every- I'm darned sorry I didn't. I'll unsettled that the men were talk- thing as soon as work stops. I bet I would have found a better production before they even went a washing machine five times back to work.

fruit and vegetables and that will pens this winter, but it isn't real- some socks and stuff for school Flint hasn't got hardly any de- have his bottle of beer or be they are so loyal to their dad and only way you ever get anything. ership over which we have no have made in the past.

ly enough to see us through any and the only stores that were fense orders except out at the tired from working if they don't me that it gets them in a lot of fully sick of going without meat

It seems funny though, that when we had that little spurt this went up 10c at a crack as soon as they started working the men

They say business boomed, but around here it was all credit buya refrigerator or a new stove. I and lost it every time her husband got laid-off.

help some no matter what hap other day to get the children about a big cut in auto production. And I think Jim isn't going to and the radical movement and then and it looks as if that's the sold down the river by a lead- to avoid the mistakes its leaders

long lay-off and the kids get aw- busy were the dime stores. It's A. C. where they built a big new do something pretty quick about trouble in school. The teachers because, like I say, you're get- plant. The defense orders Gen- the situation. I have been reading the MILI- and eggs like they did in '32 ting more money and you feel eral Motors got didn't come here. good, but way down you know it | They built new plants in other thing else, these big shots in the won't go any farther for the places. We know why, they don't union who are taking it so easy things you really need, so you want to pay union wages to union about this problem aren't going splurge and buy a new lampshade for a quarter and then you can come home with a big package and feel that you got something anyhow.

Well. I have to finish my ironng so I guess that's all for now.

Sept. 12, 1941 — I burned my hand on the coffee pot because the handle fell off. It reminds me of the aluminum drive. They collected a pile of stuff and had sick of emptying the pan under Hall. At the time I told Jim I ing about lay-offs, and cuts in know a woman who has bought coffee pot thrown away than the one we are using.

Well, Jim didn't think that was funny at all. He still isn't work-Anyhow, I went downtown the ing full time and the talk is all

men, but they never WANTED to have a union if everyone is to give us anything. It's what out of work. we fought for that we got.

men ought to be transferred of it. wherever work is according to seniority. So everybody in Flint that has good seniority has got to pick up and go trekking around the country. And who pays your travelling expenses, I'd like to know? They don't say

a couple of bottles of beer, or ed quick." to go fishing or hunting, and

And that reminds me of some-

Well, I have to go now and get

That's what I keep telling Jim, supper. Jim has a zone meeting but he says they'll do something tonight so we'll eat early. I about it. The only thing I've seen think I'll give him a few digs done yet is a bright idea that though and see if anything comes

Sept. 14, 1941 - The Organ izer for the S.W.P. was over this afternoon and we had quite a talk. Renewed our sub for the MILITANT which we wouldn't like to miss. I got quite a kick out of Jim Jr. He sat around I get awfully steamed up I listening to us and finally he know, and Jim says I sure am said, "Listen, if they're going to radical, but he works all day and lay off all those men here, you'd when he comes home he wants better get your revolution start-

now that the kids are older, I children hear so much talk how I keep going back to those have a little more time to think, around the house about the union days. We stood up for our rights

teachers who did come out in favor of the strikers. Well, Jim is sure looking for-

ward to hunting this fall. It makes me laugh, sometimes we go without butter and sometimes we eat pheasant. I understand the President is very fond of game so that's one thing we have in common. Which just goes to prove that this is a land of equal opportunities.

Now if I could figure out how to get both of the kids winter coats I'd maybe believe that.

I guess I'll start knitting again now that it's turned cooler, but it won't be for Britain. I can remember when the people who are always getting their names in the paper for Aid to Britain turned a pretty cold shoulder to us Sometimes it worries me. The when we were out on strike. Some-

Negro Struggle By ALBERT PARKER

North or South?

Even before the latest series of attacks on Negro soldiers stationed in southern camps, the demand was raised by various groups that all Negro soldiers be transferred to northern camps. But after the murder of Private Ned Turman at Fort Bragg, N. C., and the mass desertions from Arkansas by Negro troops who had been assaulted by white mobs for marching on the highways and denied ammunition by their officers for self-protection, it became a leading slogan of many papers and writers.

On September 6 the Chicago Defender printed a front page editorial which declared that "removing. Negro troops from the South because of unprovoked attacks by prejudiced civilians as advocated by one of our contemporaries is far from being an adequate, honest solution of the problem. Besides being an unwarranted, indefensible concession, such a step would be equivalent to an official condoning of the inexcusable barbarities that have been committed against Negro soldiers."

The Defender asserts that Negro troops "should be kept in the south or in any other section of the country where it is necessary and convenient to train them," that the "government ought to be prepared to defend its defenders at all costs," that the soldiers should be equipped to defend themselves.

Schuyler's Answer

The following week George Schuyler, Pittsburgh Courier columnist, stated his disagreements with the Defender: "Any step that removes these soldiers from insult, persecution and brutality because of their color is an adequate step."

He points out that the administration is "not going to MAKE the South accept these Negro soldiers as anything but outcasts" and that it is not going to permit Negro soldiers to defend themselves from unjustifiable attacks. He reminds the Defender also that Negro troops are not being attacked by civilians alone for the "cold, hard fact is that most of their mistreatment has been at the hands of the Army's military police."

Since the question of honesty has been raised," he continues, "why not be ENTIRE-LY honest, and urge that all separate Negro units be abolished and Negro recruits and selectees sent to the same units as white men? Why not be TRULY honest and admit that segretion and discrimination are inseparable, and that fair and equal treatment is impossible of attainment in a segregated setup?"

And Schuyler concludes his defense of the slogan demanding transfer of Negro soldiers to northern camps by declaring: "Keeping the present Negro soldier in the South will neither halt the outrageous treatment they are experiencing nor cause the Administration to end it. Hence the best solution is to not station these young men in the South."

Schuyler finds it comparatively easy to discredit the proposal of the Defender editorial because it is based on a false premise: namely, that Neorges have reason to believe that the Jim Crow government might be interested in doing anything about persecution and brutality against Negroes.

The government has shown that the only concessions it "cannot afford to make" are concessions that might weaken the whole system of Jim Crowism in the south. Today especially it does not dare to do anything to offend the southern ruling class because most of the administration's support for the imperialist war comes from the poll tax south. Dependence on the government or its War Department is nothing short of blindness. And that is the chief weakness of the Defender's criticism of the proposal to move Negro troops north.

Both Viewpoints Are Wrong

But the fact that the Defender editorial presented a poor case, does not make Schuyler's case any stronger. For his own arguments are full of holes, and Schuyler himself sows illusions that are as dangerous and misleading as the Defender's. While the Defender fools itself with the idea that "our" government will help fight Jim Crowism, Schuyler fools himself with the idea that Negro soldiers are removed from Jim Crowism in the government's northern camps.

Of course, "any step that removes these soldiers from insult, persecution and brutality because of their color is an adequate step." But who dares to say that Negro soldiers don't face insult, persecution and brutality in northern camps?

Schuyler reminds the Defender that it's not only civilians but Army MP's as well that mistreat the Negroes. Does he realize that this is an argument as much against himself as against the Defender? Or does he contend that northern MP's love Negroes, while southern MP's don't?

Schuyler asked the Defender an interesting question. "Why not be TRULY honest and admit that segregation and discrimination are inseparable, and that fair and equal treatment is impossible of attainment in a segregated setup" (which exists just as much in the north as in the south?) But we'd like to have him answer it himself, and then justify his proposal as "an adequate step."

But Schuyler's argument can be punctured without referring to the obvious contradictions in his article. All we need do is refer to an incident that took place, a few days after his article was written, in the north, at Fort Ontario, New York, to be exact. For at this camp there occurred the same kind of attack on Negro soldiers by white soldiers that occurs in the south. Negro soldiers were attacked, beaten and driven out of the hospital. What does Schuyler propose for them? To go further north, perhaps? To Canada or Alaska?

Famous American Labor Trials

THE UNITED STATES vs. EUGENE V. DEBS

By Lydia Beidel-

EUGENE V. DEBS

Sentenced to ten years in the Federal penitentiary at Cleveland, Ohio, on September 14, 1918.

"They are trying to send us to prison for speaking our minds. Very well, let them. I tell you that if it had not been for men and women who in the past have had the moral courage to go to prison, we would still be in the jungles. . .

"No. I am not opposed to all war, nor am I opposed to fighting under all circumstances, and any declaration to the contrary would disqualify me as a revolutionist. . .

"I am opposed to every war but one; I am for that war with heart and soul and that is the world-wide war of the social revolution. In that war I am prepared to fight in any way the ruling class may make it necessary, even to barricades."

BACKGROUND OF THE CASE

convention of the Socialist Party of America adopted a famous declaration in which the World War was denounced as an imperialist venture and the international solidarity of the working proclaimed. Many militants in the Socialist Party and the Industrial Workers of the World carried on agitation against the capitalist war.

Eugene Victor Debs, one of the founders of the IWW and the most prominent member of the Socialist Party, devoted himself tirelessly to the propagation of the ideas of the St. Louis Declaration. "When capitalists declare war," he said, "it is then for us to declare war on them. . . and fight every battle for the overthrow of the ruling class."

THE CANTON SPEECH On June 16, 1918, at the Ohio State Convention of the Socialist Party, Debs spoke in the City of Canton. He reiterated his opposition to the war, declared his solidarity with the Russian Bol- has ever been declared by the sheviks, and was arrested and people. charged with treason under the Espionage Law of June 15, 1917.

He delivered his now famous speech immediately after having visited a number of his comrades, held in jail for speaking out as he did against the mass slaughter of workers for profit. Thinking of them, he said, "I may not be able to say all I think, but I am not going to say anything I do not think. And I would rather have everything to gain and notha thousand times be a free soul ing to lose. You, the workers,

-From the speeches of Eugene V. Debs. oard on the streets. They may put those boys in jail and some of In June, 1917, the St. Louis the rest of us in jail, but they cannot put the Socialist movement in jail. Those prison bars separate their bodies from ours, but their souls are here this afternoon. They are simply paying the penalty that all men have class in opposition to the war was paid in all the ages of history for standing erect and seeking

to pave the way for better con-

ditions for mankind. . .

"They who are animated with the unconquerable spirit of the Social Revolution, they who have the moral courage to stand erect, to assert their convictions, to stand by them, to go to jail or hell for them they are writing their names in this crucial hour, they are writing their names in fadeless letters in the history of man-

"In all the history of the world, you, the people, have never had a voice in declaring war, and strange as it certainly appears. no war by any nation in any age

"Wars throughout history have been waged for conquest and power. The strong have always tried to rob the weak. The masters have always declared war. They never did any of the fighting; they have always sent the workers to fight for them.

"The masters alone declare war and they alone make peace. They in jail than a sycophant or cow- have nothing to gain and every-

Publisher Of Fascist Papers Finds It Pays To Be A 'Democrat'

Generoso Pope, publisher of long-standing of two Italian language fascist newspapers with wide coverage of New York's Italian communities, last week suddenly declared himself a convert to the "war for democracy."

Said Mr. Pope in an editorial in his Il Progresso: "Since the European war started and Italy and the United States took sides in opposing camps, and since President Roosevelt declared a state of unlimited emergency, I, as a loyal American, took

my stand for the United States. "I am against any government that is against the Government of the United States. I am unequivocally against any diffusion of all foreign and anti-American isms Communism, Nazism, or Fas-

WHO IS THIS CONVERT?

Who is this latest convert to the Allied imperialists' "war for democracy?" Who is this man, possessor of a decoration from Mussolini, who only recently made a vitriolic pro-fascist attack on Roosevelt's foreign policy, and today declares himself "unequivocally against diffusion of Fascism" in this country.

Carlo Tresca, editor of the antifascist newspaper II Martello last May offered undisputed testimony that Pope was "one of the bread is buttered. Like all camost influential agents of Mussolini in the United States," and that his newspapers, Il Progresso and Corriere d'America were "the main source of (Italian) fascist profitable newspapers. Like the propaganda in the United States."

This was followed by the startling revelations of IL PROLETARIO, another antifascist Italian-American paper, to the effect that the executives, editors and staff members of Pope's newspapers are all known fascists - members of the Fascist Party, participants in the fascist march on Rome, members of the Italian Journalists Syndicate which accepts only official fascists, leaders of Italian and Italian-American fascist organizations, correspondents to Italian paformer aides to Italian fascist leaders, or linked to the OVRA, dread Italian secret police.

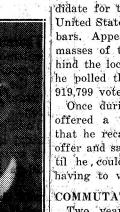
These men have consistently translated into newspaper copy as stated on November 2, 1928 | Terre Haute, Indiana. in Il Progresso and only now repudiated, viz.: ". . . A sincere, open and unequivocal attachment to our Italian fatherland and to him who with energy and love has revived its destiny."

Is it possible that the unequivocal Mr. Pope can overnight learn to hate and berate Il Duce? Can this fascist newspaper publisher, and maintainer of a 100% Fascist shop, overnight change into a staunch supporter of the "war for democracy?" Yes, he can.

Pope knows on which side his pitalists, he doesn't propose to let a "little" matter of politics, like being labeled a "fascist" or a "democrat," interfere with his French bourgeois democrats who found the fascist glove so easy to slip on, Pope sees so little real difference between the two capitalist political systems that he is willing to don the mantle of "democracy" over-night, now that Roosevelt's foreign policy makes it a bit tough for Pope to operate

Now Pope will become as ardent a "democrat" in the interests of American imperialism as he has been a fascist for the interests of Italian imperialism. Indeed, he will be indistinguishable from all his new-found colleagues pers (fascists only accepted), in the bourgeois democratic camp. was nominated to run as a can-

under the old fascist trade-mark.



EUGENE V. DEBS

thing to lose - especially your

THE TRIAL

In Cleveland on September 9 1918, Eugene V. Debs went to trial in the court of Judge D. C. risk their lives on the open water. Westenhaver on a charge of treason. The case of the Federal in his speech at Canton, Ohio, recorded by a government agent stationed in the crowd.

Debs delivered the plea to the jury himself.

"When great changes occur in history," he said to the jury, when great principles are involved, as a rule the majority are wrong. The minority are usually right. In every age there have been a few heroic souls who have been in advance of their time, who have been misunderstood, maligned, persecuted, sometimes put to death. Long after their martyrdom monuments were erected to them and garlands woven for their graves.

"I cannot take back a word I have said. I cannot repudiate a sentence I have uttered. I stand before you guilty of having made this speech. I do not know, I cannot tell, what your verdict may be; nor does it matter much, so far as I am concerned. . .

"Revolutions have a habit of ucceeding, when the time comes for them. . . The most heroic word in all languages is Revo-

On September 14, he was sentenced to ten years in the Federal penitentiary. Taking advantage of his right to make a final. plea to the court he said: "Years ago I recognized my kinship with all living things, and I made up my mind that I was not one bit ing the New Basin Canal." better then the meanest of the earth. I said then, and I say now, that while there is a lower class, I am in it: while there is a crimnot free."

His lawyers immediately apallowed to await the decision of in this country, whether it be the open editorial policy of Pope, the higher court at his home in

THE SUPREME COURT DECISION

On March 10, 1919, prosecutor Wertz telephoned Debs at his home and informed him that the Supreme Court had upheld the decision of the lower court with the concurrence of the liberals Holmes and Brandeis. Debs, 65 years old and suffering from heart disease, packed his bag and took the train for Cleveland, to surrender to the Federal police.

"The decision is perfectly consistent with the character of the Supreme Court as a ruling class tribunal," he said.

"Great issues are not decided by the courts, but by the people. I have no concern in what the coterie of begowned corporation lawyers in Washington may decide in my case. The court of final resort is the people, and that court will be heard from in due time."

It was on April 19, 1919, five months after the World War had ended, that Debs entered Moundsville jain in West Virginia, since the Federal jails were too crowded with political prisoners to accommodate him. He was later transferred to the penitentiary at Atlanta.

CANDIDACY FROM JAIL In the elections of 1920, Debs

United States from behind prison words. His health was broken, bars. Appealing to the working but that great spirit, which set masses of the country from behind the locked doors of his cell, he polled the imposing total of for his revolutionary principles, 919.799 votes.

Once during his term he was offered a pardon on condition that he recant. He declined the offer and said he would wait until he could leave jail without having to violate his principles. COMMUTATION

Two years and nine months after he had entered prison, Debs was pardoned and on December 25, 1921 he left Atlanta on his own terms, having repudiated

didate for the presidency of the none of his ideas and none of his him apart as the kind of man who would "go to jail or to hell" was untouched and unblemished.

> "I am not a capitalist soldier; I am a proletarian revolutionist. I do not belong to the regular army of the plutocracy but to the irregular army of the people. I refuse to obey any command to fight for the ruling class, but I will not wait to be commanded to fight for the working class."

That was Gene Debs.

THE INCREDIBLE STORY OF THE 'ALBERT DEWEY'

The seaworthiness of a vessel is an important consideration to the men that sail it — but not always to the bosses who don't

In the August 26th issue of the Seafarers Log, official organ government was based entirely of the Seafarers International Union, AFL, a letter to the ediupon statements made by Debs for written by A. W. Armstrong relates the true story of an ocean-going tug so unserviceable that it became a death trap for its sailors as far back as the Spanish-American war. Yet this ship has been kept afloat all these years and was recently

pressed into service to carry supplies to the new American mili- light while in Florida. A colored tary bases in the Caribbean.

years of service it was laid up ish-American War had overturnseen the last of her. In 1936, bans.' however, Jahncke Service, Inc., saw a chance to turn a nice profit and bought her for \$3,775.55. Jahncke, Inc., proved to be forefour years and was then able to crew was up against. resell her to the Minden Construction Company for \$47,000 a profit of about \$48,000. At the time Jahncke bought the ship, it had been labeled by the U.S. Engineers as "in a completely

"NATIONAL DEFENSE" REFLOATS THE DEATH TRAP

unserviceable condition."

carrying building supplies to the book? naval and air bases in the Caribbean. The author of the letter has no information as to just the country were out bumming what repairs were made before aluminum from door to door to she put to sea this last time, but help. Mrs. Housewife gave all the he reports that "the tug was absolutely unseaworthy when leav- without. Every week is DE-

His letter continues: "She was taking water at such a rate that they had to put into Madisonville for repairs. This, inal element, I am of it; while mind you, before she could even there is a soul in prison, I am get over Lake Pontchartrain. Nearly turning over, 80 miles from Gulfport and again in Panpealed to the Supreme Court and ama City, convinced the crew Debs was released on bond and that they had had enough. Upon asking to be paid off, they were appealed to on the grounds that the delivery of the Dewey was vital to National Defense. Being more interested in the nation's program than in safeguarding their own lives, the S-IU crew sailed the ship.

"One interesting thing came to go for their lucre!"

lineman rubbed his eyes, looked The Albert F. Dewey is the at the ship and asserted in no unname of the vessel and it was certain terms: 'I am seeing built, according to Armstrong, in | ghosts.' Asked why, he replied: Newport News in 1895. After 41 This same tug, during the Spanand seamen thought they had ed and drowned a number of Cu-

"Jahncke, Inc., are noted for running their tugs as long as the bottom holds enough to keep some sort of running power in sighted for it sailed the ship for her, so you can see what the

BOSS PROFITS VS SEAMEN'S LIVES "The U.S. Engineers sold this

tug as absolutely unserviceable They should know, Jahncke used her for five years, then sold her at a very, very, very nice profit. John Sap, the sailor, believing he was helping his country, sailed her. Of course, all the stake he The Minden Company imme- had was his life. What is that diately placed the ship in service against the company's pocket

> "A few short weeks back was Aluminum Week.' The kids of pots she thought she could do FENSE STAMP AND BOND WEEK. The working stiffs throughout the country are passing up a few beers, a show, a ball game, etc., to do their bit. The BOSSES, the CORPORA-TIONS, etc., are losing sleep to be sure they make unheard of

> "In the near future the seamen on both coasts are going to be asking for wage reviews.

"Do you think that increases will be allowed?

"Or do you think that the patriotism of the seamen will again e appealed to?

"Summed up, this shows to what lengths the capitalists will

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Japan's Dilemma--Dare It Attack The USSR Now?

By JACK WEBER

The Unsettled Pacific

The attempt of a desperate Japan to "negotiate" her differences with the United States for a moment eased the crisis in the unsettled Pacific. It would be highly interesting for us to know just what was said in the conversations between the August Mikado and the All-Highest Roosevelt. Not only were the Japanese and the American people left outside the sphere of diplomacy, but - more important - the Chinese were not consulted in any way whatsoever. Yet it was the fate of the Chinese people, more than of any other perhaps, that was under discussion. This fact alone throws the clearest light on the nature of the imperialist conference, as well as on the meaning by application of the Churchill-Roosevelt eight points.

Both the Japanese and the American ruling classes find themselves in an insoluble dilemma. The Japanese dare not face a war on all fronts at once. Their next move in the looting of the Pacific area would almost certainly bring war. a war which in the shortest time would find Japan on one side, and America, England, China, the Dutch East Indies and Soviet Russia on the other. The outcome of such a war can hardly be doubted, with Japan already weakened by the never-ending war in China. It thus devolved on Japanese diplomacy to try to separate the enemies, the most powerful being the U.S. Japan would like to be ready for an instant assault on Siberia, since the advances of the German armies in the West encourage such a move more and more. Put in the most blunt terms, the Japanese therefore explored the question: what would Roosevelt demand as his price for permitting the Japanese to make the attack on Russia without interfering?

Roosevelt would like nothing better than to have some sort of temporary settlement of the Pacific problems so as to move the entire navy into the Atlantic. But what settlement is possible? The future of United States capitalism is as much involved in the Far East as in Europe, although the war in Europe will decide the fate of the world including the Far East. American imperialism cannot allow the Japanese to swallow up all of Asia, especially China, despite the menace of Hitler. Japan demands too high a price of the United States for a temporary agreement in the Pacific - a free hand in China and in Siberia.

The Price the U.S. Wants

But the United States also demands an impossible price of the Japanese imperialists; namely, no attack on Siberia while Stalin is engaged with Hitler, and some form of settlement of the "Chinese incident" that would mean even less for Japan than the present status quo. If it were merely a matter of sacrificing the interests of the Chinese people, there would be no hesitation on either side. But the clash of interests of the two powers is far too fundamental to permit even a temporary agreement at the most critical stage of the second World War. The Japanese may hesitate a little longer before making their "sudden" move into Siberia. But the postponement is not expected to be long, as is seen by the removal of Soviet nationals from

The development of the second world war follows basically the same line of economic, imperialist interests that clashed in the first world war. While the United States and England were deeply involved in Europe, the Japanese generals sent their forces into China and then into Siberia (after the Bolshevik Revolution) to gobble up all they could at the expense of the other powers while the situation permitted. Wilson knew very well that the Japanese intended to keep the territory they grabbed if they had the power to do so. Wilson feared then what Roosevelt fears now: that the Japanese would establish themselves so firmly on the Asiatic mainland as to make it impossible for the United States to dislodge them. That is why the American troops sent to Siberia primarily preoccupied themselves with obstructing the Japanese army Roosevelt remembers that it was only after

extreme pressure, and as late as 1923, four years after intervention had begun and five years after the end of the "official" war, that the last Japanese soldier was removed from Siberia. This time Roosevelt does not propose to consent to Japanese invasion. On the contrary, he will oppose it with force if necessary - and it will be necessary. The United States will be helping Russia not out of any altruistic love for the Russians, certainly not out of friendship for Stalin or for the revolution which he betrayed, but because of its own imperialist interests.

The breakdown of the conversations between the two powers that hope to dominate the Pacific is clear evidence that both feel that matters of life and death for imperialism are involved. In such a case no basis for agreement, even temporary agreement, exists. The United States navy has already received orders to shoot at German and Italian submarines and naval ships. It is extremely likely that the Pacific squadron will receive like orders with respect to Japanese battleships. The Japanese will hardly attempt to invade Siberia without at the same time trying to shut off all supplies for Russia. Vladivostok will be declared under blockade. The United States will then become involved in the war by attempting to break the blockade, using its navy for the purpose. Imperialism cannot solve its problems peacefully. The methods of diplomacy inevitably give way to the methods of force so long as capitalism continues to dominate the

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To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of every class conscious worker.

—LEON TROTSKY

JOIN US IN FIGHTING FOR:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions. Special officers' training camps, financed by the government but controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become officers.
- 2. Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the army.
- 3. Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces and the war industries—Down with Jim Crowism everywhere.
- 4. A peoples' referendum on any and all
- 5. Confiscation of all war profits. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 6. For a rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living.
- 7. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and fascist attacks.
- 8. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade Unions.
- 9. A Workers' and Farmers' Govern-

The 'Impartial' State

The ganging up of the national and state govis perhaps the crudest instance in our generation of open governmental aid to the employers and reactionary labor officials. For seven years the bosses have tried in vain to smash Local 544. Three times in those seven years AFL Teamsters Chief Daniel J. Tobin has tried to help the bosses: he branded the union as "red" and "outlaw" during its great strikes of 1934, he lifted the charter of the union in 1935, and in June of this year he tried to appoint a dictator-receiver over it. Neither the bosses nor Tobin got very far in all their attempts. What they could not do, the state and national governments have attempted to do for Tobin and the bosses in a blitzkrieg during the last three and a half months.

Week by week we have recorded the horrible story of these governmental moves against a union which, despite all the terror directed against it, has retained the allegiance of the motor transport workers of Minneapolis. Nor are we, and the national CIO, the only ones who have stigmatized the blitzkrieg against Local 544-CIO as a cynical and deliberate use of governmental power against a militant union. The ultra-cautious American Civil Liberties Union, after a long and careful investigation of one of the governmental moves against Local 544-CIO — the "seditious conspiracy" case against the Socialist Workers Party which is to be tried in federal court in Minneapolis on October 20, in which 16 of the 29 defendants are leaders of Local 544-CIO - informed Attorney General Biddle that it is "reasonable to conclude that the government injected itself into an inter-union controversy in order to promote the interests of the one side (Tobin) which supported the administration's foreign and domestic policies."

Many of the liberals who are protesting against the Department of Justice's "seditious conspiracy". prosecution would, nevertheless, like to believe that the government's onslaught against Local 544-CIO is an exceptional occurrence and that ordinarily the government does not interfere with the progress of the trade union and labor movement.

The truth of the matter is that the only thing exceptional about the Minneapolis situation is that Local 544-CIO has fought so exceedingly well and so intelligently that the union-smashing moves of the Roosevelt administration have been completely exposed for all to see. In the usual union-employer battle the government's representatives, appearing in the guise of "impartial" umpires, are able to deceive the union into accepting less than the strikers have already won on the picket line. A private threat by an OPM official, or a National Defense Mediation Board official, has often in

these last months been sufficient to send union officers to keep their members from striking, without the members even ever hearing about the government threat.

What has been exceptional is the case in which a union firmly refuses to submit to governmental threats or deception and the government has to show its hand openly. Recent instances of this were the Knox-Knudsen threats against the Allis-Chalmers strikers, the use of troops to break the North American Aviation strike, the manning of three ships with scabs by the U.S. Maritime Commission last week.

By firmly resisting the bosses and Tobin, Local 544-CIO forced the Roosevelt administration to show its hand openly throughout this three and a half months of battle. Hundreds of thousands of workers in the CIO, who never before grasped the anti-labor role of the government, have had their eyes opened as they watched the heroic battle of the Minneapolis motor transport workers. Many more workers will learn the falsity of the "impartial" disguise donned by the Roosevelt administration when the trial of the 29 opens on October 20. This battle in Minneapolis is a major step in the political education of the American working class. No matter what its immediate outcome, this struggle will shatter forever the myth of the "impartial" state in the minds of millions of workers. What they learn from this struggle, will arm these workers for ever more effective action in the coming battles of American labor against the bosses and their government.

Second International Slogan and Politics

In 1918 the Finnish capitalists and landlords, headed by the butcher General Mannerheim, drowned the Finnish workers, revolution in blood. and conducted a war against the Soviet Union which, as part of the general imperialist intervention, almost destroyed the young workers' state.

At that time, Vaino A. Tanner, a leader of the Finnish Social Democratic Party, gave full support to Mannerheim's war and appealed to the workers to support it because the Finnish government was fighting a war "for national independence."

In 1941, at the order of the German fascists, the Finnish capitalist class is again waging a war for the destruction of the Soviet Union. One of the leading figures in the cabinet of the war government is this same Vaino A. Tanner, now holding the post of Trade Minister.

In Berlin last week Tanner told reporters that he is supporting the Nazi war against the Soviet Union because it, will lead to an economic and political "United States of Europe." "Unfortunately," he added, "it does not seem possible to achieve such a United States without war."

There is really not much difference between the 1918 and 1941 of Tanner. To him "national independence" meant independence from revolution and full dependence on Finnish capitalism operating in the interests of world imperialism. By a "United States of Europe" he means the unification of the continent under German imperialist capitalism.

Tanner's party belongs to the Second International. The British section of that International is also supporting the war under a slogan calculated to win the support of the workers for the war. Their slogan is "for democracy," which to them means the right of British imperialism to dominate the world.

These are the politics bred by the Second International. Their slogans may change from time to time, but never their subservience to the interests of their "own" imperialist rulers.

War and Taxes

The war tax bill signed last Saturday by Roosevelt gives only a hint of the stupendous taxes which will be levied from the workers and lower-middle class in the coming war years.

Commenting on the new bill's inadequacy to meet the government's voracious war demands, the New York Times, September 20, reports:

"Another large tax bill, therefore, is likely to be introduced this Fall or early in 1942."

Just how deep the Roosevelt war budget will dig into the workers' pockets is indicated by the fact that Congress has already voted almost \$60 billion for war purposes. And conservative estimates place the minimum appropriations, including those yet to come, at the staggering total of-\$150 billion.

A huge chunk of these billions, via government war contracts, will go into the coffers of the big monopoly corporations. Yet, it is these corporations which are most favored by the tax bill just passed. War profits will remain virtually untouched under the new measure. Persons raking in annual personal incomes of \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000 will pay two per cent more in income taxes. Those in the lowest income brackets face increases of 400 to 500 per cent.

It is this iniquitous taxation system that results in OPM head Knudsen stating that "longer working hours and a lower standard of living were iust ahead for America under the national rearmament program" (New York Times, Sept. 23).

How long this ever-increasing tax extortion will last, and how truly onerous it will become, the Roosevelt war administration dare not even intimate. For it dare not tell the masses the bitter truth that this war will drag on for years; that, in fact, the war rulers of America can see no end to this war.

The capitalist system is doomed to ceaseless warfare. And there will be no let-up in the tax onslaught until capitalism, breeder of imperialist war, is banished from the earth.

Arnold Attacks Labor For Production Curbs

Assistant Attorney General Tries to Hide Full Responsibility of Big Industrialists for Impeding Expansion of War Production

Thurman Arnold, assistant attorney general, in a speech broke the strike in less than a on September 19 about the factors impeding war production, was compelled to admit that the owners of every basic indus- But the Administration stalled try in the country were deliberately holding up expansion of | for weeks on actions against the production facilities in order to prevent potential post-war com-

To kill the sour taste of this admission, Arnold then dragged organized labor into his speech, and by implication and emphasis accused labor of an "equal" responsibility for the present delays in essential produc-@

sibility" of labor.

for precipitating the strike.

portance in which the responsi-

bility was so clear that the em-

ployers did not have to concede

Even in such strikes as the

North American Aviation and Al-

lis-Chalmers, in which the gov-

ernment attempted to break the

strikes by every violent means,

in the end the justice of the strik-

ers' demands had to be acknowl-

edged and their major terms met.

In every single instance, how-

employers to accept the labor

the strikes quickly or preventing

them altogether, the government

stalled and delayed or refused to

take action against the employ-

for four weeks by the arbitrary

refusal of the southern coal op-

erators to accept terms which

even the Mediation Board had to

admit were fair. And then the

Mediation Board further held up

the settlement by backing the op-

In the Federal Shipbuilding

to the workers' demands.

Arnold charged that a "few this loss of hundreds of millions strategically located labor unions" were holding up production over the bosses, to the loss of a measissues "which have nothing to ly few hundred thousands of do with wages, hours or working | man-hours allegedly the "responconditions.'

The chief of the anti-trust division of the Department of Justice revealed the real point of his every single major strike it has talk, however, when he asserted that the anti-trust laws enabled the government to deal with "sabotaging" industrialists, but not with unions which "impede" production.

FOR COMPULSORY

METHODS AGAINST LABOR Therefore, Arnold concludes, voluntary methods of dealing with organized labor are inadequate and the nation must come to realize "that the voluntary system may not be the key to the labor problem."

Who is responsible for sabotaging industrial production? What is Arnold driving at when he speaks against the "voluntary system" for organized labor?

All we have to do is observe the situation with respect to priorities unemployment to know that it is the industrial monopolies and they alone - which are responsible for the present restricions on production.

The War Department and similar boss-dominated government agencies loudly clamor at regular intervals that strikes are costing 200,000 to 400,000 man-hours of production per month. Priorities unemployment - brought on directly by the refusal of the big industries, steel, aluminum, auto, etc., to expand production has already resulted in the firing of several hundred thousand workers. That means, that several hundred thousand man-days of labor per day are being lost to production.

WHAT BOSSES HAVE COST IN LOST LABOR TIME

threatened with lay-offs and terms whatever, the government militant unions.

week with thousands of troops. yet definitely granted the strikers' legitimate demands.

part-time employment. Compare

of man-hours of labor caused by Let us examine this "responsibility" of labor for strikes. In been clearly shown that the employers were directly responsible There has not been a single strike in the past year of any imwinter.

Every single one of these suits has been buried. But not the suits against labor unions and leaders. Scores of union officials have been indicted and convicted in "anti-trust" frameups during the

Arnold's talk makes amply clear that the Administration intends to take no fundamental action against the monopolies and trusts. At most, Arnold will indulge in some more "tough talk" ever, when it came to forcing the against the industrialists, and institute anti-trust actions against laws and grant the strikers their some of the small-fry manufacjust demands, and thus ending turers.

TALK AIMED AT

The heart of his program is aimed directly at organized labor and its rights. He - and it is Production of coal was held up the Roosevelt Administration for which he speaks - wants to do away with the "voluntary method" for dealing with labor.

invoke instead compulsory methods of destroying organized labor's right to strike and to conerators on two of the most re- duct an independent policy free actionary conditions asked by the of government and employer interference.

That method already has received its sharpest expression, in strike at Kearny, New Jersey, involving 16,000 workers, the Ad- the indictments against the leadministration permitted the bosses ers of Local 544-CIO Motor to openly thumb their noses at a Transport Workers Union of Min-Mediation Board recommendation | neapolis for "seditious conspiraand precipitate a lengthy strike. cv." Arnold's speech is a fur In the North American Aviation ther warning that the attack on Within the next few weeks, strike, when the workers refused | Local 544 is merely the begintwo to three million workers are to return to work without any ning of a general attack on all

Federal Shipbuilding Corporation, and in the end, although seizing the struck plant, has not

ADMINISTRATION BACKS "SABOTAGE" BY TRUSTS

What has the government done about these curbs on war production by the big industrialists? Nothing. For over a year, the War Department and the OPM aided and abetted the aluminum and other monopolies in preventing expansion of production facilities. Arnold himself, with a great fanfare, started a number of federal anti-trust suits against the Aluminum Corporation of America and other big trusts last

past two years.

LABOR'S RIGHTS

The Department of Justice will

Anglo-Soviet Trade **Union Committee Aids British Imperialists**

By JOHN G. WRIGHT

What the Old Joint Committee Did

The Russian and British Trade Unions have agreed to form a joint committee to aid in the successful prosecution of the war against Hitler. This maneuver of the Kremlin recalls to mind Stalin's previous venture with a similar body, the Anglo-Russian Committee which was formed in May, 1925.

The purpose of the 1925 committee was declared to be to promote international trade union unity, to conduct a struggle against the march of reaction, and to prevent the outbreak of the second world war. The Stalinist bureaucracy hailed it as a bulwark in the defense of the USSR.

In July 1926, Stalin declared:

"The task of this bloc (the Anglo-Russian Committee) consists in organizing a broad movement of the working class against new imperialist wars and generally against an intervention in our country especially on the part of the mightiest of the imperialist powers of Europe, on the part of England in par-

The Party Moscow District Committee boasted: "The Anglo-Russian Committee can, must, and will undoubtedly play an enormous role in the struggle against all possible interventions directed against the USSR. It will become the organizing center of the international forces of the proletariat for the struggle against every attempt of the international bourgeoisie to provoke a new war."

This committee achieved none of its purported aims. Instead, it dealt a terrible blow to the English labor movement and weakened the international position of the Soviet Union at the time. Far from serving in the interests of the USSR, it promoted only the interests of the British imperialists. The reactionary leaders of the General Council of the British Trade Unions were able to utilize their cordial relations with the Red Trade Unions and the Kremlin in order to smash the British General Strike of May 1926. The Committee continued to exist for a year after this treachery to the English labor movement, and was dissolved not on Stalin's initiative but by the demonstrative withdrawal of the British labor leaders, after the committee had served all their purposes.

Treachery On A Grander Scale

The Anglo-Russian Committee was an important stage in the degeneration of the Stalinist bureaucracy. At that time, the bureaucrats undermined the defense of the USSR and betrayed the interests of the proletariat by conniving with and covering up the labor agents of British imperialism. The Kremlin now repeats its treachery on a grander scale in collaboration not only with the lackeys but the masters.

The basic lessons of the debacle of the Anglo-Russian Committee retain their full force today. In 1925 the Stalinist bureaucracy revealed the same contempt and distrust of the masses that characterizes its present conduct. It seeks allies only among the tops - in the war cabinets of the "democratic" imperialists and in the ranks of the labor bureaucracy. During the existence of the Anglo-Russian Committee, Stalin shunted the Communist International aside in favor of his bloc with Purcell and Hicks, which he then palmed off as an "organizing center of the international forces of the proletariat." Today the Communist International has been completely gagged. It has not issued even a formal statement in connection with the defense of the Soviet Union.

In the period of the first Anglo-Russian Committee, Stalin at least pretended that the bloc with the reactionary trade union leaders was directed "against the counter-revolutionary imperialists of their own country," i.e., against Churchill and Co. The reconstituted bloc is based on the open support of this same Churchill

Bevin-Morrisson and Co. are as faithful servants of the ruling class as were Purcell and Hicks. If the latter were able to cover themselves with the prestige of the Soviet Union in breaking the 1926 General Strike, then Bevin and Morrisson are now supplied by Stalin with the same cover in their support of the imperialist war and the imperialist aims of their masters.

We have no objection to the Soviet Government asking and seeking to obtain material aid from either Roosevelt or Churchill. But Stalin is making the Soviet Union pay a political price for this aid which far outweighs any immediate advantages.

Let us grant for a moment that this trade union bloc will serve in the next period to increase the flow of material aid to the Red Army. What weight has this temporary advantage as against the terrible weapons Stalin's policy leaves in Hitler's hands? The chief hold of the Nazis upon the people of Germany consists in the latter's dread of a new Versailles for a defeated Germany. Stalin by his policies links the defense of the USSR with the program of a worse edition of Versailles for Germany. Stalin's bloc with Bevin commits both the Red Trade Union and English organized labor to this same program.

Such a policy can never disintegrate the morale of the German army, or shake Hitler's regime. On the contrary, it supplies Hitler with advantages that no superiority of tanks, planes and other armament could avail him.

Churchill and Co. will send only the amount of material aid that serves their purposes. They and they alone will determine the quantity of tanks, planes, etc., that will be shipped. Today, as yesterday, far from promoting the interests of the Soviet Union, the trade union bloc, the revival of the Anglo-Russian Committee under wartime conditions, can promote only the interests of British imperialism. Stalin is once again bartering the political interests of the Soviet Union and of the world working class in return for immediate and picayune advantages.

To give effective aid to the heroic workers and soldiers of the USSR, the English workers must break with their reactionary labor leaders. They must oppose the imperialist war and its program of a new Versailles, and must raise high the banner of international solidarity. The German masses will join them in the fight for the Socialist U.S. of Europe.

This program, and this program alone will overthrow Hitler, destroy fascism and preserve the So-

Solidarity Banquet

In honor of the 29 defendants who will face trial in Minneapolis on October 20 on charges of "seditious conspiracy."

Speakers:

JAMES P. CANNON

National Secretary, Socialist Workers Party

FELIX MORROW

Editor of The Militant

(The names of other speakers will be announced next week)

Friday, October 2, at 7 P. M.

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