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# THE MILITANT

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# SMITH 'GAG' ACT CONVICTIONS UPHELD ANTI-USSR AGREEMENT Court Sustains Minneapolis Trial Verdict PLANNED AT QUEBEC,

#### By John G. Wright

**SAYS FORREST DAVIS** 

While the Roosevelt administration keeps issuing disclaimers of anti-Soviet bias or plans to isolate the USSR, unofficial sources with connections in Washington are permitted to talk more and more openly about the rift with the Kremlin. The Sept. 18 issue of the Saturday Evening Post carries an article by its Washington editor Forrest Davis who undertakes to tell what has really been going on "behind the screen of diplomacy."

cause he is reported to have been utilized "unofficially" on previous occasions by the State Dethe latter's viewpoint.

Davis states plainly enough as follows: "The prime purpose that "it was no secret that the of this (Quebec) conference was the more divergence appeared in the postwar aims of the Kremlin on the one hand, the Englishspeaking powers on the other." He goes on to talk about the "serious breach between Russia and western powers" as a matter of common knowledge in Washington and dates the crisis to the midsummer of this year, when "Russia had become the suspect ally in Washington's moody esteem.

**TWO-POWER ALLIANCE** 

It should be recalled that on June 1 the Kremlin began the

Mr. Davis' article is of Germany Committee." As Davis puts it by midsummer "the particular interest be- Kremlin was embarked upon its own independent course toward all postwar Europe.'

Davis then asserts that the main point on the agenda of the Quebec Conference was to cement a two-power alliance between partment in order to air England and the United States against the Soviet Union. This is worded in the text of the article

closer we approached to victory agreement upon a common policy by the advanced, democratic western powers against the day that the Germans surrendered." Furthermore, according to Davis, such an agreement was actually reached at Quebec, where 'unless instructed opinion ir Washington was amiss, the Engtrived a joint policy toward Europe. . ."—and, consequently, against the USSR.

PLANS AGAINST USSR

Six of the 18 Defendants Convicted



Reading from left to right, top row: Farrell Dobbs, editor of The Militant; James P. Cannon, national secretary of the Socialist Workers Party; V. R. Dunne, national labor secretary of the SWP. Bottom row: Albert Goldman, attorney for the SWP; Grace Carlson, New York SWP organizer; Felix Morrow, editor of Fourth Internat'l.

# Washington was amiss, the Eng-lish-speaking statesmen [that is, Churchill and Roosevelt] con-Prices Only \$3.17 A Year

American workers, who are asked to accept wage freezing in return for a promise that Davis then goes on to explain living costs will be reduced to the Sept. 15, 1942 level, are now going to get a price rollbackthat "the more apprehensive statesmen in Washington' and "it the latest promise of OPA Administrator Bowles is carried out—of \$3.17 a year.

The text of a strongly-worded joint letter to Governor Thye of Smith "Gag" Act, the first peace- force and violence, and 2. That

**Pardon For Kelly** 

**Postal Urged By** 

**Unions**, Liberals

# **Appeal Will Now Be Taken** To The U. S. Supreme Court

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The U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals in St. Louis delivered a blow to labor's rights and civil liberties in its Sept. 20 decision upholding the conviction under the Smith "Gag" Act of 18 members of the Socialist Workers Party and of Minneapolis Motor **Transport Workers Local 544-CIO.** 

The defendants immediately announced through the Civil Rights Defense Committee that the Circuit Court's decision will be appealed to the U.S. Supreme Court. who refused to accept Tobin's

Attorneys for the 18 order that they abandon their defendants will apply next vigorous struggles to improve week for a 30-day stay of his attempts to set up a dictatorthe Circuit Court's mandate. This stay will enable filiation to the CIO, Tobin apthe defense to file a peti- pealed to the White House for tion for a writ of certio- portunity to deliver a demonrari in the U. S. Supreme strative blow against labor Court, asking that body to review the Circuit Court's decision. If the Circuit Court mandate is stayed. the defendants will remain out of

prison on the present bail arrangements until the Supreme Union noted at that time: "It Court decision is announced. The appeal to the Supreme the government injected itself Court will be handled by Albert into an inter-union controversy in Goldman, attorney for the Civil order to promote the interests of

Union.

Rights Defense Committee and the one side which supported one of the 18 defendants, and the administration's foreign and Osmond K. Fraenkel, acting for domestic policies." the American Civil Liberties

#### PROSECUTION'S CASE

July 15, 1941.

The indictment made two main BACKGROUND OF TRIAL charges: 1. That the defendants The Minneapolis trial was the were guilty of seditious conspiracy first conducted under the 1940 to overthrow the government by

working conditions and resisted

ship over the local union. When

the local voted to transfer its af-

aid and Roosevelt seized this op-

militancy. A federal indictment

was issued against 29 members of

the Socialist Workers Party and

the Trotskyist-led Local 544 on

As the American Civil Liberties

seems reasonable to conclude that

coalition." At the same time the Kremlin organized its "Union of Polish Patriots" and the "Free

**CONGRESS COMMITTEES STUDY** PLANS FOR RECORD TAX BILL

Developments since the recon- | ly opposed to higher taxes upon vening of Congress show no sign excess profits.

measures.

of relief for the workers who are Government supporters argue hard hit by the weekly deduction that higher taxes are necessary of withholding taxes. On the con- to pay for the colossal costs of trary the reactionary gang in the war which are currently run-Congress is preparing to take an- ning at eight billions a month. other deep bite into the workers' But the working masses are alwages.

Roosevelt has demanded the imposition of "stiffer taxes." Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau has specified the sum of 12 should pay for the fuel." billion dollars. How does Congress propose to raise such staggering **CIO PROGRAM** amounts? Will they dip into the overflowing treasuries of the giant corporations who are earning the greatest profits in their history? Or from the rich who now escape the tax collector through the loopholes of taxexempt securities, joint returns, ed exemptions on gift and estate etc.?

#### THE RICH ARE SPARED

The upper-income bracketeers will again be spared if the two Democratic leaders in charge of drafting the Congressional tax bills have their way. Representative Doughton of North Carolina, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, says his committee wants "a bill that won't put businessmen out of business or break the back of any individual taxpayer."

Roosevelt and his party leaders Senator George of Georgia, are demanding stiffer taxes which chairman of the Senate Finance they are getting set to snatch Committee which is exclusively from the workers' pay envelopes composed of millionaires or ex-Labor can get more equitable corporation lawyers, is not satistaxation only by breaking with fied with the Roosevelt-Ruml tax Roosevelt and his rotten Demo grab he helped put over during cratic Party, organizing their the last session. Now he is reown independent political party ported talking about increasing driving the Democratic-Republithe tax rates in the lower-income can scoundrels out of office, and brackets and favoring "compul- replacing them with genuine repsory savings." George is strong- resentatives of the working class.

from ourselves and from others to open the way to civil war and that certain difficulties exist in a new reign of terror. There were the relations between the par- no reassurances from Moscow." The most sensational part of ticipants of the anti-Hitlerite Davis' article consists of broad (Continued on page 3)

ing Class. The first issue of this periodical flatly declared: "It would be funny and silly to hide hide we might not be destroying the Nazi hegemony over Europe only between the cost ratificate number of living at least 2.3% by lowering retail prices on apples, oranges, onions, potatoes, lard, vege-table oils and peanut butter.

ed the specific reductions in these the cost of living. items promised by Bowles, they "In addition to illegal price last three months demonstrate Baldwin, director, American Civil - the defendants were sentenced found that the OPA program markups, prices have been in- beyond all question that the only would result in lowering annual directly increased through quality place prices have fallen is in the Lewis, chairman, League for Inliving costs by less than 1%, or deterioration, upgrading of goods, government's index, and not in dustrial Democracy; A. J. Muste, \$3.17, for each person consuming elimination of bargain sales, and the places where food and other the average amount of these a myriad of devices which are not necessities are purchased. foods.

and cannot be reflected in the "Unless there is some magic," index. Taking all of these factors the eating. The rollback program John Dewey, educator; Charles said Boris Shishkin, chief econom- into account, it is certain that the will cut living costs by \$3.17 a D. Egley, manager, Farmers ist for the AFL, "these figures BLS index understates the true [of Bowles] are exaggerated. The rise in the cost of living by a Bowles make good on their latest Reverend Clarence T. R. Nelson, 2.3% reduction promised by Mr. considerable amount-probably as promise. Let every worker and Bowles doesn't stand up under much as 10%. Allowing for all examination."

A CIO official was quoted as that real average hourly earnings to realize that the rising scale Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porsaying "that one danger of the have not increased at all during 2.3% program is that it rolls the war. On the contrary, they back the cost of living index must have fallen by 5 or more tant is the only way to meet the polis Board of Education; and

faster than it rolls back the cost per cent." of living." (PM, Sept. 15.)

ready bearing the heaviest tax load in history while the war profiteers are banking billions. The workers should demand that Sept. 1942 level. But the OPA "those who kindled the fire Statistics which has reported a

decline in the cost of living for the last three months.

eral tax plan calling for increase of income tax exemptions; repeal GOVERNMENT FIGURES

of the withholding tax; increased rates in income tax levels scaled to cut net income to \$25,000 a the August issue of the CIO's year; increased rates and lower-Economic Outlook, which says: "It is a well known fact that taxes; an increase to 55% in northe BLS index does not reveal

mal and surtax corporation rates; and expanded social security since 1939. It does not reflect all

The CIO has presented a fed-

talist class? While the CIO Po-

litical Action Committee calls

upon the workers to give uncon-

ditional support to Roosevelt

This program points in the OPA has admitted that prices right direction. But how can the would be reduced by 5% if all CIO expect to realize any part price regulations were enforced. of it so long as Congress remains Insofar as these violations are in the hands of the Democraticonly partially caught by the Republican servants of the capi-

See next week's issue

for reports on the **Rubber Workers** 

convention in Toronto and the

# **Shipyard Union**

In a jingoistic atmosphere cre- Labor Board. convention in New York ated by the Stalinists, a resolu-

tion was passed, with no discus-

to the international union.

With great fanfare Bowles announced on Sept. 13 that the OPA was going to cut the cost | Minnesota, urging an immediate | time legislation since the Alien | they had violated the Smith Act and unconditional pardon for Kel- | and Sedition Acts of 1798, which | by advocating the overthrow of v Postal was released last week makes mere advocacy of ideas a the government.

by the Workers Defense League. | felony. The trial began while the periences of housewives in the The letter was signed by Roger Liberties Union; Alfred Baker secretary, Fellowship of Reconciliation; Norman Thomas, chair-

man, Post War World Council; The proof of the pudding is in year-that is, if Roosevelt and Union Live Stock Commission; president, St. Paul Branch of the housewife ponder the significance NAACP; Frank Boyd, executive this, there is no possible doubt of this sum, and they will come secretary, Twin Cities Branch of of wages advocated by The Mili- ters; Owen Cunningham, Minnea-

ers Defense League. The WDL is cooperating with the Civil Rights Defense Committee in its campaign to free Kelly Postal.

This letter pointed out that Postal, who is now serving up to five years imprisonment in Stillwater State Penitentiary on trumped-up charges of "embezzlement" of union funds, "is no more guilty of embezzlement than any membership. We believe that

keeping Postal in prison any longer constitutes a grave injustice

In a letter to the Governor, Emil Mazey, president of Local against the reactionary Congress, 212 UAW-CIO, states: "The membership of Minneapolis Teamrising living costs and frozen part of the workers to elect their sters, Local 544, disgusted with wages, the 575,000 UE workers own representatives to Congress. the dictatorial policies of Daniel will look in vain through the min- "For the present, at least," they Tobin, International President, voted almost unanimously to leave the AFL and join the CIO. Kelly Postal, in his capacity as

Secretary-Treasurer of Local 544, was instructed to transfer the local's funds to the CIO and he carried out this order to the last decimal point. . .no one has accused him of misusing these funds personally. . . The indictments were an increase in the per capita tax creases should be sought only pressed by Daniel J. Tobin as a part of his campaign to herd the

At the trial the government U. S. was still formally at peace produced 37 witnesses, the overwhelming majority of whom were on Dec. 8, 1941, the day Congress | Tobin's agents and employes. As declared war-but its origin, cause evidence it introduced proof that and significance were indissolubly the leaders of Local 544 had orconnected with the war situation. ganized a Union Defense Guard Both Washington and its servile to protect the union and its supporters in the trade union property against the threatened bureaucracies knew that the attacks of the Silver Shirts and existence of a militant, inde-other vigilante groups.

pendent political and union leader-In addition it produced 150 exship constituted an obstacle to the hibits, consisting of openly-sold war program, which requires a documents of the Socialist Worknousebroken labor movement. ers Party and its press, together In the spring of 1941, AFL with well-known works of Marx. Teamsters President Daniel J. Engels, Lenin and Trotsky. Tobin came into conflict with the

leaders of Minneapolis Local 544, (Continued on page 3)

# **CRDC** Statement On **Court's Decision**

NEW YORK, Sept. 20. - James T. Farrell; noted author and Chairman of the Civil Rights Defense Committee, today issued the following statement on the latest developments in the Minneapolis labor case:

"The decision of the Eighth U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals upholding the conviction of the 18 members of the Socialist Workers Party and Teamsters Local 544-CIO, defendants in the Minneapolis labor trial of 1941, strikes at the very heart of civil liberties in the United States.

"Immediate steps will be taken by the Civil Rights Defense Committee and the American Civil Liberties Union to appeal the convictions to the U.S. Supreme Court and test the constitutionality of the Smith Act.

"The Minneapolis defendants were the first to be convicted under the Smith 'Omnibus Gag' Act passed in 1940. This Act made the mere expression of opinion a federal crime. Under its provisions a man could be sent to jail for circulating such documents as the Declaration of Independence and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address, both of which advocate revolutionary doctrines.

"The Smith Act is clearly unconstitutional and violates the rights of free speech and free press guaranteed by the Bill of Rights.

"The defendants in the Minneapolis case are 'guilty' of nothing but exercising their constitutional and democratic rights of free expression. The upholding of their conviction sets an extremely dangerous precedent which can be used in witch-hunts against other trade unionists and minority political groups.

"This case has been nationally recognized as the test case of civil liberties in World War II. Scores of labor unions, liberal publications, civil liberties and progressive organizations have protested the convictions. Both the CIO and AFL have condemned the Smith Gag Law."

# Even if the OPA were to reduce prices by 2.3%, the cost of living would still be high above the gets around this by pointing to the governmental Bureau of Labor LINE AT UE GATHERING

rising cost of living.

#### By Miriam Carter

NEW YORK — The ninth annual convention of the United other CIO officials who transfer-Electrical Radio and Machine Workers of America, the third red funds from one federation to The unreliability of this largest union in the CIO, c bureau's index is indicated in City Friday, September 17. largest union in the ClO, concluded its sessions in New York another at the direction of their

The strong Stalinist machine in the UE dominated the convention and made it a vehicle for the expression of their re- against him. . .We urge you to actionary line: the shackling of the workers to the Roosevelt pro- give most serious consideration to the full increase in cost of living gram of wage freezing, heavy taxation and rising prices. Even an immediate and unconditional the gallery was filled with Sta- Ppardon.'

price violations, for example. The linist visitors who participated sion and with only one dissenting PROSTITUTION OF JUSTICE in the voice votes and in general vote, calling for a fourth term for acted as a pressure group in the Roosevelt. The UE leaders bleated convention.

Caught in the vise of steadily but opposed any attempt on the

utes of this convention for an an- | said, "labor must work within the wer to their problems. To the framework of the two main par-Stalinist leadership of the UE the | ties."

paramount issue is not the work- | Resolution after resolution was ers' problems but the cementing pushed through condemning any

of Stalin's partnership with Roose- kind of independent action on the velt. They demonstrated that the part of the workers to improve only collective bargaining in their conditions. The no-strike which they are interested is bar- pledge was reaffirmed. The Stagaining with the membership for linists declared that wage in-

(Continued on page 2)

through the channels of the War drivers back into his union.

(Continued from page 3)

#### THE MILITANT

# **Chicago Auto Locals And The UAW Convention**

CHICAGO — A rising tide of opposition to the no-strike pledge was given powerful impetus here when the important Buick Local 6 overwhelmingly adopted a resolution calling on the forthcoming CIO United Auto Workers convention to rescind the no-strike pledge, and instructed its eleven delegates to speak for and support such a position at the convention.

T.WO-

Similar sentiments were revealed in the election of delegates from the large General Motors Electro-Motive Local 719, where eight of the ten delegates elected ran on a signed pledge to oppose the no-strike policy. The sole Stalinist who squeezed into the delegation, the former president of the local, Terry Kendall, came in a poor tenth in the voting. Up until last spring, the Stalinists had controlled this local.

In other important locals, such as Illinois Malleable and the new Chrysler-Dodge, definite moves are underway to secure the election of delegates pledged to a similar policy.

#### **Reject Stalinist Program**

Along with the increasingly strong efforts of the UAW rank and file here to break the shackles of the no-strike pledge, goes their outright rejection of the Stalinist convention program of "no caucuses, no slates, no discussion, no program but support of our commander-in-chief." In key plants like Buick and Electro-Motive, this Stalinist line was brushed aside without any consideration whatsoever.

Even in the Stalinist-dominated Studebaker Local 998, the membership in a recent meeting rose to its feet in defiance of the Stalinist goon squads and overwhelmingly defeated a resolution of the Stalinists, introduced in the name of the executive board, to bar all slates, caucuses and independent programs in the election of convention delegates. A wide open campaign for delegates is now in full swing. with scores of members running against the Stalinist machine-picked nominees.

The action of Buick Local 6, representing approximately 12,000 workers, was the first decisive move against the no-strike pledge in this area, and is bound to have widespread repercussions. This action also marks the greatest blow so far delivered to the Stalinist machine in the UAW here. Up until recently, the Stalinists had almost succeeded in putting the UAW in this area in their pocket and were running hogwild in efforts to squelch the attempts of the workers to defend their rights and conditions against the increasingly arrogant corporations.

In the Buick Local 6 elections last spring a Stalinist-backed reactionary group failed in its attempt to secure a decisive hold on the union offices. A more progressive group secured sufficient membership backing to break the previous Stalinist-reactionary stranglehold by gaining a number of important posts.

#### **Progressive Program**

Since then, the efforts of the Stalinists to put over reactionary measures such as the piecework "incentive pay" plan have served to discredit them. In the campaign for convention delegates the more militant elements organized a caucus and backed a slate which publicly announced: "We advocate that our delegates at the

Convention vote to have the International Union withdraw the no-strike pledge, and thus protect labor's rights. . .

"Withdraw the labor members of the War Labor Board and back collective bargaining through straight union-management negotiations. . .

"Labor has been the only one to sacri-, fice! Let's go back to real union conditions. We are for a rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living. . .

"We are against piecework in any shape or form, whether it is called incentive pay, or 'increased wages for increased production.' Piecework makes young men old and puts old men in the grave!"

The Stalinists, who less than a year ago were in top positions, including the presidency of the local, came out with a vicious attack against "caucuses" and called on the members to "support our commander-inchief," etc. They were completely skunked out in the elections.

#### **Progressive Slate Wins**

Other outright reactionaries, sensing the temper of the membership, did not dare to run on a program of open support for the no-strike pledge. A group headed by Harry Mays, a leading reactionary opportunist, felt compelled to run on a weasel-worded program calling for a "review of the nostrike pledge."

Ten of the eleven delegates running on the progressive program won out in the elections. Only Mays squeezed through for the "review" program.

Sensing the real feelings of the rank and file, the Local 6 executive board itself introduced several convention resolutions ex-

pressing the sentiments of the members. These included a call to rescind the nostrike pledge, to withdraw the labor members from the War Labor Board, to include in all contracts a clause for a rising scale of wages to meet rising prices, and to oppose unconditionally any form of the "incentive pay" plan.

At the shift meetings called to debate these resolutions, only the Stalinists - and most of them hesitated to take the floor to expose their real position of unconditional surrender to the bosses - opposed these progressive resolutions. Even Mays did not press his "review" position. He did offer a resolution calling on labor to seek greater representation on government boards. But with the experiences of the War Labor Board in mind, the membership voted down this resolution for further collaboration on capitalist government boards.

The shortcoming of the otherwise excellent program adopted by Local 6 is the failure to give a political conclusion to the announced break with the policy of union retreat. While there is growing sentiment for an independent labor party, the executive board and convention delegates hesitated to bring forward this perfectly logical and necessary proposal.

#### Labor Party Sentiment

The sentiment against the no-strike policy became heightened within recent weeks at the GM Electro-Motive Diesel plant, where close to 10,000 are employed. This local was dominated by the Stalinists until last spring, when they were narrowly defeated in the local elections by an independent grouping, which, however, did not

differ very much with the Stalinists on any fundamental program.

A sharp cleavage on the no-strike policy arose several weeks ago when two workers were fired by the company after a short strike of cranemen. The Stalinists and some of the union officials were for supporting this company action against the union. But the best union elements have been aroused by this high-handed act, and the issue is still unsettled.

Just before the election for convention delegates, a group of workers, including several nominees, drafted a statement calling for the rescinding of the no-strike pledge and went to the various candidates and asked them to sign it. Of the ten delegates elected, eight were signers of the statement opposing the no-strike pledge, including the two candidates with the highest vote. Robert Wilson, who usually ran highest in previous elections but who refused to sign the statement, came in third.

#### **Stalinists Lose Ground**

No resolutions have been adopted as yet by local 719. A special meeting for this purpose will be held just prior to the convention. It is expected that the still powerful Stalinist machine headed by Terry Kendall, with the support of Wilson's group, will bring terrific pressure to bear to prevent passage of any resolution opposing the no-strike pledge. However, the significant action of Buick local, plus the growing militancy of the Electro-Motive rank and file, will have an important bearing on the outcome. It was a noticeable fact that the popularity of the Stalinists dipped markedly just before the delegate elections, when

Kendall, in a public debate with a Typographical Union member, held under Local 719 auspices, committed himself openly and unconditionally to the no-strike policy.

The Reuther-Leonard caucus is playing its typically shabby role here. Through Nordstrom, the international board member in this region, the Reutherites, who have no well-organized following here, are trying to capitalize on the reaction to the Stalinists by converting the struggle around basic issues into a clique fight to reelect Nordstrom against the Stalinist choice of the moment, Roy Spaeth of Milwaukee. Until recent weeks, Nordstrom had followed a policy of unprincipled horse-trading with the Stalinists and backed them against the genuine militants.

#### **Significant Developments**

The pre-convention developments in the Chicago area are significant because it is here that the Stalinists had hoped to capture a solid base in the UAW. In the past two years the auto corporations have concentrated in this city, and the UAW has had a tremendous growth. Despite the fact that these new unions have had little fighting tradition and that they have been infested with Stalinists since their inception, the workers are getting fed up with conditions and with the traitorous policies of the Stalinists and international board representatives.

This dissatisfaction has now found positive expression in the two largest UAW plants in this area, Buick and Electro-Motive. And the signs are multiplying that other important locals will soon be following their lead.



**By Marvel Scholl** 

Another mine disaster at Har-| On August 7, the railroad ed. No objection was raised to the lan, Ky. last week cost the lives of at least three miners.

ployed by the Three Point Coal last Feb. 1, but subject to ap- der. Company, were in the workings proval by the Federal governwhen the explosion occurred, All ment. More than a month has but eighteen got out safely. The passed and Vinson has not yet three dead miners and six still passed on this agreement.

alive were brought to the surface The union officials have gone shortly after rescue work began, to Roosevelt about the question but not before the families of the but still there is no action reminers and hundreds of mine ported.

families from the mountains. around had gathered at the mine face to take up their silent, tragic vigil.

Only those who have lived through this vigil can know the horror and heartbreak which each see that they got a raise. mine explosion brings. But that is only one phase of the suffer-

ing endured every day by the

mine workers and their families. And it is all so unnecessary

ferred to in the resolutions passunions and the companies signed punitive powers given to the Over two hundred miners, em- hour pay rise, effective as of and the Roosevelt sanctions or-

SPEEDUP PLANS

According to James Matles, Stalinist director of organization. the UE must conform to the Little Steel formula so long as it is part of the government's policy. The Stalinist formula for get-

the labor members on the War

ting "wage increases" is that vi-The railroad union officials cious speedup system, the incenwere among the strikebreakers tive plan. Betraying the long who supported Roosevelt against years of struggle of the trade the coal miners and told the miunion movement to do away with ners they did not need to strike piecework and the speedup, the because the government would

UE leaders have joined the Big Business interests in a campaign for this union-busting program. There were several delegates

Statistics covering the number who voiced misgivings and hesiof strikes in the United States tation over adopting such a plan.

to compromise with the member- crease in per capita. The member-

mula and the traitorous role of ship on the 10 cent increase in ship, however, is strongly against the per capita tax. Vice president this increase, so the internation-Labor Board was not even re- Block, of District 1, declared that al officers settled for 5 cents, if it were possible to get a 5 cent which they won only by a slight

### a contract for an eight cent an WLB in the Smith-Connally Act **FEPC Finally Holds** Hearings On Railroads

The Fair Employment Practices | fort - the implication being that Committee's long-delayed hear-this kind of discrimination is all ings on railroad employment dis- right. (The FEPC has the power crimination were concluded last to investigate only discrimination week. The labor movement and interfering with the war effort.) members of the minority groups The Southern Railway added discriminated against by the rail- that the employment of Negroes roads are now waiting to see as engineers would probably rewhat the FEPC is going to do sult in "boycott and bloodshed" about the testimony at the hear- and in "suspension of service" by ings, which showed: white workers. This was an ob-That on 22 railroads Negroes vious effort to blame the white

and Mexicans are systematically workers for the company's Jim discriminated against, being de- Crow policies. Several Negro and viction of its militant members nied either employment altogether white workers took the witness that the Stalinists cannot be de-Negro and white workers would That Negroes are ineligible for | work together on all railroad jobs

#### NOTHING TO OFFER

No opportunity was lost at this convention to prove to the government and to the bosses that the main purpose of the Stalinist defend the interests of the workers but to support the bosses' speedup program.

The reactionary program of the Stalinists has nothing to offer the workers who want to protect their living standards. The rift between the workers in the shops and the Stalinist leadership of the union grows daily. Even at this convention, strong as the Stalinists were, the sentiment of the workers was reflected through some opposition on the convention floor against the incentive pay, against the Stalinist position on the miners' strike and against the increase in per capita.

The ninth convention of the UE should serve to confirm the con-

NEW YORK, Sept. 20 - Local | successful, indicating that Can-New York, Socialist Workers non's book is meeting a welcome Party, will conclude its current response from a wide range of readers.

campaign to distribute James P. The individual comrade selling Cannon's book, "The Struggle the highest number of books durleadership of the UE is not to For A Proletarian Party," with ing the campaign will be presenta social on Sept. 25 in honor of ed with a set of Cannon's book the winners of the campaign. The and Trotsky's "In Defense of Local's quota of 200 books is ex- Marxism," handsomely bound in pected to be surpassed before the red leather. The Saturday night end of the campaign. social will honor the members of Branches throughout the city the winning team. Book sales

have participated in the cam- made at the social will receive paign. Reports have been highly credit in the campaign.



Those comrades who remember | San Diego says, "Due to more the column entitled "Militant Ar- extensive contact work, we wish my" which formerly appeared in to increase our Militant bundle by or employment at non-menial stand to assert that they believed pended on to fight for even the The Militant will be glad to know ten copies. Also will you please most elementary needs of the that it will again appear in the include subscription blanks for

some of which we will quote:

\* \* \*

But for the greed of the mine ownduring the first two years of The arrogant Stalinists, unwilling ers. Proper warning devices, reg- the war as compared to those to brook the slightest opposition, alar inspection of existing venwhich occurred during the prerode roughshod over them. tilation systems, the installation vious four years make an interof adequate ventilation and rockesting picture.

2,968 strikes.

\* \* \*

dusting could eliminate most of refusal of the mine owners to provide adequate protection these tragedies have become so common that the reports are usually relegated to the back pages of the daily press, unless the number of dead is sufficient to make a sensational story.

\* \* \*

The Roosevelt administration is still blocking a wage increase for more than one million railroad strikes of over 500,000 coal mi-

In May a special railway panel finally recommended a paltry increase of eight cents an hour for ler workers.

non-operating employees. But Fred M. Vinson, economic stabistrike law went into effect, over director, arbitrarily 200 unions have filed notification lization turned it down. of intention to strike.

The Stalinists are unequalled in the bitterness of their attacks Despite the no-strike pledge of against John L. Lewis for leadthese disasters. Because of the top union leadership, the ing the mine strike. Mounting growing government intervention phrases in support of the miners' into union affairs, the WLB and demands, they attacked as "traiits Little Steel formula, there torous" the miners' struggle to

were more strikes in 1942 than obtain these demands. occurred in either 1938, 1939 or A former miner, member of UE 1940. In the first year of the war Local 615, took the floor in op-839,961 workers were involved in position to this resolution, calling it an attack on the miners them-

During the first quarter of selves. "They're union men the 1943 there were 1,060 strikes in- same as we are," he said. The volving 404,000 workers. These resolution passed, but not without opposition. figures do not include the three

The complete Stalinist characners and the walkouts of 40.000 ter of the convention is indicated Jim Crow policies. rubber workers and 25,000 Chrys- in the adoption of the resolution **RAILROAD ALIBI** calling for a second front in west-Since the Smith-Connally anti- ern Europe, a purely Stalinist de-

mand. James Carey was defeated in is attempt to get the endorse-

ment of the UE for re-election as the situation on "the civilization secretary-treasurer of the CIO. in which they find themselves." Carey professed complete agree-In other words, they said: Why ment with the Stalinist program, pick on us - we're only doing ncluding the second front. Dewhat others are doing.

iobs:

spite his boot-licking attempt to The railroad spokesmen also lic note of the fact last week that ngratiate himself with the Sta- contended that their discrimina- its railroad hearings were getting inists, they shoved him aside. He tion was not hurting the war ef- very little play in the daily press.

promotion on most railroads even if they had the chance. though promotion is supposed to be based on seniority;

That Negro firemen, unlike Jeffers, declared that it was opwhites, are denied the right to be- posed to discrimination against come engineers, and now face eli-mination from their jobs as the descent. This statement was Fall Sessions result of an agreement between strongly praised by the FEPC the major Southern roads and the counsel although it said nothing Brotherhood of Locomotive Fire- whatever about discrimination men and Engineers; against Negroes.

None of the 15 railroad unions That as the result of discrimination the proportion of Negro charged with discrimination sect railroad workers fell by at least representatives to participate in one-third from 1910 to 1930; the hearings.

That two government agencies, FEPC chairman Mgr. Haas dethe National Mediation Board and clared that the committee would the National Railroad Adjustment | make "findings of fact and rec-Board, are helping to maintain ommendations" after its investigations were completed. He did not indicate what the committee would do when these recommend-

Representatives of the railroads ations are ignored, as they so did not deny discrimination often have been ignored in the that would have been exceedingpast, by the railroads and railly difficult. Instead they blamed road unions.

The FEPC has no power to comoel compliance with its recomnendations. Its chief weapon is discussions of the program, supposed to be publicity. But its members were forced to take pub-

be replaced with a leadership de- | believe this medium is one of the | tional." A statement by the Union Pa- voted to the interests of the work-

cific Railroad, headed by William ing class.

On Trotskyism **Open in N. Y.** 

The fall Sessions of the Basic Training Course in Marxism cago Branch. This terminates our agement from the fact that in sponsored by the New York Local sub drive, but we hope that the carrying on this house-to-house interest stimulated by the camof the Socialist Workers Party paign will continue and that we'll workers who have received the open Friday, Sept. 24. Classes in be sending in new subs from now this ten week course will be held on." Chicago's subscription cam- distribute and have a 'talking' each Friday evening, 8:15 P. M., paign resulted in approximately \$80 worth of subs. at 116 University Place. Harry

Frankel will be the instructor. The course will be given in conference style, with the instructor lowing letter:

leading the study group in "A lady gave me a copy of The Militant at a meeting of the CIO, of which I am a member. I was strategy and tactics of revolutionary Marxism. Works by tells the truth and understands in distributing The Militant and Leon Trotsky and the pamphlets the workers' economic interests the reactions of the readers that "Socialism on Trial" by James that I am subscribing to it. En- they think will be of interest. P. Cannon and "In Defense of closed you will find \$1."

Socialism" by Albert Goldman will be used as textbooks.

A fee of 50 cents will be charged, for which the student will receive all the pamphlets and documents studied in the course.

Friends and sympathizers of the Socialist Workers Party and those just learning of its program for the first time are especially urged to attend.

> **THE WORKERS** AND THE SECOND WORLD WAR

A Speech by

JAMES P. CANNON

48 Pages 10 Cents

PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Place New York City

workers and that these finks must | paper as a regular feature. We | The Militant and Fourth Internabest ways of informing our read-

ers about the work being done San Francisco is just getting by our agents and branches in re- its subscription drive under way. gard to distribution of the paper. "Enclosed are twenty subs which During this past week we have are the result of last Sunday's received many interesting letters, house-to-house campaign. Fourteen of the subs were sold to Negroes. Seven comrades participated in the work and spent about Chicago has just concluded its one hour. . . Under the impetus of

subscription campaign and our the campaign we hope to get 100 agent writes as follows: "Am en- new subscribers to The Militant closing \$8 money order for four in the four week campaign. . . more subscriptions from the Chi- Comrades get immense encourpaper at factory gates where we acquaintance with The Militant. Also, nearly every worker who The Militant distributions in takes a copy or a subscription Chicago are bringing gratifying | buys one or another of the pamphresults as is shown by the fol- lets which our distributors car-

For future use, we urge our readers and agents to submit so pleased to read a paper that any information about their work Suggestions are also welcome.



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The "LABOR WITH A WHITE SKIN CAN-NOT EMANCIPATE ITSELF WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" - KARL MARX. Negro Struggle

#### Two Kinds of Justice in the Army

**By Albert Parker** 

The other case concerns four brotherhood and kinship linking at all, have had the effect only Last week's issue of The Militant contained two short items Negro soldiers at Fort Custer, the American labor movement and of insulting and discouraging the If they lose their lives fighting which reveal as much as a volume Mich. On June 21 these men heard the harassed, decent, freedom- Italian masses. could about the position of the about the outbreak of anti-Negro loving people who constitute the violence in nearby Detroit, where majority in Italy." These are the

Negro in the U.S. Army. two of them had families. They words of AFL leader Matthew One item was about a colonel who was telling the faculty of tried to secure arms and trucks Woll, spoken after the surrender the University of Maryland about in order to ride to Detroit and of Italy.

a university course to be attended defend their friends and brothers, No worker-will dispute the need by army students. When asked if but were arrested and held "for Negro soldiers would be permitted investigation." As The Militant with the Italian working class, to attend, the colonel answered said at that time: "An honest in- now caught between the fire of with a laugh: "No. We don't have vestigation should disclose only the Allies and the Axis, and yet enough trees around here to hang that these soldiers wanted to fighting on for freedom and peace.

'em from.' fight for democracy." Without international solidarity 'On Sept. 14, the same day that and aid the Italian workers can The second item dealt with the court-martial, demotion and im- Colman's "punishment" was an- never be victorious. The question nounced, the AP carried a dis- is: how to express that solidarity. prisonment of a former unionist, how to help the Italian masses in Staff Sergeant Alton Levy, sta- patch revealing for the first time that these men had been court- their heroic struggle? tioned at the Lincoln Air Base in Woll's answer is for the labor Nebraska. His crime? That he martialed and found guilty of

movement here to send food, had dared to speak against the violating four articles of war. One clothing and medical supplies brutal Jim Crow treatment of had been sentenced to 20 years through the Labor League for Negro soldiers. at hard labor, another to 18 years, Human Rights, which he heads,

Note the contrast. One man and the remaining two to 15 "as soon as the military situation speaks with the voice of the years. The AP dispatch announced allows." slaveholder and the lynch mob; that the commandant of the Sixth

nothing happens to him. The Service Command had reviewed KIND OF AID NEEDED other speaks on behalf of the sentences and reduced them. Supplies are certainly needed as democratic rights and equality; The final result was: the soldier soon as possible, but far more he feels the heavy hand of the sentenced to 20 years will now necessary to the struggle of the brass hats, is put at hard labor serve ten; two others will serve Italian workers is help in combatfor four months and in effect eight years; the fourth was

warned never to open his mouth cleared of the charges. on this question again. The contrast in these cases is Government (AMG) which will Since then we have been pro- so striking as to make extended vided with two more examples, comment unnecessary. In one an offering an equally vivid contrast. officer breaks half the rules of setting up a government of their ease on this score:

"justice" arises from the conflict

and the exploited working class.

This incident, and many others

Both of them centered around the army, shoots a man because courts-martial in Michigan. he doesn't like his color and gets The first was the case of an- off with a slap on the wrist. In other colonel, William T. Colman, the other, soldiers are "guilty" former commanding officer of the of trying to combat lynch attacks on their people and are thrown big air base at Selfridge Field, tried by an army court on 28 into prison as though they were

charges, the most important of criminals. In the armed forces, where th which was the shooting of a will of the authorities is not to Negro soldier, Private William McRae. Colman was quoted later be questioned and where there is as saying: "I have given orders no pretense of democratic rights, repeatedly that a Negro chauffeur | it is impossible not to recognize should never be sent to drive my that there are two kinds of "justice"—one for those who car." Because someone violated these orders, Colman shot McRae defend reactionary institutions on May 5 of this year. Other and practices, another for those who want to change or abolish charges against him included drunkenness, fraudulent transfer them. The same situation prevails in civilian society. of enlisted men, acceptance of a The existence of two kinds of

vacation, lodge for personal use from a private contractor, misgovernment between the ruling capitalist class appropriation of property, etc.

The military court dismissed As long as this conflict lasts-23 of the charges and found and it will endure as long as there Colman guilty on four of the is private ownership of the means drunkenness charges. He was of production-class "justice" will also pronounced guilty of shoot- continue.

ing McRae-but the charge on The militant white and Negro this count was changed to read workers must unite in protesting "careless use of firearms!" \* the harsh treatment meted out The penalty? Colman was to Alton Levy and the Negro sol-

reduced to the rank of captain, diers at Fort Custer, and they made ineligible for promomust demand their unconditiona tion for the next year. And that release. But to make sure that was all. No imprisonment at hard there will be no similar perseculabor for Colman. He is still in tions in the future, the workers command of a considerable num- must seek to end capitalist inber of soldiers-some of whom justice itself. And that they can may again be the victims of his achieve only by replacing the "careless use of firearms" merely power of the capitalists with a because he doesn't like their Workers' and Farmers' Governcolor. ment.

#### THE MILITANT

# Murray, Green And Hillman Obstacles In The Way Of On The Surrender Of Italy

own choice. On this question not By Philip Blake "There is a need to transmit to try has opened his mouth.

the people of Italy the conviction that there is still a feeling of reaucrats, when they have spoken tions such as the CIO."

> After the armistice with Badoglio, Philip Murray issued a statement by shortwave broadcast to Steel formula. Win or lose, live

Italy. Sitting comfortably in his or die, the Italian workers surely padded seat in Washington, Mur- have nothing to worry about now. ray even felt called on to deliver for a demonstration of solidarity to the already suffering workers of Italy a little lecture on their duties and obligations.

**MURRAY'S PROMISE** 

Ignoring his own obligations as the Italian masses will still be labor leader, omitting all ref- taken care of. They can take Wilerence to AMG's policy of collab- liam Green's word for it. Green orating with fascist officials in savs: Sicily, he told the Italian workers that they must help to frustrate lost by the unconditional surrendtheir "true enemies, the Nazi Ger- er of their country. They have mans. By helping to sabotage the German war machine, Italian workers can help to save Allied ives by shortening the battle of in the future in a free and demo Italy.

cratic country.' The masses of Italy, we know, are fighting against great odds to must be so. After all, he is a deawin peace and freedom - and have shown they don't need ad- 1942 that the American governvice from Murray about fighting ment would stabilize prices? Nazism. But many of them listen- | Didn't he predict in 1943 that priing to the broadcast must have ces would be rolled back? In the ting the Allied leaders' policy of wondered if the only reward they face of an assurance by a man establishing an Allied Military would get for fighting the Nazi who speaks with so much authortroops would be "to save Allied ity about the government's poliprohibit political activity and pre- lives." Murray went on at once, cies, isn't it a little impolite to vent the Italian workers from however, to set their minds at

# **Circuit Court Upholds** Minnesota Convictions

#### The Smith Omnibus Gag' Act Is Aimed at Organized Labor

The 18 defendants in the Minneapolis case are the first victims of the Smith "Omnibus Gag" Act passed in 1940. The sponsor of this law-the most reactionary statute in the U.S. Code-is poll tax Representative Howard W. Smith, leader of the anti-labor bloc in Congress and co-author of the vicious Smith-Connally anti-strike law.

The Smith "Gag" Act is the first federal peacetime law since the infamous Alien & Sedition Acts of 1798 which makes mere advocacy of ideas a felony. Under its provisions it is a penal offense punishable by ten years imprisonment and \$10,000 fine to advocate any revolutionary change in the U.S. government or to criticize conditions in the armed forces. It could easily be used to include the CIO's protest against training soldiers in strike-breaking tactics or protests against Jim Crow in the armed forces.

During the debates in Congress Representative Geyer of California declared: "This bill is an attempt to put an end to real democracy. It is an attempt to break the labor move. ment." Representative Martin of Colorado said: "It is enough to make Thomas Jefferson turn over in his grave. It is without precedent in the history of labor legislation. It is an invention of intolerance contrary to every principle of democracy.'

"If the Italian worker per-|ter, then Sidney a single union leader in this coun- forms his patriotic duty to the The Sept. 15 issue of his paper, utmost, he will have the lasting The Advance, devoted a full two

On the contrary, the union bu- respect of great labor organiza- pages to Italy and even went to the point of defending the Allied Isn't that an enticing prospect? deal with Badoglio and Victor portant objectives with reference the Nazis, they can have the respect of a man who won't even more than two decades. Then it conditional surrender that they to achieve it. ut up a fight against the Little went on to sav:

"The Allies will neither enoglio) stopgap government in lution to develop must wait for OTHER ASSURANCES

Even if Murray welshes on this promise - as he has on his promise to fight for wage increases to

meet the rising cost of living -Italy. Italy will have the kind of ian masses. Although we permitvant.'

WHAT THEY WANT But the Italian workers have Our fears and not our hopes were "The Italian people have not had a long experience with realized because the difficulties demagogues and liars. If Mussolini couldn't convince them, we were too great. gained. They have won freedom have the right to expect that they from the voke of fascism and the opportunity to govern themselves worthless promises of second-

If William Green says it, it con. And didn't he predict in and hoping for are the voices and deeds which say:

recall AMG and the Darlan deal? If Green doesn't clinch the mat-

> matter where they are." who bend the knee to Roosevelt da in Russia, hoping thereby that and do nothing which he does not the Russian armies would be comsanction. These words can be pletely demoralized and that they spoken-and acted on-only by would be able to shift all of their the militant American workers.

**Anti-USSR Moves** Among them was the socialist classic, the "Communist Manifesto," which is carried on the Made at Quebec, shelves of thousands of libraries and universities.

#### Says F. Davis JURY'S VERDICT The trial judge dismissed the (Continued from page 1)

charges against five of the defendants, and the jury acquitted five others. The jury found no hints that Allied statesmen and

(Continued from page 1)

evidence whatever of overt acts certain Washington "experts" are committed by any of the defen- planning far beyond mere isolaguilty on the first count of the "continuing hostilities after the indictment. Thus the 18 were downfall of Germany and Japan.' convicted under the Smith Act There is only one major country alone,-not for any acts they had against whom hostilities could be committed but solely because of continued after the elimination beliefs they held and expressed. of Germany and Japan. That

This aspect of the trial is all country is the Soviet Union. the more ominous because, al- Davis, it will be observed, though the defendants were vic- reaffirms and surpasses the for Italy's unconditional surrend

# **The Italian Revolution**

#### By M. Morrison

Roosevelt and Churchill must workers began demonstration be happy at the thought that they strikes lasting a half-hour each have accomplished two very imday. By means of such a tactic they plainly said to Badoglio: Emmanuel, who helped Mussolini to Italy. They have avoided a Remember that we want peace oppress the Italian workers for revolution and obtained the un- and we are giving you a chance demanded of the Badoglio regime.

Liberal critics of Roosevelt and While a complete explanation Churchill contend that the negodeavor to maintain this (Bad- for the failure of the Italian revotiations with Badoglio were a mistake because they permitted office nor will they want to help the time when all the facts will Hitler to strengthen his forces in to rise to power over the Italians be available, it is not very diffi-Italy. We are not critics of the Italian masses but it can be seen any government save such as will cult to point to two factors which that their hope for a peace to be be chosen by the fully and freely must have played a very imporarranged on favorable terms by expressed will of the people of tant role in restraining the Ital-Badoglio was a more serious misgovernment the Italians will ted ourselves the hope that the take than that made by Church-Italian revolution would develop, ill and Roosevelt. For the latter sober analysis reduced that hope at least obtained the unconditionto very moderate proportions. al surrender that they were after. The Italian masses did not get any peace and at the same time the German army was permitted confronting the Italian masses to strengthen its forces so that when Badoglio announced his un-

THREE

The German army, having acconditional surrender the masses will pay little attention to' the tual control of Italy, was the found themselves completely surgreatest single obstacle. The Italrounded by the Nazi army. raters such as the Murrays and ian workers clearly understood Greens and Hillmans and their that taking power would inevit-\* \* Italian counterparts. They know ably mean a clash with the Nazi When I refer to the failure of

better than anyone else the army and they did not feel sufthe Italian revolution to develop. enormous difficulties of their ficiently strong to risk such a do not mean the failure of the struggle. What they are waiting clash. Italian workers to bring about an It may be pointed out that 'October" revolution but only a 'February" one. For an October

when the Russian workers over-"Fight for your freedom from threw the monarchy in February revolution, that is, a revolution all oppressors; take the fate of 1917, there was also a German where the Italian workers would your country into your own army on Russian soil. But that establish their own power, prohands; do not trust the promises army occupied only a small part claim socialism as their goal and of any of the capitalists. We will of Russia and the revolution was call upon the European workers to follow in their footsteps and aid you in every way possible; free to develop in the most imwe will fight your enemies, no portant metropolitan centers. establish a Socialist United States Furthermore the rulers of Ger-But such words can never be many in 1917 were actually in spoken by the union bureaucrats favor of revolutionary propagangether with a degree of political consciousness that the Italian

> forces to meet any attack from he west. Berlin permitted Lenin to cross Germany on the way to Russia in order to help along the volutionary movement. Naturally the expectations of the Kaiser were not at all realized. The revolution that Lenin led helped considerably in disintegrating the Kaiser's forces.

The fundamental difference in the situation of Russia in 1917 and Italy in 1943 is that whereas in the former country the masses

were confronted by a Russian army that sympathized with and dants and all were declared not tion of the USSR. They anticipate helped the workers to achieve the revolution, the Italian masses are confronted by a German army into which the idea of revolution has not yet penetrated. \* \* \*

> Nothing helped Badoglio to remain in power more than the demand of Churchill and Roosevelt with or without the direct parti-

verge of a February revolution but hesitated before the enormous difficulties. In a sense it was their hope for peace that led the Italian masses astray. They hoped that Badoglio could bring them peace without their direct interference. In this they were of course misaken. The situation was such that under no circumstances could

of Europe, a powerful revolution-

ary party is indispensable to-

workers had no chance to de-

The February Revolution was

made by the workers and peas-

ants of Russia without the lead-

ership of a revolutionary Marx-

ist party. The masses had the

cower in their hands but trust-

fully turned it over to the middle-

class intellectuals who in turn

gave it to the provisional govern-

ment representing the interests of

the capitalist class. The Italian

masses were undoubtedly on the

*telon* 

#### the Italian people get peace. A capitalist government could only make Italy a battleground either

ination of Italian

**PIONEER PARAGRAPHS** 

### **A HYPOCRITICAL ALIBI** FOR MILITARY JIM CROW By Albert Parker

Protests and needs of the armed that; but why don't you at least forces compelled the military permit the formation of a single authorities to admit Negroes into mixed division which would be many branches previously closed made up of white and Negro solto them. But always, and under diers volunteering to serve in it? all circumstances, this was done It is hard to see how anyone

on a strictly segregated basis. . . To change this "satisfactory" could argue against the creation of such a division on the ground Roosevelt, "would produce situa-harmful to morale; being made tions destructive to morale." He does not say whose morale. But to show that it is possible for it is not hard to guess that he Negroes and whites to collaborate means primarily the morale of Southern ruling class opinion. To probably have the highest morale protect Southern bias, therefore, in the armed forces. Precisely for the military authorities try to this reason Roosevelt not only spread anti-Negro prejudices spread anti-Negro prejudices among hundreds of thousands of division petitions delivered to him non-Southern white youth in -he even refused to comment on uniform, many of whom went to them. school with Negroes and were taught to regard them as equals. To prevent "situation destructive like it, indicate that what Roose-

to morale," the military author- velt and the government are ities export their prejudices to upholding is not morale but Great Britain where the people anti-Negro prejudice and the greeted American Negro soldiers predominant Southern technique in the most friendly and com- for keeping the Negro "in his radely manner until they were (separate) place." This is upheld union democracy in this country; ordered to desist in the interest in the armed forces because the the freeing of Kelly Postal will of not hurting the feelings of Southern rulers fear, in the words be an important victory for trade bigoted U. S. Army officers and of a resolution of the Socialist soldiers.

Workers Party, "that no Negro But the utter hypocrisy of trained to handle a gun would Roosevelt's explanation for segre- peacefully go back to the old life gating Negroes in the armed of discrimination, segregation. forces has been bared most con- disfranchisement and insult, after clusively by his reaction to a training in an army where he very reasonable request made by was treated as an equal with must be fought. . Any time the several liberal and Negro or- white soldiers."

(From Pages 10-12, "Negroes anybody - employer, government ganizations representing at least a million people. Very well, they In The Post-War World," 1943, or a rival union faction - to get said in effect, you don't want to 16 pages, 5 cents. Order from away with framing a union offiend segregation in the armed Pioneer Publishers, 116 University cer, then trade unionism as a forces and we won't press you on Pl., New York 3, N. Y.)

The CIO and AFL protested against the Smith "Gag" law as a violation of the Bill of Rights. The American Civil Liberties Union pleaded with President Roosevelt to veto it on the ground that it "would become an instrument of oppression against unpopular minorities and organized labor." This prediction has been confirmed by the conviction of the members of the Socialist Workers Party and officials of the Minneapolis Motor Transport Workers Local 544-CIO.

# UNIONS, LIBERALS URGE **KELLY POSTAL PARDON**

tional pardon.'

other means.'

and financial support to the Civil

Rights Defense Committee, the

authorized representative of his

defense. . . The defense of Kelly

Postal is the defense of trade

a wave of reaction which seeks to

is a "frame up of a unionist that

trade union movement permits

whole loses face disastrously. . .

(Continued from page 1) A letter from the International Union of United Brewery, Flour,

"This is a prostitution of the | Cereal and Soft Drink Workers ends of justice which must not of America, Local 205, Minneapogo unchallenged. I ask you, Gov- lis, Minn., enclosing a substantial organizer; Carlos Hudson, editor ernor Thye, and members of the donation to the CRDC's Kelly of Local 544's weekly paper, The setup in the armed forces, says that it would produce situations Board of Pardons, in the name of Postal Pardon Fund, stated: "Lohuman decency and elementary cal Union 205 has always stood Federal Workers Sec. officer; F. democratic principles, to grant for justice in the labor movement Morrow, editor of Fourth In-Kelly Postal a full and uncondi- and we do hope that the small ternational; Edward Palmquist, part we are doing in this fight

In a letter to the editors printeventually will gain the well deserved freedom of Kelly Postal." ed in The Nation of Sept. 11, Almost 400 signatures were re-James T. Farrell, noted novelist, ceived on the petition blanks from Federal Workers Section youth protested that: "The Kelly Postal this union. case is as flimsy a frameup as

Another large donation was rewere the Tom Mooney and Sacco ceived this week from UAW-CIO and Vanzetti cases. . . The Michi-Local 647, Reading, Ohio, which gan CIO has condemned the frameup of Kelly Postal and wrote: "We are glad to contribute to such a worthy cause." urged its locals to give full moral

> LEON TROTSKY On THEIR MORALS AND OURS The answer of a revolutionary Marxist to the 'moralist'

enchain labor by gag acts and critics of Bolshevism in two James Rorty, in an article in illuminating articles on Capithe New Leader of Sept. 11, detalist and Bolsnevik morality. clares that the Kelly Postal case

> 48 pages 20 cents

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tims of an attack on the free charges of anti-Soviet bias made er. The masses wanted peace speech provisions of the Bill of by columnist Drew Pearson who above everything else but they Rights, the reports in the capital- was so loudly denounced by Hull did not want the capitalist demoist press of the trial and the and Roosevelt. There has been no cracies to replace the Nazis in Circuit Court decision deliberately denunciation of Davis as yet, controlling Italy. It may be that seek to create a contrary im- although authorities in Washing- as a last resort the Italian people pression.

Twelve of the defendants were vance about the publication of the evil of American and English article in the Saturday Evening control as against Nazi control given 16 month prison sentences, but what they wanted was to be the others terms of a year and Post.

a day. The 18 defendants are: ATTACKS AMG James P. Cannon, SWP na-Far from improving, the rela- render demanded by the Allies tional secretary; Grace Carlson, tions between the Kremlin and New York SWP organizer; Jake its Allies are growing worse. The transforming Italy into a battle Cooper, Minneapolis truckdriver: latest issue of War and the Work- ground. Oscar Coover, Minneapolis SWP ing Class repeats its previous leader; Harry DeBoer, Local 544attack on the AMG as having this demand of the Allies to con-CIO organizer; Farrell Doobs, "nothing in common with demo- vince the masses that he wanted editor of The Militant; V. R. cratic principles." In addition, the peace but that they must give Dunne, SWP national labor Kremlin is now proclaiming to him a chance to negotiate for betsecretary; Max Geldman, recordthe world that the AMG is ter terms. He, of course, also ing secretary, Local 544 Federal operating solely in the interests used force but it is almost certain

Workers Section; Albert Goldman, attorney for SWP and The Militant.

ing Class, ostensibly the organ of have availed him. What was ef-Clarence Hamel, Local 544 orthe Russian trade unions but fective to restrain the masses was ganizer; Emil Hansen, Local 544 actually the mouthpiece for the Badoglio's offer to take Italy out they will surely learn that there Kremlin's foreign policy, writes: of the war and keep it neutral "Among its (the AMG's) im- with the German army leaving Industrial Organizer; Karl Kuehn, portant tasks is the attempt to and the Allied armies not marchsecure a leading voice in the ing in. The masses were hopeful solution of economic problems that such an arrangement could for Anglo-Saxon banking, in- be accomplished. Local 544 organizer: Alfred Rusdustrial and commercial groups.' sell, former officer of Omaha Teamsters Local 554; Oscar

limited to the AMG. It is begin Schoenfeld, former organizer, ning to aim its barbs at the State Department in Washingdivision; Carl Skoglund, Local 544 ton. Singled out for criticism

organizer. Grant Dunne, Local 544 or- Economic Action. Action ganizer and one of the original high official of the State Depart-

three weeks before the trial under the direct supervision of began. He had been in ill health Hull. for a long time as a result of **KEY TO THE CONFLICT** 

shell shock suffered during the The great and continued vic-First World War. tories of the Red Army act to **DEFENSE APPEALS** 

The verdict in the Minneapolis wedge between Stalin and his

trial, widely condemned by labor "democratic" allies. In striking and liberal organizations, was blows against German imperialappealed to the Circuit Court of ism the Red Army deals at the Appeals for the Eighth Circuit on same time powerful blows to Nov. 5, 1942. The defense asked the entire system of world imfor a reversal of the conviction perialism. on the grounds that the Smith The Soviet Union as a new Act was unconstitutional, and that social system based on nation-

it was applied in an unconstitu- alized economy remains, even under Stalin, in irreconcilable tional manner. Subsequent issues of TheMilitant | conflict with the capitalist system will contain a report and analysis defended by Churchill and Rooseof the Circuit Court's decision as velt. This lies at the bottom of well as news of further develop- all the current "misunderstandings" and "difficulties." ments in the case.

A workers' and peasants' govern. ton must have known well in ad- would choose the so-called lesser

left alone and to have peace. They

knew that the unconditional sur-

would mean nothing more than

Badoglio cleverly played upon

of Big Business in England and that the force he could muster

this country. War and the Work- against the masses would not

ment would not bring peace but it would bring a struggle for peace on the basis of extending the revolution throughout Europe. Under the prevailing conditions it was too much to expect the Italian masses to take the road of revolutionary socialism.

\* \* \*

A revolutionary situation brought to the highest tension by the fall of Mussolini passed without a revolution. The Italian masses must see their country ravaged in the gigantic struggle between the Nazis and the capitalist democracies. The agony which has been their lot for more than three years continues. They have learned how bitter it is to be under the heel of the Nazi oppressor. With a victory for the Allies they will be the first to experience the "benevolence" of American and British capitalist can be no national or social freedom under the rule of any capitalist group. The Italian masses may yet have the honor of being the first to take power into their own hands and call upon the

It is very significant that soon world to struggle for socialism Nor is the Kremlin's attack after Mussolini's fall the Italian and peace.



#### THE MILITANT

### THE MILITANT Published in the interests of the

Working People

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To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of every class-conscious worker.

- LEON TROTSKY

#### JOIN US IN FIGHTING FOR:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions. Special officers' training camps, financed by the government but controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become officers.
- 2. Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the army.
- **3.** Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces and the war industries-Down with Jim Crowism everywhere.
- 4. Confiscation of all war profits. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 5. A rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living.
- 6. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and fascist attacks.
- 7. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade Unions.
- 8. A Workers' and Farmers' Government.

# **Fulbright Resolution**

The first important action of the House of Representatives in its current session was to pass the Fulbright resolution. This measure, which now goes to the Senate, puts Congress on record as favoring United States participation in "the creation of appropriate international machinery with power adequate to establish and maintain a just and lasting peace."

The Fulbright resolution marks a significant step in the unfolding of the foreign policy of America's ruling class. It openly acknowledges and formally ratifies the reactionary role that the United States in ever-increasing measure is playing in world affairs. In the words of Secretary of War Knox: "The United States must police the world for the next hundred years." To "maintain a just and lasting peace" as the resolution claims? No, to maintain and extend the profits and privileges of American Big Business.

Through the Fulbright resolution America's monopolists serve notice that they are determined to preserve world capitalism under the mastery of Wall Street.

Endorsement of the Fulbright resolution by both houses of Congress would administer a decisive defeat to the "isolationist" tendency which appeared so powerful before the war. Isolationist policies cannot provide a guiding line to Wall Street which has irrevocably launched upon the course of subjugating and reorganizing the planet in its own interests.

The Fulbright resolution passed the House by a bi-partisan vote. Representative Charles A. Eaton of New Jersey, ranking Republican member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, worked with the Democratic leaders to assure a favorable vote. In the showdown both parties have committed themselves to the foreign policy dictated by Big Business.



Westbrook Pegler, notoriously anti-labor Scripps-Howard newspaper columnist, in his syndicated column of Sept. 17, identified the IWW with "Trotsky revolutionists." Then, quoting some reactionary dribble from the official organ of the IWW, he explained that "The Trotsky revolutionists always identify Stalin Communists as Nazis." Pegler shows himself to be an ignorant liar on two counts.

First, the IWW is a moribund organization of the anarcho-syndicalist school, specializing in anticommunism, whose reactionary futility increases with its age. Its organ is the Industrial Worker. The "Trotsky revolutionists" belong to the Marxist school and are represented by the Fourth International and in this country by the Socialist Workers Party. Their doctrine is supported by The Militant. There is nothing in common between these two schools. Any half-literate reporter on the World-Telegram could have explained this to Pegler if he had taken the trouble to inquire.

Second, Trotskyists are mortal enemies of Stalinism; they mercilessly expose and denounce the crimes of the Stalinists against the working class, but they never "identify Stalin Communists as Nazis." The political methods of fascism and Stalinism—totalitarian regime, police rule, etc. are quite similar, but the economic bases of the two systems are entirely different and antagonistic. Nazism which bases itself upon the system of private property represents the naked rule of monopoly capitalism in the period of capitalist decay. Stalinism represents the usurpation of state power in the Soviet Union by a bureaucratic caste which, although placing its own interests above the interests of the toiling masses, continues to base itself upon the nationalized property created by the October revolution. The Soviet economic system is a great progressive force in the world, while the system of private property defended by fascism is a completely reactionary force. For these fundamental reasons all honest, progressive workers support the Soviet Union against the Nazis, despite their antipathy to Stalinism. This ABC lesson is not intended to teach Pegler anything, but to keep the record clear for the workers.

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NEW YORK



The columns are open to the opinions of the readers of The Militant. Letters are welcome on any subject of interest to the workers, but keep them short and include your name and address. Indicate if you do not want your name printed. - Editor.

When the Stalinists saw this, Nebraska because he criticized

they sent word around for all army Jim Crow, I think you

those who favored the executive might be interested in another

board nominations to leave the story told me by a friend who was

It seems that the mess hall

white soldiers sitting on one side

and colored on the other. At

mealtime one day my friend sat

down, without thinking, on the

side occupied by the Negro sol-

diers. When he was halfway

through his meal, his sergeant

tapped him on the shoulder, tell-

ing him: "Get over to your own

side. You should know better than

It isn't that Negroes and whites

E. Evans

cant get along together. It's that

they aren't allowed to try.

#### **How Stalinists** Dominate the UE

Editor: room. Because of this maneuver home on leave from this same It must not be assumed because the meeting was declared ad- camp. the Stalinists ran things the way journed for lack of a quorum and the nominees of the executive where he eats is divided, with they wanted to at the UE national convention that they have corboard went to the convention as responding influence in all of the delegates. By methods like these the Stalocal unions of the UE. In Local

447, one of the largest in the linists maintain machine control Newark area, the Stalinists domiof the UE, but that does not mean nate the leadership but there is that they represent the members nuch dissatisfaction with their of this union. methods and policies among the

active members. A few weeks ago the local executive board drew up a slate which was to have been presented More About Army to a special membership meeting called to elect convention dele-Jim Crow gates. A majority of those who arrived at this meeting were op-Editor:

After reading your story about posed to the executive board slate and wanted to elect their own how Sergeant Levy was impris-



N. Lessing

Newark, N. J.

George R. Leighton. Harper & Brothers, 1943. 302 pp. \$5.

In October of 1910 General Porfirio Diaz celebrated the thirtyfourth year of his dictatorial regime by assuming the Mexican presidency for the eighth time. more than a share of the power, dulum from left to right. From Just a few weeks later, Diaz was overthrown by a revolution which must be studied and understood halt to the revolution. if one is to find the key to Mex-Francisco Madero, a landowner ico's turbulent politics for the

past three decades. It is the story of these three decades which Anitype. His first concern was to dista Brenner covers in her excellent book, "The Wind That Swept the foreign powers who saw their Calles has called a halt to agra-Mexico." Under Diaz, Mexico had become

solidate his regime in the intera safe investment for internationests of the Mexican capitalists al capital. German funds bolstered up the national debt; Engfy either the foreign powers or lish money was developing vast the radical agrarians, Madero's concessions in oil deposits; and American investments increased conspiracy aided and abetted by from half a billion dollars in 1902 to a billion and a half by 1910.

But General Huerta, thrust into the fundamental drive of the While Mexico was safe and the role of a military dictator to Mexican revolution, the demand profitable for foreign investors they enjoyed extraterritorial protect the interests of foreign of the peasantry for the land, rerights of person and property- finance capital, was no match for mains unsatisfied. To fulfill this demand, the Mexican capitalists Mexico was unsafe and unprofit- | the armed bands of the four popand landowners who able for all Mexicans outside the ular guerrilla chieftains: Zapata. able to maintain the leadership small ruling circle of militarists, Obregon, Villa and Carranza. By financiers and landowners. The July 1914, despite the threat of of the revolution since the beginarmed intervention on the part of | ning, would have to expropriate peasantry, m o r e than threefourths of the population, had the European powers and the ac- not only the foreign capitalists been stripped of whatever lands tual invasion of Vera Cruz by but themselves as well. The histhey possessed and reduced to American forces, Huerta had been tory of the period covered by this ook shows they are incapable of peonage on vast estates. The rise driven from Mexico and his aroing either satisfactorily. That of industry, foreign owned, had mies routed. job will be carried out, in the snatched the internal market Then followed five years of civil next stage of the revolution, by away from the artisan and peasstrife between the various facthe workers of Mexico in an alant trader. Landless and without tions, and a compromise which liance with the peasantry. occupation, they drifted into the brought Obregon to power on a Miss Brenner's compact acindustrial centers to become lowprogram of conciliation. The esount of this period is accompasence of Obregon's strategy was paid workers. The independent nied by 184 beautiful and stirring farmer, the small mine-owner and to steer a middle course: to prohistorical photographs assembled manufacturer, under the double mise agrarian reforms to the by George R. Leighton. burden of heavy taxes and insuf- peasantry and at the same time Reviewed by DAVID RANSOM. ficient capital, could not compete | pledge respect to private proper- | **International Notes** That's the British version of These troops are being trained The widespread famine in India, which has previously been 'equality of sacrifice." in all parts of occupied Europe reported in The Militant, is takand are being doctrinized with the philosophy of life which is ing a toll of at least 150 lives Between 15,000 and 23,000 Britdaily in Calcutta, according to a fundamental to the Greater Gerish miners went out on strike in man Reich. UP dispatch on Sept. 18. The pop-Nottinghamshire last week to proulous Bengal province is among "Only a contingent composed of test the jailing of an 18 year old the hardest hit. uch men," said Field Marshal boy who refused to work under-UP correspondent Walter General Keitel in a recent circular ground. Briggs says that in Calcutta he to the Waffen SS. "will resist The authorities expressed sursaw "children with bloated stodisruptive influence in critical prise that so many men had struck machs, mothers suffering gravely times. Such a contingent will feel over a comparatively minor incifrom malnutrition, men collapsing pride in its integrity and will dent. But this was the miners' on the sidewalks of the British therefore not fraternize with the way of expressing their dissatis-Empire's so-called 'second-city.'... faction with labor conscription in proletariat." "Walking through the streets at Hitler's precautions are as sigthe mines, low pay and dangerdawn. I saw dozens of dead on ous working conditions. (Through nificant as they will be fruitless the sidewalk. The weekly toll of August of this year 480 men were when the German and European dead from starvation and diseases killed in the mines, and 1,684 were workers rise in revolutionary such as cholera and dysentery is seriously injured.) wrath. said by responsible persons to be increasing. . ." The Stalinist Daily Worker, Washington reports that in re-All collective bargaining is which gets UP services, printed ent months Hitler has expanded banned for the duration of the the Waffen SS, shock troops of war, strikes are forbidden and lamost of Briggs' dispatch but omitted the following: the Elite Guard, and filled its bor's demands can be presented "Naturally, the famine threat ranks with a large number of non- only to the Labor Department of applies only to part of the popu-Germans. The Waffen SS is now the administration, the Brazilian estimated to number 250,000. government announced last week. lation. Around the corner from This is nothing new for Brazil. the food line (where a free kitch-Hitler's recruitment of non-Germans for this body is based Under the brutal Vargas dictator en supplied watery gruel to people in a line five or six blocks on the hope that mixed troops ship the workers of that country long) an orchestra was playing will be more unwilling than an all- have been denied their democration 'Sweet Sue' in a big hotel where German unit would be to shoot rights for many years. The "war there were 17 courses on the dindown German workers trying to for democracy" has not changed ner menu." overthrow Nazism. the situation at all. HONOR THE WINNERS! Let's wind up the Cannon Book campaign with a bang! Time: SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 25, AT 9 O'CLOCK Place: 116 UNIVERSITY PLACE, 2nd FLOOR Auspices New York Local Socialist Workers Party

THE WIND THAT SWEPT | with the foreign companies com- | ty; to grant the workers the right MEXICO by Anita Brenner and manding vast financial resources. to organize and yet permit and in-Diaz was ousted from power by vite foreign capital to invest its the armed peasant bands who de- money in Mexico's ample resourmanded the immediate distribu- ces and cheap labor. Fundamen tion of the land. But the state tally, it was a program that guar power went to that section of the anteed private property.

that."

bourgeoisie excluded from the Miss Brenner describes the ruling circles. They asked nothing | swing of Mexico's political penan understanding with foreign Obregon to Calles, who called a finance capital, and an immediate halt to agrarian reform, then to Cardenas who resumed it and also

forced the expropriation of the who replaced Diaz as president, foreign-controlled oil fields. Finally, Miss Brenner brings the was a Mexican capitalist of this story up to date with the administration of Camacho, who like arm the guerrilla bands, placate rian reform, invited foreign capinvestments jeopardized, and conital into Mexico, and taken the country into the war on the side and landowners. Unable to satis- of Mexico's traditional enemy, the American government.

Despite 32 years of social and regime soon fell before a military political upheaval, Miss Brenner shows, Mexico remains a land the American ambassador, Wil- where the vast majority are havenots, living in dire poverty. For

### **Servicemen's Families Get Pittance to Live On**

The wives and children of more than half a million men in the armed forces "are existing today on government dependency allowances far below even the minimum maintenance budget of WPA days," reports the special subcommittee of the National CIO Legislative Department in the Sept. 20 issue of CIO News. "Another half million servicemen with what the army calls 'collateral or Class B' dependents-parents, other relatives, etc.-have the same worries about their families on their minds."

In Dec. 1942 a minimum of \$108 a month was listed by the WPA in San Francisco as necessary for subsistence of a wife and two children. The Heller Committee of the University of California estimates \$89 a month as the absolute minimum for a family of this size.

"Yet under present government allowances," the CIO committee observes, "the wife of a man in the armed forces with two children gets \$72 a month to live and keep her children on.

"And under the bill backed by the War Department and passed by the Senate July 8, 1943 (S. 1279), the soldier or sailor's wife with two children will get \$79 a month-an increase of only \$7. This is \$29 under the WPA figure; \$10 under the Heller Committee budget.

"Even this proposed increase of \$7 a month is more apparent than real, when you take into account the official increase in the cost of living between June, 1942 and June, 1943. Look at the breakdown:

"According to the U. S. Department of Labor, the cost of living went up 7.2% in that period. This means that the real value of the increase under the proposed bill (S 1279) for a soldier's wife with two children, is only \$1.82 a month. The rise in the cost of living eats up the rest."

The committee also quotes other government figures to show that the overwhelming majority of families of men in the draft ages are wholly dependent on their earnings, and that 70% of these families have an income of less than \$200 a year from other sources.

Congress can't seem to find enough money to provide a subsistence income for the families of the servicemen. Yet Big Business profits this year are the highest in American history.



Another small corner of the war profits scandals was exposed last week when Representative James M. Curley of Massachusetts and five others were indicted by a federal grand jury on charges of mail fraud.

Curley and his associates are charged with operating a war contracts brokerage racket under cover of "Engineers Group, Inc." This false front represented itself as a firm of "consulting engineers" with special facilities for obtaining war contracts from the government. Retainer fees up to \$9,000 were accepted and contracts entered into with clients calling for commissions of as high as 8%.

Operations such as those of Curley and Company constitute but a small part of the thriving war-contracts racket which has mushroomed out of the dealings between the government and Big Business. Many of the monopolist corporations have their own within the War Production Board and the Army and Navy departments so that they do not have to employ go-betweens to land juicy million-dollar contracts. But many other and especially smaller businesses have to retain brokers in order to get their snouts into the war-profits trough, or even to survive. This legion of brokers infesting Washington either has close relations with the military men who award or approve contracts or it stands high enough in the councils of the Democratic and Republican parties to exert influence for their clients. Curley, for example, is National Democratic Chairman from Massachusetts, the No. 1 Roosevelt man in New England as Boss Hague is in New Jersey. Only a small number of these war contract racketeers are ever indicted. Fewer still are found guilty and sent to jail. The business men who buy their services go scot-free. The best method of exterminating all these vermin who feed upon the blood of workers and soldiers is to confiscate all war profits, expropriate all war industries, and operate them under workers' control.

9. The defense of the Soviet Union against imperialist attack.

## Free Kelly Postal

Behind the wall's of Stillwater State Penitentiary in southern Minnesota sits Kelly Postal, secretarytreasurer of Motor Transport Workers Local 544-CIO. This militant fighter for the working class is the victim of a frameup. He is serving a five year sentence in that jail on a trumped-up charge of "embezzlement."

On Monday, Oct. 11, Postal's application for pardon will be heard by the Minnesota State Pardons Board.

Many voices have already been raised condemning the persecution of Postal and asking for his immediate and unconditional pardon. At its recent convention the Michigan State CIO, representing 700,000 workers, declared that Postal's conviction "endangers trade union democracy fully as much as the numerous anti-labor laws now being rushed through Congress and state legislatures, such as the Smith-Connally Act." Many thousands of signatures petitioning for Postal's pardon have been collected in shops and factories, in union halls and meetings. Leading civil liberties organizations, scores of trade unions and other progressive bodies have passed resolutions and pledged support to Postal's fight for freedom.

This national protest movement must grow in volume until the authorities who hold the keys to Postal's prison cell can no longer ignore it.

The Governor of Minnesota is one of the three members of the Minnesota Pardons Board. He knows how indignant the truck drivers of the Northwest are because Postal has been railroaded to jail. He has already heard from individual workers all over the country protesting the grave injustice against an honorable union official devoted to union democracy. Let him hear from many more.

The Militant urges all its readers to write to Governor Edward Thye at St. Paul, Minnesota and ask that a full pardon be given Kelly Postal. Have your friends and fellow-workers do likewise.

Less than three weeks remain before Postal's fate will be decided. Help open the prison gates for Postal. WRITE TODAY!



A bill passed by the U.S. Senate on Sept. 17 would eliminate virtually all "informer suits" by private citizens for damages based on frauds against the government.

This legislation was sponsored and pushed by the Department of Justice, which wants to have control over the initiation of fraud suits, but it will be greeted joyfully by all those corporations whose practices make them subject to such suits.

The effect of this bill will be to discourage investigation of war frauds against the government by private citizens, who have hitherto been able to sue in the courts and collect damages for themselves as well as the government in those cases where the government did not bring suit itself.

The bill has been sent back to the House for consideration of minor Senate revisions. If it is enacted into law, the handling of almost all war frauds suits will be in the hands of the Department of Justice, which has done a far from effective job in prosecuting and punishing the profit-mad corporation officials who do not hesitate to engage in frauds endangering the lives of the servicemen.

