Free The Eighteen **Imprisoned** Trotskyists

THE MILITANT PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

VOL. VIII-No. 6

NEW YORK, N. Y., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1944

PRICE: FIVE CENTS 267

Campaign To Free 18 Is Gaining Labor Support Additional Union and Liberal Forces Join CRDC Drive to Win

Additional Union and Liberal Forces Join CRDC Drive to Win Unconditional Presidential Pardon for Imprisoned Trotskyists

NEW YORK CITY-The Civil Rights Defense Committee reports that its local branches throughout the country have been collecting hundreds of signatures on petitions calling upon President Roosevelt to pardon the 18 leaders of the Socialist Workers Party and of Minneapolis Truckdrivers Union Local 544-CIO now serving twelve to sixteen month prison sentences following their frameup under the infamous Smith "Gag" Act.

Last week a number of new labor and liberal protests were recorded against the unjust imprisonment of the 18. Local 104 of the International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Iron Ship

Builders, Welders & Helpers,

paper, 104 Reporter: "We didn't the Minneapolis labor case. know - that's how dumb we are - that the U.S. Supreme Court would let a 'gag' law rape the constitution, especially when the rape was committed by a fellow named Smith. the same Smith who co-authored the Smith-Connaky Act, designed to wreck unions and cause more strikes." In an article in the New Leader

of Jan. 29 Liston Oak declares: "The outstanding violation of civil rights in this war is the imprisonment of eighteen Trotskyists for the expression of Bolshevik opinions. . . The whole history of the struggle for civil liberties proves that it is the treatment of minorities . . . that is important. Such cases establish precedents. If such minorities are convicted for ideas . . . other larger minorities may be likewise treated.

DEMANDS PARDON

"The Bill of Rights is on trial. We must not permit thinking, talking and writing to become a criminal activity in these United States . . . We should therefore petition the President of the United States to rectify an injustice by granting immediate and unconditional pardon to the eighteen Trotskyists now in jail for their opinions. And we must demand that Congress repeal the undemocratic, anti-labor Smith Act."

In an article entitled "The Abdication of the Supreme Court.

published in The Progressive of mittee is greatly in need of funds Jan. 31, William B. Hesseltine, to carry on its national campaign professor of American history at to free the 18, to repeal the Smith the University of Wisconsin, cites 'Gag' Act, and to provide relief the conviction of the 18 as a con- for the prisoners and their famtribution to "military dictator- ilies. Please send your contribuship" in this country. He suggests tion for the Minneapolis Prisonthat Congress use the power of ers Pardon and Relief Fund to THE FRAMEUP impeachment to prevent the Su- James T. Farrell, Chairman, Civil The Sleepy Lagoon Defense preme Court justices from further Rights Defense Committee, 160 undermining and sapping the Fifth Ave., New York City. WLB IMPOSES WAGE PENALTY **ON CRAMP SHIPYARD WORKERS** PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 26. | its ill-considered actions contrib--The War Labor Board's Ship- uted to the stoppage; yet the commission majority does not to their disreputable appearance the Steel formula. building Commission today anpenalize the company in any way as typical of their people. The whatsoever. Only the union is defendants were not allowed to a vindictive reprisal nounced against 14,000 Cramp shipyard adjudged guilty." workers here because they struck Koch's belated complaint does for four days early this month not detract from his responsibi'against the board's seven-month ity, and that of John Green and delay in considering the contract other IUMSW national leaders, demands of Cramp Local 42, CIO for encouraging the commission to Industrial Union of Marine and invoke this penalty by their acy." The judge repeatedly ruled strikebreaking actions against the against the defense and in favor Shipbuilding Workers. Cramp workers. The IUMSW lead The Commission, with the labor member dissenting, arbitrar ers supported the government's ily ordered that as penalty for denunciation of the strike and thus points striking the workers shall lose strengthened the hand of the commission against the workers. one month's retroactive pay in The Cramp shipyard workers any increase that may finally be awarded. This order followed a are enraged by this vicious pencompany agreement not to seek alty, and a movement is rapidly grant retroactive pay back to last gaining ground in Local 42 to jail for life; nine for five years eau of Labor Statistics. to life; five for six months; and June 23. The WLB order dates demand the withdrawal of labor only five acquitted. the retroactive pay to July 23 in- support from the WLB and of The race-baiting reactionaries he IUMSW representatives from stead. This vicious mass penalty, the the Shipbuilding Commission. Re- of California who drove Japansentment against the treacherous ese-Americans from their homes first of its type, sets a dangerous precedent: which is bound to national union leaders is boiling so their competition would be re-

Seattle, Washington wrote in its Constitution as they have done In an editorial The Western Socialist for January stated: "We register our protest against . the sentencing of Trotskvites to jail on the basis of the Smith 'Gag' Act, which is an instrument of suppression against unpopular views on war and organized la **Race Hatred Marks** bor." The Civil Rights Defense Com-

Not "Fit" to Print One statement during the Congressional debate on the new tax bill which the capitalist press did not quote was the following remarks by talist press labelled the "Zoot-Wisconsin's Rep. Sauthoff printed in the Congressional Suit Riots." Record of Jan. 18: The "Sleepy Lagoon" case, as

"Instead of a revenue act for 1943 it should be entitled, 'A Plan for the Relief of War



Diaz was found unconscious in the road. He died shortly after. Police rounded up twenty-two of pass a law that will regiment the boys who had tried to join the wealth which they create." the festivities. There was no

proof that the man had been murdered; his injuries could have been caused by a fall, a hit-run driver, or a fight with some other invited guest. Nothing indicated that the Mexican lads had had anything to do with it.

minority groups. It flows directly

purposes. All workers, every la-

bor organization, should do their

utmost to save these 17 victimized

Mexican youth.

Los Angeles, 13, Cal.

it has come to be known, follows

the lynch pattern familiar to



Profiteering in World War II WORLD WAR I HOW MANY NEW MADE 23,000 MILLIONAIRES NEW WILL WORLD MILLIONAIRES WARII MAKE \$8,555,000,000 1918 1943 **PROFITS AFTER TAXES PROFITS AFTER TAXES Reproduced** from PM

CIO Head Reveals True Facts On Price Rises, Profiteering

Cost of Living Is Up 50% Murray Proves At Senate Hearings

The following day, a guest, Jose CIO President Philip Murray last week made public documented evidence proving conclusively that the cost of living has soared since Jan. 1, 1941 by more than double the 23.5 per cent rise recently claimed by Roosevelt's Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Murray gave the lie to the administration's "statistics" in direct ministration's "statistics" in direct testimony on Jan. 25 before the High Prices Force

War Profiteers Grab A SMALL EXAMPLE! You need 400% more pin-**Biggest Loot in All** money today than two years **History During 1943** ago. PM's shopper found that the standard paper of 240 Remember Roosevelt's pre-was common pins, sold for years at fireside chats when he personally 5c, has become a black market pledged there would be no more

commodity. Stores were cutting the papers in half and look at the charts above if you asking 10c for each half! No item too small, no article too large, for the pickpocket profiteers.

promise was really worth. One chart compares 1943 cor poration profits, after all taxes, with those of 1939 when Big Business raked in the lush sum of \$4.040,000,000. In 1943, the bosses squeezed enough "sweat, blood nd tears" out of the workers to its of \$8,550,000,000. The other What the rising cost of living chart indicates how many more means to two typical steel work- millionaires have been created in (Continued on page 2)

The gist of their complaint is that Roosevelt's

demagogy no longer suffices to fool the workers

who, having seen through the President's

"equality of sacrifice" fraud, are determined to

break out of the straitjacket of the Little Steel

The New York Herald-Tribune places its edi-

torial finger on the nub of the problem: "It

is virtually impossible at this time to have a

wage dispute which is not concerned directly

with Administration policy-which is the

President's policy. It is no longer a question of

the unions against management-it is the

unions against the President." And Roosevelt

has openly ranged himself on the side of Big

Business-against the workers. First, by in-

spiring General Marshall to unleash a nation-

wide campaign to inflame public opinion and

the servicemen against the unions; then, by

utilizing this manufactured "public opinion" as

a pretext to present Congress with a proposal

Against the destructive policy of the open-

shop union wreckers, a policy which Roosevelt

has wholeheartedly embraced, it is essential

that the labor movement counterpose a con-

structive policy which will answer the needs

of the workers. Experience has taught that the

to adopt forced labor legislation.

formula.

war millionaires? Take a good

want to learn how much that

Wall St. Agents Emboldened **By Forced Labor Proposals**

U.S. Steel Trust Leads Open Shop Campaign; H. W. Smith Wants CIO Leaders Indicted

By C. Thomas

Less than a month has elapsed since Roosevelt issued his demand for "a national service law-which, for the duration of the war, will prevent strikes and, with certain appropriate exceptions, will make available for war production or for any other essential services every able-bodied adult in this nation."

Roosevelt motivated his demand for such legisla- power shortage. There is plenty of manpower, both for the armed tion by the need for 'noth- forces and for war production." ing less than total mobilization of all our resources and manpower,' in order

N. Y. Times, Jan. 27. ANTI-STRIKE BILL The testimony of Patterson, who, as the N. Y. Times points to guarantee an "earlier out, "has been a key organizer of munitions production since the victory" in the war. His start of the war program," efproposal was so worked fectively disposes of the motivation given in Roosevelt's message as to give the go-ahead signal to to Congress. It didn't take long

the militarists and reactionary la- for that arch reactionary, Howbor-hating wing of his own party | ard W. Smith of Virginia, to take who are only too eager to act as the cue from Roosevelt. Two days the spearhead of the drive to after the President submitted his message, Smith introduced "a new crush the unions. anti-strike bill" which provides for the imposition of drastic sanc-THE REAL AIM tions against the unions. In com-These gentlemen promptly menting on the new bill introwung into action. In commenting duced by the co-author of the on the President's proposal Sen-Smith-Connally anti-strike law, ator Vandenberg remarked, "I am

the labor editor of the Scrippsunable to understand why we Howard press underscores that: must regiment every adult male 'One effect would be that unions civilian and particularly every whose members engaged in waradult civilian woman in order to time strikes, with or without the achieve the desired result. . . I consent of union officers, and prefer to outlaw all strikes or whether or not the industry was lockouts in defense production or under government control, would services for the duration." That cease to exist for the duration this is likewise the aim of the ad-(and for six months after the ministration was made clear when war) so far as union-protective Secretary of War Stimson, testi-

statutes are concerned." - N. Y. fying before a committee hearing World-Telegram, Jan. 13.

hot, and the realization is grow- moved, have now added these be used against militant unions throughout the country if it is ing that only with a new, fightpermitted to go into effect. It is ing leadership will the shipyard crimes. part and parcel of the govern- workers be able to conduct the ment's present intensified anti- kind of struggle which will win their just demands. labor drive.

The strike which was the pretext for the penalty was called after the workers were compel'ed to work months without a contract because of the stalling of the pro-corporation WLB. During this period, the company took advantage of the union's no-strike pledge to commit innumerable provocations, firing leading shop stewards, chiseling on pay rates, etc.

Lucien Koch, IUMSW representative on the Shipbuilding Commission, declared in his dissenting opinion that "this punishment is totally unwarranted," and warned against "the ominous implication of the action taken." He charged that the company "by anti-Mexican outrages to their The Sleepy Lagoon case is a reflection of the general reactionary drive against organized labor and

Looking Ahead

Wealthy Westchester County, N. Y., has its own view of what's ahead—and it doesn't match Browder's promised paradise. The Westchester Board of Supervisors is discussing ways and means of refusing relief to workers thrown out

of war plants. They'd like a legal requirement of 3 to 5 years residence. Anyone able to withstand starvation that long, apparently, is a worthily rugged individual.

Pepper Subcommittee of the Sen ate Education and Labor Com-Committee charges that the de- mittee.

His evidence, based on a defendants were mercilessly beaten by the police to extort confes- tailed CIO Cost-of-Living survey sions; that the boys were tried | made among 1,500 steel workers in the midst of a wave of anti-selected at random according to Mexican hostility which was util- government-endorsed methods, is ized to the limit by the prosecuintended to fortify the demands of tor, who refused to let the boys the steel and other CIO unions change clothes or get a haircut for substantial wage increases bebefore the trial and then pointed youd those allowed under the Lit-

SHOCKING REVELATIONS Charging that the administraconsult their counsel during the tion's figures are "worthless", trial: the presiding judge refer- Murray contended that the CIO's red to them as a gang; a repres- own scientifically compiled data entative of the Foreign Relations disclosed "most shocking revela-Bureau of the Sheriff's office tions" about the rising cost of filed a statement embracing the living which has made it impos-Nazi doctrine of "Aryan supremsible for the steel workers to

"make both ends meet." Following Murray's disclosures, of the prosecution on the same the AFL and CIO members of the

Presidential Committee on the The sentences for the alleged Cost of Living issued a joint re-'crime" which may never have port, made public last Sunday, showing that living costs have been committed by anyone, were risen 43.5 per cent since Jan. 1 as severe as a prejudiced court could make them. Of twenty-two dendendants, three were sent to fraudulently claimed by the Bur-

This report, which was submit-AFL Secretary-Treasurer, charged that there is a "discrepancy of

(Continued on page 2)

Having previously announced the intended junking of the Communist Party in favor of the traditional capitalist twoparty system, Earl Browder on Jan. 30 in Cleveland ventured a step further. He advocated that the Republican and Democratic parties "explore the posticket for both parties."

Contributions to aid the fight for reedom of the 17 Mexican boys should be sent to Carey McWil-The name of that beast, loathliams, National Chairman ed by the workers, is-Fas-Sleepy Lagoon Defense Committee, 902 Spring Arcade Building, cism.

President Philip Murray on Ian. 25 at the Senate's Pepper

> Subcommittee hearings. These two workers, 'who were among 4,000 interviewed, provided an actual record of expendit res.

Charles Moore, 48-year old employee of Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co. at Indiana Harbor, Ind., in three months last fall earned \$817.96 for support of his wife and two grandchildren. His living expenses for the same period were:

\$120 for rent, at \$40 a month; \$61.45 for water, gas, electricity and coal; \$64.40 for household equipment:

\$221.64 for food, on an average of \$18.47 per week:

\$67.32 for clothing, including mostly work clothes for the man house dresses for the wife and 1941, instead of the 23.4 per cent play clothes for the children; \$27.40 for medical supplies; \$26 for outside help during the

wife's illness; \$4.72 for soap ted by R. J. Thomas, UAW-CIO haircuts, etc.; \$7.54 for newspa-President, and George Meaney, pers; only \$1 for amusements; \$25 for carfare to and from work, at 30 cents per day; \$2 for 28.5 per cent between the rise in church contributions; \$2 for gifts living costs and the wage adjust- ouside the family; \$3 for union ments (15 per cent over Jan. 1, dues; \$7.80 for tobacco and \$6.50 for alcoholic beverages;

\$84.50 for federal taxes, plus social security and insurance premiums, and state taxes of \$8.18.

IN THE RED At the end of the three-month period, Moore was in the red by about \$76, and vowed he was "far better off" when he earned \$1,400 in 1941 than \$2,600 in 1943, because of price extortions. Chester Baun, 23-year old work er for Bethlehem Steel at Leban on, Pa., tried to support a wife and two children on total earnings of \$521.14 for three months.

His expenses were: \$54 for rent - no inside bathoom and no hot water; \$49 for coal, electricity and houseclean ing supplies; \$36 for household equipment:

\$18.20 for food per week, at 65 (Continued on page 2)

Workers Into Debt double the 1939 grab, netting prof-double the 1939 grab, netting prof-for a forced labor draft "even al service bill, said that he was without" the adoption of the Presers was shown in detail by CIO World War II than in World War tifying before the same commit-I. 23,000 new millionaires was the tee, when asked by Senator Aus- Smith-Connally act, issued an exproduction record for 1918. In tin if there had ever been a genu-1943 Big Business not only sur- ine shortage of manpower, said: application of drastic sanctions "Of course not. We have no man-

n the Austin-Wadsworth nation

It is apparent that the sanctions proposed by the Smith bill have as their aim the outright strangident's other proposals. Under- | ulation of the unions. Here again. Secretary of War Patterson, tes- Smith takes his cue from Rooseecutive order providing for the

(Continued on page 4)

A Three Point Program **For Organized Labor**

An Editorial

Alarmed by the rising militancy of labor's following planks must be included in labor's struggle against the wage freezing program of program for the defense of the unions against Big Business, the kept press has been howling its enemies: for a "firm labor policy" to batter the workers For an escalator clause in all union contracts! into submission. Wall Street's labor experts Roosevelt's promise to stabilize the cost of have been busy formulating plans which all living has proven to be a gigantic hoax. A govadd up to one solution-smash the unions. The ernment run by capitalists for the benefit of New York Times, authoritative spokesmen for capitalists cannot and will not curb prices or monopoly capitalism, demands "a complete revision of the Administration's labor policy."

profits. Wages have been frozen in the face of a* continuing rise in the cost of living while profits soar skyward. Only the escalator clause -a rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living-can provide the workers with a means of protection against the worst effects of war-inflation.

Rescind the no-strike pledge! No matter how many pledges and promises the capitalist politicians make and break, the bosses insist that labor must continue to give unconditional adherence to the no-strike pledge made by the bureaucrats without even consulting the union membership. In the face of an intensive campaign of repression directed against the very existence of the unions it would be suicidal to remain committed to the surrender of labor's most effective weapon of defense. The preservation of the unions demands that the no-strike pledge be repudiated.

For an Independent Labor Party! Labor must make a decisive break with company unionism in politics. No support to the agents of monopoly capitalism whether they parade under the banner of Democrats or Republicans. The unions must organize labor's own political party to support labor candidates running on a labor program against the candidates of the bosses in all election campaigns.

Bosses' Candidate

from the efforts of the employing class to sow all sorts of division among the various racial, national and religious groups among the workers. The whole background and conduct of the trial, one of the rawest frameups of recent years, demonstrate its race hatred

> sibility of a single Presidential It is but a single stride from this to advocacy of a totalitarian one-party capitalist regime.

Browder Wants One

TRADE UNION Why The Steel Workers Are **Becoming Restless And Angry**

BUFFALO, N. Y.—The Ohio steel strikes during the holi-

plants, sweaty, dirt-covered men making iron and steel and, His home life is broken up by his they use that weapon. The men according to the capitalist press, making trouble. Of course, the changing shifts. Some men may move rather slowly, may be unrelieved record as an employer- sympathetic way," but insisted papers dispelled none of the illusions generally held concerning change as often as three times a hard to set into motion, but let the steelworkers, who are thought of as a highly paid group. poll-tax Democratic bloc which jurisdiction they had when they Nothing could be farther from

the truth. limestone, rock by rock, and ent's notice. The \$.78 per hour minimum throw it into the long, coffin-like wage places them definitely in the boxes that are used to charge the MANY HARDSHIPS Transportation also presents a lower pay brackets of organized open hearths. So greedy are the would be decided afterwards. labor; and, a point that most peo- furnaces that the men have not difficult situation. Since steel ple do not understand, the vast even time to straighten their bo- mills must be located, adjacent to

cluding men with twenty to forty stone but must work all day bent are almost always built out on These strikes must also be recyears' seniority, earn only this double. Eight hours of this la- the outskirts of the cities, making federal legislation to deny au- have become so utterly craven minimum wage or very little more. bor is a long, long time.

thority to the WLB to grant toward the administration that This means that most of the men BLAST FURNACES maintenance - of - membership even the ordinarily servile union toiling in the nation's steel mills

On the blast furnaces the work are attempting to support their may possibly be a little less punfamilies on a weekly wage of ishing, but greater danger makes Thus, CIO national secretary thirty-five to forty-five dollars up for it. While the only press-James B. Carey, at a meeting of after the various deductions are ure in the open hearth furnaces is that of the weight of molten

steel on the bottom and sides, there is a constant pressure in In order to meet the rising cost early in their graves by tubercu dustrial Union Council for adopt- of living, many men are forced the blast furnaces of sixteen to losis. ing a resolution endorsing a to work double shifts: that is, twenty-two pounds per square Due to the nature of the work fourth-term for Roosevelt in after eight hours of labor on the inch. From seventy to almost and conditions under which the violation of the policy laid down furnaces or in the mills, they stay ninety thousand cubic feet of air work is done, weaklings are weedon their jobs and work eight per minute roar through the blast This low-point of Stalinist hours more. That allows them furnace at temperature varying pootlicking came in the midst of just eight hours between quitting between seven hundred and til hard, heavy, and hazardous. the mounting labor resistance to time and the start of the next teen hundred degrees. Fahrenheit, These men know what it is to ex-Roosevelt's proposed national day's labor, in which to go home, sometimes jumping momentarily perience terrible fatigue, intolerget a bite to eat, snatch a few to eighteen or nineteen hundred able heat, and sudden, terrifying narrow escapes from fiery death.

hours rest, and hurry back to after a shutdown. A man's life Union pressmen for the Roche- work. We have known cases is always dependent upon the ster N. Y. Sunday Democrat and where men have put in as many construction and correct opera-Chronicle last week halted opera- as five or even six double shifts tion of his furnace. If there is a flaw in it, his last conscious im-Of course, it is not always pos- pressions may consist briefly of their anger, as a group, is

inserted an attack against the sible to earn additional money by a roar, a flash of light, and a aroused. AFL Pressmen's Union Local 36 working "doubles." In many de- sudden, searing, overwhelming in the paper. Only 22,000 of the partments the workers are not pain.

Iron explosions are quite com- ated USA-CIO leadership, there been printed when the stoppage in others the work is so difficult mon. When molten iron flows is a widespread, almost reverent, occurred. Over 100,000 subscribers that few men can endure sixteen over a damp spot in the runner or feeling of gratitude toward the were saved from a dose of anti- hours of it. These men must onto a piece of cold scrap, it union. The steelworkers recall labor poison. This was an ex- manage as well as they can on blows up, scattering fire and hot all too clearly the long hours, the actionary so-called "Equal cellent demonstration of the their regular six-day wage. The metal all over the furnace floor. excessive work caused by "effipower of the workers to halt third helpers in the open hearth, Men have been burned alive in cient" superintendents, who labor - hating propaganda by for instance, are seldom able to these explosions, and very many sought to lower operating exsimply refusing to aid in its work "doubles." So gruelling is have been scarred for life . . . for penses by removing men here and the work, shovelling almost con- little more than forty dollars for there and burdening the survivors

In addition to the hazards and toil. They remember the revenge-Labor, in cooperation with the furnaces, that only a young, rob- discomforts of the job there are ful actions of the "tough" fore-"to scuttle legislation CIO, is conducting a campaign to ust worker can work more than other matters which make the men, against which they had no one. He must buy more food

4,000

12,000

10,000

8000

6,000

4,000

2000

The Negroes recall the out-The same holds true for the than the worker who does lighter and out racial discrimination workers should accept "some pos- two years. Joseph Padway, AFL men who load the charging boxes work. He must buy work clothing once practiced; they know all too sible temporary disadvantage" for general counsel, reported to the with limestone. Out in the open more frequently than other work- well that there is still some disthe "greater advantage of inner recent AFL Executive Council in all kinds of weather, each one ers, particularly shoes and gloves, crimination left, but they know

and week and are never entirely sure a serious attack be made upon that their work schedule will not their union and they rise up in be rewritten entirely at a mom- unity, powerful, and determined

to take whatever action may prove necessary.

In some of the country's stee locals there have been short strikes, protests against indusple do not understand, the vast even time to straighten their bo-majority of the steelworkers, in-dies after picking up the lime-the railroads and waterways, they and specifically the contract. ognized as a growing expression it necessary for the employees to of the resentment that the steeltravel quite a distance from their workers naturally feel at the homes, cutting further into their conditions outlined above. They wages and their time. Finally presage a great leap forward in there is the matter of disease. the not very distant future.

Facing one moment the glare of The general feeling at present molten metal and the next the is not so much one of active winter wind, the furnaceman is fighting fury as a bitter, smouldnia, and not a few have been laid ering resentment, which must inconstantly menaced by pneumoevitably break out into flame if a good settlement is not reached on the contract now being negotiated. Today the nation's steelworkers are like the hot ingots buried in the soaking pits, being who can "take it." The jobs are heated through and through to a uniform temperature of great to testify before the Pepper Subintensity. When they rise from their "soaking pits", the entire country will feel the blast of their heat.

tough and intractable and make Notice To formidable adversaries when Subscribers

According to postal regulations, your address is not complete unless it shows the postal zone number. For example: The Militant's zone number is New York 3, N. Y. The postal authorities are now insisting that this regulation be carried out in the mailing of The Militant. Check the wrapper in which The Militant is mailed to you and if the zone number is not included, be sure to send it to us at once, to assure delivery of your paper. Send the zone number to:

Business Manager 116 UNIVERSITY PLACE NEW YORK 3, N. Y.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY, 5, 1944

MURRAY REPORT SHOWS LIVING COSTS UP 50%

. .

submitted showing the adminis-(Continued from page 1) 1941) allowed under the Little tration's complicity in clamping Steel formula.'

taxes and "war bonds and other

forms of savings that decrease

Bureau of Labor Statistics were

committee at Murray's request.

Hinrichs also admitted in part

the truth of Murray's claim that

a steel worker now making \$2,600

making \$1,400 in 1941.

end of this year.

tracted out of the war."

vear is no better off than one

Murray contrasted, in his re-

port before the hearings, the huge

DAMAGING ADMISSIONS

disposable income.'

quate surveys.

Formula.

the wage freeze, price rise squeeze Both Murray and the labor on the workers, Murray continued

members of the President's to cover up for Roosevelt and for the trade union leaders who, like Cost of Living committee demonhimself, lent their prestige to strated that the Bureau of Labor Statistics, whose experts are Roosevelt's anti-labor wage "stabfully aware of what they are ilization" program.

doing, left out many vital factors Instead of exposing the real in order to establish fake figures intent of this "stabilization" progdesigned to bolster Roosevelt's gram, which had no other purpose wage freeze and the continued from the beginning than to enenforcement of the Little Steel able the administration to freeze

wages under a smoke-screen of 'equality of sacrifice," Murray These included the use of incomplained before the Pepper complete figures on food price Subcommittee merely that "unrises, failure to take into consideration quality deterioration, the fortunately the stabilization law has not been properly administeffects of the Black Market, and ered," and that Congress had price violations, falsely weighted figures on rent increases, exclu- failed to provide adequate appro-

sion of special war costs such as priations for food price subsidies moving to new jobs, increased and OPA price controls. In this fashion, Murray sought to conceal Roosevelt's responsibility for price control failure and to uphold the idea of wage "stabilization"-which whether "prop-Murray's charges against the perly or improperly administered" is nothing but a program aimed

confirmed in part by the testi- at wage-freezing. mony of A. F. Hinrichs, acting Experience of the past three commissioner of the Bureau of years has proved that Big Busi-Labor Statistics, who was called ness has no desire to control prices, and that the administration is incapable of doing so. Un-Hinrichs testified under quesder conditions of capitalist wartioning that while there was "no inflation, talk about any sort of deceit practiced" by the BLS, price "stabilization" is so much there might be "weakness in the hogwash. Labor's answer to price methods of-collecting price inform rises is not Murray's "proper adation," and that "a large number ministration" of a wage-freezing of the people are convinced that "stabilization" program, but the the cost of living has gone up inclusion of escalator clauses-a more than 23.5 per cent." He rising scale of wages to meet the further confessed that since the rising cost of living-in all union spring of 1942 the BLS has had contracts. insufficient funds to make ade-

> **High Prices Force Workers Into Debt**

(Continued from page 1)

profits of the corporations with cents per person per day: the worsening conditions of the \$97.96 for clothing for four. but workers. He cited the governnot including adult suits or overment's own figures showing that coats or other major clothing 1943 corporation net profits after items; \$6.50 for medical care, extaxes were double those of 1939. cluding a pending bill of \$30; and that the capitalists have piled \$5.80 for personal and sanitary up reserves from the war expected care. such as soap and haircuts; to total \$42 billion dollars by the \$72 on his automobile, including a payment of installment, gasoline "These figures stagger the

and oil, repairs, etc. \$15.47 for imagination of the American tobacco; people," Murray asserted. "and \$3 for union dues; \$42 for war war workers wonder what it's all bonds: about. They are expressing con-

\$28.42 for social security, incern over the future when these surance premiums and the Bethterrifying profits are being exlehem Relief fund; \$23.40 in federal taxes. Steelworker Baun wound up

COVERS ROOSEVELT Despite the evidence which he with a \$175 deficit.

The American Federation of hot opening of the steel-making

tion of the presses in the midst in one week.

Wallace's argument that women latures have let loose in the past CIO suits are being instituted in seven states attacking the con-

meat for the shadow of a bigger sive laws. Among the restrictive measures piece. Your promise of greater advantages in 'inner freedom' is denounced by Padway are laws far too reminiscent of Anatole providing for compulsory regi-France's description of the 'equal- stration of union officials, sub-

his public endorsement of the re-Rights" amendment which is designed to destroy all special legislation protecting women in inpublication. The WTUL, in a letter made public Jan. 27, vigorously scored Wallace for backing a

of the final run when the editors

The Stalinist finks in the unions

bureaucrats can't stomach some

trolled Greater New York In-

by the last CIO convention.

the CIO national executive board made.

of their recent actions.

bills which many state legis- only infrequently.

"We do not intend to drop the

that . . . has served to raise the dam up the flood of anti-labor eight hours, and he can do so steelworker's life an unenviable redress.

WORK DOUBLE SHIFTS

stantly into the seething, white- a six day week.

normal run of 135,000 papers had accorded this dubious privilege;

stitutionality of various repres-

f unions and their officers. Other some serious work. But before I start on any task I want to against peaceful striking and a few meals of special dishes and see a few shows. Perhap are in violation of the Bill of will be entitled to a little vacation before settling down to At its sessions last week in Rights and constitute the basis tasks." Prison regulations do not permit him Miami, Florida, the AFL ex- for imposition of "involuntary to mention the others, but I am sure that in saying this, comrade Cannon is not speaking Padway pointed out that licensfor himself alone.

That is the

Chicago: "Money order en-

meeting in Miami that AFL and of these men must take tons of which burn through and wear also that they have a weapon Fund Campaign Approaches Goal

By Rose Karsner, Director

Writing from prison James P. Cannon says: "The diet here ity' and 'freedom' of rich and mission of union financial and is supposed to be balanced, but I am balancing it a little more poor alike to sleep on the banks other data to the employers' gov- on the side of the vitamin vegetables as against the starche ernment agents and the licensing am taking rigorous care of my health, and barring unfores difficulties, confidently expect to come out of here in shape



SCORFROARD

They themselves become hard,

THE MILITANT



NOTES

By Joseph Keller

Despite the War Labor Board's the matter of readmission "in a

dominated agency, the Southern that the miners return "with the

is spearheading the administra- left." The question of whether

tion's anti-labor drive has District 50 members would remain

launched an attack on the board in the UMW, or be parcelled out

for failure to destroy labor's to a dozen other craft unions,

union bureaucracy as a form of in Washington Jan. 31, was moved

pay-off for giving up the work- to condemn the Stalinist con-

vinced that the union leaders can- forced labor conscription.

Smith's House Committee to In- down on this proposal.

Representative Howard W. Lewis continued to point thumbs-

TWC -

rights altogether.

clauses.

employers.

fist exclusively.

dustry.

countered:

of the Seine."

vestigate Executive Agencies of

the Government is calling for

The maintenance-of-member-

ship clause, a watered-down sub-

stitute for the union shop, has

been granted by Roosevelt to the

ers' right to strike and other

hard-won union conditions. It has

helped to bolster up union mem-

berships and keep the dues com-

ing in despite the demoralizing

effect of the leadership's conces-

sions to the administration and

Business leaders are now con-

not hold the workers in check, and

therefore want no more of Roos-

evelt's iron fist in a velvet glove

methods of dealing with labor.

They want the unconcealed iron

Vice President Wallace, latest

white-haired boy of the union

leadership because he still spouts

New Dealish demagogy has

aroused the ire of the New York

Women's Trade Union League for

economic status of women." To

freedom" embodied in the "Equal

Rights" amendment, the WTUL

Most Congressmen and Big

The question of John L. Lewis's state laws include restraints United Mine Workers re-entry into the AFL still remains up in picketing, which Padway charged the air.

ecutive council continued to play servitude." coy with the UMW request. The ing and other restrictive laws issue of jurisdiction, centering around the UMW's District 50 apply solely to labor unions, set-up in the chemical and coal while other types of unincorporatby-products industry, remains the ed organizations like chambers chief obstacle to readmission. of commerce and manufacturers The council declared in a letter associations face no such reto Lewis that it had considered straints.

The report this week from our, New York agent shows that dis-We received subscriptions from tributions of THE MILITANT many of our agents during the help lay the groundwork for a week. We quote excerpts from good sale of Pioneer's popular pamphlets: ters

"Two comrades began the sale of The Struggle for Negro money order covering 12 six-Equality' in Harlem two weeks month subs acquired in our house-to-house work on Sunday. ago. The first Sunday 17 were sold in one house; the second The success of the campaign has contributed much to the spirit of Sunday 23 were sold. Many of the the branch. 'For the first time people said they had gotten THE MILITANT at one of the Harlem in years,' Frank says, 'we knock distributions, liked it, and were on four doors and expect at least one person to smile and say they very glad to get the pamphlet.

have been reading The Militant "We are also beginning a sale and want a sub.' of 'War Time Crimes of Big Busapproximate record the branch iness' at one of the shipyards has made in its work." where we have been distributing for over a year. The first week's closed for the combination sub.... sale was very encouraging, and The literature agent is now putwe expect to have continuing ting a lot of work on the quesgood reports on this.

tion of improving our methods of "The New York Local has cov- distribution. It is a big job to ered a few meetings of the Stal-|get the work systematized-and inist-dominated L o c a 1 65 of yet flexible as it must be. Every-United Retail, Wholesale and De- one or almost everyone is workpartment Store employees. Some ing long hours and then nearly Stalinist goons molested our peo- every night taken by various ple at these distributions, but committee meetings, makes it a they succeeded only in arousing very strenuous life." further interest in the paper. At-

St. Paul: "Enclosed are tempts by these goons to tear the subs, 3 one-year combination and paper out of the hands of work- a one-year sub to the F. I. As ers who were going into the meet- you will notice, I have used F. I. ing were met with remarks such sub blanks for all, since I seem as 'How are we going to know to be out of The Militant blanks. what's going on if we don't read Will you please mail me some this paper'?" more.'

For our part, we who are left to carry onwe too are preparing "for some serious work." And we understand that our first task along that road is to secure the financial base of the party. This is being done with a selfless will and enthusiasm which all other parties and groups can well envy.

This is how Bolsheviks answer persecutions!

FROM THE BRANCHES

Los Angeles, J. B .-- "I wired that I was sending \$500. However I didn't like the zero on the scoreboard, so added \$50. Now we are over the top. Of course we don't intend to stop there. More will be coming soon. We were very glad to hear word from Jim. Knowing that our imprisoned comrades have such excellent morale, we can go about our work with greater confidence and energy.'

Boston, M. L .--- "Enclosed is a money-order for some of the accompanying let thirty-five dollars. This makes the total Boston has sent in so far \$17 over our quota. We are San Francisco: "Enclosed find going to send in more shortly."

> New Haven, G. D .- "Enclosed you will find a money-order for \$15. This is to be added to our quota. We intend to make it at least 200%."

> Milwaukee, A. S .- "The enclosed money order brings our total to \$35. We feel that going over our quota is no great achievement in the light of the hard work and huge goals of the other branches. The reason we have been able to go "over" is because we got \$2 from a friend from Latin America, \$5 from another friend, and so forth. It is a pleasure to open The Militant each week and see the rapid rise of the thermometer indicating the response of the comrades."

Akron, D. S .- "The enclosed \$20 raises the Akron thermometer to the 72% mark. Three of our local pledges are now fulfilled."

WATCH FOR ANNOUNCEMENT

Out Soon. . .

SECOND LARGE EDITION OF

SOCIALISM ON TRIAL

Historic Testimony at Minneapolis Trial By JAMES P. CANNON

re I SCC	DKERU	DARD		Profiteers	Haul In
t	Quota	Paid	Percent	Their Big	gest Loof
New Haven	50.00	90.00	180		
San Francisco	1,000.00	1,450.00	145	(Continued from page 1)	a refund expected to total over
Milwaukee	25.00	35.00	140	passed that figure but is making	
Quakertown	25.00	32.00	128	new billionaires as well.	The biggest haul of all co from the so-called "depreciation
os Angeles	2,000.00	2,137.16	107	CONCEALED PROFITS	"post-war losses" and "tax
Boston	300.00	317.00	106	These official figures, however,	fund" reserves, which are actu
Suffalo	300.00	307.50	103	tell only a small part of the war-	disguised profits. By the end
an Diego	100.00	100.00	100	profits story. The foxy corpora-	this year, these reserves will t
Allentown	25.00	25.00	100	tions have been paying out only	26 billion dollars. By the end
win Cities	1,000.00	1,000.00	100	a portion of their profits now.	1945, according to Under Se
oledo	100.00	100.00	100	On the side they have been cul-	tary of War Patterson, they
Detroit	2,000.00	2,008.00	100	tivating a huge melon of undi- vided profits, to be cut up after	total 45 billions. Some estimation
lew York	2,500.00	2,504.75	100	the war. This has grown to over	go as high as 70 billions.
Flint	100.00	100.00	100	12 billion dollars and is expected	Add to this sumptuous pro
eading	75.00	68.00	91	to total 22 billions by the end of	Teas, the windped cream on
lewark	300.00	260.00	87	1944. The Securities and Exchange	in executive corporation salar
Iembers-at-large				Commission recently reported that	In the "normally" \$5,000 to \$
and friends	800.00	647.75	81	corporation owners now have 33	000 annual salary class, acco
kron	200.00	145.00	73	billion dollars in liquid assets.	ing to Patterson, big increa
oungstown	200.00	135.00	68	Then there is the item of hidden	are a "very common thing."
hicago	2,000.00	1,281.13	64	profits reflected in private in-	the bosses don't have to get
eattle	1,000.00	535.00	54	vestments for new plants and	U.I.I. UI UIIO II UII
leveland	200.00	100.00	50	equipment amounting to more	- Oronouro
t. Louis	100.00	50.00	50	than 5 billion dollars. The gov-	Indub a granpor
ayonne	300.00	122.00	41	ernment has turned over to the control of the corporations 14 bil-	Timerican 2.8 -
ast Chicago	100.00	35.00	35	lion dollars worth of new plants	getting out of this war. It provided their golden opportu
Philadelphia	150.00	24.50	16	and equipment. The corporations	
ochester	50.00	0	0	are taking over outright owner-	in history.
		<u> </u>		ship of these through generous	
TOTAL	.s	13,609.79	91%	tax amortization provisions, or	C II D
				have exclusive options which will	
the second s				enable them to buy up the plants	
			U	dirt cheap after the war.	tic, La.) told reporters, on Ja
•	Los Angel	es		REFUNDS AND RESERVES	27, why poll-taxers fight a fe
·	Ŭ		11	While the corporations are try-	
SCHOOT	OF SOCIA	IT. SCIEN	NCE	ing to secure "rich men's relief"	
SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE				from taxation, they will be re-	
4 New Courses!			funded after the war, through a		
			loop-hole provision in the federal		
	uesdays Beginning F			tax laws, as much as a 13 per cent of their excess profits taxes,	
	OF THE PERMAN		TION	cent of their excess profits taxes,	
Lecture	r: Murry Weiss — Ti	me 8:00 P. M.			
AN INTROI	DUCTION TO POLIT	ICAL ECONOM	Y		
Lecturer: James Dall — Time 9:10 P. M.			Saturday Nich	t, February 5 Is	
-		X 1.0	~	Buturuuy migh	o, 1 containing o
	Thursdays Beginning				TO NECKIM
	SS STRUGGLE IN V		C III		IR NIGHT
Lecturer	: Frank Graves — T	ime 8:00 P. M.			
PROBLEMS AND PROSPECTS OF THE				at	
AMERICAN LABOR MOVEMENT Lecturer: Janet Bowers — Time 9:10 P. M.				CENTRAL BRANCH, LOCAL NEW YORK	
				Come up and Do Your Stuff!	
ONE DOLLAR EACH COURSE			Refreshments - Danc	ing - Amazing Talent	
Make Your Reservations Now — at					
232 So. HILL ST., ROOM 201 PHONE VANDYKE 7936				116 UNIVERSITY PLA	ACE, NEW YORK CITY

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

a refund expected to total over \$ om page 1) e but is making billion dollars.

> The biggest haul of all comes from the so-called "depreciation," 'post-war losses" and "tax refund" reserves, which are actually disguised profits. By the end of this year, these reserves will total 26 billion dollars. By the end of 1945, according to Under Secretary of War Patterson, they will total 45 billions. Some estimates go as high as 70 billions.

Add to this sumptuous profits and is expected feast the whipped cream on top. ns by the end of of the cake-the enormous rise es and Exchange in executive corporation salaries. tly reported that In the "normally" \$5,000 to \$50,rs now have 33 000 annual salary class, accordliquid assets. ing to Patterson, big increases he item of hidden are a "very common thing." And the bosses don't have to get the in private innew plants and O.K. of the War Labor Board inting to more either.

ollars. The gov-That's a glimpse of what ned over to the American Big Business has been getting out of this war. It has porations 14 bilh of new plants provided their golden opportunity for the greatest piratical looting The corporations outright ownerin history.

Senator Overton (Democratic, La.) told reporters, on Jan. 27, why poll-taxers fight a federal soldier ballot: "Let's be frank. . . Down in

the Solid South we've got to retain our state voting qualifications to preserve white supremacy."

AMATEUR NIGHT

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1944





The Burial of the Communist Party

By David Ransom _

The dissolution of the Com-1 As for Roosevelt, whom the munist Party does not mean that Stalinists put forward as the great burg by Junker hirelings of the the Stalinists are going to stop American leader, every Negro betraying the struggle of the knows that Roosevelt has refused Negro people. Just as, in order to to speak out in behalf of anti- comes at a time when the Gerbring about "national unity," the poll tax and anti-lynch legisla-Stalinists are opposed to an in- tion. Roosevelt matches his cyndependent struggle by the work- ical deeds with equally cynical tile to Hitler's regime as they ers to oust the capitalists from words. While Browder claims the were to the Kaiser's in 1917-18. power, so too, they oppose any in- capitalists are ready to grant radependent and militant action on cial equality right now, their the part of Negroes to win their spokesmen are a bit more truthful democratic rights. Just a few weeks ago, Roosevelt

Earl Browder made this crystal who heads the capitalist govern clear in his Madison Square Gar- ment and therefore speaks in the den speech a few weeks ago. Ac name of the whole ruling class, draw upon in the revolutionary cording to Browder the same cap- said that for Negroes to expect italists who are going to give the | full equality now would be to ex workers a world free of war, fas-

cism, and unemployment are also going to grant the Negro people says Browder, are going to be in the forefront to help bring this

miracle about. The Negro people, warns Browder, must not disrupt "national unity" in order to win their democratic rights. They must not find an economic foundation to be "rash and reckless in the the national unity within the daunt revolutionists. When World choice of means in the fight." United States. Such foreign Above all the Negro people must markets are unthinkable except not follow the example of the March-On-Washington

Why does Browder take time out to slander the March-On-Washington and announce that the Stalinists will remain opposed to any such organization? Because tional and social liberation. They the March-On-Washington originally taught Negroes that the only exploitation by Anglo-American way to wring even the smallest concession from the government "national unity" means the creawas by creating their own mass tion of a world colonial empire organizations which would carry for on an unrelenting struggle for ism. equality.

Browder is interested in seeing Stalin's collaboration with Churchthat the American capitalists | ill and Roosevelt. Stalin is ready aren't disturbed in their war for to betray the struggle of the Amermarkets and profits. He there-ican workers and the colonial fore advises the Negro people to masses of the world in order to rely on the government and the preserve the power of the degen-Republican and Democratic par- erate Soviet bureaucracy he repties to grant them equality.

The Stalinists, he boasts, "have consistently advised only the most deal with his capitalist allies beorderly, unified, calm, and well cause he fears any mass upheaval considered forms of political might encourage the Soviet workstruggle well established in Amer- ers to unseat the parasitie clique ican democratic procedure." Brow- which has usurped power in the er finishes off this program of USSR. betraval with a lie. "These measures," he says, "are proving in-

creasingly effective." Now if there is one thing that Negro masses are primarily inthinking Negroes are agreed upon terested in shaking off the capitoday, it is the fact that the capitalist parasites and their Jim talists, the government, and the Crow system. And events are two major political parties const teaching them, in spite of the lies titute the major obstacle in the of Browder and Company, that path of the Negro fight to become the only way to win full democa first-class citizen.

The Negro is well aware workers and take the economic

The twenty-fourth anniversary of the assassination of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxem-German Social Democracy man people are as bitterly hos-

These two outstanding German Marxists bequeathed a magnificent heritage to the German workers which they will surely struggles ahead.

Karl Liebknecht's giant stature pect the millennium. was first shown by his leadership Not content with betraying 13 of the struggle against capitalist full equality. And the Stalinists, million Negroes at home the militarism. In 1906 he delivered Stalinists are ready to help Wall to the Socialist Youth organiza-

Street exploit the hundreds of tion a series of lectures on his millions of colonial peoples views; for their subsequent throughout the world. Says publication, he was sentenced to Browder, "Without foreign 18 months in the Kaiser's markets there is no possibility to prisons. But imprisonment does not

under stable conditions, without Social Democratic party's Reichinternational and civil wars of stag group, to which he belonged. major proportions."

In plain words this means the colored masses of Asia and Africa to his principles; at the Decemmust give up the struggle for namust submit peacefully to joint capitalism. Among other things tional socialism. With Rosa American monopoly capital-

These are the real fruits of resents. And this time Stalin is

But although the Stalinists are eady, as Browder put it, to shake hands with J. P. Morgan, the

refugee at the age of 18, she

Liebknecht And Luxemburg-Martyred Socialist Leaders

By Ruth Johnson

Three Imprisoned Union Leaders



Emil Hansen, Edward Palmquist, and Claren ce Hamel, organizers for Minneapolis Truckdrivers Union Local 544-CIO, photographed in Minneapolis headquarters of the Socialist Workers Party shortly before they were imprisoned in Sandstone penitentiary.

Joseph Gilbert, Famous Minnesota Fighter For Free Speech, Salutes 18

The following expression of solidarity with the 18 Minneapolis labor prisoners was written by Joseph Gilbert, who as organizer for the Non-Partisan League was framed up three times in cases involving free speech during the First World War. Together with Arthur C. Townley, Non-Partisan League President, Gilbert served twelve months in prison on one conviction, and then served three months on another, conviction.

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY

919 Marquette, Minneapolis, Minnesota

Dear Friends:

the following picture:

jumped. For the first 11 months

of 1943 - the latest period cov-

ered by Department of Labor

statistics - Canada had 448

strikes, in which 201,036 quit

their jobs for 962,400 man-days."

(N. Y. World-Telegram, Feb. 1.)

under a labor draft program

which is proposed by many as a

"model" for drafting the Ameri-

can workers. Each year has seen

new regulations for civilian

mobilization to put "teeth" into

these attempts to enslave the

Canadian workers and slash more

deeply into their standards of liv-

ing. The increase in the strike

struggles testifies eloquently to

the stubborn resistance of Can-

Canada has a "cost of living

which the workers are presum-

adian labor.

Canada has been operating

Enclosed is a dollar to pay for the ticket you sent me for the dinner in honor of the 18 martyrs in the Minneapolis case. It is only the infirmities of an advanced age that prevents my being present.

The value of the work in which you are engaged and for which these 18 now have to pay the penalty, lies in the fact that you are doing all within your power to enlighten the working class to a realization of their real interests in society, and the particular value attached to your martyrdom in this instance is that it serves to uncover the hypocrisy of those who lay so much stress upon our democracy and freedom.

As I have stated before, I do not agree with the tactics pursued by your organization, but at the same time I admire your courage as I also deplore your judgment and discretion.

The plutocracy against whom you contend consists of an agreeable, astute, forcible, self-confident, and when hardpressed, unscrupulous people, who will stop at nothing they deem necessary to retain their power and privilege. The courts

Argentina Submits Under U. S. Economic Pressure

By A. Roland

Argentina has finally yielded | a distinct threat to Argentine to the tremendous pressure domination.

exerted on it by the "Colossus of | The economies of the United he North." The Ramirez regime States and Argentina are compehas been forced to break off titive rather than complementary. diplomatic relations with the Axis Argentine grains and meats have powers. This will no doubt be fol- always gone to Europe, particulowed by measures demanded by larly to England. Even in the American capitalism to bring the midst of the world war, the Unrichest and most advanced nation ited States did nothing to open in South America into line with its market to Argentina. The the other Latin American coun- North American market is restries. erved for United States farmers

There are certain analogies be- and cattle raisers. This fact ween the present situation and caused the Argentine ruling class that which existed in the first to avoid coordination with US World War. The moment the plans in the war as long as it United States entered the war in dared. Despite all the pressure 1917, it proceeded to exert pres- exerted by Roosevelt and Hull, sure on Argentina to take an Argentine business prospered active part on the side of the under the impetus of the war. Only when it became clear that Allies. But the land of the Germany was being driven to the pampas was then solidly in the grip of the great landowners wall, when Washington threatenwhose estates rival the smaller ed an economic blockade and the kingdoms of Europe. These land Argentine landowners began to barons felt that their interests feel that their prosperity might were best served by neutrality. be short-lived, did they finally yield reluctantly. They had no particular love for the Yankee imperialist who sought U. S. DEMANDS to steer the Argentine into the orbit of United States finance States imperialism make on its capital. These estancieros resisted southern neighbor? . These can be

Il attempts to drag the country readily determined by the resoluinto the war, even when the tions and agenda of the various United States sent a meaningful Pan-American Conferences. In squadron of three cruisers to January 1942 there took place the third meeting of the foreign min-Buenos Aires.

ECONOMIC PRESSURE Except as a final resort that

method of "persuasion" need not formation on "undesirable alibe used by the U.S. which today ens," the control of exports to dominates the whole world conserve basic and strategic matthrough its unrivalled machinery erials, control of all alien comof production. Argentina as a mercial and financial activities semi-colonial, though independent, "prejudicial" to the "welfare of country which fits into world the American Republics," the economy as a producer of wheat closing of all telephonic and teleand corn and cattle, can be readily graphic and radio communicasubjected to economic pressure. tions with the "aggressors." Its economy requires large export Argentina again refused to acmarkets and hence is quite cept the demands made at the vulnerable in time of war. The Rivera, Uruguay Conference in September, 1942. These called North American capitalists aim to defeat Germany not only by the use of armies and navies, but also by cutting off every source ments for non-South American of food supplies and raw materials. The Argentine upper class, on the other hand, wished to keep all avenues open for its enrichment. It continued to send wheat and meat to Spain, a country still trading with Germany. Argentina harbored agents of the Axis, not only for spying on the United Nations, but also to secure every material that might find its way to Hitler. Thus Argentine interests bought up the entire leashed by the war are exerting quinine crop of Bolivia for ship- themselves on all countries. ment abroad.

for the exchange of information about all travellers, special docutravellers, special frontier zones for all travellers to pass through, compulsion on all travel agencies to check the documents of travellers, similar compulsion on all hotels, the immediate registration of all foreign residents. It is clear that the United States is making tremendous inroads into the sphere of the "sovereignty' of the South American countries. The tremendous forces un-Since the entire world economy To pay for its necessary im- is involved no country can escape

the Axis

What demands does United

isters of the Americas, in Rio de

Janeiro. Here all but Argentina

and Chile agreed to exchange in-

ports of fuel, lubricants, textiles, the effects of the war. Each one chemicals, tractors and other is pulled willingly or unwillingly

War I broke out, Liebknecht was a member of the Reichstag. The opportunistically supported the war. But Liebknecht held true ber 2, 1914 session, he broke discipline and voted against war

credits, thereby taking his place amongst the leaders of internatactics. Luxemburg. Clara Zetkin and Franz Mehring, he founded "Die of the German revolutionists.

At the magnificent May Day demonstration he organized in Berlin in 1916, Liebknecht denounced the imperialists and called upon the German prole- Berlin. One of the very first acts tariat to fight against its main of the revolutionary masses was enemy-the capitalist class-at to throw open the prison gates home. He was arrested, given a for Liebknecht and Luxemburg. secret trial, and sentenced to The Social Democratic traitors ready to go all the way in his four and a half years' imprison- tried to persuade the Kaiser to

> **ROSA LUXEMBURG** gifted writer, theoretician and

the cause of socialism. She secured German citizenship, and fought, within the German Social Democracy, the growing reform-

Bolsheviks as an opposition to the Russian Revolution. This is false. It was as one of them that she criticized some of their The most vicious lie is that

spread by the Stalinists, who Internationale," first illegal organ have tried to depict her as an enemy of communism.

THE GERMAN REVOLUTION In 1918 came the revolt of the Kiel sailors and soldiers of remain to the last. Failing to save the monarchy, they then strained

all their efforts to establish a Rosa Luxemburg, fiery orator, bourgeois republic. They hated and feared Bolshevism above activist, conquered physical everything else. They particularly frailty to become one of the feared the Spartakus Bund or greatest of revolutionists. Born ganized in 1918 by Liebknecht in Czarist Poland, a political and Luxemburg, which came out as an independent party with the devoted her tremendous talents to slogan "All Power to the Workers' Councils.

Conscious of the work that had to be done, of the pressure of ist tendencies, the revisionism of time, Liebknecht and Luxemburg racy is to join with the white the Bernsteinists. Understanding began with feverish haste to orthe problems and strategy of the ganize. Rosa edited Rote Fahne

(Red Banner) and wrote

the government has refused to and political power away from heed the pleas of Negro leaders Big Business

to abolish discrimination in the armed forces and in industry. they need a working-class party Such people as Walter White, that struggles for socialism and head of the NAACP, A. Phillip the democratic rights of all war in 1914 by calling upon Ger- rapidly. The advanced workers Randolph, William Hastie and a oppressed peoples at home and host of others have said publicly, abroad. That is the program of time and time again, that depend- the Socialist Workers Party ing on the good will of the Gov- which fights to end capitalism ernment will get the Negro peowith its inevitable wars, fascism, ple exactly nowhere. and racial oppression.

PIONEER PARAGRAPHS SEGREGATION IS ONE OF MOST VITAL ISSUES FACING NEGROES

The issue of segregation is in | to secede from the Democratic many respects the most import- Party when there is talk of endant one facing the Negro today. ing or altering the system of Revolution. She burned with insegregation. It is the last and strongest line

of defense of those who want to keep the Negro down, the stronghold from which a thousand types of discrimination can be launched. who like his colleagues Rankin glory of the Democratic Party, and who claims to be a representative of the Negro people not terests are the same and they only in Chicago but in the whole United States, recently declared their common conditions. that such issues as segregation "fade into insignificance in the light of the bigger questions raised by this war. America's enemies now are the foes of all minorities."

\$

But flag-waving won't solve the problems of the Negro people and it won't change the mind of a single one of their enemies. For on this one issue there is a re* markable unanimity among all leaders of Southern ruling . class thought - both openly reactionary and "liberal." The demagogues like Rankin, Talmadge and Dixon rave and rant and threaten civil war at the very prospect of any breaches in the wall of segregation; they don't like it but they don't object too strenuously when Negroes in the South get jobs which were always closed to them before, because this helps to win the war which they believe is being fought to save "the white man's civilization"; but they declare their readiness even

workers' movement, she saw in the general strike and in the Rus- program, in complete agreement They will learn that to do this

The truth is that all Southern

capitalists and their "liberal"

sian revolution of 1905 the with the program of Lenin and vitality and strength of the Trotsky, for the German Commasses. She met the outbreak of munist Party. But events moved man workers to refuse to shoot were pressing forward. The Gerdown their French brothers. Like man Communist Party, just grow-Liebknecht, she was imprisoned. ing out of the Spartakus group, was not yet strong enough to take But Rosa never wasted time. She was able even in prison to power. smuggle out articles for "Die

The Social Democracy in charge Internationale." She also wrote of the government did everything the famous "Junius" pamphlet, in its power to crush the revocirculated throughout Germany, lution in infancy. Leaflets were explaining that the victory of circulated demanding the death either side-German or Alliedof Liebknecht and Luxemburg, would necessarily lead to another large rewards were offered for world slaughter, and that only their capture. On January 15th the masses could end the scourge twenty-four years ago, the two of war. revolutionists were arrested and

In prison Rosa received the assassinated. great news of the Russian

dignation over the Brest-Litovsk on in the hearts of the masses the Bolsheviks. She accused the taught, have been forgotten. The oppressors of the Negro people. spired her. Enemies of the Rus- and so many other martyrs of in strike struggles of the fraud. and Bilbo believes in the greater Once the wall separating them sian Revolution have tried to the international working class Canadian workers who are tryconstrue her criticism of the heroically gave their lives.



and government officials generally are but commissioners to carry out the will of this ruling class. You need not have expected any other result in your case than what has occurred.

May you be enabled to carry on the fight against this plutocracy in the days to come, fortified and strengthened by your experience, so that when the time arrives, which it surely will, when Labor discards the fake leaders who are no longer able to help or satisfy them, they will give heed to the teachings of those of their class who possessed greater foresight and the courage of their convictions to guide them in their great extremity.

I salute you, harbingers of a brighter day that is soon to dawn upon a suffering humanity.

Fraternally, JOSEPH GILBERT

War-Time Strikes in Canada Increase Luxemburg and Liebknecht live Sharply Despite Forced Labor Draft

Canada is frequently cited in ably compensated for any price peace forced by Germany upon Neither they, nor the lessons they the American press as a model increases. The strike struggles to follow in wartime legislation. in Canada provide proof that this aspiration they feel the pro-war "socialists" of their mighty German proletariat will Canada, we have been told among this law in reality acts as a legal rivalry of the Northern Colossus agents stand so firmly on this responsibility, their degrading testify to that when it again rises other things, has allegedly had cover for keeping the wages fro-Yet the only Negro member of issue because once segregation is submission to the Junkers. The against its oppressors to win the great success in preventing in- zen. It is a Canadian version Congress, William L. Dawson, ended, all else is lost for the Russian Revolution deeply in- socialist future for which these flation. But the constant increase of Roosevelt's "price-fixing"

> To combat the rising miliing to maintain their living tancy of the Canadian workers standards tell a different story. further legislation is being envis-Thus, an Ottawa dispatch paints aged. The above-cited dispatch states: "During recent weeks fed-"In 1940, for instance, the Domeral and provincial authorities nion had only 168 strikes, inhave been working on a new lavolving 60.619 workmen, for a bor code to regularize legislaloss of 266,318 man-days. Each tion." year since then the figures have

farm machinery, Argentina must | into the orbit of one or the other acquire foreign exchange by of the two rival camps of impermeans of its own exports. Besides | ialism, or into the sphere of inthis there are enormous sums to fluence of the Soviet Union. be paid out to foreign investors, Neutrality is not possible, partic-Argentina being a fertile field for ularly for countries like Argen-British and American finance tina which are sources of tremcapital. The foreign investments endous food supplies and raw in the Argentine amount to well materials. In resisting the pull over two billion dollars. Since of the United States, Argentina Argentina refused to do the bid- was drawn towards ding of America, she was powers. Its break with the Axis discriminated against in every powers will now draw it further. way possible. Permits for the and further into the Allied camp. The impact of the war strikes shipment of machinery were issued only after great delay. Argentina at a time when the in-Shipping was not allocated in ternal economy of that country sufficient quantity. Direct lend- is undergoing great changes. The grip of the old landowning seclease was refused.

to Vargas.

tion of the ruling class, the "200 The United States played also is being loosened. families," Argentina is undergoing the n the fears of the so-called 'Yankees of South America." same struggle between the rising The ruling class of Argentina, a industrialists and the declining country of thirteen million peoland barons that took place so ple, has pretensions to the role much earlier in the more adof leader of their continent. In vanced countries. This war has accelerated the processes that began in the first world war. and also the nearer rivalry of

The internal struggle is re Brazil. Thus the top strata of flected also in the regime and in Argentine society were greatly its foreign policy. This aspect of alarmed at the military aid given the Argentine situation has made it appear that the United States They were incensed also by the opposes a reactionary regime and attempt to pull Paraguay away. favors a more liberal one. Nothfrom Argentine influence. Every- ing could be further from the thing that passes in or out of truth. One need only look at Paraguay must go through the Vargas in Brazil or Batista in hands of Argentine transportation Cuba or at any other of the Lacompanies. The Argentines levy tin-American dictators supported tribute on all of Paraguay's by/this country to see that Washmports and exports. Hence ington's policies in Latin America Argentine capitalists could not are dictated not by consideration view indifferently the action of for democracy but by the deter-



READ 'THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL' **Buy THE MILITANT** SOUTH JAMAICA, N. Y. from H. L. ROBERTSON 108-49 New York Blvd. M. O'GORMAN 110-59 New York Blvd.

pages 12-13, published by Pioneer Publishers, 1943, 16 pages, 5c. Order from Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Pl., N. Y. 3, N.Y.)

FOUR-

Rich Socialites Given

Priority Over Wounded

Millionaire socialites and wealthy real-estate and

business interests won another skirmish in their war

to make the world safe for profiteering parasites when

Lt. Gen. Brehon Somervell recently ordered the

evacuation on March 31 of almost 800 battle-wounded

soldiers from the Breakers Hotel, Palm Beach,

This \$50-a-day-per room luxury hotel had been

converted into a hospital, at a government expense

of almost \$300,000, to provide special treatment in

ideal climate for war victims suffering brain, spine,

But the swank idlers who need to recuperate from

the strain of hauling in war profits don't like their

nerve, eye and facial injuries.

THE MILITANT Published in the interests of the Working People VOL. VIII-No. 6 Saturday, February 5, 1944 Published Weekly by THE MILITANT PUBLISHING ASS'N at 116 University Place, New York 8, N. Y. Telephone: ALgonquin 4-8547

THE MILITANT follows the policy of permitting its contributors to present their own views in signed articles. These views therefore do not necessarily represent the policies of THE MILI-TANT which are expressed in its editorials.

FARRELL DOBBS, Editor

Subscriptions: \$2.00 per year; \$1.00 for 6 months. Foreign: \$3.00 per year, \$1.50 for 6 months. Bundle orders: 3 cents per copy in the United States; 4 cents per copy in all foreign countries. Single copies: 5 cents.

> Application for entry as second-class matter is pending.



To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of every class-conscious worker.

- LEON TROTSKY

JOIN US IN FIGHTING FOR:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions. Special officers' training camps, financed by the government but controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become officers.
- Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the army.
- **5.** Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces and the war industries-Down with Jim Crowism everywhere.
- 4. Confiscation of all war profits. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 5. A rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living.
- Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and fascist attacks.
- 7. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade Unions.
- 8. A Workers' and Farmers' Government
- 9. The defense of the Soviet Union against imperialist attack.

genuinely representative of the toiling people. By taking power on this program through their own revolutionary activity the Polish workers would weaken the entire imperialist system and thereby greatly aid the defense of the Soviet Union. They would deal a heavy blow to the reactionary schemes of Stalin, open new perspectives for the Soviet peoples, and pave the way for the revolutionary removal of the counter-revolutionary Kremlin gang who remain the foremost obstacle to the security and progress of the USSR.

In their struggle for such a free and independent Socialist Poland, the Polish workers and peasants will find powerful friends and allies, not in the Anglo-American capitalists or the Stalinist bureaucrats who threaten to replace the fascist oppressors, but among the insurgent masses of the rest of Europe. They would give a mighty impulse to the revolutionary struggle for the Socialist United States of Europe which is today the sole salvation of the European peoples.

Bankrupt Leaders

The recent meetings of the AFL and CIO Executive Boards serve again to sharply remind militant unionists thoughout the country of the utter bankruptcy of the official trade union leadership.

The AFL and CIO heads met in the midst of labor's most trying days. The industrial and banking masters, convinced by the coal strikes and the railroad crisis that Roosevelt's labor machinery is cracking, that Roosevelt is no longer able to keep the labor movement in check, has launched its labor-baiting campaign, designed to alter the present relationship of forces between labor and capital by housebreaking and throttling the labor movement. This campaign, already hitting on twelve cylinders, is assuming a truly ferocious and far-reaching character. Roosevelt, in his steady retreat before Big Business, has partly assumed direction of the anti-labor drive and is now pushing his military leaders to the fore to organize and rally public opinion behind the slave labor bill.

In this hour of crisis, the AFL and CIO heads, overwhelmed by events, could find nothing better to do than demonstratively issue a warning to their own memberships not to strike but to "religiously" observe and continue the no-strike pledge. They could offer no better program for labor in the face of the demonstrated anti-labor character of both political parties, than a continuation of Gomper's "company union" politics. The CIO, through Hillman's Political Action Committee, will mail a copy of its program to both old-line parties. What they will do when these two parties throw the CIO program into the waste basket, Hillman and Murray did not announce.

The Little Steel formula remains the yardstick for wages of labor despite AFL and CIO findings which show conclusively that the cost of living has risen over 43% since 1941 and despite the blows dealt this vicious formula by the coal miners and the railroad workers. The labor bureaucrats whine about wage freezing but they have resisted and continue to resist the organization of the most elementary labor unity for an effective fight to smash the Little Steel formula and to win wage increases that will allow labor to keep up with the rising cost of living.

The Stalinist finks, Curran, Bridges, Merrill and Emspak, are so brazenly anti-labor and



The columns are open to the opinions of the readers of The Militant. Letters are welcome on any subject of interest to the workers, but keep them short and include your name and address. Indicate if you do not want your name printed. - Editor.

Doctor Examines Medical Monopolists Editor:

large percentage of people either tance compared to the great cannot get satisfactory medical at- crimes committed by organized tention or have to mortgage all medicine in not furnishing even their belongings to get it.

I was very much interested to read the article in last week's a system of medical practice and Except for the poor of a few fight the medical and drug mon- education which is driving the of our great industrial centers, opolists are conducting against poorer people more and more out and even there care is inadequate, of the medical field, by the en- the poverty-stricken masses must any form of socialized medicine, tirely unjust and prejudiced mando without the doctor or beg since I myself as a physician ner of choosing students, which some local practitioner to help have received some of the exincludes strong anti-Semitism, them while they try to raise mo tremely reactionary literature prohibitive expense of medical ney with the great financial bur put out by the so-called National education, and the pyramiding of dens they have. Any prolonged Physician's Committee. years of training for specialties | illness, or one necessitating major This committee is supposedly a with practically no remuneration. surgery, often places a poor fam-

non-profit, non-political organiza-The vicious exploitation which is ily in dire financial straits for tion for maintenance of ethical practiced by using internes to and scientific standards and for staff hospitals without any pay extending medical service to all under extremely hard working he people. Actually, it is a vioconditions is a good example of lently reactionary group of medthe "individual enterprise" for cal men, who are interested not which this committee stands. in extendng medical service to

remedy the situation, but to fight all the people, but in continuing But the fact that the system of medicine in this country makes any attempts to change the stasystem of medical practice under which a certain favored it almost impossible for the son tus quo. group get monetary compensation of a worker to become a physician

all out of proportion to what any no matter how deserving or able

physician should get, while a he may be, is of minor impordecent medical care for a great They wish to continue in force proportion of the population.

many months and even years.

Organized medicine has been

aware of all this for many years,

but the purpose for organizing

medical groups aside from purely

scientific reasons. has been not to

A Physician

Washington, D. C.

exclusive resort filled up with "common" disfigured war veterans and the inconvenience of having to look for other winter playgrounds. The merchants and real estate interests, which have grown fat on this play-boy business, don't want their profitable resort trade to suffer because some ordinary soldiers have been so unfortunate as to stop a bullet or piece of shrapnel while fighting to protect the profits of the rich.

Florida.

So, through Senator Charles Andrews of Florida and Rep. Pat Cannon of the Palm Beach district, the plutocrats engaged in a high-pressure campaign on the War Department to remove the sick and injured soldiers and send them elsewhere-up to the wintry blasts of an Indiana hospital camp isolated in the sand dunes, for instance. On Jan. 10, Lt. Gen. Somervell obliged.

The Breakers Hotel is indirectly owned by the Florida East Coast Railroad, which is dominated by the Rockefeller and duPont interests. This railroad has inflated its profits from \$743,699 in 1939 to \$9,004,940 in 1943.

The War Department had been paying a tidy rental of \$250,000 a year for the Breakers. The hotel company, which has been trying to get the hotel back for the past year, is seeking to jack up the rent to a million dollars. This gave the pretext-such a big expense for treating ordinary war-injured, you know -for the War Dept.'s move to oust these battlebroken soldiers.

Roosevelt Letter Shows Who Are His Real Chums

War, it seems, nourishes the spirit of comradeship. There is the bond that grows between soldiers who face dirt and disease and death together. There is the class tie which grows stronger between workers in the factories, mines and shipyards as they battle together to defend their rights and conditions against war-bred speed-up and wage freeze.

But another and different type of comraderie has bloomed in this war. This is best exemplified by the hearty personal fellowship between President Roosevelt, that "friend of labor," and leading Big Business magnates.

Recently, for instance, Roosevelt became perturbed because his pal, Charles E. Wilson, executive vicechairman of the WPB and former General Electric president, wanted to leave his government post and resume more open activities as a leading representative of the war profiteers with GE. So the Chief Executive wrote to another pal, Gerard Swope, who has been occupying Wilson's former post with GE. and asked him as one chum to another to let Wilson stay on a few more months with the government. Naturally, Roosevelt's letter does not begin wit any such cold, formal salutations like "Dear Sir," or "My dear Mr. Swope." Just plain "Dear Gerard." Then Roosevelt goes on to explain that "Charlie" (Charles E. Wilson, to you) feels it "his duty" to return to his GE post, a feeling the sympathetic Roosevelt "can well understand," because Charlie "does not, in any way, want to interfere with his long career in the company." The letter goes on to recognize the "fine and necessary work" of Gerard Swope and Owen Young in taking over Charlie's job, and requests that GE permit Charlie to remain with the government "on the condition, of course, that you and Owen do not try to over tax your strength." A touching solicitude --somewhat absent from the administration's attitude to workers draining out their lives in war production speedup. When it comes to retaining the services of a big capitalist like Wilson, so essential according to Roosevelt for "this critical period," the Commander-inchief has to go begging to the corporations. But when Roosevelt, who once vowed to "drive the money changers from the Temple," wants to freeze workers to their jobs, he doesn't worry about "over taxing their strength" or asking their leave. He just advocates a national forced labor system.

Roosevelt Gives Signal For Drive Against Labor Unions

(Continued from page 1) which included withholding "from | Wall Street is preparing to chal- | ecute the leaders of the Socialist the union (by escrow in the case lenge the rights won by the Workers Party and the officials of checked-off funds) the benefits, privileges or rights accruing long period of years. A few days Union Local 544-CIO under the to it as such under the agreement after the open shop declaration Smith 'Gag" law. Events have or proposed agreement with the of the head of U. S. Steel, the confirmed the warning that employer." Acting under Roose- same poll-taxer Howard W. Roosevelt's frame-up of the Trotvelt's executive order, the War Smith, in his capacity as head skyist and Minneapolis truckdriv-Labor Board has just imposed a of the "Committee of the House er leaders would pave the way for fine on union members employed to Investigate Executive Agencies a campaign of repression directed at the Cramp shipbuilding yard of the Government," called upon against the entire labor moveat Philadelphia of "one month's Congress to deprive the War La- ment. Since the prosecution of the retroactivity on any wage adjustments granted in a dispute now maintenance-of-membership claupending.

OPEN-SHOP DRIVE

Roosevelt formerly employed The campaign against labor inthe device of encouraging the Not content to limit its campoll-taxers to advance the most itiated by Roosevelt has been paign to destroy the rights of laextreme proposals for repressive taken up directly by the employ- bor on the economic field of trade ers whose arrogance increases in union organization. Big Business action against the unions. The direct proportion to the intensity has directed an attack, through labor skates would then appeal to of Roosevelt's union smashing its mouthpiece Howard W. Smith, their friend and protector in the drive. Speaking before the Pitts- against the innocuous CIO Poli-White House who pretended he burgh Chamber of Commerce, tical Action Committee. Smith was having the greatest difficulty Benjamin F. Fairless, president of | charged that the CIO had viola- | in holding reaction at bay. Out of the United States Steel Corpora- ted section 9 of the Smith-Con- this carefully staged farce would tion, declared that, despite the nally anti-strike law by raising then come some rotten comproexistence of a maintenance-of- a fund of \$700,000 to be used in mise which the labor bureaucrats membership agreement with the 1944 Presidential election gratefully accepted as the lesser steel workers, the basic policy of campaign. The charges were in- evil. This continued until the U. S. Steel was that of the open cluded in a letter addressed to workers got fed up with Rooseshop. He informed his audience Attorney General Francis Biddle velt's promises and began to of dollar patriots: "Gentlemen, who ordered an immediate inves- move against his wage freezing our conviction is as firm today tigation. Smith demanded that program. When deception would as it ever was that the right to Philip Murray and other officers no longer work, Roosevelt diswork should not be dependent of the CIO be hailed before a carded his mask and now he has upon membership or non-mem-|"Federal grand jury forthwith, come out openly at the head of bership in any organization." - | with a view to the indictment the legions of reaction. N. Y. Times, Jan. 22. The head and prosecution of those engaged of the Ford Motor assembly plant in this conspiracy to control the at Edgewater, N. J., said his com- national elections of 1944. -It Is Time to Build pany was "ready and hoping for | Congressional Record, Jan. 13. a showdown" with the United Here again Smith follows in the An Independent Automobile Workers Union in a footsteps of the leader of his pardispute involving two company ty. Even before the entry of the stooges who were expelled from U.S. into the war it was Roosethe UAW. velt who instructed his Attorney

These are ominous signs that | General, Francis Biddle, to prosunions in bitter struggle over a of the Minneapolis Truckdrivers Trotskyists and their imprisonment the wave of reaction has assumed monstrous proportions.

SMITH ATTACKS CIO

bor Board of the right to impose ses in union agreements.

Program For Poland

In the current dispute over the Polish question public attention has hitherto been concentrated exclusively upon the views and proposals of the various governments involved. The Polish government-in-exile is working for the restoration of the old Polish borders and for the reestablishment of the regime of the capitalists, landlords and Catholic hierarchy. The fact that its cabinet, now includes people who call themselves "Socialists" does not change its reactionary aims and character. Under the hypocritical disguise of impartial champions of the small nations, Washington and London are privately prompting the refugee cabinet and supporting its aims. Stalin's government for its part has refused to recognize either the existence or the claims of the Polish government-in-exile and has fixed the Curzon line as the new Soviet-Polish border.

Not one of these powers has signified any intention of permitting the Polish people to determine their future. They propose to settle all questions solely through the reactionary methods of traditional power politics.

The Polish workers and peasants however have not suffered the horrors of the second imperialist war and fought against the Nazi beasts in order to pass under the yoke of any other dictatorship, whether it comes from the west through the restoration of the old regime backed by Anglo-Américan bayonets or whether it comes from the east in the person of the Bonapartist bureaucracy of Stalin. While the diplomats of the "United Nations" secretly dicker for the most advantageous terms, the Polish masses are waging their own independent fight for freedom against the national oppression of the Nazis and the social oppression of capitalism.

The Polish people don't want any more lords and masters over them. They want to decide for themselves what system of society and what kind of government they shall have. And, despite the conspiracies and deals between the capitalist powers and the Stalinist bureaucrats, the Polish workers and peasants will speak the last word on these vital auestions.

The only program capable of satisfying the urgent needs of the Polish masses, of bringing them the peace, freedom, prosperity they crave, is the program of the socialist revolution. They will have to expropriate the propertied classes, place industry under worker's control, give land to the peasants, have already demonstrated their will to struggle and create worker's, peasant's and soldier's councils unremittingly for their freedom from the hated as the basis for a Worker's and Peasant's Republic British rule.

anti-union as to hail Roosevelt's forced labor demand and the New York City CIO, under their control, took the occasion to pledge its support for a fourth term. The Stalinists have become so starkly reactionary, such "company union" men, that even case-hardened bureaucrats like Murray, Thomas and Carey had to call these finks to order.

To the militants throughout the labor movement the AFL and CIO Executive Council meetings spelled out this message: The Murrays, Thomases, Greens and Wolls have sold out irrevocably to the war machine. We must depend on our own efforts and forces to enforce a program of labor's economic and political independence.

India's Freedom

Lord Halifax, British ambassador to the United States, on Ian. 28-two days after India Independence Day-blandly informed a Washington audience that the British imperialists "were in fact applying the Atlantic Charter to India . . . long before the President and Mr. Churchill had their historic meeting." To this impudent and shameless lie, he added, "Nor is it true that Britain is in possession of India and finds her position there too pleasant or too profitable to abandon."

On the very day that Lord Halifax ladled out this hypocritical disclaimer, the N. Y. Times published a special cable from London reporting Secretary for India Amery's announcement to the House of Commons that 23,430 fighters for Indian freedom are confined in Britain's Indian prisons for violation of decrees issued against the India Congress Party. Among these are 7,667 members of the Congress Party, including almost its entire local and national leadership.

As Lord Halifax spoke, millions of Indian workers and peasants were dying of famine created by British rule. And the British government, which according to Churchill's spokesman finds Britain's position in India not "too pleasant or too profitable to abandon," is shipping food OUT of India and protecting the merchants and food profiteers who batten on the famine.

All its pious speeches, "charters" and gilded promises notwithstanding, British imperialism intends to retain its bestial grip on India. That grip will be broken only by the revolutionary action of the Indian workers and peasants themselves, who

A letter from Naples to Dr. for underground workers and longer and harder than ever after Max Ascoli. refugee anti-fascist £4 10s (\$18) for surface men. sleepless bomb-shattered nights. Italian professor now teaching in This is £1 less than the mini-which is resulting in ever lower New York, which was made pub-|mum which the miners have long|standards of work and production.

This is but the latest of a long gives a revealing eyewitness account of the conditions under series of militant strike strugare impelling the workers to turn have engaged for the past two vears. The British. like the toward social revolution. more serious problems. It is no The letter declares in part that American miners have taken the accident that German papers the food crisis increases daily, lead in fighting for the rights report German piece - workers with prices of the few products and conditions of the workers, slowing down as part of the fight left rising and the black market who have been subjected to heavagainst lowering wages, and note flourishing while the people suf- ier and heavier blows by the Churchill government and bosses. fer, protest and curse." "How is it," asks the writer, A major demand of the British that so much Allied flour is to miners is for nationalization of of, and in opposition to, the be found on the black market?" the coal industry. This demand representatives of the Arbeits-"In Naples everything is in the was ignored, of course, by the hands of the old fascist leaders capitalist government mediation and their satellites. The Allied board. Nevertheless, it is a de-Military Government is entirely mand which the miners are serisurrounded by old fascist ously pressing, through both

International

elements which form a gang of economic and political action. By fighting for this demand, they mutual support. "Because of the inflation, the seek to win a permanent solution

of starvation and the workers which epitomizes capitalist ansee thieves and pillagers be- archy of production, intensive ex- scious activity of German and forcoming rich and prosperous while ploitation of the workers and eign anti-Nazi workers has imthey starve. As a consequence, grand-scale war profiteering. since they feel that things could

not be worse than they are, they are turning to communism."

Over 20,000 British miners in disclosed in a report published by recognize the growing class war against the Nazi capitalist regime. ancashire, Staffordshire and the British International Trans-South Wales were reported out port Workers Federation, one of The German working c'ass is on strike last week as resentment the most powerful unions in Eng. preparing to lift its head and mounted high against a govern land. The report explains the fulfill its historic role as the ment mediation award of only intolerable fatigue gripping the mightiest force in the coming Eu- $\pounds 5$ (\$ 20) weekly minimum wages workers, now forced to work ropean socialist revolution.

Industrial Accident Toll Due to Capitalist Greed

Speed-up, hazardous methods, inadequate safety devices-all part of the bosses' drive for war profits -have caused industrial accidents which since Pearl Harbor have exacted the frighful toll of 37,600 dead workers, 210,000 permanently disabled and 4,500,000 temporarily injured.

According to the Office of War Information, which made public these figures on Jan. 20, this is 60 times the number of total casualties suffered by the entire American armed forces in this war. The industrial dead alone numbered 5,000 more than combat deaths.

The administration has been trying to incite the soldiers against the workers, claiming, among other lying propaganda, that the soldiers alone are facing injury and death while the workers are getting luxury wages without physical risk. In reality the profiteers are coining wealth out of the blood shed by the workers both on the assembly line and on the battle line.

Industrial accidents, with their high toll, are not exceptional to the war years. Actually, the war, just as it intensifies the inherent profit lust of the owning class, has intensified the huge peace-time accident toll, which annually numbered its victims in the millions. The workers have always paid with life and limb in the class war of the exploiters against the exploited.

lic in the Jan. 30 N. Y. Times, demanded. The report then states in part; "But the conscious resistance of entire groups of workers AMG rule in southern Italy that gles in which the British miners against this slave-driving confronts the dictatorship with much

that spokesmen for the workers get up in the factories and ask for higher wages independently

front.

"Against such resistance, the work engineers have to rely

upon the terror apparatus of Himmler.' But, states the ITWF report,

'the overworked terror apparatus now leaves loopholes." In a numfixed-income class is slowly dying to the problems of an industry ber of great factories, "the con-

peded production for a long time." From such brief reliable reports That the resistance of the Ger-

that have seeped through the two-fold barrier of Nazi and Alman workers to the Nazi slave labor regime is growing daily, is lied censorship, it is possible to

Labor Party Notes