Vol. XXIV - No. 13

222

NEW YORK, N. Y., MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1960

Price 10c

## South Africa Killings Met By Strikes

#### Racist Slaughter Horrifies World

As horror and indignation swept through many countries at the mass slaughter of South Africa's freedom fighters, Negro workers in the Capetown and Johannesburg areas, where the shootings took place, went out on strike.

"It was estimated that 50 to 90 per cent of the total labor force stayed away from work," the March 24 New York Times reported. "Among the industries crippled was a vast plant of the South African Iron and Steel Industrial Corporation at Vanderbijl Park '

Police in sound cars cruised through the Negro settlements urging a return to work.

#### Machine-Gun Fire

On two consecutive days-March 21 and 22 - police opened machine-gun and rifle fire on Negroes demonstrating in Langa, near Capetown, against white-supremacy laws. In these wanton attacks and the even bloodier one at Sharpville, near Johannesburg, the cops admit to killing 72 people and wounding 184. Unofficial estimates place the casualty figures much higher.

The Anglican Bishop of Johannesburg has charged that police used dum-dum bullets.

The slaughter was the answer of pro-apartheid officials to a "fill-the-jails" movement organized by the Pan-Africanist Congress, an offshoot of the

African National Congress. The demonstration was orpaign for abolition of the law ings. At a clubhouse maintained charge, spokesmen of the State requiring Negroes to carry passes at all times under penalty of arrest. The Pan-African- helmets and nine bayonets. This ist Congress called on the peo- is how one of the boys explained ple to go to the police stations the purpose of the club: "In case without their passes and sur- this country is invaded we would render to the cops for not car- have something to defend it rying them.

Too Many Babies?

# Still Waiting a Reply

By Joseph Hansen

Eighth in a series of articles.

The food explosion, whatever fears it may have aroused about our being suffocated by corn and wheat, intended victim! Is proof has proved how baseless were the fears of the Malthusians that the growth of population will eventually doom | Then read the next two parahumanity to famine. This may still be news to the modern graphs of the editorial: disciples of the gloomy parson of 1798. It is not news to Marxists, as the record will show.

Sometime in 1861-63 Karl Marx copied from the introduction to the "Orgin of Species" the following acknowledgment by Charles Darwin: "In the next chapter the Struggle for Existence amongst all organic beings throughout the world, which inevitably follows from the high geometrical ratio of their increase, will be treated of. This is the doctrine of Malthus, applied to the whole ani-mand for a negotiated bilateral mal and vegetable kingdoms." Commenting on this, Marx sugar treaty with the U.S. has an even greater catastrophe for with a single devastating sentence detached that portion of the parson's anatomy sticking above his starched collar:

"In his excellent work, Darwin did not see that his discovery of the 'geometrical' progression in the animal and vegetable kingdoms overturns Malthus' theory."

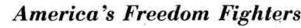
Marx then shook the parson gently to show that his to set sugar quotas unilaterally head had really been relieved of its customary connection: for foreign and domestic sup-

"Malthus' theory is based precisely on the fact that he opposed Wallace's geometrical progression of human beings to the chimerical 'arithmetical' progression of animals and plants. In Darwin's work, for example in his discussion of the extinction of species, we find a natural-historical refutation of the Malthusian theory, not only of its fundamental principle but also of its details."

This refutation, a century old, is, we see, of the same type we noted in the food explosion now worrying the Department of Agriculture - the facts demonstrate that danger our source of [sugar] the progression of animals and plants is not arithmetical supply." as the Bible student of 1798 imagined it to be.

On the level of theory, Frederick Engels had already Cooley (D-N.C.), chairman of 19. The reactionary United Na- against the 14 the party held in refuted Malthus years before the appearance of the "Origin | the House Agriculture Committional party won 50 of the 151 | the previous parliament. The of Species." In 1844, at the age of 24, he offered a solution tee, strongly opposes injecting seats, and its leader, Dudley LSSP was the only party to to the population-food riddle that still sounds completely modern. Let's give young Engels the floor. (As in the previous quotation, our source is the selections published by Ronald L. Meek under the title "Marx and Engels on Malthus.")

"[Under the competitive conditions of capitalism] a stage must ensue in which there is so much superfluous productive power in existence that the great mass of the nation has nothing to live on, so that people starve to death from sheer abundance. England has already been in this crazy situation, (Continued on Page 2)





Held in a stockade for parading against segregation in downtown Orangeburg, South Carolina, these college students waited several hours in 40-degree weather to be tried for "breach of peace." About 1,000 students from Carolina

**Shaped Nine** 

Young Boys

thinking of young people.

Residents of Yonkers, N. Y.,

have been given a taste of how

war propaganda can warp the

Nine boys, 13 and 14 years old,

war souvenirs, including flags,

State and Clafin Colleges participated in the orderly parade, March 15. When the cops couldn't stop the marchers with tear gas and fire hoses, they arrested some 450 of them. Later, buses took those unable to post bond to the state prison.

## How Cold War "News" Spills Beans Fight Continues On Anti-Castro Drive In Labor Party

By M. L. Stafford

point of view would be for

by Cubans to heave this

bum out. But just in case,

let's hope our State De-

partment is quietly under-

mining Castro, as the late

Secretary of State John Fos-

ter Dulles did successfully to

a Red government in Guate-

this public nuisance abated

somehow, as soon as pos-

Dobbs' Statement

way what is really afoot.

have to send in the Marines."

only come to the conclusion

that top circles in Washington

are really plotting an armed im-

perialist adventure in Cuba, in-

volving the use of American

"Such an attempt at counter-

(See editorial page 3.-

Just the Beginning

Two workers suffered an

reported by

troops.

tion in Korea.'

"The main thing is to get

mala in 1954.

counter-revolution staged

The real aim of the campaign | that could happen from our now being waged by the State Department and the majority of the incessant anti-Soviet coldthe American capitalist press against Cuba is a counter-revolution like the one engineered in Guatemala in 1954.

When the Cuban press or admitted to police that they had prominent members of the Casbeen smearing swastikas on churches and apartment build- tro government make this Department fly into an official by the boys, police found Nazi rage, shrieking that the United States is being "attacked" and that the charges "worsen" relations. The hypocrisy of this attitude can be judged from an editorial "The Nature of the Enemy" which appeared in the March 15 New York Daily News. cry for a counter-revolution,

"Whether he is a Commu- Farrell Dobbs, Socialist Worknist or only a prisoner of ers presidential nominee, obto express the opinion of this again from the false charges it reactionary sheet. "In the pro- makes against Castro. But in on Gaitskell's proposal to bancess, he is wrecking the once expressing hope that the cloak- ish socialism from the Labor excellent and mutually profitable relations between Cuba and the United States.'

#### Fascist Technique

This is the technique of fascist propagandists. Pin the blame for your crimes on the needed for such a conclusion?

"Of course, the best thing

## **New Sugar Bill** Aimed at Cuba

By Lillian Kiezel

The Cuban government's debeen rejected by the White the people of America than House and State Department. Truman's ill-advised interven-Instead, Pres. Eisenhower sent Congress a bill, March 16, that extends the present Sugar Act for four years. The law, in effect since 1934, empowers Congress

The Administration bill also contains a new clause asking Congress to grant the president emergency powers to cut foreign sugar quotas. At a news conference, March 17, Eisenhower insisted that the new clause would not be used to "punish" Cuba but is based on Cuba's current "activities" which might "en-

Others view the bill differentdiplomatic relations into the farm program, under which the sugar quotas fall.

Cooley said he believes the new clause might be used as a weapon of reprisal" against Cuba and that the Administration has asked "for any club to it anyone with."

Despite the campaign in many big business newspapers to "get doned this pretense. tough" with Cuba by cutting its (Continued on Page 4)

# Over Clause 4

By Murry Weiss

The deepening crisis in the over Clause Four of the party's constitution.

ownership of the decisive sec- Against Segregation. tions of the economy. For all ciples, it nevertheless does comgoal. This is exactly what the

toral defeat last October. All sections of the left wing. gue, opened a vigorous attack and-dagger section of the State party.

At the stormy March 16 meet Department is quietly blowing the taxpayers to a repetition of ing of the National Executive Committee of the Labor party. the foul business in Guatemala, pickets lobbied the committee the News indicated in its own demanding that its members stand firm in defense of Clause "Another indication appeared Four. The Newsletter, weekly in the March 14 New Leader. journal of the Socialist Labor Harry Schwartz, who enjoys a League, reports, March 19, some reputation for accurate reportof the responses to the lobbying in the New York Times, ing which was conducted by wrote in an article on Cuba SLL members, trade-union that dispatches from Washingbranch delegates, representaton 'tell of Government officials tives of constituency Labordebating whether the U.S. won't party organizations and members of the Victory for Social-"With such evidence we can

ism group. "I'm with you on this," Frank Cousins, general secretary of the 1,300,000-strong (Continued on Page 4)

### revolution would prove to be Readers Back Oregon Strike

Unionists at the strike-bound Portland Oregonian and Oregon Journal are making significant headway with a door-to-door "cancel your subscription" camoverdose of radiation at an paign. More than 9,000 cancelatomic energy center near Paris lations have been obtained since March 15. It was the first such the papers combined and began the running in scab editorial and Byrd (Va.), architect of "masprinting help five months ago.

### Two Capitalist Parties Win Ceylonese Elections

only through the support of the guage parity for both groups.

Lanka Sama Samaja (Ceylon group, won 15 seats.

Two capitalist parties share | Equality) party, which adheres a majority of seats in the Cey-lonese parliament as a result of suffered a setback in the elecy. Representative Harold D. the general elections held March tions, winning ten seats as

Great Ceylon Freedom party, A vote-catching coalition, deder the late Premier Bandar- Philip Gunawardena won ten that presented the now wateredanaike, but has since aband- seats. The Communist party ob- down "official" version of the tained three seats. The Federal civil-rights bill. The revolutionary-socialist party, a conservative Tamil

Senanayake, has been appointed champion the unity of the Sin- hort, Agriculture Committee halese-speaking majority and chairman Allen J. Ellender He will be able to maintain the Tamil-speaking minority in (La.), will have much to say control in parliament, however, the country. It favored lan- about giving the State Departwhich won 46 seats. This party scribed as a "popular front" of committee chairmen are simisplit from the UNP in 1951. It Marxists and Buddhist priests, larly relied on for key legislamasqueraded as "socialist" un- put together by ex-Trotskyist tion by the same Administration

> The services of the filibusterers, however, are also in state supreme court.

# Negro Sit-Ins Spread Despite Fines, Jailings

### Integration **Battle Stirs Campuses**

"A wave of concern for Southern Negro college students is stirring campus after campus in the North," reported the March 20 New York Times. Surveying student actions at 18 major Northern universities and colleges, the Times found that the issue has aroused students as had few others.

The paper's observation that "there is a quality of inven-tion to their work" was illustrated at Bennington College in Vermont where 20 girls staged a two-hour sit-down at Woolworth lunch counter, refusing to buy anything.

At Skidmore College in Saratoga Springs, N. Y., 200 placardcarrying girls and 20 faculty members marched through the town March 22. The following day seven students picketed the local Woolworth's but were hauled off to police headquarters where the police chief threatened to arrest them if they continued picketing. The indignant girls refused to give him their names and were taken back to the college.

In New York, 300 joined the British Labor party has found third picket line called by the its focal point in the struggle Youth Committee for Integration at the Woolworth store on Thirty-fourth Street, and in Clause Four formulates the Philadelphia picketing was consocialist objective of the Labor tinued by more than 100 supparty, calling for the public porters of the Youth Committee

Meanwhile, the New England its vagueness and inadequacy as NAACP scheduled Saturday a statement of socialist prin- picket lines for every state in the area except Vermont where mit the party to a socialist there is no branch. And in New York the city council of the right-wing bureaucrats of the Negro American Labor Council Commenting on this ominous party, headed by Hugh Gait- called upon the unions of the skell, proposed to scuttle shortly city to give active support to dred, from Young Socialist, P.O. after the Labor party's electronal defeat last October. The Southern fighters for equal Box 471, Cooper Station, New to develop "hostile sentiment" York 3, N. Y.

### NAACP Calls for Nationwide **Boycott of Dime-Store Chains**

By Harry Ring

MARCH 24 - Now entering its eighth week, the lunch-counter integration battle continues to spread in the South despite a mounting campaign of jailings and stiff fines by racist authorities.

Meanwhile, the 350,000-mem-Meanwhile, the 350,000-member National Association for the Advancement of Colored Peo-Wilkinson in ple issued a call March 17 for a nation - wide boycott of the Woolworth, Kress, Kresge and Court Appeal Grant chain stores. NAACP attorneys have mapped legal strategy for coping with the mass arrests in the South, and the organization has pledged to defend each victim of Southern

#### Memphis Struggle

In Memphis and other areas, the student-inspired integration movement is being taken up by the entire Negro community.

Memphis had its first sitdown tee to Preserve American Freeast Friday when 12 youths took doms. He was convicted of seats at a downtown dime-store "contempt of Congress" after lunch counter. They left quietly he had refused on First-Amendwhen the manager closed the ment grounds to answer the entire store, but the integration committee's stock question, targets were quickly broadened. (Continued on Page 4)

### Special Roundup On Rights Fight

four pages to its March issue in

in many cities. Copies may be obtained for ten cents each, or \$7.00 a hun-

order to give full coverage to

the student struggle against Jim The special eight-page edition though the committee members carries stories and photographs did not even try to establish

## to rally public opposition to the The Young Socialist has added probing for "communist infil-

of the sit-ins and of the picketing that he had any knowledge of

hearing, which was supposedly tration" of Southern industries. He was immediately subpoenaed, the ACLU said, even though he had never been in the South previously, and

A new effort to curb the

House Un-American Activities

Committee in its uncontrolled

attacks on constitutional free-

doms is being made by the American Civil Liberties Union,

which has asked the Supreme

Court to review the case of

Frank Wilkinson, one of the com-

Los Angeles Citizens Commit-

'Are you now a member of the

Communist party?" at a 1958

A leading figure in the cam-

paign to get Congress to abolish

the inquisitorial committee,

Wilkinson had gone to Atlanta

Wilkinson is secretary of the

mittee's victims.

hearing in Atlanta.

vestigating. The reason they put him on the grill was that he had sought

the field they claimed to be in-

## Communists, Castro is dragging Cuba toward catastrophe," says the venal back who is paid say Key Posts in Senate Screen Writer

By Arthur Jordan

over the Senate?

The March 21 U.S. News and World Report supplies part of the answer. The Southerners are not ordinary senators. With the Democrats in control of the Senate, they chair nine of the fifteen standing committees. The nine Southern chairmen "dominate action in a broad field-dcfense, taxes, finances, agriculture, foreign relations, the

courts. . . The leader of the filibuster. for example, was Sen. Richard B. Russell (Ga.), who chairs the Armed Services Committee. He has a controlling voice in the disposition of the armaments budget, currently standing at

forty billion dollars a year. If Senator Russell is eyed with respect by arms-contracthungry corporations (and their representatives in the Senate) so is "elder statesman" Harry F sive resistance" to school integration.

As chairman of the Finance Committee, Byrd "works in close harmony with his Virginia colleague, Chairman A. Willis Robertson of the Banking and Currency Commit-These two determine who pays what taxes and how much. They also put "a damper on proposals for public housing [and] urban renewal. . . .

Byrd and another filibuster coment the power to cut Cuba's sugar quota. Other Southern

Eighteen Southern Senators great demand in the liberal talked for a little over a week, camp. Lister Hill (Ala.), chair- political blacklist suffered anand another civil-rights bill was man of the Labor Committee "is other jolt with yesterday's reon the way to being gutted- said to have exerted his influ- port that Frank Sinatra has by a legislative body of 100 ence . . . on the side of modera- hired Albert Maltz, one of the members. The uninitiated might | tion" in the passage of the Lan- "Hollywood Ten," to write the well ask: How do the eighteen drum-Griffin-Kennedy bill (for film adaptation for his indedo it? What spell do they cast which he voted), while J. W. pendent production of "The Ex-Fulbright (D-Ark.), is counted on by the liberals to step up spend-

> Fulbright himself is reckoned as a liberal, though some people "think it embarrassing, with the colored peoples of the world stirring," that the head of the Foreign Relations Committee should represent a state which has had "serious racial troubles.'

ing for "foreign aid."

All in all, the Southern senators form a highly influential is not surprising that Robert D. listed. Novak should write in the March 21 Wall Street Journal that "King Filibuster" should have "emerged from the battle civil-rights bill innocuous.

## Sinatra Hires On Blacklist MARCH 21 - Screenland's

ecution of Private Slovik." The ten Hollywood figures had been jailed in 1947 for

defying the House Un-American Activities Committee on First Amendment grounds. Since then, those like Maltz

who have gotten work in the industry have been able to do so only by writing anonymously or under pen names. Earlier this year, independ-

ent producer Otto Preminger hired Dalton Trumbo, and Stanley Kramer hired Nedrick group with Republicans and Young. Trumbo and Young, fellow-Democrats alike, and it both writers, had been black-

#### He'll Go in Style

A group of Americans prestronger than ever," having sented Pope John with an airhelped accomplish the South- conditioned Cadillac. He said erners' aim of rendering the "We are all traveling toward Heaven."

### Does Waiting on Negroes 'Enslave" Slenderella?

Expressions of anti-Negro bigotry by highly placed officials to uphold the verdict, but orderare by no means confined to the cd the damages reduced to \$100. South. Two judges of the Wash- because, they said, Mrs. Brownngton State Supreme Court re- ing had suffered only a minicently provided a Northern mum of embarrassment as no sample of racist thinking in the other customers were present case of a Negro woman who won when she was humiliated. damage suit against Slenderella Systems of Seattle.

Mrs. Ola Browning charged that Slenderella had violated the state's public-accommodation laws when the weight-reducing outfit refused her patronage. The manager told her:

have never served anybody but Caucasians, and I just know you won't be happy here."

A trial court awarded Mrs. Browning \$750. Slenderella then A majority of the judges voted But that wasn't concession

enough to Jim Crow for the two dissenting judges. They asserted that Slenderella's right to discriminate is guaranteed by the Thirteenth Amendment which outlaws "involuntary servitude."

They cited a Florida decision, which held that when "A white woman is compelled against her will to give a Negress a Swedish appealed the judgment to the massage, that too is involuntary servitude."

# As Housing Problem Remains

"The breeding places of disease, the infamous holes and cellars in which the capitalist mode of production confines our workers night after night, are not abolished; they are merely shifted elsewhere!" (Emphasis in the original.)

That was how Frederick Engels summed up, eighty-eight years ago, the results of what is now called "urban renewal." (See his book, The Housing Question.)

Just eight days ago, on March 14, Roland M. Sawyer, Housing Consultant for the United Steel Workers of America (AFL-CIO), declared that "it is well known that slums and blights are still being created at a rate faster than our efforts to build new housing or to rehabilitate our used housing supply. . . .

#### "Musical Chairs"

Discussing the plight of racial minorities, who comprise 65 per cent of those being dislocated by "slum clearance" programs, Sawyer drove this point home even more tellingly. Such minorities, he said, "are still forced to play a decidedly unamusing game of 'musical chairs' that forces them to move from one slum to another.

Sawyer's remarks were made at the twenty-ninth meeting of the National Housing Conference in Washington, D.C. At the parley, some important computations about the nation's housing requirements were presented by Boris Shishkin, secretary of the AFL-CIO Housing Committee.

He said that to meet the "rock bottom" national housing needs by 1975, 35 million new homes will have to be built. This calls for an annual construction rate of 2.3 million new units per year - nearly a million units more than the actual building rate maintained during recent years.

Shishkin broke down the need for new housing into the following categories:

First, some 15 million families are currently living in substandard homes. (Federal estimates, which are usually conservative, set the figure at ten million.)

Then, 7.5 million families are living in homes that will become substandard by 1975. Shishkin estimated that perhaps five million of the homes that are now substandard or

leaving 17.5 million units that must be replaced. Then, another two million dwellings will be destroyed by fire, storm or other calamities or be demolished to make way for non-residential construction. Thus about 19.5 million housing units will have to be replaced without providing a single home for the new families the

will become substandard can be rehabilitated,

country will have by 1975. Shishkin estimates that these will number 14.5 million. And to this figure he adds another million families who are now forced to pean capitalism? It would be double up and who need separate accommoda-

As the first step toward closing the gap between housing needs and actual housing construction, Shishkin urged support for a steppedup program of federally subsidized low-rent public housing development.

Secondly, he proposed measures to enable British manufacturing industry, become more viable, and more workers in the moderate-income bracket - between \$4,000 and \$7,000 a year - to purchase their own homes. "... virtually all low income families and most moderate income families are priced out of today's housing market," he

ing needs in this country, let's take a look at should be made for the fact what the government has done about it. This that some American investwas summarized at the conference by Senator ments are strategically situated John Sparkman (D-Ala.), who chairs the Sen- in such fields as petroleums; ate subcommittee on housing.

Now that we have some idea of the hous-

new. The U.S. Housing Act - proclaimed as ogically advanced. the measure that would abolish the acute shortage of decent homes - was adopted back in

But, he explained, circumstances have interfered with the "implementation of this In 1939, the second world war began in Europe, and "domestic needs were subordinated to defense needs." The nation emerged from the war "facing housing conditions more critical than they had been in 1939."

#### A "Great Year"

In 1949, however, a new turn toward public housing was made by a Democratic president and Congress, says Sparkman. In fact, he adds, 1949 was a "landmark," a "great year" for public housing. Congress authorized "a sixyear program for 810,000 units of low-rent offer attractive possibilities. The public housing." (That's an average of 135,000 French Commercial Counselor new units per year. Compare this with the in Washington, in a recent reneeds cited by Shishkin.)

But again circumstances wouldn't have it First came Truman's "police action" in Korea and, as in 1939, domestic needs were sacrificed for the war machine. Then, in 1952 a Republican president was elected, avowedly unsympathetic, says Sparkman, to public housing. So, like the forties, the fifties have been ques," No. 634, Feb. 23, 1960 .a period of housing "frustration."

The reason for the federal government's failure to solve the housing question over the last twenty years goes deeper, however, than Sparkman's alibis about unfavorable circumstances and unwilling Republicans.

Capitalism "does not want to abolish the housing shortage even if it could," wrote Engels in the book we quoted earlier. It looks as if Engels knew what he was talking about.

# Slums Change Their Location The Dollar's Role in the World Economy

By Tom Kemp

Do the figures of increased in-U.S. firms mean that American business is taking over Europremature to jump to dramatic conclusions. The degree of penetration is as yet not far ad-

Whatever increased investment has taken place since then ago. would not have transformed the picture either in Britain or in the continental countries, where the position is broadly similar. At the same time, allowance they are in relatively big Sparkman recalled that the problem is not blocks; and they are technol-

> Tom Kemp teaches economics at Hull University in Great Britain. He is a frequent contributor to the British socialist publications Labor Review and the Newsletter as well as to the Militant and International Socialist Review in this country.

As far as can be seen the big business interests involved do not aim at "colonization;" they are after profits where they think they are biggest. In these terms, the European countries port, mentions a Chrysler executive who declared, "It is absolutely necessary for us to remain competitive and, if competition demands it, well we shall move our factories abroad!" ("Problemes Economi-

In other words, one motive is to combat the working class in America by bringing in products made by foreign labor exploited by American capital in other lands. Such possibilities urge the need for American labor to become internationally minded if nothing else.

At the present time, then, the new position of the dollar results from a series of factors vestments in Europe by major operating in the international sphere including the still large outflow of military aid, as well as other government aid, and large private export of capital.

In one respect, however, we can ascribe the end of the dolvanced. In the mid-fifties, Am- lar shortage for the advanced erican-affiliated companies ac- countries-temporary as it may counted for some four per cent be-to the fact that the interof the total sales turnover of national capitalist economy has balanced than it was a decade

> American policy aims, as shown at Bretton Woods in 1943 and pursued hence forward, sought to secure the adoption of monetary and trade policies favorable to American capitalism in a restored world market safe for American investment. That meant policies ostensibly directed towards liberalization and the leaving of international monetary adjustments as far as possible to autonomous market mechanisms, thus harking back in a way, to the example of British economic pre-eminence which rested on free trade and the gold standard.

These policies were imple mented through the International Monetary Fund, the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and the Marshall Plan. International liquidity has now improved to the point where on the problem. Politically it is the dollar is no longer scarce. (The United States has 50 per cent of the world's gold stock, instead of 70 per cent at the end of the war.)

But though the capitalist world is now safer for the dollar, the real problem, we shall not take on here, is how safe is the capitalist world?

On the narrower question it would be a mistake to see in the present situation a weakening of American capitalism relatively to the other capitalist countries. After all, the apparently contradictory phenomenon of a "weaker" dollar and an adverse balance of payments on he one side, and the growing nvolvement of American capital with foreign investment on the other side flow from the same source.

We can define this in short as an effort to preserve the conditions for the extraction and realization of surplus value on a world scale in obedience to the inner laws of capitalism.

It is this which drives the United States government to now indispensable to economic 'balance" - and sends American businessmen in search of markets and investment fields in countries where costs are lower and profits higher. These drives are reflected in the balance of payment, which is not a weakening of capitalism as a

#### The Weakest Link

terdependence of the American sulted from the American reweakest links in the capitalist chain — the so-called "under-

developed countries.' investment, the threat of ecoformer colonial areas.

From these areas come pri-circles. mary products without which the American economy could not function, and they constitute potential markets and invest- brought under control, that of the health of the capitalist ment fields for the future.

In the meantime private capithese countries, while their rulers, drawn from the nationalist perts in the field. vistas of rapid growth through industrialization and a more rounded economic growth than has been possible, given their economy.

These rulers, driven on their flank by peasants and workers desirous of improving their abysmal living standards, which they increasingly see as not the result of implacable fate but of social and economic institutions. must develop their countries or or the Chinese if they can get what they need in capital and

The underdeveloped countries have thus become key areas in the economic confrontation between the two irreconcilable world systems. The comings and goings of Eisenhower and Khrushchev bear witness to their growing significance in this contest.



South Korean dictator Syngman Rhee (r) has good reason to gloat. Every year he gets a big slice of the American foreign-"aid" pie - in fact, his government in recent years has been getting a bigger slice than any other recipient. Walter Robertson of the State Department also has cause to smile in this picture taken at the end of the Korean War. Rhee has been loyal to Wall Street.

ossibilities of American aid to the underdeveloped countries it has, so far, made little impress easier to get dollars for military aid and to ward off a direct threat to American imperialism, than to put them into areas where immediate gains seem small and the ultimate gains renote. To conciliate critics at nome the American administraion has had, for example, to ink the \$500 million aid under the Development Loan Fund to the purchase of American goods. "Aid" Tied to War Pacts

Moreover, a scrutiny of the lestination of American aid outside Europe shows it linked up precisely and directly with hort-term strategic considera-

aid to Asia in the years 1945-57 went to the four countries with whom the United States had military understanding - namely, Japan, South Korea, Formosa and the Philippines - and to gimes, which, to say the least, were embarrassing to "liberal"

While over this period, Chiang's "Nationalist China" received \$380 million for a population of 71/2 million, Nehru's India with some 400 million people, received a net total of \$250 million.

Americans.

Independent of the will of the American policy makers, the economic impact of American whole. This was demonstrated by the worsening of the position of a number of primary A keynote here, too, is the in- producing countries which recession of 1958.

While the United States eco-United States is no stronger than nomy may be able to weather the world system of which it is successfully ups and downs a part. It was this which was more violent than those so far the underlying compulsion be- experienced in the post war hind American policies in the period, the reprercussions of postwar period and which now these swings may prove devasurgent consideration of the countries, notably those in the underdeveloped category.

Further, the national bourgeoisie is by no means in a se-As economic aid to the more cure position in a number of advanced countries becomes less these countries; political conscinecessary and the relay here is ousness is growing and the basis carried on by private capital exists for strong popular movements with socialist programs. nomic "competition" from the That is why so many recipes are Soviet bloc becomes more acute being recommended to deal in the colonial, semicolonial and with this so-called number one world market on a cushion of problem in American political carefully contrived liquidity

Clearly, then, if the dollar problem of the advanced capitalist countries has been the underdeveloped countries world market, despite a decade remains endemic. Further, this of expansion and prosperity. tal is only attracted into limited is essentially a problem of the sectors of the economies of entire capitalist world market derived from this survey of Amand is recognized as such by ex- erica's international economic

Even the apparent disappear ance of the disequilibria of the late forties does not mean that

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Despite the great material the international monetary system is in good health. We may refer again to the fears expressed in the course of the soundness of the system. More-1958 recession that a yawning over, the capitalist drives which dollar gap would reappear and that, to meet a threat to their cern propels the system into balance of payments, govern- new contradictions. We may

> Even if in the 1958 events these fears were exaggerated, derlying problems of internathe problem remains. International liquidity is far from complete. Despite the improvement in their gold and dollar reserves, countries like Britain and France still operate with very small reserves compared with the pre-war position.

as far as possible from U.S. eco-

nomic instability.

This fits in with the changes in the international position of Thus more than two-thirds of the dollar which has taken place over the last year or two. For, if the American authorities should seek to put an end to the drain by reducing foreign aid or raising import duties on manufactured goods, the old the advantage of political re- problem of a dollar shortage and the chronic lack of international liquidity would recur, notably in Europe. While such measures do not seem to be contemplated for the moment they might be taken in a recession, just when a general reduction in such liquidity would be probable in any case.

Putting this another way, it can be seen that the improvement in the international liquidity of the other capitalist countries which has taken place in the fifties has been possible because of the susined outflow of the United States, prompted by the desire to restore capitalism on sounder foundations and to face the Soviet chal-

Noting the temporary and conditional nature of the improvement, even from a purely technical financial point of view it is not surprising that more is being heard nowadays of schemes to reorganize the International Monetary Fund to enable it to deal more effectively with future threats to liquidity. Such a scheme was put for-

ward, for example, by the Yale professor, Robert Triffin, in a recent number of "The Banker" (January 1960), a leading journal of the banking profession in Britain. The details of this plan to transform the IMF into an international bank and float the need not concern us. But the earnestness with which such discussions are conducted points to deep-seated concern about

The main conclusions to be

position may now be briefly summarized Now as at all times since the 1920's the United States plays a decisive role in the world market. Its great productive capacity and financial power enabled it to restore the shattered economies of the other capitalist countries and make the world a safer place for American capitalism than it would otherwise have been.

It did not do this unaided; the complicity in this design of the right-wing labor and trade-union leaders and even, for a time, in the warm glow of Yalta and Potsdam, of the Communist parties must be emphasized.

Subsequently, the world capitalist economy, restored more rapidly than after 1918, swept into a phase of unprecedented expansion sustained by steady outflow of American dollars primarily determined by the new division of the world. Both the prosperity of the United States itself, and the buoyancy of the world market, depends markedly upon outlays - internal and external - which are directly related to the pressure on capitalism from the non-capitalist

Consequently, it would be a mistake to ascribe the prosperity of the fifties to the inherent Marxists are accustomed to disments would take restrictive note here the dilemmas which measures to insulate themselves arise in relation to the underdeveloped countries; the continued export of business capital, especially to the other industrial countries; and the untional liquidity.

It is true that the forms in which the typical drives and problems of capitalism appear may be new, and that there have been great transformations in the world situation since the earlier part of this century.

However, there is no reason to see in these changes anything fundamental enough to require the marking-off of a new epoch; in fact, it can be highly misleading to build far-reaching hypotheses upon changes in one or a few components of the total picture.

Certainly the almighty dollar has not been dethroned, nor have the other capitalist states been subjected and dominated utterly by it. The tendencies upon which assertions of this kind can be built need to be inserted into the dialectical complexities of the international development of capitalism as a whole.

March 3, 1960

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### nanswered 1844 Argument I theory to rid people of fears. As we know from the cur-(Continued from Page 1)

in this truly absurd condition, for a considerable time. If the fluctuations of competition become stronger, as they necessarily do in such a state of affairs, then we have the alternation of prosperity and crisis, of overproduction and stagnation. The economists have never been able to understand this crazy state of affairs, so in order to explain it they thought up the theory of population, which is just as nonsensical, indeed, even more nonsensical, than this contradiction of the coexistence of wealth and poverty."

The main point to be noted in this approach is that Engels takes the population as a whole. The Malthusians isolate the poor from the population, certainly an arbitrary procedure, and then seek to explain the poverty of this segment on the basis of its size. This is obvious nonsense. Engels, on the contrary, takes the rich and poor sectors of the population as they really are, a living, interrelated combination. A "crazy state of affairs" is at once apparent. In the midst of abundance, part of the population goes hungry. It is self-evident to Engels that this is due not to the quantity of the poor but to the quality of the economic system in which they live - it dooms people to starvation in the shadow of bursting granaries and warehouses. Engels continues with his answer to the Malthu-

babies for the food supply: "For us the explanation of the matter is easy. The productive power at the disposal of mankind is immeasurable. The productivity of the land can be infinitely increased by the

To back this view, Engels cites calculations of the time indicating that Britain's production of wheat could be increased enough within ten years to support six times the population of 1840. Looking farther into the future, he declares:

application of capital, labor and science."

"Capital increases daily: labor power grows together with population; and science masters natural forces for mankind to a greater extent every day. This immeasurable productivity, administered consciously and in the interests of all, would soon reduce to a minimum the labor falling to the lot of

Engels considers the Malthusian theory a "vile and infamous doctrine," a "repulsive blasphemy against man and nature," the "immorality of the economists in its is not due to the abundance of the poor but to poor dishighest form."

"Now the consequence of this theory is that since it is precisely the poor who constitute this surplus population, nothing ought to be done for them, except to make it as easy as possible for them to starve to death; to convince them that this state of affairs cannot be altered and that there is no salvation for their entire class other than that they should propagate as little as possible; or that if this is not practicable, it is at any rate better that a State institution for the painless killing of the children of the poor should be set up as suggested by 'Marcus,' - each working class family being allowed two and a half children, and the excess being painlessly destroyed. The giving of alms would be a crime, since it would encourage the growth of surplus population; but it would be very advantageous to make poverty a crime and the workhouse a corrective institution, as has already happened in England under the new 'liberal' Poor Law."

Engels does not dismiss the Malthusian theory as years. utterly useless. He credits it as a "necessary transitional stage" which had the effect of drawing attention to the "productive power of the soil and of humanity, so that now, having triumphed over this economic despair, we are handling of the subject we must turn to the major work forever secure from the fear of overpopulation."

In this optimistic conclusion we must admit that "Capital." Engels displayed overconfidence in the power of correct

rent scare stories in the press, quite a few eminent figures still exhibit neurotic anxiety in relation to the growth of population. Engels was even willing to grant a small imposed by the Cold War, but kernel of truth to the Malthusian view:

"From this theory we derive the most powerful economic arguments in favor of a social reorganization; for even if Malthus were altogether right, it would still be necessary to carry out this reorganization immediately, since only this reorganization, only the enlightenment of the masses which it can bring with it, can make possible that moral restraint upon the instinct for reproduction which Malthus himself puts forward as the easiest and most effective countermeasure against overpopulation."

Summarizing his position, Engels considers the central calculation upon which Malthus based his whole and the world economy, signisystem — that population increases in geometrical, food in fying that capitalism in the arithmetical progression:

"The difference is obvious and horrifying — but is it correct? Where has it been proved that the productivity of land increases in arithmetical progression?"

Engels then advances arguments that sound as if they drives policy makers to more tating for the weaker capitalist were written in the light of the "chemical revolution" which sian fear that humanity will eventually produce too many has brought an enormous increase in agricultural production in the United States in the past two decades:

> "The area of the land is limited — that is perfectly true. But the labor power to be employed on this area increases together with the population; and even if we assume that the increase of output associated with this increase of labor is not always proportionate to the latter, there still remains a third element - which the economists, however, never consider as important - namely, science, the progress of which is just as limitless and at least as rapid as that of population. For what great advances is the agriculture of this century obliged to chemistry alone - and indeed to two men alone, Sir Humphry Davy and Justus Liebig? But science increases at least as fast as population; the latter increases in proportion to the size of the previous generation, and science advances in proportion to the body of knowledge passed down to it by the previous generation, that is, in the most normal conditions it also grows in geometrical progressionand what is impossible for science?

Engels thus makes three central points: (1) Under capitalism the distribution of hunger in the population bourgeoisie, are tempted by the tribution of society's abundance. (2) Wealth can be increased without limit if society is so organized as to bring about the most effective combination of labor power and science. dependent position in the world (3) Even if Malthus had a point in the sense that society sometime in the distant future might have to regulate the size of the population, this could not be accomplished under capitalism but only under the planned economy of

We can judge the power of these arguments from the incapacity of the Malthusians to answer them. To this day they have not done much more than to point with risk being swept away by the alarm to the long-exploded "mathematical" puzzler popular tide. They are quite advanced by Malthus. They sound like a tape recording ready to turn to the Russians that repeats over and over a 1798 weather report predicting possibly disastrous floods within a couple of thousand technical assistance from that

Still, as Marxists, we must admit that the young Engels in 1844, however telling his arguments, did not advance a scientifically grounded position. For a truly scientific in which Engels later collaborated with Karl Marx.

(Next week: Marx's Scientific Concept.)

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Editor: JOSEPH HANSEN Managing Editor: DANIEL ROBERTS Business Manager: KAROLYN KERRY Published weekly by the Militant Publishing Assn., 116 University Pl., N. Y. 3, N. Y. Phone: CH 3-2140. Signed articles by contributors do not necessarily represent the Militant's policies. These are expressed in editorials

Vol. XXIV No. 13

### Think It Over

If you measured the Democratic and Republican parties with a micrometer a good micrometer, that is - do you think a difference between them could be detected? Say a little more liberalism in the Democratic party? A little less inclination to dance to the tunes called by big busi-

If you believe so, we would like to ask you to consider two items in last week's press - the opinions of the two top Democratic chieftains on two of the hottest issues now facing America.

We think that after carefully thinking over what they said, you'll agree that the difference between the Republicans and Democrats has reached a mathematical zero, and that America needs nothing so much as a great big broom to catch up on some political housecleaning.

The first item is some remarks Harry Truman made at a press conference he called March 19 in Louisville, Kentucky, for the purpose of giving the world some pearls of wisdom he picked up somewhere in the Pendergast machine. "The only ambition I have is to educate the kids and let them know what they have in this country and how they can protect it."

After offering that appetizing dish of hogwash, the former Democratic president got down to cases; namely, to put a pitchfork in the back of the Negro freedom fighters who have been conducting sitdown demonstrations at Southern lunch counters.

"If anyone came into my store and tried to stop business," said this former proprietor of a haberdashery, "I'd throw him out. The Negro should behave himself and show he's a good citizen. Common sense and good will can solve this thing."

To make dead clear what this racist attitude goes with and who profits from it, Truman said: "Private business has its own rights and can do what it wants."

This declaration of attitude toward the Negro students fighting for equality in the South, was a real service to the Democratic high command. What candidate -Democratic candidate in the North, that is would care to express such racist sentiments while seeking a four-year lease on the White House?

Truman did it for them in his usual fearless, slam-bang style. Having had his turn in the White House, his only ambition now is "to educate the kids."

The Republican who can be considered the most authoritative spokesman for the same racist attitude did not, of course, reach Truman's high intellectual level.

Eisenhower could only mumble something about not knowing for sure whether or not a person who asks for service at a

consider is a declaration made to the press on the very same day that Truman was popping off in Louisville. The author was no one less than that outstanding liberal and two-time presidential candidate of the Democratic party, its present titular head, statesman Adlai Stevenson, champion

He got the correspondents together in Buenos Aires in order to slip a jewelled carving knife into the back of the Cuban freedom fighters who have been struggling to loosen the chains loaded on them by

Stevenson accused Castro of "destroying" U.S.-Cuban relations. "He is very much guilty, Castro and his government. I don't know who else is running his government. I don't think it's the Communist

As for the Eisenhower administration, which patted itself on the back for engineering a counter-revolution in Guatemala under Dulles, Stevenson had only praise for the "correct attitude" it has maintained toward Cuba, where it is plot- at a meeting held in the Univerting a similar counter-revolution.

Then speaking through his sombrero like the true spokesman that he is of the to say, "Go west, young man!" peoples South of the Border, he said that Now they say, "Go south, young the heads of the Latin-American govern- man!' ments agreed "that the United States should take stronger measures against verbal attacks, expropriations of United States properties without consultation and tury this colonization is toward other offensive attitudes of the Cuban the south, toward South Amer-

Dulles settled contentedly in his grave, ialist appetite. knowing that his spirit was marching on in the shape of Adlai Stevenson.

So there you have it. A united front America. Down here we see the of this, we Trotskyists, who won between the leading Democrats and Re- trip as dictated by an offensive- approval for the slogan in the publicans against the Negro freedom fight- defensive strategy in relation to latest congresses of the workers' ers in the South. And a similar united Latin America. On the world organizations, believe that the front between the leading Democrats and plane, Eisenhower pursues his time has come for vigorous agi-Republicans against the Cuban freedom but in Asia and Africa, to con- Trade-Union Conference.

Do Truman and Stevenson speak for the coming conference with the developments: (a) last year's dethe American people? We think that you will agree most emphatically that they do ism has been in full offensive American conference of labor; not. One more question - don't you think against the Latin-American peo- (b) a proposal of the Venezuelan it's time to strengthen the socialist opposi- ples, an offensive that has been Federation of Labor to hold a tion to the Democrats and Republicans? Then why not get behind Dobbs and Weiss,

# The Daily News Attacks Castro

To the New York Daily News goes the doubtful distinction of indicating about as frankly as is possible, given the lying nature of the American capitalist press, what the sinister aims of the State Department and its Wall Street patrons are in Cuba. As reported in an article on our front page, the objective is a counter-revolutionary coup d'etat like the one organized in collaboration with United Fruit against the legally elected government of Guatemala in 1954.

This is not the first time that the Daily News has made it its special business to start shouting "Communism!!!" when a country, suffering the accumulated effects of long years of imperialist oppression, has taken measures of self-defense such as those initiated by the Castro government.

On March 18, 1938, the Cardenas regime in Mexico expropriated the oil holdings of the British and American petroleum billionaires. This was Mexico's answer to attempts of the billionaires to push the Cardenas government around. When they got the only answer possible under the circumstances, the billionaires went to their own governments.

Roosevelt's administration threatened retaliation in the purchase of Mexican silver. Chamberlain launched a British boycott of Mexican oil.

And the Daily News in New York? It oiled up its hacks with whatever it takes to make the typewriters of these mercenaries run. A series of articles was cooked up telling the "grim" story of the "deterioration" of relations and how the "attack" schemed up by Cardenas was really master-minded by - Leon Trotsky.

Trotsky happened to be in Mexico at the time. Out of all the countries in the world, Mexico was the only one willing to grant the persecuted socialist leader the right of political asylum.

Trotsky in return had pledged not to intervene in Mexican politics, a pledge he kept although he was fascinated by the Mexican as well as the whole Latin-American political scene. The campaign of the Daily News was thus aimed at both President Cardenas and Mexico's distinguished guest.

lunch counter has a legal right to get it . . The other item we would like you to

political phrasemongerer.

American imperialism.

fighters in Latin America.

the socialist candidates!

The challenge had to be met. Trotsky

asked his lawyer to call the attention of

the News to the existence of laws regard-

ing libel, thus touching the one nerve that

can be considered sensitive in this news-

no one else's. (In a coming issue of the

Militant we hope to reprint this reply,

which is of the greatest interest in view of

the similar campaign which the Daily

News is now waging against the Cuban

Trotsky whom it can seek to weave into

with this it tries to make do.

the State Department to this?

United States?

acy of the Daily News?

Today the Daily News does not have a

The Daily News is hot for a counter-

revolution in Cuba. It has expressed the

going about it as it did in the case of

Guatemala. And what is the reaction of

Bonsal demand a retraction? Did a single

congressman, either Democratic or Repub-

lican, rise to wave his arms in the halls of

Congress about this patent attempt to

worsen relations between Cuba and the

of the truth. Who around the State De-

partment would dare challenge the accur-

Naturally not. This was one of their

But if Castro or a Cuban newspaper

Did Herter scream? Did Ambassador

edition (Jan. 8, 1939).

"recession" of 1957-58 had such serious repercussions in the Latin-American countries that their governments, despite being pro-imperialist in the majority, began to petition the U.S. and demand better prices and a more stable

Thus in 1958 a surreptitious paper - money. The News agreed to pubregroupment of the cowardly lish a reply by Trotsky in their Sunday Latin-American bourgeoisie began which culminated in the The gist of Trotsky's reply was that "Operation Pan-America" he had not had the honor of meeting President Cardenas; that he had taken no part in Mexican politics; and that in any case its sovereignty and its international pres- the demonstrations against Nix- skyist delegates backed the Cutige would not turn to an immigrant for on to struggles of greater force ban proposal. However, despite advice. Mexico was perfectly capable of

running its own affairs. What Mexico did with its own oil was Mexico's business and

the demands of his Latin-Ameri- bought with dollars shelled out would like more economic aid, troops on review. its propaganda. But it does have the Soviet better prices for raw materials, Union which Trotsky helped found. And creation of a Common Market. In brief, he sought to defer and attenuate any protest movement of the Latin-American bourgeoisie, as well as impede them

these semicolonial countries. In

opment of a Common Market. On the offensive side, Eisennower sought to form a common front with the Latin-American bourgeoisie against the Cuban propaganda rags. It happened to spill a bit Revolution, to isolate it, blockade it, in order in this way to prepare the conditions for an alist demonstration. imperialist blow (whether from within or from without). At the workers made Eisenhower sense same time he sought to co-ordin- their protests when he got a Castro plotter told Cannel "If deal of variety. had ventured to make the charge — what ate strategy with the capitalist good whiff of the fumes from a we have to count on youngsters an army of scoundrels in Washington rulers of the various countries tear-gas bomb thrown against to get rid of that lunatic, apparently was most pronounced tween American and Philippine would have wrapped themselves in the against the Latin - American the demonstrators.

Despite all the mistakes and vacillations, the trade-union organizations, the nationalist movements, the class-conscious currents and the revolutionary workers parties, have advanced

Latin-American unity.

Above all, in the union organizations, the "people's" parties, and petty-bourgeois intellectual circles, a Latin-American consciousness has appeared: a conviction of the unity of the Latin-American peoples and a realization that without this unity, it is impossible to resist Yankee imperialism effectively.

This is appreciated best in the rade-union movement. Because trips not only in Latin America, tation for a Latin - American

We base ourselves on these Since 1940 American imperial- Cuban Workers to call a Latinconcretized in a colonization Latin-American trade-union plan, not only economically but conference in Caracas; (c) last politically (through military year's resolution of Chile's Conpacts and the creation of the Or- federation of Workers (the CUT) ganization of American States). to organize a sponsoring committee: (d) a round-table dis cussion among various tradeunion organizations held in Sao Paulo earlier this year; (e) similar decisions of the Bolivian Federation of Labor and the Argentine General Confederation Labor.

hampering immediate formation of a Latin-American labor federation because they know they would be in a

Latin - American trade - union unity cannot be stopped.

#### No Hero to Them

pomp by the bourgeosie and dialectically interrelated with their governments, but the public remained indifferent, save In his defensive posture, for those who greeted the presi-Eisenhower sought to placate dent by waving little flags, "junior partners," who by the U.S. embassies, like

> the extreme vigilance of the police and the brake applied by the Communist parties. But acplace in every country visited by Eisenhower, although the world press was silent about many of them.

In Brazil, where they are very droit at giving the police the needle, they put up a banner that read, "Welcome Ike." As he president drew abreast, down came the word, "Ike," to reveal a different name, so that the sign read, "Welcome, Fidel." In Argentina, the Peronists

In Uruguay the students and population, and of these, 40 per

And It Isn't Science Fiction

#### A New \$58.50 Insurance Plan

American businessmen are supposed to lead the world when it comes to anticipating the needs of the public. But t must be conceded that our Northern neighbors have beaten our go-getters to the

ounch in a field that might beincreasingly important, or one ventricle (instead of two lowever, it can at least be said each), an open channel between the pulmonary artery (from the that a U.S. firm is putting up the lung) to the aorta (which supash for the Canadian deal. The new development was re- plies the whole body), \$1,000.

ported March 17 by Leonard Bertin, science editor of the Toronto Star in a column head- certain serious bladder defects, lined: "Unique Policy Insures \$2,000." Atomic Birth Defects.' The new insurance being sold

by Mitchell, Upjohn and Co. defects since birth." The Coninental Casualty Co. of Chicago and good cheer. He observes: will underwrite the policies and pay off the claims.

and, according to Bertin, perhaps the first in the world.

Here's how it will work. For \$58.50, the insurance contract passed the headquarters and atomic radiation, providing they scattered a shower of leaflets are defects dating from birth. approving the Cuban Revolu-

That there is real need for this tion. In a display of servility to kind of coverage was pointed quire the wife's signature. the U.S., the police responded out by Dr. Clement G. Martin, by placing ladders against the medical director for Continental building and breaking into the In various countries, the Trotborn in Canada suffer from ture welfare of the people? skyists distributed leaflets, made some congenital deformation He did not offer any estimate

as to how many cases were supporting the Cuban Revolu- caused by atomic fallout. He merely said that only a small proportion of defective births is ascribable to an inherent defect in either parent. Normally, prospective pur

chasers are warned to carefully read the fine print on an insurance policy. In this case, they'll result of which he was seized need strong nerves to do so. by the police. Even at the police Here, according to Bertin, i what they are likely to come

across as they look up the various compensation rates: "For absence of parts, such as the best way to counteract the legs, arms, nose, cars, \$200 per

scended testicle . . . hypospadias through customs uninspected. (hip out of joint at birth), ptosis when imperialism, thrown out (drooping eyelid), \$200. of Latin America, will no longer "Blindness (total to one or

both eyes), megacolon (enlargement of the large intestine), mongolism (a condition evidenced by flattened skull, oblique eye-slits, short thumbs and idiocy), kernicterus (a type of jaundice affecting the brain), \$500.

"Heart with only one auricle

"Siamese twins, narrowing of the pulmonary artery . . . and

#### Cheerful Salesman

Hugh Mitchell, president of will cover "dwarfism, club feet Mitchell, Upjohn and Co., is goor hands, blindness and 63 other ing about the business of selling the new policy with optimism

"Happily, the majority of conditions can be corrected with It is the first insurance of its routine surgery, but the surgical kind to be offered in Canada costs involved add to the natural anxiety of parents."

However, company officials feel that many wives or bridesto-be will be "superstitious" will cover the mother for any about even discussing the posnumber of children born during sibility of such defects afflicting a three-year period. The policy their children. So it is anticiwill pay off on injuries, illnesses pated that the husband will ofand other defects traceable to ten buy the policy without discussing it with his wife. To facilitate this, the simple, streamlined atomic policy will not re-

Isn't it wonderful to live in a society that offers such intelli-Casualty, who says that today gent planning and that shows some 2.5 per cent of all children such tender concern for the fu-

- Alex Harte

TORONTO, March 17 - Drivers in the vicinity of the U.S. border here now have an added reason for driving safely. Ontario government officials confirmed yesterday that U.S. trucks laden with nuclear cargo are driving on Canadian soil between Buffalo and Detroit.

Minor government officials say they suspect that nuclear warheads are included in the radio-"Club hand or foot, unde- active shipments which pass This was denied by a defense department spokesman who said that some non-radioactive components of nuclear weapons night be transported

Ontario fire marshall W. J. cott points out that the radioactive shipments are a danger because the lead shielding on the trucks could be melted in a fire if there was a serious collision.

## Khrushchev Begins French Visit

#### Says Germany Is Key Issue

Soviet Premier Khrushchev arrived in Paris March 23 for money for arms are run by, with meetings with President de and for youngsters. "Former Gaulle and began pressing for generals and ambassadors are a common Soviet-French posi- not going to follow the leaderputting on the agenda discussion last year when the Stalinists op- tion against "the rebirth of Ger- ship - no matter how goodof a Common Market. At the posed acceptance of the invita- man militarism." He urged of former corporals or cour- Dies in Norway same time, anti-imperialist ac- tion of the Confederation of Cu- French recognition of the East liers. the Mexican government, concerned with tions took place, ranging from ban Workers, whereas the Trot- German government, a stand quickly rejected by De Gaulle.

> Khrushchev further developed his stand at public meetings of of Miami, Fla. Now he says the Communist party and before the counter-revolutionaries the workers' movement were other radical groups. The gov- have split into eight or ten ernment had tried to block such groups "drawing farther apart public appearances by mapping from each other a grueling tour of the country. Khrushchev rejected the proposed itinerary.

In his arrival speech, Khrushchev offered a tribute to dictator De Gaulle. He referred to the authoritarian general as "a great French patriot" for whom "the spect." He also echoed De the "greatness of France."

De Gaulle replied that he considered Khrushchev "an emi- leading Communist party newsnent statesman, very alert, very decisive . . .

#### Young People Form Large Majority of Cuban Population

Cuban birth rate "plagues the have introduced such innovaanti-Castro underground more tions as bellows worked by feet than anything else," comments instead of by hand, bamboo Ward Cannel in a New York pipes, vegetable-cutting ma-World-Telegram article, March chines, noodle-pressing ma-19. entitled "Cuba Youth Turns chines, etc. Fidel Foes Gray.'

Cubans under the age of 25 make up 60 per cent of the cent are under 15. One anti-

idealist in a land of children- | Critics of the commune proyou going to muster the force?"

round-the-clock rallies to raise food and food that was bad.

Cannel enthusiastically reported last Oct. 31, four or five anti-Castro groups operating out

#### China's Mess Halls Promise Hot Meals. Service on Time

Widespread criticism of the mess halls in China's rural peo-Soviet holds sentiments of re- ple's communes has led to a number of devices being intro-Gaulle's propaganda theme of duced in the kitchens designed to speed service of meals. The Peking People's Daily,

paper, refers to the changes as ist group in Norway and edited the "semi-mechanization" of the mess halls. One instance of this jointly by the Norwegian and is the introduction of bamboo pipes for running water in one hundred mess halls in Chekiang Province.

In Shansi Province, mess halls "Oddly but relentlessly," the accommodating 365 persons each

> Along with punctual service, the regime promises that the innovations will help provide "hot and tasty meals" with a great

Opposition to the mess halls would have wrapped themselves in the workers' movement which is American flag to denounce the "attack!" workers' movement which is CUT raised a seven-foot-high is impossible to deal with an untary" character.

except by force. But where are gram within the party, said the mess halls "deprived people of In Havana, Cannel reports, freedom" and served too little

### Jeanette Olson. Trotskyist Veteran,

Jeanette Olson, a Trotskyist since 1928, died last month in Oslo. She was nearly 86 years old. Her most active years in between 1900 and 1914.

She was editor of several workers' papers in different parts of the country, and served as general secretary of the North-Norwegian fisherman's union during the First World War. She was also a leader of social-democratic and later of Communist activity among women.

From 1918-23, she was a member of the central leadership of the Norwegian Labor party and from 1923-28 of the central committee of the Norwegian Communist party. In 1928 she became the leader of the Trotskythe monthly "October," issued Danish Trotskyists.

#### Filipino Movement Throws Scare Into U.S. Businessmen

A "Filipino first" movement 'aimed at helping Philippine citizens acquire a majority interest in their own economy" has American investors worried about "hard times ahead," reported the March 21 New York Times. President Carlos P. Garcia, however, sought to give assurances that the program would preserve parity be-[Castro] we might as well give last summer and fall and led the businessmen as guaranteed by

## THE MILITANT

Monday, March 28, 1960

A crowd in Havana seeks to get hands on Roberto Salas-Hernandez, charged with attempting to assassinate Cuban Premier Fidel Castro. The demonstration occurred during a one-hour stoppage last Oct. 22 that was part of a series of rallies against counter-revolutionary moves. Revolutionary vigilance of this nature will continue making it difficult for enemies of Cuban freedom to prepare a pro-imperialist coup.

On Guard Against Internal Foes

## The Saying of Today Is Go South, Young Man! perialist in its thinking and portrait of Castro as Eisenhower

more aware of the necessity of

The Anti-Imperialist Movement

By Jose Valdez

SANTIAGO, Chile, March 9-The title to this article paraphrases what Senator Smathers of Florida told us quite openly sity of Chile in the middle of January this year. In the past century the Yankee bosses used

In the old romance the advice covered the Yankee colonization westward where the Indian people lived. In the present cenica, whose "Indians" (with their rich raw materials) constitute On hearing this praise, John Foster the best pasture for the imper-

> Following the "good advice" of his grandfathers, Eisenhower made a trip through Latin solidate the U.S. position before

But the world economic market for their raw materials.

Bolivia and Brazil. All this - united with the critical world situation facing imperialism - obliged Wall Street, for the time being, to take a defensive attitude,

its permanent offensive line.

hope that the State Department is quietly from trading with the USSR. But U.S. imperialism is not in position to resolve or even ameliorate the contradictions of fact it can't even do much about their immediate demands. It can't offer better prices for raw materials or increase purchases It can't permit the "full" devel-

declarations, headed quickie demonstrations, carried banners tion, etc. In Chile, in particular, Comrade Luis Vitale, a national leader of the CUT and a member of the Revolutionary Workers party, led the demonstration at the CUT headquarters, as a

headquarters of the union.

station he shouted slogans proclaiming the anti-imperialist position of Trotskyism. In conclusion, we believe that influence of Eisenhower's trip is part; to form a Latin-American tradeunion federation in short order. Thus we can hope for the day

be able to say, "Go south, young The new slogan will be, "Go to the moon, young man." That, we think, will be said after the American workers take power, not to subjugate people, but for

the good of humanity. In Other Lands

# The Communist parties are

minority if it took place now. This was seen very clearly at Kubitschek, president of Brazil, the second congress of the CUT in Cuba, Panama, Venezuela, everything, the movement for

Eisenhower was received with

No massive anti-imperialist demonstrations occurred due to tions against imperialism took

In Puerto Rico, demonstrators openly demanded independence

organized an impressive nation-

A young girl, a high-schoolmarching on the Woolworth picket lines. She commented on the attitude of the pacifists.

"They tell the kids on the line not to shout; to march quietly and be dignified. The kids don't listen. They can't. You just get so angry and so excited about the whole thing that you have to yell."

Well, I'm no youth any more, but on my first Woolworth picket-line duty at the Fourteenth Street Store last Saturday, nobody told me to be quiet - but if they had tried, they couldn't have stopped most of us from six to sixty.

Here's why. The crowds pass the store and hesitate to study the signs, to make a decision. You want them to do the right thing. So you holler with the others on the line, "Pass 'em If some one starts to make a

gation.

When a Negro enters the store the line yells almost in unison. "Don't go in lady, Jim Crow, Jim Crow!" Despite the many voices it sounds like a plea.

girl on the line calls out loudly can Republic. in Spanish. The woman smiles and the line sends up a cheer. | unions and a free labor move-

A presidential straw vote conducted by

The great bulk of those voting declared

Union News, official publication of the Oil,

Chemical and Atomic Workers, AFL-CIO,

themselves Democrats - 409 as against 91 Re-

publicans - with the greatest number of

Democratic votes going for Senator John Ken-

The balloting, however, expressed some de-

sire for independent labor political action. Three

members declared themselves in favor of a

labor party and four named prominent union

officials as their choice for president. One vote

was cast for Farrell Dobbs, Socialist Workers

labor party was Ray Dilworth, editor of Local

News, published by the OCAW's Local Union

a letter from Dilworth explaining why he

voted for a labor party. The text of his letter

vote for a Labor Party, in the first straw vote

count. I was a wee bit afraid it would be con-

sidered a joke and that possibly it might be

tended. I am dead serious about feeling

Labor Party is a requisite to the future well

being of the labor movement. The 1960's are go-

1-547 of Torrance, Calif.

ing to be rough years for us.

One voter who expressed himself for a

The March 7 issue of Union News carries

"Thank you for tabulating my one lone

"Let me assure you no humor was in-

"The next decade will call for drastic changes

nedy and Senator Humphrey as runner-up.

turned up some interesting sentiments.

years old marched all afternoon. ance about to go in. "Watch this," she says, "I know that student friend of mine, has been woman, she lives on East Tenth

> "Don't go in there," she shouts, "God will punish you if you do." The woman turns, blanches and hurries off.

Street. She's very religious."

A middle-aged Negro woman agrees to picket for minutes. She stays two hours, shouting, "Not just this Woolworth store, All the Woolworth stores." She's Editor: one of the most spirited shouters on the line.

H.G. New York

#### Scores Longshore Leaders for Deal With Gen. Trujillo

Editor:

Concerning the Dominican ing us no lead whatsoever. situation, I have just read in the The recent strikes in the Dexwhose "anti-communism" is be- Rank-and-file members of the

is, Trujillo's "Labor Code" - have formed militant rank-andthere are no free unions. All file groups to combat the Na-"trade-unions" are controlled by tional Coal Board's attacks and A Spanish woman starts to the government. And slave labor to fight inside the National enter and a young Puerto Rican definitely exists in the Domini- Union of Mineworkers.

The ILA thus collaborates shamefacedly and turns away, with a system that bans free

"Let's Act Big"

People keep joining the line. | ment - at the very same mom-One Jewish woman about fifty ent that the International Federation of Free Trade Unions is She spots a woman acquaint- trying to enforce a world boycott against the Trujillo regime!

This is a despicable betraval of working-class aspirations and of the Dominican resistance

> Trent Hutter New York

#### Miners in England Fight Pit Closures

As a miner, I'm naturally interested in your reports on struggles of the American work-

Here in Britain, we coalminers face pit closures, unemployment, attacks on contracts, excessive disciplines, etc.

The leaders of our National Union of Mineworkers, both right wing and Stalinist, are giv-

New York Herald Tribune on pit, Scotland, and the Bette-(March 9) that the International shanger pit, Kent, were both in Longshoremen's Association has protest against pit closures. The move toward the door, it comes organized the dock-workers of miners attempted to spread out louder, "Don't go in, lady, the country with the blessings these strikes but both were don't give your dimes for segre- of the Trujillo government, thwarted by our "leaders."

ing praised by the ILA leaders. NUM in many parts of the coun-Under Dominican law - that try, including Nottinghamshire, Best Wishes.

Bilborough,

## THE MILITANT

MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1960 **VOLUME XXIV** 

### Backing Them Up

Sit-Ins (Continued from Page 1) The next day, 41 Negroes were arrested when they sat down in two "white-only" pub-lic libraries. The prisoners included L. F. Palmer, Jr., editor of the Tri-State Defender, widely read Negro weekly, two of his employees and two newsmen from the Memphis World, also a Negro weekly. On Monday, they were brought into a heavily guarded courthouse while hundreds of Negroes sang and chanted outside. "Disorderly conduct" fines of \$25 were slapped on 36 of the defendants and Palmer was

The 36 were held for grand-jury action on a state charge of "disturbing the public peace." Undaunted by this victimization, ten Negroes marched back into the segregated library the next day and another 13 went to the local art gallery. All 23 were jailed.

fined \$50. Charges were dropped

against the other four newsmen.

Meanwhile mass meetings, attended by thousands, were organized by the Negro communty. A rally of more than 2,000 initiated "stay away from downtown days." On Tuesdays and Thursdays, throughout the Easter shopping season, downtown white merchants will be boy-

#### Savannah Sitdown

In Savannah, Ga., eleven ouths were jailed Monday for refusing to leave lunch counters at the Greyhound and Trailways bus stations and the local railroad station.

store urging Negroes to shop didn't interfere with the whites. elsewhere. Last week state troopers were sent into the city downers in Tallahassee last after gangs of rock-throwing week chose 60-day jail terms whites had assaulted Negroes in over \$300 fines, and called for a the downtown area.

Five youths were sentenced to the South. 30 days in jail and fined \$250 in fusing to leave a dime store were marched away from a lunch counter.

Immediately after the verdict was handed down, groups of college students sat down at five segregated lunch counters in the city. The counters closed.

(Continued from Page 1)

Transport and General Work-

ers' Union, told the pickets.

Bill Jones, London busman

and member of TGWU execu-

tive council, s"assured dele-

pose all attempts to amend

Among the other NEC mem-

bers who told the lobbyists that

they would defend Clause Four

student picketing in the North. Negroes were attacked by a at Woolworth and Kresge lunch gang of 100 whites after police counters. Jim Crow movie The next day pickets appeared had forced them to end a three- houses in the town have been at the city's largest downtown day lunch-bar sitdown. The cops picketed for the past three

Negro and white students join in demonstration at

Madison, Wisconsin to show solidarity for anti-Jim-Crow

movement in the South. "This issue appears to have aroused"

the present campus generation "as have few others," said the

New York Times, March 20, in its front-page roundup of

Antonio, Texas, where five "fill-the-jails" stand throughout In New Berne, N.C., between sitdowns.

#### Victory in Texas

dime store by police. In the courthouse they sang and shout-

Lunch counter action was ex- ed for two weeks after demontended last week to Bluefield, strations, reopened on a service-W. Va., when 17 students from to-all, stand-up basis with stools In St. Augustine, Fla., eight Bluefield State College sat down removed from the counter.

tations." "The political task of

Meanwhile the crisis in the

Labor party has erupted among

the Laborite Members of Par-

liament where at least 44 of

the 257 Labor MP's are op-

posed to the official party

policy on "building an inde-

pendent nuclear deterrent" for

England. The opposition, com-

posed of pacifists and socialists,

has come into increasingly

sharp opposition to the imperial

ist foreign policy followed by

the right wing. Richard H. S.

Crossman, a leading member of

the opposition, resigned from

when Gaitskell tried to gag him

by invoking the discipline of

the Labor party's leading group

from the "shadow cabinet"

has stirred broad protest

against the high-handed move

to suppress the opposition to

the right-wing's foreign policy.

The issue is now whether

MP's who are not in the

"shadow cabinet" may dis-

sent with right-wing policies.

When the capitalist press

of the Labor party and the un-

ions responded by joining the

witch hunt and attempting to

silence and expel the Marxist

group. The SLL repeatedly

warned that the witch-hunt

against the Marxists was only

Crossman's resignation

### **Demands Met** UAW At South Gate Plant

LOS ANGELES, March 21 - Militant action by the membership of AFL-CIO United Automobile Workers, Local 216, forced management of General Motors assembly

plant at South Gate, California. March 15.

The settlement came at zero down." hour Tuesday. A special union This vague proposal was met

### **Rights Parade And Rally Held** In Cleveland

By Bob Kingsley

CLEVELAND, March 20 -500 people including 200 students from colleges in the area, marched along downtown Euclid Avenue today from the Public Square to Euclid Avenue Baptist Church where an overflow mass meeting of 3,000 was held. The meeting was spon-sored by Local 3 of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers Union, Region 3 of the Textile Workers Union, the Cleveland branch of the NAA-CP and other organizations.

The march was initiated by the NAACP chapter at Western Reserve University. The group had originally planned a week-A victory was won in San day demonstration at Woolworth's but were blocked by downtown stores agreed to Police Chief Story who claimed desegregate their lunch count- that "violence" might result. ers after receiving notice from Even today's demonstration the NAACP Council of projected might bring trouble, he warned as he told newsmen that ". there are a lot of emotionally A partial victory was scored unstable people and a lot of in Suffolk, Va., when the local them are nigger-haters who Woolworth lunch counter, clos- | would start violence - even in a peaceful protest."

But if any danger of violence had existed, it became a remote one as hundreds of Negro observers gathered along the line of march and many Negro-operated cars cruised up and down the ave-

Unprecedented police restrictions were imposed on the Tribune reports that the NUM the moment," MacIntyre writes, marchers. They were forced to stay on the sidewalk, two abreast. They had to stop at the spirit of union members; every intersection because the management kept tightening the cops gave priority to traffic. screw to test the power of union This was in contrast to Thursday's Saint Patrick's Day parade when traffic was held up for hours to let the dignitaries march by. In addition, the police sought to intimidate today's demonstrators by stationing cops on top of theater marquees and filming each marcher going

> At the spirited mass rally, Crow was roundly condemned.

# To San Diego

SAN DIEGO, March 19 -Joining the nationwide movement in support of Southern students fighting Jim Crow, more than 100 Negro and white pickets marched in front of the downtown Woolworth and Kress stores here today.

Organized by the local branch of the NAACP the action was originally planned as a twohour demonstration. But so many people volunteered that it was changed to an all-day ac-

At an open NAACP meeting of 500 last week - the biggest in many years—it was pointed out that Woolworth and Kress

continue.

to meet the major demands of tion proposal was "to add more the union in order to stave off manpower if the line speed were strike called for Tuesday, increased or to make up jobs when there was a line break

NUMBER 13

meeting called for 4 p.m., at- with the cry "where are you gotended by some 1,500 members, ing to get them from-we don't rejected management's proposal have enough now." The memon the speed-up issue. The union bers voted to back up the had demanded the employment union's demand for six additionof additional men. The corpora- al men. When the vote was taken on the management proposal only six votes were cast in favor.

No sooner had the meeting adjourned than management asked for another meeting with union representatives. By 7:30 Tuesday evening a satisfactory settlement was reached and the strike was called off.

In addition to the demand for additional workers to meet the Demonstrating their support to speed-up pressure the union the Southern "sit-in" fighters, won the following concessions: (1) A shift preference agreement. Management had previously taken the position-that men would be assigned to a second shift without regard to seniority. This was knocked out and seniority provisions are to prevail in manning a second

shift.

(2) Procedure for adequate relief. The union had protested the flagrant violations of "relief" privileges. Seventeen relief grievances had been filed and were being ignored. The situation had become intolerable. It was agreed "to establish proper and adequate relief for individual workers who find it necessary to leave the line for relief of personal needs.'

(3) Limitation on the use of maintenance employees on the line. Management, had made a practice of using maintenance men on the line to speed production instead of hiring relief men. It was agreed that maintenance men would be used on the production line "only in cases of extreme emergency, and then only on a temporary basis,"

The most important aspect of the victory was the boost in union morale. The corporation had been riding roughshod over the shop grievance committee; union militants who filed grievances were harassed and victimized; disciplinary lay-offs were imposed in an attempt to break

When the membership responded with a vote for strike action and showed they were serious about carrying it through the corporation beat a retreat.

So far as management is concerned such agreements are always made with tongue in cheek. The pressure will be on local as well as Southern Jim to soften up the ranks and weed out the militants. It will be up to the men on the job to see that the corporation lives up to the Spread Boycott letter and spirit of the settle-

## Calendar Of Events

NEW YORK

"WHAT'S WRONG WITH THE NEW CIVIL RIGHTS LAW?" Hear George Lavan, staff member, the Militant. Friday, April 1, 8:30 p.m. 116 University Place. Auspices: Militant Labor Forum. Contribution: 50 cents. \* \* \*

GALA SPRING SOCIAL, Saturday, April 2, 9 p.m. 116 freshments and special surprise Picketing of these stores will entertainment. Bring your friends! Contribution 50 cents.

## Local Directory

ton Ave., Room 200. CHICAGO

Socialist Workers Party, 777 W.

Socialist Workers Party 10609 Superior Ave., Room 301, SW 1-1818. Open Thursday nights 8 to 10. DETROIT

Eugene V. Debs Hall, 3737 Woodward. TEmple 1-6135. LOS ANGELES

Forum Hall and Modern Book Shop, 1702 E. 4th St. AN 9-4953 or WE 5-9238.

Newerk Labor Forum, Box 361, Newark, N. J. NEW YORK CITY

Militant Labor Forum, 116 University Place, AL 5-7852. OAKLAND - BERKELEY P.O. Box 341, Berkeley 1, Calif. PHILADELPHIA

Militant Labor Forum and Socialist Workers Party, 1303 W. Girard Ave. Lectures and discussions every Satur-

day, 8 P.M., followed by open house. Call PO 3-5820. SAN FRANCISCO The Militant, 1145 Polk St., Rm. 4 Sat. 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. Phone PR 6-7296; if no answer, VA 4-2321.

SEATTLE 1412-18th Avenue, EA 2-5554. Li-

brary, bookstore.

## Notes in the News

of the smear committee.

KAPITALIST KOMEDIAN - The Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral Arleigh Burke (note that suspicious "k" in his name), says that from now on he's going too spell Communism with a "K" because "it might help to testify Kommunism for what it is - a foreignism that will never be accepted voluntarily by a free people." The reform ought to be instituted at once in our cindergartens where spelling is first taught our cids along with other foreignisms such as Khristianity and arithmetik. A 100 per cent American project like this will undoubtedly be backed to the hilt by patriotic organizations like the Cu Clux

BIG BROTHER IN ACTION - George Orwell's "1984" and Aldous Huxley's "Brave New World," both political satires warning of the danger of totalitarianism, were withdrawn from Miami high-school book shelves after an anonymous telephone call to a school official complained the books contained "obscene" passages. Seven of the principals who yanked the books admitted they had not read them. Author Philip Wylie, a Miami resident, described the action of the principals as "ignorant and craven" and declared they were helping to "bring 1984 dictatorship closer."

BEAT BUT NOT THROUGH - Last December, the Holy Barbarian, a small "beatnik" bar featuring cool jazz and poetry opened in St. Louis. It quickly won a wide patronage from all walks of life. But on March 8, the Holy Barbarian closed down. Situated in a lily-white neighborhood, it's jazz band was integrated and it declared its doors were open to all. The proprietor, Virgil Matheus, charges that cops kept coming in, ostensibly searching for "dope peddlers," actually to see if there were any interracial couples. They never found any narcotics. But authorities finally found a pretext for closing the place. A waitress turned out to be 20 years old, under the legal age for serving liquor. The bar's license was immediately revoked. Matheus announced to guests, "We may be beat, but we're not through.'

TIME IS MONEY - "How's your time?" inquires a card distributed to employees of Service Bureau Corp., a division of International Business Machine Corp. "When we waste or lose valuable time," it adds, "it's almost the same as throwing our money away." (Emphasis added.) It suggests to employees of the future. "Our two-party system in America no longer serves the working people, who are the

in our way of doing things, if we are to sur-

vive. We must accept the fact that our present

modes of operations are obsolete. Our mech-

anism is of a 1930 vintage and is no longer

suitable to cope with the up-coming problems

backbone of our nation. The two parties Little Rock last Thursday for re- 25 and 30 high school students wrangle among themselves, leaving us to shift for ourselves. We have in the past, associated ourselves with the Democratic Party. But they have foresaken us, too. We get clobbered no matter which way we turn. "We are always on the defensive. It is

high time we took the bull by the horns and do something about it. Let's show some initiative by taking drastic steps and elbow our way out of the fix we're in. Revolutionize our thinking, way of doing things, our attitude, and stop being the low man on the totem pole.

"Be positive thinkers. Think big, act big and be big. I don't mean be big in the sense of a bully. But be big in our own right. Be able to stand on our own two feet and

not have to take any guff from either the Republicans or Democrats. 'We have men within the labor movement who are capable of being President of the United States. Our labor leaders have shown be diplomats and

They possess executive ability and leadership. "Let's look to the future. Plan ahead. Think about it - why not put a man of our

own choosing in the White House?"

attached - a plastic facsimile of a watch.

93 educators subpoenaed by the House commit-

tee before statewide public protests forced it

to cancel its projected hearing. Rep. Walter

(D-Pa.), chairman of the committee says that

after he called off the hearing the committee's

files of "evidence" against those subpoenaed

were turned over to state authorities and that

this may provide a pattern for future activity

at Cornell University's College of Architecture

in New York have designed a community

underground atomic bomb shelter which they

say will resolve the problem of psychological

readjustment to subsurface life. The subter-

ranean shelters of a specially designed school

building are to be used normally as cafe-

terias and Sunday schools. This is designed

subversive element in the top brass of the

New York Police Department has posted no-

the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Approximately

13,800 of the job accidents resulted in death.

The total accident figure was 8 per cent higher

SOME FOLKS ARE NEVER PLEASED

Gov. Orval Faubus of Arkansas who called out

High School, is running for a fourth term.

against him, accuses Faubus of being "soft" on

hit, the problem literally disappears."

that bribery is a crime.

PRACTICALLY FOOL-PROOF — Students

were Anthony Greenwood, Tom Driberg, Harold Wilson, Jennie Lee and Barbara Castle, retiring Labor party chairman. Many of the right-wing union officials are on the side of the that "we" should be as careful about saving time as about saving money. To demonstrate the right attitude on saving money, a gift is

Gaitskell proposal, of course. But the socialist concept is deeply rooted in the ranks of British unionism, and finds expression in the constitution of the various unions. Trade-SMEAR AND RUN - The California Deunion officials feel this pressure partment of Education disclosed March 18 that and this tends to divide the at least six teachers subpoenaed by the House right wing. Un-American Activities Committee have been fired or forced to resign. The six were among

The left Laborite weekly, Tribune, reports: "The Yorkshire area of the National Union of Mineworkers - the largest in the country - supported the following resolution by an overwhelming majority: 'Arising from our own experience in connection with the mining industry and our demand for the extension of nationalization in respect of the distribution of coal, we reaffirm our belief in the common

in the Constitution of the subject for a war of "interpre-Labor party."

Fight in British Labor Party

Eight of eleven arrested sit-

ed slogans as they were booked

on "trespass" charges.

in the South Wales area had already taken the same action and it was expected that the gates that his union would opDerbyshire area would follow give it socialist content." Other unions, including suit. the Union of Post Office Workers are considering similar resolutions.

> Against this background of Labor party and union opposition, Gaitskell has been shifting and squirming in an attempt to draw off the heat and gain his objective by tricky maneuvers. Instead of calling for discarding Clause Four he is now proposing to add "clarifying" phrases to it.

Alasdair MacIntyre analyzes this strategy in the March 19 the party's "shadow cabinet' Newsletter. MacIntyre warns: when Gaitskell tried to gag him "Mr. Gaitskell's change is not a retreat. But he has managed to give the appearance of one in parliament. who has retreated. This could assist him in two ways. It is liable to disarm the Left and delude them into thinking that they have won a victory when they have in fact been defeated. And it could help to build the image of Mr. Gaitskell as a reasonable man who is willing to compromise, unlike those rabid fellows on the Left."

MacIntyre submits the Clause Four question to a searching opened a red-baiting campaign ownership of the means of pro- Marxist analysis which discloses against the Socialist Labor Leaduction, distribution and ex- its historical background and gue and Newsletter over a year change as set out in Clause Four 'the reasons why it has been the ago, the right-wing bureaucrats

## Change in Sugar Act

to give the citizens a day-to-day acquaintance (Continued from Page 1) with the underground facilities and make them feel more at home when the emergency comes. quota and eliminating the gov-One bug remains to be ironed out. One of the ernment - financed premium to student-designers explains, "If there's a direct sugar producers, the sugar companies are not very eager that this be done now. And for good A SLUR ON FREE ENTERPRISE - Some

The proposal to penalize the Castro regime by cutting the tices in station houses advising the personnel 2.38-cent-a-pound premium the U.S. government pays above world-market prices for three INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS - Job injuries million tons of Cuban sugar disabled 1,970,000 workers in 1959, according to each year is based "on an erroneous idea of who gets the money," said Robert G. Spivack in the March 10 New York Post.

"It turns out that the premium . . does not go to the Cuban government," Spivack said, but "directly to the American sugar the National Guard in 1957 to keep nine Negro interests operating in Cuba" children from entering Little Rock's Central who receive \$100 million a year. "The big sugar companies,

United Fruit Co.

The change in the Sugar Act proposed by the Administration well as the central fight for a thus seems to be designed for Attorney General Bruce Bennett, running anxious to maintain the status use against Cuba should its quo, would be just as happy if government nationalize the isleverybody dropped the subject. and's sugar industry.

"Actually the premium is a subsidy paid by U.S. sugar consumers to some 19 firms operating in Cuba." The major companies are the West Indies Sugar Corp. and the

mills.

the beginning. It appealed to all left-wing elements to rally to the support of its elementary democratic rights within the Labor party and the union. It However, the vast holdings of pointed out that if the bureauthese American companies in crats were allowed to victimize Cuba — totaling 1.6 million any section of the left wing acres of land — are subject to with impunity, they would be

expropriation under Cuba's emboldened and others would agrarian reform law. In line come under attack. with the Cuban revolution's ob-The episode around Crossjective of bringing the island's man's resignation would seem economy under the control of to call for thoughtful considerthe Cuban people, the Castro ation of this warning at this regime might also decide to take time and begin a more vigorous over the American-owned sugar trend towards unity of all leftwing forces in the fight for union and party democracy, as

> socialist program. Why not pass this copy of the Militant on to a friend?

#### both refuse to hire Negro sales University Place. Music, reclerks in this city.

Boston Labor Forum, 295 Hunting-

Adams, DE 2-9736. CLEVELAND

MILWAUKEE 150 East Juneau Ave. MINNEAPOLIS

Socialist Workers Party. Box 5520, Lake Street Station, Minneapolis, Minn.

ST. LOUIS

For information phone MO 4-7184.