



UC frosh Fred Moore protests against compulsory ROTC.

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Calif. Students Drive Gov. Brown To Declare Against Forced ROTC

by Martha Curti

(For further information on University of California activities see inside pages.)

A recent flurry of student pressure at the Berkeley and Los Angeles campuses of the Univ. of California has forced Gov. Edmund G. Brown to take a stand against compulsory ROTC at the University.

The Governor stated that the types of drill conducted by the ROTC were outmoded and took too much time of the students away from their studies. He indicated that there was a difference of opinion within the Board of Regents, of which he is an *ex officio* member, on the question of whether or not to abolish compulsory ROTC. "I'd like to see it made voluntary," he declared. Courses in military training must be offered at land-grant colleges; but the law does not stipulate that the courses be compulsory.

A 59-hour strike by a freshman at the Berkeley campus provided the spark. Equipped with a written explanation of his action, a large sign (see photo this page) and a petition, Frederick Moore, Jr., established himself on the steps of Sproul Hall for his fast. Large crowds of students gathered around him, debating the issue. Although several passers-by merely gazed in curiosity, there were no taunts or jeers. A thousand students signed the petition against compulsory ROTC.

'CONSCIENCE' NOT ALLOWED

Moore, a pacifist whose father is an Air Force colonel in the Pentagon, had refused to sign up for ROTC on grounds of conscience. "Conscience" is not a legitimate reason for exemption from ROTC in the eyes of the

Administration. Shortly after the hunger strike began, Moore was called in to the Dean's office and, as Moore explained, "He made it quite clear that I either sign up and take ROTC or withdraw from the University."

The Dean meant what he said. Frederick L. Moore, Jr. is no longer a student at Cal.

Widespread publicity of Moore's action in the campus papers, in the local press and radio stations, has been virtually unanimous in support of the anti-ROTC position. An editorial in the San Francisco Chronicle (Oct. 22, 1959) began: "While a hunger strike is hardly the most rational basis on which to settle it, there can be no question that young Frederick L. Moore, Jr. has a popular, defensible and respectable issue in his fight against compulsory ROTC at the University of California."

The UCLA Daily Bruin, commenting on the Board of Regents' decision to refer the ROTC question to a committee for "further study," editorialized: "A decision is what we want. . . . What we need is not committee after committee, but a few more influential men taking stands on this issue so it can be resolved now, at once, today."

How effective all this publicity will be is still in doubt. Editorials

in the Cal campus papers indicate that there is a widespread desire on the part of students for immediate action. However, as the Bruin points out, referring a question to a committee is a pretty sure way of seeing that nothing will be done.

ROTC UNWANTED

Thus there can be little doubt that most students would do away with compulsory ROTC, and that many of them would do away with even voluntary ROTC. Despite their wishes, ROTC remains and is likely to remain for some time. Most of the arguments against compulsory ROTC are based, not on any principled opposition to war or the U.S. military buildup, but on the argument that ROTC is obsolete, inefficient, a waste of time; that it is useless in the defense of the U.S. from aggression.

ROTC will remain on the campus not because it serves any military requirement, but because it serves a valuable function in ideologically preparing the students for war: just as the existence of a large conscript army, though deemed militarily useless by Pentagon experts, will remain because of its necessary role in ideologically preparing young people in general to support war and the arms race.

The campus, however, is the crucial battleground for the minds of the youth, who are necessary to fight a war.

On the campus ROTC is a major weapon in this battle. Over 300 college campuses in the country

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YS Speakers Invade Nation's Campuses

by Sherry Finer

Continuing in its insidious campaign to spread the ideas of peace and human freedom through socialism, the YOUNG SOCIALIST is sending editorial board member Jim Lambrecht to speak to students in California, Seattle, Denver and the Twin Cities this month. Lambrecht is addressing the Western colleges on "The Impact of the Cold War on the American Campus" and "The Dialectics of Human Freedom." As a socialist speaker, he has toured dozens of campuses in the Midwest and East over the past two years. Another tour through these areas will begin in early 1960.

At the moment, touring the eastern part of the U.S. are two Socialist Trailblazers going to various cities and colleges. They are literally hitting them "cold" and selling subscriptions to the YS. In the last two months they have sold over 150 new subscriptions to the paper. Already as a result of their work, a new Young Socialist Alliance has been established in Boston and other similar opportunities are now opening up.

The YS is currently conducting its Fall Fund Drive to raise \$1,200. It began Sept. 15 and will run through Dec. 15. The money is needed to continue publication of the YS, of course, as well as to maintain our national organization. However, perhaps the most important task of any socialist youth movement is to reach out to young people throughout the country with speaking tours, local clubs, and Trailblazers.

Because we feel sure you will want to be part of the growth of the most active, enthusiastic, and youthful youth movement this country has seen in years, we are giving you this opportunity to contribute financially, either as an individual or through one of the local YS clubs, to the YOUNG SOCIALIST, P. O. Box 471, New York 3.

Moroccan Youth Scene—Colonial Struggle Leaves No Time for Apathy

by Judy Mage

Ahmed ben Mohammed, age nine, carefully examines his crisp new membership card in the Jeunesse Ouvriere Marocain (Moroccan labor youth federation), grins proudly at his photo, then stuffs the card in his jeans pocket and settles back to listen attentively as his group of Jeunesse Ouvriere scouts discuss the day's hike.

Something had gone wrong. A fight had broken out among several of the scouts, and a special meeting had been called at the end of the day to analyze the reasons why. Older members of the Jeunesse Ouvriere, in their

late teens, preside over the meeting.

Hundreds of young Moroccans file into the movie house in Marrakech. They have not gathered to watch a movie, but to listen as several professors speak about the social problems facing Morocco.

Graoui el Alami, age 26, cannot walk peacefully through the streets of Meknes, his home town. Too many of his fellow citizens come up to shake his hand. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Union Marocain de Travail (UMT—The Moroccan labor federation) and General Secretary of the UMT for eastern Morocco.

When he was 13 years old, Graoui went to work for the French-owned railway company. He looked older and the French kept no vital statistics for Moroccans. He was seventeen when the French sentenced him to prison for leading a strike of Meknes railway workers. He was released, then picked up again and sent down to a prison camp in the Sahara where he passed the next five years.

Some time after Morocco gained its independence (in April, '56) Graoui was invited to the U.S. by the State Dept. to observe at first hand the American labor movement. His reaction to his seven-month journey was similar to that of most other Moroccan union leaders who have visited the United States: "The labor lead-

ers in your country have lost touch with the masses," he told us. "We of the UMT do not want to become corrupt. We do not want the workers to feel they have a bourgeoisie leading them. That is why we continue to receive our usual salaries that we earned before becoming full-time UMT leaders."

Bostonians Build Socialist Club

Young socialists in greater Boston joined together recently to form the Young Socialist Alliance. The group is largely a result of the Trailblazers' tour through the area and the tremendous response they got in their sales of YOUNG SOCIALIST—"International Socialist Review" subscriptions. There are now close to 100 subscribers there.

The charter members of the organization include students from MIT, Harvard, Radcliffe, Brandeis, BU, and North Eastern as well as young workers. The group reports there is an unprecedented interest in socialism in Boston. This not only made their founding possible, but makes their prospects for continued growth quite encouraging.

Jim Lambrecht, acting National Secretary of the YS movement, spoke to the opening meeting of the new YSA about the YS program and the coming YS spring conference. The group is the only socialist youth organization in the area and its influence with students as well as its enthusiasm should prove an important addition to the revolutionary socialist movement.

Graoui el Alami, Ahmed ben Mohammed, and thousands of Morocco's working class and student youth, would be surprised if they could hear the number one complaint of youth leaders in the U.S. and western Europe; the number one characteristic attributed to U.S. and west European youth: Apathy. Social, political, even intellectual apathy.

Moroccan youth are not apathetic. The bitter revolt against French imperialism, in which so many of them took part, has been succeeded by a serious struggle on the part of the working class and its youth allies to continue and deepen the social revolution in Morocco. "We do not want the place of the French rulers to be taken by new Moroccan rulers," they say. "We are willing to make great sacrifices to develop our country . . . but it is not right for some to sacrifice and others to grow rich."

In Safi, largest fishing port on Morocco's Atlantic coast, the theatre troupe of the Jeunesse Ouvriere is to perform Moliere's "L'Avare," adapted and translated

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GRAOUI EL ALAMI

Apathy in Alabama, Authoritarian Democracy at Cal . . .

The YS, as the only nationwide student-oriented political paper, is in a unique position to keep students informed on campus political developments throughout the country. From Toronto to Alabama, from Boston to Los Angeles, from mammoth state universities to genteel Ivy League schools to small liberal colleges, YS correspondents were asked to submit information on political activity on their campuses and their evaluation of it.

We have not attempted a "scientific" survey; nor do we attempt a full-scale analysis. We are certain, however, that this material, consisting of candid, off-the-cuff observations by our correspondents, will provide interesting and lively reading; perhaps also some significant conclusions can be drawn.

ALABAMA

Fred Fry reporting:

University of Alabama: Integration: There are no NAACP or other pro-integration groups active. Reactionary circles, in particular the KKK, are very strong here, both in the city government, the police, and at local levels. I, together with a few others, are attempting to organize a group, the Students League to Combat Racism.

As for pro-segregation groups, the most outspoken such organization is the Young Democrats. I attended some of its meetings last semester, and found it to be completely dominated by anti-labor, Jim Crow interests. The overwhelming majority of the students are segregationists, thanks to the bourgeois ideology that dominates their minds from the cradle to the grave. However, most of the 70-100 foreign students on campus are pro-Negro, and they are horrified at the "Southern Way of Life."

Student Government: The only controversies, groups, etc., in the student government center around personalities. Sponsoring beauty contests seems to be one of the major activities that the different components of the student government engage in.

Anti-war Activities: There are none. The H-bomb is generally considered necessary to deter the Russian bogey. ROTC is generally accepted, though with a great deal of grumbling. This grumbling has not materialized into any concrete form of opposition, however.

Reactions to K's visit and steel strike: Most of the students seem to have been genuinely impressed by Mr. K. The International Relations Club, sponsored a forum on the topic recently, and the general consensus of opinion was that Khrushchev's visit had served a useful purpose, that there is a great need for world leaders to sit down and talk out their problems, and that Russia is probably sincere in her desire for world peace, as the Soviet economy needs peace in order to improve itself, and to catch up with the United States.

General assessment: Though there are a few hopeful signs—the thawing of the cold war spirit, etc.—my general assessment must, unfortunately, be negative. The students as a whole are anti-labor, anti-socialist, anti-integration, and pro-big business. There has been little change, if any, in apathy on the campus. Jobs, studies, who's going with who, sex, and drinks, appear to be the major interests of most. The tragedy of this is that if there were just more progressives, there would be considerable possibilities, I believe, for the propagation of liberal views, and for the implementation of progressive political actions.

BALTIMORE

A. Robert Kaufman reporting:

Johns Hopkins: A Hopkins grad who had visited Russia as part of a student exchange spoke recently to over 200 students at the Cosmopolitan Club, a foreign student social group. His impressions were very favorable in spite of himself. A pretty good picture of progress, yearning for peace, etc., came through. He was well

A CALL TO ACTION

The recent directive of President Kerr curtailing student government and student organizations tears the velvet glove from the iron fist. It allows us to see two dominant trends prevailing in our society, which concern every individual personally.

1) Kerr's action illustrates the authoritarian condition of our society. In Big Business, in the Military Establishment, and in Political Bureaucracies, orders also come from top to bottom; from elite to people. Employees, like students, may offer suggestions, but they do not have any real decision-making power.

2) Kerr's action also illustrates the role the educational system plays in our society. Universities act as an ideological cover for the status quo. They produce skilled, unquestioning technicians, instead of critically thinking, politically active individuals. This fact should not be surprising, since universities are controlled by administrations having close connections with this country's Power Elite.

We are opposed to these conditions. We believe that people everywhere should run their own governments; workers should run their factories; and students and faculties should run their universities. A true university is conducive to critical analyses of all issues and constantly leads in the fight for social reforms.

Unless students stand and fight NOW for student government, the Administration will infringe more and more on accepted students' rights. It may next censor the "Daily Californian," or issue tortuous new rules, such as requiring all students to live in "Approved" housing.

Students in other countries are active leaders in the fight for justice, rationality, and democracy. Students in Berkeley now have an opportunity to show what they can do.

STUDENTS!

Organize — In Organization There Is Strength

Disobey — The Unjust Rules

Protest — Rally! March! Strike!

(The leaflet above was distributed at Cal. by the Berkeley Young Socialist Alliance)

received and there were no "anti-Communist" type disagreements with him. He said that we should study "Revolutionary Marxism-Leninism" and that Hopkins should have such a course.

Although I would not quite go along with the statement in Mercury Magazine that Hopkins is a hotbed of Communists, I would say that despite the lack of political activity on campus, most students are far more open to socialism than three or even two years back.

Morgan, Goucher: These two colleges are direct opposites in that Morgan is a Negro college, many of whose students attend at night on top of full-time jobs; while Goucher is one of the most elite of women's colleges. Both have in common that nothing is going on politically at either place. Last year Morgan students were active on mass boycotts of nearby segregated eating places. However, spring finals stopped this activity and fall football has thus far kept it from recurring. There are no political organizations at all, not even Young Democrats or Republicans.

Dan Freeman reporting:

St. Johns: St. Johns' most recent claim to fame is that Charles Van Doren graduated from here. This small college in Annapolis, Md., is seething with individual ferment. Most of the students are liberals. The administration impressed me as being unusually lib-

eral, since the Dean himself gave us express permission to sell our literature on the campus. There is a Forum group in which socialists are a leading force. This group sponsored Jim Robertson, of the YS, in a talk on Isaac Deutscher's new book, "Prophet Unarmed."

BOSTON

Pete Camejo reporting:

Massachusetts Institute of Technology: MIT is characterized in general by political apathy. Some interest has arisen over MIT's participation in NSA: the MIT representatives felt that NSA should not deal with political questions outside of student affairs since they claim this contradicts the NSA constitution. The Tech, MIT's excuse for a school paper, has been carrying articles on this issue. Also, there is some controversy over the mishandling of student government by students. Young Republicans is the only political group on campus.

Harvard: The Harvard Socialist Club is entering its second year of existence. On the other hand, there is an active Young Republican Club whose members are known mainly for their attempt to disrupt meetings of other organizations, including the Socialist Club. Students are generally politically indifferent, but nothing like MIT.

Brandeis: Having many liberal professors has done a great deal towards making Brandeis a more

politically aware campus. Students seem to be primarily concerned with the peace issue.

Boston University An SDA chapter and a Republican youth group exist on campus. Here, too, political apathy prevails.

CALIFORNIA

Jim Petras reporting:

Berkeley: Two major controversies are currently turning the Cal campus into a ferment—compulsory ROTC (see article p. 1) and the abolishment of student government by President Kerr under the guise of "decentralization."

On Oct. 23 Kerr, who has had a reputation as a "liberal" president, issued several directives imposing stringent controls on the student government and other student organizations. The new controls are to be administered by the chancellor or provost on all seven of the UC campuses.

Immediately three student papers attacked the directives as "unjustified, ill-considered, totally unnecessary." The ASUC (student government) Executive Committee officially protested Kerr's action, stating that the regulations are "an unwarranted infringement on the right of student government to determine its own scope of operation . . ." Slate, a student party, held a rally at Sather Gate at which its president, Aryay Lenke, and several Slate members urged Cal students to ignore the directives. Said Lenke, "The President does not have the right to completely control student affairs."

The directives provide, among other things, that the student government may not take positions on "off-campus" issues without prior approval of the Chancellor, and that amendments to the ASUC constitution must be approved by him before they can be voted on by students. Recognized student organizations must have a faculty advisor; must not be affiliated to any "partisan political or religious" group; and must not have as a purpose the taking of positions on "outside" issues. Further, the Chancellor has the authority to audit finances of student organizations and to disapprove campus appearances of speakers discussing "off-campus" issues.

Slate president Lenke charged that the directives were made "through fear of student activities and I believe that Slate contributed to that fear." For Slate to remain a recognized student organization, it may not take stands on "off-campus" issues as is has in the past. How will Slate react to Kerr's directives? Lenke said he was uncertain. "One thing is sure, though," he added, "and

that is Slate will activate even further."

On the question of stifling discussion of "off-campus" issues, a group of 11 students writing to the Daily Californian had this to say: "There is no such thing as an 'off-campus' issue. Segregation hurts University Negroes as well as others. Radiation from H-bombs do (sic) not pass the University by, and you have no power to order it do so. Recession affects the student's ability to support himself.

"Even international relations affect the student directly, for if a world war were to break out in this atomic age, the University itself might be blown off the earth (if any of the earth were to remain)."

Cal students are obviously not taking lightly the drastic curtailment of their rights. "Apathy" is one adjective that does not apply to them.

Peter Allan reporting:

UCLA: A rising interest is manifested on the question of compulsory ROTC, highlighted by Gov. Brown's recent concession to student pressure against it. Another big issue is the new directives of President Kerr, which have met with attack in editorials and letters in the Daily Bruin.

Rule 17, which governs student organizations, has been revised—Kerr calls it a "liberalization." It seems to be more of a rewriting, however, with the possibility of an actual setback. While the wording seems vague and awaits actual interpretation in a concrete case, it appears that student clubs holding meetings on campus cannot deal with any issues designated "off-campus," such as, for example, the Bill of Rights.

Leaders of the Student Civil Liberties Union as well as many independent students are pressing for a real liberalization, so that all student clubs may be fully recognized, i.e., so that they can hold regular membership meetings plus public forums, debates, etc., on campus; so that all issues may be fully discussed and considered by the students on campus; so that all kinds of speakers may be invited, including socialists and Communists. There is some speculation that the previous proscription of a Communist as a speaker has been deleted, but a test must be made of this.

The NSA seems to have a liberal core of student leaders this year who are pressing against compulsory ROTC as well as for a better Rule 17. The campus NAACP has yet to show signs of life this year. No Sane or CORE group has been formed yet. The Dissent Forum exists but it is too

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Young Socialist

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... Liberals and Prejudice at CCNY, Penn: Cold to Causes

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early to say what its activity will be. The Eugene V. Debs Club is continuing to function on campus. Socialist speakers will be featured on specific political topics.

Considering that UCLA has never been known as exactly a "hotbed of radicalism," considering that the student government is still fraternity-dominated with no opposition like Slate, the overall impression is that interest in political questions is greater and more widespread than before.

(As the YS goes to press, protests against Kerr's directives have been made by two other UC student papers, the Santa Barbara El Gaucho and the Riverside Highlander, as well as the student association at Sacramento State College.—Ed.)

CANADA

Cliff Cotton reporting

Univ. of Toronto: A fiery cross burned on the lawn of the Kappa Kappa Gamma sorority house, the first to flare in this city in years. It represented not a threat to Negro students, but a sign of sympathy to a Negro co-ed who had been refused admission to the society, which is associated to the University of Toronto.

The reality of segregation, believed to be a non-existent issue on the campus because of the small numbers of Negroes attending, and the low proportional representation in the city as a whole, shocked many of the students. Some exclaimed: "I never suspected that it ever existed at the U of T," and "This just shouldn't happen in Canada."

The immediate cause of the flareup that reached the headlines of cross-country newspapers, was the refusal of the sorority president to admit 21-year-old honors psychology student Barbara Arrington to join a sorority, in spite of the fact that some of the members had invited her to do so.

She put a motion before the Student Administrative Council to withhold support from U of T fraternities until they prove they have no discriminatory policies. Speaking on the motion, she said, "—I am afraid you think I am just a rabble rouser, but I take this stand not as a Negro, but as a woman of principles."

The SAC replied with applause and desk pounding, and passed a motion deploring the actions of fraternities that practice discrimination for reasons of race, color, or religion. After a long and heated debate they passed another motion that withdrew publication privileges from all fraternities practicing discrimination. Another argument developed over the resolution asking U of T president C. Bissel to expell students belonging to fraternities that practiced discrimination, but this motion failed.

After the exposure, fraternities split on the issue, a few accepting non-white members, the majority claiming that they would not like to antagonize Southern US chapters.

McGill University: The McGill Daily (Montreal), in an editorial, revealed that the sororities of the U of T alone were not guilty, "for subtle and semi-official segregation" also exists in McGill's fraternities.

CHICAGO

Jack Hirsch reporting:

University of Chicago: Political life at UC has been relatively slack for the past couple of years. That does not mean that nothing is going on, however. On the civil liberties field, a student literary magazine, Big Table, and the American Journal of Sociology,

The Denver Clarion
Clarion Invitational
Student Gives Views on Young Socialists' Meeting
The Chicago Tribune
'Big Table' battles PO ban
UCLA Daily
The Daily Californian
Conscientious Objector Picketing UC Campus
A Communist Tool?
VIENNA YOUTH FESTIVAL
Faculty Essay
THE NEUTRALIST GENERATION
by Dr. Clyde Ryals
THE DAILY PENNSYLVANIAN

Gov. Brown 'Would End' Compulsory ROTC Here

have been fighting the Post Office. Big Table, which consists of works of Kerouac, Burroughs, Dahlberg, and the San Francisco "beatnik" poets, is a metamorphosed version of the Chicago Review, whose editors were forced by the UC administration to resign after the magazine had been criticized by a Daily News columnist as "one of the foulest collections of printed filth I've ever seen publicly circulated." The magazine and the American Civil Liberties Union are suing the Post Office for refusing to send any of the 400 copies mailed.

The Post Office lost in its attempt to hold up delivery of two Czechoslovakian magazines to the American Journal of Sociology, whose editor, Mrs. Helen Hughes, had refused to sign a Post Office form stating that she had "ordered, subscribed to, or desired" the publications. The ACLU had filed a complaint demanding immediate delivery.

Another development indicating political interest among some UC students is the fact that several student groups, including the NAACP and the SRP (a liberal student party) held a rally to support a strike at the Home for Incurables near the campus. The student groups are concerned with the working conditions at the Home, where the pay is \$65.00 for a two-week period, because the Home is scheduled to be merged with the University.

Tom Dengler reporting:

Roosevelt University: Roosevelt was founded in 1945; it was a GI Bill school. The vets seem to have been an independent and inquiring lot. RU gained a reputation for radicalism which it has never lost.

Since the GI days the situation has been reversed, however. All students commute. Many, probably most, work part time to pay their tuition. With one foot in school and the other in their home and work environment few feel impelled toward extra-curricular political activities.

There is a student senate but in the absence of general student interest politics is a matter of popularity and social cliques—there were only 13 candidates for 11 posts in recent elections. The only organized group in the student senate is the Political Affairs Association which dominates it with eight delegates and the officers. The PAA is an appendage of

the departments of political science and business.

The administration has attached RU firmly to the rump of the Chicago business community. The business school has the largest faculty of all the departments and probably enrollment. The "Society for the Advancement of Management" is the largest student group on campus with 120 members. The administration recently refused to rent campus facilities to the "Militant Labor Forum."

Though Roosevelt is completely integrated—I estimate a third of the students are Negro—there are no Negro organizations except a Negro fraternity. There seems to have been a branch of the NAACP but it was dead before my time and it proved impossible to revive it around the Youth March. (The Student Senate also sat on its Youth March petitions).

A group of students have formed a Socialist Discussion Group which is conducting a class on "America's Road to Socialism" by James P. Cannon.

COLORADO

Norman Hodgett reporting:

Denver University: This campus, where the playboy fraternity types dominate the atmosphere, has seen some controversy involving the YS recently.

The Denver Clarion, campus paper, published an article which purported to be an attack on a symposium recently held at DU by YS supporters here. One of the members of the audience, not a YS supporter, then wrote to the Clarion protesting the "crude and unmitigated smear" and challenged the Clarion to send a "rational and competent reporter to the next meeting of the Young Socialist Club, so that the student body can learn the truth about developments on the campus."

CONNECTICUT

Dan Freeman reporting:

Yale: One thinks of Yale, with its massive Gothic architecture, as one of the staunchest upholders of Tradition, populated mainly by scions of the wealthiest families. Beneath this facade, however, we found a surprisingly large number of students who were interested in socialism. I attended a debate between William Buckley of the far-right National Review and Norman Thomas. When Buckley advocated dropping H-bombs on "troop concentrations," large sections of the audience of

over 1,000 responded with boos and hisses, knowing that they themselves were slated to be "troop concentrations" in the not-too-distant future.

Trinity: At Trinity College in Hartford, YS salesmen were prevented from selling our literature within the campus by a college policeman. However, the student who had warned us of the officer's approach led us to a coffee shop outside the campus, where we had a lengthy discussion with a group of student socialists. Plans are being laid for a socialist discussion group here.

DETROIT

Harriet Talan reporting:

Wayne State University: The only groups on our campus of which students are the organizers are the Independent Socialist Club and the Folklore Society. There is no NAACP. In the opinion of one of the individuals who attempted to set one up at WSU, the Negro students he approached feel that there are no problems for Negroes at Wayne. Few Wayne students participated in the Youth March last spring. The Socialist Club was the first to endorse it. Later the Student Council endorsed it but failed to organize petition drives or caravans to Washington.

There are no civil-liberties organizations on campus. There has been no recent case where the rights of students or teachers have been encroached upon.

Both the student government and the college press remain aloof from real issues.

As a result of Khrushchev's visit, more students are curious about socialism. More come to socialist forums off campus than a few months ago. Many of these, of course, come to socialist meetings merely out of curiosity.

Rather than say that students at Wayne have become less apathetic, I would say they have become more curious—they still hesitate to do or join very much but they seem less afraid and more interested in almost anything: history of socialism, the socialist attitude toward Cuba, China, the Soviet Union and, above all, peace.

MINNESOTA

Sally Porter reporting:

University of Minnesota: Like many large state universities, Minnesota has a relatively small core of students who are interested in dissenting ideas amidst

the vast mass of career oriented, non-political students. With virtually no publicity, 50 students showed up for the club's first meeting, at which Mulford Sibley spoke on "The Lunacy of Capitalism." The club has planned a meeting, at which Ray Dunne, one of the leaders of the famous Minneapolis Teamsters strike in 1934, will speak on the Minnesota labor movement, followed by a series of meetings on "The History of Socialist Thought."

NEW JERSEY

Dan Freeman reporting:

Rutgers and Douglas: At Rutgers (undergraduate women's state college, "sister" college of Rutgers) the Trailblazers (Young Socialists who are touring the Eastern States selling literature) who undoubtedly were the first openly active socialists to be seen there in years, overcame great student apathy and opposition by the administration to eke out a sizeable sale of YS and ISR (International Socialist Review) single copies. We evidently created quite a turmoil at Rutgers, being asked, or rather told, to leave campus property twice.

Princeton: At Princeton most of the political people are members of the Young Republicans, and the Young Democrats make up the far left of the political spectrum. A couple of years ago a controversy arose over the "eating club" system, with some students complaining that the clubs discriminated against Jews. A live socialist must have been a rarity here. After an hour of selling, we were unceremoniously ordered off the campus by the university authorities. The town police were informed of the presence of the Trailblazers and under threat of arrest, we were denied our constitutional rights to sell on the public streets.

NEW YORK CITY

Nora Roberts reporting:

City College: Supposedly one of the most liberal schools in the country, CCNY found itself with a vicious case of segregation this term. The first Negro to rush a sorority, as far as anyone can remember, was excluded. The only reason given was her color. Out of twenty members of the sorority, three voted against the girl and stated that they were doing so because they didn't want Negro girls in their organization.

Instead of cracking down on the sorority, which violated its charter and campus regulations for organizations, the administration launched its attack against Observation Post, one of the student newspapers, which had exposed the story. The sorority girls frankly admitted there was a case.

(Continued on Page 4)

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Youth Notes

ARMY HEARING: Enlisted men in the United States Army are no longer to be used as private servants for their commanding officers, ruled the House Armed Services subcommittee. One Representative questioned whether some officers were not abusing the privilege of having orderlies by assigning them to "sweep floors, scrub the kitchen, cook, clean toilets in the officer's home and wash the dishes after the wife has a party."

WORLD YOUTH: In Japan 30,000 students demonstrated against the Kishi government's proposed security pact with the U.S. . . . Argentine students in the University of Buenos Aires have issued bitter protests against the United States-financed technical assistance program. The University Student Federation termed U.S. aid a form of "cultural imperialism." The U.S. has obliged and is stopping the program.

CIVIL LIBERTIES: Defense of the First Amendment may mean jail for 31 Americans who refused to answer questions when subpoenaed by the House and state Un-American Activities Committees. The 31 recently joined together nationally to form a Committee of First Amendment Defendants. For information write to the Committee at P.O. Box 564, Radio City Station, New York 19, N.Y.

ON THE LEFT: Young people representing all YS clubs from Maine to Florida gathered in New Jersey to talk, consult and enjoy themselves. Different aspects of the struggle against war were discussed by Tim Wohlforth, Shane Mage, Martha Curti, and Judy Mage. Plenty of good food, laughs and lively discussions made for an enjoyable weekend Nov. 20-22 . . . Isaac Deutscher's latest book, *The Prophet Unarmed*, set off discussion among young people in New York through a Young Socialist Alliance symposium featuring Murry Weiss, editor of the *International Socialist Review*, and Stanley W. Moore, of the *Monthly Review* . . . The Berkeley Young Socialist Alliance announces a class on Rosa Luxemburg's pamphlet *Reform or Revolution* . . . Local Baltimore papers announced Scott Nearing speaking on "No More Class War," Harry Braverman on "Labor and Politics" and Bert Cochran on "The Taft-Hartley Decade" for the Socialist Study Group . . . San Francisco's Unitarian Youth are interested in "Liberalism and Socialism" and have invited YSA'er Jim Petras to speak on the subject . . . An L.A. audience heard YS corresponding editor Peter Allan discuss whether or not the basic causes of war have been greatly altered since Ike and Mr. K. have been on speaking terms . . . Young Socialists in Chicago are conducting a class on Lenin's *State and Revolution*.

Morocco—No Time for Apathy . . .

(Continued from Page 1)

ed into Arabic by one of their leaders. At the last moment they are denied permission to use the theatre in the big youth center constructed by the government's "Service of Youth and Sports." The grounds are that the Jeunesse Ouvriere is not an organization connected with this government ministry.

The reaction of the Jeunesse Ouvriere is quick: "It's a public building, for all the people. If they won't let us use it we'll take it by force and have the play there anyway. Let them try to throw us out!"

The Service of Youth and Sports reconsiders. The play is held.

In Marrakech, the assistant secretary of the Jeunesse Ouvriere explains why it was necessary to physically occupy the headquarters of the right-wing Istiqlal's youth organization. A split in the

ruling Istiqlal party took place last January and separated the old bourgeois leadership from the workers and their leaders. The youth secretary speaks angrily of the failure of the right-wing to initiate any land reform program; of the blocks placed in front of the workers trying to raise their living standards. The UMT and its allies will have to carry through the revolution, he feels. Although a student himself, this young man identifies completely with the labor movement and its aspirations.

And in this identification lies the secret of the power of Moroccan youth. The UMT is militant, its leaders courageous and devoted. They are capable of inspiring working class and student youth to look toward the labor movement as their guide; a guide in their fight for the control by the people of Morocco's future development.

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Survey of Campus Politics . . .

(Continued from Page 3)

of discrimination, and President of the college, Buell Gallagher, refused to believe them. The more the administration tried to hush up the story, the more it was publicized until the *Amsterdam News* and *Baltimore Afro-American* picked it up. Still Gallagher did nothing but issue scathing attacks on OP. Apparently, he hasn't let his reputation as a liberal and a member of the national board of the NAACP go to his head.

The sorority girls, most of whom are Jewish and would face the same vicious discrimination against themselves in many parts of the country, state they aren't going to let this happen over again, but are not willing to open their doors to the Negro girl involved.

Political interest on campus seems to be increasing this term. The Marxist Discussion Club, the only political club to survive the membership list requirement, began the semester with large turn-outs to their two meetings. The fact that nearly 100 students came the first week of October to hear Joseph North of the *Worker* speak on the Khrushchev visit apparently so overwhelmed the leaders of MDC that they haven't scheduled an event since. They have also made no attempt to bring a variety of differing socialist views to the campus. The **YOUNG SOCIALIST** is sold regularly on campus and YS supporters feel sure there will be a broad socialist club at CCNY in the spring term.

Brooklyn College: YOUNG SOCIALIST salesmen at Brooklyn College were swarmed at the college gates by a mob of students who wanted to buy the paper.

Student life at Brooklyn is carefully controlled by President Gid- eonse, another "liberal" who hasn't let his reputation go to his head. He has succeeded, as Gallagher would like to do at CCNY, in controlling the student newspaper. His methods are simple: if he doesn't like what the editors say, he expels them or bans the paper. He finds this method effective also in controlling Student Government which is now almost completely inactive. One group he hasn't been able to control is the YPSL club on campus; however, even YPSL can't seem to control them as they are all in the left-wing.

Columbia: The Eugene V. Debs Club at Columbia University is almost completely inactive and there is no other socialist group on campus to replace it. The YS, however, has fared well with the Ivy League. A greater percentage of Columbia and Barnard students buy the paper than at any other college in greater New York. One of the major events of the term was a demonstration led by the students for the return of Charles Van Doren of quiz show fame, who resigned as a professor.

PHILADELPHIA

Arlene Felberbaum reporting:

University of Pennsylvania: This campus can generally be classified as "cold" to causes. There is no functioning group in the fields of either integration or Civil Liberties. The University has turned down the government scholarships which demand signing of loyalty oaths.

The Student Governments (both the Men's Undergraduate Council and the Women's Student Government) are the usual moribund exclusive right-to-center kind found throughout the USA. There is a growing dissatisfaction in some quarters with the Governments, which are fraternity dominated.

There is a Sane Nuclear Policy Committee here, which has been only passingly successful and so far this term has not announced any public meetings. SDA has died a slow death in the last few years. YPSL is not a force on the Penn campus. NSA . . . is NSA. They were not recognized last year by the Men's Government, and generally no one knows they exist. The Independent Socialist Club, of which I am chairman, was recognized Oct. 23 after a battle dating from last April. This club is a discussion group for anyone—convinced socialist or otherwise—who is interested in discussing socialism.

The chief medium of controversy here is the *Daily Pennsylvanian*. They have recently opened their doors to all kinds of discussions, not for an editorially stated principled support of intellectual ferment, but apparently out of boredom. The paper has taken no stand on any of the topics within its pages (aside from giving biased accounts of lectures, misquoting people, etc.) except

one: it took a moderately anti-fraternity position and has maintained it though not in any vigorous fashion.

There is an interest in socialism to the extent that at the first organizing meeting of the Independent Socialist Club 22 people showed up. I feel certain that it will take a group of this kind, given the proper work, to really shake the campus up, and I believe it can be done.

Temple University: Temple is likewise cold to political issues. The Three Arrows Club, supposedly an open socialist discussion group, is dominated by the YPSL and quickly being strangled by them. The YPSL members in the club, out of fear of the witchhunt and automatic opposition to anything that the YS is for, prevented the club's sponsoring of Lloyd Barenblatt. The club's Program Committee had gotten a hall for a meeting, distributed a leaflet, and entered a press release in the *Temple News*. Next day, three days before the meeting was to be held, YPSL member David Fineman cancelled the hall and withdrew the press release.

The *Temple News* printed an editorial criticizing the club's general ill-functioning, and protesting the practice of last-minute withdrawals of copy (i.e. the Barenblatt press release).

Dan Freeman Reporting:

Haverford: This Pennsylvania college, with a strong Quaker tradition, has a lively campus newspaper with much political discussion. Recently a Navy recruiting man got the shock of his life on this campus. Next to his table, at which he was urging students to join up, a couple of pacifist students established their own table and proceeded to urge students not to join the Navy.

Swarthmore: Swarthmore, which has one of the highest academic standings of any college in the country, has an unusually large group of students who are interested in politics. One of the major political organizations is the Forum on Free Speech. This group, true to its name, recently sponsored Lloyd Barenblatt, who since then has been imprisoned for invoking the First Amendment against the Un-American Committee in 1954. In this supposedly liberal institution, however, YS salesmen (the Trailblazers) were denied the right to sell on campus,

UC Opposes ROTC . . .

(Continued from Page 1)

have ROTC units; of these ROTC is compulsory, in 200. At the end of the Korean war in 1953, one-fifth of all American students were enrolled in ROTC. Military courses comprised 16 per cent of the curricula in liberal arts institutions that year.

This direct intrusion of the military onto the campus—giving military courses and narrow-minded, poorly educated military men equal status with academic courses and teachers—supplements the vast propaganda network which the military foists upon the entire population.

TAMING THE SHREWD

Important as ROTC and more general propaganda are the primary means of winning over American universities to be the servants of U.S. foreign policy is the witchhunt. The aim is to "tame" the intellectuals; to make them—in the words of C. Wright Mills, the "intellectual dupes of political patrioteers." Scientific

research has become increasingly geared to military needs.

All these infringements on our traditional liberties—**infringements which liberals have amply documented and ritualistically bemoaned over the past decade**—are being perpetrated in the name of those very same liberal values which are being engulfed. It is often those who complain the loudest about the loss of American freedom who are the most vociferous in their support of the foreign policy of the U.S. Government, which consistently seeks to deny freedom to those who would "misuse" it, namely the majority of colonial people who have no interest in lining up on America's side in the cold war.

We are glad, nevertheless, that the ravages of the witchhunt have been documented, complained about, and (sometimes) struggled against. We also welcome any efforts of students to oppose the ROTC, even though many of these same students do not carry this opposition through consistently to

oppose the U.S. foreign policy.

It will be seen that ROTC and the encroachment on civil liberties are part of the same phenomenon: the perpetration of a gigantic hoax on Americans and especially on intellectuals who are often regarded, rightly or wrongly, as ideological leaders. The hoax is that in order to defend American freedoms from the Russian monster it is necessary to do away with many of these freedoms; the Supreme Court majority decision in the Barenblatt case says as much.

There is only a slight problem: the Russian monster has come to the territory of his arch enemy and has hobnobbed in a most amiable way with several staunch pillars of American capitalism.

If this be the case, it is an especially favorable time to conduct struggles against ROTC and the witchhunt; the abolition of each depends on the abolition of the other.

The struggle against both pits one, knowingly or not, against the cold warriors and the social system they seek to perpetuate. The outcome of the struggle will determine the future of mankind.