**First Blood of the Social Revolution**

Socialist growth proves a surprise.  
D lying Said to be strong in Oregon, and especially So in many cities and Towns.

Special dispatch to the Globe-Democrat.

The news of this movement spread quickly.  

"The Department of the Interior will be the great sur- 
prise to the whole party during the coming campaign," said William Wood, Secretary of State, speaking at a meeting in Chicago last week.  

Mr. Wood was a favorite with the socialists, who were well supported by the Democratic Party.

The party's platform, which was adopted at the last national convention, was the subject of much discussion at the meeting.  

The socialists, who had been divided into two factions during the campaign, were now united in their opposition to the republican candidates.

The party's platform called for the immediate enforcement of the eight-hour day, the prohibition of child labor, and the abolition of the income tax.  

The platform also called for the establishment of a national health and welfare plan, and for the creation of a national labor bureau.

The socialists were well organized, and had a large following in many of the cities of the country.  

They had been active in the city elections, and had made a strong showing in the last presidential campaign.

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The American Church

AND ITS ATTITUDE TOWARD

THE ANTI-SLAVERY AGITATION PRIOR TO 1850.

Adequate information about the American Church's attitude toward the anti-slavery agitation prior to 1850 is available in the text. The Church's stance is complex, with various denominations and leaders having different views on the issue.

The anti-slavery agitation gained momentum in the 1840s and 1850s, with figures like William Lloyd Garrison and Frederick Douglass leading the way. However, the American Church's response was mixed. Some denominations, like the Unitarians, were more outspoken in their opposition to slavery, while others, like the Presbyterian Church, took a more moderate stance.

WOMAN'S DEPARTMENT

By Amanda Cooper

THE ANTI-WAGE SLAVERY AGITATION SINCE 1864.

The anti-wage slavery agitation, or the fight against low wages and child labor, gained strength in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. The movement was led by activists like Emma Goldman and Lucy Parsons, who sought to improve working conditions and fight against exploitation.

Socialists were concerned about the economic exploitation of workers and believed in the need for social change to address these issues. The movement had its origins in the 1880s and gained momentum in the 1900s, with organizations like the American Federation of Labor playing a significant role.

The movement faced opposition from various quarters, including industrialists and politicians who sought to maintain the status quo. However, the movement's influence was felt in the form of legislation and changes in working conditions over time.
Still Doing the Santos Dumont Act.

The circulation man is traversing the streets of New York, calling on nearly every one of the city's leading business houses and institutions, with the tally of his calls increasing at each visit. His name is Santos Dumont, and he is the partner in a new enterprise which promises to make him rich. The enterprise is called the Santos Dumont Act, and it is being marketed by a few businessmen who have decided to take a chance and sell it to the public.

The Santos Dumont Act is a simple one to understand. It is based on the principle that if you do not buy your own act, you are going to be bought out by someone else. The act is designed to prevent this from happening, and to ensure that you will always have the act you want.

The act is sold to individuals for $100, and to businesses for $1,000. The act includes a lifetime guarantee, and is transferable to any future owner. It is a perfect gift for anyone who wants to be sure they will always have the act they want, and never be forced to take what someone else offers.

If you want to purchase the Santos Dumont Act, you can do so by contacting the company directly. They will be happy to answer any questions you may have, and to help you decide if the act is right for you.

The Santos Dumont Act is a great gift for anyone who wants to ensure they will always have the act they want. It is easy to understand, and easy to transfer. And best of all, it is guaranteed to be there for you, no matter what happens.
Startling Fulfillment of
Lincoln’s Prophecy

By FRED D. WARREN

WHEN Abraham Lincoln, whose heart beat in unison with the pulsing throbs of an oppressed people, cast "a look of time from his position as president of the United States, his prophetic mind seemed to project itself a half-century forward. He saw the results which would follow the accumulation of the wealth, which labor produced, in the hands of a few—designing, cunning, arrogant and cruel. He shuddered as he contemplated the outcome of unceasing labor on the part of the working man in the country and he warned the people of America of the approaching danger. Needless, we plunged onward and down into the abyss. Why? Because it seems only in this way can the people of the Western Hemisphere be brought to realize the danger which lies hidden in the private ownership of the productive property of the country.

The crisis which he saw approaching is here. Were he alive today, he would witness the startling spectacle of the military arm of the government in open and flagrant violation of the civil laws, breathing threats against the courts, which if uttered by an ordinary individual in plain clothes, would result in his incarceration in the dungeon provided for criminals.

Were he alive today, he would witness men, innocent of any crime, driven from their homes, exiled; their families outraged; he would find men locked in foul bull pens; he would find men whose only crime was a desire to see their comrades' condition improved and the laws of the state observed, confined in abandoned tunnels, guarded by militia men; he would find the officials of not only Colorado, Montana and Idaho the subservient tools of the great corporate interests, but he would find the executive departments of the sisterhood of states, ready to prostitute the functions of their office to the will of the Standard Oil Co. and its allied interests.

He saw the time when all these things would be done and he bid the "laboring people beware of surrendering the power which they possess." That power is the BALLOT. No other weapon in their hands is so potent and effective. But if surrendered to the subtle powers that controls the financial and industrial interests of America, it crumbles to dust, and we witness the spectacle of a myriad of men bowing to the will of a handful of puny individuals.

There comes a time—and history testifies that this is true—when men are no longer able to stand the tyranny of those who temporarily have power in their hands. When their own breeding begins to be felt, the brute of the battle. The manner in which they conduct themselves much depends. So far they have proved true. In the most outrageous tyranny, of petty annoyance; of the desecration of their homes; of the assault of their wives and daughters; of the confiscation of the products of their hands and brains, they have stood calmly, steadfastly, on their constitutional rights as American citizens. They have appealed to the courts for redress of their wrongs. Convinced of the righteousness of their cause, a duly elected and qualified judge, Stevens, sitting in court in Ouray, decided that they were right—and that the real criminals were BELL, the soldier, WELLS, the mine superintendent, and PEABODY, the governor of the state.

He directly charged them with having inaugurated the reign of terror which has paralyzed the state of Colorado and brought desolation and hardship to its real citizens—the working class.

Our Colorado comrades, strong in the consciousness of their rights, backed by judicial opinion and the laws which the capitalists themselves originated, have moved forward from vantage point to vantage point, until today they have the satisfaction of seeing the military authorities and the executive department and the Citizens' Alliance outlawed by the machinery of their own government.

Steadiest refusal to be goaded into acts of reprisal, thus giving the military thugs the opportunity hoped for, they have won the admiration and confidence of the working class of the world—in spite of the misrepresentation the capitalist press and the enemy agents of the military desproporionately.

Back of this tremendous conflict stands John D. Rockefeller, the colossal, and his associates. Coolly, calmly, they play their human pawns. With the confidence born of power, they hope to win, and crush the last spark of liberty flickering in the great State. Successful in their raids upon the so-called independent producers and small operators, they seek to bring under complete subjection to their rule the American proletariat. Here they find the game blocked. The working class, with "nothing to lose, but the chains," stands at war their path. Goaded to a spirit of class consciousness, THEY PROPOSE TO WIN!

With Lincoln, they believe: "INASMUCH AS ALL GOOD THINGS HAVE BEEN PRODUCED BY LABOR, IT IS EQUALLY INASMUCH AS ALL SUCH THINGS OF RIGHT BELONG TO THOSE WHOSE LABOR PRODUCED THEM."

No longer content with a small portion of what it creates, they demand ALL! The muttering of the social revolution is plainly audible in the west. These men who refuse to longer labor upon the terms proposed by the mine owners, are fighting the battle which will make Lincoln's historic words: here is an example of the basis of society.

So long as Labor was content, to simply ask for an increase in wages, which by the cunning process of capitalist accumulation, could be easily wiped out, no concerted action was made by the capitalist class. But when the demand is made to go from a part to ALL, then the capitalist turns and begins to loose their dogs of war, and an