A Prophecy Made Good.

In the issue of November 12, 1900, the People's Chronicle of New York City printed an article on the subject of the imminent campaign of industrial revolution, which was the keynote of the great nation in the world. The article was written by a prominent social critic, who declared that the industrial revolution was the greatest change that had ever taken place in the world. He predicted that the revolution would bring about a new order of things, and that the old order would be swept away. He also predicted that the revolution would bring about a new society, in which the workers would be free from exploitation and oppression.

The people of America, however, were not convinced of the merit of the article. They saw no reason why the industrial revolution should bring about a new society. They were content with the old order, and they did not want to change it. They were afraid of the new order, and they did not want to face it. They were content with their lives, and they did not want to change them.

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Preacher Joists Plutocracy

In all ages there have appeared men with the courage to stand unashamedly for truth, regardless of the consequences. The one of whom we write was represented by a slave master, a feudal lord, a king, or a captain of industry. The one we are recognizing today, on May 4th, printed a sermon delivered by the Rev. William Allen York at the annual meeting of the Kansas Federation of Labor. The reverent gentleman startled his audience and sent the cold shiver down the backs of the assembled AFL members by first stating the basic tenet of the New Testament, "I read here Christian love, not the love of the world." He then handed his eschatology a few hot ones as follows:

"A man's salary is a form of slavery—no doubt a previous form of chained slavery, but slavery none the less true. For the essence of slavery is that it makes it impossible for a man to earn as much as he desires to live. In almost all ages there has been a limit to wages, and in all ages there has been a limit to wages. The employer has had a good economic advantage. There are more men seeking one employment than there are jobs; and the employer has a strong bargaining position. He knows that the workers have no place else to go, and he can force them to work for less than they are worth. He knows that they need the job, and he can get a better deal than they can afford.

"The wages in the United States have been fixed by custom and by law. In the old days the wage was fixed by custom, and the worker had no say in the matter. Now the wage is fixed by law, and the worker has no say in the matter. The worker has no say in the matter of how much he can earn. He has no say in the matter of how much he can save. He has no say in the matter of how much he can spend. He has no say in the matter of how much he can give to others. He has no say in the matter of how much he can earn. He has no say in the matter of how much he can save. He has no say in the matter of how much he can spend. He has no say in the matter of how much he can give to others.

"The worker is at the mercy of the capitalist. He must work or go hungry. He must work or go fast. He must work or go broke. He must work or go nuts. He must work or go to the poorhouse. He must work or go to the workhouse. He must work or go to the Workhouse. He must work or go to the Workhouse.

"How can any system be devised which will do away with the bidding of other men? How can any system be devised which will give the worker the right to fix his own wages? How can any system be devised which will give the worker the right to fix his own wages? How can any system be devised which will give the worker the right to fix his own wages? How can any system be devised which will give the worker the right to fix his own wages? How can any system be devised which will give the worker the right to fix his own wages?

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How Shall the Aged Be Paid?

To-day there are about 6,000,000 persons over 65 years of age in the United States. Some of these could have told us whether they were going to have need of the government's old-age pension, had there been such a law. But, as it is, only $2,000,000 of this class are included in the present appropriation for old-age pensions. The remainder will have to be added to the total cost if we are to reach all classes of persons over 65 years of age. The question of whether or not we should have such a law is one that we must all consider. The old people of today are going to be the young people of tomorrow, and what we do for them will affect the welfare of our children. The aged are the backbone of our society, and they deserve our respect. The government should provide for their welfare, and not just for their survival. We need to think about what we are doing now, so that we can provide for the future.
The Problem of the Old Man

No person under 14 years of age or who is not apparently physically, mentally or emotionally able to care for himself will be employed by us.

CARNegie STEEL COMPANY

The Starting Revelations

In a Lighter Vein

The Crisis

As a result of the present economic depression, it has come to the attention of the management of the Pittsburghing and Manufacturing Company that certain classes of its employees are in need of immediate relief. In order to meet this situation, the company has decided to initiate a series of measures which it believes will provide adequate assistance for those who are most in need.

The measures to be taken include the establishment of a relief fund, the provision of temporary employment for those who are unable to find work, and the offering of vocational training for those who wish to improve their skills and job prospects. The company will also consider the possibility of extending its credit facilities to employees who are facing financial difficulties.

The company's commitment to helping its employees during this difficult time is a reflection of its longstanding tradition of social responsibility. The management is confident that these measures will go some way toward alleviating the hardships faced by its workforce and that they will contribute to the overall well-being of the company and its community.

The company appreciates the support and understanding of its employees as it undertakes these efforts to address the needs of those in distress. It is the company's hope that together we can overcome the challenges of this period and emerge stronger and more united as a community.

The Crisis in the World

The crisis in the world today is characterized by economic depression and social upheaval. The unemployment rate is high, and many workers are facing difficult times. At the same time, there is a growing sense of political instability, as various groups seek to assert their interests and influence.

The government has taken various measures to address these challenges, including the implementation of new policies and programs aimed at stimulating the economy and providing support to those in need. However, the effectiveness of these efforts has been limited, and there is a need for continued action and innovation.

The company recognizes the importance of its role in contributing to the well-being of the community. It is committed to doing its part to help alleviate the hardships faced by its employees and to support the broader efforts to address the crisis in the world.

The Crisis in the Workplace

The crisis in the workplace is characterized by rising unemployment and declining wages. Many workers are facing layoffs, and those who remain employed are often working for less pay and with fewer benefits.

The company is aware of the challenges faced by its employees and is committed to finding solutions that will help to support them during this difficult time. It is exploring various options, including the implementation of flexible work arrangements and the provision of additional training and support services.

The company recognizes that the crisis in the workplace is a reflection of the broader economic and social problems facing the country. It is committed to working with its employees and the broader community to find ways to address these challenges and to create a more equitable and just society.

The Crisis in the Future

The crisis in the future is characterized by rapid technological change and the threat of obsolescence. Many workers are facing the possibility of losing their jobs to automation and other forms of technological advancement.

The company is committed to helping its employees to adapt to these changes and to find new opportunities for growth and development. It is exploring various options, including the provision of training and education programs and the creation of new business opportunities.

The company recognizes that the crisis in the future is a reflection of the broader social and economic challenges facing the country. It is committed to working with its employees and the broader community to find ways to address these challenges and to create a more sustainable and resilient society.

The Crisis in the Community

The crisis in the community is characterized by rising inequality and social division. Many people are facing hardship, and there is a growing sense of alienation and mistrust.

The company is committed to contributing to the well-being of its community and to promoting social cohesion and understanding. It is exploring various options, including the provision of community-based programs and the support of local organizations.

The company recognizes that the crisis in the community is a reflection of the broader economic and social problems facing the country. It is committed to working with its employees and the broader community to find ways to address these challenges and to create a more inclusive and just society.

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