"INDIVIDUALISM against SOCIALISM the Issue." — Taft's Ohio Platform.

THE Ohio republican platform announces with a loud throng of trumpets that the republican party of that state, which reflects the views of Secretary Taft, Mr. Roosevelt's candidate for the presidency, is 'for Individualism against Socialism.' James A. Garfield, one of the world's greatest practical politicians and a great leader of an industrial country as well as science, wrote: "Anarchy, or the rule of one's self is the logical outcome of that form of political theory which for the last half century and a half has been known as INDIVIDUALISM." Here, then, we have an authoritative declaration from the republican party, as such, of its opposition to that system, which is declared to be the sole purpose of the present platform, and for the next republican candidate, that the republican party stands for individualism, the logical outcome of which is, according to Mr. Roosevelt, the reign of anarchy, the "reign of anarchy." I have repeatedly heard these columns maintain this is the issue: Individualism (anarchy) vs. Socialism. The Socialist party and the Appeal welcome the issue and accept the gauntlet of battle flung down by the republican party as its standard bearer.

Individualism at the top, as typified by men like Harriman, Morgan, Root, Kney, Roosevelt and Taft, producer that counter-type of individualism at the bottom which results in tragedies such as were recently enacted in Denver and Chicago. Wherever there exists the old natural forces for individualism, it is fought against by the cry of "Stop, thief!" which the hired workers and farmers, who are the object of the one, are unable to get together and protect their rights against the other, that they are, yet they rise, like a vivid flash of lightning at midwinter, to illuminate and bring out in bold relief the frightful desolation which is the inevitable result of individualism, hopeless, despairing multitude, driven to desperation by their inability to live. The government can no longer control them, they are too numerous to be captured, the machinery of society has failed them. At the top wanton greed and flagrant vulgarity display and ostentation, with its palaces of pleasure and gold.

Is it reasonable to expect any other outcome than the condition of society and the government that now exists in the state of Ohio?

And now that the republican party has officially taken its stand in defense of individualism (anarchic) against Socialism, which is its opposite, there can be no longer a question as to the nature of the issue. The line of demarcation is clear and distinct. You must stand either for one or the other.

"As one of the first steps to intensify the reign of individualism (anarchy) the freedom of the press is to be abolished. On Oct. 5th last the measure now known as the Penrose bill was referred to the Senate committee on post-office and post roads. There it has been allowed to sleep for nearly two months. Quietly it was introduced into the senate by Senator Penrose. It shall be allowed to "sleep" until the closing days of the session and, during the rush, it will be passed on the express plea that it is an important measure designed only to为您更好地解决问题。
**THE UNITED STATES ARMY**

**Dollars Do Not Count in this Fight**

By C. K. BURRIS

(This article is written by a young officer in the United States Army.)

Dollars do not count in this fight as much as they do in any other. Any fight with a large expenditure of lives and material is, of course, a very great drain upon the government's resources. In this particular case, however, we are dealing with the lives of our own citizens. The lives of our own men are at stake. It is not the value of the lives that counts, but the value of the men themselves. The lives of our own men are at stake.

**QUESTION BOX**

**What Are the Effects of Socialism?**

by E. L. BURRIS

Socialism is a political system in which the government owns and controls all the means of production. It is the opposite of capitalism, which is a system in which private individuals and businesses own the means of production. Socialism is based on the idea that the government should own and control all the means of production in order to make society more equitable. Capitalism, on the other hand, is based on the idea that individuals and businesses should own and control the means of production in order to make society more efficient.

**EUROPEAN NOTES**

by M. C. ELDRIDGE

The condition of the working class in Europe is rapidly deteriorating. Strikes and labor unrest are on the increase, and the government is becoming more and more oppressive. It is clear that the working class must organize and fight for their rights if they are to survive.

**THE SCARLET SHADOW**

by A. B. KEMP

The Scarlet Shadow is a book about a young girl who lives in a small town in the United States. She is a strong and independent girl, and she is determined to make something of herself. She is a member of the local Girl Scouts, and she is always looking for ways to help her community.

**SIX EIGHT-PIECE DRESS OUTFITS**

by W. A. DAVIS

Each outfit costs $9.95, and includes six dresses, all made of the same material. They are made to order, and can be tailored to fit any figure. The outfits are available in sizes 10-22, and are made in a variety of colors. They are machine-washed and dry-cleaned, and are guaranteed to last for years. They are made in the United States, and are of the highest quality.
ROOSEVELT AS A REFORMER

The current Saturday Evening Post features an article by President Roosevelt, detailing his views on the need for industry and scaling attention to the policies of the government. Roosevelt is known for his emphasis on the safety of workers and the need for a just society. He also discusses the threats of the International Steel Trust and its potential to control the industry, emphasizing the importance of fair competition and protecting workers' rights.

Dr. Henry Brock, a prominent medical doctor, warns that the current system, with its emphasis on the health and safety of workers, is inadequate. He suggests that the government must do more to ensure the well-being of all citizens. Roosevelt wholeheartedly agrees, advocating for a more equitable distribution of wealth and resources.

The article concludes with a call to action, urging citizens to support progressive policies and the fight against corruption. Roosevelt believes that a strong democracy requires the active participation of all citizens, and he invites them to join the battle for a better future.

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The article is written in a persuasive and passionate tone, encouraging readers to think critically about the issues and to take action to create a more just society.

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The text also contains a note about the price of the Post, which is 4 cents per copy. Additionally, the article includes a section on the importance of proper nutrition and health, with tips on how to maintain a healthy lifestyle.

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The conclusion of the article reiterates the need for citizens to be informed and engaged, emphasizing the importance of understanding the issues and participating in the political process to bring about positive change.

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The article is rich in detail and information, offering insights into the political landscape of the time and highlighting the urgent need for reform and progress.