**THE BLACK PANTHER**
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**SOUTH AFRICA**

**EXPLODES**

South Africa has been in a state of turmoil since the June 21st riots. The riots began in the townships of Soweto and have since spread to other areas. The South African government has responded with heavy-handed tactics, including the use of armed forces and riot police. The death toll is estimated to be in the thousands, with hundreds of people injured. The protests are in response to the government's policies of apartheid, which have been in place for over 50 years.

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Young Black South African protesters display their militancy in Soweto "township" of Johannesberg while school was burned. Although originally a protest over educational policies, a widespread revolt against apartheid has developed.

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*Kahlil Gibran*
CONCERNED CITIZENS MEET ON POLICE ABUSE IN SAN ANTONIO PROJECTS

(Oakland, Calif.) - Meeting at the Broadband Community Center (OCLC) last Monday, June 16, a group of Project Black residents and concerned citizens set out to begin to tackle the problems of unchecked police terror and neglected conditions facing residents in the OCLC and several other Housing Projects.

Elaine Brown, chairperson of the Black Panther Party, and Rev. Michael Dunn, pastor of Elmhurst Presbyterian Church and president of the East Oakland Clergy, led a far-reaching discussion on San Antonio, focusing particularly on incidents of security guard and Oakland Police Department harassment and brutalization of the housing projects' tenants.

Although Housing Authority officials were specifically invited to attend the community meeting, only Ron Fettcher, the city's Housing Authority Communications Manager, made an appearance. Fettcher is the only Black member on the Commission.

Elaine Brown began the meeting by explaining her personal interest in housing and the situation in San Antonio, recounting several stories she had heard about the conditions there.

No one has the right to come into your community and treat you as less than a human being," Elaine said.

Rev. Dunn, following Elaine, told the surprised group about certain Housing Authority officials — including Hal F. Field, director of the OHA, and William Smith, chief of security and a former FBI agent — had attempted to prevent her involvement in the growing issue.

The storied and conceptual experiment called Elaine, Elaine, and Earl Fletcher (who said that he was "isolated" on the Commission) and wanted to hear first-hand what complaints the residents had in their introductory remarks seemed to have a positive effect on the group, because soon several residents began to speak up concerning the horrid treatment to the projects.

One brother in the front row described a scene where Oakland police armed with high power rifles raged the projects and a police helicopter circled overhead. Such a situation has endangered everyone.

Another brother in the back complained of a "Black" Oakland cop named James Robinson had disrespect his wife on several occasions and criticized the Oakland Authority security guards for just "taking my wife and kids."

Mrs. Dorothy Porter, a strong and vocal resident in San Antonio for 23 years, had an incident in which her son was pulled from her car, which was parked in front of her home, and viciously brutalized.

Mrs. Burton said that when she went out to see her son to take the arrest, for whatever the charges and not try to fight back when it was obvious he couldn't win, she was accused of "advocating the murder of a police officer" and

had to cooperate with the District Attorney. "We have everything that's happened against us," Mr. Smith said.

"Black cop" Tommie Turner has caused much fear and anger in the community. San Antonio Projects residents and concerned citizens attended an "anti-cop" police meeting, The meeting was attended by police such as "Black cop" Tommie Turner who has caused much fear and anger in the community.

LOCAL SAN ANTONIO PROJECTS RESIDENTS AND CONCERNED CITIZENS ATTENDED AN "ANTI-COP" POLICE MEETING,帶來了"Black cop" Tommie Turner who has caused much fear and anger in the community.

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209,000 Petition Signatures Filed To Recall Rizzo

(Philadelphia, Pa.) - Today, 209,000 signatures demanding the recall of Mayor Frank Rizzo, the ex-citizens who won the local election, have been filed here with the City Board of Elections.

The three-member board has 10 days to sign the signatures, or to certify the election. The Board of Elections said 145,000 are needed — Rizzo will have 10 days to reject or face a "petition recall vote" which will be held in 10 days, if necessary, as an "extraordinary election"

Leaders of the recall movement have charged Rizzo with being behind the city's financing of his own recall campaign.
O.C.S. DIRECTOR ERICKA HUGGINS HIGHLIGHTS CHICAGO ALTERNATIVE SCHOOLS CONFERENCE

Highlighting a well-attended Alternative Schools Conference held in Chicago in late May, Ms. Ericka Huggins, Director of the Oakland Community School, gave a keynote address on the importance of bringing light the innovative, human-centered approach to education which has made the OCS the model school that it is. In Part 2, which follows, Ericka focuses on the structure, problems and achievements of the OCS, and also answers a few questions from the audience.

PART 3

"A little bit more on why we don't call ourselves an 'alternative' school.

"Some of you may know that Oakland is very, very close in location to Berkeley. Berkeley is a city, a college town, where a lot of people are brought in to people who say they want to have a good time, and then they are going about living out their lives in ways that are not very serious.

"As a result, the alternative schools that have been set up in Berkeley are very chaotic and very unstructured. Very many children have never been in school, or Berkeley alternatives, and it takes a long time for us to de-condition them, to suggest to them that they do from time to time discipline means because they've been so wild for so long.

"The other end of the continuum is the rigidity that goes into schools — the notion that children should not speak about what they feel. Many children, when they come from public schools for instance, feel frightened to ask to go to the bathroom or say something in class to ask the question: "Why?"

"We are trying to create a group of the two extremes is a very difficult thing to do. We try to merge discipline with freedom, which is very difficult because our society doesn't practice that. So, we're struggling all the while with parents, with the teachers, and the children themselves on being able to sit in a process where children feel very much in love with learning. They are learning quickly but slowly. It's working very, very well with the children at our school. Specifically, with the children between two and a half and five.

"Our school is broken down into eight groups. The children are placed into these groups first, according to their age, and then they go on to classes; they may be shifted one way or the other according to their own individual growth and development. We have a lot of overlap in some of our older groups. In our Group 6, we have children who are seven, eight, nine and ten years, functioning just about on the same level because most of them have been to public school and they haven't had anything much but painting and reading of very, very few necessary books.

"The eight groups are: Groups 1 through 3 which would be preschool; and Groups 4 to 8 are in the elementary school level. Our 3 and a half year old children are printing and can recognize their own names and their friends' names. They can read but they are identifying things. Our four-year-old children are reading just about everything, our seven-year-olds are working on a 5th grade level, our 11-year-olds are functioning on a Junior High School level.

"In working with the children we have in the school now, we found out that we've created a 'mission' so to speak, because we...

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John George Honored as "Father of the Year"

(Alameda, Calif.) — Alameda County Supervisoritarian and long-time East Bay community activist, JOHN GEORGE was honored in the "Father of the Year" at the Sausalito Community Learning Center/Forum. The prominent East Bay lawyer started a "Care for Homeless" in his life and crooked Black Panther Party leader and co-founder in the "Righteous Gentlemen." The Continental," News photo.

June 20, 1967

World heavyweight boxing champion, Muhammad Ali was convicted on June 20, 1967, of draft evasion by a federal court in New York. Ali, who was known for his pacifist stand, refused to serve in the army, and was sentenced to five years in prison. The case was widely followed and became a major issue in the civil rights movement.

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EYEWITNESSES DETAIL ACCOUNT OF CHICANO MURDER BY OAKLAND COP

(Oakland, Calif.) -- I saw the officer come out, cock his shotgun, point it at someone and shoot. Someone came out of the car, his hands raised in the air and slapped his hands on the roof while the cop shot him. He searched him, he shot him, for no reason at all, it was just plain murder.

"The one thing that's causing me the most grief is that the police are so brazen, so brazen, so brazen. It's unbelievable. It's a very, very sad day in Oakland, Oakland police officer Michael Cogles.

"Two eyewitneses, who wish to remain anonymous for fear of police retaliation, detailed for THE BLACK PANTHER how police in which Cogles stopped Benavidez at approximately 1:45 a.m. on the corner of 5th Avenue and East 14th Street, allegedly as a robbery suspect. According to the eyewitnesses, police Cogles, who had placed his hands on the car dashboard, out of the car at gunpoint. Cogles then ordered him to spread-eagle and place his hands on top of the car. Benavidez complied. However, Cogles, who was now holding his loaded shotgun in one hand, with his finger on the trigger, kicked Benavidez, left a furrow after the car was bobbled, charged, immediatly killing Benavidez. The two eyewitnesses, who were not named, were inside a nearby apartment window, insist that at no time did Benavidez resist the arrest.

"I've been a cop, he wasn't doing anything but follow the city's order to spread-eagle the suspect. "I'm cold-blooded murder to me," said one eyewitness. Benavidez body remained unattended on the ground for 45 minutes before it was removed by a coroner's truck."

On Friday, June 10, the Benavidez family held a press conference in front of the Oakland Police Department demanding justice for Jose Barlow Benavidez, the 28-year-old Chicano who was viciously shot dead on June 1, by Oakland police officer Michael Cogles.

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ANDRES BENAVIDEZ (top photo) and his mother RACHEL right) at the Oakland police for the shogun murder of Jose Benavidez.

Tyron Guyton March And Rally Takes Struggle To Streets Of Sacramento

(Sacramento, Calif.) -- The two and a half hour struggle to achieve justice for the Tyrone Guyton murder case took to the streets of the capital city last Saturday, June 19, as over 250 supporters marched and rallied to demand the indictment of the killer cops.

Specifically, the family of the slain 14-year-old youth, led by his mother, Mrs. Mattie Shepherd, and three bums leads of supporters came to Sacramento to demand Governor Jerry Brown's intervention in the case. The demonstration sought to force Brown to direct state Attorney Evolve Younger to issue an indictment of the three Fresno police who murdered Tyrone Guyton on the night of November 1, 1979, or to appoint a special state prosecutor.

Evidentiary materials began to congregate at small, but noisy Black Panther Party and 12 noon for the walk to the capital steps. High spirits abounded as the marchers chanted a variety of slogans — some made up during the course of the walk — as the sound truck led procession slowly sewed its way to the capital steps.

Featured speakers at the rally were Ericka Huggins, director of the Oakland Community School and a leading member of the Black Panther Party; Charmaine Bennett, a member of the Progressive Labor Party and the wife of the late Jose Benavidez. Protests on the front of Oakland police headquarters.

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The Black Panther, Saturday, June 26, 1976
10,000 NEW YORKERS PROTEST DAYCARE CUTBACKS

March 60 Blocks To Governor's Office

(October, N.Y.) - "I cook for over 200 children at our daycare center," said the middle-aged Black woman as she headed toward City Hall. "I believe if people would just get together -- all the people -- we could fight this. Parents need a place to put their kids while they work and daycares is the best place and the cheapest.

The thousand parents, children, day-care workers, students and their supporters gathered at New York's city hall June 8 to protest over 60 blocks in 90-degree heat to the governor's office.

They were protesting cuts that will close 40 more daycares centers and put 1,500 daycare workers out of work by June 30, as well as cuts that have closed primary and secondary schools, eliminated free tuition and Third World programs in the city's university system.

"Free Quality Education for All," "read the banner leading the march of protesting parents for blocks.

Signs were abundant. Children walked, rode in strollers and carried backpacks and chains in groups. "Don't close my daycare center." "The Asian, Puerto Rican and White marchers exhibited a militancy reminiscent of mass demonstrations in the 1960s as they took their cause to the people on the streets.

GARMENTS

"This is a grassroots effort of people bringing the issues of daycare and education cuts to the community," said Liz Gonzales, a family counselor from the first Ward Community Board and one of the demonstrators' coordinators. "People understand that we're doing what we can to save the programs.

At the march, the New York City Agency for Child Development, at Church Street, workers on the top floor leaned out and shouted encouraging signs out into the window reading, "We're With You.

A smaller reaction met the chanting demonstrators a few blocks further at the Department of Social Services Building. And several at the New York Public Library for the Blind and Physical Handicapped, who were responding with raised fists as marchers shouted, "Children Need Books. Children Need Libraries." About half-way through the march, the muggy heat became too much for some of the children, and groups of parents dropped out to take them on the subway to the march's destination at Governor Carey's office.

La Gonzaire, who will lose her job at the end of June when the city eliminates all 700 family counselors from the daycare program, said that it was "The Only Person in the World" and would devote all time to her children and the center.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 24

EYES ON CITY HALL

EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION PROBES SKILLS CENTER

The Fair Employment Practice Commission has started an investigation of the East Bay Skills Center due to charges that the Harlem Community College in the district discriminates against the minority faculty at the center.

La Gonzaire, who will lose her job at the end of June when the city eliminates all 700 family counselors from the daycare program, said that it was "The Only Person in the World" and would devote all time to her children and the center.

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July Coalition

Sponsors Benefit

(September, Calif.) - Continuing to mobilize for the upcoming "People's Revolutionary Celebration," the Bay Area July 4th Coalition sponsored another successful cultural benefit last Thursday evening, at the San Francisco Cultural Center and Restaurant.

Performances by the Frontline Trabajadores Culturales de las Americas, and the Mando de El Pueblo Unido highlighted the affair, raising needed funds for the Bay Area Coalition's planned July 4th march and rally at Dolores Park in San Francisco.

E.R.K. ATTACKS ESCALATE

Gary Tyler

Throwing Into Angola Prison "Hole"

(September, Calif.) - Authorities at Louisiana State Penitentiary have chosen "days in the hole" as the latest form of harassment for Gary Tyler.

Gary is the 17-year-old black youth sent to death row by last November following his conviction by an all-White jury for the murder of a White student during a school busing incident -- a murder he did not commit. The Louisiana Supreme Court is expected to hear the appeal on his death sentence this fall, the Miami-Report.

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Dynamically Denies Extradition Move

(Sacramento, Calif.) - Lt. Governor John N. Harman, who has been serving as acting Governor, has denied a request by the State of Georgia to extradite Timothy Wyland, an 18-year-old white man, who escaped from a Georgia prison while serving seven years on an armed robbery.

"While I do not condone armed robbery," Lt. Governor Harman said, "there were so many extenuating circumstances in this case that I could not bring myself to make a decision to extradite this man in Georgia. I think it would be best served if the trial is held in California.

EXTRADITION

As well as Governor Brown's Deputy Legal Affairs Secretary, Alice Lyte, both contended that extradition should be denied because of the dangerous conditions in Georgia prisons because Wulson had kept a clear record of his efforts at the Georgia State Prison for 10 years, before he escaped. The judge concluded that because no one was hurt in the $1 robbery and Wulson was 19 at the time of the robbery. Since the trial was held in November and the sentencing was held last month.

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APPROVED BY CHURCH COUNCIL

COMMUNITY COALITION PRESENTS PLAN TO RESTRUCTURE SOUTHEAST POLICE DEPT.

(Seattle, Wash.) - A far-reaching proposal to restructure the Seattle Police Department, drawn up by a broad-based community coalition here, was endorsed recently by the Church Council of Greater Seattle.

The proposal was drawn up by citizens of the community and presented to the Board of Trustees last week that her organization, and the Seattle Police Department, has strongly urged the city council to rewrite the police department's charter.

Although the council was divided on a variety of issues, the proposed police services program is expected to be adopted.

Each Neighborhood Council will consist of 10 Precinct Councils. The members of the council will be elected to a two-year term. The city-wide police commission each neighborhood council will elect two of its ten members to serve on the police commission.

A Seattle citizen's committee is demanding community control over the police force.

While this proposition is supported by the proposed police services program for police officers to be involved in all community activities to benefit the needs of both law enforcers and citizens. The proposal requires that all Seattle police officers will work at least one hour a week on one of these programs, to give them an opportunity to better understand the community in which they are working.

AUTHORITY

The Police Commission outlined by the proposition will have administrative, executive and managerial authority over the Seattle Police Department. The police council of the district, subject to a majority vote of the Seattle Police Council and the approval of the mayor of Seattle.

Altogether, there are six different neighborhood divisions which will form the basis of the neighborhood police service programs. A neighborhood service program is composed of a police spokesman, elected by the neighborhood, and a police commissioner, elected at the same time. The police spokesman will be responsible to the police commissioner whenever necessary.

The police commissioner will be responsible to the neighborhood, and the police spokesman will be responsible to the police commissioner whenever necessary.

This plan was modelled after the program of police officers in San Francisco, where neighborhood police service programs have been established in three years.

In the Seattle Neighborhood Police Service Program, there are 130 police officers involved in community activities, and they have been working with the neighborhood police service programs in the city of Seattle since 1972.
BLACK LAW STUDENT EXPOSES HASTINGS LAW SCHOOL RACISM

Two weeks ago, THE BLACK PANTHER featured a story on how Black students at Hastings College of the Law in San Francisco were charged with cheating, charges which really resulted from the school's race-conscious Third World students. In this edition we are focusing on interview with Larry Broussard, a Black law student at Hastings who uses his experiences to struggle to develop a liaison between Black students and the Black community.

Oakland, Calif. - "The atmosphere here at Hastings is reminiscent of the situation at the University of Mississippi in the '60s when they first started admitting Blacks."

This striking statement by Black third-year law student Larry Broussard of Hastings College helps to explain why forty Black students have been singled out for dubious "cheating" charges at the school. In an interview last week at the offices of THE BLACK PANTHER, Broussard revealed how the school uses to harass the Black students.

He explained that at Hastings, Black students were "forced" to re-establish a cohesive Black movement which the school's administration is currently trying to destroy. He termed the administration's "automatic crusade against the accused students "should have placed the faculty committee which charged them and should have swept aside the hearing court reporter be thrown from the building."

OFFICIAL RECORDS The court reporter will make official transcripts, which could be used by the school's administration to destroy the Black students.

For a student to be rejected by the Bar Examinations, which is a rare event in the State of California."

Larry Broussard explained that "Black students must somehow learn to deal with their own injuries before bringing the legal problems of the Black community.

Larry Broussard contends that a major reason of Black students at Hastings is the struggle to become united with the Black community. The feeling among most of the Black students is that the school's administration is trying to destroy the Black community. Larry Broussard explained that "Black students must somehow learn to deal with their own injuries before bringing the legal problems of the Black community."
BIASED JURY SELECTION MARS TRIAL OF INDIAN ACTIVISTS ACCUSED OF F.B.I. MURDERS

(Philadelphia, Pa.) - A jury was selected and an FBI agent took the stand in the first week of the trial of Robert Rushdaul and Darrell D. Sutter, two Native Americans charged with killing two FBI agents in South Dakota last June. Although a Native American man was also killed in the same incident, he has been indicted for his murder.

The trial, in which the government is seeking a death sentence for the two Indians, is expected to last at least six weeks. If the government succeeds in the conviction, it will bring to trial Leonard Pelleier and Jimmy Eagle, two others indicted on the murder charges.

The jury was chosen quickly on June 1, and the defendants charged, with great prejudice against them. One prospective juror was eliminated under questioning if he were a member of the American Indian Movement, as the defendants would want to have him on the jury, to have his views represent the movement.

The trial denied a series of defense motions to dismiss, the trial including dismissal of charges on the grounds of government misconduct and the removal of prosecution counsel Robert Stima. The defense charged that Stima had previously "denied a 15-year-old Native American woman's right to counsel, lied to a federal court at the last hearing, and perjured himself."

The judge also refused to subpoena Senator Frank Church and FBI Director Clarence Kelley, among others, to testify about the FBI's programs against the American Indian Movement. Despite this refusal, the FBI agent's testimony subpoenaed the judge to issue Kelly's subpoena.

FBI agent J. Gary Adams testified on June 10 that he was the first agent on the scene after the shooting began, went to the scene and began interrogating the men. The judge ordered the FBI to turn over the FBI's records to the court.

Concerned Citizens Meet on Police Abuse In San Antonio's Projects

In the area, expressing her heartfelt fears that something tragic might happen to her daughter or other children unless the police are stopped.

On and off, incidents of police terror accumulated. A statement regarding unconfirmed (I.D. checks, led to the observation that the police always placed armed signs on buildings in San Antonio. The police had not been allowed to enter the projects unless invited by residents. Police threats to kill project residents - made by a White killer cop named Moore and a Black "security cop" named Tommie Turner - were documented.

Before the shooting, San Antonio residents, who had the police had blocked off the area, went to the projects and the police were stopped.

One woman

The great fear among when one Black woman, who didn’t want to be identified, that police had blocked off this area, that police were stopped.

The police then went to the projects and the police were stopped.

Chicago Nazis Terrorize Black Residents

(Chicago, Ill.) - Racial turmoil instigated by the American Nazi Party and the Ku Klux Klan has rapidly increased here, and many Chicagoans fear a "race riot" is in the making.

Blacks are beginning to move into Chicago's West Englewood - Marquette Park neighborhoods, and the American Nazis along with the KKK are mounting a violent campaign to drive Blacks out of the neighborhood.

Recently, a 20-year-old man, Bob Ellington, was taken to Chicago's Holy Cross Hospital with 22 stab wounds in the stomach, a collapsed lung and multiple head and facial wounds due to an attack by young Nazi thugs.

Ellington was sitting in a parked car in the West Englewood area when he was approached by three White men holding bricks and iron pipes. "What you doing here, nigger?" they asked.

After breaking the windows of the car Ellington was sitting in, the racists dragged him out of the vehicle and beat him mercilessly with the bricks and iron pipes and stabbed him repeatedly. After the beating, Ellington was left for dead but was able to crawl across the street to a hospital where his life was saved.

At a recent Nazi rally, over a thousand White Chicagoans went berserk, throwing bricks and smashing baseball bats at passing vehicles driven by Blacks.

The rally was originally called for that day and the Nazi-led Whites had gathered to intercept them. When it was learned that the rally was not going to be held, the Whites began to turn on any Black in sight.

As a result of the melee, 16 people were hurt, most of whom were Black. Many were injured by bricks or flying glass. Over 30 Whites were arrested, the major crime possessing weapons ranging from baseball bats to axes at the time of their arrest.

Another racist area goes much deeper than two or three incidents, with Blacks having been the target of such attacks for over a year.

At a nearby beach, a band of 20-25 Nazis routinely attacked Blacks who mistakenly came to use the area. A recent high school prom of Black students was invaded by over 200 racist fanatics. Not only were the Black picknickers beaten and their cars damaged, but those who attempted to escape were fired upon.

P.S.P. Protests Economic Summit Talks Stated For Puerto Rico

(San Francisco, Calif.) - A demonstration held in front of the United Nations building last Tuesday, May 28th, to protest Puerto Rico's status as an island of Puerto Rico as the site for a Western powers "economic summit meeting due in September.

The San Francisco protest was one of 20 simultaneous demonstrations held in major U.S. cities sponsored by the Puerto Rican Socialist Party (PSP).

According to a statement by the PSP, the protest concentrated on four major issues, the first being the economic and civil rights situation in Puerto Rico. The second issue of concern is the role of the United States in the region, with thezas that the United States has over the island.

The third issue is the economic and security situation in Puerto Rico, with the claimed that the economic and security situation in Puerto Rico is "inimical" to the U.S. economy.

The fourth issue is the role of the United States in the region, with the claim that the United States has a "collaborative" role in the region.
...And Bid Him Sing

By David C. De Bois

Exciting Novel Examines Black Americans In Egypt

Continuing reactions to the novel of Maldine's T. Cairo featured in the following excerpt from "...And Bid Him Sing." Headline: David C. De Bois' penetrating novel about a group of Black Americans living in Egypt in a battle against the degrad- 

PART 2

I hadn’t seen Sullan come in. But I saw him coming through the crowd toward me. He wore a dark summer suit, short and diagonally-striped tie. A subdued waistcoat under his jacket. As usual, his black shoes were highly polished, and his hair was a neat brush. He came rapidly, bending forward slightly, his eyes taking the carpeted floor noisily. He looked towards right or not, but he was nosing around the room. His eyes, of fear, I rose as he approached and put out my hand.

...Embarrassment

"Let’s get out of this fuckin’ place," he said loud enough for those near him to hear. It took me a moment to understand. He turned immediately and led the way back through the lobby and out the main entrance. I followed, of course, feeling like a fool for being so alarmed at my embarrassment. Because, of course, the idea of Sullan being dead, the idea of Sullan being dead, the idea of Sullan being dead...

"...and Bid Him Sing"

...and Bid Him Sing

The great Black revolutionary MALCOLM X, whose 1965 visit to the Middle East produced a great effort upon him.

you have an El Haj Shabbazz registered with you?" I asked in English.

"Haj Shabbazz?" the man repeated, looking puzzled. He reached for his card file and then stood up, rustled, and said. "You mean Mr. Malcolm? Yes, he’s in, Cabin 215, in that doorway behind you. He has a window in a firm and resounding. ‘Come in’ answered my knock. Malcolm was rising from a bank cluttered with papers along one wall as I opened the door. He was plain brown trousers and a white shirt open at the chest. A tie hung loosely around his waist. Sitting on the opposite desk was Kamal. His attitude case lay beside him. He didn’t get up.

"Mr. name Bob Jones, I said. This is Malcolm, Rashed. We live in Cairo, Healed.

...and Bid Him Sing

...and Bid Him Sing

The Black Star (first week of May 1990) issue of the electronic Black experience featured this new chess problem by M. Smith. In the American Chess Bulletin, the problem was noted as being "beautifully composed and highly original," and was awarded second prize in the "March Challenge." The problem appears to be specifically designed for the beginning chess player, and the text is clear and concise.

...and Bid Him Sing

...and Bid Him Sing

As a result of the revolutions of the late 90’s, the police apparatus in the United States became more and more repres- 
sive. The Black Panther Party leader and chief theoretician HUEY P. NEWTON in the chapter, "Growing Pains" from Revolutionary Suicide. To combat this, Huey developed a "Police Lawyer of Legal First Aid" which could be used by Black and poor people, those who bore the brunt of the increase in police terror.

In our worst expectations came true. In each instance trouble had begun when the police brutalized a brother or sister. In a larger sense, the younger Blacks particularly were express- 
ging their frustration at the quality and progress of justice, in all cases of even more repres- 
sive and militaristic force throughout the country.

The uprisings in Watts had come in 1965, and Ronald Reagan was elected governor in 1966. Now, with the cities rocked by riots again in 1967, the ruling circles would undoubtedly re- 
new more repressive controls. The California story would be repeated in other states and then on a national level.

All that summer we sought to prevent this chain of events. We organized a police watch and vigil at a hard to putting out our paper. We tried especially to always of what was happening on the streets of the inner cities. That way we could ride the crest of the movement by directing the peo- 
ple’s energies in constructive ways.

We particularly wanted people to understand their constitutional rights, the legal way to protest. We violated by police and authorities. We were charged with a number of these rights, many of their problems could be avoided in this way.

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SOUTH AFRICA EXPLODES

CONTINUED FROM FRONT PAGE

Indeed, under South Africa’s apartheid system, the estimated 11 million Blacks are virtual slaves to the 4.5 million Whites. The “townships” themselves are basically sprawling, underdeveloped ghettos of bar rack-like dormitories and shanty huts designed only to serve as sleeping quarters for Blacks employed in nearby cities.

It was in Soweto, the largest of these “townships,” that the rebellion first emerged last Wednesday, when police and special “anti-terrorist” squads attacked a peaceful demonstration of 10,000 students protesting compulsory use of the hated Afrikaans language in their schools.

For the teenage students, many of whom belong to the South African Students Movement (SASM), an all-Black consciousness rais ing group, objections to Afrikaans is both practical and emotional. The Afrikaans language, derived from the Dutch, is primarily used in the white community. So, although the white minority government — it is the language of the oppressor. If the students must learn a foreign language, they prefer English, which they view as a more practical, useful tool.

Also, since the Portuguese colonists were driven from the neighboring People’s Republic of Mozambique, younger Blacks throughout South Africa have not hidden their deep admiration for the MPLA government next door. The perceived Black role in Mozambique and Namibia has added to their confidence as well.

Once the revolt began in Soweto — which, with its 1.5 million population, makes it the fifth largest city south of the Sahara — it quickly spread to the eight other “townships” which surround Johannesburg. For three days, the “township” rebellion escalated, the black burning smoke from pitted buses, cars and buildings clearly visible miles away. Two Whites were reported killed during the first day’s activity, both Basuto education officials, but since then the South African government has quoted only four white casualties.

Unofficial reports, however, indicate that numerous Whites were killed or wounded.

While the weekend brought relative calm, and a wavered down U.N. Security Council resolution which “condemned the white repression” on Monday, June 28, the rebellion broke out again, this time centered in the Black “townships” around the capital city of Pretoria.

The most recent fighting is said to take place in the “township” of Mabopane, Jackson. Reports, which are still unconfirmed, indicate “Support Soweto,” “Don’t Pray, Fight,” and “Power Soweto” slogans. The Mabopane riot was also the scene of a major strike, which occurred when 170 Black workers at a watertown plant walked out for higher wages and better conditions.

Also on Monday, in an incident which sent ripples of terror throughout the city, a Black man walked out of a department store in downtown Johannesburg, yelling “Freedom For Africa, Freedom For Africans.”

Left, young South African students demonstrate the African language — the tongue of their oppressors.

Finally, The Black Panther, Saturday, June 26, 1976

4

Final Declaration Of U.N. Seminar Against Apartheid

Following, THE BLACK PANTHER presents the final declaration of the United Nations International Seminar on the Eradication of Apartheid and in Support of the Struggle for Liberation in South Africa, held in Havana, Cuba, from May 24 to 26. (See page 19.) The document is reprinted from Gramsci, the progressive Cuban.

The International Seminar organized by the United Nations Special Committee against Apartheid, extends its greeting and solidarity to the people of South Africa who are continuing with renewed determination their brave struggle to overthrow the apartheid system, despite the growing ruthlessness of the White minority regime.

The liberation of Mozambique and Angola, brought about by the heroic struggle of its peoples, under the leadership of FRELIMO and the MPLA, has created a new strategic and political situation in southern Africa and opened the prospect, in the not too distant future, of the liberation of Zimbabwe, Namibia and South Africa. The decisive victory of the Angolan people against the invading forces of the South African apartheid regime and its policy of economic and military embargo on the liberation movements.

PRELIMINARY

The Pretoria regime has recognized the existence of the survival of the apartheid power system; it has reacted by increased repression of the African people, expansion of its aggressive and its military capability.

In southern Africa we are witnessing an increase in the depth of South Africa’s enor mous military build-up and its aggressive posture against neighboring African states, as invasion of Angola and the rapid expansion of its aggressive forces.

The illegal Smith regime constitutes a clear threat to peace and security in that region.

In South Africa, the effect of the military buildup, and the aggressive posture of the Pretoria regime, has been to intensify the internal conflict.

The United Nations recognizes that the liberation movements in southern Africa are obliged to respond the armed struggle against the injustice and ruthlessness of the White minority regime.

The United Nations recognizes the right of the African liberation movements to decide on the means of their struggle, in the light of the conditions under which they operate, and to seek and receive international solidarity.

The Seminar regrets the insistence by the

In the infamous 1960 Sharpeville massacre South African police randomly shot and killed 69 Black South Africans who were peacefully protesting against the hated "pass laws" and apartheid institutions, including the author ties in the Transfer. It condemns these countries and other economic interests which are planning to invest in the so-called "tribal" "homelands" in order to directly assist the implementation of the apartheid schemes of the South African regime.

The Seminar calls upon all governments and people to give full support to the national liberation movements in southern Africa in their struggle for the total eradication of racism and colonialism, and to end all military, economic and other collaboration with the racist regime. The Seminar declares that apartheid constitutes a crime against humanity and that the international community has a duty to suppress and punish that crime.

Any appeal to South Africa and any form of military cooperation with the apartheid regime is a hostile act not only against the people of South Africa and the Organization of African Unity but also against the United Nations and the international community.

Any transnational company and other interests which, in collaboration with the Pretoria regime, participate in the exploitation of the people of South Africa, or help to reinforce the military and economic power of the racists, are accomplices in the crimes apartheid.

The Seminar commends the African, socialist, nonaligned and other countries for their continued support for the liberation movements and the assistance given by them to the African liberation movements. All governments and peoples have a duty to help the liberation movements, which are entitled to full support from the international community in their legitimate struggle to overthrow the White minority regimes.

The Front-line countries in Africa which have been a firm stand against the White minority regimes in accordance with United Nations and OAU resolutions and other demands for economic and other sanctions against the racist government of South Africa declare that any attack on South Africa will be a direct attack on the prosperity and freedom of the entire African continent. These countries have a right and duty to defend themselves and to react against racist aggression and against the continuing dominance of the racist regime.

The Seminar calls upon governments, organizations and people to join in international solidarity and assistance for the African liberation movements in this struggle for freedom and justice in South Africa.
THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY PROGRAM

MARCH 29, 1972 PLATFORM — WHAT WE WANT, WHAT WE BELIEVE

1. WE WANT FREEDOM. WE WANT POWER TO DETERMINE OUR OWN fUTURE. WE WANT CONTROL OF OUR ECONOMIC LIVES. WE WANT FREEDOM TO CONTROL AND PAN AFRICANIZE OUR OWN CULTURAL LIVES. WE WANT POWER SO THAT WE CAN BE FREE. No more will we accept the oppression of whites or any other group. We want to be in control of our own destiny. We want to be free. We want to be in control of our destiny. We want to be free. We want to be in control of our destiny. We want to be free.

2. WE WANT FULL EMPLOYMENT FOR OUR PEOPLE. We believe that the federal government is responsible and obligated to give every person employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that the American business will not give full employment, since the technology and means of production should be taken from the business class and placed in the community. The people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.

3. WE WANT AN END TO THE RUPTURE BETWEEN OUR RACIAL GROUPS. We believe in the unity of all races. We believe that the American business is responsible and obligated to give every person employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that the American business will not give full employment, since the technology and means of production should be taken from the business class and placed in the community. The people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.

4. WE WANT FREEDOM FROM ALL RACIAL AND POLITICAL OPPRESSION. We are tired of being used as a tool to control the economy and politics of our country. We believe that the American business is responsible and obligated to give every person employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that the American business will not give full employment, since the technology and means of production should be taken from the business class and placed in the community. The people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.

5. WE WANT DECENT HOUSING, PORT FOR THE SHIELTER OF HUMAN RIGHTS. We believe that the landlords will not give decent housing to our people and all of those who are of any race or color. We believe that the American business is responsible and obligated to give every person employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that the American business will not give full employment, since the technology and means of production should be taken from the business class and placed in the community. The people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.

6. WE WANT EDUCATION FOR ALL OUR PEOPLE THAT EXPLAINS THE TRUE NATURE OF THIS DECADENT AMERICAN SOCIETY. We believe in the education of our youth. We believe that the American business is responsible and obligated to give every person employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that the American business will not give full employment, since the technology and means of production should be taken from the business class and placed in the community. The people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.

7. WE WANT COMPLETELY FREE HEALTH CARE FOR ALL BLACK AND歐式人民。 We believe that the government must provide, free of charge, for medicine and hospitalization for the sick. We believe that the American business is responsible and obligated to give every person employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that the American business will not give full employment, since the technology and means of production should be taken from the business class and placed in the community. The people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.

8. WE WANT AN IMMEDIATE END TO POLICE BRUTALITY AND THE DESTRUCTION OF BLACK AND ORGANIZED COMMUNITY. We believe that the government must provide, free of charge, for medicine and hospitalization for the sick. We believe that the American business is responsible and obligated to give every person employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that the American business will not give full employment, since the technology and means of production should be taken from the business class and placed in the community. The people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living.
AFRICA

A FOCUS ON

Guinea-Bissau: A Liberation Movement in Power

Following THE BLACK PANTHER's conclusion of an in-depth interview with Idris Diallo, president of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau, an African revolutionary state which is the only country in Africa, Asia, and Latin America which is free of capitalist ideology or influence, the paper decided to commemorate the occasion with a special feature on Guinea-Bissau. The interview was conducted in PAGC, the official news agency of Guinea-Bissau, and the paper asked the government for permission to publish the interview. The government readily agreed, and the interview was published in THE BLACK PANTHER.

In this interview, President Diallo discussed the current situation in Guinea-Bissau, the challenges facing the country, and the progress that has been made since the revolution. He also spoke about the role of the PAGC in disseminating information about the government's policies and activities.

The interview was conducted in the official language of Guinea-Bissau, Portuguese, and the paper translated it into English for their readers.

Focus on

Kenya

Notre Dame

Kenya (Nairobi, Kenya) - The United States has agreed, in principle, to supply Kenya with 12 advanced F-15E Strike Eagle fighter aircraft, a move worth $75 million in the biggest arms deal ever negotiated between the United States and a Black African country. This deal would not only boost the military of the Kenyan air force but would give it aircraft able to match the performance of the Soviet-Made MiG-21 flown by neighboring Uganda and Somalia, informed sources said.

As an aside, the entire operation went extremely well. In three days we managed to change all the money in the country. This demonstrates the confidence the people have in the policies of the government. The deal was sealed when President Lebow was reactor with all the money reserves we had in Portugal.

Not Too Late

Yet, in our country, we have not touched the Portuguese interest. Portuguese companies, Portugal therefore acted first in taking action against Guinea-Bissau by blocking all our assets. Even then we took no retaliatory measures against Portugal. We are still prepared for negotiations which we hope will resume after the Portuguese elections but we have not provided us with mandated negotiations. Nevertheless, in the clear responsibility is to warn all concerned that any act which may arise from this present situation will be a normal and legitimate reaction to the aggression that Portugal is committing in freezing our assets.

Don’t you think that there were political reasons for all that? That they wanted to crush the Guiliani revolution?

Zimbabwe

( Salisbury, Rhodesia) - The Mugabe regime last week recommended a general amnesty 1972 for the people of Rhodesia. The amnesty would cover all those accused of "racial equality" that "Prime Minister" Ian Smith said "will have important and far-reaching effects on the future of our country." The proposals were drawn up by five white and five blacks appointed to probe problems that caused "racism" and to advise the government of its "reognitive" solution to the problem. The declaration, given in a press conference on Monday night, was described by a member of the group as an "incredible" and "time consuming" exercise. In it, a visitor to the office of THE BLACK PANTHER, James Minority, KPPO radio newswoman active in the Indian struggle, pointed out that there was a growing feeling among the black population that the government was not doing enough to address their grievances. She called on the authorities to take action to stop the violence and to ensure that the rights of all citizens are protected.

Continued on Page 23

U.S. Ambassador Steins in Lebanon

(Bayrut, Lebanon) - Palestinian security agents announced last week the arrest of a Palestinian who was involved in the recent slaying of the American ambassador to Lebanon, Charles H. Ray. The ambassador, a career diplomat, was found dead on the embassy grounds.

He cited Israel, Syria, Lebanon, and the Palestinians as the main threats to peace and stability in the region. The government of Lebanon was praised for its efforts to maintain security and stability in the country.

Continued on Page 25

U.N. Seminar Against Apartheid Denounces South Africa

( Havana, Cuba) - The International Seminar Against Apartheid, held in Havana in August 1974, was attended by representatives of 50 countries. The Seminar was sponsored by the United Nations Special Committee on Apartheid, in consultation with the Organization of African Unity.

The event was attended by nearly 500 delegates and invited guests who are members of government delegations, international and intergovernmental organizations, trade unions, movements of solidarity with the struggle against apartheid, national liberation movements and members of the Diplomatic Corps accredited in Cuba. The Seminar was presided over by Leslie O. Harrison, Nigeria's ambassador to the U.N.

In closing the event, the leaders of the Seminar condemned the South African regime and pledged support to the struggle for freedom and justice in South Africa.

The Seminar also spoke out against the racism and racial hatred in South Africa, and its stance as an observer at the African Union (AU) and its struggle for freedom and justice in Africa. The Seminar called on all countries to support the struggle for freedom and justice in South Africa and to lift the sanctions imposed on the regime.

The action program of the Seminar contained a call for urgent action to bring about the right to self-determination of the South African people, the liberation of the South African people, and the restoration of the rights of the South African people. The action program of the Seminar was developed to "bring about a rapid elimination of apartheid and the liberation of the south Africa people."
Guinea-Bissau: "A Liberation Movement In Power"

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 18
CABRAL: We do not want to make that political interpretation. Especially since we would reach the conclusion, were we to adopt that interpretation, that we have before us the victims of April 28 — who are our allies — but the vanquished of the colonial war.

Q: What are the present needs of Guinea-Bissau with regard to the international community?

CABRAL: Even counting the resources presently in Portugal, our country lacks means for its development. The survival of our country is assured only by the sacrifice of our people at all levels. Our objective, our most ambitious project, is to see it to that our country is totally self-sufficient in food.

PEACE

But having food to eat is not sufficient. We must develop much further and for that foreign assistance is necessary. We must prepare concrete projects for development which we will be able to present to international institutions and friendly countries, which will then be able to contribute. We assign a complete and total priority to agriculture, but in order to better the situation we must establishes new present masses and to create a parallel modern agriculture which will be able to influence little by little traditional agriculture.

For our country really to take off we must sensitize the peasant masses to the problems of development the way we sensitize them to the problems of liberation. It is the same process, from the country to the cities.

Q: What is the future for solidarity between the former Portuguese colonies?

CABRAL: The Conference of Nationalist Organizations of the Portuguese Colonies (CONP), which still exist, is to cease its activities under its present form since we are now independent states, but we must preserve our friendship and solidarity and transform them into cooperation between states in the framework of developing and strengthening African unity.

Soon we are going to have a meeting, first of the Ministers of the five countries in Luanda, then of the Chiefs of State in order to define the new framework in which we will maintain and develop our relations.

In all this, we are attempting to remain faithful to the thought of Amilcar Cabral, who was Guinea-Bissau born, but African by conviction.

People’s China
(Peking, People’s Republic of China) Citizen arrested after last April’s political disturbances (Peking, People’s Republic of China) have been subjected to mass criticism at meetings attended by hundreds of working people. It was revealed recently. As a disciplinary action, small groups of rioters have been brought to trial, rallies and criticisms as followers of Tsao Hsia-ping, the former vice premier dismissed from power as a “capitalist roader. According to the report, these meetings have developed into struggle sessions with individuals confessions standing to criticize the prisoners and attack Tsang’s policies.

Vietnam
(Washington, D.C.) — An intense program of re-education is being conducted by the North Vietnamese officials now in control of both South and North Vietnam. According to a document distributed by the radio, all former members of the South Vietnamese armed forces as well as security intelligence, and police organizations, “must attend an obligatory re-education courses for three years.” It was also noted that “those who whole-heartedly make efforts in their spirit and achieve real progress, confess their crimes and save their lives may be con- sidered a return to their families sooner than required.”

North Korea
(Pyongyang, Korea) — The 30th anniversary of the founding of the Korean Children’s League was marked here at a recent meeting attended by over 15,000 representatives of youngsters from P’yongyang and a message sent by the Korean president, Kim II Sung, to the members of the Children’s League, was read. The membership adopted a letter of pledge stating: “The three million members of the League will study, work and live in a revolutionary spirit and strive for the reuniﬁcation of the Korean nation and socialist construction.”

Oppression

Now dreams
Are not available
To the dreamers,
Nor songs
To the singers.

In some lands
Dark night
And cold steel
Preval;
But the dream
Will come back
And the song
Break the jail.

Langston Hughes

You’ll Know
You look at me... and ask the questions. For your heart and mind guide your thoughts, you wonder about me.

If you will look closely into my face... look... to see a different light, a new understanding, a new place... you’ll know.

You’ll see that I am caught, you’ll see... the frustration, that comes when one realizes that their slavery, is in part... some of the reason for their present enjoyment.

And the inside emotional contra... that come with the struggles, of trying to deal with the two... be patient with me.

In my face it will be there, in... it will show, look deep enough, and you’ll know.

Guy Martin

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San Francisco Mime Troupe "FALSE PROMISES" TELLS TRUE STORY OF SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR

San Francisco, Calif. - The San Francisco Mime Troupe, this city’s oldest theater company, announced last week the opening of its new production, False Promises/Nos Engaques, a dramatization of the Spanish-American War.

A press release issued by the famed Mime Troupe explains that False Promises “dramatizes empire as it is experienced by the victim instead of the victor. The Spanish-American War and its aftermath are seen dimly, but their consequences fully deeply in a mining town where White and Mexican workers are attempting to overcome racial division to win the eight-hour day.

The war is seen close up, but still from the bottom, by a Black refugee from southern black laws who joins the army. Finally, the war is seen from the top — Washington, D.C. and the White Street — where politicians and businessmen shape the war, justify it, and grow richer.

The three stories come together — the Black soldier who is killed, the protagonist — the miners, a Black dance hall queen, a stage struck White farm girl, an heroic Mexican wife and the Black soldier — understand too late that they have the good life to America’s business, but only false promises to the American workers.

Months of research and years of theatrical experience were put into this full-length musical play, "False Promises," which the Mime Troupe, this musical, the Troupe’s first full-length production since its award-winning Dragon Lady’s Revenge, contains original songs and dancing as well as the progressive political content that is associated with the group. The Mime Troupe, which was founded in 1966, is multi-ethnic in its make-up and is collectively run. Creative policy is decided by a consensus of the entire company and each member has both administrative and creative duties. The Mime Troupe also worries most of the plays is produced.

Originally a director-run theater, the Troupe formed a collective in 1970. During their production of Bertolt Brecht’s Caucasian’s they studied Marx better understand the play. Then, the Troupe say, “We learned that they could, and should, control the theater.”

The Troupe, which is not submitted by any government agencies brings theater to people who usually do not see contemporary theater. In its belief that “all is political if only in accordance to dịpness.”

The Troupe coined the phrase, “guerrilla theater,” and is largely responsible for the cross-country blossoming of hundreds of groups doing “radical theater for common people.”

As an attempt to censor the progressive theater group was made in 1966 when the San Francisco Parks Department refused to issue the group a permit to perform in the city’s parks. The courts reversed the Parks Department, which the group had sued in San Francisco, Calif. June 16, 1976
Angolanans Demand Death Penalty For Mercenaries

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

Responding to that, it was more or less affiliated with racketeers, Gamba, 26, from Jersey City, N.J., said that he had come to Angola to "flog a Russian Communist takeover." It is also known that Gamba ran an advertisement in a magazine offering himself as a mercenary.

So heavy does the evidence — and the atmosphere weigh against the defendants that, in his closing argument, the American lawyer, who accused the mercenaries pointed to Georgiou as the main perpetrator in spreading terror and violence in the liberation war's waning days. No British lawyer would defend him. The American and British mercenaries are charged in a 139-count indictment of murder, manslaughter, rape, destruction of property, and other charges.

South Africa Joins Western Defense

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

The South African defense ministers have been working the international arms embargo on South Africa. France has refused to apply the embargo, but Italy, Spain, and West Germany have been involved in the negotiation. The South African government, which has been operating the arms embargo alone, has been negotiating with the United States on the issue.

MARTIAL ARTS

Kicking

(Argentine, Aires, Argentina) — This team has a long history of kicking activities. There has been a dispute over the policing of the pelvis region (the area of the pelvis) as the central point of kicking power. Previous experiments have determined that this area is natural to this specific area of the body. However, the debate is on the point of monotonous activity. The trend has been to restrict the width of kicking power. Through concentration, the thigh of the average man operating under pressure in excess of 4,000 pounds per square inch in normal daily activity,

Chile

(Santiago, Chile) — Locally prominent in the sport of kicking, the arrests of some 3,000 people in recent weeks and allegations of the existence of special concentration camps for beggars and orphaned children have been widely circulated among OAS conference delegates here. The camp for children, according to the law, will be set up in the city of Santiago. The children will be denied any kind of education or medical care. The only thing they can do is to work in the streets for a few cents.

Brazil

(Rio de Janeiro, Brazil) — The Brazilian government is beginning to develop new tactics for the para-military "death squads." The new tactics involve greater coordination with the NATO allies and a stronger emphasis on the use of Information Warfare (IWAR) operations. The new tactics are expected to be more effective in the jungle warfare of the Malagasy of any link. South Africa and its directorate associated with NATO countries to be provided with the NATO system of command and control of the war.

Baseball Commissioner Stuns Sports World With 3.5 Million Oakland A's Players Sale

(Oakland, Calif.) — Commissioner Bowie Kuhn announced Monday that the A's had sold the team for $3.5 million to a group of investors led by Robert Fingers and Bob Musial. Controversial A's owner Charles Finley fired Finley for selling the team.

Other owners supported Kuhn although they were not concerned with the principle of the sale than the fact that it again brought up the need for a "reserve clause"

"The baseball "reserve clause," before it was shuttered in the Andy Musser case, bound a player to one team. In Musser's case he was paid out his option with the Los Angeles Dodgers and became a free agent, able to sell his services to the club of his choice. When this was upheld, many baseball owners went into panic.

Marc Miller, executive director of the major league Players' Association, got to the heart of the problem. "Everyone's talking about the owners' reactions to Finley's sale. It's getting to the real reason why they're in panic. The one cardinal sin that has been committed by the participating teams, in the middle of the owners, is that a free market value has been set.

"The baseball owners are in a crisis. In the case of Joe Rudi, the value is $1 million but everyone wants to start the bidding at $2 million. He's going to the real reason why they're in panic. The one cardinal sin that has been committed by the participating teams, in the middle of the owners, is that a free market value has been set.

"On a player's side, the one thing that has been made clear is that the owners are not concerned with the principle of the sale than the fact that it again brought up the need for a "reserve clause". The "reserve clause" was, before it was shuttered in the Andy Musser case, bound a player to one team. In Musser's case he was paid out his option with the Los Angeles Dodgers.

N.B.A. - ABA. Merger Completed

(Oakland, Calif.) - The proposed merger between the National Basketball Association (NBA) and the American Basketball Association (ABA) became effective last week when the two leagues together to form a new 22-team league.

The right to a share of the TV rights, which were assigned to the NBA by the NFL, the NFL's television audience, which was bordered by the NBA's in the 1976-77 season. The four ABA teams are expected to pay $3.2 million each to the NBA, while the NBA's will pay $3.2 million to the NFL.

"The right to a share of the TV rights, which were assigned to the NBA by the NFL, the NFL's television audience, which was bordered by the NBA's in the 1976-77 season. The four ABA teams are expected to pay $3.2 million each to the NBA, while the NBA's will pay $3.2 million to the NFL.

"The right to a share of the TV rights, which were assigned to the NBA by the NFL, the NFL's television audience, which was bordered by the NBA's in the 1976-77 season. The four ABA teams are expected to pay $3.2 million each to the NBA, while the NBA's will pay $3.2 million to the NFL.
Black mothers will suffer more from daycare cuts.

Altarnative Schools Conference

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 4

James Lemon, a coordinator of the March and a member of the Community Coalition to Save Hostos College, spoke about the cuts in the city’s college system. He asked that the trial organization behind demands including no taking at all of all colleges, the City University, expansion of open admissions and Third World studies programs, and the keeping of Hostos and Medgar Evers Colleges open.

Following the rally, a community delegation visited Emergency Financial Control Board head Stephen Berger. Berger agreed that they considered the demonstration to be “such a mishmash.”

“We told him,” said the organizer, “that we knew that he made the decisions about the cuts in the city. And we tell him, we’re telling him now that we’re taking our case to the community.”

“But,” the organizer continued, “we promised him a number of confrontations.”

Bostom Racists

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

The mayor of Boston, Kevin White, last night is about to appeal with the Supreme Court and hear the case of a black Boston homeowner White claimed that he is “for integration but against housing.”

To the people who are the professed hatred of racial violence, however, he has done little or nothing to protect the black community of Boston from the violent racist attacks.

Repression In India

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When asked about the problem of hunger in India, Sadan said, “The problem is not that there isn’t enough food, the problem is with distribution. There are hoarders,” he explained, “who hold on to food products to drive prices up to the point where only those who can afford it can eat.”

“The United States, Britain, Germany and Japan have all contributed to the problem of hunger in India,” Sadan stated. “The American and European embargo of oil, the imbalance of trade as imports are much more crucial to India than to any other country, at a rate (3 to 1) than exports.”

What is being explained is “that food is not imported, only industrial consumer and luxury items for India’s ruling circles.”

Sadan remarked that the economic situation is the greatest neo-colonialism of the present, these international banks are financing against these evils for over 15 years.

During his visit to Bombay, Sadan emphasized that most of the prisoners are being held without trial and that he was pleased that they would be released under the terms of the new Indian constitution. The government announced that it would immediately begin to release prisoners from Indian jails.

TEXTBOOK: Amazon.com: "Question: Do you use a test book for reading? How do you choose your readers?"

ERICKA: "We are very critical of most of the things that are on the commercial market for children. We do use some readers, some of us, we’ve found to be innocuous — they have a lot of pictures and that sort of thing."

ERICKA HUGGINS (spoke at the Community Coalition to Save Hostos College) on November 1, 1972.

When asked, "Do you use any new books with new words?" Ericka answered that she did not have any new books with new words, just the same recurring words. Ericka is a coordinator of the March and a member of the Community Coalition to Save Hostos College, spoke about the cuts in the city’s college system. He asked that the trial organization behind demands including no taking at all of all colleges, the City University, expansion of open admissions and Third World studies programs, and the keeping of Hostos and Medgar Evers Colleges open.

Following the rally, a community delegation visited Emergency Financial Control Board head Stephen Berger. Berger agreed that they considered the demonstration to be “such a mishmash.”

“We told him,” said the organizer, “that we knew that he made the decisions about the cuts in the city. And we tell him, we’re telling him now that we’re taking our case to the community.”

“But,” the organizer continued, “we promised him a number of confrontations.”

Black Mothers To Die

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A series of letters to the editor were published in the newspaper, challenging the current system of race relations in the country. The letters called for a reevaluation of the existing system of race relations and for a more equitable distribution of resources.

“Black Mothers To Die” by Black Mothers Network

The example of this letter is taken from one of the letters to the editor. Black Mothers Network is a national organization that advocates for the rights of Black mothers and children. The letter calls for the recognition and support of the needs of Black mothers and children.

Typing in the same office that one of the readers of this letter was treated at, the writer of this letter was sent to the hospital. The writer of this letter, a Black mother, had been refused treatment at the hospital because of her race.

The letter ends with a call to action: “Black Mothers To Die” by Black Mothers Network

Tyronuye Gantion Mayon

And Rally Takes Tragedy To Sacramento

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3

A group of black truck drivers murdered in 1968 by members of the San Francisco Police Department.

Black Mothers Network is a national organization that advocates for the rights of Black mothers and children.

At least 500 people, including children and adults, rallied in Sacramento to protest the murder of Black Mothers Network member Mary Turner.

Oakland Community School Director ERICKA HUGGINS (spoke at the Community Coalition to Save Hostos College) on November 1, 1972.

The letter is written in response to a letter published in the newspaper, which questions the need for a more equitable distribution of resources for Black mothers and children. The letter calls for the recognition and support of the needs of Black mothers and children.

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July 4th Coalition Appeal to Black Communities

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

Let them strut their hypocritical talk of Constitutional rights. But we must never forget that Birmingham babies, the Fred Dumas are as well as the Martin Luther Carters, the countless innocents and the deaf and dumb and the jail people. We must remember that our American dream of the 19th century died on the day the enslave them in chains. We must remember that our American dream of the 19th century died when the black children died.

Join us as we mark not a bicentennial of empty rhetoric, but 200 years of revolution struggle. Join us in the fight for John Justice, Demand Standards and Our Children's Survival!

For the love of Richard Allen, Sojourner Truth, Harriet Tubman, Frederick Douglass, Martin Luther, W.E.B. DuBois, Paul Robeson, Martin Luther King, Jr., and Malcolm X, join us in Philadelphia.

FULL EMPLOYMENT

A grave question for the future of the Black community is whether we will have full employment with decent wages and greater control over the economic conditions of this society. Employment among Black youth has reached all-time highs, the politicians in Washington will refuse to pass and implement legislation that will provide work for all able-bodied workers.

The July 4th Coalition parade and rally will be a strong call for support for the battle for full employment now underway on many fronts -- on the picket lines, in the factories and in Congress. For the right of Black employment, we must buy the goods and services of Black business that must be used for real and effective full employment and for economic justice.

Equal Quality Education

We must come together to show America that Black people and all righteous people are outraged by South Carolina, a city and other scenes of violent attack against the Black community in the South and against the seeking equal education. The U.S. government stronger and the democratic rights of Black people are the ultimate issue that is to be determined by the people of this country.

Stereilization Program for Foreign Doctors Exposed

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PIEGO's Program for International Educational Aid (PIEGO), as an aid funded program which gives scholarships to black students at Washington University for the last four years. In addition, they have been encouraged to help the Black community in their home countries.

The participants' rooms and board are paid for by PIEGO. As well as technical training, they receive lectures on the meaning of the Black community in the countries where they have been involved in a comprehensive training program. In the end, the training will be given a gift of a $5,000 gold certificate.

According to Dr. Caspo, a major drawback of the training program is that foreign doctors, unlicensed as physicians in the U.S., cannot practice on human subjects there. The medical success of the program thus depends on the following criteria: Washington University to the home countries to supervise trainees as they perform medical procedures. Dr. Caspo has often found it politically embarrassing to allow U.S. doctors, licensed by U.S. government, to enter the countries to sterilize their citizens.

As a result, numerous sterilization programs, enrolling medical students in Latin America, Latin American women by doctors untrained and unsupervised in human sterilization.

To overcome this difficulty, the program is seeking a Latin American country where the training of doctors and nurses would be allowed to perform sterilization on those who have asked for it. According to Dr. Caspo, Costa Rica appears to be a likely choice.

Dr. James Warren, the head of Washington University's Department of Surgery, has no knowledge of the program. He said that he was sure that the Latin American women who have been operated on wanted to be made pregnant as one student pointed out. Warren disclosed that all sterilizations were performed by the doctors of the hospitals in the country.

One Bolivian trained surgeon is an associate of the Ad Hoc Committee that he had been sterilizing up to 80 women per week without their knowledge.