**HARVEST OF DEATH;**

**DAY ONE OF HORROR**

Railroads Make Records In Killing
All Sections of Country
Scenes of Pain.

THIRTY BURNED NEAR CHICAGO

Overworked Employees, Poor Machinery and Rotten
Boilers Show Flow Lines Are Managed.

Between sixty and eighty persons are reported to have been killed, injured and burned to death and were seventy were seriously injured in a 24-hour period in western Wisconsin, where the trains were reportedly in the service.

The accident is the result of negligence on the part of the railroad companies, who have failed to provide adequate protection for their employees.

In addition to the三十 persons burned to death, there were also several injured, including two who died later from their burns.

One of the injured workers was taken to the hospital, where he died from his burns.

The railroad authorities are investigating the incident to determine the cause of the accident.

The remains of the thirty persons burned to death were identified by the coroner's office, and the bodies were taken to the hospital for examination.

**THE PULLMAN JUGGERNAUT**

**BOERS AGAIN FIGHT THE BRITISH ARMY**

Liberty Loving Farmers Take
The Trail—For Homes
and Families.

Cape Town, South Africa, Nov. 12.—Factions of armed men who are believed to be Boers fighting for freedom from British control took to the hills near Pretoria today, reportedly
in protest against the recent imposition of conscription.

The Boers, led by their leaders, demanded the release of their leader, the renowned General Louis Botha, who was captured by the British during their recent offensive.

In response, the British authorities issued a statement expressing their determination to enforce the conscription law, which they said was necessary to maintain national security.

The Boers, however, remained steadfast in their opposition, vowing to continue their struggle for independence.

**WANTS TO KNOCK AN "I" OUT**

In San Francisco, Nov. 12—-A veteran of the war between South Africa and Great Britain, who has been held in British prison camps for several years, has refused to come before a British military tribunal for an examination.

The veteran, who is said to be a leader in the Boer cause, has been refused medical treatment by the British authorities, who have refused to release him from custody.

He has appealed to the International Committee of the Red Cross for assistance, but his petition has been ignored.

**VAUDEVILLE SHOW; CHURCH CONVERTS**

**HUMAN STOMACH A BATTERY**

In San Francisco, Nov. 12—-Vaudville show at the Palace Theatre, starring the famous actress and singer, Sarah Bernhardt, was converted by the Electric Power Company into a power plant.

The show, which was popular for its innovative use of electricity, was converted into a power plant that could generate enough electricity to power a small town.

The conversion was hailed as a significant step forward in the use of electricity for practical purposes.

**HETTY GREEK, SEES BLOOD**

In New York, Nov. 12—As a result of the recent events in South Africa, Hetty Greek, a leading advocate of the Boer cause, decided to visit the country to see the progress of the Boer movement.

She arrived in the country yesterday and was met by a group of Boer leaders, who expressed their gratitude for her support.

**NEW JUDGES NEEDED AND CRISP IN DEED OF NERO**

In London, Nov. 12—As a result of the recent events in South Africa, the British government announced the need for new judges to handle the cases arising from the conflict.

In addition, they announced the creation of a new court of inquiry, to be headed by a former British general, to investigate the events leading to the outbreak of war.

The government has also established a special commission to investigate the causes and consequences of the conflict.

**HONESTY AND MODESTY**

Together With Gratefulness, the Fundamental Qualifications for County.

**H ow TO SHARE IN SAGE MILLIONS**

Widow Issues Questions for Applicants for Charitable Assistance.

The widow of a prominent Chicago businessman, who died recently, has issued a series of questions for applicants for charitable assistance.

The widow, who is said to be a person of great integrity, has expressed her determination to ensure that the funds she has left behind are used for the benefit of those in need.

She has called for applicants to provide detailed information about their financial situation and the nature of their needs.

The widow has also emphasized the importance of honesty and modesty in the distribution of her funds, and has stressed the need for applicants to demonstrate a strong sense of responsibility.

**HOW TO SHARE IN SAGE MILLIONS**

Widow Issues Questions for Applicants for Charitable Assistance.
"AN EYE FOR AN EYE"
BY G. S. DABROW

The Story of a Condemned Man's Last Night on Earth.

IX

Jim had been in the bed for the last six months, and his mother had not been able to take care of him.

"It's the worst thing that could have happened to us," she said. "I don't know what we're going to do."

The next day, Jim woke up and saw his mother standing beside his bed.

"Mom," he said, "I don't want to die."}

Jim's mother told him that they were going to take him to the hospital so that he could get better.

"I'm terrible," she said. "I shouldn't have let this happen."
MIDDLE CLASS
SENDS FORTH
A BITTER CRY
Scores of Small Cigar Dealers Forced Into Wage Class:
CAN’T ESCAPE TRUST

CAPITALISM BUYING UP IN "INDEPENDENT" OUT OF BUSINESS—STORIES OF VICTIMS.

If you want to hear the "crying of the middle class" tell you of the miseries of the working man, come down to the low cost cigar houses and you will hear the story. Capitalism has put scores of these small independent cigar dealers out of business in the last year. The Trust is now in the city taking complete control of the cigar business.

The Trust is paying the small independent dealer a few cents for his stock and then paying him wages on a percentage basis. This means that the Trust is now controlling the entire cigar business in the city.

The small independent dealer is now forced to work for the Trust at a fraction of his former wages. He is losing his independence and his livelihood.

The Trust is making a profit on its entire cigar business. The small independent dealer is now a wage earner for the Trust.

If you want to know what the Trust is doing to the working man tell you of the miseries of the small independent cigar dealer. The Trust is now taking complete control of the cigar business in the city.
BOBBY ON REGULATION

"Who will do the dirty work of the bureaucracy?"

"You won't worry about that, I'll know who you are, and just what you are doing."

The personal interest of many civilians and the interests of the great powers are in the hands of the bureaucracy.

The charge is often made by opponents of the bureaucracy that it is inefficient and wasteful.

The justification for the bureaucracy is that it is necessary to carry out the work of government and that it is the only way to do it.

The bureau is a system of rules and regulations that governs the behavior of government officials.

The public has little control over the bureau and little understanding of what it does.

The bureau has the power to make decisions and to enforce laws and regulations.

The bureau is responsible for the implementation of laws and regulations.

The bureau is an important part of the government and is necessary for the functioning of government.

The bureau is a source of power and influence for those who control it.

The bureau is often seen as a barrier to the public's understanding of government.

The bureau is often criticized for being too powerful and too influential.

The bureau is often criticized for being inefficient and wasteful.

The bureau is often criticized for being too slow to respond to changes in the world.

The bureau is often criticized for being too slow to change its ways.

The bureau is often criticized for being too slow to adapt to new technologies.

The bureau is often criticized for being too slow to respond to public concerns.

The bureau is often criticized for being too slow to respond to public demands.

The bureau is often criticized for being too slow to respond to public needs.

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