

"TAGGART" SAYS GIRL

Girl on Stand Asks She Was Offered Sum of \$5 a Night to Be a White Slave

WOULD BE PAID BY POLITICAL CROWD

Tells How She Was Sold by Miss Barrette to a Man for \$50; Progress of the Trial

Ella Gingles on the witness stand this morning reiterated her charges against Thomas T. Taggart, as the beneficiary of the attempt to make her a white slave by the Wellington hotel gang.

She further testified that the man who hit her in the head and produced the abrasion which was shown by a newspaper picture taken in the hospital, to which she was taken after her torturing, gave Agnes Barrette of the Wellington hotel the sum of \$50 for the "services" which Miss Barrette had rendered him and that Miss Barrette complained of the amount.

Kicked About "Slave" Price

She further stated on the stand that when Miss Barrette "kicked" on the amount handed her the man made a disparaging remark concerning Miss Gingles.

The girl further testified that she had withheld Thomas Taggart's name in full in her stories of the torturing on the advice of her attorneys, but that she had given the full name to Patrick H. O'Donnell when she first saw him after the torturing in the Wellington hotel.

The girl also reiterated her charges on cross-examination that she had been offered \$25 for the first night and \$5 a night for the next six months to go with Taggart and his "friends." This price she declared was made by Miss Barrette in person and that she was assured that the \$25 for the first night would be forthcoming so soon as she consented. She declared that she refused to consent.

Explains "Raymond" Angle

The attempt to make the girl out as having gone under the name of "Raymond" was completely explained by the girl on the stand when she declared that she purchased her steamship ticket from a woman named Raymond in Belfast and that she used Belle Raymond's ticket to cross the ocean when Miss Raymond could not come herself. The girl denied on the stand, however, that she had ever gone under the name of Raymond except when she used the ticket on the ocean-going steamer.

That she was struck both on the front and the back of the head in the outrages which were perpetrated against her, and that she was compelled to sign a paper by the man who hit her in the front of the head while she was in a dazed condition, were further points brought out by the girl on the stand today.

About "Tom" Taggart

"Were you advised by anyone to keep Thomas T. Taggart's name out of this case?" demanded Attorney Patrick H. O'Donnell on cross-examination. "Yes," was the reply.

"Mr. O'Shaughnessy and Mr.—you," was the reply.

"What reason did we give for keeping that name out?"

"Because it would save his reputation," was the answer.

"Did Mr. O'Shaughnessy and myself tell you to keep Taggart's name out in order to save his reputation?" asked O'Donnell. "Yes," was the answer.

"Did you understand what you were doing when you told the jury Mr. Taggart's name?"

"Yes."

"Was that done by advice of your attorney?" "No."

Owed Money at Hotel

"Was there anybody who owed you money at the Wellington hotel at the time when you went up to room 543?"

"Yes, Miss Arnold."

"Did you know that Miss Barrette and Miss Arnold occupied this room at that time?" "No."

"How much did Miss Arnold owe you?"

"She owed me \$2 for some lace which I had made for her."

"Did you talk with anybody about going up to collect this money?"

"Yes."

"What did those persons tell you?"

"They told me that I must stay away from the Wellington hotel."

Not Known as "Raymond"

"Did the Thomtons for whom you worked in Canada know that you came over on Belle Raymond's ticket?"

"Yes."

"Were you ever called 'Raymond' in Canada or anywhere?"

"No."

The proof that she was at Carson, Pirie Scott & company's on the afternoon

noon when she is alleged to have been shoplifting at another store in the city of Chicago was also brought out by the testimony. The girl was asked to produce her ticket from Carson, Pirie Scott's, but the ticket proved to be in O'Donnell's office and was not put in evidence.

Short Point Falls Flat

The attempt of Attorney Ben M. Short to prove that the girl had played upon the sympathies of the women of Chicago also received a very decided shock in the testimony offered on the witness stand.

"Did you ever receive any money from anybody but me?" asked Attorney O'Donnell.

"No," was the reply.

"Did you ever hear or do you know of any collection being taken up for your defense?"

"No," came the answer, the loudest and clearest of the morning.

"Did anybody except me ever offer you any money?"

"No."

"Did Miss Barrette or anybody get any money from the man who hit you in the head?"

"Yes."

"How much did she take from him?"

"I heard her say \$50."

"What did she say after that?"

"She objected and said that was not enough."

\$25 for First Night

"How much was the amount mentioned in connection with your going with Mr. Taggart and his friends?"

"Twenty-five dollars the first night and \$5 a night for six months thereafter."

These are the main questions asked the girl up to 11:30 this morning, and to all of them she answered straightforwardly.

SECRETARY OF NAVY MEYER CHARGED WITH LAW BREAKING

Boston, Mass., July 5.—That Secretary of the Navy George Von L. Meyer violated the law and defied revenue officers who attempted to enforce it, is the sensational charge made in a report to the government authorities.

The alleged offense was committed at New London on the occasion of the Harvard-Yale race. It was the same offense for which two years ago E. H. Harriman was placed under arrest.

The revenue officers say the rules governing the anchoring of all vessels along the course was violated by Meyer's launch.

MAKE BUTTER OF RAW PETROLEUM

New York, July 5.—The Standard Oil company has decided to drive the cow and the dairymen out of business.

The skilled chemists have discovered a process whereby they can make glistening butter as a by-product of crude petroleum. If reports are true, plans have been prepared and contracts soon will be let for putting up a big butter-making plant as a new department of the Standard Oil works in the Conestoga Hook section of Bayonne.

Ship Butter to John D.

The story, which comes from Bayonne, is that the chemists and Standard Oil officials were so elated by the discovery that they made eight pounds of the butter and put it in a box to be shipped to John D. Rockefeller.

When it came to making out the express slip the term "petroleum butter" was used. That led to inquiries which finally elicited the information that the Rockefeller corporation is going into the butter-making business.

A Bayonne man who is in and out of the oil works a great deal said the discovery of petroleum butter was due to accident. He asserted that the chemists, in pursuance of experiments to ascertain the effect of a rotary movement upon the illuminating power of the oil put ten gallons of petroleum into a big churn which had been installed in the laboratory.

Is of Golden Tint

The power was turned on and in twenty minutes afterward the churn was stopped and the lid lifted. Instead of oil the chemists found inside a big ball of fat. It was of a beautiful golden tint.

"It looks like butter, it smells like butter, it tastes like butter, it is butter," one of the chemists exclaimed excitedly.

SAYS THE UNITED STATES HAS THE SECOND LARGEST NAVY

Paris, July 5.—The Temps takes issue with M. Michel, who declared yesterday in the chamber of deputies during the debate on the naval inquiry commission's report that Germany stood second among the naval powers. The Temps points out that second place is held by the United States, which with a fleet of sixteen battleships "accomplished an admirable feat in the circumnavigation of the globe."

The paper adds that all English authorities class the United States second among the naval powers. Germany, therefore, would be third and France fourth.

Germany's advance is explained by the fact that Germany has been able to devote appropriations to the building of new ships, while France has been forced to expend her appropriations in the maintenance of an already large navy.

U. OF C. PROFESSOR SAYS DEATH PENALTY IS DOOMED

Capital punishment is doomed, according to Prof. Herbert Lockwood Willett of the University of Chicago. He made this prediction yesterday afternoon before an audience of summer students in Haskell hall while lecturing on "The Social Teachings of the Progressives."

Capital punishment as a form of inflicting penalties is merely society's way of getting revenge," declared Prof. Willett. "It is no further advanced than any other type of revenge. And yet we allow these death inflections and put the law on those who carry on personal feuds."

"It will not be many years hence before capital punishment will be considered immoral by all. Some states have abolished this form of cruelty and others are bound to follow soon."

Uses Council Stationery

The first letter is on the stationery of the city council and bears the signature of John H. Jones, chairman, committee on buildings. This letter is signed with the pen of the same Alder-

man Jones. This same Alderman Jones, as chairman of the committee on buildings, steers the building legislation of the city council. The second letter is a printed one with a fac simile of Alderman Jones' signature with its accompaniment, "chairman, committee on buildings." This second letter is printed on the stationery of "Half a Century of Chicago Building," suite 1010 Hartford building.

In the second letter, which is in the form of advertising matter, appears the names of persons connected with an "advisory committee." On this list is the name of City Engineer John E. Ericson, whose assistants pass on millions of dollars' worth of building materials of all sorts used or authorized for use by the city council.

Important Names on List

On the same list appears the name of Dwight Perkins, architect for the Chicago board of education, a man of the highest professional standing, but it must not be overlooked that he supervises the expenditure of over \$3,000,000 annually which is paid to contractors

for work done. The name of John M. Ewen, special consulting engineer of the Chicago Harbor commission and of the council committee on harbors, wharves and bridges, also appears. But this is not all. William Holabird, whose firm of Holabird & Rosch are the architects for the new county building and for the city hall, also appears in the list.

The names of the best-known Chicago architects and engineers appear. Among these are Marshall & Fox, E. R. Graham, architect connected with Daniel H. Burnham & Co., and E. C. Shankland, the famous engineer who made one of the Mikado's palaces as nearly earthquake proof as science and steel can make it. To these men, contractors look for their bread and butter, and when these names appear as the members of an advisory committee for a publication whose editors are Aldermen John A. Jones and Fred A. Britten, the inference is obvious. It is business sense to advertise. What are the meth-

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'GRAFT IN CHICAGO'

The following editorial from the Northwestern Coal Dealer, published at Minneapolis, sheds some light on the City Fuel company. Under the title "Graft in Chicago" the publication says:

In Chicago, the City Fuel company overshadows all other people in the retail business. They are spreading out at a very rapid rate. Buying additional yards is almost a daily occurrence. The dealer with a good location and fair equipment is usually bought outright, and either given stock in the concern or given management of the newly acquired yard, or both.

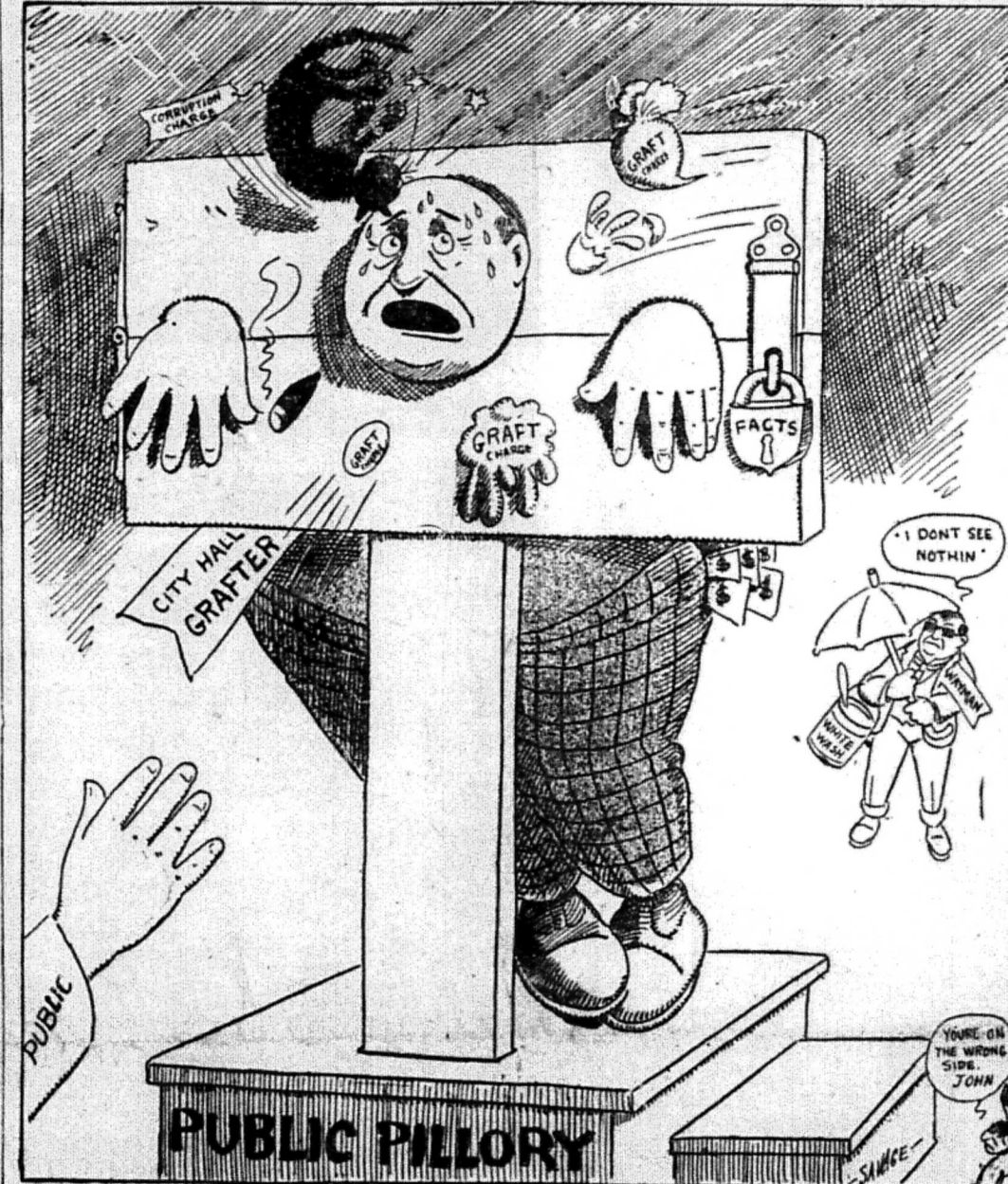
Much criticism has been offered regarding the operations of this combination of capital and influence, but nothing that has been said seems to disturb them. They are legally advised at every step by a firm of the best lawyers in Chicago. The king-pin to the combination is the tax commissioner of Chicago.

This concern has landed every sizable steam contract in the loop district with one or two exceptions. It is claimed the securing of the contract for coal enters into the leveling downward of the assessments of every one of these large institutions, and charges of open graft are made by the coal men who are cut out of this steam business.

It's a big game of politics in which the present mayor is said to wire financially, but no matter what kind of an administration is on top, the City Fuel company is on a safe footing, as the leaders in it are picked from both political parties who control the politics of both the Republican and Democratic parties. It is not claimed that exorbitant prices are being charged. In fact, prices are on a very low basis, so there can be no charge of extortion brought. But this situation is only one sidelight of the way Chicago is run politically, it's graft to the lowest round of the political ladder, and some day the consumer that pays the tax will ask relief from the State of Illinois as its only remedy. But up to date Chicago dominates the state in politics

THIS IS NOT GRAFT, BUT THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT

HE IS STILL BEFORE THE PUBLIC



THIS IS NOT GRAFT, BUT—PH-H-E-W!

Aldermen Jones and Britten of Council Committee on Building, Editing a Book

ASK CONTRACTORS TO FURNISH THE MONEY

Use City Stationery in Soliciting Advertising; Deal Is Almost Compulsory

The building department of the city of Chicago is being used to boom the private business of Aldermen John A. Jones and Fred A. Britten, who in the dual capacity of members of the building committee of the city council and as editors of "Half a Century of Chicago Building," are soliciting advertising from general contractors and builders. How this is worked is shown by two letters on file with the Daily Socialist.

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(Continued on Page Two)

Story Is Told of How the City Fuel Company Has Grabbed the Coal Business of Chicago

UPHAM, FIRM'S HEAD, HAS POWER OVER TAX

Trio of Reviewers Can Dole Out Rich Favors; What Has Become of Busse's Holdings in the Coal Trust?

GRAFT AND CORRUPTION

"Corruption and graft at the present time in Chicago has reached a stage that is worse than any in the history of the city. And by every indication it is getting worse."—Maxwell Edgar, secretary of the Illinois Tax Reform association.

How would you like to be the ice man, the coal man, AND the head of the Board of Review—the body that fixes the taxes on all those you wish for customers? That is the position that is occupied by Fred W. Upham, with the able assistance of Boy O. West and F. D. Meacham.

These men have been able to continue in their present positions for the last decade, ever since 1898.

Their system was best shown up before the last legislature by Maxwell Edgar, secretary of the Illinois Tax Reform association, when a bill was pending denying the right of a member of the board of review to engage in any other business.

WHO KILLED BILL AT SPRINGFIELD?

The bill was passed in the house, but when it came to the senate and was referred to the revenue committee, Corbus P. Gardner, chairman of the committee, promptly put the bill in his own pocket and would not permit it to be referred back to the senate for discussion. When urged to do so he merely stated that the committee had not had time to take up the bill. It was forgotten during the excitement of the busy closing days of the session. Mr. Gardner was elected from a down state district, but has a law office in the First National Bank building.

That is why the Upham-West-Meacham combination is again going over the tax assessors' report and deciding just what taxes are to be paid by the citizens and business interests of Chicago. They would have been without their jobs had the bill passed.

CITY FUEL GRABS BUSINESS

Mr. Upham is president of the City Fuel company, Chicago's fuel trust, which has secured from 80 to 90 per cent of the enormous fuel business inside of the loop district since it was organized a little over two years ago at a capitalization of \$15,000,000. The record of its incorporation is not to be found in the usual place.

The City Fuel company was organized about the Peabody Coal company as a nucleus, but not the least of the smaller organizations that it absorbed was the Busse Fuel company, owned by Mayor Busse, which controlled most of the fuel trade on the north side.

Those who are acquainted with the matter claim that Mayor Busse did not sell out his interests directly, but that he received stock in the City Fuel company in return for his business. It has never been shown what disposal he made of this stock or that he is not now directly profiting by the means that are being used to boost the dividends of the City Fuel company.

UPHAM HAD TAXING POWER

The most conspicuous of the means used by the board of review, and which sprang prominently into existence with the organization of the City Fuel company, was the proposition that Mr. Upham had to offer. If the big fuel consumers would give their orders to him he could have their taxes reduced. If not—why, their taxes could immediately be raised.

Maxwell Edgar created one of the sensations of the last legislature when he produced the facts to show that just as soon as the coal contracts of the big firms in the loop district were given to the fuel trust, just so soon were their taxes reduced.

HERE ARE FACTS IN BLACK AND WHITE

Here are some of the facts:

Mandel Brothers in 1906 were assessed on the tangible property, full valuation, \$1,526,800. In 1907 this was reduced to \$805,000 and to the same in 1908. The coal contract which had been held for a number of years by Rutter & Co. was given to the City Fuel company in 1907.

Siegel, Cooper & Co. were assessed on the tangible property by the board of review at \$984,795. In 1907 they were assessed \$990,000, and in 1908 they were reduced to \$506,000. The coal contract, formerly held by E. F. Daniels and the Worden Coal company, was switched to the City Fuel company in 1907.

The Fair in 1906 was assessed at \$6,434,970. In 1907 it was \$2,559,000, and in 1908 it was \$1,000,000. The contract was changed from E. F. Daniels to the City Fuel company in 1907.

Marshall Field & Co. in 1906 were assessed at \$6,682,835. In 1907 it was reduced to \$5,350,000. In 1908 it was \$5,500,000. The Crerar-Clinch company lost this coal contract and it went to the City Fuel company.

FARWELL GETS ENORMOUS OUTF

John V. Farwell & Co. in 1906 were assessed at \$4,870,275. In 1907 it was reduced to \$1,760,855. In 1908 it was \$1,822,000. This contract was changed from E. F. Daniels to the City Fuel company in 1908.

The Chicago Telephone company in 1908 was assessed at \$4,850,000. This was reduced by the board of review to \$4,405,000 following the change in contract from Rutter & Co. and the Cox & Bro. company to the City Fuel company in 1907.

The Chicago Railways company in 1908 was assessed on its personal property at \$850,000. This amount was cut down by the board of review

To \$287,160. This coal contract had been held by the Peabody Coal company, of which Fred W. Upham is vice president.

The Union Traction company in 1907 was assessed at \$650,000. The board of review reduced this amount to \$406,125. This contract belonged to the Peabody Coal company.

CHICAGO CITY RAILWAY DEAL
The Chicago City Railway company in 1908 was assessed at \$12,000,000. This was cut by the board of review to \$7,300,000. This coal contract was formerly held by Hafer, Deering & Co.

LIST OF SIMILAR CASES
Other similar cases, giving the year in which the contracts were changed from other coal companies to the City Fuel company by institutions that pay a large amount of taxes, are the following:

How System Developed
The present system has been under development by the board of review for over ten years, but it is only within the last two years that the members have come out openly and defied all opposition.

Engineer Loses His Job
One of the minor incidents of the City Fuel company's regime is shown in the discharge of an engineer in one of the big office buildings.

Extorted Campaign Fund
In the last campaign this same Mr. Upham, a member of the board of review, extorted money from the business men of Chicago for a campaign fund.

Is Now a Millionaire
At the present time he is rated a millionaire. Besides being president of the coal trust, commanding the prices of fuel in the winter, he is also a director of the Knickerbocker Ice company.

Queer Alliance between the City Fuel company, of which Upham was president, and the business institutions of Chicago, was shown to the newspapers of the city at that time.

What happens to the business firms that do not bow to the edicts of the Upham-Board of Review-City Fuel company combination is shown by the experience of the Peoples Gas Light and Coke company.

As a result of this Mr. Hartwell still has the Gas company's fuel contract.

tion of vice and petty criminals.
"Now, however, the office holders and the industrial magnates are brought together by corruption. Now it is graft in the high places, graft that completely overshadows anything that has happened before.

Wanted: A Millionaire
If there were one honest, fearless, good-intentioned millionaire in the city he could clean up Chicago. I say millionaire because the fight is almost useless without money.

DOWN FROM \$7,000,000 TO \$1,604
Upham's Knickerbocker Ice Company Gets Tax Cut
Although it is capitalized at \$7,000,000, and is the recognized "ice trust" of Chicago, the Knickerbocker company was assessed at only \$1,604 in the year 1908.

Gigantic Figure Reached
Figures have been given out by John C. Harding, in which he shows that thirteen corporations, organized under the laws of Illinois, should be caused to be assessed upon capital stock and franchise for the period of 1904 to 1908.

Table Given by Harding
The corporations which are attacked in the protest filed by Mr. Harding, with the amount of assessment which each corporation has received, are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Corporation Name, Assessment Amount. Includes Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Illinois Steel, etc.

IS NOT CRAFT, BUT--PH-E-W
(Continued From Page One)
ods of the two aldermen to be called? The letters precede an advertising solicitor.

Let their letters speak for themselves. The first letter, which is sent to the head of contracting firms, is on city council stationery and reads as follows:

Text of Second Letter
The second letter reads as follows: My Dear Sir: Operation of the above advisory committee we are preparing for publication.

Contract Almost Compulsory
Most contractors undoubtedly contract for advertising for the pull would give them with the aldermen and the prominent and powerful men on the advisory committee.

MORSE STARTING WITHOUT DOLLAR TO REBUILD FORTUNE
New York, July 8.—Charles W. Morse, the financier who recently was released from custody on \$125,000 bail, rebuilding his fortune, he has rented offices in a Wall street building over the banking rooms formerly occupied by the National Bank of North America.

\$50,000 TO WAR AGAINST SOCIALISM

August Belmont Is Raising Fund to Publish a Book Attacking the Party

New York, July 8.—That August Belmont is at the head of a band of capitalists who are raising a fund of \$50,000 to be used for the publication of an anti-Socialist handbook for a subsidized army of speakers, writers and teachers who will make an effort to stop the tremendous growth of Socialism in this country, was discovered by the New York Call yesterday.

Call Has the Evidence
The Call has in its office a copy of a letter sent by Belmont to a fellow capitalist, whose name cannot be made public. The letter bears the signature of Belmont and it is presumed that most of the prominent capitalists have received similar letters.

Copy of Belmont Letter
The copy of the Belmont letter is as follows: 21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK. I do not know whether or not you have observed the head-lines in the past few years, but their vote at the elections has jumped from 30,000 to 400,000, which practically means that there are over two million men, women and children preaching class hatred and class division.

Such an effort as we are making requires the co-operation of all who are interested in the welfare of the United States. Will you contribute toward it? I have already received several hundred dollars and feel that your contribution would be of great value.

Excerpts of the Book
The following are excerpts of the book that is intended to be a death blow to Socialism: "Do you know that there are today in this country over two million men, women and children brazenly preaching condemnation of property, class hatred and revolution through the press, the pulpit, the social settlements, the college classroom and last, but not least, in our public schools? And are you aware of the fact that they openly announce their preference for the red flag of anarchy over the Stars and Stripes?"

Mentions Spargo's Name
Class antagonisms are cultivated, and even Socialistic Sunday schools are maintained in which children are taught that our civilization is based upon oppression and should be resisted, when the time comes, by force and rebellion.

Collins Says Things at Monster Picnic in Iowa
Council Bluffs, Iowa, July 8.—John Collins of Chicago addressed a monster gathering of Socialists from Omaha, South Omaha, Florence and this city at a big picnic held at interview park.

Workman Killed by a Fall
Max Schaeffer, 60 years old, 419 Broadway street, was killed by a fall from a scaffold at the Alexander Brothers' hospital today. He had fallen off a new building under construction at 354 State street.

Chicago City Leaps Into Sea
Los Angeles, Cal., July 8.—A girl named Julia Vandenberg, who says she came from Chicago, but who refused to give her name, was reported to have jumped from a cliff at Avalon, Santa Catalina Island, she was rescued and appeared.

kindergartens of the country the Socialists are spreading their doctrines and their influence. But their chief hope is to capture the trade union movement. Jack London speaks of this boldly in the article already quoted.

Then, for teaching in the schools, among many other textbooks of a similar sort, there is a Socialist Primer: A Book of First Lessons for the Little Ones in Words of One Syllable. Designed for use in Socialist schools and for private use, published by the Appeal to Reason, the most widely circulated (and the most violent) Socialist newspaper in America.

Even into the ranks of the army and the navy has this propaganda been carried. Systematic efforts are being put forth to win over to Socialism the power from which they have most to fear. How well they are judged from the fact that in an investigation ordered during the incumbency of ex-Secretary of the Navy, Metcalf, it was revealed that 40 per cent of the enlisted men of the torpedo boat flotilla are Socialists.

Taft Sees Socialist Spectre
President in Address Says Doctrines of Party Are Gaining Greater Hold
(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST)
Pittsburg, N. Y., July 8.—Admitting that the doctrines of Socialism are gaining a greater hold upon the people of the world, President Taft, in an address here, cautioned the people of the United States to go slow in any reforms.

The speech was made at the banquet given last night in his honor and in honor of the other guests at the forty-first anniversary of the discovery of Lake Champlain. "In view of the changes which are taking place in government, in view of the new doctrines of a socialistic character which are being advanced, I think conservatism is one of the most important things to emphasize with regard to the United States," he said.

Mass Meeting to Protest
A mass meeting will soon be held on the east side to show the disapproval of the \$25 suggestion. "I expect that sort of thing," said the commissioner. "I have been through it."

Sends Young Girl Back
Merke Drzinski, 15 years old, arrived at Ellis Island on June 26, on her way to her cousin, Jacob Feldman of Louisville. But the government isn't sending 16-year-old girls whose parents are in Europe to their cousins and so she had to sail back.

FOUR RHINOS MEET THEIR DEATH AT LA ROOSEVELT
Nalvasa, British East Africa, July 8.—The Roosevelt expedition is enjoying good hunting, and all the members of the party are well. This information was brought into Nalvasa today by couriers from the South District.

MOYER'S SONGS OF SOCIALISM
"Unusually for Creating So-called Socialism."—Chicago Daily Socialist.
Chicago, July 8.—A \$100,000 worth of Socialism was sold at the auction of the Chicago Daily Socialist today.

Workman Killed by a Fall
Max Schaeffer, 60 years old, 419 Broadway street, was killed by a fall from a scaffold at the Alexander Brothers' hospital today. He had fallen off a new building under construction at 354 State street.

WE ARE THE ONLY FIRM IN THIS COUNTRY WHO SELL GROCERIES AT WHOLESALE Prices to Consumers. It will pay you to ship your goods a thousand miles, as we save you 25 to 40c on the dollar. Send for Our Weekly Price Sheet. NATIONAL PACKAGE & GROCERY CO., 58 Wabash Ave., Near Randolph St. Telephone Central 5812.

Named shoes are frequently made in Non-Union factories. DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE no matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All Shoes without the Union Stamp are always Nonunion. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp. BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION, 246 SUMMER STREET, BOSTON, MASS. John F. Tobin, Pres. Chas. L. Balne, Sec.-Treas.

U. S. SHUTS OUT 247 IMMIGRANTS
New York, July 8.—Uncle Sam slammed his gates yesterday in the faces of 247 undesirable immigrants, and their deportation gave another indication of a stricter interpretation of the law and different construction of the regulations governing the ousting of aliens.

JULY PROPAGANDA PACKAGE
Each of the January and February Review, containing Jack London's great story, 'The Dream of Debs'..... \$1.00
Each of the March and April Review, containing John Murray's illustrated articles on 'From Slavation in Mexico and the Rising Revolution'..... 1.00
Each of the May and June Reviews, containing Mary E. Marcy's charming and instructive stories of the 'Cave People'..... 1.00
5 Easy Lessons in Socialism, Lettingwell..... .25
5 Why a Workingman Should Be a Socialist, Lettingwell..... .25
5 Socialism and the Home, May Walden..... .25
5 Parable of the Water Tank, Bellamy..... .25
Total value..... \$4.90

Rieck & Pixley's BOSTON BAKED BEANS AND BROWN BREAD. Now served in over 127 Lunch Rooms in Chicago. More than 10,000 people eat them every day. No preservatives used. DELIVERED FROM FROM OVERS, 846-848 Fulton St., Chicago.

NOTE TO NEW SOCIALISTS. READ SOCIALIST BOOKS. Weekly 100 described in our new catalogue, 'The Open Book' at \$1.00 and \$1.50. Wholesale Book Company, 800 William St., New York, N. Y.

Central DRUG CO. STATE & WASHINGTON STS. CIGARS—All brands, for particular selections. ALWAYS AT CUT RATES BY THE BOX. 100 S. STATE STREET. Diagonally across from Marshall Field & Co.

ROLLER SKATES FREE. In our new children's department with every child's suit at \$2.50 or over. Continental Roller Skates. Our Milwaukee & Ashland Aves.

CLASSIFIED. HELP WANTED. MEN AND WOMEN AGENTS—YOU CAN make money selling a good family medical work. Large profits. See the box at 'A. Physician in the House.' Call or write. Dr. J. H. Green, 31 Dearborn St., Chicago.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. BEFORE BUYING. Come and see our new 3 1/2-room house, all modern improvements, lots 22x112, two blocks to Milwaukee and Wabash. \$1,200.00. \$100 cash, balance to suit. ALSO FIVE VACANT LOTS FROM 22nd ST. See CRISP BROS., 422 Milwaukee St.

SPECIAL NOTICE. VISITORS GOING TO SEATTLE WILL FIND their home made at the southeast corner of First Avenue South and Wabash. Call or write. Dr. J. H. Green, 31 Dearborn St., Chicago.

TRUSTS TO BE CURBED AGAIN

Attorney-General Wickersham has Plan to Flabbergast Big Combines

Paducah, Ky., July 8.—The trusts are going to be curbed again! Attorney-General Wickersham has a plan. The plan is for the government to license all corporations doing an interstate business.

"Of course," he said, "many will object to the centralizing tendency of a national law authorizing the formation of corporations, but such law seems to me to be the inevitable result of economic conditions."

Mr. Wickersham said this was a logical follow-up of the recently passed tariff tax on corporations.

Dealing with the status of citizenship of corporations, Mr. Wickersham quoted that they were "persons" who could be deprived of life, liberty, or property only by due process of law.

"It may be safely asserted that the only limitations upon the powers of the states to exclude foreign corporations entirely from doing business within their territory, or to prescribe such conditions as they may deem proper to the carrying on by them of such business, are: first:

"That the regulations so prescribed should not deprive the foreign corporation of property without due process of law or deny to them the equal protection of the laws; and secondly, that such regulation shall not amount to an interference with interstate commerce or with other business of a federal nature."

How He Would Do It

His proposal for the regulation of trusts was summed up as follows: "It seems to me that an effective method of legislating on this subject would be to enact that no foreign corporation should be licensed if 50 percentum of its capital stock or upwards was owned or held by any other corporation, domestic or foreign. The device of the holding corporation is the only thing which has made possible the rapid growth of the great trusts and monopolies."

WORD "GRAFTER" IS NOT SLANDER

The word "grafter" is not necessarily slanderous, Judge Foster held yesterday in the Municipal court. By the opinion William H. Haskell, former superintendent of construction of the board of education, lost his suit for damages for \$1,000 against Dwight H. Perkins.

"Grafting" is the court said, "does not necessarily imply dishonesty. If a man tipped the waiter the latter might be called a 'grafter.' So far as I can see the plaintiff has suffered no damage."

"Would your honor consider it a compliment if he were called a 'grafter'?" Attorney Maurice W. Seitz asked.

"That is not the question," Judge Foster said. "I find the plaintiff has not established a cause of action."

Perkins, who is architect for the board of education, filed charges against Haskell in December, 1907. A trial committee was appointed by the school board to hear the charges, found Haskell guilty, and discharged him. In December Haskell started suit against Perkins, alleging slander.

COLOMBIANS IN SERIOUS REVOLT

Bogota, Colombia, July 8.—A part of the army stationed at Barranquilla took up arms on Sunday last against the Colombian government, made prisoners of the municipal authorities and proclaimed Gonzalez Valencia as president.

Gen. Jorge Holguin, who is acting president in the absence of Gen. Rafael Reyes, was strongly denounced and the gendarmerie were driven out of the city, later arriving at Cartagena. The revolutionists took possession of the town and several steamers on Magdalena river.

MADDEN TO BE TRIED IN FALL

Martin R. ("Skinny") Madden and his chief lieutenants, M. J. Boyle and F. A. Pouchot, will not be placed on trial until next fall. This was agreed upon by State's Attorney Wayman and Attorney David K. Tene, counsel for the labor officials, when the cases were called for trial this morning before Judge McCreary. The latter immediately asked for a change of venue from Judge McCreary, who granted it, saying that he did not wish to take up on his vacation.

BASEBALL GAMES TODAY

Table listing baseball games today, including National League, American League, and results of yesterday's games.

RENEW EFFORTS TO FREE COOKE

The Larimer ring of the Republican party has not ceased in its efforts to free John A. Cooke, the convicted grafter, from the penitentiary at Joliet.

It is intimated that Larimer will even come back from Washington to look out for the interests of his friend and consummate the bargain which he made with Governor Deneen when he was made senator.

The man who pronounced sentence upon John A. Cooke and the man who was most instrumental in his conviction have both been seen and both have declared that they think that Cooke has been punished enough for the sins which he committed as circuit court clerk.

Many Letters Urge Clemency

Letters urging clemency have been written to Governor Deneen by a number of prominent men. Many of these are now in the hands of those who have been working for Cooke's release, but will be turned over to the governor today or before the end of the week.

Judge Favorable to Release

Judge Smith said he would prefer the letter be made public by Governor Deneen.

"I can say only," he said, "that my letter was favorable to Mr. Cooke's release."

In addition to the favorable recommendation of the trial judge, that of former State's Attorney Harry Olson, who prosecuted the case, and also of George E. Cole, who, as chairman of the Citizens' Association investigating committee, had much to do with convicting the court clerk, had already been made.

Practically all the judges of the Superior and Circuit courts and many prominent public officials, lawyers, business men and clergymen have recommended Cooke's release.

140 AUSTRIANS COMING HERE; THERE ARE NO JOBS IN SIGHT

Johan Rittthaler, 717 Belmont avenue, is the latest victim of the lure of gold that is thought by foreigners to be had for the asking in this land of the "brave and the free."

He was induced to come to this country by Theodore Bassler, now operating in Austria, whose victims are daily growing more numerous. Bassler is a representative of a Mr. Richmond of the Western Promotion and Improvement company, with offices in the Railway building, Minneapolis, Minn.

Mr. Bassler promised to give Rittthaler employment in a machine shop at \$20 a week at Duxbury, about thirteen miles north of Sandstone, Minn.

Rittthaler left six children and his wife at Stanislawow, Galicia, Austria, giving up a good position as stationary engineer. The system adopted by the improvement company seems to be to get foreigners to Sandstone, where they would usually land penniless. Then the company would put them to work pulling stumps on the wastes that have been left treeless by the lumber barons.

Special efforts have been made by all the Socialist papers of Austria to warn the people of that country that there is no pot of gold at this end of the rainbow that the land agent pictures to them, but they seem to take but little heed of any advice that is given them.

Gen. Holguin has declared martial law throughout the country. Gonzalez Valencia has disavowed the rising and is coming to Bogota, with the acquiescence of the government. Valencia issued a manifesto expressing his disapproval of the revolutionary movement, as did also the Republican committee.

THOUSANDS of Chicago DAILY SOCIALIST readers are pledged to buy of MERCHANTS THAT ADVERTISE in its columns. Ask about it.

THE HUSTLERS' COLUMN BY A. W. MANCE.

Who Knows It Is All True? Everybody in Cook county is now talking of the achievements of the Chicago Socialist. Some few innocents are still asking if what we have published is true, but there are hundreds of thousands of people in Chicago to whom what we have told is nothing new.

Every experienced newspaper reporter in the city knows it is true. Every saloonkeeper and divekeeper in the city knows it is true. A large portion of the homeless men in the rooming-house district know it is true.

It was no revelation to the policemen who travel the beats or the protected gamblers who pay the tribute. There was not a mission or settlement worker who needed the Chicago Socialist to inform them of the truth of the conditions prevailing in this city under the present "business" administration.

We have often been asked by Hustlers whether we were sure the Daily would live. While personally we never doubted that it would live, never before did we feel like telling anyone there was anything very certain about it.

GET A NEW SUBSCRIBER AT ONCE. IF THAT IS NOT IN YOUR LINE OF SERVICE, PURCHASE ONE OF THE REFUNDING AND IMPROVEMENT BONDS FROM \$10 TO \$100. REMEMBER, THE ONLY THING WHICH IS NOW HOLDING US BACK IS OUR POVERTY.

The Hour Has Come! The hour has come for every militant Socialist who believes that destiny has a work in store for the Chicago Daily Socialist to earnestly go to work to secure subscriptions.

This Is My Birthday! One subscriber, who insists that no name be mentioned, passed in 65 cents for the Daily's birthday box. It is only fair to say it was not a woman subscriber.

Dear Comrade Mance: I am 18 years old, and if you don't believe it just count the pennies inclosed and learn that it is so. Why doesn't everybody remember the Daily's birthday fund?

Mary F. Merrill, Stockton, Cal., is one of the Daily's live wires on the Pacific coast. This week a little tin box arrived at the office of the Daily which looked like a small dynamite bomb.

Dear Comrade Mance: Today I am 28 cents old. May God bless you all and prosper our Daily in its good work.

Charles Roux, known to Socialists throughout Chicago as the artist who supplies the Socialist party, county, state and national, with most of its display banners and signs, met the H. E. and handed him 47 cents for the birthday fund on his 47th birthday.

HAND ORGAN IN SUFFRAGE WAR

New York, July 8.—Mrs. Sofia Loebinger and Miss Helen Murphy, leaders among the suffragists, caused a commotion about Broadway and City Hall park yesterday afternoon by their efforts to find a place to hold a meeting.

SEVENTEEN BATTLESHIPS TO MANEUVER OFF COAST

Rockport, Mass., July 8.—Thirteen battleships of the North Atlantic squadron assembled off Cape Ann yesterday and started to the eastward to engage in maneuvers off the Massachusetts coast.

KIDNAP CHILD; FLEE IN AUTO

Where To Go

Speakers, Attention!

HARBOR STEAL UP TO COUNCIL

Ordinance Legalizing Pugh Company Grab Is Framed and Presented.

The scheme to give private capital the right to exploit Chicago's harbor facilities was put into the form of an ordinance last night, and after being read by City Clerk Conroy without comment, was referred to the committee on harbors, wharves and bridges.

Ultimate Purchase Provision

In broad terms it provides that the Pugh Terminal company build and operate a series of piers, docks and slips for 99 years, paying annual compensation to the city and being willing to submit to ultimate purchase.

WHERE TO GET

DR. PERCY L. CLARK'S IONIA LUNCH ROOMS: 115 E. Randolph St., 278 S. Clark St., and OLARK'S IONIA LUNCH CLUB, 185 Dearborn St., bank floor Adams Express Bldg., bet'n Monroe and Adams.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

MEATS AND GROCERIES

Ask for Richheimer's Coffees

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, ETC.

LAUNDRY

DEY GOODS

PURE FOODS

MISCELLANEOUS

AMUSEMENTS

Chicago Daily Socialist, 180 Washington St., Chicago

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

South Side

LAWYERS

TYPEWRITERS

PRINTING

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS

STATIONERS

ENGRAVING

WEST SIDE

MEATS AND GROCERIES

Ask for Richheimer's Coffees

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

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MISCELLANEOUS

AMUSEMENTS

Chicago Daily Socialist, 180 Washington St., Chicago

Speakers, Attention!

Entered as second-class matter, Dec. 22, 1906, at P. O., Chicago, Ill., under act of March 3, 1879.

Published by the Workers' Publishing Society, 126-128 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

The publication of a signed article does not mean endorsement by the Daily Socialist of opinions expressed therein.

War to the Knife

The appeal for funds with which to fight Socialism which has just been sent out by August Belmont of the Civic Federation...

This is the meaning of the persecution of the Appeal to Reason, of Roosevelt's articles in The Outlook...

The powers of plunder have made up their minds to force the fight at this time. They are wise in so doing.

The policy of repression and persecution depends upon the weakness of those persecuted, and already the Socialist movement is too strong for such persecution to have any effect other than to rally and increase its forces.

We know something of the sort of writers that the Civic Federation will hire to prepare its anti-Socialist material.

Knowing these facts, the Socialists welcome the attack. They know that every idle lie will arouse a hundred persons to more active propaganda of the truth.

We know that truth is upon our side. We have a long record of similar battles with victories following them in other lands...

No Millionaires Can Do It

In his desperation at the graft-ridden condition of Chicago Maxwell Edgar calls for some honest and benevolent millionaire to save the city.

But no millionaire can rid a city of graft any more than he can establish a Socialist movement.

Graft, corruption, the whole crop of vultures that fattens upon the exploited and blackmails and serves the exploiting class...

It is possible that a Spreckels may succeed in convicting all the bootleggers in San Francisco, but a new race will have sprung up before the prison doors have swung upon the old ones.

While business is run for profit and while profits can be increased by special favors from government, those special favors will be granted and PAID FOR.

While the Socialist party never comes forward merely for the purpose of stopping graft, yet it is the only party that can stop it.

Our Friends Alone Can Defeat Us

Our enemies can never defeat us. They may imprison us, they may assault us, they may do all in their power...

The only ones who can defeat us are our friends. If they are indifferent, if they have no desire to maintain a press that shall dare to speak out the truth without fear or favor...

The blows which we are able to strike derive their strength from YOU, WHOSE CAUSE WE ARE FIGHTING.

Just how much do YOU wish to see this fight won? Just how much do you desire to have a weapon that shall fight in other battles, in which the stake may be even greater.

Do you care enough to give something from your time and your resources at this moment? If so, do it today.

Conscience Struck, Railing Against Fate, Practical Mind, Anything to Oblige. A collection of short, satirical pieces.

LIBERTY

BY ROBERT HUNTER

There is much discussion nowadays concerning freedom of speech and press.

We are witnessing today the birth of a new tyranny.

Capitalism is reaching its height, and is endeavoring like all past tyrannies, to deprive the people of their rights.

One can hardly take up a paper these days without finding some instance of government oppression and editorials thereon.

These wise editorials declare we should, of course, insist upon freedom of speech, of press and of assembly, but that does not mean freedom to attack the government, the authorities of the ruling class.

They declare we should, of course, have freedom to speak and write, but not to preach anarchism, socialism or other subversive doctrine.

Apparently in the minds of most Americans there is much confusion. One is constantly surprised to find certain people tacitly approving the action of a lawless public in denying to some unpopular person the right to express his or her views.

But if liberty of speech and of press means anything, it means that any American citizen has the right to say what he pleases.

He may attack the government, criticize public officials and advocate any reform, revolution or doctrine.

He has the right to believe in any religious, political, or economic doctrine.

But freedom of speech and of press carries with it a responsibility.

If any man says that which causes injury to another, he may properly be held responsible for what he has said.

If he urges violence and someone is murdered as the result of his words, he may be held responsible.

If he utters a libel, wrongly accuses another man, he may be held responsible.

We are assured freedom of action, but if I commit a theft, assault or murder another, I am held responsible. That does not infringe upon any liberty which I should wish to possess.

Under the constitution of the United States a man may believe what he pleases, preach what he pleases and write what he pleases.

For the police to stop Emma Goldman from speaking, and to hound her wherever she goes, is for the police to act as hoodlums and lynchers.

The postal authorities act as criminals when they refuse the mails to certain political publications.

The president of the United States is a tyrant when he drums up absurd charges to crush a paper which opposes his political views.

It is monstrous that any American citizen should applaud the police when it forces its way into a hall to censor the speech of any man or woman in this country.

The authorities have power to act when injury is done.

If a Socialist libels any man he can be held responsible. If he goes forth into the street and preaches insurrection he can be held responsible.

The law provides a perfectly legal method of protecting the rights of any citizen injured.

This legal method, however, does not satisfy the authorities.

In order to crush one whom they do not like, they give anarchists lessons in lawless and criminal methods.

Lawlessness breeds lawlessness, license, license, and when our governing authorities get entirely out of hand, they will cause the same reaction in this country that has existed in Russia during the last decades.

The people have never resorted to force until force has been necessary.

Nor have they yet failed to use force when the government authorities have themselves become leaders and fomenters of lawlessness and tyranny.

Views Wonderful Old To Divert Ancient Grasses Studied by a Indian Cave Route of Soudan Plant Expert

A large Indian cave has been discovered in the soft rock about two miles from Cliffs, Wash., says the Portland Oregonian.

W. P. Rauch volunteered to lead the first exploring party of twenty of Cliffs citizens to this wonderful cave recently, and since that time everybody wants to see it.

The doorway of the cave is between two and three feet high, and about four feet wide, and on account of the loose boulders lying near, a footman might pass very near to it without observing that it was a cave.

These loose rocks show by their color that they have not been moved for ages, and the quantity of them indicate that they were placed there so as to wall up the mouth of the cave if desired.

The cave is circular in form, and from eight to nine feet to the highest point of the ceiling. The formation is that of burned lava rocks, and the conditions of the walls and ceiling show traces of the work of a man.

Parts of the walls appear to be smoked, and owing to the formation it is easy to break off fragments of the lava rock which show very plainly that it had at one time undergone a high degree of heat.

The superiority of man to nature is continually illustrated. Nature needs an immense quantity of quills to make a goose with, but a man can make a goose of himself with one.

One of the results of the extension of the Cape to Cairo railway southward will be to break up or at least greatly modify the ancient trade routes of the Soudan.

If the railway continues to make as rapid progress as it is doing now it will soon be at El Obeid, in Kordofan.

In order to reach the railway on the other side of Port Soudan the gum has to be reloaded on boats and taken across the river.

From time immemorial Omdurman has been the converging point for caravans from great distances in the east, and among its population are to be found natives of almost half the tribes of Africa.

Even though it will be off the track as far as Kordofan is concerned, it will be long before it loses its reputation, as the pilgrim route to Mecca for an immense distance leads through it.

The Obliging Dealer. Shopper—Give me a half dollar's worth of sugar.

Capitalist Reflections. The pronoun "I" and the interjection "O" are never written without using a capital.

At the Commencement Game. She—Oh, isn't the man that throws the ball on your side, just splendid!

A Diplomat. Mother—Aren't you ever going to get over fighting, Willie?

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Dress in the Lives of Workingmen and Women

Mrs. Howard Gould of New York claims that it costs her annually \$70,980 for dresses, hats, shoes and all the other accessories that go to make up this aggregate sum.

Mrs. George M. Pullman prefers to buy her gowns and tailored suits in Paris, and has twenty of them made for her annually in this center of fashion.

less, and sometimes a great deal more, than \$300. She would not think, however, of having more than twenty-five dresses a year.

Mrs. W. W. Kimball is partial to jewelry and is continually purchasing something new and unique.

Mrs. Harold McCormick, daughter of the oil king, John D. Rockefeller, never exceeds the minimum limit of \$70,000 set aside for her dress each year.

Mrs. Potter Palmer, famous on both sides of the pond as an acknowledged leader of Chicago's ultra-exclusive coterie of society belles and dames, is said to spend \$80,000 a year on her wardrobe.

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That thousands of melodies play, The mystical, dreamy shadows, That steal across the way, Touch the heart with infinite peace, And cause the soul to pray.

FOR HOME DRESSMAKERS



LADIES' SHIRTWAIST. Paris Pattern No. 942. All Seams Allowed.

A simple tailor-made model, developed in plain white linen lawn, is here shown. Narrow tucks either side of the center front box-plaited closing give a very stylish effect.

TEETH, EYES AND BRASS BUTTONS

BY BEN HANFORD

Our great city schools are closed. Vacation is here. For many scholars the vacation time will be passed in any way and every way except recreation.

In New York thousands of the children have applied to the authorities for "mercantile papers," or certificates as to their age and other data showing pres-

pective employers that the holders meet the requirements of the child labor laws and may be legally exploited.

Recently the teeth of 500 of these children were examined, and it was found that all but fourteen needed a dentist's services.

The parents of very few of these children, however, can spare money for dental treatment, and so a number of charitable, reform and other societies are asking contributions to pay for the work and are also calling upon dentists to contribute their services free.

If the teeth of all the children of the country received the professional care needed, the cost of materials and services would mount into the millions.

At the same time it would be worth the price. Literally, it would "pay" even in capitalism. That means it would be done even in capitalism—were it not that it would not "pay" the right set of capitalists.

Sound teeth are of great importance. A bad tooth means improperly masticated food, not to mention such trifles as bad breath, aches, inflammations, ulcerations and agonies to the limit of human endurance.

Nervous diseases of infinite variety and causing more than infinite suffering can be traced to a bad stomach, and that in turn to a neglected tooth.

But, strange to say, efficient dental treatment costs money. Also, strange to say, parents whose fourteen-year-old children are seeking their "mercantile papers" have a bad habit of not having money.

Should you be in doubt as to this, you have only to hear or read a sermon or address by most any orthodox old clergyman or college professor.

If only our "best people" would teach workingmen the lesson they themselves have learned so well—how to save what you have never had, how to keep what you haven't got, and how to get what another man earns!

However, that has nothing to do with teeth, eyes and brass buttons. The persistent fact is, the parents of these children lack money to pay dentists—shame on them!

There are about 45,000 dentists in the United States, most of them so heartless that they want to make a living. Really, 45,000 dentists are not enough to attend properly to the teeth of all the people.

Walking the streets of New York, Brooklyn, Chicago and other cities, a familiar sight is a big, handsome, six-foot white or colored man arrayed in high top hat, gorgeous blue and scarlet coat and trousers, the coat all-a-glitter with countless brass buttons.

As you get nearer, however, he hands you a cheaply printed business card or handbill, and on the back of his bird of paradise apparel you read the name of a dental firm and discover that your giant is a "sandwich man."

Just why quack dentists have made such great use of the sandwich man I know not, nor how they came to clothe their sandwich men so much better than others, but he seems to be an institution in American cities from Maine to California.

As to the teeth, eyes and brass buttons. There are hundreds of thousands of people whose teeth need the benefit of the dentist's knowledge and skill.

Why is it they cannot get together even with the aid of the sandwich man and the brass buttons? And the sandwich man? Neither he nor his children can have their teeth repaired—unless by the charity of the dentist.

Your eye is bad because your nerves are bad because your stomach is bad because your teeth are bad. So you can't see it. Too much for you, isn't it?

So we go back to the boy and girl who want their "mercantile papers." Why? Because their father can't earn enough to feed them and care for their bad teeth.

So the child goes to work. So the child's bad teeth get worse. So the child's stomach gets bad. So the child's nerves get bad.

So the child's eyes get bad. So the child's wages are bad. So the child can't pay a dentist.

So the dentist gets a sandwich man with brass buttons. And there you are. The child's teeth need attention—so capitalism gives a big colored man a suit of clothes covered with brass buttons.

If you are poor and have bad teeth, just bite a piece out of the brass buttons.

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TO THE EDITOR

An Intolerable Strike. In the July number of "The World's Work," the editor, commenting on the recent strike in France of postal employees, says:

"Premier Clemenceau kept his head. It was firm in holding to the principle that a strike against a government is intolerable. When a strike occurs on a naval vessel or in the army, it is called mutiny.

"Men who are engaged in public service are not in the same position in which men are who are in the employ of private concerns.

"A strike is a species of revolt; and revolt against the power of a private individual or company is very different from revolt against the authority of government."

From the tone of this whole editorial one is led to wonder if the writer of it knows much about the essential facts of the strike he is talking of, or of Socialism or "revolts" in general.

What is mutiny? A revolt against the proper and lawful use of property and lawfully constituted authority. By no stretch of the imagination can the strike of the editor of employees of

France against the arbitrary, tyrannical acts, even malicious meannesses, of the autocratic individuals misrepresenting the French people, against whose lawless acts the strike was brought, be said to be "a strike against the authority of a nation."

The enlisted man in army or navy is a mutineer only when he has been duly convicted of rebellion against duly constituted authority, duly exercised. The learned editor of "The World's Work" should investigate the employee's side of the strike he is writing about, and learn that there is not a scintilla of evidence to show that the French strikers rebelled against any "authority" other than the unauthorized tyranny of a few individuals with swelled heads.