

The Trade Union Unity League must receive every assistance by the Party forces in organizing the Unemployed Councils and strengthening them where they already exist and winning them thru Party forces for the Demonstration March 6.

# Daily Worker

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## The Rising Wave

In dozens of cities of the United States and in all great cities of capitalist Europe, the unemployed are fighting against the police. In Germany the demands of the unemployed are answered with a rain of bullets, as at Hamburg, while in "democratic" America hundreds of workers wounded and beaten with police clubs are learning the class character of the capitalist government.

Under the conditions of the growing economic crisis and the increasing revolutionary upsurge, the demonstrations of millions of unemployed, together with mass strike movements breaking out against wage cuts and speed-up, can become the starting point for big class struggles.

The number of unemployed has reached colossal figures and is still growing. In the United States there are seven million, in Germany three and a half million, in Great Britain two million. The percentage of unemployed in relation to the total number of workers is continually growing. In Germany in December it was already over 20 per cent, in England 11 per cent. There are over a million jobless in Italy. Unemployment grows continually in Poland, in Czechoslovakia, in Austria (20 per cent), in Hungary, Japan, China, India, Indonesia, South America.

In many countries a great many workers are on short time. In Germany, Great Britain, Czechoslovakia and Poland hundreds of thousands of workers are working only two to three days a week. The number of unemployed—not reckoning China, India, Indonesia—already exceeds 15 million, which means that reckoning their families 70 million people are delivered over to starvation. The prospect for the future is an inevitable further increase of unemployment.

Unemployment is not only one of the most striking characteristics but also a powerful factor in accelerating the process of the shaking of capitalist stabilization, and accentuating the general crisis of capitalism.

In addition to the growing strike movement, there is proceeding a rapid revolutionization of the unemployed. Demonstrations and bloody collisions of the unemployed with the police in a number of towns in Germany and Poland, as well as in America. Unemployed demonstrations in front of government buildings and town halls in Czechoslovakia, mass demonstrations of unemployed in the Balkans, and a number of other facts indicate a great growth of indignation of broad masses of unemployed who will no longer listen to the reformist trade union bureaucrats. Although the bourgeoisie and the social fascists are conducting a policy of splitting the workers and the unemployed by inciting them against each other, cases are becoming ever more frequent of joint demonstrations of workers and unemployed, which goes to show the sound class instinct and growth of class consciousness of both these sections of workers.

The Communist Party and the revolutionary unions must place themselves at the head of the growing activity of the proletarian masses, both of the unemployed and of the workers in the factories, and place upon the agenda the complete uniting of their fight. The question of unemployment, as well as the question of economic struggles, must occupy the center of attention of the Communist Party, the Young Communist League and the revolutionary trade unions, and these organizations must mobilize all their forces for the struggle against unemployment.

The chief slogan of every meeting and demonstration of the proletarian masses must now be: The struggle against unemployment is the cause of the whole working class, the struggle against unemployment is the struggle against the whole capitalist system.

All workers, headed by the Communist Party, must actively defend the following slogans in conformity with the program of the Trade Union Unity League: cessation of mass dismissals; against capitalist rationalization; abolition of overtime work; work or wages from the bosses and the government; unemployment insurance to be provided by the government by taxing incomes and profits of employers; no evictions for non-payment of rent; emergency relief for unemployed from city funds; six-hour day, five-day week for all miners; seven-hour day, five-day week for all other workers; no discrimination against Negro workers; recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.

There is not a single demonstration of the unemployed and factory workers which the capitalists and their social fascist lackeys would not meet with terror. The mobilization of the masses for the struggle against unemployment is closely linked up with the struggle against fascism and social fascism. In regard to unemployment, social fascism exposes itself as the advance guard of the bourgeoisie.

The broad masses must clearly realize the connection between unemployment and the general crisis of capitalism; the connection between unemployment and the Young Plan, capitalist rationalization and the attempts of the shoulders of the working class; the connection between unemployment and the general foreign policy of imperialism, the preparation of new imperialist wars, and, in particular, war against the Soviet Union; the connection between unemployment and the suppression of the colonies, and that it is impossible, under the present conditions, to solve the crisis of unemployment by emigration. The masses must realize that it is impossible to separate the struggle against unemployment from the struggle for the complete annihilation of the rule of the bourgeoisie, for the dictatorship of the proletariat, for socialism.

The unemployed, on the broadest possible scale, must be organized under T.U.U.L. leadership in Councils of Unemployed. The Communist Party, leader of this as of all proletarian struggles, must see that not only this is done, but that the employed workers, suffering under the same capitalist attack, are united in Committees of Action with the unemployed and all together are led in struggle against capitalism. By so doing, the working class and the Communist Party as its leader, will advance far toward the historic goal of the proletariat, the overthrow of capitalism.

Rally all workers for International Unemployment Day, March 6!

## HOOVER RETURNS; BUSY FOR BOSSES

### Asks Tariff; Silent on Jobless Relief

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Returning from his pleasant fishing trip while 7,000,000 unemployed urge on starvation, the chief imperialist Hoover went into action to get the tariff passed for the big bosses.

Hoover threatened that if the tariff is not passed in accordance with the wishes of the big exploiters of labor, that between 20,000 to 20,000 federal employees will lose their jobs.

The Wall Street president castigated his Senate leaders for not coming out more openly in support of Charles Evans Hughes, lawyer or the big utilities corporations, steel and oil trust, who now sits on the Supreme Court bench. Hughes was severely attacked by the fake bourgeois opposition who tried to foster the illusion of capitalist justice in the face of growing mass discontent.

Realizing that the economic crisis grows deeper from day to day, Hoover is trying to blame it on the failure to pass the tariff in accordance with the wishes of the leading imperialists.

**KOUTIEPOFF AND HIS KALE.**  
PARIS, Feb. 18.—It is now revealed that the white guard chief, Koutiepoft, deposited 150,000 francs in the federal bank of Switzerland a few days before he disappeared. Evidently, with all his secret trips to Berlin, and numerous dark businesses, the old counter-revolutionist was feathering his nest well before "disappearing."

## "Face to the South" Policy of National Miners Union

### Board Meet Strengthens Youth Activity, Work Among Negroes, Revises Financial System

The Executive Board of the National Miners Union, meeting in Pittsburgh, reviewed through reports of rank and file miners found from the scene of conflict the situation in the industry, and had the workers ready to fight. It called a rank and file convention to take place in June, and to have 1,000 at least of mine delegates present. It selected new national officers, and laid plans for a giant struggle this winter. The first installment of an article on this convention has been printed. The second follows:

Acting upon the recommendation of Bill Dunne, representative of the National Executive Board of the T. U. U. L., the N. M. U. board laid plans for extending the activities of the union in the South. It was pointed out that the National Textile Workers Union, the Marine

## STANDARD OIL BLAST KILLS 4; DOZEN MAY DIE

### 64 Injured; Many Are Permanently Blind; Defective Machine

### Hospitals in Disorder Explosion Started in Alcohol Plant

LINDEN, N. J., Feb. 18.—Four men were killed and 100 injured here late today in an explosion at the Bay Way Refinery of the Standard Oil Company. Six of the injured were reported near death.

The blast occurred in the alcohol experimental building of the refinery and most of the victims were bricklayers, working on a new building adjoining the experimental laboratory.

The dead were burned beyond recognition. The injured workmen were taken to hospitals in Elizabeth. Linden is a suburb of Elizabeth.

There were two distinct explosions. Both rocked the entire city. Defective Machinery.

Confusion followed at the two Elizabeth hospitals. The corridors swarmed with doctors and nurses. The screams of the injured were heard for blocks around the two buildings.

The two hospitals, St. Elizabeth and the Elizabeth General, were not prepared for emergency treatment of the many injured. Drug stores (Continued on Page Two)

## MOUNDSVILLE CASE SMASHED

### 1,500 Striking; Trial for Contempt Next

BULLETIN.

WINNIPEG, Man., Feb. 18.—Frank Bombardier was rescued this afternoon from a cave-in at the Green Hill mine at Blainmore, Alta. He had been entombed for 24 hours.

His companion, Frank Cheesek, still was in the mine, and was believed to be dead.

Unsafe working conditions in both metal and coal miners is one of the things the National Miners Union sets itself most vigorously to abolish.

MOUNDSVILLE, W. Va., Feb. 18.—The 1,500 miners are standing solidly on strike for their demands against wage cuts and for safety underground, also other demands, at the Powhatan and Moundsville Paisley owned mines. There are 300 striking at the Alexander mine, 400 at the Glendale mine, both in West Virginia; 600 striking at the Cleveland Western mines and 200 at the Stewart mine at Powhatan in Ohio. These strikers are all led by the National Miners Union, which has helped to organize a broad rank and file strike committee.

Smash Prosecution.

The International Labor Defense has smashed the case brought under the Redmond act, charging the assaulting of scabs on the picket line, under which Alex Dorsey and Emmerson Shepard were held in jail nearly two weeks here. The accuser was unable to substantiate his charges. Both men had been held on \$5,000 bail.

The Elmgrove Mining Co., a Paisley subsidiary, is now bringing charges of contempt of court against I. Hawkins, national Negro organizer of the N.M.U., and six others. (Continued on Page Three)

## Miner Relates U.M.W. Trick to Aid Bosses

Charles Miscavage, miner from the Tamaqua region, in an interview with the Daily Worker told of the United Mine Workers of America trickery there. Miscavage is now a student at the Communist National Training School.

The U.M.W.A. started colliery locals against the wishes of the miners said Miscavage. The workers of Colliery 14, at Tamaqua, stood out. Finally some stool pigeons formed the colliery local, with one of them previously expelled as president and another, known as a grafter, as treasurer. The U.M.W.A. told the miners they had to go into this local and pay a fine of \$10 each and all back dues.

The National Miners Union local was started by some of the rest of the miners right there.

These events led up to a strike on Jan. 4, which was finally broken by a combination of state police, the (Continued on Page Three)

## NAVY MEET OFF; WAR BUILDING ON

### Imperialists Admit Break-Down

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Admitting that the race-for-arms conference is on the verge of a complete break-down, one of the American imperialist delegates said today: "The conference is in a very bad pass, and it is impossible to foresee what, if any, path toward an agreement can be found."

This expresses the insoluble antagonisms between the imperialist powers and their struggle for more war armaments. The conference has closed down completely, on the pretext of the overthrow of the Tardieu government. The French delegates informed the other powers that neither the French diplomats nor the French experts would take part in the negotiations until further notice.

The conference which began in a fog of secrecy threatens to end in the gloom of frustration. The imperialist representatives had hoped to come out of the Five-Power meet with bigger navies but with an agreement which would make the appearance of "limitation." This is (Continued on Page Three)

## IZVESTIA HITS WAR THREATS

### Sergius Lams Pope, Archbishops, Priests

MOSCOW, Feb. 18.—Commenting on the statement of the "labor" foreign premier of the British imperialist government, Arthur Henderson, in which he said he would "investigate" the religious issue in the Soviet Union, promising support to the bosses campaign against the U.S.S.R., "Izvestia" declared that Henderson's statement "amounted to annulment of the agreement not to interfere with internal affairs of the Soviet government."

Izvestia pointed out that the "labor" government is uniting with the conservatives in their campaign against the Soviet Union, for which the religious issue is a mere pretext.

Moscow Metropolitan Lams Pope and Archbishop of Canterbury. MOSCOW, Feb. 18.—The Metropolitan Sergius, acting patriarch of the Greek Catholic Church, today (Continued on Page Three)

## Sabath Offers \$5,000 Pay for Dead Filipino

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—A bill to provide \$5,000 for payment to the heirs of Fernin Tobera, 22-year-old Filipino, who was killed by American Legionnaires attacking Filipino workers, near Watsonville, Calif., last month, was introduced today by Representative Sabath, Democrat, Illinois.

Sabath in his speech admitted that the killing of Tobera was without provocation. He stated that his bill was dictated by the fact that the islands are an American colony, and implied that probably the resentment of the Filipinos could be bought off for \$5,000.

WIN CANADIAN MILL STRIKE. HAMILTON, Ont., Feb. 18.—The Mercury Hosiery Company's attempt to install the "yellow dog" contract system was defeated by a strike of all its 100 employees recently.

## UNEMPLOYMENT CONFERENCE AT LYCEUM TONITE

### Many Representatives of Organized Labor Plan Campaign

### "Work-Wages", Slogan Called by Metropolitan Area T.U.U.L.

With mass starvation staring in the face of tens of thousands of workers in Greater New York and New Jersey the workers of the Metropolitan Area will tonight take steps to organize the struggle against unemployment on a vast scale than it has ever been organized before. At a conference called by the Metropolitan Trade Union League for 8 o'clock at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., representatives of unemployed workers, labor unions, fraternal organizations and workers in shops and factories will make their plans for drawing in hundreds of thousands of workers, both employed and unemployed, in a struggle based on the demands and the economic program of the Trade Union Unity League.

Councils Are Good Basis.—The conference will place the Unemployed Councils, which have been organized by the T.U.U.L. on a firm basis and will make preparations for the tremendous unemployment demonstrations on March 6, when throughout the world, at the (Continued on Page Two)

## UNIONS RALLY TO SUPPORT OF USSR

### Demonstration Sunday, Conference Tomorrow

A wide response from many working-class organizations has been received to the call of the Friends of the Soviet Union for a mass demonstration Sunday, March 6, against the anti-Soviet religious services arranged by Bishop Manning and other religious dignitaries throughout the world in an effort to lay a basis for a military attack.

Arrangements are being made by the F.S.U. for protest demonstrations throughout the country. In New York City one of the largest halls is being secured, and William Montgomery Brown, the anti-church expelled bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church and national chairman of the Workers' International Relief, will be one of the chief speakers.

A preliminary conference of representatives of shops, labor unions and fraternal organizations is being called by the Friends of the Soviet Union for Thursday, March 13, at 8 P. M. in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St. This conference will make final preparation for the March 16 demonstration.

## PLAN DRIVE FOR STRIKE RELIEF

### Many Workers Groups in Conference

Tomorrow evening, February 20, representatives of all workers' organizations of this city will gather in Irving Plaza Hall to lay down plans for strike relief to the struggling workers all over the country.

Many unions, shops, workers' clubs and fraternal organizations have already sent in their credentials to the office of the Workers' International Relief, which is calling this conference. There will be representation from the shoe workers, who are on strike at present from the Needle Trades, Hotel and Restaurant Workers, Textile Workers, Bakers and many other unions. Delegates representing Trade Union Leagues, Party Units, Workers' Clubs, Workers' Schools and Fraternal Organizations will come to this conference from every section of this city.

The conference will take place tomorrow night, February 20, 7 p. m. at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

## TARIFF WAR LOOMS

LONDON, Feb. 18.—While the League of Nations "tariff truce" conference is dying at birth in Geneva and the Naval Conference is breaking up over imperialist rivalries, there is much chatter here about "stabilizing" the world wheat market, at least all the wiser British politicians are trying to solve the puzzle in some way to benefit Britain.

## OHIO UNEMPLOYED ORGANIZE FIGHTS FOR "WORK OR WAGES"; 3,500 TOLEDO WORKERS DEMONSTRATE FOR DEMANDS

### Police Unable to Break Up Demonstration; Cincinnati Unemployed Hit Back at Attack of A. F. of L. Jointly With Police, on Jobless

### Thousand Philadelphia Workers Surround Court Where Leaders of the Unemployed Are Tried; Youngstown Jobless Organize Council

## JOBLESS DEFEND PHILA. LEADERS

### Youngstown Jobless Demonstrate Friday

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 18.—Seven out of the 17 workers arrested at last Friday's unemployment demonstration before the city hall were held for court in \$500 bail each and the rest discharged after a trial which was used as a platform to expose the brutality of the police and the miserable condition of the 200,000 jobless in the "city of brotherly love."

In spite of the presence of a squad of policemen to prevent the nearly 1,000 unemployed workers from entering into the courtroom, from fear of a demonstration, the court was packed, and the refusal of the arrested workers to pledge to be "peaceful" in order to get released came as a shock to Commissioner of Police Schofield, who acted for the prosecution.

The workers refused to pledge to "keep peace" because it was the mounted police which broke it, and because, as one worker said, "one cannot keep peace when out of work for six months with several children home waiting for bread."

The trial, together with the demonstration, had a deep effect on the entire population, as shown from the number of workers who came to the T.U.U.L. headquarters to join the Council of Unemployed and from the articles in the newspapers, "denouncing the unnecessary panic on (Continued on Page Three.)"

## BEAT FLAIANI WHILE IN JAIL

### Fed on Bread and Water; Bail \$10,000

Dominick Flaiani, one of those arrested in the Newark, N. J. unemployment meeting recently, was kept in solitary confinement and fed on bread and water while in jail awaiting trial. He was severely beaten up by the police. The jail officials will not allow any friends or newspaper reporters to visit him. Flaiani is being held in \$10,000 bail.

Today the lawyer representing the International Labor Defense will appear in court to demand a reduction in bail so that Flaiani may be released pending trial.

## A NEW BOURGEOIS PARTY IN ENGLAND

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The "United Empire Party" formed by Lord Beaverbrook is gaining somewhat by the pledge of Lord Rothermere, who announces that his "Daily Mail" and his whole powerful group of papers will support it. Beaverbrook's party stands for free trade within the empire and a tariff against outside nations.

## Bosses Speed-Up Intensifies Crisis; More Unemployment

### Steel Rise Adds to Overproduction; Farm Crisis Worsens General Depression

The attempts of the capitalists to pull themselves out of the crisis at the expense of the working class, is serving merely to sharpen the crisis and create more unemployment. First of all there is more speed-up and rationalization which increase the overproduction while increasing the mass unemployed army.

Capitalist economists get no joy from the announcement of a rise in steel production, because this production of steel is pure speculation on the possibility to sell it, and adds to the already large stock of steel in the plants. This is brought out by the latest issue of the Wall Street

## Unity on Bread Line Unity in the Fight

### TOLEDO JOBLESS DEMAND RELIEF

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 18.—Three thousand and five hundred unemployed workers demonstrated militantly last night, under the leadership of the Unemployed Council of the Trade Union Unity League, assisted by the Communist Party, before the City Council, which had to read the resolution and demands of the unemployed.

All the workers who could get inside the small Council Chamber were admitted and the doors left open to the corridors and lobby of the Safety Building which were jammed with the militant army of workless.

The City Council placed the matter in the hands of its "Rules and By-Laws Committee." The spokesman for the Unemployed Council demanded action, and, due to the militancy of the crowd the City Council stated that they would give the demands "all consideration" and that it would be taken up tonight.

The police tried to disperse the crowd on the steps and in the lobby, but could not until all the jobless left the Council Chamber, only to hold a meeting on the steps, which the police also could not break up.

E. S. Johnson, local secretary of the Communist Party, addressed the demonstrators. Plain clothes police tried to stop him and pull him inside under arrest, but they were unable to do so, owing to the resistance (Continued on Page Three)

## WORKERS WIN AT CAFETERIA

### Another Strike Victory for Militant Union

The drive of the Hotel, Restaurant and Cafeteria Workers Union is developing. One more victory was gained by this militant union when the Mansion Cafeteria, which is a member of the Association of Restaurant Owners, was forced to settle and sign the agreement of the union after the workers walked out and started a picket line.

This is the second shop that has been forced to withdraw from the Association in the last few days and agree to union conditions.

The Monroe Cafeteria on 35th St. between 7th and 8th Aves. is still on strike. The food workers are mobilizing for a militant struggle against those shops that refuse to sign with the union.

All sympathetic workers in this district are asked to show solidarity with the strikers of the Monroe on 35th St.

## YEN HSI-SHAN SAYS HE MEANS IT

PEKING, Feb. 18.—Yen Hsi-shan, the "model" militarist of Shansi, today again "requested" Chiang Kai-shek to get out of China. Forceful unification of China is impossible says Yen. Peking authorities "fearing trouble" have established a curfew rule against all traffic after 10 at night.

## Today in History of the Workers

February 19, 1837—George Buechner, first German Socialist poet, died in Zurich, Switzerland.

1910—General strike on Chicago street car lines, caused by discharge of 200 union men. 1918—Soviet Russia issued decree for nationalization of land. 1919—American Socialist Society convicted, Scott Nearing acquitted, in espionage act case in New York.

1927—150,000 metal workers in Saxony, Germany, locked out in wage and hours' dispute. 1928—25,000 coal miners of Brax district, Czechoslovakia, struck for more pay and better conditions.

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# COMMUNIST PARTY, DIST. 2, HITS CHURCH AID TO WAR ON U.S.S.R.

## PROPAGANDA OF CHURCHES PART OF WAR PROGRAM

### Five Year Plan Success Has Capitalists Wild

**BULLETIN.**  
ALBANY, Feb. 18.—The New York state assembly passed a resolution supporting the war threats against the Soviet Union on the pretext of religion.

The resolution was proposed by Assemblyman Louis A. Cavillier. It supports all the lies of the pope and the Archbishop of Canterbury, and backs the call for "intercession" put out by Bishop Manning and Rabbi Wise. The resolution, which talks about sympathy with the Russian church, in reality backs the war preparations of American imperialism against the U.S.S.R.

Declaring that the encyclical of the pope and the declarations of Bishop Manning and Rabbi Wise are only part of the war preparations against the Soviet Union, the Communist Party, District Bureau, District New York, has issued the following statement:

"Preparations for armed imperialist invasion of the Soviet Union are proceeding with feverish pace. The London naval 'reduction' conference which is turning into an armament increase conference has but one aim: to mobilize the entire imperialist world and all reactionary forces against the Soviet Union.

"The breaking off of relations between the Mexican government and the Soviet Government, at the behest of the Wall Street government of Washington; the instigation by the imperialist U. S. government of the reactionary Chiang-Kai-Shek government against the Soviet Government in the form of an attack on the Chinese Railway and the arrest of Soviet citizens; the interference of Mr. Stimson in the peaceful settlement of the conflict between the Soviet Government and the Mukden government; the threatened break between the French and the Soviet Government; of the Ramsay MacDonald social-imperialist government and the Soviet Union, the raids on the Soviet Embassy in Munich, with the howling of the social-fascist Berlin 'Vorwaerter' for a severance of relations between Germany and the Soviet Union, point clearly to the organization of all reactionary forces against the Soviet Union. The 'discovery' of Soviet agents in Rumania and Greece, in India and Indo-China indicates to what lengths the imperialists will go in their lies and slanders against the Soviet Union for the purpose of mobilizing all black forces against the Workers' Republic.

"Crisis Leads to War.  
"The crisis in the imperialist countries, with the mass unemployment, capitalist offensive against the conditions of the workers, with more and more intense exploitation of the working masses and mass misery and hunger; with the search for markets for the surplus production, the imperialists find only one way out of this crisis and that is by inaugurating a new world slaughter.

"The wonderful success of socialism through the Five Year Plan is raising the Soviet Union to the plane of one of the greatest producing countries in the world—one that challenges the supremacy of capitalism. The industrialization and the collectivization of the land which are putting the workers and poor and middle peasants more securely into possession of the returns of their labor menace the whole conception of capitalist production. The workers and farmers all over the world look to the Soviet Union for leadership of the crisis of capitalism.

All this has led the capitalist governments to draw in the reserve of black reaction—the church. The Catholic, Protestant and Jewish clergy are being mobilized to attack the minds of the workers and farmers on the sham plea of religious persecution in the Soviet Union. Primate Sergius, patriarch of the Russian Orthodox church, states with full assurance that the Soviet Government allows full liberty of belief and does not interfere with religious ceremony, nevertheless the Bishop Mannings and Rabbi Wise, following the beck of Wall Street, which is bent upon imperialist slaughter, heed the call of the reactionary pope and summon their superstitious flocks for armed struggle against the Workers' Fatherland.

"We are not bent upon battling with the Soviet Republics, but we never shall lay down our moral arms until the Soviet Republic ends its ruthless warfare against religion and grants the free and untrammelled exercise of religious rights," says Rabbi Wise.

"In the U. S. A., the 'land of the free,' the workers starve in the 'right of the church. In the 'land of the free,' the rights of the workers are trampled in the dust. In the 'land of the free,' 7,000,000 workers are walking the street looking for work and bread. In the land of the

## Young Communists Out to Help Raise Strike and Struggle Funds

The District Executive Committee of the Young Communist League appeals to all young workers to participate in the collection arranged on the 22nd and 23rd of February by the National Textile Workers' Union for the purpose of raising strike and organization funds for the Paterson strike.

The Y. C. L. promises to raise \$1,500 through the efforts of its members on tag day.

Clarence Miller, secretary treasurer of the national executive board of the N. T. W., stated yesterday: "The National Textile Workers' Union, the first one to break through the Mason and Dixon Line in its attempt to organize the southern textile workers, is now appealing to all class conscious workers to help raise a strike and struggle fund."

"All workers of New York City must come out to collect funds on the Tag Day Saturday and Sunday, Feb. 22-23, in New York City."

## WORKERS RESIST ROTE FAHNE RAID

### Fight 250 Zoergiebel Armed Thugs

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—Zoergiebel's social-fascist police raided the Karl Liebknecht house on Buelowplatz, headquarters of the Communist Daily, Rote Fahne, and were met with the determined resistance of the workers who were present at the headquarters.

"The 'socialist' police raided the Rote Fahne office for material on the case of the 'Work or Wages' into the case of the capitalist class. The T.U.U. is the American section of the Red International of Labor Unions, is actively co-operating in the March 6 demonstrations.

Speakers at tonight's conference will make clear the connection between mass unemployment and the world-wide imperialist propaganda barrage against the Soviet Union which is a prelude to armed attack on the Workers Republic. One of the chief slogans of the struggle against unemployment is: "Fight the Imperialist War Danger! Defend the Soviet Union!"

Tonight at 8 p. m. in the Workers' Center will be held a general meeting of the Communist fraction in the Needle Trades. This is a very important meeting, and all Communist Needle Trades Workers are expected to be there.

## Communist Activities

**Build the Party Concert and Dance.** Saturday, Feb. 22, 8:30, at Italian Workers Club, 2011 Third Ave., auspices Unit 4 Section 4. Proceeds Daily Worker and Il Lavoratore. Admission 35 cents.

**Section One.** New discussion outlines at Agitprop Conference, Feb. 19 at 8 p. m. at Agitprop and comrades interested in leading unit discussions and Agitprop work be present.

**Section Three.** Membership meeting, Friday, 7 p. m. at Center.

**Shoe Workers' Fraction.** Tonight, 8 p. m., 26 Union Sq.

workers, the workers control and now are proceeding to the complete expropriation of the rich peasants—the kulaks—the last remnants of capitalism in the Soviet Union. These big peasants are the upholders of the church, the supporters of ignorance in the Soviet Union. The imperialists all over the world support these kulaks, as their last reserve in the Soviet Union.

"The workers will not be deceived by the lies and slanders of the imperialists who are drawing into the battle line the blackest forces of history—the church. The workers know the history of the church through the centuries. The workers know the role of the church in their daily struggle, in its lining up with the capitalists against the workers.

"The workers will take up the struggle against the imperialists and all their allies—and their last line fighters, the church. The workers will not be led into the coming slaughter with blind eyes. They will heed the call of the Communist Party and will line up with the Soviet Union against the imperialist powers and their allies, the social-fascist socialists, the reactionary American Federation of Labor, the renegades from the Communist Party and the church.

"The circle is complete—the lines are drawn. The mask of piety and peace is thrown off. The workers witness the church arming for attempted destruction of the Workers' Fatherland, the Soviet Union.

"The Communist Party will mobilize the workers of this country against the coming armed attack on the Soviet Union. The Communist Party will unmask the vile schemes of the imperialist powers bent on breaking down the Soviet Union.

"The misery of the workers in the capitalist United States against the growing prosperity of the workers in the Soviet Union places upon the workers of this country one task: Defense of the Soviet Union against all its enemies, as the hope of the workers all over the world!"

"Communist Party of U. S. A., District Bureau, District New York."

## STANDARD OIL BLAST KILLS 4

### 100 Hurt; 6 May Die; No Facilities for Wounded

(Continued from Page One)  
and hospital supply houses were stripped of equipment. Nurses, internes and messengers scurried through the streets bearing blankets, medical appliances and equipment of all sorts.

Officials of the oil company declined to issue any statement regarding the explosion.

**Confusion At Hospitals.**  
Fire followed the explosions at the plant. At 6 p. m. the number of injured victims had been set tentatively at 64, with 35 in St. Elizabeth Hospital, 28 in Elizabeth General and one in the Alexian Hospital.

The man in Alexian Hospital is Joseph Tanzi, of Elizabeth, who was burned on the face and arms.

Work in the alcohol plant is extremely dangerous. There are many ways in which the explosion could have occurred, one of the most probable being defective machinery, failing to drain off the alcohol. There is no organization and the workers are victims of Standard Oil greed.

Many of the injured workers were permanently blinded.

**Unemployed Elect.**  
Today at 1 p. m. all unemployed furriers are called to meet at 131 West 28th St., the union offices, to elect their delegates to the Trade Union Unity League Unemployment Conference to be held tonight.

Yesterday in court, Ben. Koenigsberg, arrested for picketing at 370 West 35th St. and charged with felonious assault, had his case dismissed. There was no evidence against him.

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## Demonstration to Greet John Porter on Release, Feb. 26

John Porter, jailed by the military authorities for his militant struggle in the New Bedford Textile strike, will be released on Wednesday, Feb. 28, after serving an 18-month sentence.

The Young Communist League calls upon all young and adult workers to greet John Porter in a demonstration of solidarity and protest against the preparations for war against the Soviet Union as manifested in the use of the Church propaganda at present as preliminary to armed attack. All particulars of the demonstration will be published in The Daily Worker during the week.

On the night of his release, John Porter will speak at a mass meeting arranged by the I.L.D. and the Young Communist League at the I.L.D. banquet which will begin on the 26th at the New Star Casino.

## Needle Workers Meet Thurs.; Jobless Today

(Continued from Page One)  
ship meeting of all organized workers in the needle trades, Thursday, 7 p. m., at Webster Hall, 11th St. and 4th Ave., to discuss the present situation of the industrial union, and the extension of the organization campaign.

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**Furriers Council.**  
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## TRY TO RAISE BAIL FOR BEAL

### Auto Bosses Prepare Frame-Up

PONTIAC, Mich., Feb. 18.—An effort to send Fred Beal, Gastonia defendant, back to the Oakland County jail by raising his bail already fixed at \$10,000, was defeated in court here today by the International Labor Defense counsel.

The court, however, took the bail matter under advisement and postponed the arraignment of Beal for one week on the sedition charge returned against him after the preliminary examination last week.

The staff of prosecuting attorneys headed by Chief Assistant Prosecutor Charles L. Wilson, joined in demanding the raising of bail, linking up the Gastonia prosecution with its appeal pending before the North Carolina State Supreme Court, with the Pontiac case.

Following closely upon the rapid increase in the ranks of the Party through the membership campaign, the Workers School is making arrangements to provide means of study for new members thus gained. Additional classes are being arranged for. The classes in Fundamentals of Communism in which all new members must enroll were filled before the Spring term began. This immediately set the problem of opening new classes and providing additional instructors.

**Many Courses for New Members Given at Workers School**  
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**To Honor Memory of Katovis, February 21**  
The women workers of the Bronx will protest against the murderers of Tammany Hall and pay tribute to the heroic worker, Steve Katovis, at a memorial meeting Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, at 830 Westchester Ave., the Bronx.

All representatives must be present without fail. Units which have no Daily Worker agents must elect them immediately.

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**Workers! Workers' Organizations! KEEP THIS DATE OPEN Saturday Eve. MARCH 15th**  
Watch for Further Announcements!

**We Meet at the— COOPERATIVE CAFETERIA**  
26-28 UNION SQUARE  
Fresh Vegetables Our Specialty

## DAILY FIGHT AT MILLER MARKET

### Jail 4 For Resisting Gang Attack

The daily fight on the picket line at Miller's Market, 161st St. and Union Ave., Bronx, resulted in the place where they killed Steve Katovis still being picketed. It will still be picketed, says the Food Clerks' Industrial Union, until a victory is won.

Monday two pickets were arrested, and yesterday two more. Instead of using the fake injunction and Paragraph 600, Miller and the scabs and gangsters from the United Hebrew Trades, resorted to provocation and frame-up. They came out and attacked the pickets, who fought back. Then the police stepped in and arrested the pickets. They are held on \$500 bail, charged with disorderly conduct.

A new strike is declared to establish union conditions at the fruit market at 771 Burke Ave., Bronx. The strike at 769 Aldus St. continues. At all these strikes the working class housewives of the neighborhoods have been showing good solidarity with the strikers.

At the time of going to press last night a large and enthusiastic meeting of food clerks were planning further organization work at their headquarters, 16 West 21st St.

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## Palace.

Ann Pennington, star of the stage and screen, is one of the principals at the Palace this week. Others include Jack Pettis and his Victor Recording Orchestra; Phil Baker, now in his third week; Harry Carroll and his Revuette, featuring Maxine Lewis; Robert Emmet Keane and Claire Whitney; Willie West and McGinty; Joe Bonomo; Leslie Strange, assisted by Doris Earl and Danny Small and company, in "Songs and Such."

**HIPPODROME.**  
First New York showing, "The Great Divide," with Dorothy MacKall, Ian Keith, Myrna Loy, Lucien Littlefield, Ben Hendricks and Creighton Hale. Six vaudeville acts, including Glenn Jenkins; "Kitchen Pirates" revue; Lauren & La Dare; Kane and Ellis; Wells and Four Fays, and Malchua.

**RIVERSIDE.**  
Mr. and Mrs. Norman Phillips and Norman Phillips, Jr.; "Glad Rags," a dance revue; White and Manning; others. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday William Ebs, Jack and Kay Spangler; Del Chain and Artie Conroy; others. Pathe sound news reels and a program of sound and talking shorts.

**EIGHTY-FIRST STREET.**  
Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday—Charles "Slim" Timblin; Raynor Lehr; Jean Rankin and her Blue Belles; Afterpiece. Feature photoplay, "Seven Keys to Baldpate," starring Richard Dix.

**AMUSEMENTS.**  
**CAME ON NOW**  
120 ST. B'WAY  
First Time at Popular Prices! Their First TALKING Picture  
"ACROSS THE WORLD"  
Mr. and Mrs. MARTIN JOHNSON

**"METEOR"**  
By S. N. BEHRMAN  
GUILD W. 52. Evs. 8:30  
Mts. Thur. & Sat. 2:40

**Ethel Barrimore Theatre**  
47th Street, West of Broadway  
Evs. 8:50. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:3

THE "LIBERAL" REGIME IN JAPAN OF PREMIER HAMAGUCHI & COMPANY

"A Gentleman Who Lives Frugally, Reads Marx and Understands Labor" Takes Helm

Only—Under This "Gentleman", Persecution of the Workers Becomes the Chief Business

By S. SAKURAI

In the first article Comrade Sakurai dealt with the dissolution of the Japanese parliament recently, and how this developed under the Tanaka government up to the arrest of 2,000, the holding of 525 for trial and the dissolution of militant labor organizations in the Spring of 1928.—(Ed.)

PART II

THESE terrorist measures, however, not only did not terrorize the workers and peasants who live under appalling conditions, but rather encouraged their left orientation. The Japanese bourgeoisie, therefore, now needed the service of a cabinet of "liberal brand." And thus the present Minseito cabinet, headed by Japan's "third entitled" premier Hamaguchi and which included Baron Shidehara, the advocate of non-interference policy—as long as it can afford it—in China, as foreign minister came into existence in spite of the minority support.

We remember very well that no efforts were spared at the time to hail the "liberal" quality of the new cabinet. Premier Hamaguchi was described as a gentleman who "lives frugally," reads Marx's "Capital," and therefore has better understanding of labor problems than General Tanaka. It was also reported that one of the ministers, in his youth, was a fisherman, therefore giving the Minseito cabinet something of a "proletarian" character, etc.

That all this publicity and propaganda were purposely conducted to fool the Japanese workers and peasants and especially the petty-bourgeoisie were clearly exposed by the pledges and actions made by the cabinet members themselves since first coming into power six months ago.

First of all among the ten points the new cabinet made public as its policies early July last year we read:

- 1. Lifting of gold embargo.
2. Conciliatory policy toward China and the reestablishment of Japanese industry and trade there.
3. Reorganizing of Japanese national economy.
4. Establishment of sound "social policy."

Already at the heavy expense of the workers and peasants as well as of the petty-bourgeoisie, the first of these four was successfully carried out January 11 to the great satisfaction of the big bourgeoisie of Japan. The second, too, is being successfully carried out. For by deposing the American financed Chiang Kai-shek the Anglo-Japanese imperialists will restore their prestige at least temporarily.

As to the third, the cabinet has been cooperating with the special committee which like MacDonald's proposed "Imperial Economic Council," includes big financiers and pro-

Japanese Imperialist Admits Torture of Koreans

SEOUL, Korea.—Despite all the Japanese propaganda about the reform in criminal matters, horrible punishments are still inflicted, especially on suspected Communists or agitators in the national independence movement.

In this connection an interview printed in the local "Seoul Press" with S. Suyehiro, the head of the Criminal Section of the Japanese Court System, is illuminating. This is particularly true because a leading daily in Japan has recently declared that such practices were resorted to after the ending of the world war. There have been many charges that such methods—indeed others even worse—are still employed by the Japanese officials.

Punishment by striking the accused repeatedly with heavy rods was, Suyehiro states, managed in this fashion:

"The criminal was stripped bare and fastened to wooden boards arranged crosswise. He was then beaten with a rod. The maximum number of blows was fixed at 30 a day. In case of a sentence of 60 blows, the prisoner was beaten on the left hip 30 times the first day, and then on the second day given as many blows on the right hip. This kind of punishment was given those punishable by either imprisonment for less than a month, or a fine of less than 100 yen (\$50).

"Sometimes, he continues, "we, judges, attended the execution. In such cases the executioners were full of zeal and beat the poor criminals severely. Because we felt pity for the sufferers, we refrained from visiting the place as often as we might otherwise have done.

"Whenever we, judges, pronounced a sentence calling for less than 60 blows the accused were glad and expressed their thanks. If it was for more than 90 blows the accused would turn pale and cry out 'Aigo!' "Such a sentence meant 30 blows on the left hip the first day, 30 on the right hip the second day, and another 30 on the left hip again on the third day.

"It must surely have been hard to

SPEED-UP OF BOSSES MAKES CRISIS WORSE

Unemployment Grows More Severe

(Continued from Page One)

will not rise out of the crisis: "If a thoroughly sound and satisfactory basis for a further gain in steel output is present, it has not yet appeared in the statistics, which are available to the public." And that furthermore: "Allowing for seasonal variation there was really a loss" (in steel output during January).

Agriculture a Menace. There is a new element in the crisis of American capitalism which will further sharpen the slump. That is the growing agrarian crisis.

The Commercial and Financial Chronicle becomes quite frantic over this menace of a sharpening agrarian crisis along with the deep depression in all basic industries. They say (February 15, 1930):

"Now the time for the application of universal manhood suffrage is approaching. In the future when the working class begins to have more say in the lower house it will be almost impossible to pass a 'sound' trade union bill at the lower house. If so, to have a 'sound' one passed right now would be very advisable, for in such case we can prevent the passing of more radical ones, on the ground that we have already one . . ."

A significant comment by a British owned bourgeois press in Kobe recently that "never before, even in war period, has there been more brutal suppression of news than under present Minseito government," together with all the "liberal gestures" shown by the government toward renegade Oyama and his group, allowing them to form a new legal labor-farmer party, clearly tell us the real character of the Minseito government.

We must remember in this connection that this is the government that is participating in the London Naval Armament Conference with imperialistic demand camouflaged by the phrase "Enough navy to protect herself but not enough to take aggressive measures."

Now, ever since its coming into power the Minseito government has been raking out all the scandals and bribes committed by the leaders of the opposition while in office. So far they succeeded in placing a one time minister of justice and a former minister of railways into jail. Dozens of M. P. and government officials who served under Premier Tanaka are also convicted of having accepted bribes or of misappropriation of public funds, etc.

The popularity of the opposition, Seiyukai party, fell to the ground. It was even rumored when Premier Tanaka died suddenly, shortly after his resignation, that he committed suicide because one of his right hand men, Heikichi Oga-wa, the minister of railways, was placed under arrest. At any rate there is now a splendid opportunity for the fake "liberal" Minseito government to gain majority support in the parliament. Besides the coming general election is going to be held under its own supervision. Nothing more could be hoped for.

To Be Continued.

Investia Hits "Labor" Aid to War Threat

(Continued from Page One)

denounced the anti-Soviet religious crusade abroad, backed by the imperialist powers, in an interview with foreign newspaper correspondents.

The Metropolitan condemned the crusade as "bloodthirsty, unjust and unchristian attacks on the Soviet Union, and a summons to antagonistic action against it."

Sergius, responding in writing to questions submitted in advance by correspondents from British and American capitalist papers, unreservedly reaffirmed the contents of his interview last Saturday with the Soviet press.

"We have seen," he said, "the declarations of the Pope, the Archbishop of Canterbury and many other religious leaders summoning a crusade against the Soviets. We refer you to Bishop Longley of Iowa, who not only joined the pope but declares they must not hesitate even before bloody struggles."

Sergius accused the pope in 1929 of confiscating 500 Greek Catholic Churches in Poland alone, converting them into Roman Catholic Churches.

"As far as we know," he said, "no bishop in England, the United States, or any other country, protested against these violent actions of the Catholic Church.

"We do not need any kind of assistance," Sergius stated, "especially if we do not need foreign interference."

Says Filipino Freedom Would Stir Masses Throughout All Asia

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—Nicholas Roosevelt, capitalist editor and economist from New York, testified before the Senate Insular Committee on the Filipino question, and argued that it would add to the revolutionary mood of the masses in the Orient if the Philippines were freed from Wall Street domination.

"Everyone is sitting on a keg of gunpowder out there in the Far East," said Roosevelt, "and the grant of Philippine independence might set off the keg."

NATIONAL BOARD OF N. M. U. PLANS FOR BIG STRIKE

Reorganization; Drive Into South; Lessons

(Continued from Page One)

stance of the Southern capitalists, "their classic role of confusers and betrayers of the working class. They have become especially active since large sections of the working class have accepted the program and leadership of the T. U. U. L."

It was pointed out that large numbers of miners in the Southern states (Alabama, Kentucky, North Carolina and Tennessee—coal, copper, aluminum) are ripe for organization in the N. M. U., and that the U. M. W. A. has again started a false organization campaign in the South.

The board decided to send at once one or more organizers into the South and carry on its work in close cooperation with that of the T. U. U. L. and other militant unions.

Strengthens Youth Activity.

Realizing fully that the introduction of machinery has made it possible for more and more young and inexperienced workers to be brought into the mines, who take the places of the older miners and for the most part are more cruelly exploited, the board expressed the determination to strengthen and intensify the activities of the youth department. It was decided to give the department greater autonomy and full co-operation by all the leading committees of the N. M. U.

The struggle in the coal fields, it was pointed out, is primarily a social struggle involving at times the entire working class affected. The board decided to increase its work among the wives and daughters of the miners, organize them into Auxiliaries and give them definite tasks.

N. M. U. Extends Work Among Negroes.

The board decided that more work must be done among the Negro miners, considering that the Negro miners and their families are more robbed and oppressed than even their white brothers, and likewise taking into account the large number of Negroes in the industry.

It was pointed out that the N. M. U. has succeeded in breaking down anti-Negro prejudice to a considerable extent. In assigning I. Hawkins to be full-time head of the Negro department of the union, the board urged all members to make special efforts to organize the Negro miners, combat all forms of racial prejudice, and to see to it that all Negro members are given responsible positions in all departments of the union.

Notes Improvement in "Coal Digger."

The "Letter to the Members of the N. M. U.," in discussing the "Coal Digger," official organ of the union, points out that with the inclusion of the metal miners in its ranks, it becomes necessary to change the name of the paper to express the wider industrial character of the N. M. U. The paper, it declares, must be made self-sustaining and must become an effective organizing instrument. "It has improved considerably in content," the letter says, "with departments in Italian and Croatian, more pictures, and in general is much more readable than formerly."

Unemployment in Mines. The "Letter" declares that the struggle against unemployment is one of the most important tasks, second only to the organization of the unorganized and must be carried on in close connection with it. It urges the formation of Unemployed Councils, and all unemployed miners organized into them.

"In all the work among the unemployed, the N. M. U. demand for the six-hour day must be kept in the foreground, and the demand for the recognition of the Soviet Union be popularized." All local unions, districts and sub-districts are urged to support in every way the demonstrations against unemployment on March 6.

Revised Financial System. A decision of the most fundamental importance to the future of the N. M. U. was made in the proposal adopted to reform the unions dues system, which is considered entirely unsatisfactory. "It is necessary," the "letter" stated, "that this decision be carried out at once, so that the work of the union will cease to be crippled by lack of finances in the face of increasing struggles and greater demands upon the N. M. U."

Calling attention to the fact that in every struggle of the miners and other workers they have to meet the attacks of the police, troops, fascist bands of the labor aristocracy and the middle class, the "letter" urges the formation of Workers' Defense units as an integral part of the work of the union.

The duty of the Workers' Defense units would be to protect meetings, to disarm fascist bands, prevent the beating and kidnaping or murder of active union members. "Pacifism or dependence upon the capitalist courts for 'justice' is foreign to the whole class struggle conception of our union!" the "letter" says. "To submit to these attacks without resistance is to give up all hope of successful struggle."

Urges Defense, Relief.

Touching on the question of legal defense of jailed members, each N. M. U. local is urged to appoint three members who shall maintain connections with the International

WORKERS CORRESPONDENCE FROM THE SHOPS

WORKER ESTIMATES HALF UNEMPLOYED IN ST. LOUIS, VICINITY

Three Block Long Breadline in Detroit; If You Are Jobless, You're Not 'Behaving,' Says Judge

Bosses in Scheme to Starve Out Filipinos Because They Resisted Fascists in California

(By a Worker Correspondent) ST. LOUIS, Mo.—A worker can't find work here, because nearly 50 per cent of the workers have been unemployed all winter. I have asked many places for employment and the bosses just laugh and say, go to the Municipal Lodging House.

Well, I've seen hundreds there. The most miserable food I have seen offered people to eat. You should see the workers' families in their

awful huts around here, babies shivering, for want of fuel, clothing and food.

Seven hundred families called for aid at the Carr St. police station. I don't know how many have called at others.

Mayor Miller says he knows of nothing that can be done. He spends the winter in Florida. It's awful and the unemployed workers got to organize to end this suffering.

Three Block Long Breadline in Detroit

(By a Worker Correspondent) DETROIT, Mich.—As a reader of The Daily Worker and noticing photos of breadlines in different cities, want to let you know also that we have them in Detroit. One three blocks long at 12th and Hazel-

wood Ave. on Wednesday, February 12, also another one at Michigan near Trunbull.

The unemployed in Detroit are growing daily. They'll make themselves heard throughout the world on March 6, when they demonstrate.

A JOBLESS WORKER.

Why Working Women Should Organize

(By a Worker Correspondent) CHICAGO.—A week after my husband was laid off I was forced to go and look for a job myself. After looking around for a while I came to a big shop with a sign on the door, "No help wanted," but I decided to go in and prove it to myself whether they did any hiring at all or not.

But to my surprise that morning they hired about a hundred girls, including me. Next morning when I started to work they hired still more female help. I couldn't understand why there was a sign on the door, "No help wanted," while they were still hiring girls. So I asked one of the girls that worked there three years why they did that. She said

the sign was there to keep the men out and to hire the girls in their place.

The girl said that when she started to work in that shop there were 90 per cent men working and 10 per cent women, while now it is just the opposite. They pay the women 50 per cent of men's wages and they produce 25 per cent more work. By doing this the bosses are enabled to throw more men out of their jobs and we women working for only half the men's wages are not able to support our families.

If the women were organized into trade unions, then we could demand full men's wages. We should organize under the Trade Union Unity League that fights for us.

—C. S.

"Behave"—And Be A Willing Slave

(By a Worker Correspondent.) LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Unemployed workers are "vagrants" here. One "vagrant" was given a 30-day sentence recently. The sentence was suspended provided he would "behave."

A couple of days later he was jailed again and came up before the same judge on a similar charge. "I told you to behave," the judge thundered out.

"I have," the worker answered.

"But you are not working," the judge said.

"No, because there are no jobs to be found."

"Oh, you did not find a job. Then you did not behave—60 days," was the ruling of "his honor."

So now we know that good behavior for a worker does not only mean a willing slave, but he also must be able to locate a job when it's impossible to find one.

Filipino Workers To Be Starved Out

(By a Worker Correspondent) SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Chambers of Commerce throughout central California have ordered all ranch owners to stop hiring Filipino workers in the harvest fields, in an attempt to starve them out and drive them from the country, be-

cause they defended themselves against American Legion fascist attacks in the recent boss-inspired race riots.

Another Filipino was beaten up in San Francisco by the 100 per centers.

—FRISO WORKER.

JOBLESS DEFEND PHILA. LEADERS

Youngstown Jobless Demonstrate Friday

(Continued from Page One)

the part of the police," and asking for action to relieve unemployment. A conference on unemployment is called by the T. U. U. L. for February 23, Sunday, at 1 p. m., at 1208 Tasker St.

Youngstown Jobless Organize.

At a meeting of unemployed workers held here on the 14th, with more than 300 present, an Unemployed Council was elected and at a meeting of the council the following steps were taken:

- 1. A letter to be sent thru the mail to the City Council with our demands.
2. Copies of this letter to be sent the local press for publication.
3. A committee of five to visit the meeting of the City Council to present our demands which are as follows:

"1. Complete insurance against unemployment to be provided by the government financed by taxes derived from income, inheritance and profits, and providing unemployment benefits at full union rates of wages without exceptions or disqualifications.
2. Administration of such funds by unemployed organizations, no disqualification to be allowed be-

Labor Defense, carry on the legal defense and the mass work of agitation and propaganda. Each local union should be affiliated with the I.L.D., the organization which in the Illinois strike defended the hundreds of strikers jailed on the picket line.

The establishment of a strike relief fund is urged by the National Board, with a certain percentage of all dues to be set aside for this purpose. Affiliation is urged with the Workers' International Relief.

cause of refusal to accept a reduction in wages, or refusal to work below union rates. Absolute equality of Negro and white workers.

"3. Establishment of free employment agencies administered by the workers themselves.

"4. Abolition of private employment agencies.

"5. Emergency relief for unemployed from city, state or federal funds.

"6. Abolition of all evictions for non-payment of rents by the unemployed.

"7. Abolition of all vagrancy laws.

"8. Full union rates of wages on all public works with the right to organize and strike against discrimination and bad working conditions."

Another unemployed meeting is being held on Feb. 19, and a demonstration on Friday, Feb. 21.

(Editorial note: Unless our correspondent in Youngstown is mistaken, the action being taken by the Youngstown unemployed does not conform to the policy of the T. U. U. L. on the organization and methods of the unemployed movement. Firstly, the unemployed workers do not "elect a council" but form one, of which all are members who join as individuals, who of course elect an Executive Committee of the Council. Secondly, the method of "sending a letter thru the mail" to the City Council, and of sending a "committee of five" merely "to visit" the City Council, is not the method of revolutionary workers but of reformists, and needless to say it is ineffective. The T. U. U. L. on the contrary, upholds the action of masses rather than of "visits of committees" of militant demonstrations of all workers en masse, not the method of "petitioning." Since the Youngstown Council of Unemployed is planning a demonstration on Friday, we take it, therefore, that the first action, if mistaken, is being corrected.)

TALK to your fellow worker in your shop about the Daily Worker. Sell him a copy every day for a week. Then ask him to become a regular subscriber.

Women Workers, Demonstrate Mar. 6



Women workers in a needle trades sweat shop. They must show their solidarity by taking part in the world-wide demonstrations of the unemployed, to be led by the Communist Parties on March 6.

Moundville Case Won, Contempt Trial Next

(Continued from Page One)

These workers were arrested and sent to jail for "trespassing" last week. The charge of violating a permanent injunction comes to hearing tomorrow morning, and representatives of the I.L.D. and N.M.U. will be in court to attack the injunction itself as a strike-breaking weapon.

N.M.U. Meeting at Sparta.

BELLEVILLE, Ill., Feb. 18.—The National Miners Union is to hold meetings in the near future of the 404 Sparta miners on strike against the Moffat Coal Company. These miners, half of them Negroes, are out against a reduction of men by the company, through the use of new machines, to 80, and discrimination in picking these 80 (only six Negroes to be hired). They are organized in a United Mine Workers local, but the U.M.W. Duquoin sub-district officials refuse to call meetings, make no more than a pretense of supporting the strike, and tell the miners that they have to go back to work.

Before putting the new machines in, the company, without opposition from the U.M.W.A. officials, cut wages, particularly of the Negroes. Those on the machines were cut from \$7.50 a day to \$5.95. The mine worked only a few days a month, and the miners, on this starvation wage, had to pay in the form of check-off from their wages as much as \$5 to \$11 a month to the U. M. W. A.

Navy Meet Off; War Building On

(Continued from Page One)

now out of the question. A rapid navy-building program on all hands is admitted by the imperialist delegates.

Great Britain announced, through its delegation, headed by Ramsay MacDonald, that it would speed up its cruiser building program. The French are already building ten 10,000-ton cruisers; and the United States twenty-three 10,000-ton cruisers.

There will be a naval race in all crafts, including submarines, battleships, cruisers, destroyers, airplane carriers.

The delegates at the conference admit that a change in the French cabinet, which would probably be headed again by Tardieu, would not effect the French demands, which are based on the needs of French imperialism.

No date has been set for the resumption of the conference, but the plans for war armaments are already under way, and will not be modified to any important extent by any further discussions in London.

MORE UNEMPLOYMENT PROMISED CHI. BUILDING WORKERS

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The building commissioner here in the week ended Feb. 13 issued 35 permits involving construction work of \$505,100 as compared with 88 permits with a value of \$2,503,900 in like period of last year.

Build the Daily Worker—Send in Your Share of the 15,000 New Subs.

TOLEDO JOBLESS DEMAND RELIEF 'WORK OR WAGES'

Cincinnati A. F. of L. Fails in Attack

(Continued from Page One)

ment of the workers. So he continued speaking, calling on the workers to organize to fight for their demands for "work or wages," "against speed-ups," "against wage cuts," "for the Seven-hour day," "social insurance" and immediate relief for unemployed.

He also spoke on the Communist Party's role as leader of the working class, the condition of the workers in the Soviet Union compared to the conditions here in capitalist America, and called on the workers to demonstrate on International Unemployment Day, March 6. The crowd was enthusiastic in pledging its support to International Unemployment Day plans.

On account of the City Council's promise to take up the demands of the jobless tonight, there will surely be a larger demonstration tonight than the one last night.

Cincinnati A. F. of L. Beaten. CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 18.—A last minute concerted effort was made by a combination of police, the A. F. of L. officialdom, petty-bourgeois hall keepers and the capitalist press, to prevent the holding of the two mass unemployed meetings called by the Unemployed Councils affiliated to the Trade Union Unity League.

The splendid response of the workers to the call of the T. U. U. L. and the fighting spirit displayed at the previous Sunday meeting, which necessitated the hiring of a second hall to accommodate the large number of workers that came, inspired the Unemployed Council so that preparations were made to hold two such meetings in different parts of the city.

Thousands of leaflets were distributed, bearing the unemployed demands and the meeting dates and places, when one of the hall keepers suddenly said that on "instructions from labor leaders" and police officials, no unemployed meetings would be allowed at his hall.

The workers of the Unemployed Councils quickly adjusted things, hired new halls and to the crowd that came exposed the fascist role of the A. F. of L. bureaucrats in their alliance with the police against the workers out of a job.

Both meetings were a great success, and the crowd, 60 per cent of which were Negro workers, showed themselves fully determined to fight for "work or wages," unemployment and other social insurance, unity of the employed with the unemployed, Negro and white alike, and full social, political and economic equality for the Negro masses.

The Councils of Unemployed were strengthened by the joining of a great many more militant workers, and preparations were made to hold several meetings the coming week, and make ready for International Unemployment Day, March 6, when the Unemployed Councils will utilize the demonstration to broaden out still further in the fight for unemployment demands. The speakers were Chas. Mitchell, S. Saifer and A. Ford.

MORE UNEMPLOYMENT PROMISED CHI. BUILDING WORKERS. CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The building commissioner here in the week ended Feb. 13 issued 35 permits involving construction work of \$505,100 as compared with 88 permits with a value of \$2,503,900 in like period of last year.

THE COMMUNIST

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(February Issue)

JUST OFF THE PRESS

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# LESSONS OF RECRUITING DRIVE IN NEW BEDFORD

By HELEN OKEN.

**I**n New Bedford, where the economic crisis of capitalism has hit the workers very severely, where there are 15,000 unemployed workers, where the wage cuts and speed up systems being introduced every day, throwing more and more workers out on the streets, we find the Party gaining more and more support from the masses of workers.

Our quota for the recruiting drive was 75 new members, 5 new shop nuclei, and 3 shop bulletins. Our enthusiasm ran so high that we raised the quota for new members to 90. Our members were so confident that they could fill these quotas, that we challenged the city of Boston, which contains Sections No. 1, 2, and 3 to fulfill our quota before they did. Our recruiting of new members has been carried on successfully, no so much through our efforts, but through the confidence of the workers of New Bedford in the Communist Party. To date, we have recruited 55 new members into this section and organized 2 new shop nuclei, one in a textile mill and the other in a glass factory. Two shop papers have already been issued. From the quotas, it looks as though we are going ahead strong, but the question arises, have we done all that we could to build our Party here? Not yet! Due to our organizational weaknesses, we could not take proper advantage of our opportunities for building a strong Party and recruiting hundreds of workers into the Party.

**History of Struggle.** New Bedford has behind it the history of struggles and strong fighting spirit—this spirit has not yet been utilized and drawn into channels of strong organizational work. Here we have had many failures during the recruiting drive. The Lenin Memorial meeting in itself was a failure in that we did not recruit a single member at the meeting. This failure again was not due to the poor response of the workers, but rather due to our failure to properly mobilize them. Because of the organizational looseness of the Union—(National Textile Workers Union), the mass organization which has behind it thousands of members, and the events immediately preceding the Lenin Memorial Meeting, resulting in the arrests of all our organizers and 14 active workers—the preparations for the meeting were started just three days before the date set for it. The leaders of our Party and union here were so taken back by the unexpected turn of events and the arrests, that we failed to mobilize the workers in an organized fashion, trusting that the revolutionary character of the workers here would bring them to our Lenin Memorial Meeting. We closed our eyes to the fact that now, when the proletariat is becoming more and more militant, due to the ever increasing rationalization and unemployment, that now more than ever before, they need a strong Communist leadership; and that with this leadership and more careful preparation alone, could we mobilize thousands of workers for the Lenin Memorial Meeting. It is due to seemingly minor mistakes like these that the major tasks of our

Party are not properly carried through. **Activate New Members.**

Nevertheless, during the week following the Memorial Meeting we received 14 applications into the Party. This in itself proves that these workers did not blindly join the Party in the heat of the enthusiasm of the meeting, but took several days to consider and actually prepare themselves to join our Party, not because they "thought it was a good thing to do," but because they were ready to fight with the Communist Party in its every struggle. We have already placed most of our new members into their units and mill nuclei. This lesson must be learned—that the energy and enthusiasm of our new Party members can and must be exploited to a very great extent, and that if it is not utilized we will find our new members become discouraged, and it is very difficult to activate them after we have allowed a slump in their interest.

For the recruiting drive of the Young Communist League—I must say it has been a failure. Although we have recruited some 20 young workers (mostly textile) into the League, no attempts have been made to organize these young workers into their mill nuclei. Here we have a problem—about 20 of the 30 members of the Y.C.L. are unemployed, this situation, where the young workers realize that they are permanently unemployed, encourages laxness not only on their part, but also on our. However, one shop nucleus has been organized, in the only BVD factory in the city. This factory employs only young workers who are very much exploited and the nucleus has before it definite tasks. The Party must give more attention to the League, and in all phases of our work, the Party must help the League establish its leadership among the young workers.

**In the Fight For Work or Wages.** Now in our preparations for the unemployment demonstration and our fight for "Work or Wages," at every unemployment meeting, more and more workers are joining our Party. The plan of work which our Section Committee worked out for the unemployment campaign and demonstration on March 6, concretely points out how to mobilize the full membership of the Party, League, NTWU, and other mass organizations. These plans also plan to activate the Party units, giving them concrete tasks. The fraction of the union must be activated to put into effect all the plans for the mobilization of the full membership for the demonstration. The question of recruiting more Party members from the union should be one of the main points at every fraction meeting. The union is a great field for recruiting new Party members. However, in spite of all our shortcomings and mistakes, we are confident that we will fulfill our quota for new members. But even then, our task is not completed. Our main job is to activate all our new members and to make our nuclei the real functioning political units of our Party that will be prepared to lead the workers in their everyday struggles.

## Imperialism's Holy War on the Workers' Gov't By Fred Ellis



## The Hunger March of the German Working Class

By GUSTAV SOBOTKA (Berlin).

**T**HE financial dictatorship of Schacht, Reichs Bank President, and of the German coalition Cabinet has led to an enormous increase of unemployment in Germany. Already at the end of December, 1929, there were registered 2 million unemployed in receipt of unemployment and crisis benefit. This number had increased by 200,000 in January of this year. In addition there is great number of unemployed, amounting to at least 1,500,000, who do not receive any unemployment benefit, so that at present there are over 3½ million proletarians without work and bread.

The further "development" of capitalist economy in Germany, the increased rationalization drive, the ruthless cutting down of credits, will further augment the army of unemployed.

In view of this situation the unemployed masses and the German proletariat are beginning to realize that the struggle against unemployment and hunger cannot be restricted to demanding an increase of unemployment benefit, but that it is in the first place political mass struggle against the whole capitalist society and its apparatus of power. As a result there have taken place in various towns of Germany, under the leadership of the Communist Party, hunger marches and fighting actions of the unemployed and of the workers in the factories against the regime of plunder and exploitation.

In Berlin, on February 1st, the mass march of the working class once again trampled underfoot the prohibition of demonstrations. In spite of the actual state of martial law, in the preparations of the police and the wildest attacks, thousands and thousands of hungry proletarians marched in closed ranks in all districts of Berlin. At Wedding, where again and again fresh processions of demonstrators were formed, many workers were arrested but only to be wretched by the masses from the hands of the police. In Moabit the demonstrating masses put the police to flight. In the center of Berlin the workers showed by several demonstrations that for them there exists no ban-mile or prohibition of demonstrations. On the Luisitz Square huge masses of workers gathered together, which the police were unable to disperse. In Nieder and Ober-Schoneweide the demonstrating workers were masters of the streets until the late hours of the evening. In the old barricade quarters of Neukolln the workers erected a barrier in order to prevent the police from marching into the workers' streets.

The bourgeois and social-democratic press, which before the 1st of February, raised a great shouting over the "putch plans" and "attempts at insurrection" of the Communists, has become very quiet in view of the success of the Communist action in Berlin. It is now trying to minimize this action. "The Communist demonstrations a failure," "Only tumults in Berlin," "Failure of world revolu-

tion on account of lack of participants," such were the big headlines of the bourgeois and social-democratic press after the 1st of February. The democratic "Tempo" however blurted out the truth when it wrote: "The Luisitz Square was almost empty at half past five, but overflowing with people at 6 o'clock. From all the converging streets smaller and bigger groups streamed into the square. The Communists were not to be driven away but put up energetic resistance to the police."

The hunger march of the unemployed to Hamburg was a powerful demonstration. In Hamburg itself there are 100,000 unemployed. In all the neighboring towns and villages it was decided to march to Hamburg on the 1st of February. Several days ago great masses of unemployed began their march from Kiel, Lubeck, Itzehoe, Flensburg, etc. The Hamburg bourgeoisie and the social democracy were seized with panic. Schöndorfer, the social fascist police president of Hamburg, and Grzesinski, the Prussian Minister for the Interior, mobilized all the police forces not only of Hamburg but of the whole of Schleswig-Holstein.

In spite of this extraordinary display of police forces whole processions of demonstrators succeeded in getting to Hamburg. On the road from Flensburg a delegation was proceeding to Hamburg. It was attacked by mounted police, the demonstrators were arrested, placed in wagons and transported back to Flensburg. In the meantime another procession of demonstrators from Flensburg succeeded in marching, to Hamburg by another road.

The most brutal persecution and the use of batons could not prevent the unemployed from marching into Hamburg, where a big demonstration of the unemployed and the Hamburg workers took place in Holstein Square. The police tried everything in order to crush the workers. In the ensuing fight between the police and the workers one unemployed was killed and six workers wounded. The Hamburg workers at once convened a conference of the shop stewards and decided to carry out a 24-hour political mass strike, which for the greater part was carried out on the 1st of February. Over 80 per cent of the building workers struck work on this day. Also great masses of the dock and metal workers struck as a protest against the police brutalities.

In Pirna (Saxony) over 2,000 unemployed marched on the 28th of January from the surrounding localities to the chief market square and demonstrated against the government of hunger and war, for work and bread. Here also the police were helpless in face of this demonstration. The same week, the unemployed of the district of Königsberg determined on a march on Königsberg. Similar decisions were adopted in many other places. The German working class, headed by the Communist Party, by arranging these hunger marches is expressing its determination to put an end to a system which literally exposes millions of proletarians to death by starvation.

# STARVE OR FIGHT!

A Challenge to the Unemployed

By GRACE M. BURNHAM, Labor Research Association.

(Continued)

Hiring at the Gate.

**E**MLOYERS deliberately advertise for more workers than they actually need. By this means they keep a steady stream of applicants at the gate from among whom they are able to choose the youngest, strongest, and cheapest labor. The employment manager of an electric light and power company stated frankly that he wanted to have just as many men coming to him as possible. "We interview every one that comes," he said, "and if we haven't a job we encourage him to keep at it until we do have something."

Probably the most extreme examples of mile long lines of men in search of jobs come from the automobile centers in Michigan. Robert Dunn draws many striking pictures of the plight of these workers in his *Labor and Automobiles*. "In February, 1928, when unemployment prevailed among General Motors workers in Flint, but loads of almost penniless workers, bound from Missouri and the South, in answer to advertisements, were brought to the city. Ten men said they had read advertisements for help in farm and weekly papers exhorting them to 'come to Flint and earn \$10 a day.'"

"At one factory, notorious for its cheap labor policy," writes A. J. Steiger, of the University of Chicago, in *The Nation*, May 2, 1928, "men in search of work collect about the door in a dense mass through which a policeman must force a lane so that the foreman may come out and select some friend or acquaintance and obtain for him an interview ahead of the rest. Although I was among the first three hundred applicants interviewed on my first day and succeeded in worming my way the second day to the head of the line, I was turned away from the employment office with a curt nod. Twenty-five hundred other men were turned away on that first day. (Italics mine). The galling part of this experience was that the

personnel man stood with a device in his hand for counting heads—like a sheep herder in the stockyards. He even encouraged some of us to come back by such phrases as 'May need men of your ability tomorrow.' To be told definitely, as I was, to return at 7 o'clock the next morning, and then to be unrecognized and sent away, is an experience which beats down the jobless man's self-respect. He begins to realize by how thin a thread he holds any job."

The following descriptions of conditions throughout the country in the winter of 1929-30 are given by workers:

Philadelphia, Pa.: "The other day one of the theatres of Philadelphia advertised for a man and the next morning not less than 5,000 workers responded to the ad."

Newark, N. J.: "Three thousand unemployed stormed the gates of the Ford Motor Company, Kearney, N. J., and the police were called forcibly to maintain order. The city employment bureau has 700 to 1,000 applicants daily."

Chicago, Ill.: "Ten thousand workers stormed the Leiter Stores at Van Buren and State Streets seeking work during the firm's recent liquidation sale. Police reserves were called in twice against the workers."

Job seeking as it must be carried on in the United States today is costly, wasteful, brutal and except for the more fortunate few, hopeless. The entire system of inadequate and corrupt public employment offices, fee charging unregulated private agencies, uncontrolled newspaper advertising, operates to assist the employer and to victimize the worker. A nationally operated system of free public employment offices, controlled by the workers, cannot make jobs where there are no jobs. It can, however, stop the strike breaking service of agencies which flourish by sending scab labor to jobs where strikers are going on, it can cut out fee charging, fee splitting and similar grafting, give accurate information regarding available jobs and put an end to the employment markets used as a whip over the workers at every factory gate.

## Win the Negro Miners in Illinois

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

**T**HE recent strike in Illinois is an indication of the growing resistance on the part of the toiling masses struggling for better working conditions. This strike is the best answer to the promise of John L. Lewis and William Green to the Hoover National Fascist Council that they, the "leaders" of the American working class would see to it that the workmen submit to the proposals of the ruling class not to strike for better working conditions.

There are about 15,000 Negro miners in Illinois, which include the Sangamon County (Springfield), Saline County (Harrisburg, Muddy), Randolph County, etc. In these places Negro workers are openly discriminated against in the U.M.W.A. As for example, in Saline County there are about twelve mines of which only four employ Negro workers with one-third of the working force Negroes. Negroes are denied the right to live in several of these small towns. Our revolutionary trade union has not raised sharply enough the question of discrimination in order to demonstrate to the Negro workers in the coal fields that our revolutionary trade union is unlike that of the U.M.W.A.

Speaking to several of the Negro miners, they informed me that they have come in contact with leaflets of the National Miners Union as well as leaflets of the Communist Party. Yet these Negro workers are skeptical of the sincerity of the N.M.U., stating that the U.M.W.A. also has a clause in its constitution that it does not discriminate against Negro workers.

**Build Defense Committees.**

This only proves that in our fight in organizing the Negro workers in the coal fields and especially in our campaign against the Lewis-Fishwick machine which is in alliance with the state apparatus, we must go from the stage of mere propaganda into direct organizational procedure in building defense committees in defense of our organizers and especially Negroes, as they are subject to the most brazen attacks of gangsters of U.M.W.A. as well as of the state apparatus.

This was my experience in Saline County in the city of Eldorado, twenty miles from Kentucky. I was threatened at every moment by organized gangsters to drive me out of town and to carry on a lynching-bee. But in view of the militancy of the members of the N.M.U. I was able to remain in this town although I was informed that I was the first Negro that had lived in this section within 29 years. The last Negroes that were seen in this town were murdered in 1900 and their property confiscated by local business men. What is true of Eldorado is true of many counties and in the surrounding territory where Negro workers are to be found they are openly terrorized and are subject to be murdered or driven out of town if they are to be found in sympathy with the N. M. U. or the Communist Party.

The miners in the coal fields are among the most militant sections of the working class. These workers are so exploited that they hardly have a second suit to wear. They can see nothing but struggle and if we are able to build a functioning fraction within the N.M.U. in carrying out the revolutionary tradition of the union, we will be able to build not only the N.M.U. in the coal fields, but the Communist Party into a political factor in this district of Illinois. For example, the Pioneers of Illinois (Eldorado) are the most active section of the Party and the N.M.U. In other words they are the face of the Party, which no one tried to deny. These young workers get up as early as 3 or 4 in the morning to go on the picket line with elders to fight for better working conditions. Despite the militancy of our revolutionary workers, they still lack a clear-cut understanding in approaching the Negro workers, as for example, I have heard many of these workers speaking about Negroes openly using the term "nigger," which is offensive to Negro workers and could only serve to keep Negroes out of the N.M.U. This is a manifestation of unconscious white chauvinism which must be combated in the most

ruthless Bolshevik manner in this period of sharp class battles.

**Workers Admit Error.**

In addressing one of the meetings of the N.M.U. in Eldorado when I brought this to the attention of the workers, the following morning most of them admitted to me, while on the picket line at the Wasson Coal Co., a Jim Crow mine, that I was correct and that it was a mistake on their part. This only goes to show that in spite of the ideological backwardness of some of the members of the N. M. U., yet they are willing to accept and correct the old ideological background of the white imperialists.

The National Miners Union, which is growing and becoming a factor among the workers in Illinois, Pennsylvania and Indiana, have not been able as a revolutionary trade union to attract Negro workers in Illinois. This is one of the greatest shortcomings which must be overcome by raising the ideological level of our membership and especially of our organizers. Special emphasis should be placed in not merely speaking about the union's fighting for the interest of all workers black and white but in actually raising the question of discrimination in the mines and in those counties where Negro workers are not allowed to live.

Our revolutionary trade unions must come forward in open resistance to these manifestations of the capitalist system not in a propaganda form alone, but in direct struggle of our Party and revolutionary trade union against the capitalist state and capitalist ideology. In my opinion we have just started work in the coal fields, which must be extended to a higher level organizationally as well as politically. As a result, the immediate tasks in the coal fields and especially in Saline County as I have experienced should be as follows:

1. To organize a strong Party apparatus as well as a strong fraction within the N.M.U. with strong political direction from the Center.
2. That a well prepared campaign should be carried on in a merciless fight against white chauvinism.
3. The sending of leading Negro comrades and especially Negro miners to work among the Negro and white miners.
4. Organize inter-racial defense committees around the N.M.U.
5. The Pioneer movement of Eldorado must extend its activities among the Negro miners' children in Harrisburg as well as in Muddy.
6. The Party must pay closer attention to our Negro work in the coal fields than previously, since there has been gross underestimation and negligence on the part of our organizers in forgetting the Negro coal miners as a factor in the coal fields.
7. In those counties where Negroes are not permitted to live or work, our Party fraction in the N.M.U. must be prepared to openly boycott restaurants and theatres in the Jim-Crow towns and at the same time should fight for laws that the Negroes are not allowed to be there as in Eldorado, in the State of Illinois.

### Food For Worms

The Salvation Army thumps its drums And Sings:

"Come to Jesus!" Some men get religion When they can not get bread To put in their bellies With the hope that by and by They will be filled with pie.

They do not like to think That in a little while They will only fill the bellies of worms

Live now! Live now! Take the world And shape it to your own desire. Great deeds are possible!

But things will never be done If you wait for god to do them.

—ZELL

## The Significance of a Communist Weekly Newspaper in the South

**T**HE past struggles in the South, particularly the Gastonia struggle, under the leadership of the revolutionary National Textile Workers' Union and the Communist Party, definitely demonstrated that the only forces in the labor movement today which take serious account of organizing the most exploited section of the American working class, the Negro workers, are the Communist Party and the Trade Union Unity League.

Past experience also proved that the role of the A. F. of L. and the Muste leadership of the U. T. W. A. not only does not undertake any campaign of organization, but sets for itself the main task of acting as a strikebreaker and preventing the southern textile workers, as well as the workers of other industries, from organizing into militant industrial trade unions in the struggle against capitalism under the leadership of the Communist Party.

**Fight the Bosses Poison Press.**

The developing campaign of organization in the South, initiated by the Communist Party, could best be initiated by the establishment of a weekly newspaper in the South. The significance of this paper cannot be overestimated.

The poisonous propaganda started by the capitalist press and the A. F. of L. could most effectively be combated through a weekly Party organ. This Party paper will also most effectively bring to the masses of southern workers the tasks of organization and expose the role of its enemies, the mill bosses, the A. F. of L. and the socialist party.

The task of organizing the southern working class in the struggle for better economic conditions, against capitalist exploitation, must receive the support of the entire American working class. The present economic crisis, the sharpening contradictions within capitalism, and the growing capitalist offensive against the working class making the workers share the main burden of the economic

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Party, 43 East 125th St., New York, N. Y.  
Mail this to the Central Office, Communist

**Fight the Right Danger. A Hundred Proletarians for Every Petty Bourgeois Renegade!**