

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.
(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

Speed the Signature Collection Campaign
for the Unemployment Insurance Bill.
Unemployment Insurance Must
Be Won Now!

Vol. VII. No. 295

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office
at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 2, 1919

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1930

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

Intervention Danger Against Soviet Union Continues

THE trial of the eight counter-revolutionists in Moscow, members of the so-called "Industrial Party" and agents of the imperialist powers, has come to a close. The sentences imposed by the court—death sentences for five conspirators and ten year prison sentences for three—have been commuted by the Central Executive Committee of the Soviet government. Ramin, Larichev, Kallinikov, Charnovsky and Fyodorov, the five wreckers sentenced to death by the court, must now serve ten years in prison, their property will be confiscated and their citizenship rights will be withdrawn. The other three, Ochkov, Kuprianov and Stulin, must serve eight years in prison and will likewise lose their property and citizenship rights. This brings to a close a trial that has occupied the attention of the entire world for the past three weeks.

But the ending of the trial does not end the danger of intervention by the imperialist powers. On the contrary, for a number of reasons, the trial will increase the hatred of the imperialists against the workers and peasants' fatherland, the U. S. S. R. As the Daily Worker correspondent correctly emphasized in yesterday's cable:

"The tribunal's sentence determining the fate of the eight isolated individuals is not the important issue in the trial. The important thing is that it is a trial of imperialism armed for intervention, prepared for a class war against the Soviet Union under the direct leadership of the aggressive imperialist power, France."

The trial proved beyond doubt that the eight saboteurs on trial were merely pliable tools of the white guard empires and the foreign imperialists, with France and Great Britain, especially the former, engaged in the direct role of organizing a bloody, armed intervention. The sabotage and wrecking activities carried out within the Soviet Union by the eight men on trial was under the direction of the French army general staff and was part of a plan for an armed attack against the Soviet this year. According to the confession of the wreckers the time for the intervention is now set for 1931.

The significance of the Moscow trial lies primarily in the fact that it uncovered the bloody hands of the imperialist plotters. The sentencing of the eight wreckers is the least important phase of the bigger fight which must be waged against the imperialists and their 1931 intervention plans. The workers in all lands, therefore, must now increase their activities to prevent war on the Soviet Union. We in the United States must fight more determinedly than ever against our own capitalists and their government.

The bourgeois newspapers in all countries have consistently tried to discredit the evidence brought forward at the trial. They have charged the O.G.P.U. with torture methods. They have charged that the trial was framed. Today they speak of it as a "thrilling melodrama," of the verdict as "a magnificent curtain," etc. Everything is done to hide the real significance of the trial, to hide the bloody hands of the imperialists. Even this is a phase of the imperialist war plans against the Soviet Union.

The workers will not be fooled. They see the magnificent progress being made by the Soviet workers and peasants under the Five-Year Plan. They see the elimination, there, of unemployment and the raising of the material and cultural life of the masses. In the imperialist countries the masses see unemployment, wage cuts, misery and starvation. They see the growing capitalist hatred against the Soviet Union. They have followed closely the bloody intervention exposures of the Moscow trial. The capitalist newspapers cannot lie out, nor can they conceal their murderous plans. The trial has convinced additional thousands of workers of the necessity of organizing and fighting as never before against the capitalists, for their own immediate demands and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

No Economy Here!

PRESIDENT HOOVER, in his several messages to Congress, when dealing with the issues of unemployment and relief for the drought-stricken farmers, strongly urged "an economy program." No direct relief was proposed for the 9,000,000 starving unemployed workers. The public works program proposed was cut from \$150,000,000 to \$120,000,000 with the full knowledge that even the larger amount would not even begin to relieve the intense suffering among the unemployed. For the farmers, Secretary of Agriculture Hyde vigorously opposes relief because relief for men, women and children who are starving "perilously approaches the dose system."

All of this fakery is put forward under cover of lots of noise about the necessity for "an economy program."

But in one thing, at least, "economy" is not a consideration. When workers or poor farmers die from starvation or freeze to death from the winter's cold, then Hoover says, "Yes, it is too bad, but we must rigidly follow our economy program." But when it comes to America's (Wall Street's) war program, then we hear quite a different story. Then "economy" is thrown to the seven winds and all that is heard is a roaring demand for battleships, submarines, cruisers, airplanes, larger armies, more airplanes, and poison gas. With a feverish haste the bankers and manufacturers, working through their Washington hirelings, push through their preparations for war to capture new markets, new sources of raw materials, fields for new investments, and particularly for war to crush the Soviet Union.

These frantic war preparations are directly linked up with the efforts of the bosses to pile up greater profits for themselves, while relief for the unemployed, or the farmers, real relief, could only be given by decreasing the profits and the wealth of the bosses. For unemployment relief and farm relief, therefore, the Hoover gang has only "an economy program." For war, however, from which they hope to profit, the expenditures are unlimited.

This was clearly shown yesterday in the proposals to spend immediately \$134,635,000 for a navy building program. They propose two new cruisers, eleven destroyers, one destroyer leader, four submarines, one aircraft carrier and \$5,000,000 worth of airplanes. In addition they propose to modernize three battleships, and \$5,000,000 will be spent for a Pacific coast dirigible base. Here is \$140,000,000 for the navy alone. There will be similar amounts, possibly even more, for the army and the air branches of Uncle Sam's already huge murder machine.

Under such circumstances the workers must determine how long Hoover's farcical economy speeches will go on without their vigorous protests. The workers must give an answer to the administration's talk of "economy" when hungry and starving workers are involved, and criminal waste when war preparations are the issue. The committee of the unemployed workers which presents the demands of the workers to Congress early in February must raise these issues very sharply. They must insist on the immediate transference of all war funds—whether it be for the army, navy or any other branch of the service—into a fund from which the starving workers and poor farmers may be fed. Their fight for unemployment insurance must simultaneously be a fight against this wanton waste of money for murder and plunder, which will primarily be directed against the Soviet Union.

Every worker must organize and fight now for immediate relief in every locality. The campaign for signatures demanding unemployment insurance from Congress must be pushed forward with greater energy. The complete disregard of the capitalist politicians for the suffering of the masses while they prepare frantically for war, must spur the workers on to greater effort, to greater struggles.

Asks for Articles for Bazaar of W.I.R. and Women's Councils

NEW YORK.—With the joint bazaar of the Workers' International Relief and the United Councils of Working Class Women only a few weeks away, the bazaar committee announces the need of all workers and workers' organizations to collect material to be sold at the bazaar, enabling workers to buy useful articles at greatly reduced prices.

The United Councils of Working Class Women is calling a series of city-wide conferences to intensify their activity in making blouses, pillows, lamp-shades, etc., and in collecting material for the bazaar. The conferences are to be held at 27000 Bronx Park, E.; 1400 Boston Rd., Bronx; 143 E. 103rd St., N. Y.; 48 Bay St., Brooklyn; 118 Bristol St., Brooklyn; 61 Graham Ave., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 11, at 8 p. m.

"Feed Animals, Buy Fertilizers, Give Jobless Nothing," Says Hyde

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—With unemployment growing to tremendous proportions, and great masses of poor Negro and white farmers on the verge of starvation, a fake battle over "relief" is developing in Congress. The democrats, led by Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, are carrying on the same fake campaign to fool the masses through which they won millions of votes in the last election.

Secretary of Agriculture Hyde has issued a vicious statement in which he comes out openly in favor of small sums in the form of loans (with high rates of interest) for "work animals and fertilizer" but said that—

"There are a great many objections to the government making loans for human food. From a national point of view (the capitalists always declare their point of view is 'national') this latter class of loans approaches perilously near the dose system and would be a move in the wrong direction."

Hyde admits that the greatest sufferers among the farmers "are the small farmers, both white and colored." His solution for their hunger and starvation is the same that is offered to the workers, namely, charity. He said "The Red Cross has undertaken to take care of all cases of distress." For the Negro poor farmers in the South, among whom milizing the "insurgent" phrases of many of the democrats.

In connection with the whole system of "relief" for the farmers, Hyde who speaks for Hoover, and the rest

of the bosses who control the government, again brings out the fact that the capitalists will not part with one cent of their profits for unemployment insurance. They prefer to see the 9,000,000 unemployed die of starvation. He said on the question of relief for the poor farmer:

"There is no more justification for the government to furnish food for farmers in the drought area than there would be in furnishing food to any other section of the United States or to any other class of our people who may be in distress."

At the same time Hoover asked for another \$100,000,000 for the Federal Farm Board, most of which goes to grain speculators and bankers. This would make \$400,000,000 given to the wheat gamblers and robber bankers.

During the course of the debate, Senator Walsh of Massachusetts indicated the great lengths to which the democrats are going in their attempts to fool the masses. Declaring that there are 5,000,000 jobless in the United States, besides 16,000,000 men and women on part-time employment, ranging from one hour to two or three days, the demagogic faker gabbled about "relief" without offering any program. It is evident that the bosses are trying to neutralize the growing mass discontent by utilizing the "insurgent" phrases of many of the democrats.

Fear of Bolshevism
Walsh's fakery can be sensed from his speech in the Senate when he

said: "It seems to me that the most casual observer in Washington must be convinced that the first thought of many of those in high places is the tender care of the heavy taxpayers."

"That is first. That is above starvation and poverty and unemployment and suffering. And that was one of the reasons why millions flocked to the polls last November, not to elect democrats, but to denounce and condemn the administration that has been indifferent to the greatest problem we have witnessed in fifty years in time of peace."

"Increased taxes are to be avoided if possible, but not at all costs. There are worse misfortunes than heavy taxes. One is unrest, discontent and spread of Bolshevism."

Offer Sops Not Insurance
He admits that taxes for the bosses must be kept low, so their profits can stay up, but he points out that the main question is not "relief" for the unemployed, but quenching and fighting mass discontent. On this all bosses are agreed one hundred per cent.

They realize that it is only the Communist Party that is leading a real struggle for unemployment insurance, to come out of the bosses' profits, out of the huge war expenditures, and to sidetrack this discontent Walsh appeals for "sops" for fake relief measures that will not relieve.

Community Chest Fund Gives Armored Car to Fight Jobless

Long exposed as one of the numerous fake charity outfits of the bosses organized to furnish "positions" and big salaries for their friends and relatives, the Community Chest Fund which exploits the miseries of the unemployed and uses hold-up methods to extract money from workers still in the factories, is not only using the monies it collects to support the militarization of workers' children by big donations to the Boy Scouts, but is actually helping the bosses to arm against the rising wrath of the working class.

This is shown in Buffalo, N. Y., where the Fund has contributed two armored cars to the city's armory of lethal weapons for use against the unemployed.

In addition to furnishing the city of Buffalo with these two armored cars, the Community Chest Fund has also equipped 14 other armored cars in the city with machine guns in the bosses' plot to solve the unemployment problem by shooting down workers who revolt against the charity hand-outs of stale bread and slop coffee and demand real relief thru unemployment insurance.

In the meantime, the Fund, supported by the bosses, is using sledgehammer tactics to collect forced "contributions" from workers in the shops. In the MacIntosh Seymour Plant at Auburn, N. Y., they came around and handed out the usual apple sauce and black-jacked the workers out of contributions from their already meager wages. After they had left, the bosses announced a general wage cut of 12 1/2 per cent.

In Syracuse, the manager of the Community Chest Fund draws the huge salary of \$10,000 a year for shedding crocodile tears over the sad plight of the unemployed and maneuvering fake relief.

In Auburn, N. Y., where the "pickings" are smaller, the Fund manager draws \$5,000 a year.

In St. Louis, the Fund had in its last fiscal year a tremendous overhead of \$160,000 a year! Most of this went for huge salaries and joy-ride expenses.

Of the money left over after deducting this huge overhead, the Fund gave \$62,000 to the Boy Scouts to further the work of militarizing the children of the workers, \$16,340 to the Girl Scouts, and, indulging in the usual boss discrimination against the Negroes, it gave \$11,801 to the White Old Folks Home, and \$4,169 to the Jim Crow Negro Old Folks Home.

In other cities the story is the same: high salaries to officials, and support to anti-working class organizations like the Boy Scouts, etc.

MANGER WORKERS GET WAGE SLASH

NEW YORK.—The Trade Union Unity League is calling upon the workers of the Manger Hotel to organize and strike against wage-cuts.

On Friday, Dec. 5, the chambermaids received a \$2 wage-cut, and, in addition to this, increased work has been imposed upon them. Formerly they had to clean 18 rooms and now they must clean 25 rooms. Besides this, the workers are forced to take one week's vacation every month without pay.

The working force in the housekeepers' department was reduced from 10 workers to 6. More workers are expected to be laid off soon.

The workers must answer the abuses of the bosses by organizing. The demands of the union are for the 8-hour day, 5-day week, an increase of 10 per cent in wages, all overtime to be paid at the rate of double time, all legal holidays with

STRIKE AGAINST 25 P.C. WAGE CUT

TUUL Leads Furniture Workers' Strike

NEW YORK.—Yesterday morning 40 upholsterers and other workers went out on strike against a 25 per cent wage cut handed out by the bosses in the Republic Upholstering Co. plant at 7th Ave. and 12th St., Brooklyn.

The strike is under the leadership of the Furniture Workers' Industrial League, affiliated to the Trade Union Unity League. A strike committee was elected by the workers after a mass meeting that was held right after the strike was called. The demands of the strikers are the immediate abolition of the 25 per cent wage cut; recognition of the Shop Committee after the settlement of the strike; week work to be established instead of piece work; time and a half for overtime; eight-hour day and five-day week.

Committees were elected to conduct mass picketing. The workers are in a militant mood, and are being rallied to win the strike under the leadership of the Trade Union Unity League. All members of the Furniture Workers' Industrial League, as well as unemployed workers, are urged to participate in the picket lines.

Word has reached the strike committee that the boss is willing to take back the wage cut, but balks at recognizing the Shop Committee. The strikers stick to this demand, as well as all of the others.

extra pay, no discharge after one week of employment without just cause, no discrimination because of race, age, or nationality.

The Building Maintenance Workers' Union, with offices at 16 W. 21st St., is leading the organizational campaign.

DEMONSTRATE DEC. 13 FOR DEFENSE OF SOVIET; WRECKERS ARE ROUTED

Add \$134,635,000 to Billion War Budget; Prepare Air Fleet

New Bill Before Congress for Naval Arms to Aid in Coming War; Admiral Pratt Draws Up Efficiency Plan

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Besides the \$1,000,000,000 for war purposes contained in the budget offered to Congress by Hoover, a bill for an additional \$134,635,000 for naval armaments is now put forward to add to the huge war preparations that are going on. Unlimited sums are provided for war preparations, especially against the Soviet Union, but not one penny is being provided for relief of the unemployed, or for unemployment insurance.

On the same day that the bill for an additional \$134,635,000 for war preparations is put before Congress, Admiral William V. Pratt, who openly calls for war against the Soviet Union, published a plan for more efficient organization of the air fleet for war.

Kellogg pact or no Kellogg pact "we may be drawn into war," says the Admiral with hypocritical diplomacy, and adds, "for this reason we must be in a position to defend our rights."

The "rights" of the bosses are, of course, increased markets, new colonies, and the right to destroy the first workers' republic, the Soviet Union.

Pratt's document reeks with war, putting it on the order of the day. He talks about the "crucial test of war," and demands that all branches of the navy and army be immediately put into shape for war. He repeats the old hypocritical phrases about war for "defense," but tries to hide

N. J. MASS MEET AGAINST WAR

Paterson Workers for USSR Defense

PATERSON, N. J. Dec. 9.—Pointing out that more than 12,000 men and women are tramping the streets looking vainly for work, the Communist Party and Young Communist League call on all workers to come to a mass demonstration for the defense of the Soviet Union, and against the war plots, which are closely tied up with the wage-cutting drive against the workers. The mass meeting will be held Friday, December 12, 8 p. m., at Carpenters' Hall, 45-56 Van Houston St.

"There is only one country where the workers do not suffer from the misery of unemployment, long hours, and starvation wages," says the leaflet calling for the meeting, "this is the Soviet Union. The capitalists realize that the Soviet Union stands as a shining example of what the workers can do." It is for this reason they are planning war.

To learn about the war plots all workers are urged to attend this meeting. There will be nationally prominent speakers present.

Week End Meets All Over New York City

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The New York District Committee of the Communist Party calls upon the workers to demonstrate the international working class solidarity against the conspiracy of French imperialism this Saturday, December 13th, at 1 p. m. in front of the French Consulate, 9 East 40th St.

The trial of the counter-revolutionary "Industrial Party" proved beyond dispute that behind the sabotage of Professor Ramin and his associates the French government stood as the main force, paying these agents to wreck the successful expansion of the Five Year Plan. Ramin, Kallinikov, and Larichev admitted their connection with Mr. K. and Mr. R., French citizens, spies in Moscow, as well as their negotiations to the end of a more effective organized sabotage at their Paris meetings.

Aside from the conspiracy led by French imperialism within the Soviet Union, the French government is leading the mobilization of armed forces in the Baltic states, Poland, Rumania, etc., against the Soviet Union.

The war maneuvers against the Soviet Union, instigated by Washington, have as their chief exponent in Europe the French government. In the defense of the first workers' fatherland, the workers of New York must demonstrate their determination to fight against imperialist intervention, at this moment particularly against the chief conspirator, the French government.

NEW YORK.—Despite all the fantastic stories on the commutation of the wreckers' sentences which the capitalist papers are spreading to cover up the complicity of the bosses in many lands in the war plot against the Soviet Union that was thoroughly exposed at the Moscow trial, "Izvestia," Soviet organ, declares that the "industrial party" and its wrecking activities were effectively smashed.

"The remnants of capitalism in our country," writes Izvestia, standing before a revolutionary tribunal, did not dare to defend the idea of capitalist restoration.

"They not only confessed all their crimes, but disarmed their counter-revolutionary organization. The industrial party was routed both politically and morally."

In revoking the death sentences the Central Executive Committee of the Soviet Union had previously announced that the proletarian state did not have to seek revenge against beaten and unarmed enemies.

It is pointed out in the Soviet press that despite the fact that the "industrial party" is smashed, and

TURN DOWN EAGLE BOSS PROMISES

Vote Continued Fight on Wage Cut

NEW YORK.—Following a futile conference by the strikers' committee with the bosses of the Eagle Pencil Co., the striking workers yesterday voted to continue the strike against the wage-cut and to strengthen the picket line.

In the conference of the strikers' committee with the bosses, the bosses refused to recall the wage-cut and attempted to soft-soap the workers with sweet phrases and fake promises. They proposed that the workers should return to work, accepting the wage-cut, and in return they handed out half-promises that there would be no discrimination against the strikers and their leaders. BUT, they added, if anybody's place has been already filled that's another story, and the bosses would be so very sorry. This was clear indication of the bosses' determination to punish the leaders of the strike and all those workers who have shown any signs of militancy. The bosses then tried to stampede the workers into returning without their demands by threatening to shut out all who don't come back to work by today.

The bosses wanted the strikers to know that business was oh, so terrible, and that, in fact, they were losing money every day and only keeping the plant open for the sake of the workers. They were so surprised that the workers could not see things from this angle. The committee refused to swallow the apple sauce.

When the committee reported back to the membership meeting, a few of its members were in doubt as to what further action should be taken, but that doubt was soon dissolved by the militant attitude of the strikers and their determination to carry on the struggle. Jack Johnstone, who spoke showing up the tricks of the bosses and their fake promises, was loudly applauded. A woman worker of the Unemployed Council pledged the support of the unemployed workers on the picket line and in the fight against any effort of the bosses to recruit scabs from among the jobless workers. Enthusiasm ran high. The strikers decided to continue visiting of all members of departments who were absent from the picket line and the hall.

In an early meeting yesterday it was decided to form a union and a committee was elected to get the necessary cords for the enrolment of the workers today.

At both meetings the efforts of employment agencies to furnish scabs were denounced. It was reported also that a Spanish church on 115th St. is acting as a scab agency for the bosses, sending down members of the parish with letters to the Eagle Pencil Co.

Sadie Van Veen at the Williamsburgh Forum
Norman Tallentire last Sunday marked the opening of the Williamsburgh Workers Forum which is to be held every Sunday evening at 7 p. m. at the Workers Center, 61 Graham Ave., Brooklyn.

This coming Sunday Sadie Van Veen will be the main attraction on the very burning "Industrial Party" subject to all workers. "The Industrial Party" Questions and discussion permitted freely to all workers and admission to the Forum is free. All workers are invited.

the counter-revolutionary elements exposed and squelched, their supporters in the imperialist countries, enraged at the exposure of their war plans, and with the economic crisis in the capitalist lands growing worse, are still continuing their widespread war preparations against the Soviet Union.

The cries about "fake" that emanate from France are a thin covering to the knowledge of guilt of the French bourgeoisie. Had the wreckers been executed the cry would still have been "fake," with the added dope about "murderous red terror."

The promise of answering the charges and proving them baseless which Poincare made at the beginning of the trial has never been fulfilled. The proof brought out was so damning against Poincare, Briand and Churchill that they could merely resort to the most vicious name-calling without bringing forward a single fact to refute the truth of the confession of Ramin and Co.

The war danger, which is just as great as before the trial and is more fully transferred to preparations for armed intervention against the Soviet Union, is still a reality.

\$200 from a Group of Carpenters Saves the Daily Worker Today

DO NOT ALLOW THE \$30,000 EMERGENCY FUND TO FAIL!

"You must have thirty thousand dollars, but the comrades are slow about advancing the money," writes a Detroit worker. With which statement the Daily Worker staff, struggling to get the paper into your hands—and never sure until it is actually on the presses that it will not be forced to skip a day—hearily 'n accord.

Never has the need for this working class organ been greater. With the swift justice of the workers' state already pronounced against the counter-revolutionary plotters within the Soviet Union, their masters, the imperialist powers and the international capitalists are redoubling their attack against the Soviet Union and the militant workers of their own countries. The failure of this plot brings the next imperialist war even closer: it makes it even more necessary for workers to fight the lies of the boss-press with the truth in their own.

It is even more important today than it was yesterday that the Daily Worker \$30,000 Emergency Fund should not be allowed to fail; that this weapon in the class struggle should not be threatened with a single day's suspension.

It's true that the response is growing—but it is growing too slowly. It is not yet a mass response. And it is not dependable.

Today the Daily Worker is published with the aid of a \$200 contribution from a group of carpenters, who make this greeting to their comrades. Tomorrow there may be no such contribution. The Daily Worker cannot be allowed to depend on such last minute donations. The \$30,000 fund is the task of the American working class. It must be accepted as a task. It must have mass support. Rush funds—use donation blank—Red Shock Troops on bottom page 3.

In an early meeting yesterday it was decided to form a union and a committee was elected to get the necessary cords for the enrolment of the workers today.

At both meetings the efforts of employment agencies to furnish scabs were denounced. It was reported also that a Spanish church on 115th St. is acting as a scab agency for the bosses, sending down members of the parish with letters to the Eagle Pencil Co.

(Continued on Page Two)

ALL OUT SAT. FOR SOVIET DEFENSE

Week End Meets All Over City

(Continued from Page One) let Union, must be combatted with the might of the workers in capitalist countries.

To combat the growing war preparations and to rally the workers to struggle against it, the New York district is calling a series of meetings throughout the city:

Anti-War Meetings.

Irving Plaza, Dec. 11th. Speakers: Wurtis, Foster, Amis, Trachtenberg.

Speakers: Williams, Moore, Becht, Amter, Kroll, Ho.

85th St. and Lexington Ave., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Sankari, A. Markoff, Kroll, Aziz, H. Williams.

Ambassador, 3875 3rd Ave., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Reiss, Olgin, Baker, Ho, Moore.

Grand Manor, 315 Grand St., Bklyn., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Flaiani, Bimba, Amter, Engdahl, Haywood, Lucy Wang.

1375 43rd St., Bklyn., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Lawrence, Hathaway, Obermeier, Chen, E. Walsh.

48 Bay 28th St., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Kogan, Ballam, Nesin, Damon.

2901 Mermaid Ave., Coney Island, Dec. 12.

Speakers: Sazar, Levine, Todes.

105 Thadlow Ave., Bklyn., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Weber, S. Don, Johnson, Alexander, S. Van Veen.

Newark, 93 Mercer St., Dec. 14.

Speakers: Harfield, Potash, Moore, S. Don, Hsu.

Elizabeth, 106 E. Jersey St., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Blosser, M. White, Wagenknecht.

Jersey City, 37 Henderson St., Dec. 12.

Speakers: S. Krieger, Biedenapp, R. Ragozin.

Perth Amboy, 308 Elm St., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Blosser, D. Gordon, Talenteur, Sepey.

New Brunswick, 11 Plum St., Dec. 11.

Speakers: R. Evans, Moreau, J. Rubin.

Paterson, 295 Paterson St., Dec. 12.

Speakers: Appel, C. Brodsky, Sroka.

Labor and Fraternal

Williamsburgh Unemployed

Will hold a mass meeting Wed., Dec. 13, 8 p. m., at 61 Graham Ave., Brooklyn.

Workers' Laborers' Theatre

Of the W.I.R. Rehearsals Mon and Wed. at 8:30 p. m. Important meeting of all members Friday, at 8:30 p. m. Educ. Com. meets Friday, at 8:30 p. m.

Special Meeting

Of the East New York Alfred Levy Branch, I.L.D., will be held Wednesday, Dec. 10, 8:30 p. m., at 524 Vermont Ave., Brooklyn. All members leave this date over.

The Office Workers Union

Will hold its regular business meeting Wednesday, Dec. 10, 7 p. m., at Labor Temple, Second Ave., at 14th St. All office workers are invited to attend.

Independent Shoe Workers Union

Calls all its members to come to a very important meeting, tonight at 8 p. m., at 16 W. 21st St.

Unemployed and Employed Medical Workers

Mass meeting will take place tonight at 8 p. m., at 16 W. 21st St.

The Present Events

In the Soviet Union will be discussed at the Workers Club of Brownsville, 118 Bristol St., tonight.

Plumbers Helpers Group, T.U.L.U.

Meet tonight, 8 p. m., at 16 W. 21st St. All helpers to attend.

Comrades

Must report tomorrow at 64 West 2nd St. for mass Daily Worker sale of special indictment edition.

Yorkville Branch, I.L.D.

Meets Thursday, Dec. 13, 8 p. m., at the Czechoslovak Workers Hall, 347 E. 72nd St.

Nat Turner Branch, I.L.D.

Meets Thursday, Dec. 13, 8 p. m., at Urban League, 204 W. 136th St.

If You Play an Instrument

Join the W.I.R. Brass Band. Rehearsals, Thursday nights, at 151 W. 28th St., first floor. Our band takes part in working class activities.

Councils 5-9 and 15 of the Bronx

Will have a lecture Friday eve, at 508 Miles Ave., Bronx, on Zionism, or the Situation in Palestine. Wm. Baum, of the Jewish Bureau will deliver the lecture. Discussion to follow. Proceeds to Morning Freiheit.

All Workers Are Traced

To come to a mass meeting for the Defense of the Soviet Union and to elect the Chinese Soviet Congress, Friday, 8 p. m., at Workers Center, 1901 Mermaid Ave., Coney Island. Arranged by Unite 5 and 6, Section 7, C.P.

Harlem Progressive Youth Club

Business meeting Friday, 8:30 p. m. All attend. Sunday night a road speaker will deliver a lecture. Address, 1482 Madison Ave.

Printing Workers Industrial League

Meets Friday, Dec. 12, 7:30 p. m., at 16 W. 21st St. Every comrade should be present. Exec. Comm. meets on Thursday, 8:30 p. m., same place.

Brighton Beach Workers

Children School Friday, Dec. 12. Supper for benefit of Daily Worker and Freiheit.

Defend the Soviet Union Meets

Friday 8 p. m. 1—At St. Lukes Hall, 125 W. 130th St. Prominent speakers.

2—Turn Hall, 50th St. and Lexington Ave. Prominent speakers. Audiences Section 4, C.P.

THE ADVENTURES OF BILL WORKER

— We Know Your Bunk —



FOSTER TO SPEAK AT NEEDLE MEET

Executive Board Will Open Sessions

NEW YORK.—The General Executive Board of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union issued a call for a plenary session of the General Executive Board, to be held in New York on Thursday, Dec. 25, to take up the dress strike preparations and then to meet in Philadelphia on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, Dec. 26, 27, and 28. The plenum will take up the report of the international situation of the needle trades as well as of the needle industry in the U.S.A. It will also take up reports from the various needle trades centers throughout the country, and will elaborate and concretize the decisions of the second convention of the union: to make a sharp turn in the direction of mobilizing the masses of needle trade workers throughout the country and to lead them in their struggles against wage-cuts and speed-up, and for the union demands of the seven-hour, five-day week, week work, and unemployment insurance.

UNITY COUNCIL MEETS THURSDAY

Important Matters to Be Taken Up

NEW YORK.—An important meeting of the Trade Union Unity Council will be held this Thursday, Dec. 11, at 7:45 p. m., at the Manhattan Lyceum. The main points to be discussed will be a report from the National Committee of the Trade Union Unity League, unemployment and the special signature drive, the organizing of the United Front Conference to be held on Dec. 19, and the sending of delegates along with the delegates from other cities, to Washington to present the Bill for Unemployment Insurance to congress. Other important matters will be discussed, such as the Fight to Smash the Injunction, struggle against the 12-hour day at Zeligers, and the strike of the Eagle Pencil workers against the 10 per cent wage-cut. All delegates are urged to attend this important meeting.

Don't miss full circulation tables each Wednesday in the Daily Worker.

BUTCHERS' UNION

Local 174, A. M. C. & R. W. of N. A. Office and Headquarters: Labor Temple, 243 East 84th Street, Room 42. Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M. Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

"October" Revolutionary Oratorio

of 1905-1917 performed by the Freiheit Gezan' Farein (300 SINGERS) with Symphony Orchestra and Baritone Solo Composed and Conducted by JACOB SCHAEFER

Saturday, December 20 at 8:30 P. M. SHARP CARNEGIE HALL 57th Street and Seventh Avenue Tickets: 75c; \$1; \$1.50; \$2 Sold by members of the chorus and Morning Freiheit, 25 East 12th St.

Have Your Eyes Examined and Glasses Fitted by WORKERS MUTUAL OPTICAL CO.

under personal supervision of DR. M. HARRISON Optometrist 215 SECOND AVENUE CORNER 12th Street NEW YORK CITY Opposite New York Eye and Ear Infirmary Telephone STUYVESANT 2556

25% REDUCTION TO CITY AND UNION WORKERS

READ AND SUBSCRIBE TO LABOR UNITY Latest Fighting Weekly Official Organ of the TRADE UNION UNITY LEAGUE

GATES: ONE YEAR \$1.00 6 MONTHS .50 3 MONTHS .25

Jobless Demonstrate Against Scabs; Council Gives Dance Dec. 11

NEW YORK.—The Unemployed Council, in solidarity with the 900 strikers of the Eagle Pencil Co. who are fighting against a 10 per cent wage-cut, demonstrated in front of the Fitzroy Employment Agency, which is attempting to hire scabs to break the Eagle Pencil strike. In order to broaden its work, the Unemployed Council of Greater New York is holding a dance at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., Dec. 12. Ryan Walker, staff artist on the Daily Worker, will give an exhibition of red cartooning. The Workers' Laboratory Theatre will put on a play. Many other features are arranged. Admission is 50 cents.

UNITY COUNCIL MEETS THURSDAY

Important Matters to Be Taken Up

NEW YORK.—An important meeting of the Trade Union Unity Council will be held this Thursday, Dec. 11, at 7:45 p. m., at the Manhattan Lyceum. The main points to be discussed will be a report from the National Committee of the Trade Union Unity League, unemployment and the special signature drive, the organizing of the United Front Conference to be held on Dec. 19, and the sending of delegates along with the delegates from other cities, to Washington to present the Bill for Unemployment Insurance to congress. Other important matters will be discussed, such as the Fight to Smash the Injunction, struggle against the 12-hour day at Zeligers, and the strike of the Eagle Pencil workers against the 10 per cent wage-cut. All delegates are urged to attend this important meeting.

Don't miss full circulation tables each Wednesday in the Daily Worker.

BUTCHERS' UNION

Local 174, A. M. C. & R. W. of N. A. Office and Headquarters: Labor Temple, 243 East 84th Street, Room 42. Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M. Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

"October" Revolutionary Oratorio

of 1905-1917 performed by the Freiheit Gezan' Farein (300 SINGERS) with Symphony Orchestra and Baritone Solo Composed and Conducted by JACOB SCHAEFER

Saturday, December 20 at 8:30 P. M. SHARP CARNEGIE HALL 57th Street and Seventh Avenue Tickets: 75c; \$1; \$1.50; \$2 Sold by members of the chorus and Morning Freiheit, 25 East 12th St.

Have Your Eyes Examined and Glasses Fitted by WORKERS MUTUAL OPTICAL CO.

under personal supervision of DR. M. HARRISON Optometrist 215 SECOND AVENUE CORNER 12th Street NEW YORK CITY Opposite New York Eye and Ear Infirmary Telephone STUYVESANT 2556

25% REDUCTION TO CITY AND UNION WORKERS

READ AND SUBSCRIBE TO LABOR UNITY Latest Fighting Weekly Official Organ of the TRADE UNION UNITY LEAGUE

GATES: ONE YEAR \$1.00 6 MONTHS .50 3 MONTHS .25

"IGDENBU"—A SOVIET FILM OF NOMAD LIFE IN THE NORTH SIBERIAN TAIGA

"Igdenu," the new Soviet film now playing at the Cameo, is one of the most satisfying of Soviet pictures that this reviewer has ever seen. It is simple, unpretentious and most decidedly unambitious. While the story of Igdenu, which means Siberian hunter, has undoubtedly been fictionalized for purposes of the film, it is nevertheless a convincing picture of rather than without reality. As a matter of fact, the slight plot merely serves as a frame around which is reproduced a real record of life in the Siberian wilderness. According to Amkino, which has released the film in this country, the picture was made without the use of professional actors or any special studio devices. The actors consist of native members of various nomad groups.

The film itself portrays the story of a nomad camp belonging to the Goldi tribe of Siberia. This tribe is Mongolian off-shoot. Its gentle and peaceful people live in the far northern Taiga, in the cold swamp lands of Siberia, and their small communities are really like large families. They live by hunting and fishing, and their existence is so simple that it is almost primitive. Consequently, when nature fails, when rain had flood destroy their catch of fish and the hunting is poor, there is nothing to restrain the spectre of starvation, unless it be some power from without. The lonely, primitive camps are like isolated blocs on the snow-covered country, and the only visitors are tigers prowling about in search of a dog that has died of hunger.

The Soviet producers have put all this in their movie, and they have done this with a full sense of contrast, with a feeling for the elements of nature and a skillful use of snow, rain and flood. It is impossible to see this picture without feeling that you have seen a well-filmed and accurate picture that could only have been made in the Soviet Union, where a gigantic labor of emancipation is being performed in understanding and in freeing semi-primitive people from the two-fold terror of natural calamity and human exploitation. Igdenu is the name of the central character in the story. He is the bravest hunter of the entire nomad camp. When the camp is faced with starvation because of a natural calamity, Igdenu is chosen to go to the city for help. Every season the nomads sold their catch to a trading

vulture who fed them booze and robbed them as freely as he could. When nature failed and there were no fish nor furs, the trader had no help for them. Instead, he demanded Igdenu's pretty wife in lieu of immediate payment of debts. And because Igdenu was out hunting for the starving nomads, the trader succeeded in getting his wife. A Red border patrol intervenes and saves her, but is forced to take her to the city. After nearly falling, Igdenu arrives in the city and enlists the help of the Soviet workers who rush help immediately. In the city, Igdenu finally meets his wife again and they return happily together on the boat that is bringing the relief to the starving hunters.

The plot is simple, as simple as the life of the people it portrays. In several spots, it is even crude and amateurish. Instead of allowing Igdenu and his wife to meet when they are about to cross one another's path on the city wharf, they are made to mis one another in the most unnatural way. It is only after the relief boat is leaving with Igdenu his wife and both are taken onto the vessel hastening to the rescue of the starving nomads. While this lengthens the film, the whole device is unnatural, obvious and really unnecessary. In spite of this, the onrushing boat communicates a tremendous sense of the power and significance of the new Soviet world. It holds out a new perspective of security and freedom from starvation; back of its relief cargo, it bears new and mighty possibilities of growth and emancipation. No more the robbing trader, no more a slave to an uncontrollable and inexorable necessity. The hammer and sickle flying in the breeze brings new courage and new hope.

In spite of its technical slips, this picture is an excellent reflection of a mighty reality.—A.L.

AFFAIR FOR NEW CENTER.

In celebrating the opening of the new Workers Center of Brooklyn, Section Six of the Communist Party is arranging a Concert and Dance to be held Saturday evening, Dec. 20, 8 p. m., at the new Workers Center, 61 Graham Ave.

NOW PLAYING! AMERICAN PREMIERE!

"RAZLOM" (THE BREAK-UP)

"Here is a picture in the tradition of 'Potemkin'... Usual high standard of photography in Soviet film... Night scenes particularly are tremendously effective."—Vern Smith, Daily Worker. A TENSE TALE OF THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION PRODUCED BY MEJERABOPIER IN U.S.S.R. POPULAR PRICES Cont. 2 P. M. to Midnight Direction: Joseph E. Fleisher

5TH AVE. PLAYHOUSE

66 5th Ave.—ALX. 7661

THE AFFAIR OF THE YEAR

PROLETPEN MASQUE BALL

at the ROCKLAND PALACE 155TH STREET AND 8TH AVENUE

Saturday Evening, December 13th ELABORATE PROGRAM

Artie Players Jazz Band (A novelty feature)

"THE RED ROOSTER"—A humorous satirical journal specialty published on this occasion and distributed to visitors.

The Harlemite Negro Orchestra will play

AUSPICES: PROLETPEN (PROLETARIAN WRITERS)

Tickets: \$1.00 at the Morning Freiheit Office 35 East 19th Street

NEWEST SOVIET SUCCESS! CONQUERED IGDENBU

(The Siberian Hunter) The story of Love-of Struggle-of Conquest among Nomad tribes of Northern Borders of Soviet Union

"Igdenu" is interesting... A tense story against the background of social conflict... Proletarian reconstruction reflected on the snow of the Taiga." —BUCHWALD, Morning Freiheit.

PRODUCED IN USSR BY VOSTOKKINO

42ND STREET POPULAR PRICES and BROADWAY WIS. 1789

THE THEATRE GUILD PRESENTS ROAR CHINA

A SOVIET PLAY BY S. M. TRETAKOV

"Roar China" is more than a play. It is an experience, gripping, inescapable... A stirring anti-imperialist play." —Daily Worker.

"Roar China" is a play that appeals direct to the heart and consciousness of the audience... It is a fiery anti-imperialist pamphlet." —Morning Freiheit.

MARTIN BECK THEA. 45th St. W. OF 8th Ave. EVES. 8:30 MATINEES THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, 2:30

Benefit Performance (Mayor Walker's Unemployment Fund) Sunday Evening, December 14

ELIZABETH, THE QUEEN

GUILD W. 52d. Eva. 8:30 Mats. Th. & Sat. 2:30

ROAR CHINA

MARTIN BECK THEA. 45th St. West of Broadway Eva. 8:30. Mats. Th. & Sat. 2:30

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS

NEIGHBORHOOD THEATRES

JEFFERSON

8:30 ACTS Bob Acts, Ben Marby, 14 Tam-O-Shanter Girls, Harry Foster Welch, Harry Holman and Co., Regay & Donahue, Revue Unusual, Albert Brothers

FRANKLIN

8:30 ACTS Frank and Mill Britton & Band, LaMar & Bayne, Madeline Patrice, Ronald & West, Sam Lewis Co., Four of a Kind

Big Money

with Eddie Quilan, Robert Armstrong, James Gleason

Sat. to Tues., Dec. 13-15

Constance Bennett

in "SIN TAKES A HOLIDAY"

"UJ ELÖRE" PRESS BAZAAR

ARRANGED BY THE HUNGARIAN WORKERS ORGANIZATIONS

Friday, Saturday and Sunday Eves., Dec. 12, 13, 14

AT THE HUNGARIAN WORKERS HOME 350 East 81st Street, New York City

Good Program — Good Music — Dancing Every Night HUNGARIAN MEALS

For the benefit of the U.S. FRONT, the Only Hungarian Communist Daily Tickets: Friday and Sunday, 50c; Saturday 50c, Combination, 75c

MOHEGAN COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Spanish Costume Dance A NIGHT IN MADRID at the ALHAMBRA 7th Avenue at 126th St. Friday Evening, December 12th, 1930 Tickets: One Dollar

Eyes! Scientific Examination of eye glasses—Carefully adjusted by expert optometrists—Reasonable prices.

D. D. Goldin, Inc. OPTOMETRIST-OPTICIANS 1690 LEX. AVE. 609 W. 181st ST. COR. 104th & 105th ST. NEW YORK N.Y.

All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S Vegetarian Health Restaurant 558 Clairmont Parkway, Bronx

Schillbroads Vegetarian RESTAURANTS Where the best food and fresh vegetables are served all year round 4 WEST 28TH STREET 37 WEST 32ND STREET 225 WEST 36TH STREET

For a Good Meal and Optician Prices Eat at the UNIVERSAL CAFETERIA Cor. 11th St. and University Place (Special Room for Conferences)

TEL. ORCHARD 3785 DR. L. KESSLER SURGEON DENTIST Strictly by Appointment 48-50 DELANCEY STREET Cor. Eldridge St. NEW YORK

Зубная Лечебница DR. A. BROWN Dentist 301 East 14th St. Cor. Second Ave. Tel. ALGONQUIN 7248

International Barber Shop 2016 Second Avenue, New York (bet 108rd & 104th St.) Ladies Robs Our Specialty Private Beauty Parlor

"For All Kinds of Insurance" CARL BRODSKY Telephone: Murray Hill 5555 7 East 42nd Street, New York

Cooperators! Patronize SEROY CHEMIST 657 Allerton Avenue Eatabrook 3215 Bronx, N. Y.

DEWEY 9914 Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sunday, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. DR. J. LEVIN SURGEON DENTIST 1501 AVENUE U, Ave. U, S. B.M.T. At East 15th St. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

DR. J. MINDEL SURGEON DENTIST 1 UNION SQUARE Room 603—Phone: ALGONQUIN 8139 Not connected with any other office

MELROSE Dairy RESTAURANT Comrades Will Always Find Us Pleasant to Use at Our Place 1787 SOUTHERN BLVD. Bronx (near 174th St. Station) PHONE — INTERVALE 9146

RATIONAL Vegetarian RESTAURANT 199 SECOND AVENUE, CH. 1st, 12th and 18th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian RESTAURANT 1600 MADISON AVE. Phone: UNIVERSITY 5866

John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHERS a place with atmosphere where all radicals meet 102 E. 12th St. New York

Advertise your Union Meetings here. For information write to The DAILY WORKER Advertising Dept. 50 East 19th St. New York City

LETTERS FROM THE SHOPS

Tammany Job Bureau and Hearst Rag Fooling Hundreds of Workers Into Applying for Hack Driver's License

Forty Thousand Taxi Drivers on Part Time; Those Working Average \$18-\$20

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 NEW YORK.—Hundreds of taxicab drivers are being fooled by the fake city employment agency and the Hearst rag, the New York Journal, in applying for jobs that do not exist.

The game is like this: The city employment agency gives the drivers cards to the Police Hack Bureau. There you go through the rigamarole of making application for a hack license, which takes several weeks. The idea is to keep you hoping that after you get a hack license you might get a job.

Read what the yellow Journal says editorially about it, in part: "If you are a man, can drive a car and want work, read this: There are between 500 and 600 jobs as taxi drivers open at the City Free Employment Agency, 54 Lafayette St., New York."

"A few days ago there were 1,000. About 400 were snapped up immediately. The others soon will be."

"The Evening Journal made arrangements to offer these places to qualified men, with the co-operation of the agency, the taxi companies and the police."

"Edward C. Rybicki, able director of the agency, calls it 'about the biggest single measure of relief' thus far."

"Many white collar men who have had their own cars in the past, but have nothing now, are among those who have taken advantage of the Journal offer."

Now, what are the facts? There are 40 taxi drivers now on part time three or four days a week. Of the 20,000 cabs on the streets, 9,000 are owned by individuals and 11,000 by fleet owners who employ about 61,000 men.

Extras are being put on all the time. If you're late several minutes you find an extra in your place. Wages? For a 10 to 12-hour day and 65-70-hour week we average \$18 to \$20, including tips. The crisis has hit the taxi business, too. Many who formerly rode to work now take the subway.

The General Motors is putting more and more cabs on the streets daily. The mayor's committee, which made a report that it would grant a franchise to the most responsible company, meaning the General Motors, caused a big howl to go up. The Tammany politicians make a pretense at fighting the granting of a franchise to General Motors, but behind the scenes are helping Morgan's outfit to get it and get a taxi monopoly in New York.

Which means worsening of conditions for the drivers who have no strength outside of their organized power under militant leadership. Such an organization is the Transport Workers Industrial League, 16 W. 21st St. Join now.

Well there I was waiting from 9:30 a. m. until 4:30 in the afternoon before my number was called. About 1:30 a Starvation Army girl hollered in and said coffee and sandwiches were on the way. In about half an hour they brought ham sandwiches or cheese. But you could only have one.

Lots of the people there hadn't eaten for two or three days and were about starved.

Not Charity, But Relief. Finally my number was called. They put us through all kinds of red tape, asking every question imaginable, all for one ton of coal. Some of the people had to stand in that very room waiting for their number to be called.

Workers, what we must do is to wake up and fight for workers' unemployment insurance. We do not want charity. We must form an Unemployed Council in Johnstown and in an organized way demand work or wages.

Cops Mishandle Men in Jobless Lines to Get Charity Work

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 NEW YORK.—A worker applied to the city relief committee on unemployment at 23rd St. and Fourth Ave. for a job. And after going all over the city of New York he finally was put to work, park work.

Now this worker has a wife and a child two months old. After working for the week he was told along with others that they were to report back to a certain place for their pay on Thursday.

He went on Thursday for his \$15 and was told that the paymaster was gone. Well, what was he to do? Wife and child hungry, out of food all day and behold, the virgin saint had spent his last nickel for carfare. What was to be done? He asked the foreman where and where could he see the paymaster. The foreman replied, "Godam, you're the third one that asked that question."

He then sent the worker to the sand pit (where he worked before). The paymaster was to be there at two o'clock. He and other workers waited until six, until the damn guy with the cash would come.

And then the paymaster told him after paying all others that he would not get paid until next Monday.

The young worker cried, the first time in his life. After pleading with the licksplitte paymaster he was finally taken into the office and given ten dollars, and told him to wait two weeks for the other five.

KNICKERBOCKER ICE STAGGERS MEN; ONE IS A SUICIDE

Drivers and Helpers to Be Short Timed

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 NEW YORK.—The Knickerbocker Ice Co. sent its workers staggering a la Hoover.

Early in November the engine room departments were told that they would have to go on the five-days-a-week basis with five days' pay. The employees took some with the idea that it would keep more of them at work for the coming winter.

Last week, to the writer's knowledge, two of these plants went staggering at 138 Cherry St. and 229 E. 38th St. The chief engineer and one other junior in each place put on twelve-hour shifts and seven days a week with five days' pay for the juniors. How many of their plants go on this basis the writer cannot say, but expects all plants to do the same.

A meeting is called for at C and Lafayette Sts., Brooklyn, tomorrow night (Dec. 5) at which the drivers and helpers may go staggering in the form of a notice regarding their hours and wages.

This is the company that laid off Henry Hennings at their 12th Ave. and 37th St. Plant in Brooklyn this spring after he worked 35 years for the same and who two weeks after committed suicide, knowing that to live meant slow starvation instead of a pension after many years of hard work and long hours.

Get a 1931 Daily Worker calendar free with a six months' subscription or renewal.

ST. PAUL JOBLESS PARADE IN STREET

Demand Quick Relief From City Council

(By a Worker Correspondent)
 ST. PAUL, Minn.—The Unemployed Council here staged a huge demonstration, in which 500 workers paraded through the streets, blocking street cars, and other traffic, and gathering workers as they marched. When they reached the City Hall over 1500 workers stormed the building which was amply guarded by well fed dicks and cops.

The committee which went to the City Council was composed of Ollie Sturpis, a Negro worker, Bobby Roast representing the youth, Morris Harrison, TUUL organizer, Wm. Mercer of the Unemployed Council and George E. Powers, District Secretary of the TUUL. Boyington and Carlson spoke from the steps of the courthouse to the cheering throng.

The committee brought the demands of the workers to the City Aldermen. They moved "to take under advisement." This was exposed as a move to shelve the demands of the unemployed. Sudheimer objected with mock indignation to this. This same Sudheimer is at the head of the Armour Company which has recently laid off a great number of workers, and he is Commissioner of Public Safety and thus head of the police department.

The workers are carrying on their fight for the bill in spite of the attempts of the city council to shelve it.

CLEVELAND MASS MEETING DEC. 11

Greet Chinese Soviets and Hit War Plotters

CLEVELAND, Dec. 9.—Greetings to the Chinese Soviets and protests against anti-Soviet plotters, both here and in Russia, will be voiced by Cleveland workers at a mass meeting on Dec. 11, to be addressed by Anna Louise Strong, editor of the Moscow News, and James M. secretary of the Chinese Alliance. The meeting will be held in the Slovenian Auditorium, 6417 St. Clair Ave., at 8 p. m., under the joint auspices of the Friends of the Soviet Union and the All-American Anti-Imperialist League.

Besides dealing with the plots of the sabotage ring and the anti-Soviet schemes of the capitalist powers, as exposed in the recent trial in Moscow, Anna Louise Strong will report the great strides which the Soviet Union is making in socialist reconstruction through the Five Year Plan and the introduction of collective farming. She is a recognized authority on Soviet conditions, being the author of several books on the subject and having traveled extensively through the Soviet Union as correspondent for different American publications. Strong has also traveled in China, covering the nationalist advances of several years ago and accompanying Boreidin, advisor of the Kuomintang at that time.

On Dec. 12 James M. will speak at another mass meeting to greet the Chinese Soviets at Youngstown, Ohio.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

MOSLEY AND COOK OF BRITISH LABOR PARTY DRAW VICIOUS FASCIST PLAN

"Daily Herald," Organ of MacDonald Approves As Do the Conservatives; Want to Save Dying Capitalism

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The British Mussolini is in the making and he comes from the so-called lefts of the British labor party. Sir Oswald Mosley, a rich parasite, who has played a leading role in the MacDonald government, now comes out with the most sweeping fascist plan ever proposed in England. The social-fascist British labor government is rapidly developing into fascism. Among Mosley's supporters, of whom there are 16 labor members of parliament, is none other than farker A. J. Cook, general secretary of the Miners' Federation, who for some time has paraded as a "left."

Mosley's plan, which was published Sunday, is a more openly fascist stand than the program of Mussolini before the fascists seized power in Italy.

Realizing the bankruptcy of British capitalism and the parliamentary system, Mosley comes out with a call for a dictatorship of the bosses to "plan economy," prepare for war and lead the struggle for world markets. The main point in his plan is the creation of a Board of Five to run the country, out wages, modernize industry and attempt to pull dying British capitalism out of the severe crisis.

Mosley, like Mussolini, thinks parliament is through. "For ten years the parliament of the country has refused to face the facts," he says in his statement proposing fascist control of Great Britain. "We must now find a way of compressing into a short period the readjustments we failed to carry out in the last decade."

Mosley's appeal is made to the youth, much in the fashion of Hitler, the German fascist. The Mosley gang, likewise, are now mobilizing their fascist shock troops among the young, especially the bourgeoisie and the elements in the labor party, who, through the MacDonald government's policy, were prepared for fascism.

The most significant feature of the plan is the enthusiasm with which it is received by all the capitalist parasites in Great Britain, including the labor party. While MacDonald hasn't said a word about it, and may pan it for appearances sake, the official organ of the labor party, the "Daily Herald," greets the fascist proclamation with gusto. It says:

"To exaggerate or minimize Sir Oswald Mosley's manifesto would be a mistake. Right or wrong, it is a sincere effort to formulate a policy to meet the present emergency and should be judged on its merits. His plan for import boards in connection with food-stuffs and raw materials is thoroughly in line with the labor policy. . . . The labor party is ready to give a fair hearing to the new proposals. . . ."

From the conservative side, there is no fundamental disagreement with the plan, but the conservative Daily Telegraph quibbles over who should be the dictator under the plan.

"It is magnificent and breathtaking, but it will not do. Would not the biggest man of the five, presumably Sir Oswald himself, be a virtual dictator, or on the highroad to become one? The national emergency we do not deny, but we are not yet persuaded," etc.

Other conservative papers go on along the same line. They like the plan, but they would like the dictator to be a conservative, and they need a little more "persuading."

The labor government is well on the highroad to fascism.

French Workers Pledge Selves to Soviet Defense

(Wireless by Inprecorr)
 MOSCOW, Dec. 8.—The court received many documents from foreign workers for the wreckers' trial. Two letters from French workers and soldiers were especially noteworthy. Twelve workers from a Paris factory for gas protection appliances reported that their factory was working in recent months exclusively for Poland. A hundred thousand gas masks are being produced yearly. The same production is being carried on in Bordeaux, Stettienne and other cities. Polish and Rumanian officers are always visiting French factories and buying great quantities of masks.

These facts confirm the defendants' statements at the trial. The wreckers and spies supporting Poincaré's criminal plans must be destroyed.

A letter from a soldier of the Paris garrison reports the tremendous interest of the soldiers in the detailed reports of the trial given in the newspaper L'Humanite, French Communist paper. "We felt long ago," they said, "that something was not 'n order.' The behavior of the officers is more arrogant, discipline is more severe, military exercises have been increased. This increases the uneasiness of the soldiers who are unwilling to fight and won't fight against the Soviet Union."

Recently a commander of a machine gun company found in the barracks anti-militarist leaflets appealing to the soldiers to prevent war against the Soviet Union. The commander ordered a search of all the soldiers' cupboards, but found no evidence. Likewise, soldiers who were otherwise indifferent to politics now declare that they will use their arms to fight, not against, but for the defense of the Soviet Union.

2931 CALENDAR FREE!
 Historical data on big events of the class struggle in the first annual Daily Worker Calendar. Free with six months sub or renewal.

Syracuse Mass Meet Dec. 15 to Demand Jobless Insurance

SYRACUSE, Dec. 9.—The drive for 1,000,000 signatures on the unemployment petition is gathering headway in this city. Already hundreds of signatures have been collected. On Dec. 15, Monday evening, a mass unemployment conference will take place at the Workers' Center, corner S. Townsend and E. Jefferson Sts., to adopt resolutions for a struggle for, immediate relief and to build unemployed councils to enforce these demands.

The collection of signatures reveals mass suffering, starvation, cold and misery with the local charities merely scratching the surface and moreover, treating the recipients of their miserable crumbs like dogs. The story of how the local Community Chest handles its applicants for help will be found in another part of the papers.

ALL YEAR VACATION place—\$10 per wk. Write Avanta Farm, Uster Park, N. Y.

FIRST ANNUAL DAILY WORKER CALENDAR FOR 1931

Seven striking half-tone pictures of the class struggle never before published, including: An unpublished picture of Lenin addressing Moscow workers. Views of the biggest strikes and demonstrations in the U. S. Five smashing cartoons of the class struggle. Important quotations from Marx, Engels, Lenin, etc. 15 pages—one for each month—printed in two colors on heavy paper, size and form. Neatly bound, indispensable in every Red worker's home.

FREE with every six months' subscription or renewal. Get your fellow worker to subscribe. You get a calendar, he gets one too. Without subscriptions price \$1.00 (Only one calendar to each worker).

DAILY WORKER 50 EAST 13TH STREET, N. Y. C.

By Mail: \$1.00 a month, outside Manhattan and Bronx, one month \$1.00; 3 months, \$2.50; 6 months, \$4.50; 1 year, \$8.00.

CAMP AND HOTEL NITGEDAIGET

BEAUTIFUL ROOMS HEATED MODERNLY EQUIPPED

Sport and Cultural Activity Prelectarian Atmosphere

117 A WEEK CAMP NITGEDAIGET, BEACON, N.Y. PHONE 731

Increase of 6438 Daily Circulation Since Start of Drive Shows Lack of Real Fight

Tables in today's report show the changes in circulation since the start of the campaign for 64,000 readers. A total increase of 6438 is registered for the 41st day of the campaign ending December 1.

Only two districts, Seattle and Denver passed their December quotas. The Chicago increase, which appears in these tables as 1304 is stimulated by an order for 4,000 papers for Chicago's Red Sunday. This order was averaged over the week. Counting this increase Chicago reached 80 per cent of the December quota. The South made 72 per cent of its December quota. Cleveland increased 650 or 71 per cent; California 581 or 68 per cent; Detroit gained 804 or 50 per cent.

In the gains for cities San Francisco with an increase of 222 passed its December quota. Milwaukee gained 210 or 92 per cent of the December quota.

DETROIT, CHICAGO LEAD IN CHALLENGES

Both Philadelphia and Chicago challenged Detroit. What happened? Philadelphia increased its Daily circulation 351 or 27 per cent. Detroit has far outstripped Philadelphia by increasing its daily sale by 804 or 50 per cent.

The Chicago increase, counting the average of its Red Sunday order, is 1304 or 80 per cent of its December quota. If this circulation should hold Chicago would be the winner in this 3 cornered battle. Not counting this order Chicago has increased by 700 or 41 per cent of its December quota and is still ahead of Philadelphia. So Chicago's final place in the line-up will depend on how much of the Red Sunday order can be made into permanent circulation.

District 4, Buffalo, challenged district 15, Connecticut. Buffalo has put on 117 new Daily readers or 23 per cent of its December quota while Connecticut gained 65 or 11 percent. Milwaukee challenged St. Louis and gained 210 or 92 per cent of its quota. St. Louis has made no gains in the drive.

OAKLAND FAR IN LEAD OVER BOSTON

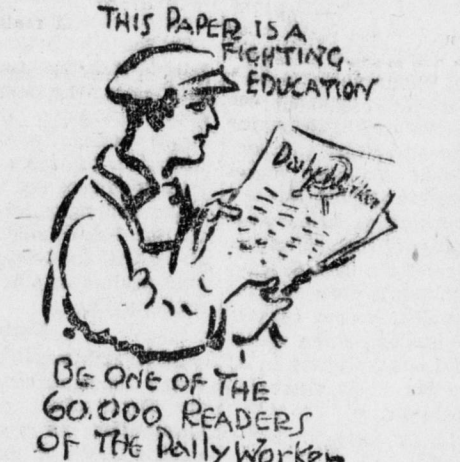
Oakland with a gain of 94 or 44 percent has outdistanced Boston which gained 35 or 11 percent. Complete check on all challenges will be made during the course of the campaign.

Here are the tables showing the changes in circulation between November 1 and December 6. The figures for November 1 are taken for the start of the drive as they are the first figures published which were not influenced by special editions etc.

Summary by Districts.

District	Subs. Nov. 1	Nov. 1	Nov. 6	Nov. 6	Total	Total	Increase	Percentage
	Nov. 1	Nov. 1	Nov. 6	Nov. 6	Nov. 1	Nov. 6	Nov. 6	Nov. 6
1. Boston	432	367	473	373	790	816	47	6
2. N. Y.	1038	6150	1486	724	7407	8610	1213	16
3. Phila.	789	366	796	600	1125	1456	331	29
4. Buffalo	230	245	357	336	516	593	77	15
5. Pitts.	510	123	544	350	862	874	12	1
6. Cleveland	837	634	878	1386	1481	2141	650	44
7. Detroit	978	1201	1623	2061	2280	2664	384	17
8. Chicago	1278	2345	1858	2691	2623	4987	2364	90
9. N. Minn.	284	358	463	454	727	887	160	22
10. Kans. City	220	178	238	248	398	443	45	11
11. Agric.	134	91	129	93	225	222	-3	-1
12. Seattle	288	400	300	867	697	1167	470	67
13. Calif.	698	710	690	1320	1438	2019	581	41
14. Conn.	109	148	215	199	317	412	95	30
15. South	45	41	85	93	106	169	63	59
17. Birming.	101	133	105	152	234	287	53	23
19. Denver	83	45	99	137	125	236	111	111
Unorg.	85	10	87	58	143	168	25	18
	8810	12601	9120	19619	22211	29749	6538	40

NOTE—These figures do not include miscellaneous, foreign and special editions.



Summary by Cities.

City	Subs. Nov. 1	Nov. 1	Nov. 6	Nov. 6	Total	Total	Increase	Percentage
	Nov. 1	Nov. 1	Nov. 6	Nov. 6	Nov. 1	Nov. 6	Nov. 6	Nov. 6
Boston	432	367	473	373	790	816	47	6
N. Y. City	822	5187	908	6235	6018	7120	1102	18
Phila.	789	149	400	448	539	918	379	52
Buffalo	232	52	352	128	284	183	101	36
Pittsburgh	130	78	136	117	207	307	100	48
Youngst.	24	46	25	66	70	91	21	30
Cleveland	219	173	285	392	452	671	225	50
Detroit	752	1172	781	1959	1921	2380	459	24
Gary	38	28	40	38	68	68	0	0
Milwaukee	60	293	91	402	283	493	210	72
St. Louis	101	116	100	110	211	210	-1	-1
Chicago	728	1494	762	2699	2321	3161	840	36
Minneapolis	57	180	61	180	237	241	4	2
St. Paul	61	59	72	90	123	168	45	37
Kansas City	18	29	20	47	75	75	0	0
Seattle	65	321	78	703	386	715	329	129
Portland	46	45	50	50	95	95	0	0
Los Ang.	248	397	244	393	645	637	-8	-1
San Franc.	122	96	111	232	221	443	222	100
Oakland	29	75	80	126	151	218	67	44
Denver	63	42	77	117	105	224	119	113
Okla. City	6	100	6	100	106	106	0	0

1921 NEW SUBS AND RENEWALS IN DRIVE

Since the beginning of the campaign 1080 new subscriptions and 831 renewals have been received. Six hundred names have been dropped from the lists. This shows a clear gain of 486. Paid in advance subscriptions went up from 3484 to 4251, a gain of 767.

818 SOLID GAIN IN WEEK ENDING DEC. 6

The increase for the past week is not shown in the above tables. However the following changes in circulation during the week were registered:

District 1, Boston lost 3; District 2, New York, gained 143; Dist. 3, Philadelphia, gained 80; Dist. 4, Buffalo, gained 80; Dist. 5, Pittsburgh, 55; Dist. 6, Cleveland, 80; Dist. 7, Detroit, 28; Dist. 8, Chicago 801; (666 of this is the 4000 Red Sunday order averaged for a week.) Dist. 9, Minneapolis, 59; Dist. 10, Kansas City, 4; Dist. 11, Agricultural, 5; Dist. 12, Sea-Write, lost 34; Dist. 13, Agricultural, 5; Dist. 14, Seattle, lost 34; Dist. 15, Calif. gained 222; Dist. 5, Connecticut gained 4; Dist. 17, Birmingham, gained 1 and Dist. 19, Denver gained 1.

The total gain for the week was 1484 of which 666 is due to the 4000 special order from Chicago. Not counting this order the gain was 818.

During the week 191 new subs were received together with 148 renewals. Sixty three were dropped. The net subscription increase was 186.

"PAINT IT RED" LISTS TO INTENSIFY SUB CAMPAIGN

The drive for subscriptions must be intensified. This campaign will be aided by the offer of "The Five Year Plan" by Gregory T. Grinko with every yearly subscription and renewal and the offer of the 1931 Daily Worker calendar with every 6 months subscription or renewal.

The Red-Baiters Meet in the Capitol

By HARRY GANNES

Hamilton Fish and other inquisitors on the Fish Committee had made many public statements about hundreds of thousands of Communists in the United States. Fish, Nelson and Bachman, when they had William Z. Foster before them, tried their best to put their own pet estimates of the Communists and sympathizers into the mouth of Foster. They talked about fantastic figures; but Foster talked of realities.

"There are between 10,000 to 12,000 dues paying members in the Communist Party," he said. "These are disciplined Communists. As to our support among the masses, that varies. The whole workingclass in the United States—potentially Communist. On March 6th, over a million unemployed and employed workers rallied to the demand for unemployment insurance, under the leadership of the Communist Party. This does not mean they are Communists. On various issues there is a varying number of workers who support the struggles of the Party. In the last election 100,000 Communist votes were counted."

Then Bachman and Fish began to quarrel about the figure of 2,000,000 Communist sympathizers. After Bachman let it be known that he had discovered the startling fact that "Pravda" is the official organ of the Communist Party in the Soviet Union, he stopped questioning and Nelson took up the examination.

Nelson is a peculiar egg. He is systematic. He has a little black note book before him with a compilation of what he has deluded himself to believe are facts of the Communist movement. His characteristic pose is to insist that he has a little different mode of rooting out Communism from the rest of the Committee. From his questioning of Foster it is clearly evident that he is going to present a bill providing for the deportation of all foreign-born workers who have the guts to fight against capitalist, or even to talk against it.

"Do you think foreigners should interfere with our government," he asked. "Every worker who comes to America," Foster replied, "brings two hands with him and is a producer. He must have the right to fight for his interest. This carries with it the implication that he has the right not only to fight for the improvement of his standard of living but for the establishment of a workers' society."

In the afternoon Fish began the quizzing of Foster. To understand Fish's system of attack it must be borne in mind that Fish admitted later in the day that he was 100 per cent for a secret police to deal with the "reds;" he approved of wholesale deportations of workers who fought against wage-cuts, and for the abolition of capitalism; and was for the smashing of trade with the Soviet Union.

Fish talks rapidly. He has memorized his questions. He puts heavy emphasis on the flag and waves it whenever a discussion of unemployment falls him. He started out on high gear:

"What are the aims and principles of the Communist Party?"

"To organize the workers to defend their interests under the capitalist system," Foster replied, "and eventually to abolish the capitalist system and to establish a workers' and farmers' government."

After some more questions along this line, Fish jumped to religion. From religion he came to the question of force and violence. The Central Committee statement, which Foster had read at the opening of the hearing, deals with this fully. When talking about 9,000,000 unemployed facing starvation; about the crisis of capitalist and its bankruptcy; about the growing revolutionary struggles throughout the world, Fish is weak. He tries to avoid these things. "Violence" sounds harrowing.

So he pops out: "Do you believe in force and violence?"

"First let me say that the statement which I read here fully explains our position on that question. However, let me read the Program of the Communist International, and I will further amplify it," said Foster. He then read on page

34 of the Program, as follows:

"The conquest of power by the proletariat does not mean 'peacefully' capturing the ready-made bourgeois state machinery by means of a parliamentary majority. The bourgeoisie resorts to every means of violence and terror to safeguard and strengthen its predatory property and its political domination. Like the feudal nobility of the past, the bourgeoisie cannot abandon its historical position to the new class without a desperate and frantic struggle. Hence, the violence of the bourgeoisie can be suppressed only by the stern violence of the proletariat."

"Now," said Foster, "in the struggles against wage cuts the workers are met with the most brutal violence. In Danville the strikers are threatened by the armed militia. On March 6th a peaceful demonstration in New York of 110,000 workers, on the admission of ex-police commissioner Whalen himself, is slugged by thousands of police. It is the bosses, who to perpetuate their system of exploitation, resort to the most brutal violence against the majority of the workers."

"Do you believe in the establishment of a Soviet government in the United States," was Fish's next question.

Foster replied: "First I want to say that the Soviet regime is a whole era in advance of the capitalist system in the United States. We believe in the abolition of the decaying, rotten system of capitalist which is bankrupt, and the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government here."

Then began Fish's series of "allegiance" questions. Instead of asking about giving allegiance to the bosses, their system of exploitation and their government, Fish waved the flag in Foster's face.

"Do you give allegiance to the Soviet government in Russia," he asked in a manner which indicated that "now I've got the goods on you!"

"We are guided by the furtherance of the interest of the workers all over the world. We believe in the international solidarity of the workers in their struggles against the bosses wherever they are. The Soviet government is the only workers' government in the world. The Soviet government is the beginning of a new system of society in which the exploitation and degradation of the workers is abolished. The workers of the whole world look upon the Soviet Union as their country, and the workers of the world will defend it against the attacks of the capitalists who are only waiting for a favorable moment to renew an armed attack."

"The flag is Fish's strong point. 'Do the workers look upon the Soviet flag as their flag?'"

"The workers of this country, and the workers of every country," said Foster, "have only one flag. That is the flag of the proletarian revolution. It was, also incidentally the flag of the American revolution in its earlier stages. The red flag is the flag of every workers' revolution. It is the flag of the Russian revolution."

After a few sorties about allegiance to the American flag, or the red flag, Fish concluded his examination by asking: "As a Communist, you look forward to the coming of the world revolution, do you?"

To this Foster answered: "As a Communist I know that the capitalist system is bankrupt. All we have to do is to look out upon the world today and see it in a state of collapse. In China the masses are forming Soviets. Revolutions in Latin America; revolutionary upheavals in Spain, in India. Political and economic crises in Germany and Poland. The capitalist system is cracking."

All the while that Fish was questioning Foster the room was filling up until every inch of space was taken. In this room of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives never before had anything like this happened. The old toadies of the bosses' government looked as if they could not understand it all. Strange days had descended on capitalism.

The questioning was next taken up by the old bourbon from the South, Congressman Hall of Mississippi.

THE WORKERS SHALL JUDGE



By BURCK

Red Sparks

By JORGE

Mulrooney's Severe Discipline

Just to show that he knows what to do in an emergency, Police Commissioner Mulrooney has transferred a bunch of dicks from the "vice squad" as punishment for getting caught grafting.

These dicks will now be in line for promotion providing they work hard in beating up strikers. Doubtless Mr. Mulrooney will soon explain the "severity" of his punishment by calling attention to the aversion he has against adding to the number of the unemployed.

We Thought So

A colleague informs us that the rather noisy and raucous publicity about Einstein, who is being induced to give his learned opinion on a lot of things he knows nothing of, proceeds from the fact that he has been taken in tow by Henrik Van Loon, who is making a sort of racket out of the professor's fame, inducing him to visit Hollywood, all all the rest.

While we are about it, we must say that the average honest worker has no idea of the way such things are being put over. The trans-oceanic flyer from France, Coste, for example, was capitalized by the owner of a certain New York night club, who arranged all his "receptions" by the "leading citizens of Dallas, Texas," and the rest of the villages where the local Babbitts could put up enough cash for the promoter.

As old Carl Marx said in the Communist Manifesto of 1848:

"The bourgeoisie has stripped of its halo every occupation hitherto honored and looked up to with reverent awe. It has converted the physician, the lawyer, the priest, the poet, the man of science, into its paid wage-laborers."

A Quiet Sabbath

Maybe it was staged a little early for the arrival of Prof. Einstein to appreciate as a part of his "cosmic religion," but the holy fur sure flew in New York on Sunday.

"Put him out!" "You ought to be lynched!" These and other appreciative Christian sentiments, accompanied by just and far from spiritual kicks, accompanied the disturber of divine benediction at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, as a squad of cops gave the offending Methodist, Judge Lindsey, the bum's rush from the house of the Episcopalian god.

Bear in mind, please, that while they have no monopoly on the practice, the Episcopalians, who look to the Almighty to save them from all harm, took no chances on His being absent for week-end, and called a no less than thirteen cops from the police department. And no doubt these worthies, all devout Catholics and confirmed grafters, took especial delight in doing His work in right royal style. Having rescued the bumptious Methodist from being lynched by wrathful Episcopalians, they chucked him in the hoose-gow and were free to make the rounds collecting beer graft for he precinct captain and turning an honest penny holding up prostitutes.

The Episcopalian Bishop who has been interrupted (it appears by mistake, the Methodist Judge having been unacquainted with the rules of the game as pulled off in the Episcopalian ring), after having proceeded as far as: "now unto God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Ghost—" continued:

"... be ascribed, as most justly due, all honor, power, dominion, and glory, world without end. Amen."

So, the "power, dominion and glory" being sustained by Tammany cops, the worthy Bishop retired to his lair and a sanctified peace settled down over all the cathedrals, speakies and brothels of the greatest city of the earth.

Postscript: Ard, doubtless at the same hour, in some far village of the Russian steppes, Ivan and Katrina, the peasant couple who has joined the collective last Spring and seen that deep plowing, clay seed and a combined harvester were worth more than the prayers and holy water of the lousy long-haired priest, decided to throw their ikon away. Which event, in our humble opinion, is more important than what happened at Bishop Manning's wigwag last Sunday.

"Scientific" Counter-Revolutionists

The confession of Prof. Ramzin at the Moscow trial included the statement that he thought the new (New Economy Policy) meant a "return to capitalism" and when he found out it wasn't that way, he started his plans of counter-revolution.

The "wobblies" went through something of the same evolution. They, too, insisted that the NEP meant a "return to capitalism"—though they were illogical enough to refuse to admit that there had even been any departure from capitalism in Soviet policy.

Now, in the "Industrial Worker" of Nov. 29, they complain bitterly that the Soviet has a Red Army prepared to defend the gains of the workers and peasants won by revolution, from the armed intervention scheduled by the imperialist powers to be carried out next year "at the latest."

These impossible soundrels make not the slightest protest against the interventionists, but direct their protest at the Soviet Union. And what is the logical conclusion of such a policy. It is that if workers in the capitalist countries are drafted into an interventionist army to invade the Soviet Union, that instead of going over to the Red Army and fraternizing with the Red soldiers, supporting the Soviet power with their arms against their "own" capitalist, they should regard the Red Army with hostility, as an armed enemy which should be destroyed because, in defense of the revolution—and its gains, it is armed.

This we see that the so-called "pacifist" non-entities is not merely a negative thing, rejecting armed forces "in general," but is a positive acceptance of the interventionist plans of the imperialist governments of counter-revolution. We do not see any real willingness to all the members of the I.W.W. to do this, but just as certainly we do change the members who write and publish such capitalist propaganda with counter-revolution, and despoiling of whatever punishment revolutionary workers can administer to them.

Fight Against White Chauvinism

By E. D. AMIS

The majority of Negro toilers after hearing our program for full equality and the right of self-determination of the Negro majorities in the Black Belt, readily agree that our line is correct. The establishing of a correct political line on the Negro question and our efforts to put this line into application has brought under our influence thousands of Negro toilers. But there is sharp disparity between our influence and our organizational advances. It is well to make a thorough examination and discover some of our weaknesses.

We are agreed that our political line is correct. But have we positively convinced the Negro toilers of this fact? Do they believe that we are sincere? Have we energetically attempted to eradicate their distrust? Have our enlightenment campaigns among the white and Negro workers been sustained and persistent? To these questions we must give the negative answer, No!

The existence of such burning questions give concrete evidence for the cause of such alarming disparity and suspicion. One of the most fundamental reasons for this condition is white chauvinism. This vitriolic, capitalist, venom as yet pervades the minds of vast sections of the white American working class and can be found in a semi-dormant stage among few Party members, union members, and sympathizers.

Bourgeois Prejudice in Action

Recently, several Negro workers attended a dance at the Finnish Workers Club in New York. The presence of these dark skinned workers was objectionable to certain non-class conscious elements. An attempt, on the part of these hoodlums, was made to eject the Negroes. In a mild manner their plans were thwarted and the Negroes remained.

In the Lithuanian Cooperative restaurant in Chicago this "white superiority" cropped out in a bold manner, at the unemployed workers convention. The "comrades" of the restaurant refused to feed the Negro delegates, giving as the pretext that it would hurt their business. They suggested and did give to the Negroes money in order that they could eat somewhere else.

At the Russian Cooperative restaurant in Gary a stubborn policy was carried thru in refusing to employ Negro workers. One was hired, but at a

case, (only in the two years following the World War more than 12,000,000 Indian lives perished from famine and accompanying diseases—about the same as the whole number killed during the war), when the whole organism of the country forced into service to the interests of British national economy is rotting from stagnation and sinking to the bottom,—this is not "chaos." This is law and order!

But, when the people take up arms and kill several hundreds of thousands of titled killers of imperialism, of parasitic landlords, of princes who squander the property of their subjects in the gambling houses of Paris—why, this is intolerable "chaos!"

You look at China... Yes, China, most liberal gentlemen! In China the gunboats of your American and British friends promenade the waterways and shell the banks of the rivers, ousting the Red Armies from their positions. There, from the time of the revolution of 1911, the great robber powers have been supplying arms to the Chinese war lords and instigating wars. This, to you, is not chaos.

But, when the Chinese revolutionary masses, under the leadership of the Communists, are ousting the militarists from their homeland, rousing the people against the eternal wars, civilized Europe and America raise the cry about "bandits" and circulate stories of "cruelties" which bear close resemblance to similar lines of the World War and about the Russian Revolution.

Fortunately your lying propaganda is powerless to terrorize the masses. "He who sleeps on the rock of calamity need not be afraid to be roused by an earthquake." An excellent proverb, which can well stand as the Indian equivalent for "The workers have nothing to lose but their chains."

The revolution is knocking at India's doors. When it enters there will be "chaos"—chaos for the British slave owners, for the native exploiters. But, the three hundred million strong masses of India will hail the revolution as their liberator and the forerunner of a better order of life and society.

meeting of the board a vote was taken and the majority vote of the white chauvinists discharged the worker.

Also in this same city it is reported that the Party section organizer slandered and ridiculed the Negro leadership in the Y.C.L. This organizer made statements that Negro work is no more important than any other kind of work and that Negro comrades should only do Negro work. He gave the vicious lie that Negro comrades in Gary joined the Party for special privileges and accused them falsely of importing white girl comrades from Chicago for a dance.

In the Needle Trades Union, the officialdom fails to recognize the necessity of doing special work among the 15,000 Negro needle trades workers in New York. In some of our union shops, Negro workers receive lower wages than the whites for the same kind of work, but the shop committee does not think it important to pull a strike and fight for equal pay for equal work for the Negro union members. Our comrades stated that the Negro workers are not discriminated against in the industry, they only receive lower wages.

Methods of Work

Such crass manifestations of white chauvinism create Herculean obstacles that rightfully cause the Negro toilers to be suspicious of the white Communists, our program and unions and remain on the fringe of the movement. We have not conducted a broad and intensified educational campaign in our press and organizations. Our best efforts have been all too feeble. It has been stated that we have not jumped at the throats of these one hundred per cent Americans. There is no place in the movement, Party and unions, etc. for such elements, who by their action contribute to the support of American capitalist oppression of the Negro masses.

It is not enough to pass resolutions of protest a week later, after the deed is done and the culprits have gone some place else to continue their dirt. It is insufficient to have a Negro speaker come later to speak on the Negro question and thunderously applaud him. Mild criticisms and slow action to condemn white chauvinism do not demonstrate to the Negro toilers that we are sincere in assuming the hegemony of the Negro liberation movement.

But at the time the act is committed, the Communists and members of the revolutionary trade unions must openly brand and expose those one hundred per centers. We must conduct a tenacious, systematic, and consistent fight against this Yankee arrogance, which combined with social antagonisms creates special forms of national and social oppression under which the Negro masses endure great hardships.

The Communists attending the Finnish dance, should have instantly stopped the dance and exposed the racial chauvinism which is capitalist ideology deeply rooted in the American working class. A thirty minute educational talk should have been given, denouncing the rowdies and calling upon the workers to pass a protest resolution to be published in the Finnish press and other press. Wide circulation could have been given the resolution. Many protest meetings should have been held condemning bourgeois prejudices and hoodlumism. These same tactics should have been applied in the Lithuanian and Russian Cooperatives.

Our leadership cannot retain polluted functionaries. Unless they make a sincere repudiation and energetically set about to purge themselves of bureaucratism and white superiority, they must be expelled. Words of confession mean little, but daily deeds and actions will convince and win the Negro toilers to struggle with the white class conscious proletariat for full equality. In the Party and press these functionaries must be exposed. A persistent barrage must be directed against them. They should be placed on trial before a workers' court and ruthlessly prosecuted by white and Negro workers. At mass meetings of the workers these elements must be stigmatized for what they are. Special series of meetings discussing the subject must be held.

Role of Negro Masses

Only such methods of work will win the Negro toilers for our revolutionary unions and Party, thereby closing the gap between our tremendous influence and organizational gains.

The Negro masses are a huge reservoir of dynamic revolutionary material. If we fail to real-

They Lied in Vain

NEW YORK.—"Justice," the official organ of the International Ladies' Garment Workers, admits in its issue of Dec. 5 what the Daily Worker charged on Nov. 22, that the I. L. G. W. and Amalgamated Clothing Worker chiefs, meeting with Mayor Walker had agreed to help him shift the burden of taking care of the masses of unemployed over onto the shoulders of the workers. A meeting was held on Nov. 18 in Walker's office. The next day the Daily Worker charged that Dubinsky and Schlesinger and Hillman had agreed that clothing for the jobless should be produced by the needle workers without pay, and turned over to the bosses to give away as they liked.

That same day, the I. L. G. W. chiefs stated in their trade papers that they had not offered the working needle workers for this sacrifice, and the next day the Daily Worker took note of the denial, and stated that no one would believe it, and that the schemes were going forward.

Now They Admit It

Dec. 5 issue of the "Justice" now admits most of what was charged, saying only that Dubinsky and Miller of the Amalgamated put through the deal in Walker's office on Nov. 20 (two days after negotiations started and one day after the fakers had denied they were doing anything of the sort).

The arrangement was made in Walker's presence, between Dubinsky and Miller and (quoting from Justice):

"Leo A. Del Monte for the Cloak and Suit Industrial Council, Morris Nagel and Maxwell Coppeloff for the Merchant Ladies' Garment Association, Morris Kolchin for the Affiliated Dress Manufacturers, and J. A. Rogers for the dress jobbers. The employers promised to supply the materials and the work places, while Secretary Dubinsky pledged all the labor required in the production of the garments. A similar pledge was given on behalf of the men's clothing workers."

"The carrying out of this plan now waits on the notice from the employers that they are ready with the goods and the factories. On the night preceding the meeting in the office of Mayor Walker, the New York Cloak Joint Board voted to approve of the idea that idle cloakmakers be requested to make up all garments for unemployed at half price and in this manner make their own contribution to the relief of the needy jobless men and women in New York."

Changed a Little

Evidently the prompt exposure of their plans to victimize the workers and save the bosses from paying wages for manufacture of clothing for the jobless had the effect of halting action and changing the plan from no pay at all to half pay.

But the principle remains the same: workers are to be fleeced to do what both jobless and workers should organize to force the employers to do. All workers should reject this skin game of the I. L. G. W. bureaucrats, and fight for unemployment insurance, relief, at the expense of the government and the bosses.

TODAY IN WORKERS' HISTORY

December 10, 1805—William Lloyd Garrison militant leader in movement for emancipation of Negro slaves, born at Newburyport, Mass. 1830—Simon Bolivar, liberator of South American provinces from Spanish rule, died. 1917—U. S. Supreme Court upheld yellow dog contract in Hitchman Coal and Coke Co. decision. 1921—Czechoslovak Communists declared general strike against government's slowness in passing social legislation, seized factories and estates. 1921—Twenty thousand striking milk drivers and their families held parade in New York City. 1923—Gas explosion in coal mine at Cahaba fields, Alabama, 61 dead.

Let us see that we understand the class struggle and the important role that these potential allies of the white revolutionary proletariat will play. We fail to see the growing resistance of the black toilers throughout the world. Our task is to assist them in their efforts to gain freedom. We must help mould this revolutionary urge into a fighting confederacy of white and Negro workers for the great struggles that lurk in the near future. We must destroy white chauvinism, branch and root, to achieve this aim.

The Indian Revolution, Gandhi, and His American Admirers

ARTICLE No. 2

Gandhi and the Revolution

It would be utterly incorrect to conclude from what has been said that Gandhi and the Indian National Congress, especially its left wing headed by Jawaharlal Nehru, is not the greatest danger to the Indian revolutionary movement. If the movement till now was unable to build up strong class organizations embracing broad masses of workers and peasants, if, during the many months of growing revolutionary unrest among the masses accompanied by uprisings in the cities and villages, the movement continues to mark time without any conscious revolutionary perspective, the main responsibility is that of Gandhi and his adherents. Lenin used to warn the Russian workers against the bourgeois intellectuals even when they glibly talked about revolution:

"The influence of the land-owners on the people is not so terrible. They will never succeed in deceiving for any considerable length of time any considerable broad masses of workers and even peasants. But the influence of the intelligentsia; which does not directly participate in the exploitation; which has been taught to work with general words and ideas; which is loaded with all kinds of 'good' traditions and sometimes because of its stupidity, though sincere, turns its inter-class position into a principle of classless parties and classless politics,—the influence of this bourgeois intelligentsia on the people is dangerous. Here and only here are we faced with such a contamination of broad masses as can bring real harm and requires the most strenuous efforts of socialist forces in order to fight this poison."

This warning fully applies to the Indian National Congress and to the bourgeois intellectuals who form its leadership. But Gandhi and the Indian bourgeoisie do not want a revolution—Gandhi has openly declared more than once. And as without a revolution, i. e. without violent overthrow of British domination in India, independence is unattainable, so all their swearing by independence is not worth a cent. How many times has the Indian National Congress bartered the demand of independence for a benevolent smile of His Excellency, the Vice-

roy? They will surely sell independence for a mess of porridge this time, too, if the Indian workers and peasants do not take the fate of the revolution into their own hands.

Why is the Indian bourgeoisie so afraid of revolution? Because the Indian workers and peasants will shed their blood, not for the glory of the Indian capitalists and landowners, but for their own class interests. The Indian workers want to work eight hours, not ten. Yet the representative of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, during the very height of the developments last spring, when workers on the streets were boldly attacking the police and falling under their bullets, at this very moment demanded from the Royal Labor Commission legislative enforcement of an 11-hour day!

We already mentioned that the National Congress has guaranteed the landed property of the zamindars—the sworn enemies of India's freedom. Yet the land-hungry peasant is not to be expected to miss his chance when the revolution comes.

It is this fear of the revolution which is concealed under Gandhi's propaganda of non-violence, as a "moral" principle. Other more intelligent representatives of the Indian bourgeoisie know that except for a couple of hypocritical preachers, the modern world is laughing up its sleeve at Gandhi—the saint. They accordingly produce other arguments against a revolution in India. Says D. G. Mukerji: "It is no use hiding the fact that the revolting youth of the country may be so disillusioned that they will go right into organizing a violent revolution when they come out of their jails. That will slowly push India into such a chaos that it will be ten times worse than what has undertaken China." (Page 169).

The body of "chaos" has been in all ages and in all countries the stock-in-trade of the "wise" impotent liberals who are sympathetic, benevolent, well-wishers, who hope somehow to reconcile revolution and reaction.

According to the opinion of these cultured gentlemen, what is now going on in India, what has been going on there for more than 150 years of British domination, is not "chaos." When millions die every year from starvation and dis-