

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

GATHER WITH YOUR SHOPMATES IN
"FRIENDS OF THE DAILY WORKER"
GROUPS.
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ENTER SOCIALIST COMPETITION IN
DRIVE FOR 5,000 "DAILY WORKER"
SUBS.

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CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

Slogans for the Fight Against the War Danger

Withdraw all American troops and gunboats from Chinese waters and soil!
Hands off the Chinese masses!
Down with the Japanese imperialist invasion of Manchuria!
Smash the intervention moves of imperialism against the Soviet Union!
Defend the Soviet Union!
Down with war on the Chinese masses!
Down with the imperialist invasions of Manchuria!
Long live the unity of the toiling masses against the imperialist bandits!
Down with world imperialism, the oppressor of the Chinese masses!
The Japanese bourgeois landlord government—the enemy of the toiling masses of Japan and China.
Down with American imperialism—the murderous exploiter of the Chinese masses.
Down with the Japanese robber government.
Defeat the American and Japanese plots for a new world war.
Smash the imperialist plans for a new world slaughter.
American workers—support your Chinese brothers against their common enemy—Wall Street and the imperialist government in Tokio!
Down with the Kuomintang, the agent of imperialism!
Long live the full independence of China!
Long live the Chinese Red Army!
Long live the Chinese Soviets!
Long live the international solidarity of all exploited and oppressed peoples!
Hail the Red Army of the Soviet Union!
Fascism—A screen to conceal war preparations.
The League of Nations is an instrument of war!
The Kellogg Peace Pact—Wall Street's weapon for war.
The Second Socialist International—as much an enemy of the Chinese people as the imperialists.
Down with the Japanese labor bureaucrats—the supporters of Japanese imperialism. Hail the heroic Japanese Communists!
Down with the American Socialist Party—the social fascist supporter of American imperialism.
The leadership of the American Federation of Labor fights Unemployment Insurance while it supports the war program of the Hoover-Hunger government. The strike breaking leadership of the A. F. of L.—the war partner of American imperialism.
Organize and strike against wage cuts. The billion dollar war funds for Unemployment Insurance. Fight for Unemployment Insurance at the complete expense of the bosses and their government.
While the bosses cut our wages they spend billions on armaments.
Build the Trade Union Unity League, Industrial Unions!
Down with the social fascist international!
Fight the growing fascist terror!
Hail the Communist International—the leader of the oppressed throughout the world.
Build the Communist Party! Join the Communist Party!

New Nanking Gov't in Massacre of Students

Japan Rushing More Troops to Manchuria as Mass Resistance Grows; United States Recruiting Ex-marines

Troops Fire Into Demonstrators in Capital as Cantonese Arrive Under Guns of Armored Train

BULLETIN.

In a fake demand for publication of the secret notes between the United States and Japan over the Manchurian seizure, the U. S. Senate yesterday called upon Stimson to give it all governmental notes on the question.
Senator Johnson, who originally sponsored the demand, declared that Stimson had the power to withhold papers he felt it not compatible with the public interest to disclose.
Publication of the secret notes would expose the leading role being played by the United States in the armed intervention against the Chinese masses and the preparations for an attack on the Soviet Union.

Troops of the new "left" government of the Canton clique which succeeded the discredited Chiang Kai-shek regime, yesterday

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

More Improvements for USSR Workers Planned During 1932

According to figures published in the official organ of the Soviet government, Izvestia, the standard of living of the Russian workers will be raised tremendously in the coming year.

Now that the Five Year Plan for

heavy industry has proven itself so successful, the Soviet Union is turning more of its attention to food, clothing and other lighter branches of industry. The amount of money to be set aside for supplies will be 187.2 per cent over 1931. 36 per cent more will be expended on the large scale restaurants and 14 per cent for manufactured goods.

As a further step towards the solving of the housing shortage, nearly ninety per cent more than in 1931 is cent more on parks and other public to be spent for homes and 181 per projects. The output of electricity is to be doubled and the road system will be greatly improved in order to facilitate the use of the trucks and autos that are rolling off the belts in the new industrial giants.

Next year special attention is to be paid to the development of the state farms for butter, eggs and the other staples, which American workers are seeing less and less of.

Because of the tremendous increase in travel, and transportation of goods, the Soviet railroad has been subject to very severe strain. Railroads have been the weakest link in the Five Year Plan. Next year the investment in this branch of the economic life of the U. S. S. R. will be increased by 343 per cent over this year.

The Russian workers and peasants are reaping the fruits of socialist construction.

JACK SCHNEIDER IS ACQUITTED

NEW YORK.—The frame-up instigated by the bosses and by President Kaufman and his clique in the International Fur Workers, against Jack Schneider, organizer for the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, collapsed yesterday afternoon when the jury, deliberating only 12 minutes, brought in a verdict of "not guilty."

Schneider was charged with stabbing a Kaufman gorilla named Nudelmann, last year.
The frame-up was so brazen that prosecution witnesses admitted on the stand that they were offered large sums by the Kaufman gang to commit perjury against Schneider.

Nudelmann himself first said some one else did it, they told his friends that he was paid \$50 a week for a long time to say that Schneider was the man.

Ford Slashes Pay of Negro Workers to 12½ Cts. An Hr.

NEW YORK.—Hendry Ford, under the guise of "paying off the debts" of a village of 500 starving Negro families who formerly slaved for the Ford Motor Co., is now enforcing practically slave labor, with a heavy slashing of wages.

Inkster, a village of 1,000 Negroes, owned lock, stock and barrel by the Ford Motor Co. has been plunged into debt, starvation and misery. Into this situation Henry Ford finds a way of coming more money. Instead of the much vaunted \$6-a-day standard, Ford has driven these Negro workers beset by hunger, to work for 12½ cents an hour. "The men are taken out of the \$6-a-day group," says a telegram to the New York Times, "and work was given them at 12½ cents an hour, \$1 a day being about what was needed actually to feed these families."

But even this money is not given to the workers. Their wives are forced to work without pay in a kitchen established by Ford. The Ford "experts" have complete control of the village. "Nothing is being given to anyone free" the New York Times. Ford is able to coin money out of the misery of the Negro workers and at the same time hypocritically pose the a charitable philanthropist.

So deeply in debt are these workers that even when they work, their pay is taken by the storekeepers to whom they are indebted. "Hundreds of dollars of debts had been incurred," says the Times, "by many of the men—and as fast as the men went back to work their pay was garnished, until not a sufficient amount was left to feed and clothe their families. The women and children suf-

fered as much as ever."

Then Ford devised the bright scheme of making the workers work without pay and turning the money over to the bosses to whom the Negro workers were indebted.

MR. DOAK SEES "RED"

By MAX BEDACHT.

THE newspapers are giving prominence to a recent official statement by Mr. Doak. In this statement Mr. Doak announces that his sleuths have uncovered the terrible secret that the recent Hunger March was led by Reds, by Communists. Unquestionably Mr. Doak feels that the government needs some justification for having received the Hunger Marchers with an army of armed police and for having refused any form of government relief.

Mr. Doak is the head of the Department of Labor in the Cabinet of President Hoover. This department was established under the pretense that labor needs a representation of its interests in the Presidential Cabinet. The office of the President and his Cabinet, however, is one of the branches of

FIGHT ANTI-STRIKE LAW IN ILLINOIS

Legislature Refuses to Read Attack On Syndicalist Law

Frame-up By UMWA Aim to Keep Workers Under Hunger Rule

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 17.—The United Front Committee headed by the International Labor Defense, formed to fight against the criminal syndicalist law, went to the state legislature to make its demands but was denied the floor. The United Front Committee is demanding the release of Bill Gebert, organizer of the Communist Party in Chicago, and six other workers who were indicted on criminal syndicalist charges in Southern Illinois.

The Daily Worker exposed the fact several days ago that the indictment against Gebert and the others was made at the request and by the cooperation of the United Mine Workers officials and the coal operators. The indictment itself said that to call for a strike against hunger and starvation was criminal syndicalism.

When the United Front Committee was refused the floor in the Illinois Legislature it presented a statement, but the statement was not read by Speaker Shanahan. He called it "anarchistic" because it exposed the criminal syndicalist law and how it is used to enforce hunger and to prevent the workers from organizing for struggle.

Socialist Heads in Germany Back Fascist Pay Cut Order

(Cable by Inprecorr)

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—As a result of the new Brüning emergency decree a terrible wave of wage cuts is sweeping Germany. The British metal workers were handed a 15 per cent wage cuts by the Socialist arbitrator Wissel. The Silesian miners got a 10 per cent cut. A 15 per cent cut was given the Rhineland and Westfalia metal workers. A 15 per cent cut was handed out to the building trades workers. The reformist trade unions, headed by Socialists, have completely capitulated and are offering no resistance.

NEW YORK.—A new betrayal of the workers by the Socialist Party of Germany was executed Wednesday by the full acceptance of the latest Brüning fascist decree which orders a ferocious attack against the standard of living of the German workers.
At a meeting of several hundred leaders of the Social Democratic (Socialist) Party, the General Federation of Labor (controlled by the Socialist misleaders), and the Reichsbanner, a Republican organization, it

Hunger March Leaders Urge Preparations for Feb. 4 Demonstrations

Unemployed Negro Worker Faces Death for Taking Pair of Shoes; Capitalist Relief Program Nothing But Murder of Jobless

BULLETIN.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., Dec. 17.—Graphically depicting the frightfulness of the boss terror against the unemployed workers and the Negro masses is the case of a Negro worker here, who is facing electrocution for the theft of a pair of shoes.
The worker, John Moore, has been convicted of first-degree burglary, which is this state carries the death sentence.
Jobless, starving, without shoes to protect his feet, denied relief by the boss charity racketeers, Moore entered the home of Mitchell Keyes and stole a pair of shoes. Defended by a bourgeois lawyer, the main argument of the defense was that the worker was insane when he stole the shoes.
The working class must answer this murderous attack on the unemployed by tremendous mass protests against this fascist death sentence.

NEW YORK.—1,500 New York workers paid admission to Central Opera House to hear the leaders of the National Hunger March report Wednesday night. It was an enthusiastic meeting, which voted unanimously to carry on the fight, build Unemployed Councils, circulate the lists for signatures demanding

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Negro, White Reformists Spur Betrayal Against Scottsboro 9

By CYRIL BRIGGS.

The appeal against the lynch verdict sentencing eight of the Scottsboro boys to burn in the electric chair is to be heard before the Alabama Supreme Court on Jan. 18.

As the hearing nears, the Negro and white reformists are redoubling their efforts to betray the fight against the Scottsboro frame-up and against the whole murderous system of Negro national oppression of which the Scottsboro case is a classical example.

The Negro press is being flooded with statements as to what is "being done" to free these boys by the N. A. A. C. P., by the Fellowship for Reconciliation, by the Inter-racial Commis-

sion.
(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Laundry Strike to Go On Despite Boss Court Injunctions

NEW YORK.—Decision on the injunction asked by the bosses in the Active Laundry strike, will be handed down this week. Many workers have thrown scab laundry solicitors out of their houses. The strike is being led by the Laundry Workers Union.

All workers who wish to help in this strike are urged to come to the office of the Laundry Workers Union at 260 E. 138th St.

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KY. MINERS SPREAD CALL FOR STRIKE

Rank and File Must Build Union to Prepare Strike

State Their Demands Fight Against Hunger and Terrorism

PINEVILLE, Ky., Dec. 17.—The Clover Fork Coal Co., near Harlan, Ky., fired 18 men Monday for attending the National Miners Union convention and for union activity in preparing for strike January 1. Families have received notice to vacate houses all over the Kentucky coal fields.

The Harlan Gas & Coal Co., which worked steadily until now has worked only one day since the convention. The miners say the company is trying to starve them so they will work when the strike is called. The wife of Mac-Summer who was kidnapped on the order of the coal operators, has received an eviction notice. Creech, the boss of the coal mine, says he will give her a few additional days to

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Bail Release For Canada Communists Secured by Masses

Canadian Toilers Are Rallying to Defend Their Party

TORONTO, Canada.—With more and more workers organizations rallying to the defense of the Communist Party of Canada, now under attack by the Bennett government, the eight Communist leaders sentenced to prison terms for membership in the Party under the anti-labor sedition act, have been released on \$20,000 bail each December 14.

The splendid solidarity and response of the workers who brought property bonds from Hamilton, Ishawia, Welland, and all parts of Toronto was instrumental in forcing the early release of the leading members of the Communist Party.

The Crown prosecutor opposed the granting of bail to the Communists, and although Chief Justice Mulock, sitting at the hearing for bail release made evicious comment on each defendant, he was forced to accept bail for an appeal.

Campaign Against Section 98

The drive for 3,000 endorsements of organizations against Section 98 of the Criminal Code sponsored by the Toronto Conference for the Repeal of Section 98 is making good progress. Word has been received by the Canadian Labor Defense League that many organizations throughout the country have already acted on their own initiative in sending in such protective resolutions.

Mary Mooney Scores Blarney of Governor Rolph in Son's Case

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 17.—Charging Governor Rolph of California with a lot of fakery in his action in the Mooney case, Mrs. Mary Mooney, mother of Tom Mooney, a few days ago addressed a letter to the Governor. The letter read in part:

"It looks like you're usin' my boy for a football like all the other Governor's did.
"You kick him to Mr. Sullivan, and I guess he'll kick him back to you."

"You're the fourth Governor since my boy went to jail, and his party black hair turned gray. He became an old man in jail.
"You say I'll take three or four months to look over the facts. Faith, and it makes me old Irish heart sick to hear that old Elarney.

"And you were Mayer when it happened (the Preparedness Parade bomb explosion frame-up for which Mooney is serving a life term), and sure should know all the facts."

Fraud and Force in Pinchot-Mellon's Pennsylvania

MORE evidence comes to hand every day proving that the Hoover-Gifford "emergency unemployment relief committee" operates with the bludgeon of economic and political pressure—by threats of discharge, blacklisting, and other forms of intimidation in its collection of "relief" funds from workers still employed by corporations which have openly cut wages and introduced the stagger system of wage production.

The poor are kind to the poor. Taking advantage of this fact the "emergency relief fund" committees, composed always of the bankers and bosses, cajole and coerce the great bulk of the contributions from workers. The slogan is: "Put the whole burden of unemployment on the working class!"

A few more interesting items along this line come from the Pittsburgh sector—which we will not allow the Hoover-Gifford committee to forget is the principal of Andrew Mellon, secretary of the U. S. treasury. Governor Pinchot sent his state troopers to break up the Hunger March and demonstration before the penitentiary at Blawnox where 27 miners and steel workers are serving long sentences for strike and unemployment activity.

Miles Resetar, a Communist worker sentenced under the criminal syndicalism law, recently died there from tuberculosis. Pinchot speaks in softly sympathetic tones about the sufferings of the unemployed, he makes a grandstand play asking Mellon for a "million dollar loan for unemployed relief," but the clubs of his state cossacks are not soft. He let Miles Resetar cough his lungs out in prison.

The American Tinplate Company at McKeesport took \$20 from each worker for "emergency unemployment relief." If that was all a worker had coming that week the company took it all and he got no wages.

The Westinghouse Company assesses each worker one per cent of their wages for "relief." The Blawnox Steel took three days' pay from each worker.

Working part time and under wage cuts, with other cuts coming, the Pennsylvania workers are still called upon to pay the bills of their bosses.

From the Wall Street Journal we glean the following interesting item: "Chicago—Contributions totaling \$112,700 were added to the joint emergency relief fund of Cook County Friday. . . . Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. employees pledged \$28,000. Hart Schaffner and Marx employees \$15,000 and Lord, Thomas and Logan employees \$11,395." (Emphasis ours).

347 more months of subs to Daily Worker still not fast enough for drive

One hundred and ten subscriptions to the Daily Worker were received in yesterday's mail, as compared with 65 subscriptions the day before, a gain of almost 100 per cent. Very good, but still not enough to get rapidly near the goal of 5,000 12-month subscriptions.

With bills pending in Congress for more attacks on the workers, with the conference scheduled for today between the railroad bosses and the A. F. of L. misleaders to sneak a wage cut over the protest of thousands of railroad workers, with Doak's open attempt to outlaw the Trade Union Unity League, the \$173.50, representing 347 months of subscriptions, that came in yesterday's mail is not enough.

The rank and file of the A. F. of L. have rallied to defend the returning Hunger Marchers against the police terror as in Detroit and other cities. The rank and file of the A. F. of L. will defend the Unemployed Councils against Green and Doak. Get to these workers with your subscription books.

Speed subs to the Daily Worker

New 'Friends of Daily Worker' Group in Mississippi--Build 300 By January 18!

TOP SUB DRIVE WITH DAILY WORKER JUBILEE ON JANUARY 3RD

Red Sunday to Open First Big Mass Effort in Drive for 5,000 12-Month Subs

The first big MASS effort in the campaign for 5,000 subscriptions to the Daily Worker will start this coming Sunday at 10 a. m. This coming Sunday will be known as RED SUNDAY. It has been set aside for a GENERAL MOBILIZATION of all Party members and sympathizers to canvass workers homes to spread the Daily Worker, to tell the workers about the aims and activities of the revolutionary press, and to get subscriptions for the Daily Worker.

The following are the stations for Red Sunday. Come with your friends to help one of these stations this Sunday at 10 a. m.

BROOKLYN: 61 Graham Ave., Williamsburg; 136 15th St., So. Brooklyn; 48 Bay 28th St., Bath Beach; 1373 43rd St., Boro Park; 2921 West 32nd St., Coney Island; 148 Neptune Ave., Brighton Beach; Pitkin Ave. and Christopher Sts., Brownsville; 450 Hicks St.

BRONX: 569 Prospect Ave.; 1400 Boston Road; 1310 Southern Blvd. MARLTON; 2072 14th Ave.

DOWNTOWN: 301 West 29th St.; 132 East 28th St.; 142 East 3rd St.; Downtown Workers' Club; 11 Clinton St.; East Side Workers' Club, 196 East Broadway; Red Sparks Club, 380 Grand St.

NEWARK: 121 Springfield Ave.

PATERSON: 205 Paterson St.; 60 Paterson St.

PERTH AMBOY: 308 Elm St.

JERSEY CITY: 109 26 Union Hall St.

JAMAICA: 302 Henderson St.

"Bring the Daily Worker into every workers' home."

CLEVELAND ISSUE DRIVE BULLETIN

We Challenged Detroit! We Must Win! RED SUB CAMPAIGNER

Section two has issued a Challenge to Section three. Now let us hear from the rest of town sections.

We have not heard from the units about the challenge. Section 1, it is up to you to put the drive across. All units have received their list of readers, and subs that have been dropped; see that they are assigned to the members who live close by.

Section two has arranged a Readers Meeting for Monday Dec. 14th at 8 P.M. at 202 E. 19th St. What about the other sections?

An easy way to get a sub—take a sub card and call on your neighbor.

What about asking that worker to subscribe to whom you gave your old copy?

Get a six-page DAILY within your grasp. (more reading matter for the same price).

WE WANT SIX PAGES!

We get the subs. and the DAILY does the rest.

This must be confidential. Only

74 months, just a bit over 2 years. For the first week, not so good, now all together—for a big boost on the second week.

The Capitalist press prints hundreds of thousands of copies. The Daily Worker reaches only one thousand daily. HELP SPREAD THE DAILY WORKER PROGRAM!

DO NOT FORGET THE DAILY WORKER PROGRAM!

How to fight the war danger. Build the unemployed council. Fight for the release of class-war prisoners. Fight for the abolition of the original-expiration law. For the protection of foreign born, by increasing the workers' press, THE DAILY WORKER.

We want the name of the comrade getting the subs, to appear on the sub cards, so that we shall have a record of the comrade getting the most subs.

This little space is to let you know that you must also write for the Ohio page. It appears every Friday.

A CHALLENGE IS NOT BROUGHT TO WORK TO WIN!

Fur Conference of 2 Unions Elects United Leadership

Declares for Broad Organization and Fight Against Present Evils; Warns Bosses Kaufman Bargains Will Be Repudiated

NEW YORK.—The Unity Conference of fur workers, consisting of representatives of the Fur Department of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union and the elected Joint Council of the International Fur Workers, held last night at Webster Hall, adopted a definite plan as the basis for united action to establish union conditions in the fur trade. The Unity Committee will immediately proceed to put into effect this unity of action and to mobilize the fur workers for real struggles at the expiration of the agreement. The plan is contained in a resolution which says:

"We immediately proclaim unity in the ranks of all fur workers, regardless of their political beliefs, and union affiliations, on the basis of the program adopted by the mass meeting of fur workers at Cooper Union, September 17, 1931.

"A United Front Committee is to be elected by this mass conference to carry out in practice all decisions of the conference and the program adopted in Cooper Union.

"The elected United Front Committee will inform the employers' associations and individual employers that any contracts between the employers and the Kaufman clique, which calls itself 'Joint Council of the International Workers' Union, affiliated with the A. F. of L.', but which was not elected by, does not represent, and is repudiated by the fur workers, will not be recognized by the fur workers, members of the Joint Council and the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union.

"The only bodies authorized to confer and negotiate with the employers about the conditions of the fur workers, are either the workers themselves through the established shop unity committees, or the representatives of the United Front Committee, of the Joint Council and the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, and that no agreement will be recognized unless approved by the fur workers.

To Take Referendum.

"The elected United Front Committee stands instructed to submit this program and all other decisions of this conference as the basis for united action to a referendum vote to the fur workers, and that all fur workers, regardless of their union affiliations, have the right to participate in this referendum vote.

"The elected United Front Committee shall immediately proceed to organize shop unity committees and to mobilize all fur workers, regardless of their union affiliations for struggles for union conditions, union wages, union control and jobs for the unemployed, in accordance with the program adopted by the Cooper Union meeting.

"The elected United Front Committee shall issue a call to all the fur workers to unite and organize in the shops under the leadership of their elected unity committee for the struggles for better working and living conditions, for active resistance against exploitation of the bosses and their agents, against extortion and terror of the company union agents, and rally in support of the activities of the United Front Committee, morally, financially, so that with united ranks to put an end to the brutal exploitation, speed-up, sub-contracting, wage cuts, piece work, long hours

New Series of Pay Cuts Hits Workers in New Bedford, Mass.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 17.—It is nothing surprising here for textile workers to come in to work and find a new wage cut. Last week a general wage cut was given with the help of the labor fakers Batty-Beens & Co.

A few days ago the weavers in the Hathaway mill started to work and found that another wage cut of 12 per cent was given to all the weavers. Over 10 weavers were affected by this cut. The National Textile Workers' Union is arranging a meeting of its Action Committee in this mill to take up this cut. We call upon all workers, unorganized UTW members and NTWU members to unite into the action committee of this mill and prepare struggle against these wage cuts.

MECHANISM TO PREPARE DRESS STRIKE BUILT

Firm Unity Committees in Shops; Go Over Heads of I.L.G. Chiefs

NEW YORK.—The membership meeting of dressmakers held last night in Webster Hall adopted with enthusiasm the plan of the dress trade committee for building a mass organization committee to immediately start work in preparation for strike against the present merciless wage-cuts and bad conditions.

Concrete steps were taken to bring this committee into life. The fake maneuvers of the company union agents, their struggle against the unity of the workers in preparation for a real strike, were denounced by the workers and it was decided to begin a mass campaign among the members of the International to unite above the heads of the misleaders.

All dressmakers are called upon to join the ranks of the organization committee and actively participate in the struggle, to form unity committees in the shops to take up the fight against wage-cuts and to help solidify the ranks of the workers for an effective struggle against the bosses and their agents of the company union.

Dressmakers working in open shops are called upon to bring in their complaints to the Industrial Union, so that steps can be taken to help organize these shops.

Dainty Dress Strike Won.

The strike against the Dainty Dress Co., 2 W. 32nd St., which was declared Wednesday, was settled yesterday afternoon. The workers won a raise in prices and all other union conditions.

The following shops have been declared on strike: W. R. Dress, 253 W. 26th St., and the London Dress, 245 Seventh Ave.

The strike against the London Dress is in the third week and all are called to the picket line this morning.

SIX AFFAIRS FOR WORKERS CENTER

Funds to Complete the Construction Work

To complete construction and equipment of the New York Central Workers Center housing the Central Committee of the Communist Party, the District Committee, the Daily Worker and Freiheit and other Party institutions, six affairs will be featured daily from December 24 to 31.

A colorite Dance will be held Christmas Eve, December 24th, at the Workers Center, 35 E. 12th St.

"Anti-Religious Night" will be held Friday, December 25, with a performance by the Workers Cultural Federation and the Workers Anti-Religious League.

A Red banquet in honor of the Central Committee will be held Sunday, December 27, 7 p. m., with delegates from all revolutionary organizations.

A New Year's celebration will be held December 31.

PICKETS ASK FOR "DAILY WORKER"

Cop Fails to Stop Sales

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 17.—There was a militant picket line at the Manhattan Shirt Co. yesterday morning at 7 a. m. A Daily Worker red builder went on the picket line and sold 16 Daily Workers in a few minutes. While the line was marching the police sergeant came over to him growling, "Get out of here before I pull you in, before I send you up the river, you ain't got no license to sell them papers." "I have a discharge from the Marines," said the Red Builder. "Get going now before I discharge you with this." (Meaning his club)

Another Red Builder who had just come with his Daily Workers was selling them on the picket line. The police tried to terrorize him too, but they were unsuccessful because the workers on the line were anxious to get the Daily Worker. Altogether 30 were sold to a group of workers about 50 who were mostly women.

Hunger March Movie Shows Need of WIR Medical Organization

NEW YORK.—The official moving picture of the great National Hunger March will be seen in premiere release at the Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., on Sunday, Dec. 20, at 1:30 p. m., reveals the tremendous necessity for the newly established Workers' International Relief Medical Unit.

Scores of Hunger Marchers whose low vitality and undernourished conditions are typical of the physical depletion of millions of unemployed workers received first aid from the Workers' International Relief Medical Unit which accompanied the march upon the epic moving picture of the great hunger trek.

At least a dozen workers were so poisoned by the "benevolent" rackets at Washington and Baltimore that they required further medical attention upon their arrival in New York. The Workers' International Relief has placed several of them in hospitals for special care.

BAKERIES DUMP BREAD INTO BAY

NEW YORK.—Although very little baking is done by the Coney Island bakers, they dump the bread into the bay. In the last few days many of the Coney Island workers witnessed such scenes. The Women's Councils of Brooklyn are on the job to see that the strike against bread prices is strengthened.

Mass picketing continues daily especially in the last few days of the workers, especially the housewives, are showing more solidarity by joining the picket lines.

Mitten Plan Brings Philadelphia Transit Workers 7% Wage Cut

Twelve thousand workers of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit are receiving the fruits of the Mitten company plan in the form of a 7 per cent wage cut. This cut will bring in a million dollars extra to the company.

Last year the net income of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit was \$2,798,201.49. Besides this the company was given back over \$618,366 by the U. S. government on the excuse that the company had paid too much taxes.

The Mitten company is under the control of Drexel Co., the Philadelphia branch of the house of Morgan.

"Road to Fascism" Is Topic of Lecture at School Forum Sunday

"The Road to Fascism in the United States" will be the topic of a lecture at Workers Forum this Sunday night, Dec. 20th, at 8 p. m., at 35 E. 12th St., second floor, by Harry Gannes, member of the editorial staff of the Daily Worker.

The basic features and historical conditions of fascism, its development in Italy and other European countries, the increasing fascist elements in the U. S., the role of the working class organizations and especially the Communist Party in combating fascism, etc., will be the main themes of the lecture. Workers should come to this important lecture and bring their friends along.

Strike Stops German Socialist Paper

BERLIN.—A strike of the printers of the socialist daily newspaper "Maerkische Volksstimme" has broken out against an attempt of the social democratic management to cut wages by three marks a week. The newspaper is unable to appear. Most of the strikers are members of the Socialist Party.

HUNGER MARCH REPORTS TONIGHT

All Invited to Meets in Bronx, Brownsville

NEW YORK.—Two large mass meetings are called for tonight at 8 p. m. to hear the report of the Hunger March.

The Bronx meeting will be held at 569 Prospect Ave. Comrades Fine, Zelnicoff and Geis from the Women's Council will report.

The Brooklyn meeting will be held by the Women's Council in conjunction with the Unemployed Branch of Brownsville at 1813 Pitkin Ave. Jackson, Cohen and Carl Winter, secretary of the Unemployed Councils of New York, will report. Winter speaks on "The Next Steps."

All women workers especially are urged to come to these meetings.

Hunger March Youth to Speak, Perth Amboy

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Dec. 17.—The young hunger marchers of Perth Amboy will report on the Hunger March at a youth meeting to be held tomorrow at 7:30 p. m. This meeting is being called to begin the organization among the young unemployed workers. It will also expose the discrimination by the city officials against young workers on the registration lines and in the giving out of relief. The meeting will be held in the headquarters of the Unemployed Council at 101 Fayette St. All workers of Perth Amboy are invited to attend.

What's On—

- "Daily" Sub Drive On! Reach Goal By Jan. 18!
- FRIDAY
- American Youth Club. Will have a talk and discussion by Maco Weiss, editor of the Young Worker, on "Militarism and Youth" at 78 Throop Ave., at 8 p. m. Young workers and students invited.
- "Literature and Religion" Will be the topic of a lecture by Joe Pass of the John Reed Club at the Bronx Hungarian Workers Home, 78 Westchester Ave. (near Prospect Ave. subway station) at 8 p. m.
- Bronx Park Youth Club. Will hold a social at 2800 Bronx Park East, in Sec. 5, Basement. Young workers invited.
- Friends of the Soviet Union. Newly organized branch to meet at the Workers' Co-operative School, 2799 Bronx Park East, at 8 p. m.
- Joe Hill Branch, I.L.D. Will meet tonight at 93 Lexington Ave. at 7 p. m. to discuss "Workers' Self-Defense." All workers invited.
- Goldenbridge Women's Council. To hold a lecture by Dr. Harry Skolkin on "Hygiene in the U. S. and Hygiene in the Soviet Union" at 134 E. Seventh St. at 8 p. m.
- West Bronx F.S.U. Will hold a mass meeting at Ellisburg Hall, 254 E. 170th St. (near Grant Ave.). Former Moscow-U.S. correspondent will speak. All workers invited.
- Organizational Com. Harlem F.S.U. To meet at the Finnish Hall, 16 W. 21st St., Room C, at 8 p. m. Members requested to attend.
- International Workers' Club. Will have its next physical training hour tonight at 15 E. Third St.
- "War and Youth" Slide pictures and lecture to be held at 122 Second Ave. under the auspices of the United Front Anti-War Committee. Admission free.
- Tremont Workers' Club. Will have a lecture at 207 Clinton Ave. (near 150th) by Harry Raymond on "Socialism vs. Capitalism." All workers are invited.
- W.I.R. Chorus. Reorganized rehearsal to be held

Banquet Tomorrow to Finance Building of Jobless Organization

NEW YORK.—The Downtown Branch of the Unemployed Council has reorganized its work and divided its membership into committees to build block committees.

Block committees have already been established on Tenth St. and Thirteenth St. The Thirteenth St. committee has already forced charity institutions to give relief. Demands are made on the aldermen for a free milk station and hot lunches for school children.

A drive is being made to create a block committee now on the East Side.

To finance all this organization work, the Downtown Branch is giving a concert and dance at 134 E. Seventh St. at 8 p. m. tomorrow. There is a good program and admission is only 25 cents.

Harlem Forum to Discuss Crisis Sunday

NEW YORK.—Comrade Burns of the Workers' International Relief, will be the speaker this Sunday at the Harlem Workers Forum, 165 West 131st St. His subject will be "Can Capitalism Solve the Crisis."

In New York, the Harlem workers are the worst sufferers from unemployment and the bosses' denial of relief and social insurance. All workers of Harlem are urged to attend this discussion.

tonight at 16 W. 21st St. at 8 p. m. Mail Subscriptions Early!

AMUSEMENTS

THE THEATRE GUILD presents EUGENE O'NEILL'S Trilogy

Mourning Becomes Electra

Composed of 3 plays presented on 11 days

HOMEcoming, THE HUNTED, THE HAUNTED

Commencing at 5:30 sharp. Dinner intermission of one hour at 7. No Mats. GUILD THEATRE, 524 St. W. of B'way

The Theatre Guild Presents REUNION IN VIENNA

A Comedy

By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD

Martin Beck St. & Ave. Eve. 8:40 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:40

The Group Theatre Presents 1931

By CLAUDE A. LIPSON Under Auspices of The Guild

MANSFIELD THEATRE, 47th St. Eve. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

By ELMER RICE PAUL MUNI

Theat. W. 45 St. Ev. 8:20 Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20

PHILIP MERIVALE IN CYNARA

WITH Phoebe Adria STEPHENSON FOSTER ALLEN MOROSCO THEATRE, 5th W. of B'way, Eve., 8:45, Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30

Negro and White Workers Invited to the

First Annual Ball

Given by the

League of Struggle for Negro Rights

Admission 50 Cents

EVERYBODY'S WELCOME

The new musical comedy hit, with FRANCES WILLIAMS, OSCAR SEAW, ANNENNINGTON, HARRIET LAKE

SHERBETH THEATRE, 44th St., W. of B'way, Eve. 8:30, Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

'KILLING TO LIVE'

A drama of animals as they struggle for food and existence.

Russian News Reel—Close-up Pictures of Stalin and Gorky

CAMEO 42nd STREET & BROADWAY

Special Morning Admission 10 A. M. 25c

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DENTAL DEPARTMENT

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All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

MELROSE DAIRY RESTAURANT

Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place.

1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., BROOKLYN (near 114th St. Station)

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Strictly Vegetarian Food

DEMONSTRATE

8th Anniversary

of the

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Central Organ of the Communist Party, U.S.A.

Sunday, January 3rd | Bronx Coliseum

2 P. M., 1932 | East 177th Street

PROGRAM—

Pageant—"Trial of the Yellow Press," International Chorus Red Dancers—and many other features

ADMISSION 35c WITH THROW AWAY 25c

A PROLETARIAN MUSICAL ACHIEVEMENT

THE FREIHEIT GEZANG FAREIN

jointly with the

FREIHEIT MANDOLIN ORCHESTRA

IN A NEW SOVIET ORATORIA

"KEIN EINTZIKN SHPAN"

WORDS BY PERETZ MARKISH
MUSIC BY JACOB SCHAFFER

SATURDAY EVENING
DECEMBER 19th
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CARNEGIE HALL

ADMISSION 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25

THE CO-OPERATIVE

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433 East 9th Street, New York (bet. 1st Ave. and Ave. A)

Reduction for Unemployed Comrades (With Unemployed Council Card)

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THE DAILY WORKER

50 East 12th St. New York City

Support the Fight Against the Persecution of the Foreign Born.

By S. HORWATT, N.Y. Secretary of the Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born.

THE Industrial History of America is a history full of superhuman suffering and exploitation of the working masses in general and the Negro and Foreign-Born in particular. There is not one basic industry, in which thousands of foreign-born workers have not only lost their health, but have even lost their lives. The hardest and the most dangerous work in this country has been done by Negroes and foreign-born workers. Of the industrial history of the United States, can justly be said, that a great part of it has been written with the sweat and blood of the foreign-born workers.

But now, Mr. William Doak dares to report to the 72nd Congress that "immigration, however, is no longer a substantial economic menace to our progress." And continues: "To register the foreign-born, to make naturalization more difficult, to finger-print those who are about to become citizens and to deport all those that the government considers undesirable."

Is the corporation lawyer, Mr. Doak, ignorant of the fact that "Progress" (read—Capitalistic Wealth) has been squeezed out of the brain and brawn of these very same foreign born, whom the government is now trying to persecute? Are these capitalist lackeys and enemies of the working masses ignorant of the fact that in such basic industries as iron, steel, oil, leather, meat, etc., from 61 to 67 per cent of the workers are foreign-born? Don't they know this? Of course they do. But their approach to the foreign born is the same as to the working man in general. As long as he is needed in the machine of exploitation, he is taken advantage of. But as soon as he ceases to be a source of profits, he is thrown out of the industry, which he has built, without any means of sustenance.

To prove this, it is sufficient to mention the fact that millions of unemployed go about hungry and the government does nothing whatever of any substantial value to relieve them. But these hungry masses refuse to be silent about it.

The hungry are organizing a mighty struggle for unemployment insurance and immediate relief. And it is because of this that the government began its intensive campaign to discriminate, terrorize and deport foreign-born workers in order to destroy the solidarity front of the working class.

This is why President Hoover in his message to the 72nd Congress states: "I recommend that . . . deportation laws should be strengthened. Aliens lawfully residing in this country, should be protected by the issuance of certificates of residence." But if President Hoover did not dare to name the reason for his statement openly, then Secretary of Labor Doak did it for him. In the previously mentioned report to Congress, Doak shamelessly and openly stated that all discriminations and persecutions which Mr. Hoover and himself, Doak, proposed are in order to "Protect the social and political structure of American civilization." As to just what sort of "civilization" Doak means, the bayonets and machine guns illustrated quite clearly at the opening of the 72nd Congress.

It is interesting to note that Doak's statement is fully in accord with the black "Michigan Bill No. 520." It is important to point out to the masses that despite the fact that the Committee for the Defense of the Foreign Born were victorious in forcing the federal court to reject its bill, yet it is quite clear that the contents of this same bill will be proposed to Congress as a federal bill. No one need be misled, that because the federal court of Michigan state declared the bill unconstitutional, therefore we have passed the danger mark. On the contrary, our struggle must now assume a nation-wide character. The contents of the "Michigan Bill" has practically been proposed directly by President Hoover in his yearly message.

But Doak is not satisfied by just persecuting the foreign born. He goes a step further. He thinks that the activities of the organizations fighting for the protection of the foreign born should be limited (read—forbidden). "Because," Doak continues, "the organizations, by persistent propaganda, are hampering the deportation of alien enemies of the country." This Ku-Klux Klanist has the audacity to say further on: "Even in cases where guilt was clearly shown, the efforts of this department were being handicapped."

Poor soul! Had this been so, perhaps it would be possible for the corporation lawyer, Mr. Doak, to prove on what legal grounds the laborer, Yokinen, whom he calls "an enemy of the coun-

try" was arrested and is being held for deportation? But it is of no avail. We know very well that this is not a question of constitutional rights. We know that the attack on the foreign born serves the same purpose as that which the Tsar Nikolai persecuted Jews in Russia.

We know that the recommendation of Mr. Doak to preserve the right of the government to cancel citizenship only aims to frighten the millions of naturalized citizens and detract their attention from the struggle for unemployment insurance.

According to the Bureau of Statistics in Washington, there were 13,366,407 foreign born in the year 1930 in the United States.

Of this number there are about 9,000,000 workers. Does Mr. Doak really believe that he will succeed in terrorizing all these millions of foreign born without any resistance on their part? Does he really believe that he can check this struggle of the Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born and he will be left unhampered in his deportation plans? We can assure every Doak and the like that not only will we not limit ourselves to our activities, but we will advance such a mighty struggle against persecution of the foreign born that they will first realize what "hampering" really means.

The American working masses are very apt pupils in this crisis. They are rapidly realizing that this reactionary wave against the foreign born goes parallel with the increased lynching campaigns of the Negro workers. The American workers are realizing that with this terror wave against the foreign born and Negro workers, strides the wage-cut, unemployment, hunger and homelessness, persecution and jail for the entire working class. The American worker is rapidly learning that all the dark powers in this country that are fighting tooth and nail against unemployment relief, are the important leaders in the attack on the living standard of the American working class in general and persecute the foreign born in particular.

President Hoover and Secretary of Labor Doak have shown in their report to Congress that all recommendations and bills against the foreign born, proposed by the different personages and patriotic fascist organizations, has now become a general government issue. Hoover's and Doak's recommendations were formulated by the "Coalition of Patriotic Societies" only two weeks ago and have been accepted on the 25th of November in Washington, D. C. This is what the resolution formulated:

- (1) To strengthen the deportation laws.
- (2) To exclude foreign-born workers from employment.
- (3) To register foreign-born workers.
- (4) To lengthen the time and make it more difficult for one to become a citizen of the United States.
- (5) That the President of the United States gets the fullest authority to deport anyone who will not be considered in accord with "100 per cent Americanism." Similar resolutions were adopted before the opening of Congress by the "United Patriotic" organizations and other organizations hostile to the working class.

Can anyone find one single word in the above mentioned facts that were lacking in Doak's recommendations and in Hoover's few massed words in his message to Congress? Doak is practically repeating every word of the resolutions adopted by the "Coalition" and even elaborated upon Hoover's speech.

It is quite clear that we have a united front of all reactionary and working hostile forces to deal with now. It is quite evident that Fish, Doak, Hoover and the whole paraphernalia was in back of the resolutions of the patriotic organizations. But against this united front of the working people in general, and the foreign born in particular, the Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born will unite all the working citizens and non-citizens, Americans and foreign born, white and colored, and united we will shatter the chains of slavery that the government is forging for the foreign born.

It is the duty of every radical and progressive organization that is in any way at all connected with this righteous struggle which the foreign-born worker is conducting, should join the Committee for the Defense of the Foreign Born. Every organization in every city of the United States should put this issue of the defense of the foreign born to the forefront. The slogan of every organization, regardless of its political or social views, should be:

Down with the persecuting discriminations and deportation of the foreign born!

Long live the solidarity of the American working class, white and Negro, native and foreign born!

The Socialist Leaders Are Ready to Support Hitler

NEW YORK.—Herr Hitler, leader of the German fascists, in a letter dated Dec. 15, to Bruening, head of the German government, denies that the fascists are bandits but that they seek to rebuild German capitalism even by more drastic decrees than Bruening issued. "The nation does not care how bulky the emergency decrees are, how long a time it took to work them out," so long as capitalism is preserved, said Hitler.

The 40-page letter was a rehash of Hitler's usual demagogic speeches. The most peculiar feature of the letter was Hitler's appeal to "democracy" to carry out his fascist program of a bloody dictatorship. By this means he hopes to win more of the masses behind his party. Hitler said the whole program of the Bruening government was an "illusion." He beat the war drums against France, failing to mention the fact that behind the scenes he sent emissaries to French imperialism for a united front against the revolutionary working class.

For Attack on Communists. At the very beginning of his letter Hitler appeals to Bruening to make a joint attack against the "millions of Communists" planning the overthrow of German capitalism. Nowhere in his letter does Hitler say a word against the socialists, but he threatens a murderous attack by his gunmen against the Communists. Hitler points out that Germany is "a nation paralyzed by revolutionary convulsion," and that a strong fascist dictatorship is necessary in an attempt to save German capitalism from "the fate of Russia."

Hitler O. K.'s MacDonald. Hitler approvingly points to Ramsay MacDonald,

the British socialist, who dissolved parliament and took the road to fascism.

Hitler's latest letter will gain him greater support from the socialists, and though it is purported to be directed against Bruening's policy, it does not interfere with Hitler's negotiations for a coalition government with Bruening, supported by the socialists. This type of fascist government would receive socialist support, as shown by recent utterances of the socialist newspapers.

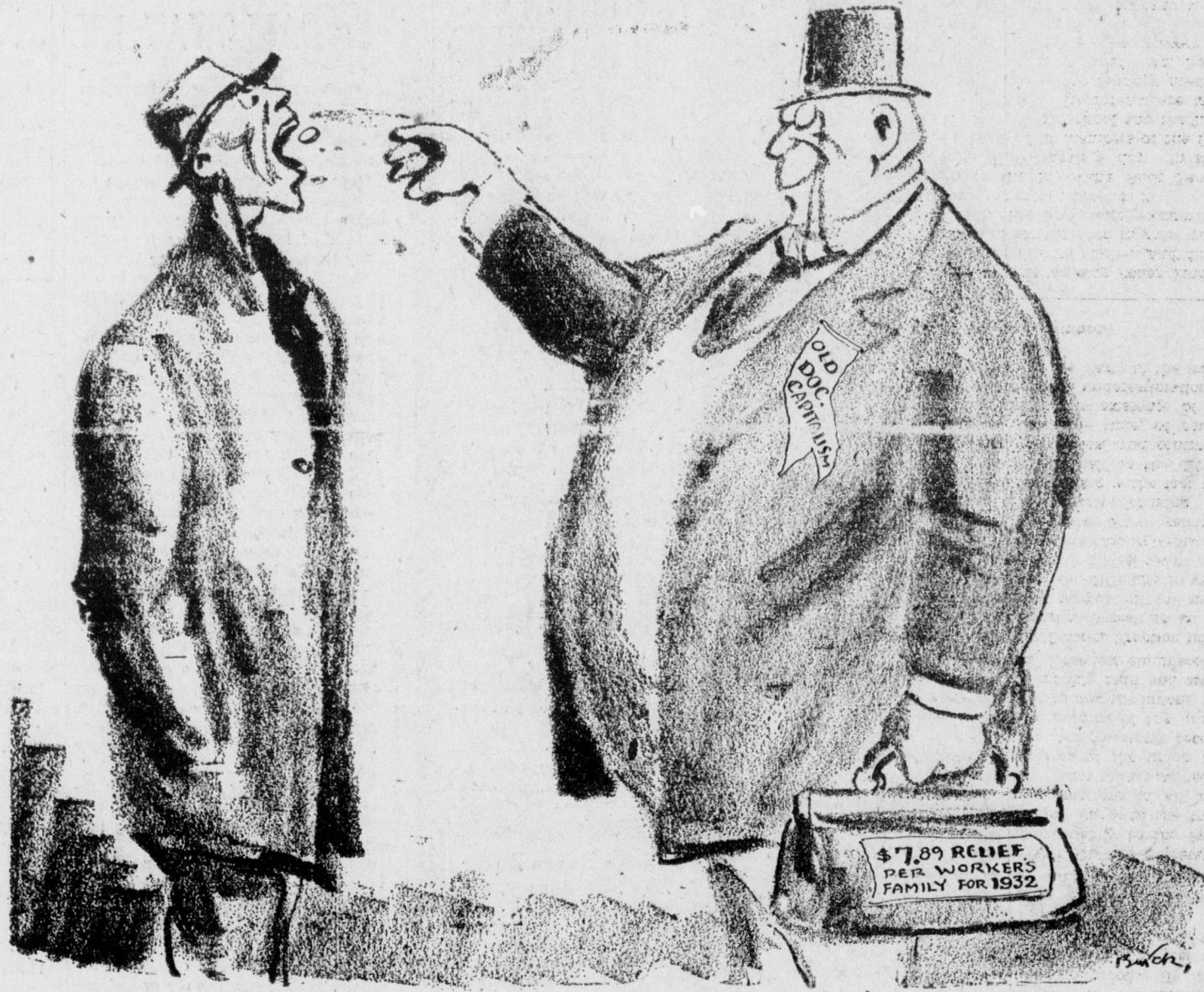
The official organ of the German social democratic (socialist) party, the "Vorwaerts," published a leading article recently which indicates the lines along which the social democratic leaders intend to capitulate to Hitler. The article declares that it is of great importance whether the fascists take over power alone or with allies, and in the latter case it will be of great importance who these allies are and how power is divided. The "Vorwaerts" thinks that the fascists in power would not be so bad after all if only they are kept out of the Reichswehr Ministry, the Reich's Ministry of the Interior and the Prussian Ministry of the Interior. It writes:

"If fascism comes to power along constitutional lines, then the question will be raised whether it will respect the constitutional rights of the opposition, or whether it will attempt to destroy them in order to maintain its position. Every government must present itself to the electorate again after a passage of four years at the utmost. If there were any guarantee that the fascists would recognize the democratic rules by which they came to power after they came to power, then all of us would sooner see them in power today than tomorrow."

In other words, the social democratic leaders are preparing the path for a "toleration" of Hitler should Hitler and his friends agree to share power, say, with Bruening, in the first stage of their entry into the government. Whether Hitler would be prepared to tolerate the social democrats after having dropped Bruening overboard is a horse of a different color.

The "Rote Fahne" writes, referring to the "Vorwaerts" article, that in case of a Bruening-Hitler coalition German capitalism will not cease to utilize the assistance rendered by the social democracy. For a time it might even maintain itself with the assistance of both Hitler and the social democrats. The development of the social democratic leaders from a "toleration" of Hitler to open renegacy would in all probability proceed more quickly in Germany than had been the case in Italy.

OLD CAPITALIST PILL DOCTOR, "THIS OUGHT TO FIX YOU UP FOR A YEAR."



"No one will go cold or hungry this year."—N. Y. Times editorial.

The Revolutionary Unions in the Pittsburgh District

By CARL PRICE.

THE fact that in the Pittsburgh District a great deal of mass work is being carried on, that many new problems are being faced practically in this district, that many difficulties, due to the problems of growth are encountered in the work in the revolutionary unions, makes it necessary for the entire Party to study the work of the unions in this district.

I. Party and Union Relations. The District Bureau of the Pittsburgh District has discussed at some length, the question of Party-union relations, and is issuing a document giving the line of the Party on this question. The work of the Party in the National Miners' Union and the Metal Workers' Industrial League has shown that the work of the Party in the unions has faced serious shortcomings and difficulties, especially with regard to coordination of the work. The main problems are:

- a. The Party has not sufficiently been mobilized for the building of the unions. The Party is as yet still too loose in its organization, due to the newness of the Party. The Party membership—the Section Committees and the units have not sufficiently translated into practice, the line of the Party, that the Party must consider the union work its most important field of work, must build itself through the work in the unions and the unemployed work.
- b. The work is not coordinated enough in the Party committees. Party members who are union organizers are still not working enough through the Section Committees and units, not taking up sufficiently on their order of business the tasks of the unions.
- c. Not enough planned work. The Section Committee of the Party, the units, fractions, should plan systematized work more from week to week, helping the union fractions to systematize and better organize their work and also to give more day to day political guidance.

However, the main danger in Party-union relations at the present time is the underestimation on the part of the Party membership of the role of the Party. For example, in the Central Pennsylvania Section, where the union has some 2,500 members, there are only 50 or 60 members

of the Party in the mine fields there. In Northern West Virginia (excluding the Panhandle Section) where several thousand have recently joined the union, only one Party unit exists. In Western Pennsylvania, there are some 3,000 actually paying dues (including exempt stamps) and several thousand more in the union, and the Party has only a few hundred members. The expression "the Party is interfering with the union work" growing out of a conflict of union and Party meetings, or other lack of coordination, in the union and Party work, can on occasion be heard in the field. At a time when the socialist Party is busy attempting to establish its branches in every mining and steel town, when the socialist party is giving out tons of literature, together with relief, it gives to the miners, such opportunistic expressions should be combated strongly, especially by the Party members who are leading the union work. In the Party, because of its newness, we have strong evidences of white chauvinism. We have in the Party unclearly on the demagoguery of Pinchot in some sections of the Party and unclearly as to the role of the Party (for example in the election campaign). We have in Central Pennsylvania, actually one local union of the N. M. U. controlled by the socialist elements. We have the activity of the U.M.W.A. and the socialist-fascist elements which are put forward by the bosses as their main weapon. In such a situation, the Party District, Sections, and units, must become more than ever before, the driving force in the union work. It is necessary for every Party member who is a union organizer to feel that when he is in the field, he is the representative of the Party as well as the union. He must work more through the Section Committees and the units of the Party—through his individual efforts, bring the best elements of the union into the Party, and to guide the work of the Party in the field, as well as the union work.

The Status of Women in the Soviet Union and in America

By TOM BARTER

GOING up and down the streets of Moscow, Kharkov, Leningrad or any other city of the Soviet Union, one is immediately impressed by the fact that the status of the women here is much different than what it is in the United States of America or any other capitalist country. This is evident not from the way they dress, because women as well as men in the Soviet Union do not dress in "style" yet, but it is evident from the things they do.

If you pass by a building under construction you see women laying bricks, plastering walls and handling electric wires. If you go into one of the machine shops you see women running lathes, planers, milling machines, etc., not as helpers but as full-fledged mechanics. If you mount a trolley car or a motor bus the one that collects 10 kopecks fare is a woman. In short, you find them working on every one of the skilled jobs which in America we are used to think that only men can do.

Not only in industries do you find women occupying key positions, but also in politics. You find them in some of the most important posts of the government and the Communist Party, in the administration of the Co-operatives and the Trade Unions; you also find women in every branch of the Red Army, not as private secretaries and stenographers, as is the case in America and in the rest of the capitalist countries, but as leaders of departments.

In the Soviet Union the historical slave of the kitchen and the washub has become a free individual. Free and equal to man in every activity of life, not as a competitor as it is in the capitalist countries but as a comrade in the struggle to build Socialism, to build a better future for all.

Sure enough in America women also work in

industries, there is no less than 9,000,000 of them, but this does not mean freedom to them. On the contrary, they remain slaves to the kitchen, the washub and the scrubbing brush, and in addition become slaves to the boss. Going into the factory for a woman in America means doing two days' work in one.

A typical example of the slave conditions of working women in America is to be found in the textile industry of Passaic, N. J. Women in those mills are now working 12 hours a day and when they get through with that they have their housework accumulated waiting for them. This is not the worst. In the same center women are working nights and when they get home in the morning they have to prepare breakfast for their husbands who work day time, they also have to wash, dress and feed the children and send them to school. It will be 9 or 10 o'clock before they can try to rest, but at that hour the street noise makes it impossible. At three o'clock the children come back from school hungry, and then she also must start to prepare supper and get ready to go back to work again. During the week-end they do the heavy washing.

Besides all this, and especially during this period of unemployment, in many cases women are compelled to give their body to the boss or foreman in order to keep their jobs. Numerous cases of this kind were found and exposed during the Passaic textile strike of 1926. The writer was present at a meeting of striking dressmakers in New York City and heard a young girl relate the following:

"Our boss changes the whole crew almost every week. If among the old workers he sees a pretty girl he gives her a break. He wants her to stay in order to take advantage of her. It is hard as hell to work in that place and remain decent."

This is the life of working women in the American factories; two days of work in one, slavery and degradation of all descriptions. The Negroes and the foreign-born women are the ones that suffer most of this double exploitation and slavery, and all this they do in competition with the men because the bosses have not drawn the women into industries for the purpose of emancipating them, but to make them take the place of men for less pay. The bosses find in women and young workers a source of cheap labor to throw it into competition with men and thereby cut the wages of the entire working class.

Here in the Soviet Union the revolution has done away with this competition. Women do not take the place of men for less pay and as a result of it men do not resent nor resist the coming of women into the skilled posts of industry and public life. Furthermore the Soviet Government has created the institutions necessary to free the women from the drudgery of housework entirely.

Housework here is being done in factories on

of the Party in the mine fields there. In Northern West Virginia (excluding the Panhandle Section) where several thousand have recently joined the union, only one Party unit exists. In Western Pennsylvania, there are some 3,000 actually paying dues (including exempt stamps) and several thousand more in the union, and the Party has only a few hundred members. The expression "the Party is interfering with the union work" growing out of a conflict of union and Party meetings, or other lack of coordination, in the union and Party work, can on occasion be heard in the field. At a time when the socialist Party is busy attempting to establish its branches in every mining and steel town, when the socialist party is giving out tons of literature, together with relief, it gives to the miners, such opportunistic expressions should be combated strongly, especially by the Party members who are leading the union work. In the Party, because of its newness, we have strong evidences of white chauvinism. We have in the Party unclearly on the demagoguery of Pinchot in some sections of the Party and unclearly as to the role of the Party (for example in the election campaign). We have in Central Pennsylvania, actually one local union of the N. M. U. controlled by the socialist elements. We have the activity of the U.M.W.A. and the socialist-fascist elements which are put forward by the bosses as their main weapon. In such a situation, the Party District, Sections, and units, must become more than ever before, the driving force in the union work. It is necessary for every Party member who is a union organizer to feel that when he is in the field, he is the representative of the Party as well as the union. He must work more through the Section Committees and the units of the Party—through his individual efforts, bring the best elements of the union into the Party, and to guide the work of the Party in the field, as well as the union work.

The District Bureau and District Secretariat must give more ideological clarity to the Party members on the role of the Party in the trade unions. The building of fractions in all local unions and groups now becomes an actual necessity for the further progress of the union and the Party. The Party must increasingly become the driving force for the building of the unions and through the work in building the unions, also the Party must be more quickly built and established and organizational looseness eliminated.

The establishment of a District Fraction under the guidance of the District Bureau is an important task which if not carried out will mean that the Party will have great difficulty in guiding the work in the mining and steel towns.

At the present time in the Pittsburgh District, the chief danger is the union-Party relations and not the danger of the Party "choking" the union, but the chief shortcoming is the fact that the Party has not exerted itself as the driving force to give guidance, direction, and control to the union work, at the same time, of course, allowing for the independent existence of the unions. There is a definite underestimation in the District of the role of the Party in the trade-union field.

(To Be Continued.)

a mass scale the same as any other kind of work. Every factory has its kitchen and dining room, producing and serving food in great quantities, better in quality and more economically than any home kitchen can produce it.

The kitchen of the Micoyana Shoe Factory of Rostov serves 20,000 meals a day. In these dining rooms all the adult members of the family eat, the children eat in school and the home kitchen is disappearing. The infants are taken care of in the nurseries, the laundry does the washing and the woman is freed from housework. Home for her is not another factory, but a place to rest.

This great contrast must be brought to the attention of the working women of America and the rest of the capitalist countries. It must be explained to them in detail and on the basis of it urged to organize in the revolutionary unions and in the Communist Party and struggle together with the men for the overthrow of the capitalist system and for a Soviet system—the only system that can liberate them from the present slavery.

Red Sparks

By JORGE

Beg Your Pardon.

From Cleveland we are informed that "the Ohio District of the Labor Sports Union" is at present under charge of a girl, and objects to "wearing long pants." Please make the correction.

Fine! We won't insist on pants, long or short, under the circumstances. Further, we are glad to hear that in Ohio the L.S.U. is demanding free use of the public schools and sport facilities for young workers, and trying to organize sports for the unemployed.

Still more, Cleveland will be the scene on Dec. 25, 26 and 27 of the National Conference of the Labor Sports Union, and the pantsless District Secretary wills everybody who qualifies under the term of "flat-chested skeptics of the Party" to write up to the use of sports in the revolutionary movement. And she's right, by gum!

Oh, yes, and New Yorkers who want to enjoy soccer games and help the Labor Sports Union to finance its National Conference, should lie themselves by the Broadway trains on the Seventh Ave. line to Dyckman St., then two blocks north to the Dyckman Oval, next Sunday, Dec. 28, where from 11 a.m. to late afternoon a Sports Carnival will be put on, with six prize soccer teams matched. Go any hour and stay all day if you like. It costs only 25 cents.

Not a Happy Ending

It seems that our first report from Boston about the funeral of "General D. Pression" was neither authoritative nor complete.

From later reports, we learn that the whole affair was a washout. It was arranged by the Boston department stores, who wanted to cheer up Christmas shoppers with the chorus girls singing "Happy Days Are Here Again."

But they weren't either here or again. It leaked out that just when the coffin, labeled "General D. Pression" was to be pushed into the harbor, loaded with rocks to insure sinking, the bottom dropped out of the coffin much as the bottom dropped out of the stock market the same day, and the darned coffin refused to sink!

So "General D. Pression" floated defiantly on the face of the waters until pushed out of sight of Mayor Curley by main strength and awkwardness. The mayor, you know, loaned the prestige of his presence to the department store medicine men.

But, alas, the taxi chauffeur who drove him to the funeral, after the celebration was over and "prosperity restored," drove back to his garage where the boss told him: "You're fired!" Whereupon he sat down and wrote to the mayor:

"Say, we buried the wrong guy!"

Touching on Sacred Things

The crocodile scratched his ear reflectively. We were perusing a letter from Youngstown, a steel center and concentration point if we recall aright. Yet one, so we were informed, where there is a great weakness on all sides—and a big state-wide conference for the Mooney-Harlan-Scottsboro Defense was coming off. So ran the letter, and then continued:

"Four days before the conference this comrade left for Chicago, and without necessity took along another comrade. When asking for permission from one of the Bureau members, he claimed that it was imperative for him to go to Chicago because he had run out of toothpaste. I ask, therefore, is Chicago toothpaste any better than Youngstown's? And also is Chicago toothpaste more important than making preparations for the Conference?"

The crocodile, not being an expert in toothpaste, had to refer this to Unfinished Business, but remarked, "We respectfully request the comrade who goes to Chicago after his toothpaste that, on his return to Youngstown, he not forget his toothbrush."

Then he went on: "You know, Sparks, these are grounds on which angels fear to tread, and thus a mere crocodile must be confoundedly careful. Take those sacred Y. C. L. unit meetings in New York. We tried to get a bit of flexibility to allow those boys and girls who want to study in the Workers School, time to do so. But the answer was 'Nix' . . . Unit meetings are sacred. . . . Under no circumstances . . . etc."

"Well, now what's happened? Nothing less important than a dance. And for THAT, all unit meetings postponed, all members mobilized—compulsory attendance—to dance! There being no issues more burning to the timid proletariat in this Third Period, than how to swing a gal over the left hip in Argentine style."

"Under the iron discipline of the Marxian leadership, the revolutionary youth presented themselves in battle array, ready, always ready, to revolute to the strains of 'Call Me Sweetheart'—at the crucial hour of 8 (eight). And the music showed up at 11 (eleven). And the unshakable clique spirit of this blessed metropolis so stuck in the gizzards of the members that they left the guests of the evening—who were to be charmed by the delights of the evening into the army of proletarian fighters, stand around in the offing with no pilot to take 'em into port."

"But what can a poor crocodile do against a bureaucracy which has all the agility and the tough hide of a rhino? Remember that letter we got from Brooklyn? It hit the mark when it said: 'The Y.C.L.ers read your criticism, laugh, think it's a bully good joke—and then go right on doing the same things over again.'"

"What about that unit we mentioned once as a parade ground of a Brigadier? The Unit voted heavily, after three hours debate, to endorse the Crocodile's criticism, and elected a Committee of Three to express the Unit's appreciation of our benevolent intervention. Three unit functionaries were elected, Strong, Reeder and Bedford, the latter who works not twenty steps away from our little den here on this same floor."

"And that was O. back two and a half months ago! And have we heard a yep out of that Committee? WE HAVE NOT! They are 'too busy' busy doing what? Certainly not carrying out the instructions of the rank and file. If further proof were needed that they are busy—this would answer. They are always 'too busy' to obey the discipline of the membership. Probably they, too, are searching for their favorite toothpaste. And toothpaste is a sacred thing."