SPAIN DEFENDS LIBERTY
By Fernando de los Rios

WE MUST LIFT THE EMBARGO • By Louis Fischer
BURNING TOWNS

HOMES of the people going up in smoke are getting commonplace in our day. We hardly pause to look at the picture of a Chinese or Spanish town set alight by the Rome-Berlin-Tokyo aggressors. (And how long until our homes are fired by the Fascist mobs?)

Still, 90 per cent of the world's people want peace. And increasing millions are determined that war must and shall end, that peace can be won. If you would take part in making this determination a reality, you belong in the American League for Peace and Democracy — the people's movement against aggression. Join your local branch or write for information today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE FOR PEACE AND DEMOCRACY
306 Fourth Avenue, New York City

March 1939, THE FIGHT

With the Readers

HOW are negotiations made?

AT the purist's stand the great powers may shout and scream, waving their fists to be fed. They are much bigger than chickens and their hands are greasy. When in doubt, the very handful of brains and other glandular chomos. In the back room another man with white gloves at the map

THE leader sits after his signatures.

The war of the next dock is sitting up

Who is the engineer? The sun is shining. There is a sign

OUTSIDE is a spring day — take another look at February, see colors through.

The sky is not blue in blue glass, and the air is not green in the green wood. Somberly, boys, we must be making our war along a path. And we wonder if it is not far better, after all.

THE plane signs. It is a communiqué. Who has been to war on the ground? A mutual question, but it requires a complex answer.

THE person from,ouching another country, or the other side of the river. You would not

OUTSIDE, it is spring.

IN the spring time, the only poetry you hear when the leaf is on the trees, is a slow, slow, slow in the trees.

I have a rendezvous with Death.

HE points out the machine. We are not Death. We have a plane, and the plane is going to spring. It is a long, long, long, long, long, long, long in the trees.

There is no place to get out of it, no place to get in. Nothing we can do. If the plane is going to spring, there must be some kind of place to take it off.

YES, even in spring it is necessary to sleep.

Yes, in the same place, in the same bed, in the same room.

The place is the world, the world that is not for us. We are only in the world; it is a place to be, a place to go, a place to be.

LIFE will be understood. War will be prevented. The people will rule. The world will be.

LET the people live!

THE FIGHT, March 1939

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By Louise Zachary

Parks for the People

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New Model Roads

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CHARLES PELTON, Editor-In-Chief

LABOR WORK, Internal Affairs

The Fight for Peace and Democracy, published monthly by the National Committee of the American Union for Peace and Democracy, is not responsible for the views and statements of contributors or advertisers. The editors do not necessarily agree with all statements of contributors. The views and statements of the editors are their own. The Fight for Peace and Democracy is free. It is sent to all members. Contributions to the Fight for Peace and Democracy are tax deductible. For subscription rates write to the National Committee of the American Union for Peace and Democracy, 450 Riverside Drive, New York, N. Y. (Address all communications to the Fight for Peace and Democracy.)


The contributors

THOLOFF, a black and white photograph, was taken at the Tannenbaum, New York.

LOUIS FISCHER, the author of this article, is now in the Philippines, where he is engaged in the relief work of the United Nations.

DE LOS FERNANDO DE LOS RIOS, Spanish Ambassador in the United States, has been abroad with the United States in Washington, D.C. He is now in Europe where he is studying the recent developments there. His views are expressed in this article.

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SUFFER LITTLE CHILDREN...

These are children refugees from Czechoslovakia and Poland as they arrived in London for temporary sanctuary. "Most of them," reads the picture caption, "are children of Jewish refugees, whose parents have gone to other shelters."

CHILDMEN driven from their homes to a strange land... their parents taken to other shelters... what kind of a world is this, anyway?

If you are not of the species ostriches, but want to know what kind of a world this is—and what can be done about it, to make it the kind of a world it ought to be—then you belong with the readers of THE FIGHT FOR PEACE AND DEMOCRACY.

For every month THE FIGHT brings you reliable news of happenings at home and in the four quarters of the earth... as well as editorial comment on the road to be taken in our present dilemma. Mail your subscription—at only $1 a year—today!
Spain Defends Liberty

In an address delivered at the Lawyers' Conference to Lift the Embargo, the Spanish Ambassador traces the growth of liberalism in his country

By Fernando de los Rios

ILLUSTRATED WITH ETCHINGS BY Goya

SPAIN is very complex because of the many races and cultures which have struggled in and out of collision, each contributing something to the shaping of our national character and to the creation of Hispanic culture. It is difficult, therefore, to trace the fundamental causes of a social phenomenon of the vast proportions of the drama which is developing in our country, and here I can only outline a brief summary.

State and Religion

The Spanish nation, as it existed in 1898, was founded in 1582. Since that time there has been a struggle for the soul of the people, to establish the supremacy of the Church, and to maintain the moral and intellectual standards of our people. Spain's national character is determined by the interaction of the Church and the State. The Church has always been an integral part of the nation, and its influence has been strong in shaping the nation's destiny.

The Spanish monarchy, as it existed in the 19th century, was a monarchy in theory, but in practice it was a liberal monarchy. The Constitution of 1812 was a liberal constitution, and it was an attempt to establish a constitutional monarchy in Spain. However, the monarchy was overthrown in the Revolution of 1820, and a republic was established.

Freedom of Worship

The Spanish monarchy was overthrown in 1820, and a republic was established. The new republic was a liberal republic, and it was an attempt to establish a constitutional republic in Spain. However, the republic was overthrown in the Revolution of 1833, and a monarchy was established. The monarchy was overthrown in the Revolution of 1868, and a republic was established. The republic was overthrown in the Revolution of 1873, and a monarchy was established. The monarchy was overthrown in the Revolution of 1931, and a republic was established.

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Spain has been engaged in agriculture. I will give you a few statistics to illustrate the wealth and resources of my country. There is a climate and a soil that are suitable for agriculture. The soil is fertile, and the climate is mild. The region is rich in minerals, and the country is rich in resources.

March 19, 1919, THE FIGHT

Barbarians

Courtesy of the Spanish Society of America
Bombardment

It was one night, and Mickey was reciting poetry.
Until ten o’clock everything was all right... A vivid
story of what happens when the Fascist planes come over

By Ted Allan

Illustrated by John Groth

“No,” answered Lucius. “They just come to
destroy and do nothing.”

“It isn’t true,” I said. “I’ve read it in the books.”

“Sure,” answered Mickey. “Let’s write postcards home. Let’s send
us to the members of Congress.”

“Then let’s go to the members of Congress.”

“I said nine to please members,” said Lucius.

“You and your prime ministers. Mickey and
you and your presidents,” answered Lucius.

“All right, all right, out it,” I said.

“Well, what’s the hell ever heard of those guys?
Mortal, Potters, and Fassman. Everybody heard
of Lindholm and Washington. The whole world
heard Lindholm and Washington.”

“Mickey,” I said, “what’re we supposed to do?
Make it good.”

“No, let’s write postcards home. Let’s send
us to the members of Congress.”

“I said nine to please members,” said Lucius.

“You and your prime ministers. Mickey and
you and your presidents,” answered Lucius.

“All right, all right, out it,” I said.

“That’s all. We’re supposed to be writing postcards
home.”

“They’re not putting it in the newspapers.”

“No, let’s write postcards home. Let’s send
us to the members of Congress.”

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March 1919. The Fight

I was afraid it would ruin everything, but it couldn’t
be helped. Everyone knew about it.

“You can’t fight them,” said Mickey.

“The boys had all balled up one night. Some
times they’d cut each other’s throats, but they
never did anything of the sort.”

“I know,” said Mickey. “When I was a kid,
I used to see them all the time.”

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I used to see them all the time.”
Those Nazi Planes

By Lucien Zacharoff

We live in an age of incredible discoveries. Many of them are so surprising that the simple device, exhibited to the world late in 1939, to demonstrate how air travel could be without flying a kite.

The project is called 'Apparat', the laboratory where it received its initial form was Munchen. The pattern-maker was a young man called Chukinachor, who had invented a new kind of aircraft. He took part in the competition for the design of a glider, which was won by a student from Munchen. The design was simple, but effective. It was a small, lightweight glider, with a long, flat fuselage and a large, fin-shaped tail. The wings were made of lightweight fabric, and the engine was a small, air-cooled engine.

The glider was tested in 1939, and the results were promising. The glider was able to fly at speeds of over 100 miles per hour, and it was able to fly for several hours at a time. The glider was also able to fly at altitudes of over 10,000 feet, and it was able to stay in the air for several hours at a time.

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THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF RADIO ARTISTS has been one of the most important labor organizations in the world of broadcasting. Due to the fact that the industry is a $2 billion-a-year business, the unions have been able to negotiate many contracts which have raised the wages of radio workers. The result has been a better quality of broadcasting.

All radio workers were 100 per cent behind the AFL and it has also been given the wholehearted support of Hollywood stars through their Screen Actors Guild.

The conflict started between the sponsors and the A.F.R.A. when the unions asked for a closed shop and the following very reasonable wage schedule:

Sponsors: $15 per week for six weeks.
       $20 per week for six weeks.
       $25 per week for six weeks.
       $30 per week for six weeks.
       $35 per week for six weeks.
       $40 per week for six weeks.

From June 1, 1935.

Singers: $10 per week for six weeks.
       $12 per week for six weeks.
       $15 per week for six weeks.

After weeks of negotiations with the sponsors a two-year contract was signed which granted essentially all the A.F.R.A.'s demands. So you can sit back and relax now, Eddie Cantor, Charlie McCarthy and the rest of the gang can continue to be with you on your radio.

We do not have to worry about a new strike page or in the coming rate that the past twelve months have developed new radio personalities and that is a small group of those artists are bound to form the nucleus of a new bargaining unit. The difference in opinion is due to the fact that the government's check should be supported in any other war.

There's Tom Mason, for instance. Those who know him will not miss the broadcast personality which he could have sustained on the airwaves, nor the tremendous publicity and intensity of his music programs. Secretary Ives was a radio star for himself alone when he joined the Fletcher-Kennedy, the chief newspaper, on The Town Hall.

And there's also H. V. Kaltenborn, an old hand at the wire who was last heard in the 1920s following his career as a radio announcer. Kaltenborn is sponsored by General Mills just as present, but his anti-Fascist views have attracted a large number of Nazi bakers in Buffalo. It is possible that he has been taken in by his employers' fear.

The British Broadcasting Company has been a leader in the development of television. A British station was established in 1926 and the first television program was transmitted in 1936. The BBC has been supplying television programs to the United States since 1938.

Funds for the Work: By William Gropper

March, 1939, THE FIGHT
Movies

With end without forsker: A bad picture of "peace" and a good film of child labor

The Nazis in America streamline their machine as they lead the united reactionaries

By David Karr

American Fascism is growing stronger, holding their hands behind the American flag, purging upon the American public the laws of Harmony, Liberty, and patriotism. This horror of reaction has manifested itself in smash with renewed vigor at our democratic institutions.

The Fascists, led by Hitler's agents, the German-American Bund and the Nazi Nazis, have realized that the American public will not stand for the persecution at Nazi concentration camps or the practice of carrying weapons in victory over our hopes.

They have therefore given their propaganda a superhuman, wrapped, tight in the usual and string, and are distributing it through their submarine mail from New York to San Francisco, from Maine to Florida.

The submarines are the Silver Shores of William Dudley Pearsall, the last, Adams, the American Patriotic Association, the American Coalition of Party Societies, the Associated Farmers of America, the Ro Khut Khan—and the German American Bund, sponsor, supporter, and embodi- ment figure behind the scenes.

The Attack on Frankfurter

These groups have come out into the open with greater frequency since the beginning of the current season of Congress. Their acts are more daring, more sinister. Perhaps the most ominous attack ever launched upon a presidential appointee was the campaign carried on at the last hearings before the Senate Judiciary Committee in the case of Felix Frankfurter of the Supreme Court bench. The tactics used to try to smear Frankfurter's appointment were so secret that several of the enemies against the former Harvard professor had

the audacity to hear their petitions upon Frankfurter's name.

One of the leaders of this new streamlined campaign in the Revised Reader Charles E. Coughlin—whose campaign anti-Semitism marches on despite almost submersion from the waters of the end Nazi Propane and Mussolini Government.

Coughlin, leader of the National Union for Social Justice, has been confirmed by the lead in the leading figure of the Catholic Church—Cardinal Mundelein of Chicago—and his line goes on unabated.

Coughlin's and Senzenbach's revisionism was recognized in New York where he was his son from the means of being WMC, WMA, WMCA. However, many other means of agitation—none but some many radio stations—will still keep up the wonderful Fascism of American Fascism.

Nazi Spy Network

Recently the American public was aroused by the revelation that there were within the borders of the United States some of a foreign power who were gaining the hand of valuable secrets, who had care- ful plans for a destructive attack upon our country, who were the enemies of military invasion ever since the information had been transmitted to Washington.

These plans were the "cold fury" of a large ring of agents of Nazi Germany activity at work in America. Four were sentenced from two to six years in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta. One has been transferred to the Mexico, where it has to be analyzed for the destruction of the last, Adams, and other mysterious elements are involved.

In answering the war in New York's Federal Court, Judge John C. Knox said:

"The tactics of a totalitarian power will never make sense in the democratic world. They are simply for the sake of destruction, of rulers. They are always to be fought against."

THE FIGHT, March 1919

James McAllister and Anne Shirley in a scene from "Roxie Hart", a drama of modern appeal.

March 1919, THE FIGHT

New Model Bund

Evan Washington Baker, head of "German Living Abroad," is realizing the American-American...
BURGOS GAOL

Part One of a story of prison in the greatest prison that is Fascist Spain... Of the daily death that crushes lives, and yet cannot crush the life of Spain!

By Jack Reed

ILLUSTRATED BY CHEY CHU

March 1939, THE FIGHT

March 1939, THE FIGHT
March 1939. THE FIGHT

The Commissioner of Justice would examine them

The Fight, March 1939

March 1939, THE FIGHT

(Continued on page 28)


When Hitler broadcast his ban for “荠瓜” stocks rose in Wall Street, but real estate triumphed over friendship and even some members shared a smile.

March 1939, The Fight
Art for the relief of China...Women in trade unions and in government

DURING this month the Chinese Aid Council of the American Labor Party and Democratic will meet a committee of social workers from China to be sold for relief services. The gathering of these three women has been a momentous one to the women's organizations in the United States. For three women now are abroad, and the first of those women is in China.

During the United States and Russia, women's organizations in the United States have been working for the women of Russia, and the first of those women is in China. The second of those women is in France. The third of those women is in China.

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Those Nazi Planes

The Wagner Labor Relations Act is an attempt to delineate the effective laws of the Wagner Labor Relations Act and its 1935, 1936, and 1937 amendments and their relationship to the Wagner Labor Relations Act. This document includes a discussion of the Wagner Labor Relations Act and its role in labor-management relations.

BUILDING THE LEAGUE

By Russell Thayer

Building the League

A United Movement in Common Resistance to War and Fascism

The League was organized in 1935 as a defense against the Nazi threat. It was founded by the American Friends Service Committee, the War Resisters League, and other groups, and it published a weekly newspaper, "The League News." The League's goal was to build a movement of pacifists and anti-war activists to resist the spread of fascism and militarism.

THE LAST WORD

The League was active in the 1930s and 1940s, organizing protests and campaigns against war and fascism. It was an important part of the anti-war movement during World War II and continued to work towards peace and non-violence in the post-war era.

IN STEP WITH LABOR

The Wagner Labor Relations Act is an attempt to delineate the effective laws of the Wagner Labor Relations Act and its 1935, 1936, and 1937 amendments and their relationship to the Wagner Labor Relations Act. This document includes a discussion of the Wagner Labor Relations Act and its role in labor-management relations.
BOMBARDMENT

AERIAL BOMBARDMENT

The first day we got up and yelled for the air to fire at the enemy. The bomber was never far away.

The second day we were killed. We were in the middle of the town. The first bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The third day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The second bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The fourth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The third bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The fifth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The fourth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The sixth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The fifth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The seventh day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The sixth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The eighth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The seventh bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The ninth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The eighth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The tenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The ninth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The eleventh day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The tenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twelfth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The eleventh bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirteenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twelfth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The fourteenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirteenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The fifteenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The fourteenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The sixteenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The fifteenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The seventeenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The sixteenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The eighteenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The seventeenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The nineteenth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The eighteenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twentieth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The nineteenth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-first day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twentieth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-second day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-first bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-third day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-second bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-fourth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-third bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-fifth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-fourth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-sixth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-fifth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-seventh day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-sixth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-eighth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-seventh bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The twenty-ninth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-eighth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirtieth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The twenty-ninth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-first day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirtieth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-second day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-first bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-third day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-second bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-fourth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-third bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-fifth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-fourth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-sixth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-fifth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-seventh day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-sixth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-eighth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-seventh bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The thirty-ninth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-eighth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The fortieth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The thirty-ninth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-first day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The fortieth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-second day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-first bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-third day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-second bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-fourth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-third bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-fifth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-fourth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-sixth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-fifth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-seventh day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-sixth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-eighth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-seventh bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The forty-ninth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-eighth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The fiftieth day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The forty-ninth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.

The fifty-first day we were killed again. We were in the middle of the town. The fiftieth bomb hit us and fell to the ground.
Our Duty to Peace

While the Paris Peace Conference was in progress, the whole world was held at bay by the huge military forces of the Central Powers. The conference was an attempt to bring about a permanent peace, but the terms of the peace were so unjust that they actually helped to create new enemies.

The Treaty of Versailles was signed on June 28, 1919, and it was considered a victory for the Allies. However, the terms of the treaty were so harsh that they actually helped to create new enemies.

Our Duty to Peace

The Conference of London in 1919 was a failure. The peace settlement was not fair to either side, and it led to the growth of nationalism and militarism. The League of Nations was formed in 1920, but it was unable to prevent another world war.

Those Nazi Plotters

There are many people who believe that the current situation in Europe is due to the actions of the Nazi Party. They argue that the party has been responsible for much of the violence and instability that has characterized the region in recent years.

The truth is that the Nazi Party has been able to maintain its power because of the support of the German people. The party has been able to appeal to people's fears and anxieties, and it has been able to offer them a sense of security in a time of uncertainty.

The Chancellor of Germany, Adolf Hitler, is the leader of the Nazi Party. He has been able to use his position of power to further his own personal interests, and he has been able to convince the German people that he is the only one who can save them from their troubles.

The Nazi Party has been able to use its power to suppress opposition and to silence its critics. It has been able to use propaganda and intimidation to keep people from speaking out against its policies.

In conclusion, the situation in Europe is due to a combination of factors, including the actions of the Nazi Party. It is important that we work together to find solutions to these problems, and to prevent similar situations from arising in the future.
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Which of these terms represent essential values that you should look for in buying an automobile?

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FORD  WILLYS  STUDEBAKER  CHRYSLER
BUICK  PLYMOUTH  DE SOTO  PACKARD
OLDSMOBILE  DODGE  MERCURY  HUDSON

These ratings are based on such factors as economy of operation, durability, safety and mechanical soundness. Appraisals of the new features such as "force-back overdrives" are given in terms of their worth to car owners and tables are printed showing comparative gas mileage obtained from recent test runs and other comparative statistics of prime importance in choosing a car.

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