No. 33

One Dollar a Year

SPOKANE, WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1910

Six Months 50c

Whole Number 85

FREE SPEECH **NEWS FROM** THE FRONT

FRESNO THE BACKBONE OF CALI-FORNIA.

The Sierras east of Fresno are covered with great forests of pine, sugar pine and Oregon The Hume-Bennett Lumber company is at Hume, a mile from Kings river, employing over 700 men; Fresno Lumber company at Pine Ridge, working a thousand men; Sugar Pine farther, to the north, working about 700. This territory also abounds in minerals, especially gold and copper, and is as yet only scratched. Fresno county is the stronghold of King capital in California. He wears his crown with haughty mein and brooks no opposition. Fresno is the back-bone of California. To break this backbone will take at least 500 men. If we break it, all California falls to the crimson standard, for we will then systematically proceed to or-We have men here who are the ganize. goods and will make it their special business to see that this is done. There are a vast number of Armenians, Greeks, Italians and Mexicans here, also colonies of Germans and Russians. In fact all nationalities are here represented. We omit the Japanese because they are already fairly well organized. All these different nationalities have their eyes now focused on the I. W. W. If we win

Fresno, Cal.

On arrival inquire at 1128 I St. Not J St.

NO COLLECTORS FOR FIGHT.

Jungles Camp, Fresno, Oct. 22.
Fellow Workers: It having come to our notice that at least one man is collecting money for the free speech fight of Fresno, we, jungle committee of the free speech fight, hereby notify all members that no credentials have been issued for collecting funds for the free speech fight of Fresno. Send all funds directly to W. L. Leister, P. O. Box 209, Fresno, Cal. Failing this, donate money in person to the secretary of nearest local provided that he is empowered by the local to collect. Wher uncertainty exists, first ascertain the properly credentialed parties. By this precaution all parties to the transaction are guaranteed a square deal. Great pains and precautions are being taken here at this end of the line to insure square dealing. Do thou on thine end likewise. Yours for In dustrial Freed

JUNGLES FINANCIAL COM.

MORE ON WAY TO PRESNO.

San Diego, Cal., Oct. 26.-Six more men

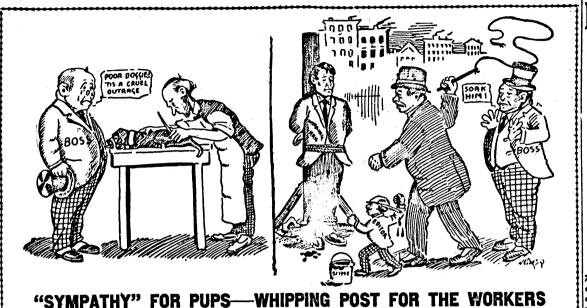
to the general headquarters: Inasmuch as there are thousands of Mexican wage slaves in the states of California,

them in the Industrial Workers of the World. Therefore we ask the general executive committee of the Industrial Workers of the World to take steps immediately to accom-

Local Union No. 13, San Diego, Cal. Service Workers' Industrial Union No. 378, San Diego, Cal.

BACK NUMBERS OF WORKERS.

Back numbers of the Industrial Worker can be obtained for 25 cents per hundred, assorted numbers. Make good advertising material for tage, the workers. Limited number. So order soon, fession



BIG RAILROAD STRIKE IN

Paris. Oct. 13, 1910.

C. G. T. congress at Houlouse, like a bolt of interview with the minister of public works, workers, who must remain at their posts or lightning from a clear sky, came a general none other than our socialist friend Millerand, suffer a severe penalty. In the present unstrike order to the employes of the Chemin and myself in my cabinet. In the course of usual disturbance Briand has issued the order de fer du Nord (North R. R.) It was issued this interview it had been decided that the by the strike committee of the Federation of workers would send to me their demands, not to take effect in 48 hours, that is, on Oct. Engineers and Firemen and the National vague and indefinite, such as they announce 14th, and to continue in effect for 21 days. Syndicate of Railroad Workers. The response in their manifestos, but clear and precise and Thousands of letters have been sent to the was quick and in 24 hours the road, owned particularly so in regard to what refers to an railroaders telling them to be at their posts largely by the Rothschilds, was completely increase of salaries; with these indications tied up. The Chemin de fer de l'ouest (the sufficiently detailed as to permit of a discus-State road) was the next to get the order, sion efficious and reasonable. I had agreed calist halls of Paris rousing meetings are beand at present writing its service is demor alized. After this a general conflagration be- these demands to the directors of the comgan and now every road coming into Paris is panies and to invite them to reply. I was more or less crippled and the strike is still to communicate these responses to the represpreading. Accounts from outside points as sentatives of the workers. I had informed th to conditions prevailing there are very vague, delegates that after they had stated definitely as immediately the strike was declared the their demands and those on which both "saboters" got to work and clipped the wires in every directon, as they had been long adit would be possible to arrange an interview vised to do by the militant revolutionists, with the directors of the companies. I'of-This feature of the strike has roused the most fered to preside at this meeting." heated protests of the capitalist press. They tells of further negotiations and of great exrefer to the strikers as being in open insur-rection. While on the other hand the revoluionary papers, La Guerre Sociale in particular, are laughing over the matter and encour- tinues: aging the strikers to cripple the railroad sys-tem as much as possible. "La Guerre Sociale" it has taken the course that you know. The left here tonight for resno F"via the workin' bids the strikers ot be of good cheer, as the staken the course that you know. The bids the strikers ot be of good cheer, as the strikers have been menaced every stiffs' limited." More going soon. All locals same good fairies who "saboted" the tele- where, deeds of violence have been done should send men.

PRESS COMMITTEE.

PRESS COMMITTEE.

MEXICANS WANT I. W. W. ORGANIZER San Diego, Cal., Oct. 26.—The Mexican workers of the United States want to organization of the syndicalists in Mexico in the I. W. W. and co-operate with their closes and conganization of the syndicalists in Mexico is being formed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and not performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and the performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and the performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and the performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and the performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and the performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and the performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. The I. W. W. and the performed secretly and literature must be written and distributed. meeting. Hundreds of gendarmes and cavalry law of 1845 and that of 1881 against the guilty peal for success. men are stationed at the building during these ones. organize to better the wages, shorten the hours of toil and get more of the wealth which they produce, we think that the time has come to teach these wage slaves the principles of industrial unionism and organize to be the socialise principles of industrial unionism and organize to the building, ready to make a charge on the entrance my cabine and listen to their grievances. They have not paid attention to my advice nor considered the good will of the government in their cause. So much the worse for them."

Monsieur Briand, as the revolutionism of the matter of the socialise principles of industrial unionism and organize them in the Industrial unionism and organize to the socialise principles of industrial unionism and organize to the socialise principles of industrial unionism and organize to the building, ready to make a charge on the entrance my cabine and listen to their grievances. They have not paid attention to my advice nor considered the good will of the government in their cause. So much the worse for them." meetings, the cavalrymen being drawn up in "I have seen fit to receive the delegates in gade, the socialist president du counsiel or shocked at this abruptness of this strike. A prime minister, fills the position to which the few words will explain the situation. The one making the instigators of acts of sabotage fusion. Yours for a powerful W. W., work of oppression falls in this affair and railroad syndicates are members of the C. G. he is demonstrating his willingness to serve T. The C. G. T. had very important busihis masters faithfully. He is taking active ness to transact at Toulouse at its congress, steps to crush the "rebellion." In an interplish this end, by appointing and supporting view given to the press this class-conscious and the up the railroads and prevent the delease spanish speaking organizer for these states, socialist says the following: "The govern-gates from going there. The strike commitment don't find itself in the presence of a tees stalled along with the government, well strike in the true sense of the word, but by knowing from past experience that nothing committee notined man they could strike in the true sense of the word, but by knowing from past experience that nothing found at the office of Humanite, Jean Jaures' the conditions in which the movement of the was to be gained in that quarter; the conrailroad workers has been prepared, by the gress was finished, the delegates scattered to paper. Last night (Wednesday, 12th) a party enterprise of violence, of disorder and sabo- French railroads long enough to accomplish

Paris, Oct. 13, 1910.

The long threatened railroad strike has at twill be easy to organize them. If we lose—perish the though—we can't afford to lose. We are fighting for breath. Send men, gather recruits, and send funds. This is a battle royal and must be supported. Yours for Industrial Freedom,

Address W. L. Leister, P. O. Box 209.

Paris, Oct. 13, 1910.

At present strike has strike has cyclone. At present is dever pretext the organizers will use to justify able to me, yet I have failed to see or hear anyone else beconnecting the strike with the demoralized and the strike is still spreading. I have no idea as to when you will get this bent declared on the day following that on naturally bodily nipped by the strike, but I JUNGLES PRESS COM.

Address W. L. Leister, P. O. Box 209.

Fresno, Cal. who will not be slow to perceive this fact, but with the minister of public works to transmit Briand ertions that he and his man Friday, the min ister of public works, had made to help the poor but deserving railroads. Then he con "There is the state of affairs when the tele- where, deeds of violence have been done,

It would have been folly to declare a strike tage. The movement has nothing of a pro-its business at Toulouse; that finished it was fessional nature; it is purely insurrectional. It decided to tie them up to accomplish some secapes entirely the personnel of the railroads, more working class business, "the bettering

of the conditions of the railroad slaves." M. on that date or they must be prepared to the serious consequences. In all the syndiing held and the determination is to ignore the scab-herding order.

The following statement has been drawn up and posted all over Paris:

Against the Mobilization.

Comrades ,the government is lending itself to measures of violence against the railroad After the dismissal of workers that preceded the strike the government yesterday discharged our comrade, Toffin. Today the newspapers publish the order of mobilization which is to be the prelude of still more numerous dismissals. The order of mobilization is illegal. All the measures that it will engender with it will be illegal, null and void. law of June 9, 1837, Chapter 5, article 23U, provides that in time of peace the men mobilized have 15 days in which to respond to the mobilization order. As the governmental measure is illegal it is also in vain, for none dustrial Unionism,

MEREDITH S. LAURIN.

Comrades, the strike has been declared on all the roads. Public opinion that knows our misery is with us. Let us struggle for our right, to the end, to the last energy (ditch). You will not respond to the mobilization of

der. Vive la Gieve,

The Strike Committee. The renegade Briand has also other laws accomplices in the crime. Quite a nice conspiracy law of the usual elastic nature. Li Guerre Sociale that has all along advocated SAN DIEGO TO COMMEMORATE HAYthe saboting of the railroads dares Briand to put his threats into execution. On Briand's threat to put this law into action the strike committee notified him that they could be under arrest. The visit was expected and Zaures and some dozen other socialist depu-

(Continued on Page Four.)

NEWS FROM THE MAN ON THE JOB



The Canadian Western Lumber Co., camp 7, Courtney, B. C. The conditions of the oats are bum; plenty of slave drivers; in fact, the collar of your shirt is worn out in a few days, the stares from the drivers are so piercing. "Whoop her up boys, or hike." Bun house fair. Monthly payment discount on checks 50c for the use of stable for grst month; wages from \$3 to \$6.50. Hospital fee \$1.00. This entitles the slaves to the slaughter house and the services of a secondclass butcher. For further information I will refer you to a cock-eyed caloused-brained stick of bobo, the bull cook second in com-

Fellow Workers: R. Meyer reports he was working for Rawosn Lumber Company, Canneah, Idaho.; wages, \$200 and \$2.25; board, bum, no fresh meat; no hospital; bunkhouse; bum water, bum outfit. Had trouble getting his money when he quit. Stay away.

Fence gang, Deschutes road; wages, \$2.50 and \$3.00; pay, once a month; grub, good; bunk cars; hospital fee, 50 cents; no employment shark for help on the O. R. & N. side. Deschutes road is getting finished. Member of No. 178, Seatle. Government job at The Dalles on the bum. All kinds of suckers going there every day; \$1.35 per day and board.

EUREKA, CAL

We are here in the heart of the redwoods and are holding meetings on the street every Saturday and Sunday evenings. There is a big railroad job on the Northwestern Pacific road, the contract being let to the Utah Construction company; men being shipped from San Francisco by Murray & Ready every day. There is a police judge elected here by name of John T. Moore of the socialist party. He The government has not considered that the believes that socialism and Christianity is the law of June 9, 1837, Chapter 5, article 230, same thing, according to his own speeches.

step-children, the American Wage Slave Class on the other.

The slave must be shown; he must feel the class struggle, not only understand it. Let the class lines have a wide chasm between them.

Where starvation has failed to arouse the orkers, open violence by the capitalists and their government will do the trick

doctrine of direct action is simple; it is JOHN PANCNER.

MARKET APPAIR San Diego, Cal., Oct. 28 .- The class-conscious wage slaves of this burg will celebrate the famous Haymarket affair, which resulted in the hanging of innocent workers on November 11th, 1887, in Chicago. There will he railroad workers has been prepared, by the gress was inished, the delegates scattered to of gendarmes, led by the notorious Lepine in first acts by which it has been accompanied, their homes and lo this inexplicable strike of gendarmes, led by the notorious Lepine is meeting in the I. W. W. hall, 823 Fourth it finds itself in the presence of a criminal occurs. The C. G. T. decided to operate the "Humanite" and put the committee (five men) workers or San Diego are invited to attend. workers or San Diego are invited to attend.

Local No. 13

INDUSTRIAL WORKER

Published Weekly by the Spokane Local Unions Workers of the World.

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INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD. General Headquarters-518 Cambridge Building, Chicago, Illinois. W. E. Trautmann......General Organizer

GENERAL EXECUTIVE BOARD. C. H. Axelson, Francis Miller, Charles Scurlock, J. J. Ettor, Geo. Speed. Entered as second-class matter, May 21, 1910, at the Postoffice at Spokane, Wash., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

The address of the INDUSTRIAL WORKER has been changed to 326-30 Main Ave. Address all communications to that number.

"Are you a Christian, or a Jew; an American or a 'foreigner'?" "Not for me! I am a WAGE-WORKER."

The national tin god, Teedor Bunkovelt, has just been discovered by the democrats as an enemy of labor. "When thieves fall out."

The remedy for "isms" and "osophies" is ACTION. The way to eliminate the chair warmer and philosopher is to DO something. Keep moving! Organize!

General Leonard Wood is advocating teaching the use of firearms in the school rooms. Our (?) free (?) public schools!! Are you wise, workingmen? The scabs must be protected. And more bred in the schools.

After the strike in Paris is a thing of the past, the socialist deputies in the French Chamber of Deputies rise nobly to the defense of the workers. And yet,-Premier Briand is a result (and a logical one) of their position.

Mayor Whitlock of Toledo, Ohio, apologized to a street speaker that had ben pinched by a wielder of "law and order." Whitlock lumps the political socialists, the policeman, the evangelist, the prohibitionist all/together. Wonder where he learned his dope?

Edgar Allen Poe has at last been entered in the Hall of Fame. The Hall of Fame should consider itself much honored. At last accounts, Poe was peacefully sleeping in his grave and was not disturbed by the belated recognition by Pharisees and capitalistic tools.

An organization in a hall is not arr organization. It is merely a mutual admiration society or the Knockers' Club. The place to organize is ON THE JOB. Why? Because that is the point of power. That is where you are robbed and that is where you can fight the boss on your own terms.

We read of a monk robbing the Virgin Mary of jewels worth \$3,000,000 and of the great scandal following. Evidently this monk forgot that the only legitimate robbery is stealing from labor. His worthy brothers of Spain (and of this country) are wise to that is worth a tinker's damn is one that is DOING things instead the proposition. They know who to rob.

There is no use talking, you simply MUST get wise to the proposition that you are supporting the shark in luxury and IT'S TIME TO STOP. The I. W. W. is organized for that purpose-to put the shtark on the hummer. Let the boss come to the union hall for men. Let's get busy and MAKE him come.

An exchange informs us that the Chicago firms that hire mer to work on scaffoldings pay the men five cents for every foot they fall. Thus if a man falls forty feet, he is paid \$2.00. Men who are out of a job this winter might fall off the top of the Masonic Temple once a day and thus draw about \$25.00. How would you like it for a steady job?

Every reader of the WORKER should consider himself lucky in effort. being able to read the letters of Fellow Worker W. Z. Foster, who has hobbed his way to a foreign country and is living as best he may in a land where he does not speak their language. There is no subject to replete with interest to rebels as that of the C. G. T. Foster's letters should be carefully read; yes, studied.

California is supposed to be the garden spot of the world. It has more beauty spots, more luxury, more native advantages than probably any other state in the union. Is this "garden spot" free from the blight of capitalism? Not at all! In the cotton mills of East Oakland, the same starved and pinched child faces are seen that furnish horror stories of the southern states. The dull, heavy, stupid countenance, prematurely old, of the child slave is alike a product of "Golden California" and of Massachusetts and South Carolina. The blight of the boss is not confined to geographical locations, but is as wide as humanity's spread. To fight this blight, an organization of workers is required that is likewise as wide as the world and as universal as is the wage system.

THE HAYMARKET NUMBER.

and make this edition an exceptionally good one.

job with your order.

A WORD TO MEMBERS.

Some members seem to think, because they are, out of the great goodnes of their heart, furnishing a pie card to their various officers, it is up to the officers to go ahead and make a union. This is absolutely impossible. No one can make a militant union but the members themselves. The officers, at best, can only reflect the ideas, enthusiasm and intelligence of the membership. They are even more handicapped than the membership at large, for where the average member works for one boss, the officer of a union works for several thousand, and each one of them is a critic. Not that it should be otherwise-only see to it that YOUR work of organizing the MAN ON THE JOB, getting members and subs is up to scratch before you register your kick.

HONESTY!!!

A letter from a fellow worker protests that a worker who "steals" some of the master's property is only practicing the "immoral" tricks of the capitalist. He further says, "Is it not a fact that the only man the system really conquors is the man that becomes like the system?" Some people are so constituted that they live up in the air continually—and that without the use of the librards showing the boys in blue and kahki.

We are to have an enlightened civilization must go.

The super-rich of the capitalist class in the super-rich of the super-rich of this government and the g biplane or dirigible balloon. Just how the "system" gets the best of exhortations in the public press by the paid never could have walked on "freedom's saa man that takes back that which has already been stolen from him liars and apologists of capitalist misrule have cred soil." is a mystery. If this is true, the whole idea of revolution or labor failed to bring the necessary enlistments, nor is a mystery. If this is true, the whole idea of revolution or labor organization is false, for that is the sole purpose of revolutionary labor organizations, to wrest from the boss that which has been labor organizations, to wrest from the boss that which has been labor organizations, to wrest from the boss that which has been labor organizations, to wrest from the boss that which has been labor organizations, to wrest from the boss that which has been labor organizations. taken from the workers; and to prevent the boss from robbing us in the future.

The only reason that a man should not individually rob the spreading like a plague intrough the army and it has seemed to the capitalists that IT CAN'T BE DONE. Individually, we are up they were but organizing the working class in If all the damned hogwash that pulpit, The only reason that a man should not individually rob the spreading like a plague through the army and is no land on earth today where the workers ORGANIZED, we have the "bulge" on the boss and can force in civil life. him to disgorge. Let us not mince matters. Let us not deceive ourselves. The aim of organized industrial unionism is to do to all the bosses just what the highwayman does to the individual boss—with this difference: the aim of the highwayman is merely to take what the other has. It is a case of robber robbing a robber.

The aim of organized industrial unionism is to do to as they mistakenly assume themselves to be, slop. The workers should have but one naturally in turn must shift to the shoulders of the rebelling workers.

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The aim of organized industrial unionism is to do to as they mistakenly assume themselves to be, slop. The worker should have but one naturally in turn must shift to the shoulders of the rebelling workers. to take what the other has. It is a case of robber robbing a robber. The aim of an industrial union is to take from all the robbers, not The aim of an industrial union is to take from all the robbers, not enacted by the American congress, the Dick only the proceeds of their past robbery, but also the power to rob Military Bill, it is feared, will fall short of its in the future. Under the capitalist law which exists for the purpose of protecting the boss in his robbery, any individual or organization that attempts to disturb the boss in his secure position of parasite is "illegal." Any attempt to prevent the boss from robbing the workers is "stealing." This being so, it is hard to see how the workers are going to live up to the "morality" of the boss mendous proportions, and with the lickspittle and, at the same time, deprive him of the power to exploit. There is no doubt but that the I. W. W. is "illegal." The most "illegal" thing about it is the preamble to the constitution.

THE I. W. W. AND THE C. G. T.

The I. W. W. is five years old. The C. G. T. for nearly a quarter of a century has been the organization of the French rebels. True, it has not been a militant and powerful body for that length of time. There have been times when the politicians, those who call themselves socialists and others, the reactionaries those who believe in parliamntary action, have done their best to lead the C. G. T. into paths of harmless action and vitiated programme. For many years the C. G. T. struggled against the enemies, both within and without, before it was able to establish itself as a militant organization of workers ON THE JOB. The I. W. W. is in a position to profit by the mistakes and hardships of French organization, and thus eliminate the useless waste of twenty years.

The C. G. T. has proudly declared that it is no longer the victim of the maudlin rant and cant of "Democracy." It, the C. G. T., stands firmly for the rule of the minority, for it realizes that the great mass is hopelessly stupid and stupidly hopeless. It is to the few who have within their veins the hot blood of rebellion against the rule of the boss that the appeal must be made. These are the ones on whom our efforts must be concentrated.

The C. G. T. has learned that phrases do not make revolutions nor improve conditions. It has learned that the only membership of merely saying them. This is an example that the I. W. W. would do well to copy.

The C. G. T. is composed of workers that are materialists. It has no place for individuals with "plans" for a future society or 'ideas" concerning how the dog catcher will be elected under socialism. They are concerned with but one thing-how to get more of what they produce and how to wrest from the boss the power to exploit labor. Anything, ANYTHING that will tend to this end neds no justification. Such tactics are themselves sufficient "justification." While the I. W. W. will not criticise the C. G. T. for their stand on these things, it could improve on the exactness with which it "Follows copy."

The I. W. W. is a young organization and the membership has not passed through the years of education in the bitter school of experience, as has the C. G. T., but its agitators should begin to point out the truths learned by the C. G. T. in weary years of

THE FIGHT FOR FREE SPEECH.

Every day there comes to the office of the WORKER clippings from many papers on the coast which, with the subtle methods of the slimy cockroach press conveys the idea that the fellow workers in Fresno are "tired" of the struggle and are thinking of giving up. These methods of misleading the workers is as old as is the boss owned press, and the workers of the country at large should see through such a subterfuge at once.

The communications from Fresno all convey the information that the boys are all enthusiastic and certain of victory, and their only cry is MEN, MEN, MORE MEN. Men to show their revolutionary feeling, not by talking, but by going to Fresno and carrying the war into the enemies' country.

There will soon come a time when we will not be compelled to go to jail to preserve our rights. When that time comes, we will simply tie up the industries of the nation, a la the C. G. T. and allow the boss to starve or go out of business. Until that time comes, however, and to help hasten that time, we MUST agitate and demonstrate with numbers and courage—even to going to the jails of the boss and demanding admission. It is not a desirable Remember, boys, the issue of November 9th will be devoted to kind of tactics. It will be much better to force the boss by our the commemoration of the martyrs of the eight-hour movement of economic POWER to desist from interfering with our right of the '80s. An attempt will be made to cover the subject thoroughly free speech, but until we have sufficiently hammered that idea into the skulls of a larger minority of the workers, we will have to be If you want extra bundle orders, be sure to order in advance, as content with the methods that we have at hand. And these methods the issue will no doubt be snapped up the first day. Get on the are but the means of winning the power that will permit us to use different methods.

"BOY SCOUTS"

vs. WORKERS

(By Bruce Rogers.)

Let the full significance of the Boy Scout movement sink into the minds of the wealthproducing class.

The worker who scorns this new military enterprise, as of no concern to him, most pitifully deludes himself.

A military establishment in its very narure can never be anything but a despotiam, and if we are to have an enlightened civilization

the recruits they have obtained for so much eigners we would have no existence.

as one term of three years. Then, too, the

That most despicable bit of legislation ever murderous application.

"What must we do to beat the workers into subjection when they have perfected their industrial organization?" council the ruling class

The Boy Scouts is the happy answer and practically without expense, related to its tre press and pious retainers of the existing misrule, shouting approval, this crafty plan originating in the brain of Baden-Powell, English rough rider and militarist, has in the short period of three months put five million boys in military training. Simply by taking advantage of the bounding spirits of the healthy youths of the middle class they make of them our future rurales, Cossacks, constabularies, invincibles!

Let us examine, if ever so briefly, the dreadful Oath and Law of the Boy Scouts. Before he becomes a Scout the boy must

take the Scout's binding and solemn oath, as follows:

I will give my word of honor that I will do my best:

To do my duty to God and the country.
 to help others at all times.

(3) To obey the Scout Law.

And this is the Scout Law:

(1) A Scout's honor is to be trusted. (2) A Scout is loyal to the President, and his officers, and to his parents, his country and his employers.

A Scout's duty is to be useful and to help others.

(4), A Scout is a friend to all, and a brother to every other Scout, no matter to what social class the other belongs.

(5) A Scout is courteous

(6) A Scout is a friend to animals. A Scout obeys orders of his parents, patrol leaders, or schoolmaster without ques-

8) A Scout smiles and looks pleasant under

all circumstances. (9) A Scout is thrifty.

Space allowed will not permit a treatment of each of the provisions. It will be apparent that ome of them are pure sugar-coat, while others such as No. 1 of the Scout Law, are reversions to the follies of medieval knight-errantry.

Number three of the oath and numbers two four and seven of the Scout law are, of course, lirectly related. They are the meat of the Boy cout movement and essential to subjection.

We know how the notion in provision num ber I of the remarkable oath, duty to God, has spattered the centuries with blood.

We have in provision number 2 an innovation in candor, loyalty to the President (sounds to his officers. The President is Commanderin-Chief of the Army and Navy, and as such scout's) employers! Comment is quite unnec-

In number 4 we have the frank avowal of the social class lines we have been insisting upon. In provision number 7 we have the obedience without question, the clinching essential of des potic rule.

We may do more than see to it that we are not deceived.

The Young Men's Christian Association who, as might well be expected, are fostering this movement, may contend that it has not intended it as a fighting organization, but the following dispatch emanating from Washington is as plain as the proverbial nose on one's face:

gencer.)
Washington, Sept. 28.—In a recent circular

ssued by the division of militia of the War Department a broad hint is conveyed as to the manner in which companies of Boy Scouts may secure arms and equipment. The circular says:

ganize a company of boys, the guns, uniforms so must come, with necessity for their overganize a company of boys, the guns, uniforms so must come, with necessity for their over-and other equipment to be supplied by the de-partment, information was given that the or-order perishes with the triumph of the new. ganization of independent companies in a state

is a matter of state regulation. There is no authority of law for the issue of any military supplies of the United States to such an organ-

"However, if the company is organized as a rifle club and affiliated with the National Rifle Association of America, the necessary arms and pertaining equipments may be had through the governor of the state, under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1905."

"FOREIGNERS."

I was born in the state of Mississippi and raised in the state of Louisiana; that is to ray, in the midst of the greatest "race problem" in the country; but not even there is seen the bitterness between white and black workers as is heard out here in the "golden

world contagion of class-consciousness is in the land where they happen to be, there

arms to do the bidding of the working class press and politics have pumped into the excuse the "native-born" call their think-tanks, Even the petty capitalists, the dear taxpayers there is none rottener than this anti-foreigner

COVINGTON HALL.

IN THE CITY JUNGLE. (Lawrence Tully.) Morning.

There's a murmer in the jungle as the day begins to dawn;

There's a stirring and a throbbing in the life blood of the town.

This the hour for slaves arising, To again resume their toil,

For the greatness of the nation must arise from out their moil.

Stop not, you jungle captives, loud insistent

is the call;
The godhead that is calling, calls to one and

calls to all;
Calls to young with limbs of weakness,

Calls to old with hair of gray; Yours is but to help the progress; not to ques-

tion, but sbey

Noon. There's a roaring in the jungle. It is noon

time in the street. There's a sound of strife and conflict as the

lords of commerce meet

High above the storied buildings, Higher reaching to the sky, Rises up the din of traffic as they barter, sell

and buy.

Heed not O, you workers, to the prices that they pay,
Though your heart's blood red is mingled in

the fabrics bright and gay.

Why should value at all concern you

When you get your wage each week? If you stop to ask a question you may only

trouble seek. Night.

Comes a whining in the jungle, comes a moaning in the night.

It arises with the anguish of the shivering souls of blight.

No one stops to look or wonder; No one even drops a tear.

In the city of the jungle they have ceased to care or fear. But, Time, the world's great teacher, in his

wonderous way, will work, us aid him in his misson. Let not one

his duty shirk. Let us hope that in the working. Ere the debt is paid in full

Humanity will be master; brotherhood will be

the rule.

PROGRAMS.

The labor movement is essentially an hisoric movement, getting its ideals and tactics from the bitter experience of past and present much like the oath of fealty to a monarch) and and not depending on either socialistic or anarchistic tin-gods for its salvation. It emodies the unward sween has a number of officers. Under the Dick law its destiny, of the race toward a goal we see he has sheriffs, marshals and deputies. The but dimly now today, and so all whatsoever President also has the appointment of some it does in the effort to achieve the emancipation of the world's workers is right, proper and just. It can do no wrong. invention, mothered by science, its environment is unstable and necessity alone can determine its tactics. The I. W. W. is, therefore, right when it rejects the attempts of socailist bureaucrats and anarchist mutualists to foist their outworn theories and philosophies upon it, for it must move by the necessity of its environment, and that environment is today an earth-wide industrial despotism, against which the democracy of labor cannot hope to prevail except by mass action that refuses to recognize either commune or state. The basis of social organization is today neither communal or territorial, for the industry has already completely subordinated (Regular Correspondence to The Post-Intelli the commune and is rapidly wrecking the state, so that again the I. W. W. is correct where it centers all its efforts on industrial organization, all its energies on control of the shop, for it is out of the work places that the commonwealth must rise, and it will rise only as the workers build it from below, not "In reply to a request for permission to or- as it is programed from above. So came, and COVINGTON HALL

Toulouse, Oct. 10, 1910.

Hartwell S. Shippy, Fellow Worker and Friend.

The 17th National Co-Operation Congress (11th of the C. G. L.) opened Monday, October 3d, to the strains of "The International."

There were about 500 delegates present, and the representing a total membership of 354,000. In lished. addition to these there were three foreign delegates-Lassenbach, representing the general commission of the German unions and Appleton and Gee, representing the Federal Trades Unions of Great Britain. Before proceeding to the regular order of business, the foreign delegates were accorded the floor. Appleton, the British delegate, brought the usual greetings and wishes for greater international solidarity.

Lassenbach, on behalf of the German Unions, invited the C. G. T. to send a delegation to Germany to participate in the monster meetings to be organized there during the coming year. Later the congress accepted the invitation and instructed the Confederal Committee to correspond with the Germans in regard to the matter. After these preliminaries were the matter pro and con, Niel, ex-sidisposed of the matter of admitting the press the C. G. T., mounted the platform. representatives to the congress came up for consideration, and after much discussion it was four of the leading capitalist dailies of Paris. This was intended as a rebuke to the latter, for their anti-working class attitude,

This step provoked many sneers from the excluded papers, who laid their troubles at the doors of the revolutionary element. They glostingly anticipated being revenged, however element sa much as possible and, figuratively blame the wayward course of the C. G. T. speaking, stood by with mouths watering upon him. waiting for the choice morsel of the C. G. T. Congress split by dissensions.

After the exclusion of the press representatives an amusing incident occurred. The Toulouse section of the Radical Socialist Party sent a letter of welcome to the congress, but amid a tumult of jeers it was tabled without reading.

The trouble betwen the two contending facmany contested delegates.

revolutionary element wished to pursue a rig-orous course of exclusion for all delinquents. He explained many of the seeming presentions several hours confusion reigned supreme, with Yvetot descended from the platform amidst business at a standatill. The meeting escaped vociferous applause. from the Presdent's control entirely dred men were singing "The International" the politicalists and direct actionists, or of propaganda. Socialists and Anarchists (take your choice). Socialists and Anarchists (take your choice). The question of the adoption of the revolutionists to reject it entirely. Once (Confederal Moral) was a true test of the again Niel, the ex-secretary of the C. G. T., sion the President secured what people of a strength of the two contending factions. The Latin race might consider a semblance of order and the delegates of the Cooks' Union of the Cooks' Union of the Cooks' Union of the Cooks' Union (Confederal Moral) was a true test of the again Niel, the ex-secretary of the C. G. T. took the platform and urged the acceptance of the law, imperfect as it is, in lieu of a did the C. G. T. Congress indorse the so-called better one. He said "the millions of French and the delegates of the Cooks' Union (Confederal Moral) was a true test of the again Niel, the ex-secretary of the C. G. T., took the platform and urged the acceptance of the law, imperfect as it is, in lieu of a did the C. G. T. Congress indorse the so-called better one. He said "the millions of French and the delegates of the Cooks' Union (Confederal Moral) was a true test of the again Niel, the ex-secretary of the C. G. T. took the platform and urged the acceptance of the law, imperfect as it is, in lieu of a did the C. G. T. Congress indorse the so-called better one. He said "the millions of French and the congress of the C. G. T. Congress indorse the so-called better one.

to discredit the socalled "Anarchist" administhey counted most was the Levy-Griffuelhes controversy.

Bourse du Travail at Paris is owned

abolish the wage system.

with their employers.

shell of the old.

tem.

ant-governmental activities was, as an organization, expelled from the building. However, its syndicates or unions still have the privilege and its syndicates or unions still have the privilege more rapidly.

At the opening of the afternoon session a stee government intimidated landlords into as the government intimidated landlords into telegram from Gompers was read, in which he regretted that the A. F. of L. hadn't been to send a delegate the commission in charge of the matter took to the Congress. After the reading of this to acting secretly, and, although accepting telegram the important matter of old age funds from the organization, refused to render Finally, by deceiving a landlord as to the establish, the commission secured a locaton Realizing that the burdens of the working class and the headquarters of the C. G. T. was estab-

furnish excellent material for the reformists anti-governmental tendencies and tactics, the to work upon, but they were disappointed, as French capitalists, through their government, Griffuelhes, the man most responsible for the have decided to throw the working class a tactics pursued, in a three hours' speech so sop in the shape of pseudo old age pensions. clearly explained the necessity for taking the The scheme is aimed not only to lull the hours' discussion. The "Moral" report, or securing more "reforms" through political ac-report of progress and activities of the Conthe matter pro and con, Niel, ex-secretary of would have their way. The law goes into ef-

decided to admit all except those representing late years he has become more reactionary will be entitled to a pension of 6 cents a day and is commonly referred to as a leader of for the balance of his or her life, provided the reform element. In a brilliant three-hour that for 30 years he or she has paid the retalk that was listened to with rapt attention Neil laid bare the workings of the Confederal committee from his point of view, and accused (about \$1.17) per year for women and 4½ its members of having made life so miserable francs (about 88c) per year for minors over gloatingly anticipated being revenged, however, for him as reformist secretary of the C. G. T. as they believed and hoped that the reformist that he had to resign. He said that for the element in the congress would prove strong present Confeueral committee, Anarchism and that the employers pay the same rate for each enough to balk some of the most cherished Syndicalism are synonmous. His attacks were worker employed and that the government also projects of the revolutionists. They encouraged largely directed against Yvetot, who is a sort the political element to hinder the directa ction of devil to the reformists, as they usually

Although it was long past the usual time for adjournment when Neil finished speaking, Yvetot asked for five minutes in which to reply to him. He talked for an hour, however. Yvetot unmercifully scored the parliamenhave matured a sum of twelve billion francatirians and said it is not his fault if Anarchism will have been accumulated. What a tidy sum and Syndicalism have the same end in view. He described the state as an arch enemy of the working class and said it is one of tions of reformists and revolutionists started first duties of a Syndicalist to be an anti-statist. early to manifest itself. The verification of Neil writhed beneath Yvetot's eloquence and early to manifest itself. The verification of Neil writhed beneath Yvetot's eloquence and credentials offered the excuse, as there were interrupted him with: "Since you are opposed to the state, have at least the courage to say The reformist element wished the admiss so in your statutes." Yvetot answered by say sion of the delegates of the many more or ing that as yet in the class war we must be less yellow unions that had failed to fulfil hypocrtes; that the workers must first be orthe obligations that would have entitled them ganized for immediate benefits and to educate to representation at the congress, while the afterward. When this is accomplished then The case of the delegates of the Cooks' Union of Neil and attributed the latter's downfall to of Paris was the most bitterly fought. For his unfortunate tactics in the Postal strike.

The editorial policy of La Voix du Peuple and for a time it looked as though the strongly criticized by the reformists, who active workers instead of forcing the workers prophecies of the capitalist papers would come claimed in effect that the paper was simply an to pay in this active working period the actual true—the C. G. T. Congress could not transact anti-militarist sheet. Of course, the direct sums from the sum of the two contending actionists made ready rejoinders and argued pension. factions of reformists and revolutionists, or of the great necessity for anti-militarist

The question of the adoption of the report

order and the delegates of the Cooks' Union were refused seats.

Many other similar struggles occurred during the two days that were devoted to the verification of credentials, but the issue was always favorable to the direct actionists. In all 18 Syndicates and the Bourse du Travail of Nice were excluded.

Though somewhat chastened by the defeats of Nice were excluded.

Though somewhat chastened by the defeats of the control of the proposed fusions and the principal scab arguments for committees and commissions, and they tried impractical "anarchists" were in no mood to discredit the socalled "Anarchists" administication of the Federation of the federation of social discredit the socalled "Anarchists" administication of Machinists were in no mood to discredit the socalled "Anarchists" administication of Machinists were in no mood to suffered by them, the reformists rallied strong the fusion of the Federation of the federation of the federation of the federation of the two days that were devoted to the verification of Machinists with the Federation of the federation of Neils and the federation of Machinists were in the federation of the feder listen to his entreaties and the Federation of workers to hinder the collection of the assess-

by the government and is loaned to the various with but two orders of business and as five tle to the government. labor organizations in order that they may still remained to be considered it was feared. At present the gov

of the C. G. T.

PREAMBLE OF I. W. W. CONSTITUTION

be no peace so long as hunger and want are found among millions of working people

organize as a class, take possession of the earth and the machinery of production, and

hands makes the trade unions unable to cope with the ever-growing power of the em-

ploying class. The trade unions foster a state of affairs which allows one set of workers to be pitted against another set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping

to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common

These conditions can be changed and the interests of the working class upheld only

an organization formed in such a way that all its members in any one industry, or

in all industries if necessary, cease work whenever a strike or lockout is on in any department thereof, thus making an injury to one an injury to all.

Instead of the conservative motto, "A fair day's wages for a fair day's work," we

must inscribe on our banner the revolutionary watchword, "Abolition of the wage sys-

army of production must be organized, not only for the every-day struggle with capitalists, but also to carry on production when capitalism shall have been overthrown.

By organizing industrially we are forming the structure of the new society within the

emancipation we unite under the following constitution

It is the historic mission of the working class to do away with capitalism. The

Knowing, therefore, that such an organization is absolutely necessary for our

and the few, who make up the employing class, have all the good things of life.

The working class and the employing class have nothing in common. There can

Between these two classes a struggle must go on until the workers of the world

We find that the centering of the management of industries into fewer and fewer

another in wage wars. Moreover, the trade unions aid the employing cla

tion this proved a difficult task. In this crisis notified in sufficient time to send a delegate pensions became the order of business. an account of what had been accomplished, short history of the old age pension question y, by deceiving a landlord as to the in France s necessary in order that the average of the business they were going to American reader can understand the situation. are becoming so heavy as to render the more militant workers desperate and to drive them The airing of this matter was expected to into effective labor organizations of distinctly course that had been taken that his action workers into a feeling of false security for was indorsed almost unanimously, after 12 their old age, but also to stimulate them into federal committee, was the next excuse for a classes have been so successfully stung in this struggle. Liorhon refused to vote for it beause the committee is Anarchist, anti-militar- Therefore an old age pension law was enacted. ist and everything but simply syndicalist. His While the law was pending passage the C. G. speech caused a fresh outbreak of disorder, T. waged a vigorous campaign against it, but and after about a dozen speakers had argued in vain, the "friends" of the working class fect in July, 1911. The provisions of the law Neil was formerly a revolutionist of the are substantially as follows: The worker who same stamp as Yvetot. Jouhaux, etc., but of is so fortunate as to reach the age of 65 years quired assessments. These assessments are 9 francs (about \$1.76) per year for men, 6 francs 18 years of age. To make the scheme more palpable to the workers the law also provides contribute a sum equal to one-half of that taxed from the employers. The whole sum to be put in one fund and loaned out at a moderate rate of interest.

It has been calculated that if the French working class can be hoaxed into paying its share of the tax that at the end of the thirty years that must elapse before any pensions to borrow at "a moderate rate of interest" to speculate with or if needs be to wage a war

In the face of the general demand for some kind of old age pensions and this miserable makeshift of a law, the C. G. T. Congress found itself in a rather ticklish situation. one speaker put it, it woud be well to consider the law thoroughly before rejecting it, because if they refused to accept the law it would be said that the C. G. T. would take the bread from the hands of old worn-out workers. The discusion of the matter was lengthy; all the speakers agreed, however, that the law was a very poor one and the general expression was in favor of a law, if there must be a law on the subject, that would avoid the 30 year capitalization feature, one that would entitle the present superannuated workers to the as the official organ of the C. G. T.—was also sessments paid by the present generation of sums from which he was later to draw his

As usual the congress divided on the matter the politicians wishing to accept the law and the revolutionists to reject it entirely. Once tration of the C. G. T. The matter on which Machinists will be required to fuse with the ments by every means in their power. The Metal Workers if it desires to remain a part result showed a vote of 1001 for the Joubaux of the C. G. T.

Proposition and 251 for the Neil proposition.

By Friday noon the Congress had finished The C. G. T. has again flung the gage of bat-

> tics for unions that dare to go on strike without having first secured permission and for that having first secured permission and for the having first secured permission and first secured permission and first secured permission and first secured permission and first secured permission unions that dare to break contracts forced upon it by an unfair board of arbitration. The pile in Fresno County? discussion on this matter threatening to con-to have another. If we don't there isn't going sume too much time, the Congress referred it to be rom in the BASTILE for all these Into committee. This committee brought in a dustrial Agitators. Get a rock pile and then report condemning all such legislation root if the I. W. W. delegates refuse to break rock, and branch and urging the workers to resist let them take turns in the dark cell."-Fresne as trongly as possible any attempt to force Tribune. arbitration upon them. Reported adopted by a vote of 1229-11. The reform element had is beginning to loom up."—Tribune.
>
> given up in despair.
>
> "Sheriff Chittenden announces that he has given up in despair.

next order of business. It didn't provoke a great deal of discussion, as the time for adto agitate against the unfairness of the judges enforcement of the present laws for the protection of workers which are being "saboted" by the judges. The question of the shorten ing of the working day was disposed of short-It being decided to request the subordin ate organizations of the C. G. T. to send to headquarters detail accounts of the situation in their various vicinities preparatory to beginning a vigorous campaign for an eighthour day. Several other matters of minor importance occupied the attention of the Con gress for a little while and after these were

that the opposition was considerably lessened Congres at Havre in 1911. At 6 p. m. Saturand it was able to transact business a little day the Congress adjourned and the delegates left the hall singing the International.

W. Z. FOSTER. P.S.—Please excuse lead pencil, as I have no pen; writing on both sides of the paper, as have but little change and postage high. Owing to a peculiar combination of circumstances I have had to write just as fast as I know how, so please overlook the even worse than usual grammar and utter lack of punctuation. Cut. slash and rearrange to suit yourself. If my report isn't as full and concise as it might be, I hope you will overlook that also, as I have been laboring under the greated of difficulties in not speaking the lan-guage. Many questions were discussed at the congress the past history of which everybody knew but me and I have had a hell of a time digging out what little information I have about them. Am sending a copy of the dope to Solidarity. Gave Williams the same instructions as you. Regards to all.

VOTE-OR ORGANIZE INDUSTRIALLY

political, field.

Our employers enslave us, not the politicians. Our strength lies in industrial organization, ot in political action.

The present complex industrial system nows no political, geographical or territorial not by precincts, wards, counties, states or nations, but into one solid, compact body

along the lines of industry.

Remember that there is ample time for March. Conceding a majority of workers' ization and have no leaders (sic), why do we votes, it is well to inquire: Will the owners of keep general officers for five years or life?

G. E. B. Members. during the four months betwee election and inauguration or will they threaten a shut down in order to have the voters recind their action?

If an industrial organization is required to "back up" the ballot cast in November, why face four months more of capitalist misery when you have there the power to take and hold the industries?

Many thousand wage-working women have no ballot—but they have a power in industry when organized.

Children employed in the mines, mills, factories, workshops and stores can have no political franchise—but they are part of the industrial life of the world and as such they have a voice in industry.

The modern blanket tsiff, chasing a job, never gains a residence and therefore has no But the northwest bears witness to the fact that the "prowling terrier" is a revolutionist when once he is shown.

There has never been a class controlling the political field unless it first owned and controlled the industries. The workers when they own and control industry will need no political state, as there is no class beneath the workers which may be exploited.

Conditions are not now and never were changed by agreeing with them. Capitalism came into existence, not by agreeing with feudalism, but by building up a power rent feudalism asunder.

We cannot change capitalism by agreeing with it in any particular, whether political, juridal, religious or what not. We cannot use present institutions to overthrow the present system. We must build within capitalism the future society, the Industrial Republic.

said he was too busy organizing industries to bother with ballots. He knows he can get anything he wants, because he controls achinery of production and distribution. We

to aid the police in the SUPRESSION of these Industrial Workers of the World if they attempt to disturb the peace of the city. • • • • For men to come here with a spiritual work or anisitual country. "It is incumbent upon all classes of citizens For men to come here with the express pur pose of creating trouble A WHIPPING POST by the government and is loaned to the various with out two orders of pushings and as the labor organizations in order that they may still remained to be considered it was feared have a place in which to air their grievances, by many that they could not all be dealt Several years ago the C. G. T. bureau of its with fully. However, the Congress had voted tration act, with the usual decoration of penal-tration act, with the usual decoration act and the penal-tration act and the penal-tration act and the pen

> "Let's see. Didn't we used to have a rock Might be a good time

"That I. W. board bill at the county bastile

The matter of accidents to workers was the accommodations for 300 I. W. W. members should that number wish to break into jail great deal of discussion, as the time for ad-journment was close at hand. It was decided modations could be found for 600, if worst to agitate against the unfairness of the judges comes to worst. The law must be upheld at who decide damage suits and to insist on the languages. The I. W. W. agitators have no sympathizers in Fresno County and the sooner they know it the better."-Fresno Tribune.

Fellow Members of the I. W. W.: This is sampel of the LAW AND ORDER that the worker has to stand for. THERE IS NO LAW FOR THE WORKER. When our capitalist courts attempt to take aw liberty guaranteed in the CONSTITUTION of the United States it is time for us to act. A REBEL

De you like the WORKER? Glom a sub.

so strongly revolutionist in the preceding fights disposed of it was decided to hold the next A FEW KICKS. WHAT'S THE ANSWER? Seeing in the columns of THE INDUS-TRIAL WORKER that criticisms of the organization are invited. I take pleasure in submitting the following questions:

Conventions.

At our recent convention (sic) the most important things "accomplished" were: O King the expulsion of two members, passing resolutions of approval in re imprisonment editorial staff "Solidarity," ordering general organizer's report printed (never done) and arvest circulars printed (never done). Now, How many hundreds or thousands did the onvention cost? What has it accomplished? How many delegates received instructions? Not one-third! Were their deliberations there representative of the rank and file?

Why should G. E. B. members and general officers have a voice and vote at convention when they can receive no instructions, and consequently can represent no one?

What in hell is a convention good for? Officers and Salaries.

Why should a general officer, an organizer, local officer or an editor receive a bigger sal-We are robbed on the industrial, not the ary than the average member? Must they eat better meat and richer food than the working class? Will they holler louder for the revolution on big salaries? If general officers receive \$90 per month (\$3.60 per day 25 days in the month) all the year around, what will we tell the starving factory and store girls when lines; it is fact becoming world wide. The we ask them (they who do not average \$3.00 workers in order to win must band together, a week 10 months in the year) to organize a week 10 months in the year) to organize and pay 15c per month per capita to keep "our officers" in salary?

Dare any one take me up when I challenge Remember that there is ample time for them to show where anybody ever did any-starvation between the first Tuesday after the

What have they accomplished since last convention, besides sign charters with rubber stamps, draw salary and mileage? Why have them?

Per Capita Tax.

How can a woman wage slave pay 15 cents per capita when she must walk home from the factory to save car fare?

better can we convince the working class that we are not after their money than by low dues, i. e. low per capita? Couldn't the tax be reduced to 5 cents by abolishing the general organizer's office-a stenographer or two, a cheaper headquarters and reducing the secretary's salary to \$75 or \$60 per month, quit holding expensive conventions, abolishing G. E. B. officers and letting locals do their own organizing? And couldn't 5 cents be used by the locals so that they could have their own organizer and watch him?

And couldn't 5 cents be used to give each member a free subscription to any of our papers he chose?

Hoping that this will be published and that the readers of the WORKER will answer my queries, I remain,

Yours for industrial freedom MEMBER L. U. 40.

BY GOD.

The question is settled, solved by a minister. Even working people listened.

Some were there in itans, others with real paper collars. Some thought he was right. He spoke on the question, "Labor's Problem." Go to work and be contented, fellow work-

ers: our problem is over. It's wonderful if you believe it. Who is this great Saviour, you ask? The Mr. Rev. D. D. M. A. Mathews of Seat-

J. Pierpont Morgan did not register and the Wash. A Grand Divine Doctor of Divinity. says must be true. For ages we have been guided by their wis-

Many believe them today. However, their job is becoming hard. They are doing everything to lighten their burdens. Some are hold enough to say they're working men. And will even take out union cards.

They will say anything, do anything, to asso-ciate with working people. The funny thing about the preacher is he does everything by He proves everything by God. He refuses to anything but by God. If they would come with the workers, take a shovel, a saw or a sledge-do some real useful labor, we would be glad to associate with them. But they are

spiritual work or spiritual pork-chops.

The workers too long have depended on this spiritual junk. We want real truth. We understand real work, and we are going after the real pork chops. Now again, was there anything proven

God. Was the earth proven to be round by The utility of steam electricity or labor-say-

ing machinery was not proven by God. By God there was nothing proven. By God there was nothing done. And by God nothing will be done. Until the working class do something for themselves. Nothing will be done by God. Now the reason I mention these things is because the minister proved labor problem would be solved by God; but I say, by God it won't.

Wanted by the local unions of Minneapolis, a good organizer. Wages \$15 per week. All speakers take notice. Address J. S. Clemens, ecretary, I. W. W. Hall, 104 Hennepin Ave., Mineapolis, Minn.

Can you write? Then write to the WORKER about the conditions in your camp. NOW.

Pete Brown, communicate with Secretary Shea of L. U. 40. Missoula.

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L'Emancipation

Official Organ of the Franco-Belgium Federation, I. W. W. AUG. DETOLLENAERE. 9 Mason Street. Lawrence, Mass

Make some slave subscribe to the WORK-ER. It is good medicine for jobophobia and

NOTICE TO ALL LOCALS.

Many locals have changed their location in the last month or two. If all locals will send in their present address with name of their secretaries, a new directory will be constructed and published from time to time. Every secretary is requested to attend to this at once. Address, "Directory of INDUSTRIAL WORKER," 326 Main Ave., Spokane, Wash.

EXTRA!

A third very much improved edition of the I. W. W. Song Book is now ready for delivery The book contains many additional songs. Some are classic songs of the workers' hopes and aspirations, while others are especially adapted arouse the prowling terrier of the northwest

The Preamble, Hall Directory, L. W. W. literature and publications, etc., are also features of the song book. However, the price remains he same as the old one. Order now.

You workin' stiffs, grab a sub for the WORKER. It is an educator. This means YOU.

SEATTLE NOTES.

Noting in the recent issues of the Industrial Worker the encouraging reports of the growth of the locals of the northwest, it probably will be of interest to the readers of this paper to know what is taking place in Seattle.

In the first place, Seattle is not behind the times. We are on the move. True, we are not growing by leaps and bounds; but are making steady progress, taking in members daily, doing a large amount of propaganda work and disposing of a considerable amount of literature weekly. The literature sales average from \$10.00 per wek up.

The locals all show a steady increase in membership, and are rapidly gaining the confidence of the workers. This is shown especially at our street meetings. An I. W. W. soap-boxer is able to gather a crowd where other speakers are barely able to get a cor-poral's guard. All this goes to show that the slaves are gradually beginning to realize the logic of Industrial Unionism.

association.

One employed by the loggers and the other by Locols, No. 178 and No. 382. The duty of the Locols, No. 178 and No. 382. The duty of the loggers' organizer is to make a round of the camps soliciting members and collecting dues.
Organizer Thompson, who is employed by the other locals, speakers regularly in the hall and on the street. Considerable nuember of members are taken in during these meetings.

Thompson made a trip to Bremerton, the United States Navy Yard city, and delivered a lecture to a meeting which had been arranged for him. He reports speaking to a large audience and the meeting being a success in all respects.

Ferrer Memorial Demonstration. The Ferrer Memorial Demonstration held

on October 16th was a succes in every respect. As has been stated before, the I. W. W. was the prime mover in holding this meeting as well as financing the same. Calls were issued to the various revolutionary organizations, including the Workmen's Circle, Rus-Workingmen's Union, Radical Library Association, the Educational League and the Socialist Party, all of which responded by sending delegates to the arrangement committee.

The meeting was pulled off without a hitch. In spite of the drizzling rain a capacity crowd completely filled the large hall hired for the

Chairman Homes of the I. W. W. called the meeting to order and called the attention of those present to the Ferrer literature which was for sale in the hall. A considerable number of the Ferrer edition of the Industrial Worker, pamphlets dealing with the modern school, and the works of Ferrer were sold. James P. Thompson made the principal Ore. speech of the evening, hastily tracing the hisspeech of the evening, mastry, tracing the mis-toric development of the working class, the necessity of education and solidarity, and the causes leading up to the murder of Ferrer. That his address was well received was evinced by the numerous times that he was stopped by the applause from those assembled.

Following Thompson spoke Mrs. Saddler, representing the Socialist Party, who touched who illustrated some of the modes of teachsung by the Rusian chorus also deserve special commendation.

Taken all told, the meeting was a grand success, financially and otherwise. While the expenses amounted to some \$25.00, a collection working in the sawmills for the big wages of to some \$45,00, a collection large enough to cover the same and to net a surplus of some \$30,00 was taken up.

This surplus will be used as a nucleus of a \$1.35 per day and board, but is full up most fund for the purpose of establishing a modern of the time. school in this city, for which a preliminary meeting has been called to take place at the that makes easy pickings for the employment I. W. W. headquarters. F. R. S.

NOTICE.

Thomas Mitchell has lost a receipt from local No. 246 and also due book. All mem-bers are requested to watch out for same and Union for his men? Yours for the goods, send to No. 246, 538 May street, Portland, Ore. Portland, Ore., 63 1-2 N. 2nd St.

lumber workers in Montana, due to the in- from Portland here for a while, so we were fluence of the Western Federation of Miners' holding three meetings on the streets on Suncapita tax to him.

tion of hours to nine per day. Shortly after Jackson, along with Fitzgerald and Cooke, adthis Sherman's fake organization gave up the dressed the meeting, which was a huge success. ghost and in order to prevent the lumber the hall being crowded with an interested workers' local from lining up as a part of the crowd. We also have an organization com-I. W. W. Mahoney and others engineered a In the last month the locals have perfected a consolidation; that is, they have agreed to occupy the same hall instead of occupying two accomplished by pointing out to the lumber headquarters, as formerly. This will be a saving of hall rent of some \$50.00 a month, besides the advantage which lies in the association. port of the miners in any fight that they would Two organizers are maintained in the field: make for better conditions. This support was

In the meantime, Fellow Worker Heslewood had succeeded in opening the eyes of the mem bership of the Kalispell and Somers locals, both of which joined the I. W. W., and issued a circular calling upon all other locals to do

In the spring of 1908 the lumber companies established the old scale of wages and hours and forced a strike in so doing. The lumber workers to the number of over 3,000 affiliated with the State Union of Montan of the W. F. of M. and called upon the W. F. of M. to make good in their promises. They were sadly disappointed, however, as the matter was put to a referendum vote and, due to the efforts of Executive Board Member John C. Lowney and other leaders, the miners decided to continue working and handling scab timber.

The lack of support killed any chance of winning the fight and the lumber workers immediately called the same off and started to reorganize in the I. W. W. The loss of the fight, however, and the opposition which they engendered from the W. F. of M. officials, the A. F. of L. and the lumber companies, view of their going to line up with the I. W. W., disrupted the organization.

VINCENT ST. JOHN.

General Secretary.

CLINTON SIMITON, WHERE ARE YOU? Total deficit Oct. 22.

H. S. Wright would like to hear from Clinto Simiton, who was organizer for the I. W. W. in Oklahoma City, Okla., in 1903. Anybody knowing of his whereabouts please notify H. S. Wright, Quimby Hotel, Portland,

A fellow worker, a member of the Sailors' Inland Printing Co... Union, gaves me the following news: Portland Notes.

Sailors of the Atlantic coast have had their wages cut, those getting \$35 to \$30, those getting \$30 to \$25. The men left and were replaced by scabs.

upon the modern school movement and the through Portland to the Fresno fight, going necessity of solidarity. She in turn was fol-There have been a number of boys going lowed by a Yiddish speaker, who spoke a few are leaving every day, and expect to give old minutes, and was succeeded by Bruce Rodgers, Fresno a good round before the winter is The report comes to me that the ing in the modern school. The meeting closed shacks and the bulls are not so bad as the with a short talk made in Russian. The songs report was. They say there are lots of men on the road and that makes it easier for the

boys to get over the road. Conditions in Portland (the Rose City) are

The slave market is loaded with men and hog. They are hsipping all kinds of mer out on bunko jobs; but you know it is against the law! Will they ever get wise ing to the locals of Los Angeles should be and organize, and make the boss come to the addressed John Troy, Box 832, Los Angeles,

GOING SOME IN CANADA.

Local No. 322, Vancouver, has been doing

ome work this last month. After Thompson went away we saw that an organization was necessary, so we agreed that F. W. King should be put on duty for one month. We have gone three weeks of the month now and have got 63 members and sold Industrial Workers and a lot of Industrial Unionism After the 1906 convention all the locals of literature. We also had Jackson and Cochrane officials, went in with Sherman and paid per days, all surrounded by big crowds, which seem, in my opinion, to be all coming our In the spring of 1907 the lumber workers in Somers went on a strike and were successing in the O'Brien hall and sold \$10.00 worth ful in forcing an increase in wages and a reduction of literature. Fellow Workers Hudson and mittee for thinking out ideas for the advancement of the local. Now, when is the circuit going to be started? Now-if the locals of the West, Spokane, Seattle and Portland would appoint an organization committee! Let us exchange ideas. I have written to Phoenix, Victoria and Nelson to see if we can get something going in British Columbia next spring. So Phoenix, Victoria and Nelson hurry up with your letters.
Yours for industrial freedom

SCOTTY TRAIN.

INDUSTRIAL WORKER REPORT.

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 31, 1910. Weekly report of the financial standing of the "Industrial Worker":

Received for bundle orders... Received for subs... Received for ads.... Papers sold in hall and on street. 7.00 Minneapolis locals ... Thos. Coultas 5.00 Missoula Local No. 40. Brawley Local No. 437... 4.00 Total receipts. Expenses Special delivery postage stamps.

Spokesman-Review, one week McDermid-Salnave Eng. Co., cut of Ferrer . Delivering and folding papers... Hauling papers to post office. Paste H. S. Shippey, wages... Jos. O'Neil, wages. 7.50 \$338.66

Total expenses Oct. 23-29. 29.90 \$368.56 Total receipts Oct. 23-29... 105.33 Total deficit Oct. 29, 1910... \$263.23 \$ 90.63 Grauman-Walker Co. . 'Kalispell Bee" . 32 M

Deficit Oct. 29. \$683.66 Outstanding bills due to Industrial Worker\$415.72

T. H. DIXON, Secretary. weekly.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

NOTICE.

All communications and literature pretend-

Have you the price of a sub card?

THE BIG RAILROAD STRIKE IN FRANCE

(Continued from Page One.)

ties were present to witness this dirty work. Even they, long since dead to the real working class movement, were aroused by this piece of Briand's work and they unmercifully guyed the chief of police and the slaves ac-companying him. One of the strike committee when arrested was sitting in the old editorial chair of Briand, the one in which the latter wrote his well known plan of the gen-eral strike. Secretly Briand is proving a treasure to the direct action movement of the world by showing how completely even a radical revolutionist can forget his principles when inmeshed in the devitalizing influence of political action. The arrest of this committee has not hindered the prosecution of the strike in the least, as there are provisional committees ready to come forward whenever

their services are needed. Hundreds of arrests are being made all over France. Briand has issued an order to his subordinates to place every known militant direct actionist under surveillance and to ar-

rest them upon the slightest pretext.

The tie-up has effected the prices of food stuffs already in Paris and the problem of getting provisions into the city is pressing. The plan now being advocated is to take advantage of the fine canal and river system and bring food in that way. Now if the em-ployes of the canal could develop a little class 11.00 solidarity and refuse to carry any freight to 25,00 Paris the strike would soon be settled. Four million hundry stomachs in Paris would force the government and private railroad com-10.00 panies to come to time in spite of the few 5.00 thousand soldiers and gendarmes that the .95 latter have at their disposal.

The railroad strike has fanned into flame the smoldering protests of other workers and a veritable epidemic of strikes of minor proportions has occurred in the last 24 hours all over the country. Not a single Parisian 30 all over the country. Not a single rarman paper has yet published an estimate of the number of men on strike. The number is cither so great as to forbid it being made 1.00 public or else the telegraph and telephone system are so disorganized that no trustworthy estimate can be made.

Judging by the spread of the strike during the last 24 hours the future looks bright for the long-meditated general railroad strike. Let us say in hearty accord with the railroad workers, "Vive la Grieve."

W. Z. FOSTER.

NEWS FROM NEW CASTLE, PENNA.

A short news item of what the I. W. W. is doing in the city of New Castle may perhaps be of some interest to you. After the arrest and imprisonment of the editor and press committee of our paper, Solidarity, the work of 297.40 organization was somewhat neglected and the membership of the locals fell off till we had 263.23 difficulty in having a quorum for a meeting. Several members who had been recruited from the dear old S. P. got cold feet and at this writing are afraid to even recognize an I. W. W. man when they meet him on the street. You may be sure that we are not weeping over This report will in the future be rendered their loss. Week before last a reorganization meeting of L. U. No. 297 was held and the nembers that were in the local because they IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Feeling that the advertisements of capitalsts in the INDUSTRIAL WORKERS are

were working men and not because they
wished to capture votes for some political
party, were all on hand and took up the work doing the paper more harm than good, it was of reorganization with real interest, and since decided in the last meeting of the Spokane that time we have taken in 16 new members, locals to cut out all capitalist ads after the who are joining because they see the necessity first of November. This action was taken for organization and not because somebody after a thorough discussion through three indorsed a certain "ism." We expect to secure We expect to secure business meetings. The income from the ads a larger hall in the near future, and we have has not been more than \$8.00 per week and prospects of getting an organization here in the space is worth more to the organization. the near future that will have REAL economic If all coopera-te with the WORKER, this added deficit will more than be wiped out. you have heard, the Rev. Billy Sunday. bosses are all in cahoots with him and their slaves have to either march to the tabernacle ing to the locals of Los Angeles should be under a hanner reading, "The employees of - for Christ," or lose their jobs.

the worst of the trouble is that a lot of American born workers do not even resent it. The despised Hunkey, however, not only resents it, but shows it in the best way possible. He marches with the rest to the tabernacle and then, after sitting a few minutes they get up in a body and march out to the confusion of He will only be here for a few weeks more, however, and we do not expect his influence to last long after he leaves.

I will write you from time to time and let you know of the progress of the organization in this ection of the country.

Trusting that the work of organization is being carried on successfuly in the west, I am,
Yours for Industrial Freedom,

G. H. PERRY Local Organizer L. U. No. 297, I. W. W.

Local 26 in Denver has opened headquarers again, with the great help of Fellow Worker Corbin. So, fellow workers, if you happen to stop at Denver call at 1109 18th St.

Yours for the I. W. W., HARRY WEMSTEM, Sec.

Will Emil Freeberg, formerly member of Local No. 140, Cheyenne, correspond at once with Louis Moreau, Cheyenne, Wyo.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Local secretaries should be sure to place the card number on each transfer notice, as it greatly assists the secretary in locating the member in the books.

Come on, you working stiffs; send in the news of your job to the WORKER.

