Many Thousands Strike to Free Ettor and Giovannini

CHICAGO, ILL., SEPT. 30.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS
POUR MILLS AND TIE UP, IDCING THE WOOLEN TRUST
TO TWELVE THOUSAND WORKERS
ARE OUT IN LAWRENCE. THE
WORKERS IN OTHER SECTIONS
OF MASSACHUSETTS ARE AWAITING
CALL TO STRIKE. INDUSTRY
IS ON A MASS REVOLT ON
BEHALF OF ETTOR AND GIOVANNINI
WORKERS IN EASTERN SECTIONS
ARE DETERMINED THAT
THEM SHALL BE FREE.

ST. JOHN.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 29.—Police
activity caused a small riot on Essex
street last night. A group of police blocks
the parade and arrested the visiting delega-
tions from Lowell, Haverhill and Bos-
ton, who had come to take part in an ur-
gent appeal in memory of Annie Lappie.

Gilds were used and there were fallen
ladders, but no serious injuries occurred.

But police, too, were paraded, hurt.
Arrests were made, but arrest of
Capt. Truesc, marshal, is said to be
incurred.

The parade was orderly and the as-
semblage was entirely uncial for it. It is the belief
here that it was provoked to disrupt the
general strike and the Ettor-Giovannini
cause, bycondemned by witnesses and pub-
lisc.

The Annie Lappie memorial demonstra-
tion in the afternoon was most im-
portant. There was a big turnout, de-
spite the police assault and a donught of
pinc.

The various delegations brought
together. Memorial speeches were made
while the working class was urged to
build up ONE BIG UNION to end up
the system responsible for the
uprooting of Annie Lappie.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 29.—A spe-
technical general strike began in the Wash-
ington mills here on Thursday afternoon
and spread to the Averill, American, At-
cher and Lever Mills on Friday. Shut-down of all the Woolen Trust
mills followed. Over one hundred thousand
men are at work on a strike against a prote-
te. It was inaugu-

ated by the rank and file despite the as-
thetics of Ettor and Giovannini to the not-
ory. Ettor wrote from the jail. "The
workmen of all the Trust factories would
not yield to prejudices, which would fail to understand
our noble spirit of sacrifice and inter-
est for a [voice.

Giovannini wrote: "We know the perils of your fielded areas, when you come to
roll you cut off the base of the whole
supply, and undermine the political state
that the police pay you to be great, pay
off the millions that you have
and the little children are fed
and the mothers work because they
must. You must not do it now.

Giovannini urged more organisation and a more
complete general strike throughout the country, when the total
shall have demonstrated the real power of the
industrial capital of the country.

The thousands of strikers are orderly,

| New Bedford Strike Situation |

The strike in New Bedford, like the
machinery and the storekeeper's handles, has been called off and the

workers have decided to remain in their positions without

the threat of violence. The New Bedford cloth
strike is over, and the

mill owners are in a state of confusion. The

strike begun on July 30 was called off in New Bedford and the

workers went back to work on July 31. The mill owners have

agreed to a settlement of $3 a day for the workers, and

the strike is ended.

The settlement is considered fair by both sides, and

the workers are satisfied with the terms. The

strike was called off after three weeks of

bitter struggle. The workers had

been on strike for three weeks, and the

mill owners had been trying to

打破了 status quo without violence.

However, the workers had decided to

continue the strike until the

mill owners agreed to their demands. The

strike was called off after three weeks,

and the workers went back to work on

July 31. The mill owners had agreed to

a settlement of $3 a day for the workers,

and the strike was ended.

Although the settlement was not

unanimous, it was considered fair by

both sides, and the workers were satisfied with the

terms. The strike was called off after

three weeks of struggle, and the workers went back to work

on July 31. The mill owners had agreed to

a settlement of $3 a day for the workers, and

the strike was ended.
OPENING

A DEADLY PARALLEL

What Is Possible in the A. F. L.

By Victor Roper

Complete preparations have been made to get a blow against the American Federation of Labor, and at any time now, or even in the next few days, the old-time union will be attacked in a big way.

The political situation has been influenced by the nationalization of the railroads, and the A. F. L. has been badly hurt. The Big Four Railroads have consistently refused to recognize the A. F. L. and have been antagonistic to it.

The A. F. L. is now in a strong position to fight for its existence. The labor situation is critical, and the A. F. L. must stand firm.

A. F. L. and the Big Four

The federations must unite against the Big Four. The A. F. L. must be strong enough to stand up to the Big Four and their allies. The Big Four are trying to stamp out the A. F. L. and take over the railroads.

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THE WORKING CLASS IN CHILE (Thursday, Oct. 13, 1911).

The lack of necessary discipline in the working class movement in the interests of the proletariat is a fact that has developed in all countries. It has not been in recent years that new nations have entered the ranks of the proletariat, but the means that have been developed for their control and exploitation. The workers in all countries are beginning to demand more discipline and organization in their movement. The lack of discipline in the working class movement in the interests of the proletariat is a fact that has developed in all countries. It has not been only in recent years that new nations have entered the ranks of the proletariat, but the means that have been developed for their control and exploitation. The workers in all countries are beginning to demand more discipline and organization in their movement.

WILL - "FATTY" INTERVIEWED. (New York, Oct. 13, 1911.)

The trial of the South African War, which last winter was heard in Pretoria, has been continued in Pretoria on Monday by the judge, Mr. Justice Hill. The trial is expected to last until the end of the month. The accused persons include General Christiaan De Wet, General Hendrik Potgieter, and Major General Jan Smuts.

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COMBINATION LAWS IN CANADA. (New York, Oct. 13, 1911.)

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AGITATE—EDUCATE—ORGANIZE—FIGHT FOR THE EIGHT-HOUR WORK DAY

NOTE FROM PITTSBURGH, PA.

Talking in some of the offices of the Western Labor Movement, attention has been called to the fact that 150,000 of the 2,500,000 men employed in the coal industry of the state are workmen in the coal mines. Among these, the number of the 23,000 men employed in the anthracite fields is also included. The Dead Man in the anthracite fields is one of the most serious of the three big problems of the state. The Dead Man is the name given to the man who is buried alive under a weight of earth. This condition is caused by the filling of the underground workings with earth and rock, and the placing of such a burden on the miner that he is unable to get out. The condition is particularly prevalent in the anthracite fields, where the working conditions are often extremely hazardous. The problem is being addressed by various organizations and individuals, including the Western Labor Movement, who are working to improve the working conditions and prevent such tragedies.

LAWRENCE LOSES HIS LIFE

LAWRENCE, Mass.—Lawrence labor leaders say that the death of Lawrence workers was due to the negligence of the management, and that the workers were not given a fair chance to save their lives. The workers had been working under extremely dangerous conditions, and the management was not doing enough to provide a safe working environment. The workers had been seeking better working conditions through strikes and other forms of protest, but the management had refused to listen to their demands. The workers had been demanding higher wages, better working conditions, and safer working environments, but the management had been refusing to meet their demands. The workers had been forced to continue working under these conditions, and their lives had been lost as a result.

JAMES RICH IN THE COOLER

James Rich, the labor leader of Lawrence, was arrested in the Lawrence jail on charges of conspiracy to interfere with the work of the police. Rich had been working closely with the workers in the Lawrence strikes, and the police had been trying to break up the strikes and arrest the leaders. Rich had been working with the workers to try to improve their working conditions, and to bring about a fairer and more just society. The police had been trying to arrest Rich and other leaders, but the workers had been fighting back and had been successful in preventing the police from arresting them.

DIFFERENT TOWNS WAKING UP

In many different parts of the country, there is a growing awareness of the need for industrial reform. People are becoming more educated about the problems of industrial exploitation, and are demanding better working conditions and fair wages. In Lawrence, the workers had been demanding higher wages and better working conditions, and the police had been trying to break up the strikes. In other places, the workers had been demanding better working conditions, and the police had been trying to prevent them from striking.

DOLLY, A TRIBUTE TO HER

Dolly, a young labor leader, was killed in Lawrence when a police officer shot her while she was trying to help the workers in the strike. Dolly had been working closely with the workers, and had been an important figure in the Lawrence strikes. She had been actively involved in the struggles for better working conditions and a fairer society, and her death was a great loss to the workers and to the movement.

SOMETHING MORE SARCASTIC

In the current issue of the Boston Daily, there is an article entitled "The Boston Daily: A Newspaper for the People." The author of the article is a member of the Boston Daily staff, and the article is intended to be a critique of the newspaper. The author of the article is critical of the newspaper for its lack of coverage of important issues, and for its lack of accountability to its readers. The author is calling for a more democratic and accountable newspaper, which would be run by the people and for the people.

MAKE A HINT

All members and readers of the "Industrial Worker," and all other workers who support the movement, are invited to contribute to the New York City political fund. The fund is being used to support the political campaigns of the workers, and to bring about a more just and equitable society. All contributions are welcome, and will be used to support the political campaigns of the workers.

"BARGAIN COUNTRY" UPHOLDING

The National Labor Tenancy Board (NLTB) has upheld the right of the workers to strike, and has rejected the claim of the management that the workers were not entitled to strike. The NLTB has ruled that the workers were entitled to strike, and that the management was not entitled to prevent them from doing so. The NLTB has also ruled that the workers were entitled to receive the full wages they were owed while they were on strike, and that the management was not entitled to deduct any wages from the workers while they were on strike.

END

This is the end of the story. Thank you for reading.