ABOR DEFENDER

Vol. 1-No. 3

March, 1926

Price 10 Cents



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BUILDING THE ILLD



By ROSE KARSNER.

BUILDING THE I. L. D.

The I. L. D. aims to draw to its banner in united action the large mass of workers who recognize the need of developing a weapon against capitalist persecution, and who are willing to work together for this goal regardless of their political or industrial opinions and affiliations.

To accomplish this is a big task which must be attacked from several different angles at the same time. No one way is sufficient.

Mass meetings in protest of some fighting issue in behalf of the working class is one of the best means of reaching the large mass of workers and exploited farmers. But our own membership must put life into these meetings. They must consider it their duty to attend.

The lethargic mass of people who are not pitched to the high tension of class activity which our own membership is, can be easily enthused. They respond very readily to spirited conviction. We must show our conviction—not merely have it. We must show to the mass of workers that we are earnest about our conviction to make the I. L. D. a powerful weapon in behalf of class-war prisoners and their dependents.

ATTEND YOUR MASS PROTEST MEETINGS!

Don't be afraid to talk to your neighbors in the factory, explaining the aims of the I. L. D. Give them some of our literature. Get them to join. Get your neighbor to join.

Present resolutions in your union and fraternal organization calling for support of the I. L. D. Get your organization to affiliate with the I. L. D. Sell the Labor Defender.

After you have gotten members, concentrate on making your Branch meeting interesting. Make it a point to have someone talk on one of the I. L. D. issues at each meeting. Plan activities for the Branch which will give work to many of the new members, and at the same time help to bring in more members.

Attack the problem of broadening out the I. L. D. from all angles. Local and Branch Secretaries should concentrate especially on the work in the unions and fraternal organizations. Don't ever miss an opportunity to have one of our members speak about the special trials which I. L. D. is defending at his or her union meeting. Also send speakers out.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Walter Trumbull, released from Alcatras Prison February 5th, where he leaves Paul Crouch for another two years if we do not put up a strong enough protest and a demand for his release, will tour the country for the I. L. D. All Branches and Locals have been informed about this and requests for dates are coming in fast.

Paul Crouch was offered his freedom provided he would agree to renounce the principles for which he was imprisoned. Crouch and Trumbull were both arrested because of their efforts to organize a Young Communist League in Hawaii, while in military barracks.

Trumbull will have a special message from Crouch. Don't fail to hear it.

Ella Reeves Bloor is out on an organizing tour for the I. L. D. spending several days in cities were special help is needed. She will be in Chicago February 27th and spend some time down in southern Illinois among the miners. Comrade Bloor is an "honorary" member of Local 992 U. M. W. A. in Zeigler, Ill.

Bishop Brown, whom everybody is anxious to hear, has promised to speak for the I. L. D. during the months of March and April. Definite dates are being booked for him.

The demands are so great for Bishop Brown dates, that there are not enough days in the two months to fill all the requests.

Stanley J. Clark, in the labor movement for twenty years, and a well-known orator, is touring the state of California at present for the I. L. D.

Henry Corbishley, one of the best known defendants in the Zeigler trial, is I. L. D. organizer in Franklin County, and reports good progress.

Robert Zelms is organizer of the New England Section of I. L. D. He expects many new Branches within a short time.

March 18-25 is Paris Commune week for the I. L. D. All Branches and Locals have been asked to make special arrangements for celebrating the memory of the martyred dead of the Commune of 1871. A special leaflet is being printed for distribution. New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, Cleveland, Milwaukee have already rented their halls for this special occasion.

A SUGGESTION FOR BRANCHES.

One of the Branches in Chicago calls itself the Eugene Barnett Branch of I. L. D. They have pledged to raise the \$5 monthly remittance for prisoner Barnett, and on his birthday they are sending him a special check with which to buy himself little extras.

This Branch is giving a social where a talk will be given on the Centralia case in which Barnett was involved, and the profits made at this affair will go into the Pledge Fund with which to send the \$5 monthly remittance to the national office through their Local Secretary.

Much could be said about the specially good work done by some of our Branch and Local secretraies, but room does not permit.

The plan of the magazine is to devote one entire page, beginning next month, to extracts from letters from secretaries, showing the kind of work which is being done in the field. Also photographs of the most active members.

Toward this end, the secretaries are requested to send in short reports of their special activities, as well as their own photographs and the photographs of some of the more active members, or groups of members.

Here we can simply say that the following secretaries deserve special mention for their especially good work during the past month.

L. Mitseff of Portland; F. Krasick of Denver; A. Young of O'Fallon; Esther Markizon, Wilmington; B. Gusheff, Madison; J. Tokacs, South Bend; Veronica Kovacs, Perth Amboy; Carl Hacker, Cleveland; Rose Baron, New York; George Maurer, Chicago; Manya Reiss, Los Angeles; Margaret Yeager, Pittsburgh; Marie Suskalo, Shadyside; W. E. Elbe, Mt. Vernon, Wash.

As we go to press we are wired that eight out of the 13 Zeigler defendants have been found guilty. The story came too late for publication in this issue. The next number of the LABOR DEFENDER will contain a complete account of the trial.

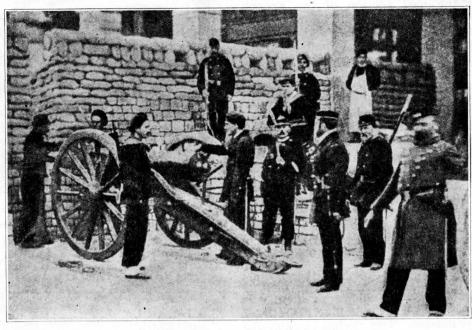
The Paris Commune

By MAX SHACHTMAN.

Fifty-five years ago, on March 18, 1871, the workingmen and women of Paris arose in rebellion and established the great Commune of Paris. The government of the national defense which they had helped to form had betrayed them. Instead of fighting the enemy invader, Germany, this government was uniting with the enemy secretly in order to kill off the Parisian workers whose revolutionary spirit put fear into the hearts of the reactionary rulers of France.

The workers of Paris were hungry. They were unemployed, and their landlords were throwing them out upon the streets. And when the reactionaries tried to seize the cannons which the workers had paid for to defend themselves, the masses rose and established their own government.

For more than two months these brave Parisian workers of the Commune held out, and proceeded to establish the rule of the workers. During the short life of the Paris Commune they had already taken many steps towards the improvement of the life of the working class, and the defense of its interests. In that time they wrote a brilliant page in the history of the workers, a history which



PARIS DURING THE COMMUNE

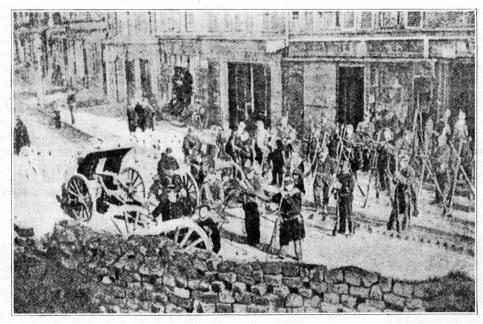
Young and Old Came to the Defense of the Commune as Volunteers, Giving the Last
Drop of Their Blood for the Working Class

is honored by the workers of the world to this very day.

But the reactionary French government, with the help of the reactionary German government, finally beat down their resistance. When they finally overthrew the great Paris Commune they hammered into the workers the brutal lesson of what the ruling class replies to the masses

when they try to establish their own government. In contrast with the glorious and noble history of the Commune, the reactionaries wrote in the blood of the working class the most horrible, shameless and revolting page in their history.

The Bloody Week of May will be remembered by the workers of the world forever. When the reactionaries entered Paris they proceeded to slaughter almost every worker they could lay hands upon. In every street the corpses of workers were strewn. The walls of buildings were spattered with blood until it seemed as if they had been painted red. Every house was entered and the slightest word or suspicion was enough excuse for the soldiers to murder its inhabitants: men, women and children. Hundreds upon hundreds were given two-minute trials and sentenced to death—to be killed in masses by machine guns. The massacre was such that for weeks afterward, the river Seine had a streak of dark red-the blood of Communards—running down its center. Hundreds of the murdered workers were dumped into mass graves, and in many cases they were buried alive, so that the people of the neighborhood seemed to hear the earth tremble at night and a still-living arm or leg thrust out of the newly-dug graves was not a rare thing. The workers' quarters of Belleville was



A BARRICADE

Hastily Thrown Up to Head Off the Versaillese

completely exterminated, so that for months afterwards its dark silence pointed it out as a town of the dead.

In a few short days, the revenge of the reactionaries had butchered between thirty and forty thousand of the best section of the French working class, old and young, grandfathers and infants. The crime of the Paris Commune had been its great sacrifice, its noble struggle for the workers. The fact that they had not been sufficiently strong in their fight to exterminate the bestial reactionaries, made them pay dearly for their "crime." With the blood of workers is written this great lesson.

Every year the workers of the four corners of the earth honor the sacred memory of the Paris Commune. Every memorial pledges the workers today to carry on the great work of the Commune to defend the interests of the working class, to defend the workers from their enemies in every struggle.

Today the workers of America must defend their comrades who have been captured in the fight for the masses. The victims of capitalist injustice must be rescued from the hideous talons of the bosses, who keep the best working class fighters in prisons or lead them to the gallows. The American workers must honor the memory of the heroic Commune by aiding in the fight to defend the workers who have fallen into the hands of their enemy, the capitalist class.

In California, Tom Mooney and Warren Billings are still in the penitentiary because of their fight for the workers, imprisoned by one of the most shameless frame-ups known in



IN THE VERSAILLESE PRISON DES CHANTIERS

The Fearless Part Taken by Women in the Commune Brought the Wrath of the Enemy Upon Their Heads as Well as Upon Those of the Men

this country. In the penitentiaries of San Quentin and Folsom and in jails thruout the rest of the country, members of the I. W. W. are still held only because they fought to improve the conditions of their fellow work-In Massachusetts, on another frame-up, Sacco and Vanzetti, two innocent Italian workers, stand in danger of a death sentence because they refused to stop organizing la-The cases of a number of Communists are still pending in Michigan, all of them threatened with long jail terms because of their devotion to the cause of labor. In Zeigler twenty miners face sentences ranging from life imprisonment to hanging because they would not be corrupted and fought militantly against the coal

operators, the Ku Klux Klan and the reactionary bureaucrats. In Pittsburgh, nine members of the Workers Party are on trial for belonging to a political party of the workers. In Alcatraz, Paul Crouch, the heroic young soldier, has two more years to serve for trying to organize the young soldiers in Hawaii in the interest of young workers.

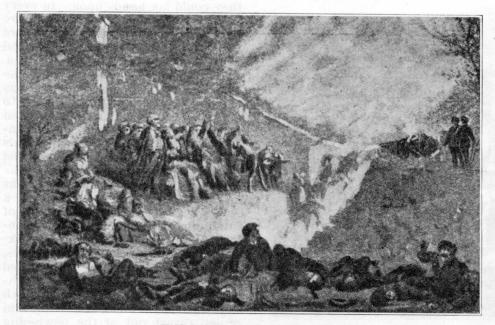
These men, and dozens of others, are faced with jail, or in it, because they stand for the workers! That is their only crime. They have fought to organize the workers to fight against their bosses for their conditions and healthier lives, for working class rule and for freedom. The workers of this country, remembering the glorious history of the Paris Commune, must rally to the defense of their foremost fighters!

On the anniversary of the Commune, the International Labor Defense, a working class organization for the defense of working class prisoners, calls upon the American workers to come to the aid of those victims of capitalism. These men depend upon those for whom they fought to defend them—and upon no one else.

Build the International Labor Defense! Organize branches in every town and village! Affiliate your labor or fraternal organization to the I. L. D.! Help to create a powerful defense organization to fight the attempts of the bosses to imprison and kill our best fighters!

Remember the Paris Commune, and the brave working class fighters of today! Make the capitalists release all the imprisoned working class battlers!

Rally, workers, and build a mighty International Labor Defense!



THE WALL OF THE FEDERALS

Thousands of Valiant Communards Fell Here—the Victims of the Bloodthirsty

Versaillese Who Were Drunk with Revenge Against Paris

News of the Month

The Zeigler Trial—In Black Pennsylvania—Rangel and Cline—The Centralia Cases—Buksa Jailed—Simon Indicted in Indiana—Bimba in Worcester, Mass.—Papcun in Republic, Pa.—Labor Defender Barred from San Quentin—Trumbull Released

THE ZEIGLER FRAME-UP.

THE trial of thirteen Zeigler miners opened on February 2, in Benton, Illinois. Readers of the Labor Defender are already familiar with the case. Twenty union miners, members of local 992, one of the most progressive in the state, were charged with assault with intent to murder on D. B. Cobb. vice-president of the Franklin County sub-district of the Illinois Miners Union. As a matter of fact one of the progressive miners was killed and eye-witnesses testify that the fatal shot was fired by a member of the Ku Klux Klan who was held for murder by a coroner's jury. The grand jury turned around and held Frank Corbishley for the murder, tho Corbishley was a friend of the murdered miner, Mike Sarovich, and was not in the hall when the shot was fired.

The case is going on as this issue of the Labor Defender goes to press. The story of the trial will be told in the next issue by Tom Bell, who is on the spot covering the case for the International Labor Defense and scores of other labor papers that receive our news service. It promises to be a big story no matter what the result of the trial may be.

THE HORACEK APPEAL.

EDWARD Horacek, member of the International Association of Machinists and of the Workers Party, was convicted recently in Pittsburgh on a charge of violating the anti-sedition law of the state of Pennsylvania. What his conviction amounted to is that membership in the Workers Party is illegal in the state of Pennsylvania, if the decision of the jury is upheld by the higher courts. I. E. Ferguson, acting for the International Labor Defense, argued Horacek's appeal before Judge Prather of Meadville. The judge's decision has not yet been rendered. The I. L. D. will strenuously fight for the right of the workers of Pennsylvania to belong to any working class political organization they see fit to join.

RANGEL AND CLINE.

NEWS that Rangel and Cline and four other prisoners who have been imprisoned in Hunsville, Texas,

for over twelve years, will be released at the end of the year, reached the I. L. D. recently. The news is undoubtedly authentic and it will be greeted with joy by every class conscious worker in the United States and thruout the world. It is interesting and significant that the Farmers' Union of Texas was very active in urging the release of Rangel, Cline



GEORGE PAPCUN Arrested at a Meeting in Republic, Pennsylvania

and their comrades. This proves that pressure of economic conditions is forcing the exploited farmers more and more to cast in their lot with the workers. The governor of Texas was forced to pay attention to the mighty chorus of protest which was raised for the release of those stalwart revolutionists. A complete story of the Rangel and Cline conviction and the movement out of which it arose will be told in a subsequent issue of the Labor Defender.

PAPCUN ARRESTED IN REPUB-LIC, PENNA.

GEORGE Papcun, member of the Young Workers League who was arrested in Republic, Penna., while speaking at a Lenin Memorial meet-

ing, had a preliminary hearing on January 28, before Squire Charles McComb of New Salem. Papcun is charged with violating the anti-sedition law of Pennsylvania, by speaking, distributing literature and belonging "to a seditious organization." The state policeman who made the arrest had a written copy of the speech Papcun was alleged to have made. He admitted that he made the copy from memory after the arrest. He admitted that Papcun did not advocate the use of force and violence, but was trying to cause discontent by organizing the workers into unions. One of the big crimes alleged against Papcun was that he urged the Negro workers to join with their white brothers into unions and fight shoulder to shoulder against the employing class. Papcun was released on \$2,000 bail. The I. L. D. is looking after his legal interests.

BIMBA ARRESTED IN WOR-CESTER.

POLICE stopped a Lithuanian mass meeting in Inostello, Mass., which was called to protest the white terror in Lithuania and arrested A. Bimba for a lecture. Bimba is charged with having "denied the existence of god" and "inciting to overthrow the United States government." Bimba was released on \$1,500 bail which was raised by local Lithuanian workers.

THOMAS McNAMARA ARRESTED IN CLEVELAND.

THOMAS McNamara of Cleveland, member of the Building Laborers' Union, was recently served with a copy of the petition for an injunction which the union officials are demanding from the courts seeking to restrain him from union activities, when he had secured a job after having been idle since Christmas. McNamara had just received employment as foreman on a construction job, but the business agent of the union had a talk with the chief foreman after which McNamara was discharged.

McNamara was arrested on the evening of January 3, by detectives on the charge of "falsely misrepresenting a union organization." He was released when representatives of



GEORGE PAPCUN

*Arrested at a Meeting in Republic,
Pennsylvania

Recruiting Officer; "At last, the perfect soldier!"



The "perfect soldier" is one that has no head to think of the interests of the working class while he is in the army. The crime of Crouch and Trumbull was that they continued to think and fight for the workers even tho they wore a uniform

the I. L. D. furnished a bond in the sum of \$300.00. After his release McNamara attended a meeting of members of his union. The reactionary union officials demanded that the police arrest him but the police refused on the ground that the meeting was peaceful and the courts had not yet issued an injunction prohibiting the holding of such a meeting.

TRUMBULL IS RELEASED.

WALTER Trumbull, who was convicted by a military court martial in Hawaii with Paul Crouch for professing Communist views and applying for membership in a Communist organization, was released from Alcatraz prison in California after serving his sentence of one year. The original sentence was 25 years but it was reduced to one, after a storm of protest from all over the country burst over the war department in Washington. Crouch has still two of his three year term to serve, unless the workers succeed in forcing the war department to release him. Trumbull is touring the country for the I. L. D.

SIMONS INDICTED.

WILLIAM Simons, lecturer for the Workers Party, was arrested in East Chicago while delivering an address at a Lenin Memorial meeting. The speaker was finishing his speech when a burly officer in plain clothes

swaggered up the aisle and demanded to see a permit for holding the meeting. When informed that permits were not necessary, the officer took Simons to the station where he was subjected to abuse because of his racial antecedents by an ignorant police captain, who in all probability thumps his craw every time he hears the name of Jesus outside of a bawdy house.

Simons was released on bail and the case will come up in the near future.

I. L. D. AIDS GARMENT WORKERS.

THE assistance of the I. L. D. was cordially accepted by local 100 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers in Chicago in its fight against the anti-picketing injunction which was the means of sentencing 80 of its members to jail for activity during a garment strike. 86 members of the I. L. G. W. U. are involved in the case.

WITNESS AGAINST WOBBLY MURDERED WOMAN.

AWAITING summons to the death chamber in Folsom prison, California, for the murder of a Japanese woman during a hold-up is a fellow by the name of Arnold, the perjurer who was used by the prosecution of Sacramento county to frame up on Tom Connors, a member of the I. W. W. on a charge of jury tampering. The perverts who were used by the prosecution to testify against radical workers are now thrown out of work and are returning to their old calling.

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NATIONAL OFFICERS.

Andrew T. McNamara, Chairman; Edw. C. Wentworth, Vice-Chairman; James P. Cannon, Executive Secretary.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

NATIONAL COMMITTÉE.

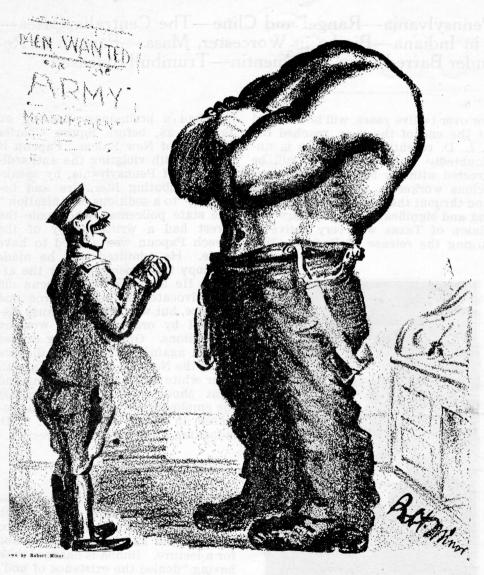
Upton Sinclair, Eugene V. Debs, Scott Nearing, Wm. Z. Foster, Robert W. Dunn, A. T. McNamara, Fred Merrick, Edw. C. Wentworth, Bishop Wm. M. Brown, Rose Karsner, Harrison George, Wm. F. Dunne, George Maurer, Alice Stone Blackwell, Ellen Hayes, Chas. E. Ruthenberg, Robert Minor, Rose Baron, Wm. Mollenhauer, Henry Corbishley, Mandel Shuchter, Dan Stevens, Benj. Gitlow, Robert Whittaker, Cora Meyers, F. G. Biedenkapp, David Rhys Williams, Fred Mann, John Edenstrom, Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Jacob Dolla, James P. Cannon, E. R. Meitzen, J. O. Bentall, Ralph Chaplin, Max Bedacht, William Bouck, John T. Taylor. Chaplin, I T. Taylor.

Recruiting Officer: "At last, the perfect soldier!"



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The Boston Checker Frame-up

By JAMES LACEY.

IN Boston the drivers for the Checker Taxi Co. worked ten hours a day, seven days a week, for \$21.00. Worked five to eight hours a day overtime, without pay. From their meager pay they had to buy from the company a uniform, a summer hat, a winter hat, and finally an overcoat. This last cost them \$22.00. On learning that the Checker Taxi Company was in the clothing business and that this overcoat costs the company but \$11, they felt they had enuf—so they This spontaneous walkout was 100 per cent strong. The men joined local 126. No "labor organver, president of the Checker Taxi Company, was the organizer.

Reactionary labor leaders arrived on the scene later. With tears in their eves they exhorted the strikers to remember their wives and children at home, without bread, etc., and return to work. Mr. Kearney, head of the cooks' and waiters' union, ordered back to work members of his own union, employed in the Copley-Plaza hotel, who struck because of the presence of scab chauffeurs at the hotel. Kearney finally persuaded the men to go back. Immediately president Sawyer of the Checker Taxi Company began discharging them right and left. They struck

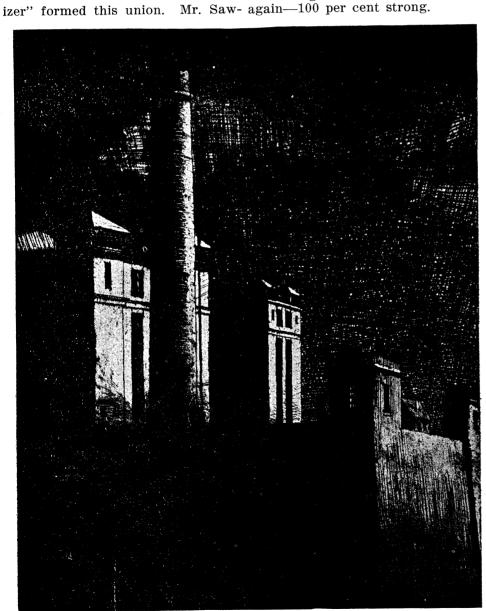


JAMES SULLIVAN.

The legal advisor of the Checker Taxi Company was Charles Innes. republican boss of Boston, the man who made Nichols mayor. Police commissioner Good is a stockholder. The company had no difficulty in getting an injunction restraining strikers from doing any effective work for their cause.

On the morning of December 2nd, six of the strikers, Thomas Doyle, William Tulley, James Tallabbagh, James Sullivan, Edgar Hannaford and Dominick Langone were charged with "robbery while armed with intent to main or kill" and were liable if convicted to a life sentence as a maximum. Their only offense was trying to induce a scab to stop work. The day before the men were brought to trial, pressure was brought to bear on their lawyer, former assistant district attorney, Dan Gallagher, and he quit the case. At this last moment the I. L. D. stepped in. The defendants were found not guilty and discharged.

Finally, and this is the most dramatic feature of the whole frame-up! James Sullivan, one of the accused, as a member of the State Constabulary, was on duty at Dedham County Jail when Sacco and Vanzetti were on trial for their lives and with other guards accompanied them when they were sent to the psychopathic hospital for examination. Sullivan. speaking of the days when he was a tool for the interests who were railroading these Italian workers, says: "I don't know where my head was when I see how these boys were framed. My heart goes out to them."

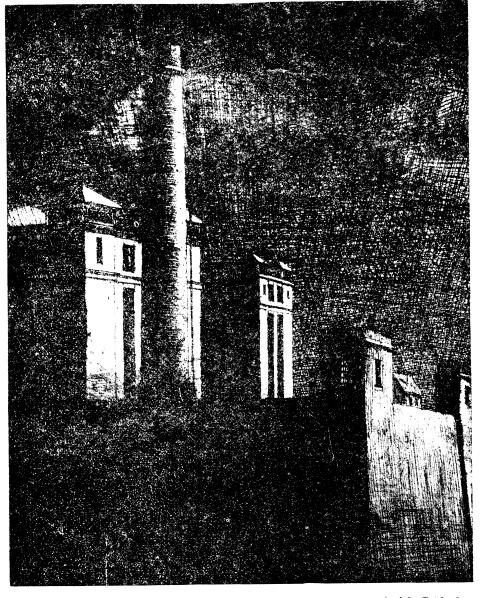


Roderick Seidenberg

Fort Leavenworth

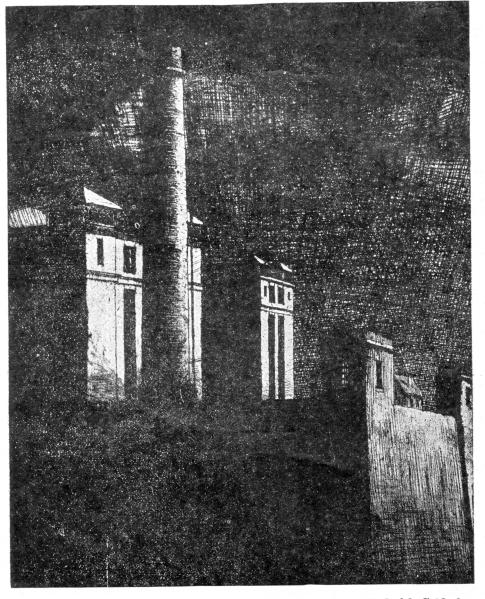


JAMES SULLIVAN.



Roderick Seidenberg

Fort Leavenworth



Fort Leavenworth

Ford's Acquittal Arouses Workers to New Fight Against Persecutions

TERRE HAUTE, IND. Jan. 28 1926

ORDER OF International Large Diffuse \$500

THEODORE DEBS TERRE HAUTE, IND.

January 28th., 1926

J.P.Cannon, Executive Secretary Int. Labor Defense, Chicago, Ills.

Dear Comrade:

The printed matter, pamphlets, leaflets etc. sent by you was received this morning and will be looked over as soon as time will

Enclosed please find check for \$5. for the Labor Defender fund.

I wired you yesterday in answer to your telegram concerning the case of Richard Ford. We may well congratulate ourselves upon the outcome of that trial and the acquittal and release of the longsuffering victim. We must now gird on our armor anew in the fight to rescue all the rest.

Yours fraternally.

Elolo

AT last Richard (Blackie) Ford, is on hysteria. This acquittal does not you and the cause of decency on free. At least as free as a wage indicate any change of heart on the Ford acquittal. We have had far slave can be under capitalism. This part of the ruling classes of Califor- too much of giving men what is comgreed of the anti-labor employers of California was found "not guilty" by a jury in Marysville, California, of the murder of deputy sheriff Reardon. who was killed during a riot on the by the attitude of judge Busick when Durst ranch in Wheatfield twelve years ago. The story of Ford and Suhr, was told in the February issue of the Labor Defender, therefore man who applauded the decision to there is no necessity for going over the history of the case again. What court. is of importance now is: what is the wrokingclass going to do about the scores of other class-war prisoners who are rotting behind the steel walls of California's dungeons?

There is Herman D. Suhr for instance! There is a probability that Suhr will be paroled now that the say that California has the most accomplished set of perjurers and and because the masses are fed up prisoners should be renewed.

might indicate. Nothing of the kind, guilty of offense or not." Those bloodthirsty industrial cannibals are just as greedy for workingclass lives as ever. This was shown the jury brought in the "not guilty" verdict. Busick fumed and raved and in a fit of anger sentenced one prison for six days for contempt of

The acquittal of Ford has given encouragement to the elements among the workingclass who are fighting for the release of all class war prisoners regardless of affiliation and for the repeal of all anti-syndicalist, anti-free speech and anti-sedition law. When the news of Ford's open-shop elements have received in acquittal was made public; the Interthe Ford acquittal the first setback national Labor Defense wired to in years. It is no exaggeration to prominent radicals, progressives and progressive intellectuals thruout the country asking for their views on frame-up artists in creation. They the matter. In all the replies a strong failed to hang Ford because the jury note of optimism was sounded and was impressed with the lack of evi- most of the telgerams urged that the dence in the hands of the prosecution fight for the release of all class-war

Eugene V. Debs. nimself a prisoner under the regime of tne infamous mountebank Woodrow Wilson, sent a long telegram which is herewith reproduced.

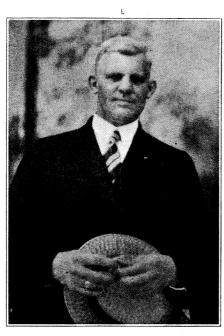
The following telegrams were also received:

Charlotte Anita Whitney: "Ford acquittal after unfair trial before judge manifestly biased against defendant as shown by court ruling is first hopeful sign of break in reactionary forces dominating California. Labor must unceasingly unceasingly work for release of all other class-war prisoners. Will need aid of International Labor Defense to win here."

David Starr Jordan: "Congratulate

human sacrifice to the insatiable nia as some expressions of liberals ing to them regardless of whether

Robert Whitaker: "Under all cir-



ANDREW T. McNAMARA. National Chairman, Int'l. Labor Defense.

cumstances the Ford defense victory is one of the most remarkable and inspiring triumphs labor has won in any American court in this generation and constitutes an arousing challenge to the supreme task and opportunity of the hour for labor's defense everywhere."

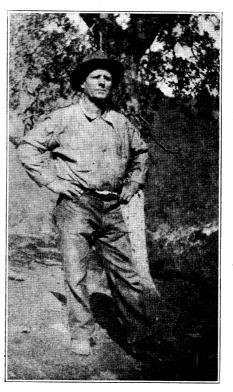
Roger N. Baldwin: "Ford acquittal in face of hostile judge and prejudice against radicals is a victory for the united defense and able lawyers. It indicates growing sanity in California."

John A. Lapp, president Liberal Club, Chicago. "Ford acquittal victory for sanity. Fomented prejudice has failed this time."

Edward C. Wentworth: "Hope Ford acquittal is the beginning of a reaction against imprisonment of men for political opinions in the United States. Let the constitution be interpreted in the spirit of its makers.'

William H. Holly of Chicago, prominent in defense of civil liberties and class war prisoners wired: "It is good to see that the mob spirit is abating and that jurors can be found who are willing to protect even a strike leader and who refused to railroad a man to prison whose only ofbetter conditions for the workers."

Ford acquittal message," said Henry



HERMAN D. SUHR. Ford's Closest Co-Worker.



41 RAMO 24 0 NL

TERRE HAUTE IND

JAMES P CANNON

23 LINCOLN ST SECY INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE CHICAGO

THE CASE OF RICHARD FORD AND HERMAN SUHR FROM FIRST TO LAST HAS BEEN ONE OF MOST BRUTAL AND SHAMELESS PERSECUTION AND A DISGRACE TO THE COURTS OF CALIFORNIA THE ACQUITTAL OF FORD IS A MATTER FOR HEARTY CONGRATULATION THROUGHOUT THE AMERICAN LABOR MOVEMENT I HOPE THE FACT OF THERE HAVING BEEN THREE WOMEN ON THE JURY HAD SOMETHING TO DO WITH THE VERDIGT IN ANY EVENT IT IS A DISTINCT VICTORY FOR ORGANIZED LABOR BUT WE MUST NOT FOR AN INSTANT PAUSE IN OUR ACTIVITIES IN BEHALF OF THE VICTIMS OF THE CLASS STRUGGLE WE MUST REMEMBER AND NEVER FOR A MOMENT FORGET TOM MOONEY WARREN BILLINGS MATTHEW SCHMIDT ANITA WHITNEY SACCO VANZETTI RANGEL AND CLINE THE SEVENLY MEMBERS OF THE I W W IN THE FESTERING BLACKHOLES OF CALIFORNIA AND ALL OTHER REBELS AGAINST CAPITALIST IMPERIALISM IN PRISON OR ON TRIAL OR PLACED UNDER ARREST FOR THEIR LOYALTY TO THE WORKING CLASS NOT ONLY THIS BUT ALL THE LIBERAL RADICAL AND PROGRESSIVE FORCES OF THE LABOR MOVEMENT AND ALL OTHERS WHO BELIEVE IN THE RIGHT OF FREE SPEECH FREE ASSEMBLAGE AND FREE PRESS SHOULD RALLY TO THE SUPPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE IN THE CAMPAIGN TO WIPE ALL ANTI CRIMINAL SYMDICALISM AND ANTI SEDITION LAWS FROM THE STATUTE BOOKS OF THE STATES WHICH HAVE ENACTED THEM FOR NO STHER PURPOSE THAN TO GAG THE LIPS OF THE WORKING CLASS AND STRANGLE ALL PROGRESSIVE TENDENCIES OF THE LABOR MOVEMENT

EUGENE V. DEBS

W. L. Dana of Massachussets.

Robert W. Dunn, author and lecturer, wires: "Ford acquittal is fense is an endeavor to bring about check of reactionary terrorism in California and a victory for the work-"Glad to have my name used in ers. Suhr, Mooney and syndicalism prisoners must come out next. Congratulations on your untiring work for labor defense."

> Rev. David Rhys Williams of Chicago declares: "Ford acquittal is signal triumph for the cause of the oppressed and the politically persecuted everywhere. It is a herald of better things to come. More power to International Labor Defense."

> The International Labor Defense in a public statement called on the workers thruout the country and particularly in California to initiate a campaign for the release of all classwar prisoners in that state and for the repeal of the criminal syndicalist

> The statement issued by the I. L. D. reads:

> The acquittal of Richard (Blackie) Ford by a jury of the charge of murdering a deputy sheriff in the Wheatland hop riots in 1913 signalizes the first break in the orgy of persecution that has raged against the working class in the State of Califronia for several years. This is an indication that the forces of reaction are now on the defensive and that the era of hysteria nourished by the propagan-

da of the anti-labor open-shop elements in the state of California is on the decline.

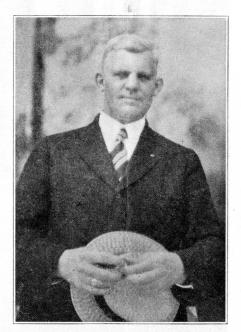
The International Labor Defense hails the acquittal of the militant working class leader Ford as a victory for the entire working class of the United States. In the name of its thousands of members and sympathizers it sends Ford heart greetings on his release from his persecutors. The twelve years of purgatorial suffering for service to his class places Ford in the front ranks of the thousands of American workers who have suffered imprisonment and death in the struggle against capitalism.

The acquittal of Ford should encourage the workers of California to renew the fight to bring about the release of his comrade Herman D. Suhr, Tom Mooney, Warren K. Billings, J. B. McNamara, Matt Schmidt, Kaplan and the scores of members of the I. W. W. who are imprisoned under the provisions of the vicious criminal syndicalism law.

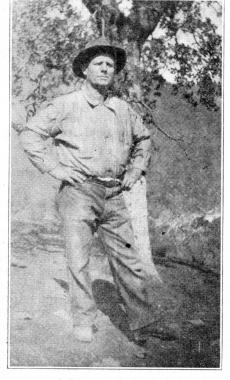
This opportunity must not be missed. The time is ripe and over-ripe for a concerted struggle for the release of all class-war prisoners in the dungeons of California and for the repeal of criminal syndicalism laws. Every organization of workers regardless of political affiliations should join in this fight.

ing to them regardless of whether guilty of offense or not."

Robert Whitaker: "Under all cir-



ANDREW T. McNAMARA.
National Chairman, Int'l. Labor Defense.



HERMAN D. SUHR. Ford's Closest Co-Worker.

Voices Prison

A Letter from Warren K. Billings.

Represa, Calif., Jan. 27, 1926. International Labor Defense, Chicago, Ill.

Dear Friends:

Your fourth and fifth monthly letters, with the enclosed checks, arrived safely; the former was delivered to me January third when I was released from "solitary," where I had been for nine days as a result of a misunderstanding with one of the guards.

It is quite needless for me to reiterate that I greatly appreciate the work of your committee as well as the funds you have sent me for I am sure that it is by now well known I do wholeheartedly approve of International Labor Defense and the good work it is doing in every part of the country. As I recently remarked in my reply to a question asked by The American Labor Publishing Associates—it is, in my opinion, one of the three most important achievements of the Labor Movement during the year 1925.

It is also quite superfluous for me to say that all of us who are imprisoned because of our opinions or our activities in behalf of Labor find great solace in this consistent and dependable support of fellow workers on the outside. When we receive your letters we know that you are "out for us" just as much as we are in here for you.

Then too—there is the consideration of the advantage a little money gives to one undergoing imprisonment. There are always little luxuries that can be purchased—and little necessities that are not supplied by the state—and to be able to obtain these makes the lot of the prisoner at least a little more bearable.

Until quite recently we were not allowed the luxury of sheets or pillowcases for our beds, nor feather pillows but in the past few months new regulations have been put into effect which allow us to purchase not only these things but also some additional toilet articles such as aftershaving preparations (cold cream, massage cream and powder), and a more recent ruling allows us to purchase Hershey's milk chocolate (twelve 5c or six 10c bars each month). These may seem like very small concessions to you who have the liberty of buying anything you are able to pay for but believe me

they are important events in the life of one who has spent more than eight consecutive years behind these walls.

Being a shoe worker myself and at present assigned to work in the prison shoe shop, I was pleased to note in the Worker of Jan. 25th that the Shoe Workers' Protective Union



WARREN K. BILLINGS.

of Brooklyn, N. Y. (my home city) is getting behind the I. L. D. and doing what they can, even in the slack season, to aid in carrying on this The Protective Union is one that has been organized since I have been in prison but brother shoe workers may rest assured that I am with them in their struggle in spirit although I am forcibly prevented from being with them "at the front." However, when the time comes I will be with them again and in the meantime I hope that the Protective Union will abide with me better than the Boot and Shoe did after I got arrested. I was president of Local 216 (San Francisco) of the Boot and Shoe Workers during 1915 but since I have been in prison I have heard little or nothing from that organization and I presume that I have been dropped from their books. Their reactionary officials (National Headquarters) didn't like me very well anyway.

With best regards to all members of I. L. D. and to the progressive brothers in the Shoe Workers' Protective Union, I am

Warren K. Billings.

San Quentin. January 10, 1926.

Dear Friends:

Your check for \$5 came safely. Again I can only say thank you. I will have to be wary or they will make me make out an income tax sheet. Most of us are immune from that nonsense.

Please thank the Committee for me. We are very grateful to them for their kindness.

I would wish you a happy New Year, but I am told that if one appears at all happy the prohi's search his cellar.

With best wishes, I am
Yours Sincerely,
M. A. Schmidt.

U. S. Immigration Station, Ellis Island, N. Y. H., N. Y. January 8, 1926.

Dear Comrades:

Your monthly check for December received.

I was released from prison the 20th of December and wish to thank the membership of the International Labor Defense for the help and encouragement from them while in prison.

My sincere hope is that the International Labor Defense will keep on growing until it will be impossible for such an infamous law as the criminal syndicalism law which they are now using as a weapon against us workers.

Wishing you a Happy New Year, I am.

Yours for the blooming earth, Wils Rundquist.

P. S. I am now held for deportation here.

San Quentin Prison, Calif.

My dear Cannon:

Your letter and check for five dollars received. Many thanks. I wish you would take it up with the National Officers and the National Committee and see if they will forget us in prison and send such funds to the miners or such others that may be making the fight on the industrial field. I realize such fights are lost before they are begun on account of the respectable labor leaders vilifying and condemning labor's shock troops and winning and dining with the enemies' shock troops.

The labor organizations have gone into the church business, in fact they are into everything but organizing



WARREN K. BILLINGS.

the workers; when the leaders in Washington want a few thousand more members, they hijack them from some weaker organization that has paid the price in getting them.

Well, what will it profit the leaders in Washington, D. C., if they gain the whole world and lose the rank and file? They tried to hijack some members from the Railway Clerks and they told the hijackers nothing doing.

Please see T. J. O'Flaherty and tell him I received his letter. THE LABOR DEFENDER has not showed up here; if it has, we are not allowed to have it. (Labor Defender barred from San Quentin-Editor).

I get a kick out of Green and his antics about Russia. One would think he was in the pay of the American Defense Society and the Security League; on second thought, I believe he is. One hundred and fifty-eight thousand men in his own organization out on strike, and he sees yellow when he ought to see red.

There is something wrong. All we need is patience; time will point it out. Green must be right—why certainly he is right—he has two millions following him—I must be wrong and just sore because I am in prison

and my brother on his way back to prison in Indiana.

Well, I would rather be wrong and in prison than to be playing Green's game. Of course you understand me for wanting to be wrong,—I feel sorry for Green—a miner—turned minister. Over forty years of struggle slipping through his hands.

That's what too many fraternal orders will do to a person. I think I am wasting too much time on him; I am going to bed.

Kind regards to all.

J. B. McNamara, 25314.

M.O.P.R.

By Carl Brannin.

Leaving Soviet Russia a few days ago the last bit of Russia we saw as we crossed the Finnish border was a notice written by hand with a blue pencil and posted on the door of the customs house announcing a local meeting of the MOPR.

Wherever you go in Russia one is confronted in some form or another with this cryptic word. In the passport offices, at railway stations, in offices, co-operative stores, trade union headquarters and clubs, restaurants and even in prisons and police stations you see it. Sometimes it is part of a wall newspaper, again it is a poster with a worker's figure forcing open prison bars, now simply a



Slain in the Shanghai Battles.

hand thrust through the bars waving a red handkerchief.

Finally unless you have already guessed the meaning you ask, "Just what does this word MOPR mean?"

"Mesdunarodnaya Organizacia Pomoshchy Bortsam Revolutsy," condensed in true Russian fashion into MOPR is what English speaking radicals know as the International Red Aid. It is the defense and relief division of the international army of working class fighters. It is the morale section of the Red forces in the international class war.

Out of the sharpened conflict which has developed since the Russian Revolution between the exploited and the exploiting classes has grown this world-wide organization for the defense of political prisoners, for relief for their families, for amelioration of the hard conditions of prison life. The more or less national and local defense and relief bodies have given place to the international. The struggles and sufferings of the workers of any country are of vital concern to the workers of every other land.

The purpose of the MOPR, in the words of Chamkin, General Secretary at Moscow, is to give defense and aid to the revolutionary opponents of capitalism in every land without regard to party or political belief. Communists, Social Democrats, Anarchists, non-partisans—all are included. The only question asked is, "Does he suffer persecution as a working class fighter in the class war?" All workers are invited on this basis to support the organization. All are eligible to join without regard to political views. Non-producers are excluded but not their contributions. MOPR is definitely non-political. It has no connection with the Communist Party, the Communist International or the Soviet Government.

Taking its present international form in 1923, the growth of the MOPR has been phenomenal. Russia, Germany, France, England, Italy, Poland, Ireland, Java and other countries now roll up a total of five million members. For the first year receipts were \$86,769. In 1924 they were \$473,632. And in the first four months of 1925 they were \$340,000. At the present time 100,000 prisoners in 290 prisons and their families are being taken care of. In Poland, Bulgaria, India, Egypt, Esthonia,



Bulgarian Victims of the Terror.



Slain in the Shanghai Battles.

for relief for their families, for amelioration of the hard conditions of prison life. The more or less national and local defense and relief bodies have given place to the international. The struggles and sufferings of the workers of any country are of vital concern to the workers of every other land.

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Bulgarian Victims of the Terror.



DEFENDED BY MOPR
Bulgarian Workers and Students Dragged to Prison in Heavy Chains

Rumania there are men and women and children who know they are not forgotten and that the cause of the workers marches on.

The workers and peasants of Soviet Russia as the vanguard of the world revolutionary movement are naturally the leaders in this work. In 1923 only two provinces had organizations. Today there are 92 with 32,792 branches comprising 4,500,000 members. The classification is as follows: Workers 46%; peasants 11%; administrative workers 18%; Red Army 10%; students 14%; miscellaneous 1%. Eighty per cent of the membership does not belong to the Communist Party.

On a recent trip through Soviet Russia the writer had an opportunity to see something of the work in the districts. In every large city there was a central MOPR office. A secretary assisted by field workers were the only salaried people. All dues were collected voluntarily in the factory units and small locals. Plans were being worked out for a larger educational work of speakers, printed matter and other forms of propaganda. Closer touch with locals was to be maintained to make collections and to systematize accounting.

Dues are on a sliding scale according to income. The following indicates something like the average.

Skilled workers 50 cents per year; semi-skilled, 40 cents; unskilled, 30 cents; peasants, 30 cents; Red Army soldiers, students, housewives 12 cents.

Income from individual memberships is supplemented and often exceeded by benefit entertainments, lotteries, raffles and donations. Near Taganrog on the Sea of Asov there

are six agricultural communes each of which has set aside two and a half acres of grain land, the proceeds of which go to the MOPR. One of the state cigarette factories at Kharkov allows MOPR a royalty of half cent a package on a special MOPR brand which is sold in the Ukraine and the North Caucasus district.

All funds less a small percentage for local expenses are sent to the central office at Moscow. They are disbursed from there but each province or district knows its special responsibility for certain prisons. For example the province of Nizni-Novgorod with 80,000 members supports a children's home in Germany and provides for the widow and children of an Esthonian doctor killed in the recent revolt there. The North Caucasus district, 272,000 members takes care of the politicals in 14 European bastilles and one each in India, Egypt and Jerusalem. Of the 290 prisons where the International Red Aid is giving relief 146 are under the stewardship of the Russian MOPR. Leningrad province (700,000 members), Moscow province (430,000 members), Ekaterinoslav province (481,-000), Samara province (32,000), Saratov province (110,000), Stalingrad province (11,000) all have certain prisons and relief homes and families to look after. Besides those held in foreign lands there are many revolutionists who succeed in evading the agents of reaction and find an asylum in Soviet Russia. They must be assisted with lodging and board until they can be placed in jobs and are able to take care of themselves. Out of the moneys received at the international office at Moscow, 3.2% goes for administrative expense and 1.48% for agitation and propaganda. Next to Russia Germany has the largest organization (400,000 members) of the Red Aid (Rote Hilfe). An interview with Lydia Wilhelms in the central office in Berlin furnished some data with regard to their work. Membership is both on the individual and group system. Trade unions, co-operatives, etc., pay \$1.25 per month for each 500 members and 25 cents for the next 200. Individuals pay 10 cents per month. More than half the money spent for defense and relief in Germany comes from the national organization, the balance comes from the I. R. A. Each month \$30,000 is disbursed. The wife of a class war victim receives \$5 per month and \$2.50 for each child. (This seems pitifully small, and is, but there are thousands upon thousands of German workers who earn less than \$24 per month). The attor-

fourth of the usual charge.

Speaking with a responsible leader in the Russian organization, I asked him what had been the predominant note in the propaganda. I could understand its appeal to Communists, but what had drawn the great hosts of non-Communists (more than 80%)? Was it sympathy, humanitarianism or what?

neys supplied by the legal aid bureau give their services at about one-

"We simply sound the note of international solidarity," was the reply. "All our thinking workers and peasants know what it means to struggle for bitter years against oppression. They do not have to be Communists to have a fellow feeling with the workers of Germany, France, Bulgaria, Italy, India, Poland. Whatever differences there may be as to tactics and strategy we all come together on the hard rock of the class war. If the proletariat is to be successful in the struggle it must take care of those who fall into the hands of the enemy. This is enough to draw all earnest revolutionists under our banner. When our comrades in prison cry out, 'Do not forget us,' we reply, be assured you are remembered. We will fight for you as you are fighting for the final victory of the proletariat."

EUGENE BARNETT HONORARY MEMBER.

TUGENE Barnett, I. W. W. member in prison in Walla Walla, Washington, was made honorary member of the North West English Branch of the I. L. D. in Chicago.



DEFENDED BY MOPR
Bulgarian Workers and Students Dragged to Prison in Heavy Chains

November, 1925 International Labor Defen Receipts	SE	11620 J. Humenuk, Secy. Peabody, Mass 11621 Workmen's Sick and Death Bene- fit, Fund, No. 64, Providence, R. I	7.50	11700 Miriam Bender, Secy., Columbus, O
Nos. 11536—11682		11622 Esther Markozan, Wilmington, Del 11623 National Twine Mills, Inc., New		11702 Carl Guillod, Secy., Canton, Ohio 32.50 11703 V. R. Dunne, Minneapolis, Minn. 7.00
Receipt No.	10.00	York, N. Y11624 Gilbert Roger, Dowell, Ill	. 1.00	11704 Lottie Bloomenthal, Newark, N. J. 6.00 11705 Estella Tarkoff, Boulder, Colo 4.00 11706 Lansing Friend, Lansing, Mich 1.00
11536 Wm. Shaughnessy, Mansfield, O\$ 11 537 M. Airoff, Los Angeles, Cal	3.75	11625 Ida Goodman, Chicago, Ill 11626 Rudolph Kantola, Secy. Roches-		11706 Lansing Friend, Lansing, Mich 1.00 11707 Carl Hacker, Secy., Cleveland, O 4.00
11538 Wm. VonGalen, Meirose, Mass 11539 Astoria Finnish Socialist Club,	1.00	ter, N. Y		11709 Italian Branch S. P., John Greco, Rochester, N. Y
Astoria, Ore	$28.55 \\ 12.75$	11628 Margaret Yeager, Secy. Pitts- burgh, Pa		11709 Wallace T. Metcalf, Secy., E. Youngstown Local, Youngstown, O. 10.00
11541 Tom Ray, Secy. McDonald, Pa 11542 Ralph Komensky, Secy. Provi-	4.70	11629 Robt. Newstrom, care R. E. Roon- ey, Duluth, Minn.	5.05	11710 Wallace T. Metcalf, Secy., Youngstown, Ohio
dence, R. I	13.25 5.50	11630 A. H. Pupil, Chicago, Ill	1.00	11711 Jim Kunlich, Warren, Ohio 5.00 11712 E. W. Sell, Secy. for Akron, Cuya-
11544 Mrs. Helen Aetieda, Oakland, Cal. 11545 A. M. Algeo, Secy. Galveston, Tex.	$\begin{array}{c} 3.50 \\ 6.45 \end{array}$	11632 G. Maurer, Secy. Chicago Local 11633 Axel Ohrn, Secy. Gilbert, Minn		hoga Falls, Ohio 17.00 11713 Albert Epstein, Secy., Hartford,
11546 Finnish Workers Party Branch, care Waino Mellin, Waukegan, Ill.	19.96	11634 Nick Cvitanovich, Secy. Jere, W. Va.	3.75	Conn
11547 Steve Omelanchak, Lorain, O 11548 Helen B. Gilman, New Haven,	4.10	11635 Wm. Finlayson, Balboa, Canal Zon 11636 G. B. Barnes, Bloomfield, Conn	e 10.00 5.00	11715 D. Coutts, Secy., Omaha, Nebr 7.20 11716 Scandinavian Branch, Workers
Conn. 11549 S. Marinchek, Chicago, Ill	$\frac{5.00}{2.50}$	11637 C. Berger, Buffalo, N. Y 11638 Gust M. Nelson and Mrs. Judith		Party, Pocatello, Idaho
11550 E. M. T., Chicago, III	.50 5.00	H. Nelson, Rockford, Ill 11639 Thomas M. Causey, E. Liverpool,		11718 George Bey, Johnson City, N. Y. 5.00 11719 Jack Lettich, Royal Oak, Mich 10.00
11552 Chas. Wizba, Secy. Shadyside, O. 11553 R. E. Rooney, Secy. Duluth, Minn.	$\begin{array}{c} 8.00 \\ 2.50 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	Ohio11640 Dee Harrison, Secy. Kansas City,	40.00	11720 Albert Moyzis, Oakland, Cal
11554 Joseph Bruzas, Portland, Me 11555 Wm. Majcan, Verona, Pa 11556 E. W. Sell, Secy. Cuyahoga Falls, O.	9.25 10.00	Kans	3.00	ton, Texas
11557 Veronica Kovacs, Secy Perth-Amboy, N. J.	15.00	11642 Mike Tom, Indianapolis, Ind 11643 Alfred Altberg, Secy., Gross, Kans.	4.00	11723 Paul Recter, Pine Bluff, Ark
11558 John Povlovich, Secy. W. Allis, Wis 11559 A. S. Epstein, Secy. Hartford,	6.00	11644 A. V. Severino, Secy. Cleveland, O. 11645 Albert Kohlenberg, Crosby, Wyo.	.15	11725 L. Zukin, Chicago, Ill
Conn	3.50	11646 J. Kuncoff, Secy. Wilkes-Barre Local, Plymouth, Pa	2.25 20.00	11727 V. Phillipov, Gary, Ind
N. J	4.00 1.00	11648 Henry Hauser, Taylorville, Ill 11649 G. N. Uphaur, Richmond, Va	5.15	11730 I. E. Ferguson, Chicago, Ill 1.00
11562 P. F. Bigony, Secy. Columbus, O. 11563 A. J. Kareckas, Secy. Grand Rap-	4.50	11650 Wm. Kvich, Secy. Allentown, Pa. 11651 Otto Ditrich, Secy. Marshfield, O.	5.60	11732 August Schlemmer, Chisago City,
ids, Mich	4.50	11652 Albert Gerling, Madrid, Iowa 11653 Dee Harrison, Secy., Kansas		Minn
cisco, Cal	30.00	City, Kans		11735 Theo. Roza, Chicago, Ill
land, Cal	$\frac{5.00}{2.00}$	11655 Geo. Bey, Secy. Johnson City, N. Y. 11656 Sov. Soc. Club, Rockford, Ill	17.10	11736 J. Schlesinger, Chicago, Ill
11567 Estella Tarkoff, Boulder, Colo 11568 Chas. Kiselis, Secy. Racine, Wis.	$\frac{4.00}{19.95}$	11657 W. J. Conarty, Calumet City, Ill 11658 Carl Hacker, Secy., Cleveland, O.	2.00	11739 John H. Wilson, Chicago, Ill
11569 Helen Pratt Judd, Chicago, Ill 11570 Benj. Ellisberg, Treas., San Fran-	5.00	11659 Cora Meyers, Secy., Milwaukee, Wis		11741 Mrs. James Whitney, San Fran- cisco, Cal
cisco, Cal	22.50	11660 Herman Knapp, Milwaukee, Wis.	2.00	11742 Mary Field Parton, New York, N. Y
York, N. Y	$10.00 \\ 1.75$	Chester, Pa	2.00	11743 Mary Schriftmeyer, Chicago, Ill60 11744 D. A. Agalos, Saltese, Mont 1.00
11537 W. Wolf, Douglaston, N. Y 11574 P. Hoffman, Bronx, N. Y	5.00 .50	ter, Pa11663 P. R. Matkowski, Mason City, Ia.	.50 1.00	11745 Albert Steinhauser, New Ulm, Minn 1.00
11575 Mike Rukovina, Secy., Orient, Ill. 11576 M. R. Roderick, Secy., Santa Bar-	8.00	11664 Jack Russell, Chicago, Ill 11665 W. E. Elbe, Secy., Mt. Vernon,		Wis 1.00
bara, Cal	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$	Wash		11747 Mrs. Helen Judd, Chicago, Ill 1.00 11748 Hymie Waxman, Brooklyn, N. Y. 1.00
11578 Helen Sternfeld, Secy., Revere, Mass	$\frac{5.50}{5.00}$	man, Worcester, Mass	200.00	11749 Henry Pollack, Brooklyn, N. Y 1.00 11750 Mrs. Mily A. Dobrich, Powhatan,
11580 Julius Bojog, Nixon, N. J	4.25	11668 Joe Angelo, Secy., Springfield, Ill. 11669 German Singing Society "Vorwartz," Springfield, Ill.	4.00 9.40	O
Cleveland, Ohio	5.00	11670 Frank Buckley, Gary, Ind	2.00	11753 Monday No. 12767, Ft. Madison, Ia. 1.00 11754 Carl Hacker, Secy., Cleveland, O. 40.00
land, Ohio11583 C. Eglit, care C. Kraven, Cleve-	2.00	Benefit, Hammond, Ind		11755 Cora Meyers, Secy., Milwaukee, Wis
land, Ohio11584Chicago, Local I. L. D., Geo. Mau-	1.00	11673 Veronica, Koyacs, Secv., Perth		rick, Little Neck, N. Y 20.00
rer, Secy	30.00 .10	Amboy, N. J	1.00	Chicago, Ill
11586 Wm. Schroeder, Secy. Frankfort Heights, Ill.	10.30	11676 Wm. Hornick, Secy., Y. Y. M. B., Brooklyn, N. Y.	3.00	11758 I. Sabin, Chicago, Ill
11587 Anna Hammer, Roslindale, Mass. 11588 Workmen's Circle Lodge, Br. No.	1.00	N. Y		11760 A. Lanto, Secy., Superior, Wis 10.50 11761 A. J. Kareckas, Secy., Grand Rap-
324, care Sol Steinberg, Bronx, N. Y	3.50 5.75	Heights, Ill. 11678 Abe Epstein, Secy., Stamford,	6.20 5.00	ids, Mich
11590 Abraham Bialas, New York, N. Y. 11591 Oskar Erikson, Hanover, N. D	2.00 6.00	Conn	1.00	11763 Mrs. A. Kratofil, Norwalk, Ohio 5.00 11764 Rose Stromberg, Erie, Pa
11592 Geo. Maurer, Secy. Chicago Lcl 11593 L. P. Ivancich, Secy. Akron, Ohio	20.00 5.50	11680 Alois Bili, care South Slav Workers' Book Store, Chicago, Ill		11766 Jacob and Regina Frost, Akron, O. 9.25 11767 Peter Krauss, Secy., Utica, N. Y. 7.00
11594 Anna Porter, San Jose, Cal 11595 Workers Party Lithuanian Br.,	2.00	11681 Tony Snusio, Louis Capp & Paul Jurkens, Springfield, Ill		11768 J. K. Blazina, Kirkland Lake, Ont. 1.00 11769 Tom Novosel, Nason, Ill
care Roy Mizara, Brooklyn, N. Y. 11596 B. Gushev, Madison, Ill	$38.00 \\ 14.50$	11682 Interest on Liberty Bonds		11770 R. Bakalos, Zeigler, Ill
11597 Workers Party, Jewish Br., Coney Island, care D. Dolnicoff, Brook-		Total	\$2904.21	11772 S. Zollinger, Chicago, Ill
lyn, N. Y 11598 A. J. Kareckas, Secy. Grand Rap-	6.80	The following items included in the receipts for the month of July are not		Heights, Ill
ids, Mich. 11599 G. E. McMahon, Secy. Spokane, W.	$\frac{7.00}{6.00}$	donations: 11602 Interest on Liberty onds	760.71	11775 Jerry Hadravs, Chicago, III
11600 Ladies Auxiliary Workmen's Circle, St. Louis, Mo	$\frac{5.00}{17.10}$	11676 Wm. Hornick, Brooklyn, N. Y. check redeposited	3.00	11777 Chas. Krotochvil, Chicago, Ill 1.00 11778 South Slavic Section, M. Krasic,
11602 Interest on Liberty Bonds	760.71 82.90	11628 Interest on Liberty Bonds DECEMBER, 1925	127.50	Secy., Chicago, Ill
11604 V. Bilida, Graniteville, Miss	2.10 4.75	International Labor Defense Cash Receipts, Nos. 11683—11976	i	ington, Del. 65.75 11781 Frank Krasick, Secy. Denver, Colo. 16.10
11606 A. Zeikus, Metuchen, N. J 11607 Edward Borowick, Bronx, N. Y	$\frac{2.00}{3.00}$	11683 A. W. Barton, Harlan, Iowa 11684 Georye Mehling, Yonkers, N. Y	\$.20 2.00	11782 B. N. Freeman, Colinsville, Ill
11608 Scandinavian Branch Workers Party, care T. A. Thorsen, Brook-		11685 Tony Wishtart, Secy., Martins' Ferry, Ohio	10.95	11784 H. T. Sondergaard, Luck, Wis 1.00 11785 Harold Metcalf, Davenport, Iowa 1.00
lyn, N. Y11609 Julius Tokacs, Secy. South Bend,	14.10	11686 Geo. Strupinsky, W. Frankfort, Ill. 11687 Lee Holton, Granite City, Ill	$\substack{\textbf{13.50} \\ \textbf{2.00}}$	11786 W. P. S. Osasto, Herman, Mich 18.40 11787 Steve Anderson, Secv., Russian
Ind	12.00	11688 Joseph Spence, Cleveland, Ohio 11689 John Hillberg, Ashtabula, Ohio	$\frac{1.00}{1.00}$	Br., Detroit, Mi ch
ids, Mich	$6.20 \\ 19.00 \\ 1.00$	11690 Rudolph Krauss, St. Louis, Mo 11691 Chicago Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy. 116921 Lee Holton, Granite City, Ill	$\frac{1.00}{25.00}$	Branch, Detroit, Mich
11612 Paul Einstein, Los Angeles, Cal 11613 Lotta Burke, Secy. Cincinnati, O. 11614 Emily Haller, Holyoke, Mass	8.00 .70	11692 John Yanosz, Secy., Warren, Ohio 11694 J. D. Corbishley, Russellville, Ark.	$\begin{array}{c} 2.00 \\ .50 \\ 10.00 \end{array}$	co, Cal
11615 James Zamporo, Menlo Park, Cal. 11616 L. Mitseff, Secy. Portland, Ore	2.00 8.00	11695 J. Perlman, Chicago, Ill	2.50	eph D'Alma, Quebec, Can
11617 Fred Davey, Secy. Toledo, O 11618 South Slav. Section, M. Krasic.	4.00	No. 50, W. Frankfort, Ill	20.00 50.00	11792 A K Church Chicago III 100
Secy. Chicago, Ill	$\substack{50.00\\9.00}$	11698 Henry G. Berglund, Chicago, Ill 11699 Sam Wolfe, St. Paul, Minn	1.00 1.00	11793 Wgo Galassi, Chicago, Ill
		. ,	-	

46	
11500 Andrew Francisco Chicago III	1.00
11796 Antony Zaccarin, Chicago, Ill	1.00 1.00
11798 Gatan Baldasarre, Chicago, III 11799 J. Jurisich, Secy., Eli, Minn	$\substack{1.00\\1.00}$
11800 J. Zeve, Secy., Jewish Section Workers Party, Norfolk, Va	3.25
11801 Paul H. Smithra, Pittsburgh, Pa. 11802 Chicago, Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy.	$\begin{array}{c} 10.20 \\ 20.00 \end{array}$
11796 Antony Zaccarin, Chicago, Ill	15.00
11804 Felix Hanzl, Chicago, Ill	$\frac{1.00}{1.00}$
11806 Andrea Mahison, Chicago, Ill	$\frac{1.00}{1.00}$
11805 Joe Ciancinilo, Chicago, Ill. 11806 Andrea Mahison, Chicago, Ill. 11807 M. Rasnick, Pittsburgh, Pa. 11808 J. K. Chaplik, Berkeley, Cal. 11809 E. Thornton, Cleveland, Ohio.	7.50
11810 Betty P. Blumenberg, Kalamazoo, Mich. 11811 Rudolph Kantola, Secy., Rochester, N. Y. 11812 W. P. Lettish Br., care J. Timmerman, Oakland, Cal.	1.00
11811 Rudolph Kantola, Secy., Rochester N V	2.35
11812 W. P. Lettish Br., care J. Timmer-	5.00
11013 FIOIN a FILENCE, San Flancisco,	1.00
Cal	3.00 · 1.00
11816 Irving S. Ottenberg, New York,	10.00
11817 H. B. Steller, Chelsea, Mass	1.00
11815 N. J. Conarty, Calumet City, Ill. 11816 Irving S. Ottenberg, New York, N. Y. 11817 H. B. Steller, Chelsea, Mass. 11818 Dr. John Guttman, New York, N. Y. 11819 Los B. Milgram, Sheephaad Bay	1.00
N. Y	1.00
11819 Jos. B. Milgram, Sheephead Bay, N. Y. 11820 Morris Weiss, Minneapolis, Minn. 11821 M. R. Rodwick, Santa Barbara.	1.00
Cal	$\begin{matrix} 3.00 \\ 12.25 \end{matrix}$
11823 Henry H. Sweetland, Brush, Colo. 11824 A. Hammer, Roseindale, Mass 11825 C. A. Whitney, Oakland, Cal	$\substack{2.00\\1.00}$
11896 Walter M. Nalgon Detroit Mich	$\substack{3.50\\2.00}$
11827 V. R. Dunne, Minneapolis, Minn 11828 Albert Girling, Madrid, Iowa	$\frac{3.00}{1.65}$
11829 H. J. Unsworth, Chicago, Ill	$\substack{1.00\\1.00}$
11831 V. Chanik, Buhl, Idaho 11832 D. Agalos, Saltese, Mont	$\frac{1.00}{4.00}$
11833 B. Ellisberg, Treas., San Francisco, Cal	50.00
11834 Joe Ciancinelo, Chicago, Ill 11835 Henry Siroky, St. Louis, Mo	$\frac{7.00}{1.00}$
11836 John J. McDougall, Concrete, Wash	1.00
11837 A. Glosser, Russellton, Pa 11838 George Tilak, South Chicago, Ill	$\substack{1.05\\1.00}$
11839 James Koutny, Chicago, Ill	$\substack{10.50 \\ 5.00}$
11841 John M. Hestines, Hammond, Ind. 11842 Ernest Bollman, Chicago, Ill	$\frac{2.00}{2.50}$
11843 J. J. Lapsunsky, Witt, Ill 11844 Nick Osadzuk, Detroit, Mich	$\begin{array}{c} 7.00 \\ 8.50 \end{array}$
11823 Albert Girling, Madrid, Iowa	4.00
port, Conn	$\frac{4.00}{2.00}$
11848 James L. Brewer, Rochester, N. Y. 11849 Frank Peterson, Stratford, Conn.	$\substack{10.00\\1.00}$
11851 Chicago Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy.	$3.00 \\ 1500.00$
11852 Chicago Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy. 11853 O. Bercy, New York, N. Y	1.00
11851 Chicago Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy. 11852 Chicago Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy. 11853 O. Bercy, New York, N. Y. 11854 Anton Bittner, Chicago, Ill	6.00
Workers' Party, Detroit, Mich	8.00
11856 Isaac Santti, Finninsh Branch, Workers' Party, Detroit, Mich 11857 Abe Epstein, Sesy., Stamford, Conn. 11858 Ladies' Auxiliary Workmen's Circle, St. Louis, Mo.	2.00
cle, St. Louis, Mo.	19.00
11860 Thomas Jurkovich, McKees	1.00
11861 George Csircsu, Detroit, Mich	9.00 1.00
11863 Jos. Gopsh, Shelton, Conn	4. 0 0 10.80
11859 Loan 11860 Thomas Jurkovich, McKees Rocks, Pa. 11861 George Csircsu, Detroit, Mich	1.00
Mich	$\begin{array}{c} 2.00 \\ 10.00 \end{array}$
11868 Anton Correa, Brooklyn, N. Y 11869 Dee Harrison, Secv., Kansas City	.24
Kans	4.00
burgh, Pa	$\frac{39.30}{100.00}$
11872 W. E. Elbe, Secy., Mt. Vernon, Wash.	9.00
11873 M. Kurth, Holyoke, Mass 11874 Jack Lettich, Royal Oak, Mich	5.00 2.00
11875 A. Oddie, Brockton, Mass 11876 Frank Ulevich, Toledo, Ohio	$\substack{1.75\\1.00}$
11877 Sam Wolfe, St. Paul, Minn	$\frac{4.00}{2.00}$
11874 Jack Lettich, Royal Oak, Mich	1.00
11880 Otto Pelinen, W. P., Santa Rosa, Cal. 11881 Workers Party of Kent, Wash.,	2.00
11881 Workers Party of Kent, Wash., Kent, Wash	21.26
Kent, Wash	2.00 300.00
11883 Edward R. Smith, Columbus, O 11884 Lithuanian Workingwomen's Alli- ance No. 5, Colinsville, Ill	5.00
ance No. 5, Colinsville, Ill	$15.00 \\ 2.50$
11887 Roy King, Chicago, Ill	1.00 5.00
11889 Theo. Vucelich, Bellaire, Ohio	14.05 16.31
11891 S. Shuman, Rox, Mass.	3.45

1.00	11892	S. Shuman, Rox, Mass	2.90	11941 Thomas L. McNulty, Huntington
1.00		Jack Lettich, Royal Oak, Mich	7.00	Beach, Cal
1.00		Ed Shepute, Detroit, Mich	9.10	11942 A. Z. Kuller, Cincinnati, Onlo
1.00	11895	Housewives' Union No. 1, Palo	4 00	11943 G. Kurliovich, Iselin, Pa
	11000	Alto, Cal.	1.00	11944 Novo Mirsky Club, P. Kochanow,
3.25	11896	Ferdinand Mandler, Silverton,	5.00	Secy., Kansas City, Kans
0.20		(Cincinnati) Ohio		11945 Albert Moyzis, Oakland, Cal
0.00	11897	Mrs. R. Halpert, Albany, N. Y	5.00	11946 Jack Lettich, Royal Oak, Mich
5.00	11898	Fred Davey, Secy. Toledo, Ohio Isabella E. Gauld, Palmetto, Fla	20.00	11947 Steve Rubicki, Chicago, Ill
1.00	11899	Isabella E. Gauld, Palmetto, Fla	$\frac{10.00}{1.00}$	11948 G. B. Bower, Collinsville, Conn 11949 S. Asoyonich, Kenosha, Wiss
1.00	11900	Miriam Howard, Columbus, Ga	$\frac{1.00}{3.50}$	11949 S. Asoyomen, Kenosha, Wiss 11950 Anton Jakavicius, Klein, Mont
1.00	11901	Alex Urpess, Detroit, MichJulius Bojog, Nixon, N. J	3.50	11951 Mrs. Lydia Koski, Minneapolis,
1.00	11902	Paul H. Smithra Pittsburgh, Pa	1.00	11952 Joseph Horvath, Bethlehem, Pa
7.50	11904	Rose C. Powell, Richmond, Cal	1.00	11953 D. D. Wemich, Secy., Oakland, Cal.
5.00	11905	A Group of Miners, care Angelo		11954 Jenei Laszlo, ((Collected by Steve
		A Group of Miners, care Angelo Cigagua, Dunglen, Ohio	5.00	Nagy), Detroit, Mich
1.00	11906	Emma Radich, Globe, Ariz	3.50	11955 Richard Taylor Secv., U. M. W.
	11907	J. H. Jensen, Los Angeles, Cal	5.00	11955 Richard Taylor Secy., U. M. W. A., O'Fallon, Ill
2.35	11908	Kate O. Petreson, New York, N. Y.	1.00	11956 Chicago Local, Geo. Maurer Secy.
= 00		Carl Brannin, Seattle, Wash	1.00	11957 M. Goldberg, Detroit, Mich 11958 Rudolph Krauss, St. Louis, Mo
5.00	11910	Charles Moschel, Cincinnati, O	10.00	11958 Rudolph Krauss, St. Louis, Mo
1.00	11911	Workingmen's Sick and Death		11959 J. C. Miller, Evanston, Ill
3.00 •		Benefit Fed., Newark, N. J	3.00	11960 Abe Epstein, Secy., Stamford,
1.00	11912	Carl Hacker, Secy., Cleveland, O.	40.00	Conn.
		John Stott, Chicago, Ill	$\substack{1.00\\1.00}$	11961 Geo. Lazarian, Gary, Ind 11962 Adolf Arlitt, Kincaid, Ill
0.00	11914	J. A. Singer, Detroit, Mich	5.00	11936 L.Mitseff, Portland, Ore
1.00	11016	Lucy Hall, Watertown, Wis	3.00	11964 GGeo. Bey, Secy., Johnson City,
	11917	P. Marcoff, Gary, Ind	35.50	N. Y
1.00	11918	Scandinavian Federation, Chicago	1.00	11965 Mark Korchak, Cleveland, Ohio
- 00	11919	P. R. Matkowski, Mason City, Ia.	1.30	11966 Chas, Litz, Sandusky, Ohio
1.00	11920	P. R. Matkowski, Mason City, Ia. Nick Haburchak, Big Sandy, Mont.	1.20	11966 Chas. Litz, Sandusky, Ohio 11967 A. J. Kareckas, Secy., Grand Rap-
1.00	11921	James Gmilio, Toledo, Ohio	1.00	ids, Mich
3.00	11922	James Gmilio, Toledo, Ohio South Slavic Section, Chicago Aaron Lieb, Paterson, N. J	100.00	11968 R. Halpert, Secy., Albany, N. Y
2.25	11932	Aaron Lieb, Paterson, N. J	3.50	11969 Wm. Kvich, Allentown, Pa
2.00	11924	Workers Party Lithuanian Branch,		11970 G. Vasilopoulis, Los Angeles, Cal. 11971 M. Reiss, Secy., Los Angeles, Cal.
1.00		Hartford, Conn	2.00	11971 M. Reiss, Secy., Los Angeles, Cal.
3.50	11925	Chicago Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy.	23.00	11972 Jacob J. Dolla, Lebanon, Pa
2.00	11926	L. Mitseff, Secy., Portland, Ore J. B. Welzenbach, Wolf Point,	87.85	11973 Frank Basich, Glidden, Wis
3.00	11927		1.00	11974 R. Kanervo, W. Orange, N. J 11975 J. Anderson, Akron, Ohio
1.65	11099	Mike Egumnoff, Secy., Scranton,	1.00	11976 John Waitch, Pittsburgh, Pa
1.00	11340	Pa	. 4.00	11977 I M Gelganda Chicago Ill
1.00	11929	W. N. Patterson, Zanesville, Ohio	5.00	11977 J. M. Gelganda, Chicago, Ill 11978 Wm. Mahoney, Chicago, Ill
1.00		J. Chernock, New York, N. Y	5.00	11979 Jack Lettich, Royal Oak, Mich
4.00	11931	M. E. Johnson, Cleveland, Ohio	2.00	11980 Rose Baron, Secy., New York, NY.
^ ^^	11932	M. E. Johnson, Cleveland, Ohio H. W. Garner, Hessville, Ind	6.50	11981 Mrs. Geo. H. Strobell, New York,
$\frac{0.00}{7.00}$	11933	Jenei Laszlo, Detroit, Mich	7.55	N. Y
1.00	11934	S. S. Osasto, Secy., Newberry,		11982 L. Levi, from Workmen's Circle
1.00		Mich.	5.00	Loan Assn., St. Paul, Minn
1.00	11935	John Heino, Secy., Lanesville,	00.00	11983 Paul Ozanich, Centerville, Iowa
1.05	11090	Mass	22.90	11984 Wm. Kubel, Chicago, Ill 11985 Mike Bainor, Elizabeth, Pa
1.00	11936	John Heino, Secy., Lanesville, Mass.	3.00	11986 Chicago, Local, Geo. Maurer, Secy.
0.50	11927	John Heino, Secy., Lanesville,	5.00	11380 Chicago, Hocai, Geo. Maurer, Beej.
5.00	11001	Mass	1.25	Total\$5
2.00	11938	Finnish Branch, Workers Party.		
2.50	11000	Finnish Branch, Workers Party, West Frankfort, Ill.	32.21	The following items are included in
7.00		Roumanian Branch, Workers		the receipts for December, 1925 which
$8.50 \\ 4.00$		Party, Detroit, Mich.	3.94	are not donaitons or collections:
4.00	11940	S. Hillkowitz, San Diego, Cal	17.00	11859, Loan\$1,
4.00				

.....\$5,599.96 g items are included in or December, 1925 which ons or collections:

Remember the Class War Prisoners!

The International Labor Defense sends greetings to the following class war prisoners on the anniversary of their birth days and we urge the workers on the outside not to forget them. Letters mean more to those victims of capitalism than those who have never had prison experience can realize. Drop them a word of encouragement and determine that you will do everything possible to get them out of jail.

BIRTH-DATES OF CLASS-WAR PRISONERS.

March 2-Britt Smith, Walla Walla, Washington.

- C. A. Drew, San Quentin, California.
- " 6-Edgar Combs, Moundsville, W. Va.
- 44 10-J. B. Childs, San Quentin, California.
- 10-Fred Suttle, Walla Walla, Washington.
- 14—Ray Baker, Walla Walla, Washington.
- -O. C. Bland, Walla Walla, Washington.
- 17-Omar J. Eaton, San Quentin, Calif.

20-D. C. Russell, San Quentin, California.

 $\frac{1.00}{1.00}$ 5.00

 $16.25 \\ 5.00$ $\frac{6.40}{5.00}$

11.00 5.00 20.00 8.00

75.00

1.00

 $\frac{1.80}{7.50}$ 5.00 11.00

7.85 1.00

10.40

1.60

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

39.80 1.00

25 00

100.00

- -Pierre Jans, San Quentin, California.
- 26-Joe Clohessy, Folsom, Represse, Calif.
- –Joe Vargo, San Quentin, California.
- 31-A. G. Ross, San Quentin, California.

RELEASED.

George Barrett Peter Clausen Richard Ford Benjamin Gitlow Pedro Paroles (Gone) Joe Roth Wils Rundquist Walter Trumbull

WHAT HAVE YOU DONE?

Preparations for the Second Annual Conference of I. L. D. are under way. It will take place either in Chicago or in New York.

How many individual dues-paying members will your delegate represent?

THE LABOR DEFENDER SUBSCRIPTION CAMPAIGN

Our Goal Is for 10,000 Subscribers by March Twenty-Fifth to Put Power Into International Labor Defense!



All locals, city and town organizations, of I. L. D. have been informed of the BIG DRIVE for subscribers to our magazine. It will last thru a period of intensive Labor Defense activity, ending with the last day of Paris Commune Week.

Each city is allotted a quota, and a handsome banner will be given the winner with the highest percentage. Chicago is assigned 1,000, New York, 1,500, etc.

ROCHESTER, MINN.—(Comrade Reed, secretary) IS IN THE LEAD WITH FIFTEEN SUBS; THIS IS FIFTY PERCENT OF ITS QUOTA! Allentown, Pa., is next with seven subs.

Comrades! Put your local on the map! Send in all subs as fast as you can get them!

Our slogan is, "ÉVERY MEMBER A SUBSCRIBER—AND EVERY MEMBER GET ANOTHER SUB-SCRIBER!"

We have a great field practically untouched for getting subs. Ten thousand regular subscribers, reading THE LABOR DEFENDER every month, means infinitely greater strength to I. L. D. And the money for these is that much more income to defend cases, help prisoners, and issue more printed matter.

Send in your contribution in the form of a subscription to the magazine—for yourself or another! Get others to do the same!

LET US RACE TO THE GOAL—10,000 SUBSCRIBERS BY MARCH 25TH

Help Free Class War Prisoners!

Break the Shackles!



Put Power Into International Labor Defense Act Now! Use This Blank!

THE LABOR DEFENDER

23 S. Lincoln Street, Chicago, III.

Please send THE LABOR DEFENDER for $^{\rm I}_{\rm 6}$ mos., for which remittance is enclosed, to

Name

City State (Please Write Plainly)

An I. L. D. Pamphlet!

The Zeigler Frame-Up

By Max Shachtman,

A Thoro History of the Origin of This Brazen
Frame-Up Against Almost a Score of the
Leaders of the Mine Workers of
Zeigler Whose Trial Is Now
Being Held in Benton, Ill.

Single Copies 10 Cents Each In Bundles 7 Cents Each

The International Labor Defense 23 South Lincoln Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Please send		copie	s	of th	e "Zeigler
Frame-Up,"	for	which	I	am	enclosing

.....

Name

Address

City State

Eight Are Convicted in the Zeigler Frame-Up!

Henry Corbishly
Frank Corbishly
Stanley Paurez
Ignatz Simich
Martin Simich
Mike Karadich
Eddie Maliski
Steve Meanovich

are

Convicted!

These eight men are the leaders of the miners in Zeigler.
Their crime was that they fought the boss for better wages.
Their crime was that they fought against the Ku Klux Klan.
Their crime was that they wanted a more militant leadership.
Now, they are paying a penalty for standing by the workers.

THE LABOR MOVEMENT OF AMERICA IS ON TRIAL AT ZEIGLER!

Show Your Class Solidarity!

Come to Their Defense!

THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS MUST BE RAISED IMMEDIATELY

Do Your Share!

Help Them!

Send Money!

GIVE WITH AN OPEN HAND!

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE, 23 South Lincoln Street, Chicago, III.
Enclosed you will find my contribution, amounting to \$to be used to keep the Zeigler miners out of prison.
Name
Address
City State