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## WAR & PEACE U.S. derides peace moves as world 'cauldron' seethes

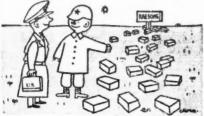
HERNAN SANTA CRUZ of Chile is president of the UN Economic and Social Council. Last week he rose in Geneva and told the Council: "The outlook which confronts us in the social and economic sphere is utterly depress-

Throughout Latin America and West-

ern Europe he had found

". . a seething cauldron of social unrest, provoked mainly by inflation and a shortage or total lack of essential goods, especially foodstuffs, and the situation aggravated by the growing and unconscious desire of the working masses to improve substantially their standard of living."

The world's people, he added, would refuse to accept a vast arms program while their living standard continued to fall, they did not control their own resources and the world spent \$200



"Well . . . let's sit down again."

millions for economic developments as against \$100 billions for arms. Associated Press chief Kent Cooper, returning from Western Europe, said: "T |Western Europe| are frightened death over our defense pressure. T said: "They They are afraid it might turn into an ag-gressive policy." In Britain, right-wing Labour theoretician G. D. H. Cole wrote pamphlet Weakness Through

in a pamphlet Weakness Through Strength:

If we want to avoid having our standards of living forced down, we must somehow stop the cold war as a whole, and not merely contract out of the part we are at present committed to taking in it... The burden we are committed to bearing over the next three years is heavy enough; but it is nothing to what we are likely soon to be called upon to bear unless we stop the cold war.

U.S. BLACKOUT: Outside the U.S. the Soviet drive for an international settlement to end the cold and hot wars—climaxed last week by President Shvernik's letter to Truman transmitting a resolution of the Supreme Soviet —was having a great impact, but the American people could learn nothing about it from their press. The N.Y. Times (publishing more foreign news than any other U.S. paper) printed scarcely a word about reaction abroad, but noted on Aug. 9 from Paris that

(Continued on Page 3)



Success story

Fame and fortune are the rewards of Miss Elizabeth Bentley, here seen at work in the profession in which she has climbed to the top—helping send fellow-Americans to jail, economic exile or death by her testimony that they are "Red spies." Her testimony against Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, whom (as with many of her other victims) she had never met, was helpful to the government in getting a death sentence. In the now popular and respected career of her choice, Miss Bentley has the advantage over other aspirants that she frankly admits having once been a spy herself.

THE ROSENBERG CONVICTION

# Is this the Dreyfus Case of cold war America?

THREE years ago, in our very first weeks of publication, the GUAR-DIAN set forth the details of the Trenton Six case for the first time beyond the immediate Trenton area. Our investigation convinced us then that the Six were innocent but that they would nevertheless be executed by the State of New Jersey unless a great public demand could be mobil-ized to free them. The rest of this story is well-known to GUARDIAN readers, who themselves undertook to reach the conscience of the nation and the world in this case, to win freedom for four of the accused men and save the lives of the other two. Next week, the GUARDIAN will be-

gin a similar exposé of the case of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, a young New York couple with two small boys, now in Sing Sing death house await-ing the outcome of their appeal in October against death sentences imosed on them as "atom spies" for the .S. S. R. when that country was our

We are convinced of the overwhelming probability that the Rosenbergs are completely innocent. We believe are completely innocent. We believe you will be convinced when we have had the opportunity to lay all the facts before you. We are confident that you will act, as you did in the Trenton Six case, to win vindication for these young American parents and to repudiate the forces which would take their very lives as a propaganda measure in behalf of war and repression.

THE Rosenbergs were accused, tried and convicted last year as an after-ath of the confessed espionage of the British-employed German scientist Klaus Fuchs at Los Alamos atomic bomb project during World War II.

tence in England and is still working on projects for the British government. Four other persons confessed to complicity with Fuchs. Of these, Harry Gold was sentenced to 30 years, scientist Alfred Dean Slack to 15, Sgt. David Greenglass to 15; Greenglass' wife was never tried and walks free

Implicated by David Greenglass and his wife (Greenglass is Mrs. Rosen-berg's brother), the Rosenbergs were the only defendants for whom the government asked a death sentence, although they have from the start maintained complete innocence of any knowledge or part of the plotting.

Weeks ago, the GUARDIAN assigned William A. Reuben—the reporter who originally uncovered the Trenton Six case and followed it for us for three years—to start work on the Rosenberg case.

On the basis of Reuben's findings, we contend this:

• That the very best that can be said for the government case is that it leaves such reasonable doubt of the Rosenbergs' guilt as to entitle them. by all American legal standards, to acquittal:

• That there are strong grounds for suspecting the Rosenbergs are victims of an out-and-out political

ONLY a dozen years ago millions of Americans saw re-enacted, in the film The Life of Emile Zola, the Dreyfus frame-up in which a Jewish captain of the French army was sent to Devil's Island as a "spy" for Germany. (Even when the alleged foreign principal was an enemy and not availly cipal was an enemy and not an ally, 'spies" were not sentenced to death

in peace-time in the unenlightened 19th century). In a series of news-paper articles under the heading "J'Accuse!" the novelist Zola charged monarchist and clerical elements with deliberately framing Dreyfus, and after 13 years of frightful suffering Dreyfus' innocence was established.

Only 18 years ago the stage was set for the long night of Nazism in Ger-many when the Communist leader Georgi Dimitrov and the Dutch youth van der Lubbe were put on trial for burning down the Reichstag. Dimi-trov turned his "defense" into an accusation of Hitler's Gen. Goering with such effect on world opinion that he was set free, but van der Lubbe was executed. Later the world learned the truth of what the German Left had said at the time—that Goering himself burned the Reichstag for purposes of this political frame-up.

Only 24 years ago the State of Massachusetts executed two beloved labor leaders, Sacco and Vanzetti framed up for a murder they did not

With serious understanding of its implications we ask this question, on the basis of the facts as we shall set them forth:

Is the Rosenberg case the Dreyfus case of cold-war America? Is it the Sacco-Vanzetti case of this era when the nightmare Truman war program demands the destruction of militant labor opposition? Is it the Reichstag Fire Trial of a time when the voice of protest from the political Left must at all costs be silenced?

HERE is what a famous British lawyer, D. N. Pritt, K.C., wrote about the Reichstag trial: Far more important for the German government than that the guilty incen-

diary should explate his crime was the securing of a legal pronouncement in favor of the alleged complicity in the fire of their most feared and hated political opponents, the Communist Party of Germany. . . . The terror, the persecution and attempted political and economic annihilation of the Jews, the working-class movement, and the progressive thinkers of Germany, thus received some shadow of apparent legal justification.

The facts we shall present about the Rosenberg case will at least pose the question for most of our readers as to whether their government has not now begun to operate on this shameless Nazi level.

Of these aspects of the political background of the Rosenberg trial there is no doubt:

 "Legal" justification of the thesis that all "Communists" (i.e., in ulti-mate effect all advocates of socialism mate effect all advocates of socialism and/or peace) are traitors, knowing only loyalty to "the Kremlin," is being sought by the government by every means. This is the contention of the McCarran Act and the basis for its provisions for political repression.

• The possibility of removing all Constitutional checks on the hounding of left-wing Americans depends on the government's ability to con-

on the government's ability to convince the public that all such persons are a "real and present danger" to national security.

• Upholding of the conviction of the Rosenbergs would go far toward enabling the government to m. 're any

enabling the government to m 'te any member of any of the 200-odd or-ganizations officially labeled "subversive" subject to arrest as a "spy."

BUT submerged beneath the fourring circus of the Rosenberg trial, with its sensationalized press treat-ment of atom-bomb sketches, Jello box-tops and cloak-and-dagger melo-

(Continued on Page 4)

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CEDRIC BELFRAGE Editor

JOHN T. McMANUS General Manager

JAMES ARONSON Executive Editor

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**AUGUST 15, 1951** 



Death for idealism

Death for idealism

New YORK, N.Y.

Barbara A. Nestor's outcry (Aug. 1) against the Rosenberg sentence must echo the horror in the hearts of many Americans at atrocities now being committed in our country under the cloak of "due process of law." It is too late to be incredulous. We have seen enough to know the Rosenberg sentence will stand unless the people's outcry swells loud enough to be pitted against the laissez-faire temper of the majority who control the Supreme Court. Lillian E. Reiner, Dotothy Thompson, Miss Nestor are a few who have spoken up.

Let more aroused individuals, through the GUARDIAN or whatever medium is available, let others know that we are not a barbaric people. Despots and would-be despots in every land fear nothing so much as the cumulative voice of the people.

It is just because they are ideal-

spors in every land fear nothing so much as the cumulative voice of the people.

It is just because they are idealists that the Rosenbergs were condamned. Just as Dashiell Hammett, Frederick V. Field and Dr. Alphaeus Hunton, because they could not be browbeaten into breaching a trust, were jailed without bail. Hammett, who served in two World Wars as a volunteer: Field, who devoted himself and his fortune to social betterment: and Dr. Hunton, whose life is dedicated to a better understanding among races—they are of the backbone of America. The Administration is directing a purge against the brain and moral sinew of the nation.

Marcella Bostick

That's us in snades

### That's us in spades

That's us in spades
RANDALL, MINN.

I have sent this to our Congressman from the 6th Dist, here in Minnesota, Hon. Fred Marshall:
In regard to the recognition of Franco Spain, it seems to me and many others that all who voted for it should have a disloyalty charge placed against them, which is not out of order in these times. We have not forgotten the people of Spain—winning a fair and honest election and then destroyed by three of the most ruthless dictators the world has ever known.

And since when are we the owners of Korea, 6,000 miles away? I have been unable to tind a dozen people who believe in our action. All I hear is: never vote for the Democrats again.

David W. Johnson

□ \$2 for 52 weeks.

against the 56-billion-dollar arms appropriation bill. Ed.

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ica, Philippine Islands. \$2 a year.

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March 17, 1950 at the Post Office

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ssions, Canada, Latin Amer-

The flood tragedy

The flood tragedy

NEW YORK, N.Y.

It is nice to find sources which usually form part of the corrupt or "conformist" press concurring with the GUARDIAN (always so forthright in its reporting). After the GUARDIAN front-paged the recent floods as "the shame of a nation," columnist Thomas L. Stokes (Scripps-Howard papers, July 30) recalled how "every year about this time . . . rivers flood part of our country" and how "it's all unnecessary. That's the tragedy of it." After plumping for the Missourt River Authority, he describes the present Pick-Sloan plan, as "a piecemeal program that tries to compromise conflicting Jalims and pressures of localities and special interests. This is not conducive to the best interests of the region as a whole. . . . This conflict is encouraged by private power interests in the constant effort to block public power development."

We don't need confirmation of GUARDIAN stories from the "kept press," but we sometimes up tit.

J. B. S.

### A one-lung optimist

MADISON, WISC.

I have been confined to bed with pulmonary tuberculosis for a year. Have had one bout with the surgeons and expect another in four months. A year or so after that I expect to be back helping the progressive cause as much as I can one one ling.

I expect to be back helping the progressive cause as much as I can on one lung.

However from my bed it looks very good for the tause of peace. I have been much cheered by the delegates from the Chicago Peace Conference who stopped to see me on their way home. I am much cheered by the events in Korea and the fact that now negotiations are going on even though the guns have not stopped yet.

We, the American people, bear a tremendous responsibility but world events are on our side, and our growing peace movement shows that we are beginning to be aware of our responsibility. I also want to mention the number of Protestant ministers here in Madison who speak up to their congregations in favor of peace.

I congratulate the GUARDIAN for keeping up the battle when the going is tough. Don't be discouraged, there are many on your side today and will be more tomorrow. The GUARDIAN will grow.

C. F. Rasmussen

### Music in our ears

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NATIONAL GUARDIAN 17 Murray St., New York 7, N. Y.

Phone today and make sure

And since when are we the owners of Korea, 6,000 miles away? I have been unable to find a dozen people who believe in our action. All I hear is: never vote for the Democrats again.

David W. Johnson Rep. Marshall was one of the two Congressmen who voted last week

Music In our ears

NEW YORK, N.Y.

Convalescing in the hospital gives one much time to think and read. It is with great pride and hope in you GUARDIAN people that I see a chance of bucking reaction and fear. Long life to you, and may your success be measured with that of Garrison's Liberator which turned

□ \$1 trial, 30 weeks.

out its last issue when a great task d, and not Ruth Frank before.

before, Ruth Frank

NEW LLANO, LA.

I was born in '76 and grew up
with the good old Appeal to Reason.

The GUARDIAN comes the nearest
to taking its place of any paper I
have found yet. Chester C. Page

HAVANA, CUBA

It is encouraging to see a pub-

HAVANA, CUBA

It is encouraging to see a publication like yours amidst so many mercenary and subdued newspapers whose only mission is to lie and confuse. I am aware that you are fighting a heroic struggle for the advancement of truth, having to overcome every sort of obstacles. But as our national hero Jose Marti said: "Nothing endures against truth."

I hope that both you and we can at last see the victory of the cause of the common people: "the government of the people, for the people."

Marie Blance

BERKELEY, CALIF.

BERKELEY, CALIF.
Enclosed is \$2 for a year's sub.
The GUARDIAN is the finest paper
I know and from my first paycheck
on I piedge \$5 per month. I just
graduated from college and am still
unemployed, but I expect to get a
job very soon.

Carol Hackett

TACOMA. WASH.

The publishers and editor of the GUARDIAN are doing a fine work. May God's richest blessings be granted to you all for bringing the truth to the people. Too bad every American does not have your paper.

Florida S. Byrne

### Gratitude plus

Gratitude plus
CLEVELAND HEIGHTS, O.
Here's \$50 from the ShakerCleveland Heights PP club. Your
efforts on behalf of the people of
our country can't be measured by
small gifts of money. Our gratitude
to the GUARDIAN staff is not
enough. In these times we must
double our efforts to get the GUARDIAN into the hands of as many
people as possible. Keep publishing.

Shaker-Cleveland Hts. PP

### Who shouts for war?

Who shouts for war?

CUMBERLAND, MD.

The propaganda about World War III comes from that country which suffered no material damage in the last war, and indeed was enriched by it. That country which for generations has been ruled by monopoly capitalists, who now see their world dominion shrinking before their eyes, because of about one-third of the world's population embracing socialism. That country which was first to make the atomic bomb, and the first to use it. That country whose public men, alone of all the public men of all countries, have actually advocated a preventive war against Russia. That country whose irresponsible radio and press have whipped its people into an atmosphere of hysteria in which they see a communist under every bed, witches in every educational institution, and flying saucers in every part of the Heaven. J. N. Bourckel

### H for Heave-Ho

H for Heave-Ho

JERSEYVILLE, ILL.

Without being superstitious, I am struck by the fact that the letter H appears to have been selected as the bearer of a list of curses on human decency, justice and common sense, covering a long period of time. For example: near the beginning of the Christian dispensation we find, under the general classification of HEROD, a most unsavory selection of characters. Some generations later, with special reference to our own continent, we find under the same initial Hessians and Hanover (G. III, 1776, and G. IV, 1812).

Still later, again with special reference to America, we find Hohenzollern, Hoover, Hirohito, Hitler, (T-H) Hartley. Leslie Knight Add Harry and Hubert? See p. 5.

Add Harry and Hubert? See p Ed

### Women of Japan

LYONS, NEBR.

I urge all GUARDIAN readers to send 10c to Fellowship of Reconciliation, 21 Audubon Av., New York 32, for leaflet titled "The Women of Japan Speak." It is dynamic!

Mrs. Harvey Sydow

### Florida free thought

### Nobody loves us

PALLON, NEVADA
This country is in a tight spot and the bi-partisans have brought it on by their cold and hot wars and anti-communist drive. They are isolationists because they have isolated us as a nation.

C. Beeglily

## Are we too scared to act like Americans?

We excerpt briefly below from the ringing declaration of Americanism made July 25 before a jammed Carnegie Hall (N.Y.) Americanism made July 25 before a familied Carnegie Hatt (N. 1.) audience by Prof. Fowler V. Harper of Yale Law School (formerly Fed. Security Agency general counsel, Interior Dept. solicitor, War Manpower Comm. deputy chairman). We urge readers to get the full text from the Arts, Sciences & Professions Council, 49 W. 44th St., N. Y. C., which staged the meeting.

OUR nation is founded on the most dangerous pattern of poli

radicalism of history.

... "All men are created equal." And so — to secure the rights of every man — not only was a government established for the first time among men deriving its powers from the consent of the governed, but a Bill of Rights was adopted to secure the liberty of the least of them.

But first of all, there is the solemn declaration of the greatest of all rights — the right of revolution: written not on a sudden impulse in the fervor of great emotion, but penned carefully and painfully by the greatest draftsmen of the times.

"That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or abolish if

abolish it . . .'

ANY Form of Government!" Obviously, this includes our own. "To alter or abolish it!" Obviously, this is not confined to altering it or abolishing it by the ballot or other peaceful means.

If there had been intended a qualification so vital the Jeffersons and the Franklins were not such sloppy thinkers as to omit it.

... But the right of revolution is meaningless if it is a straight and certain path to martyrdom. A government cannot be "altered or abolished" unless the revolution is successful. It merely becomes worse.

A one-man revolution can never be successful. He must get others to share his conviction that his government has become "destructive of these ends" and join him in his revolutionary enterprise. Thus, he must have the right to advocate the alteration or abolition of the government by such means as may be necessary. necessary.

THIS right he is guaranteed in the First Amendment to the Constitution: "Congress shall pass no law . . . abridging Freedom of Speech and of the Press." And thus the right to advocate alteration or abolition of the government is made secure.

Here again, there is no condition; no qualification. The men responsible for the First Amendment were the same as those who drafted the Declaration. They knew what they were doing and what they were saying. They could all add and subtract. T the implications because they had just lived thro

them. They knew the dangers.

And what of the dangers? These men had overthrown their own government because it was a bad one. It had denied them their liberty. In its stead, they established what they believed to be the best possible government. Why would they secure to others the right to overthrow a good government because they had overthrown an evil one?

WHY? Because first, although they believed they were establishing the best possible government, they recognized that they might be wrong. They did not have the illusions of infallibility which characterize leaders under some forms of government. Second, because if they were right, as they believed, such a government would never be overthrown by a free people. They

put their faith in the People.

Were they wrong?

... We are becoming a nation of frightened people.

We are becoming a nation of conformists.

We tolerate suppressive legislation and that faint, feeble murmur you hear is the only protest.

We witness gross violations of academic freedom. Only a handful of professors cry out against them. We see reputations of decent men blasted and their char-

acters assassinated, but no effective voice is raised in defiance.

Something has gone out of us because we are a scared people. Where is the bounce our democracy once had? Its vigor?

Democracy is meant only for a strong and fearless people. I cannot believe that this blindness will not pass. It is certain to go if the American people hang on to their tradi-tional right of protest and exercise it courageously, whether always wisely or not.



Daily London Private Hoggswhistle, sir. Wishes to know whether his atrong Left-wing tendencies will cause him to be banned from leaving the country with the battalion next week."

### "WE THOUGHT THEY WERE CHRISTIANS"-A KOREAN PASTOR

# Torture and mass murder: how the Americans 'liberated' North Korea

By Ida Bachmann Special to the GUARDIAN

(Fourth of a series. Miss Bachmann, Danish librarian and former OWI official in the U.S., will sum up next week).

KOLDING, DENMARK

DUR delegation of 22 women who had come to see the results of the war in North Korea split into four groups in North Korea split into four groups to cover as much of the country as possible. Setting out on a sunny morning toward the coast southwest of Pyongyang and Kangse, our group could for once drive by day, for there were trees under which we could hide our jeeps from aircraft. Planes were ranging the coast, the people told us, to prevent fishermen from going out.

While we were under a tree waiting of six or seven in a nearby field with a much smaller boy saw the planes. She lay down in a furrow between rows of soy plants, shielding the boy with her body.

TEACHERS ARE DANGEROUS: With inhabitants of a village where we stopped, we walked up a hill to a plateau with many burial mounds, so new that the reddish-yellow soil had not yet become overgrown. A young woman who had accompanied us from Nanga covered by food and her teers Kangse covered her face and her tears when she saw the mounds: in one of them was buried her father, killed by the occupation forces. Another woman told us that when the Americans in-vaded this district, Shin Cheng Myen, they had started hunting for her hus-band, a teacher in the village school. He had fled into the mountains and they had beaten her every day, in the jail where they kept her as a hostage, to make her tell his whereabouts. She d not tell, but finally her husband as caught and killed. I asked her:

"Was it Americans who beat you?"
"Of course, the Americans," she said.
"Why did they kill your husband?" Because he was a teacher in a demo-cratic school, she said.

"ONLY AMERICANS": An older woman who was crying pointed at one of the other mounds: "My husband, daughter and son-in-law are buried here." Her eldest son was one of the leaders of the partisan army in South Korea, and a few days after the Americans invaded her village they had taken those three members of her family away and killed them. After the Americans retreated in December, the bodies had been found in a mass grave

on another mountain.

Her daughter had been killed by shooting; the two men's bodies were pierced through with wooden sticks.

The hands of her husband and daughter had been cut off. We asked who did it. "In our district there were no sol-diers of the Syngman Rhee army, only Americans," she said.

THE TELL-TALE VAPOR: During the THE TELL-TALE VAPOR: During the occupation, the women said, the Americans had forced the local peasants to dig long, deep trenches on the surrounding mountains. When they saw vapor rising from those places on the



Delegates at one of the mass graves of Anak, North Korea. 450 people were killed and buried here during the occupation.

cold December days after the retreat, they had a horrible suspicion of the purpose of the work they had been put to. They had gone to investigate, found the execution place and mass graves.

"Don't let us go there!" I felt like saying. I wanted to spare these people being confronted again with the places where their families had been tortured

and killed. But we had come for facts.
On a small mountain on the other side of the road were eight mass graves from 50 to 80 yards long, about a yard wide and deep enough for two or more layers of human bodies. Bloody rags, rope, pieces of clothing, a shoe here, a belt there, tufts of black hair and empty cartridges were traces of the mass murder that had taken place here. The smell was almost unbearable.

TRAIL OF THE KILLERS: About 300 of the bodies, recognized when the graves were first opened, had been removed and buried in the customary manner—in mounds—on the had just come from. Twenty of the children's bodies found here with their dead mothers had been buried in a special large mound on this moun-

tain, with a burial stone placed on top.
"It was so dreadful to see mothers lying here with babies on their backs, one could hardly bear to look with open eyes," a woman said. another: "We must clear the Americans from our country as soon as possible." "Yes, also for the sake of the Americans," I added in my mind.

From Tal Chang Mo, the mountain

where we stood, we could see many long reddish-yellow streaks on the otherwise green hills: trench-like graves like the ones before us. "If you go on from here you will find many more," we were told. We did not go on, but the three other delegation groups who traveled north, east and south brought back reports and photos of similar places and incidents. This, they were told, had been done by occupation forces last winter—in some places where we stood, we could see many forces last winter—in some places American and Rhee troops under American command, in one place also British and Canadians.

DEATH FOR CO-OPERATION: In the late afternoon when we had gone down into the valley, half a hundred viliagers came and sat around us while we questioned them. A tall th'n man said:

"My son and his wife and their little son were burled alive by the Americans. I myself was hiding in the mountains at the time, but when I heard of it I returned, found the place, dug their bodies out and burled them in a mound on another hill."

We asked why the Americans should have done this and why he had to hide. "We were patriots," he said. They thought Korea was for the Koreans.

Most of those who sat around us ere young women who had lost their husbands and old men who had lost their children and grandchildren, but there was one young man whose legs were covered with deep, dark brown marks. He said he had been tortured with red-hot iron rods—because he worked in a cooperative store, an institution which the occupation forces

THE MARTYRS: Again we asked the nationality of the occupation forces. The people reaffirmed what we had already heard several times during the day: in this district there were Ameri-cans only, the 24th Infantry Division. The local People's Council chairman

The local People's Council chairman gave us the official number of people killed by the Americans during the occupation which lasted from October 20 to December 7: 1,561 killed, including 364 children under eight. Of the total number, 1,384 were shot, 57 hanged, 50 buried alive, 35 beaten to death, 35 burned to death—within an area of about 4 square miles. area of about 4 square miles.

SHOT WHILE ESCAPING: The occupation forces had applied one line of propaganda throughout North Korea: that the Chinese were wild beasts and that the Chinese were wild beasts, and that the Americans would drop atomic bombs on North Korea as soon as they themselves had retreated. Many people believed this and wandered away from their villages or went on board ships to go south. Then when crowds were assembled on banks or rivers which they could not cross, on beaches or ships, the occupation forces opened fire on them from the air.

Since this was described as having occurred five months before our visit, we ourselves have no proof of it. But since the statements of scores of eyewitnesses and survivors were identical. with only individual differences as to locality and numbers, I report it.

SODOM & GOMORRAH: A Protestant

sodom & Gomorrah: A Protestant clergyman from Chinnampo said:

"There were 15 Christian churches in Chinnampo before they were destroyed by bombing, and about 4,500 Christians, Many believed the Americans, as I did. The pastor of the largest church managed to fit out a ship and on Dec. 6, the day of the American retreat, 1,500 congregation members embarked in order to get away. As soon as we were abourd the Americans began to machine-gun us from the air. We could not believe that the Americans, would shoot us. We thought it must be a mistake and began singing hymns and sending up prayers. But the shooting continued and 275 persons were killed and many were wounded."

At this point our interpreter hesitated over his translation. He said:

"I'm not a Christian myself and I don't know what the clergyman means. He is saying that what he experienced on that day was like Sodom and Gomorrah."

### 3 cheers for Sir Thomas

LONDON

When Mrs. Monica Felton, one of Ida Bachmann's 21 companions on the international women's delegation to North Korea, described what she saw as "the end of civilization,"

she saw as "the end of civilization," she was fired from her \$10,000-a-year government job as chairman of the Stevenage Development (housing) Corporation.

Official reason for her removal: she had been "absent too long from her duties." The trip took 4 weeks. Her successor, Sir Thomas Bennett. has just announced that he will make a three-month trip to Aus-tralia in October. Dismissal of Sir Thomas is considered unlikely,

### Peace moves

(Continued from Page 1)

he French Foreign Ministry 

New York papers did not report the statement of Gerald Briley, head of the British Quaker delegation which recently visited the Soviet Union, welcoming Shvernik's proposals as "a further step in the direction of improved understanding and positive agreement between the major powers, which peace demands." Nor did they record the fact that almost the entire British press criticized the U.S.'s hasty rejec-tion of the Soviet offer; nor the popuenthusiasm in Italy and France,

demonstrated in mass meetings of trade unionists and others.

CONCRETE PROPOSALS: President CONCRETE PROPOSALS: President Truman's letter and the Congressional resolution expressing friendship for the Russian people—to which Shvernik's letter and the Supreme Soviet resolution were a reply—contained no concrete proposals, suggested that the only block to peace was the Soviet form of government. The Soviet resolution emphasized the USSR's peaceful tion emphasized the U.S.S.R.'s peaceful record; rejected responsibility for the "artificial barriers" Congress found between the Soviet and American people, listing U.S.-imposed restrictions on trade, Soviet shipping, movement of persons, free flow of literature—some introduced since the U.S. resolution adopted-and threatening statements by members of Congress against the U.S.S.R.; called attention to the U.S.'s tightening ring of war bases around the U.S.S.R. and its gigantic arms program. The resolution called for removal of the discriminatory measures listed, restoration of normal trade relations, a five-power peace pact, disarmament.

In the U.S.S.R. the texts of the resolutions and letters, American and Soviet, were broadcast repeatedly, printed in full in leading papers. No U.S. broadcasting company gave the full text of the Soviet proposals. Only two papers — N.Y. Times and Daily Worker — printed it.

REPLY - MORE ARMS: The State Dept. rejected the proposals almost the moment they were received, commenting: "Rockabye baby would be a good text." They were "a propaganda trap" to slow down the arms program; a fraud, since the Kremlin "has violated al! its international obligations"; "old stuff"; part of a plot to disrupt the signing of the Japanese peace treaty; a plot to win recognition of China, to circumvent the UN. The N.Y. Times, apparently troubled by the Administraapparently troubled by the Administra-tion's failure to cite any ren' reason for refusal to negotiate any alternative program, suggested that

. . . If the Soviets really want peace they would do well to study anew the 7-point peace program advanced by Secy. Acheson on March 16, 1950.

The seven points added up to com-plete Soviet surrender to lete Soviet surrender to Washington.
The Wall St. Journal and the Louis-

(Continued on Page 4)

(Continued from Page 3)

ville Times complained at the "summary ville Times complained at the "summary dismissal" of the proposals; several senators and congressmen, while voicing skepticism, said they should be taken seriously. But Washington's reaction was to step up the arms drive. Rep. Mahon (D-Tex.), speeding the \$56,000,000,000 arms bill through Congress (still to come were the \$5.600. gress (still to come were the \$5,600,-000,000 military bases bill and \$8,500,-000,000 for foreign arms), found only "a minimum hope" of avoiding war. Secy. Marshall reportedly told the aviation industry to expand capacity to a possible 180-wing production level. Chairman Carl Vinson of the House Armed Services Committee said there would be 163 wings, costing about \$50,-000,000,000 a year. Meanwhile Sen. Aiken (R-Vt.) explained that the Ko-rean War had "saved America" from an economic crash (N.Y. Times, Aug. 8).

BOMBS AND THREATS: For a week truce talks in Korea had been suspended, following Gen. Ridgway's re-jection of a Korean-Chinese apology for the passage of armed soldiers through the Kaesong neutral area. The Chinese and Koreans charged that U.S. planes had attacked white-flagged sup-ply vehicles and UN troops fired on a village in the neutral area. Indirectly

ply vehicles and UN troops fired on a village in the neutral area. Indirectly admitting the first charge when it claimed the Koreans had failed to ask immunity for the vehicles, the U.S. rejected both charges, intensified its heavy round-the-clock bombing of North Korea, and according to Peking again violated China's air territory.

Twice during the suspension of talks Ridgway's HQ allowed stories to leak predicting use of atomic weapons in Korea. Ridgway himself was described by U.S. correspondents as "playing a hunch" that the Communists will accept any terms in their anxiety to end the war. (While he played it, U.S. casualties mounted to over 80,000.) Following in MacArthur's footsteps, Ridgway gave an interview to U.S. News, declaring that Communist "performance to date has produced no concrete evidence of honest, peaceful intentions."

"NEGOTIATE OR SHUT UP": Talks were resumed when Ridgway unobtrus-ively abandoned his demand that any further violations of neutrality would be grounds for ending the talks altogether. They were immediately dead-locked on the question of where a cease-fire line should be drawn (the U.S. insisted on a line north of the present battle front, the Communists on the 38th Parallel.) By Monday, press re-ports began to suggest the possibility of concessions on both sides. Harvard philosopher Ralph Barton Perry in a letter to the Times com-

Perry, in a letter to the Times com-menting on one of its editorials, thus characterized the U.S. approach:

paracterized the U.S. approach;
Your editorial seems to assume that the meeting at Kaesong occurs simply in order that we may deliver an ultimatum—all take and no give. And it seems to exclude from consideration any prospect of future amity between ourselves and Communist China. You can't negotiate and at the same time feel and show implacable hos-

tility and suspicion. In short, either we negotiate or we don't. If we do we should be prepared to behave accordingly. And this goes not only for the negotiators but for the American government and people behind them.

## Vast youth festival 'startlingly' for peace

DURING its first week, the U.S. press scoffed at the Third World Festival of Students and Youth for Peace in East Berlin. Typical of headlines reporting widespread defections of allegedly ill-housed, ill-fed Eastern delegates was that in the N.Y. Post: "L'p-sticks, Frills Lure Reds' Girls to West Barlin"

Berlin."

But on Sunday nearly 1,500,000 German youth staged a monster peace parade; it was perhaps the biggest demonstration ever held in Europe. From 8 a.m. till 4 p.m., 100 abreast, the paraders poured past a reviewing stand in the Marx-Engels Platz at the rate of more than 30 lines a minute. Their of more than 30 lines a minute. Their or more than 30 lines a lithing. Their main slogans; no rearmament for Western Germany; for a peace pact between the Big Five Powers; "Ami [American] Go Home." To the N.Y. Times' Drew Middleton, the entire spectacle was "terrifying." He wrote:
The implications of the couplasis on
peace are startling.

peace are startling.
The festival has another week to run.
In attendance are some 400,000 youngsters from 66 countries. By its end more than 2,000,000 young Germans will have participated.

HUMAN RIGHTS AT ITHACA: A counter youth conclave of the World Assembly of Youth held at Ithaca, N.Y., had a problem of its own: there were

Said a French delegate:

"I was thinking when I came here that my colleagues would be young but there are many old people and it looks as if they do not feel young people can do things on their own."

Two delegations were at work on a

Two delegations were at work on a resolution to improve representation. The chairman of the gathering had a communication from William L. Patterson, head of the Civil Rights Con-

terson, head of the Civil Rights Congress, in which he said:
Your Assembly is now being publicized as a gathering of world youth which seeks "to make human rights a universal reality" and whose theme is "the constructive search for ways to implement human rights everywhere." . . . I ask that your Assembly consider and take whatever action it may deem effective on the deprivations of human and civil rights now threatening to destroy the liberties of the American people.

American people. By the end of the week there was

### THE LAW

## Arrests go on; 'no hysteria'—Hoover

BI director J. Edgar Hoover had a cheery word for worried Americans:
"This is not hysteria. The arrests [under



Chicago's Transit Authority put its fare hikes to 17-18c into effect Aug. 1, but the people's fight against them was just warming up. Protest organizers caused a sensation when they traveled through the Loop in this ancient contraption ("Get a Horse & Buggy—It's Better & Cheaper Than CTA") getting signatures on petitions to Mayor Kennelly demanding a rollback and revocation of CTA's charter. Union locals are organizing car pools in a move to boycott CTA.



THEY SING AND DANCE FOR PEACE German delegates welcome a Polish singing and dancing ensemble to the World Youth Organization.

the Smith Act] continue half a dozen at a time and will so continue.

The latest half-dozen were seized multaneously in New York City, simultaneously in New York City, Baltimore and Cleveland. Five of them were identified as Communist leaders in the Baltimore and Washington, D.C., areas, either now or formerly. The sixth, an attorney, was not identified as a Communist, but has defended Communists. With the others, he is charged with conspiring to teach and advocate the overthrow of the government by force and violence. Five were held in \$75,000 bail each; the sixth in \$100,000. The new arrests brought the total number of persons charged under the Smith Act to 51; seven are serving prison terms of five years, eight are fugitives, the other await trial.



DENIAL OF BAIL: Bail was a continuing fight for the 90 persons—in-cluding 39 foreign-born under deportation proceedings—seized in the drive again "subversives." Of 18 foreign-born hustled to Ellis Island last month, only five had secured new bail by last week. Immigration authorities' restrictions on acceptance of bail were a virtual de-nial of it. But in Detroit a federal judge ruled that government bonds are valid no matter who posts them, ordered the release of six foreign-born on ther original bail posted by the Civil Rights Congress which the government has outlawed as a bail source. A hearing for a final ruling on the right of the Attorney-General to revoke bail in deportation cases is scheduled there for Sept. 17.

In New York City two of 17 Smith Act defendants are still in jail since their CRC bail was revoked; the others managed to get substitute bail.

ONLY \$50,000: In California 11 of 12 defendants were fighting for a reduction of bail originally set at \$75,000 each. During the week it was reduced to \$25,000 each for two women, \$50,000 each for eight others. They contended it was still prohibitive. The 12th defendant William Schneiderman period by dant, William Schneiderman, named by the government as acting head of the CP, was in New York City awaiting re-moval to the coast. His original bail of \$100,000 was lowered to \$75,000 and then to \$50,000; he could not raise it and was removed to California in handcuffs.

The California defendants were also fighting for a change of trial judge, charging the one assigned the case with personal bias and prejudice" against them. A delegation to an assistant U S. attorney to protest the nature of the FBI raids in which the arrests were made quoted him:
"FBI agents are not human when they

CRC RECORDS PRODUCED: In New York four CRC bail fund trustees were in jail serving six- and nine-month sentences for contempt for refusing to give up the fund's records or cantribu-Banking Dept. had the records and it seemed the fund itself would be dis-solved. From his jail cell Frederick V. Field, secretary of the trustees, issued

Field, secretary of the trustees, issued a statement:

It has become clear to me that with the present subversive campaign against bail rights, justice can best be done the principle of bail and the holders of equities in the bail fund by prompt return of the funds to the certificate holders... The state Banking Dept, has informed me that it is seeking the books and records of the bail fund for fiscal examination with what I assume is the purpose of liquidating the fund and returning to the certificate holders as close to 100 cents on the dollar as possible.

run and returning to the certificate non-ers as close to 100 cents on the dollar as possible.

I have instructed counsel to make available to the State Banking Dept. the books and records. . . . I will under no circu-stances consent to any harassment of thousands of good Americans who in co-plete good faith loaned money to the bail

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## Rosenbergs

(Continued from Page 1) drama emanating from the confessed spies Harry Gold and Elizabeth Bent-

ley, were such sober facts as these:

Not an iota of documentary evidence to support or corroborate the government's charges was produced;

• The only two government exhibits

put in evidence, directly linked to the Rosenbergs, were a Spanish Refugee Appeal collection can found in their apartment and a nominating petition

apartment and a nominating petition for the late Peter Cacchione. New York CP Councilmanic candidate, signed by Ethel Rosenberg in 1941:

• The witnesses on whom the government's whole case was founded were two confessed spies (one went scot free, the other will be eligible for parole on his jail term in eight years) and a man who called himself "a liar" on the witness stand and said he had been continuously "scared to death" since fals fying a government

death" since fals fying a government loyalty-oath form in 1948.

The Rosenbergs are outspoken radicals—in striking contrast to all of the confessed conspirators.

No sooner was the Rosenberg trial successfully concluded than these things happened in swift succession:

The Supreme Court upheld the

Smith Act and conviction of the Communist 11;

 New indictments working furth and further down the leadership of the Communist Party (still officially

"not illegal") were brought in:

The Civil Rights Congress ball fund was smashed, in pursuance of a new policy in effect denying bail to persons accused of "political crimes."

WHAT do all these things add up to? We leave it to each reader to judge that for himself as the story unfolds in these pages. And to each we leave judgment of what is implied in this case for every American voice hereafter speaking up for American principles.

THE EDITORS

fund for the purpose of ball in civil rights and labor cases.
Field said the Banking Dept. assured

him the information it now possesses will be held in strict confidence. The Dept. said its inquiry would last until Aug. 27, at which time the trustees might be questioned again.

Last week the grand jury had before it again several CRC officials, as well as two attorneys who defended the convicted Communists

FIND THE ATTORNEYS: Judge Sylvester Ryan, who assigned eight attorneys to defend the 17 defendants now awaiting trial, finally excused them from the assignment to the relief of both sides. The lawyers didn't want to serve, the defendants didn't want to be represented by them. Flizabeth Gueral be represented by them. Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, as spokesman for the defendants, told the court that a former Cabinet member, a former Supreme Court justice and a former army general were among attorneys who had been asked to take the case, but all turned it down through fear of the consequences.

Judge Ryan offered a substitute list of ten attorneys he said were willing to take the case for a fee, including George Wolfe (attorney for gambler Frank Costello) and O. John Rogge, U.S. legal representative of the Yugoslav government. He told the defendants that, counsel or no, pre-trial arguments must be filed by Aug. 22.



An appeal for release of Jacob Stachel, one of the convicted 11, because of an extreme heart ailment, was re-jected; the prison doctor reported:

"The quiet orderly regime of prison life is conductive to good cardiac health rather than otherwise."

SHADOW OVER THE PRESS: Fear that the Smith Act will be used against the press was heightened when two editors of the Daily Peoples World were among those arrested on the West Coast. In Los Angeles prominent at-torney Robert W. Kenny formed a

committee in behalf of Philip (Slim) Connelly, well-known journalist and a charter member of the Newspaper Guild. Kenny pointed out that it is over 150 years since a newspaperman has been arrested in this country for his

In Washington John Raeburn Green, counsel for the St. Louis Post-Dispatch and one of the country's most prominent conservative attorneys, filed a separate brief with the Supreme Court in behalf of John Gates, editor of the Daily Worker, now in Atlanta penitentiary. Urging a rehearing of the Smith Act convictions, he argued that the Supreme Court

... cannot apply the First Amendment (freedom of the press) narrowly in this case for the Communists and remain free to apply it broadly for others thereafter. More arrests were expected.

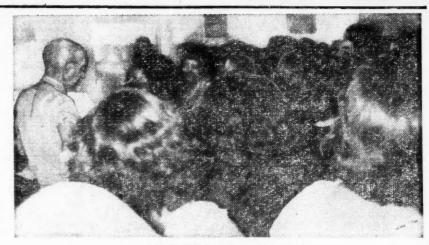
## LABOR

## 'Stop stalling, or we walk out'-Mine-Mill

ANY DAY now the pin may be pulled that will shut down 95% of all That will shut down 95% of all copper mining in the U.S., the bulk of copper refining, most of lead and zinc production. Results of a national strike referendum were in the Denver offices of the Intl. Union of Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers; 85% were ready to walk out at any time to end the industry's stalling on 1951 contracts. Main demand: a 20c-an-hour increase. The union's 22-man Natl. Wage Policy Committee announced it would

Committee announced it would decide strike strategy and strike dates at its Denver meeting Aug. 15. Union leaders point out that non-ferrous metal prices are now from 50% to 100% above World War II levels. A strike would affect some 80,000 workers from coast to coast and from Idaho to Texas.

CRIMINAL TRUTH: In Hanover, N.M., Mine-Mill's strike against Empire Zinc Co. (GUARDIAN, July 18) passed its 10th month with no weakening on the union side. Maurice Travis, secy.-treas. of the union, last week was given a of the union, last week was given a six-month suspended sentence and charged \$100 court costs; Clinton Jencks, international representative, got a 60-day suspended sentence and \$100 costs. Local 890, which is conducting the strike, was fined 50c a member



THE WOMEN COME TO CALL Sheriff L. K. Goforth of Grant Co., N.M. "learns to listen" to women pickets in the Empire Zinc strike. It took them six hours to make up his mind to remove company gunmen from the picket line.

(\$700). The charge: criminal contempt. The offense: the union, in a paid radio broadcast, said of E-Z: "They have bought and paid for a restraining order to break our strike." In effect, that is what E-Z did.

Since the injunction more than two months ago women have staffed the picket line, finally forced removal of company-paid special deputies who have been replaced by state police. Last week three women pickets were elected to the union's negotiating committee. And last week the company rejected the union's no-strings-attached offer to submit all issues to federal mediation. The strike went on.

### **UE** scores again

The United Electrical Workers Union racked up three more victories last week. In St. Joseph, Mich., in an NLRB election at the Whirlpool plant, it scored 76% of the votes cast with three raiding unions (two CIO, one AFL) on the ballot. UE got 1,728; the three others combined, 498. In Jersey City, N.J., UE for the second time beat the CIO's Intl. Union of Electrical Workers in an NLRB election. In three plants of General Cable Co. at Rome, N.Y., Los Angeles and Emeryville, Calif., UE won a two-week lockout, went back with a 9c-an-hour wage boost.

### PROGRESSIVE PARTY

## PP leaders talk peace and '52

HE national committee of the Progressive Party was set to meet in Minneapolis Aug. 18-19, with a mass rally to be held on the 18th at Labor Temple at which former Congressman Vito Marcantonio and former Minnesola Gov. Elmer Benson were to speak, Party secy. C. B. Baldwin stressed the special importance of the meeting in

iew of . . . . the delay and possible breakdown of truce negotiations in Korea, the flat rejection of the Soviet peace proposals and the McGrath arrests, [which] make it clear that the Progressive Party has the greatest responsibility in its history.

THE YARDSTICK IS HST's: First on the agenda for discussion by the top party body was the PP's role in national, state and local elections in 1952. On the eve of the gathering, chairman Elmer Benson and secy. Baldwin issued chairman

this statement:

The Administration's negotiators in Korea are obviously stalling the armistice talks by raising impossible conditions. And when the Supreme Soviet offered an op-

(Continued on Page 7)

### How liberal A Minnesotan looks at the record

MINNEAPOLIS

RETURNING here last month on a "non-political visit" to announce t he would run for re-election in that he would run for re-election ... 1954, Sen. Hubert Humphrey (D.-

finn.) Said:

"I feel I have an important job to do
In Washington, especially since there are
few real liberals in Congress."

Minnesotans with their eye on the ball agreed with Humphrey about the scarcity of liberals in Congress. Humphrey, they further agreed among themselves, is not one of them. Yet his self-advertised reputation for being one is such that it is time to look at the record

In fact he is the Minnesota Republicans' replacement for "liberal" Harold Stassen, former Minnesota governor elected in 1933 on the basis of a vicious red-bailing and anti-Semitic campaign, loyal servant of the steel and milling trusts. Stassen's cur-rent support for the Grundy machine in Pennsylvania may have pricked that balloon, but Humphrey marches on as a "liberal" who will do the Republicans' bidding—their Trojan Horse in the Democratic Party for accomplishing reactionary bi-partisan poli-cies. His activities through Americans for Democratic Action, the AFL and CIO make him even more useful than

THE KNIFE IN FDR'S BACK: He began his career as a radio commenta-tor. His sponsor: General Mills, the big monopoly that dominates Minnesota politics and is tied both to J P. Morgan and the Cowles press inter-The General Mills group was Stassen's chief supporter.



HARRY TRUMAN AND HUBERT HUMPHREY -a dagger

Elected Mayor of Minneapolis with labor support. Humphrey promptly double-crossed labor in his selection of a chief of police and on charter reform. Committees he appointed alhad at least one General Mills executive on them.

When the powerful Farmer-Labor Party was merged with the weak patronage-minded Democratic Party in 1944 to help insure the election of Franklin Roosevelt, Humphrey associ-ated himself with an anti-Semitic, isolationist fringe of the Farmer-Labor Party and with an anti-Roose-velt Democratic faction, In 1946 he supported an outspoken anti-Roose-velt Democrat as state party chairman. He was defeated in both years.

A "LIBERAL" AT WORK: In 1948, aided by a decision of the Republicandominated State Supreme Court, the Humphrey-Truman group in Minne-sota gained control of the Democratic-Farmer Labor Party from the Farmer Labor-Wallace group; in that year he

was elected to the U.S. Senate. His record there:

• On the Taft-Hartley Law: helped sponsor five amendments to the Administration repeal bill which put T-H

provisions back into effect.

On changing filibuster rules:
sided with "liberal" Sen. Paul Douglas
(D-Ill.) in sponsoring a successful bill requiring a constitutional two-thirds
(64 votes) to stop a filibuster instead

of a two-thirds vote of those present.

On civil rights: spoke and voted against an amendment to prohibit racial segregation in federal housing projects; helped sponsor as a substitute to the McCarran Act a provision for concentration camps which was finally incorporated into the law.

• On health insurance: was the first of the "Fair Dealers" to repudiate the Administration-sponsored program.

On the Brannan Plan: never supported it

• On the cold war: has supported every Administration step toward World War III—Truman Doctrine for Greece and Turkey, Marshall Plan, Atlantic Pact, and now troops for Europe with a re-armed Germany.

HOW LONG? A leading Minnesota liberal made this comment as Humphrey ended his trip home and returned to his Washington labors in behalf of monopoly-munitions groups in

the monopoly-munitions groups in the U.S. economy:

"As long as war hysteria is rampant, Humphrey can go on hypocritically spouting phrases of liberalism, knowing that the war preparations cancel out any real hope for progressive victories. How long will it take real liberals around the country to get wise?"

## More names of U.S. POW's in Korea

The following POW names were among over 550 received by mail last month from John W. Powell, American editor of the China Review of Shanghai. The rest will be published next week.

We hope you will read these new names most carefully, look names you know even though addresses may not be given, take the very little trouble involved to write, telephone or call on the family involved.

That's all we propose, this simple neighborly act. We our-That's all we propose, this simple neighbority act, we ourselves have scrupulously avoided every proposal to commercialize this list of names or to exploit it in any way, and we earnestly counsel you to be equally respectful of the right of privacy and individual opinion of anyone you may call, write or visit in this connection. If the people want a copy of the paper in which the name of their POW may appear, we will send it free of charge on request .- THE EDITORS

("RJ"), Johnnie 19343245; 322 E. 18th St., Tuscalooso, Ala.

Johnson, Myron, R.A. 13344121 Johnson, Myron, K.A. 15344121 Johnson, Robert O., R.A. 11199012; 56 Water St., Palmer, Moss. Jones, Donald, R.A. 13266376 Jones, Otis P., E.R. 44104203 Jordon, Lt. Warren H., 0-2212045;

Jordan, Lt. Warren H., 0-2212045; wife: 4323 S. Warner St., Tacoma 9, Wash.

Joseph, Adolph, E.R. 16244375; 4513 Justus, Bert W., Jr., 01178205

Kasas, Stanley, 19320697

Kasahko, Capt. Harold L.; wife: Kaschko, Cop Paisley, Ore.

Sgt. Gilbert A., R.A. Kemnitz 16283481

Kenedy, Gilbert, R.A. 19294578 Kimberlin, John W., E.R. 37765050; Rt. 1, Reeds, Mo.

Mrs. J., Keeds, Mo.
King, Sgt. John C., 35800984; sister:
Mrs. Juanita Webster, 537 West
Franklin St., Troy, Ohio
King, William J., R.A. 14355557;
Hersder, G-King, William Herndon, Ga.

Sgt. Clarence E., R.A. Kirkner. 6764329 Knipple, Pfc. William, R .A. 13317335;

113 6th Ave., Juniato, Altoona, Pa. oboski, Edward F., E.R. 36030210; 225 N. Jefferson, Lincoln, III. oenig, Sammy G., E.R. 38606097; Koenig, Sammy G., E.R. 3860 Aspermont, Texas Kohl, Robert T., R.A. 17171413

Kojima, Pvt. Robert R., R.A. 19031816 Kostrick, Cpl. Joseph J., E.R. 6933367; 15-19 Jefferson St., Minneapolis,

Kreizer, Pvt. Alexander, E.R. 51090003; 240 Birmingham, Bridgeport, Conn. Kritzwiser, Glen E., R.A. 15294504 Krzyzaniak, Raymond, R.A. 57504618 Joseph C., Leckner, WO, j.g., Joseph 2142973; Mrs. Elizabeth 321 Linnmoore St., Hartford 6, Comm. Lambert, Rudolph, R.A. 14337415 Landy, Theodore, R.A. 33523735 Langfitt, Ray C., R.A. 20716024; 555 17th Av., S. Clinton, Iowa LaRossa, Pfc. Anhtony, R.A. 12327830; 2157 E. 12th St., B'klyn, N. Y. Leamon, Nicholas J., Wife: 1529 S.

Stanley St., Philadelphia, Pa. Stanley St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Lee, John, E.R. 51095509
Leonard, Pfc. William, R. A. 13332974;
614 Goodson St., Bristol, Va.
Leroy, Hawley, E.R. 57304797
Levitski, Wolter J., E.R. 16306944; Box 18, Bennington, Mich. Lide, Charles, R.A. 13270828 Lien, Ralph O., E.R. 37580584

Linn, Sgt. Frank M., R.A. 18273783; 5111/2 S. 8th St., Clinton, Okla. Lipe, Billy D., E.R. 55002057 Lorenzo, Capt. Michael J. Lotis, Pfc. Thomas D., R.A. 13315050; 1428 Pulaski Av., Shamokin, Pa. Lyman, Henry M., R.A. 20848525

Lunn, Pvt. Roosevelt & R.A. 13348133; Lunn, PYT. Roosevelt P. R.A. 1334313; 1044 W. Fayette St., Baltimore, Md. McCain, Sgt. James D., R.A. 6270934 McCauley, Leroy, R.A. 37866761 McClain, Roy H., R.A. 16332888; 1104 Ave. A., Rochelle, III.

McClure, Pfc. Clarence, R.A. 13355549 McCoy, William M., R.A. 6247351; Rt. 3, Lawton, Okla.

McDonough, Thomas, R.A. 13281950; 3003 Mt. Drive, Phila. 45, Pa. McGovern, Edward L., R.A. 19347295;

349 N. 75th St., Seattle 3, Wash.
McGowan, Pvt. George, R.A. 15424140;
RFD No. 1, Box 336, Florence, S. C.
McGraw, Pfc. Charles W., E.R.
17161340; 1501 S. 7th St., St. Louis,

McIntire, Millard E., R.A. 19088573 McKell, Cpl. Allan McKinney, Edward, R.A. 45047947

McManis, Pvt. Harold E., 14320631;

Trimble, Tenn. McMillen, Pfc. James J., R.A. 13272273;

100 Melrose Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. McMillian, Sgt. Raymond K., R.A. 13305472; Rt. 1, Axton, Va. McNamara, George W., R.A. 27023137; 10 Pleasant St., Grand Rapids, Mich. Maack, Cpl. Otto A. F., R.A. 46025696; parasets. 10807 parents: 10807 J. Trumbull Av., Chicago 43, III.

Thomas R., R.A. 11035742 Mohoney Mansell, Pvt. James E., R.A. 14342080; Easley, S. C.

Manuel, Donald, R.A. 15-295557 Manuel, Donald, R.A. 15-295557
Marchowsky, Martin J., R.A. 13334151
Mardella, Lt., Ralph A.
Marshall, Alfred, E.A. 12251525; 493
Herkimer St., B'klyn, N. Y.
Marshall, Paul J., E.R. 13690531
Martin, James H., R.A. 12118302
Massan Pfr. George H. R.A. 14374559-

Mason, Pfc. George H., R.A. 14324559;

Byhalia, Miss. Matta, George Matta, George J., R.A. 31208295 Maxwell, Pfc. Herbert, R.A. 57509059 Meadows, Jacob B., E.R. 43048249; Meadows, Jacob B., E.R RFD 2, S. Boston, Va. Mendell, Cpl. Raymond

Raymond L. 13261623; 2226 Cedley St., Balti-more 30, Md.

more 30, Md.
Menzie, Conrad C., E.R. 37775209;
Box 84, Roscoe, S. Dak.
Miers, Sgt. William, R.A. 35978263
Miljus, Brumko, E.R. 156252761; 5622
N.E. 10th Ave., Portland, Ore.
Miller, Harold J., E.R. 37402486
Miller, Raymond H., E.R. 13313722;
130 S. Hellertown Ave., Quakertown,

chow, John E., E.R. 38686313; Rt. 1, Fairfield, Tex.

Mitchell, Clarence, E.R. 34800866; 711
Abercrombie St., Gasden, Alabmaa
Molenuas, George, 16206246
Monroe, Napoleon, R.A. 19369610
Montgomery, James R., E.R. 27812094; Belpre, Kans.

ontreuil, Theodore J. Jr., R.A. 19353986

Moore, Myral N., R.A. 16291408; 110 E. McHaney, Harrisburg, III. Moore, Ptc. Quincy O., R.A. 19361091; Box 374, Farmersville, Calif. Morgon, Roger L., R.A. 14307538 Corris, Col. Alvin D.

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43rd St., Louisville, Ky.

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(Contin . d from Page 5)

(Contin of from Page 5)
portunity for five-power negotiations to reduce tensions and the burden of arms and bring real peace to the world, the Administration turned loose its State Dept, hatchet-man to chop down the proposals without submitting them to American public opinion for consideration.

Does the President want peace or does he fear it? Is he afraid that peace will slow down the renewed arms drive? And that stowing down the arms drive will reveal the utter incompetency of the Administration to guarantee an economy that can prevent a depression?

In Detroit some weeks ago the President said actions speak louder than words. He will be judged by that test. It is obvious that only a united demand by the American people for peace will force the President to act for peace.

## 'Civil war vets' claim tideland oil

COLLOWING the Indian Wars, the War of 1812 and the Civil War, Congress issued land script to old soldiers entitling them to claim up to 160 acres of public land. Last week the old scrip was in the news again: a private group headed by E. L. Cord, former auto manufacturer, and including the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad, had collected scrip certificates representing 1.900 acres, then filed claims for submerged land in the Gulf of Mexico off the coast of Louisiana. Examination showed the land sought exactly surrounded the 40 producing tideland oil wells of Louisiana. A Louisiana Con-War of 1812 and the Civil wells of Louisiana. A Louisiana Con-gressman indignantly demande. denial of the application.

of the application.

Meanwhile efforts of coastal states to win full and permanent ownership of oil-producing tidelands against federal claims was in Congress again. The House has already passed such a bill; it is predicted that President Truman will veto it if it comes to his desk.

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SUICIDE UP—Japan's suicide rate
rose 18 per cent last year, a sure sign
business was better. Records show
that when times are tough the Japanese are too busy struggling for survival to think about killing them-

-Minneapolis Morning Tribune

(The GUARDIAN offers a free oneyear sub for yourself or friend for items published under this heading. For this week's item, free sub goes to O. S. Cummens, Rochester, Minn.)

## Congress won't even discuss Seaway

OR 55 years eastern railroads, pri-FOR 55 years eastern railroads, private power companies, coal and shipping interests and Atlantic and Gulf Coast seaports have wielded enough power in Congress to block a development that would improve the lives of at least 40,000,000 people in the Great Lakes-midwest regions. They still wield it: this session of Congress. still wield it: this session of Congress by a House committee vote, has again tabled any consideration of the St. Lawrence Seaway project. It wasn't even considered in committee in the Senate. The vote came three days after

President Truman urged favorable action in the interests of "defense."

What really needed defending—the people's right to build up and control their own land for a better life in peace—was barely mentioned. The 27-feet chimping channel, that would limit to the control that would live the control that the control that the control that would live the control that w foot shipping channel that would link Duluth, Minn., to the Atlantic, and the giant powerhouse that would furnish 6,300,000,000 kilowatt-hours of cheap electricity each for the U.S. and Canada, would bring enormous wealth

and progress.
Sighed the Denver Post: "Eventually the Seaway will have to be built. . .

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## **Mother Bloor**



No living U.S. progressive can remember a time when Mother Ella Reeve Bloor was not an exuberantly active participant and leader in strikes, free-speech fights, demonstrations, hunger marches, labor activi-ties of every kind. Last week, at the age of 89, Mother Bloor was dead.

Born on Staten Island of a family dating back to colonial times, she bedating back to colonial times, she be-gan her active career more than 60 years ago as a militant suffragette, ran for public office as an early Socialist, was one of the founders of the Communist Party. Mother of seven Communist Party. Mother of seven children, she was a great-grand-mother at her death. When she was past 70, she served a jail term in Nebraska for strike activity. She was the author of many children's books, and did most of the research for Upton Sinclair's The Jungle.

Funeral services were held Tuesday; she was buried at Camden, N.J., near the grave of Walt Whitman, whom she knew as a girl.

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## BOOKS A real-life story of people getting together

By James Aronson

A TEACHER who recently went to prison because he refused to be in contempt of the U.S. Constitution was talking about his experiences there. It was a time to think, he said, and one

his experiences there. It was a time to think, he said, and one of the things he thought was that we progressives talk too much to and among ourselves. We ought to talk to other people.

Henry and Dorothy Kraus feel that way too. They not only talk to other people, but work with them and win their respect while making no bones about their progressive ideas. Henry Kraus, who wrote The Many and the Few, the story of the sitdown strike in Flint, has put down one memorable episode in their "participating way of life" in a book called In The City Was A Garden, a chronicle of a shipyard housing project in San Pedro, Calif., during and after World War II.

It is an unusual book: a human sociological document taken from real day-to-day living and presented almost in the form of a novel. Mary van Kleeck perhaps described it best as a "new type of documentary literature, comparable to the documentary

type of documentary literature, comparable to the documentary film." The sociological facts and figures are there, but they appear in the form of pepole and what the people say and do.

SNAKES AND PEOPLE: The heart of the story is the formation of a residents' council by as diverse a group of people as one can imagine; the slow and sometimes stunning fight against discrimination in the project, and the campaign by the tenants to turn the government project into a mutual home ownership cooperative after the war. Among the cast of characters in the see-saw struggle are these:

HARRIET CORY, a Navy wife who wanted to be somebody.

TINA DESPOL, whose mother had kept her in a cigar box.

JIM DICKSON, a welder who thought "most white folks hate us the way we hate snakes."

we mare snakes." RAY FOSTER, who fitted Dickson's characterization of some white folks, ARTEMIZA RAMIREZ, who shamed the stereotyped description of "Tor-

this Fiat."
HERBERT SPOWART, a preacher who wanted to merge Church and State.
LILLIAN BERGER, a precise secretary and a precise liberal.
And the Krauses, who were everywhere—helping some, cajoling others, and above all trying to keep the pot from boiling over.
The pot did boil over, but most times the flame was well adjusted.
There was spluttering when things like this hampened. There was spluttering when things like this happened:

Jane Seymour, who had never known anyone but whites back in Idaho, was jolted by the reality of race in San Pedro. She objected to the color of the music played by the Negro-Chinese

objected to the color of the music played by the Negro-Chinese couple in back of her:

Mrs. Wu seemed annused. "Why honey," she said. "That's no special kinda music we play. That's brogie-woogie, Everybody likes that music."

Then in a delicate way she cautioned the young girl against the use of the word "n---r." "You know what that word means? Anybody can be a n---r, even white. You think God separates white and colored in heaven?"

WAS IT WORTH IT? They fought the good fight and they won WAS IT WORTH IT? They fought the good fight and they won many victories. Some of the people who went back home from the San Pedro shipyards, where they had come from all over the country, would never be the same again. A few, with rhinoceros hide, still spewed their hatred born of frustration. But overall there were not many who were left untouched.

They didn't get the project as a cooperative. The real estate agents and the lobbyists in Congressmen's clothing who took over Roosevelt's Washington saw to that.

over Roosevert's Washington saw to that.

In the end they asked themselves: Was it worth it? In spite of the heartbreaks and the insults and the strain the answer was Yes. It was worth it. They had all belonged to the world of Garden City, "a five-year world of living and striving together."

The Krauses were splendid instructors.

IN THE CITY WAS A GARDEN, by Henry Kraus. Renaissance Press, 545 Fifth Av., New York 17, N.Y. \$3.

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### CALENDAR

### Boston

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### Chicago

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