

NEW LEADER

With Which
Is Combined

THE AMERICAN APPEAL

Founded by
Eugene V. Debs

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Slow Descent of Capitalism Brings National Food Rations and a Call to Socialist Duty

Socialists Tell Executive of Wis. His Duty

By Andrew Biemiller

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Declaring that after nearly six months of the NRA the continuous upswing President Roosevelt had promised had not been realized and that "real recovery under capitalism is impossible," Wisconsin Socialists, through State Secretary Al Benson, have demanded that Governor Schmedeman call a special session of the legislature.

Citing the fact that there are still between 10,000,000 and 11,000,000 jobless in the country and that "only one thing keeps going on up—the cost of living"—Benson states that "Wisconsin figures show substantially the same situation as the Washington figures. Thousands are still jobless. Winter is almost here and the people cannot count on winter clothes, coal and food with the same confidence with which they can anticipate four-foot drifts and zero weather."

The letter also outlines a program to meet the emergency and Benson reminds the Governor that Socialist members of the legislature had presented bills that would have been very helpful, but they were not passed. The program suggested to the Governor includes the following:

Ready With Program

1. A bill to create an emergency industries board with power to take over and operate all industry running at less than 50 of capacity. Adequate representation must be given organized labor and farmers on such a board.
2. A bill to create a farm products distribution agency so that the middle man and speculator can be eliminated. Representatives of organized farmers and workers would be on the board.
3. A bill to make the 30-hour week compulsory. This measure would spread work.
4. A bill to abolish piece work.
5. A bill to lower the old age pension eligibility to all persons of the age of 60 or even less and to increase the size of the pension.
6. A bill enabling unemployed persons owning homesteads or building and loan stock to a value not exceeding \$5,000 to receive unemployment relief.
7. Bills amending the income and inheritance laws to place a tax of 100 per cent on all incomes over \$10,000 and all inheritances over \$100,000, so that money can be provided for the various measures enumerated above.

So It Was Voluntary!

In answer to the A. F. of L. boycott of Nazi-Germany Wilhelm Reichardt, secretary of the Nazi Workers' Front, declares that it is a lie of the "emigrants" that German workers have no free unions.

He added: "All the unions have been incorporated since May 2 into the Nazi organization, and that this is done by their consent is proved by the fact that many hun-

FIRST effects of the NRA tonic are wearing off. Getting a majority of the jobless back to work by winter has failed and the Federal Government is preparing food rations on a vast scale. Middle West farmers are again on the march, many thousands of little storekeepers in that region are deflated, the government is now trying price-fixing, and big government deficit is in prospect.

With the price of grains tumbling from the peak reached in mid July and farmers paying more for things they buy, the farmers' anger rises. The governor of North Dakota ordered an embargo on wheat shipments, the governor of Nebraska declares that the farmer's throat is "cut from ear to ear," the National Farm Holiday Association calls a farmer strike and the railroad unions pledge the farmers sympathetic cooperation.

The little storekeepers are caught between the higher priced goods of the NRA codes and the lower farm incomes while they are also required to limit hours of their few employees and pay minimum wages. If the farmer strike in a number of states becomes effective the strikers will refuse to buy and sell and withhold payment of taxes and interest on mortgages. This would paralyze what there is of trade in the affected areas, but the farmers are justified in their action.

The "balanced budget" is not so balanced as the costs of trying to

revive industry and agriculture are high and the deficit of the Federal Government by the end of the fiscal year may exceed \$3,000,000,000. To recover that loss loans or more taxes or both will be resorted to.

Failing to get the jobless masses to work, a government corporation has been created to ration food, clothing and fuel to over ten million heads of destitute families. Part of the funds for this fighting of hunger will come out of sales taxes disguised as "processing taxes," thus increasing the cost of living.

Each month there is to be purchased 9,000,000 pounds of butter, 30,000,000 to 50,000,000 pounds of pork, 10,000,000 dozen eggs, 8,000,000 pounds of beef and large quantities of coal, shoes, clothing, cod-liver oil and mattresses.

If we were to cartoon this

Party Groups Remembered In Comrade Hillquit's Will

Requests totalling \$3,000 were made to three Socialist organizations by Morris Hillquit, late national chairman of the Socialist Party. This became known this week when his will was filed in Surrogate's Court. The American Socialist Society, which conducts the Rand School of Social Science, receives \$1,000; the Socialist Society of America, which receives requests for the Socialist Party, \$1,000; and The New Leader Publishing Association, \$1,000.

ghastly situation we would picture huge surpluses of the things mentioned above with tens of millions of men, women and children in a social pit unable to reach these things. A gigantic power scoop directed by the Federal Government digs into the surpluses, swings over the pit, and drops the life-saving materials into the outstretched hands of the starving.

Such is the plight of the working masses at the end of the fourth year of the greatest economic crisis in the history of the world. And what hope is there for us even if the full expectations of the NRA codes are realized?

Stuart Chase in Current History for November considers and offers an answer to this question. Average hours of labor in the NRA codes is 40. Assume that the average be cut down to 35. On this basis there will still be 9,000,000 workers out of jobs. The output per man hour has steadily increased during the depression and is probably still increasing. At the present tempo of production, hours of labor must be reduced to 26 per week to even promise re-employment of the millions of the jobless!

Workers in the Socialist Party! Make the final weeks of the campaign a period of devoted service to the struggle. Ours is a struggle of the working class for power in a capitalist world that is crumbling into chronic paralysis and the future is not bright without extensive Socialist education.

Fusion Forces Of Reading Are Unhappy

READING, Penn.—Prospects of the Socialist Party defeating the Republican-Democratic Fusion candidates are bright. The Fusion campaign has been carried on behind closed doors, the politicians are by no means united, and it is expected that they will begin a barrage of lies in the last few days before the election.

"The Fusion ticket is not hitting." That is the impression of thousands of workers in the shops and mills of Reading. The better things promised by the Fusion administration have not been realized and workers are learning that they have been "taken for a ride." They resent the failure of the Fusionists to make good.

The big shot leaders of Fusion are by no means happy. Wellington Bertolet, leading general of the unhappy coalition, is conservator of Reading's closed banks and chief counsel for the Wyomissing industries. As such he personally represents the class struggle between the Socialists and the exploiting capitalist groups in this section.

The Socialists are working night and day, holding street meetings and distributing large quantities of literature and they feel that they are gaining ground.

BRITISH LABOR WINS IMPORTANT VICTORY

THE British Labor Party scored a victory at the bye-election at East Fulham in London of an importance that can hardly be overestimated.

Hitherto one of the most conservative constituencies in Great Britain, never even considered as a possible Labor seat, the district was captured by the Labor Party by a majority of 4,840.

At the General Election two years ago the Labor Party was defeated by 14,521.

It was a straight fight, Labor versus the Tories; the Liberals, who polled only 1,788 votes two years ago, having completely vanished.

John Wilmot, Labor, received 17,790 votes to 12,950 for Alderman W. J. Waldron, Tory, running with MacDonald's blessing. Two years ago Sir K. P. Vaughan-Morgan, Tory "Nationalist" (whose death caused the bye-election), polled 23,438 to 8,917 for Sir John Maynard, Labor. The Tory vote dropped nearly half, by 10,488, while Labor doubled, increasing 8,873. The turnover of votes in Labor's favor was 19,361. The victory, therefore, assumes sensational proportions and importance.

in jail and only known Fascist leaders' names appearing on the ballot.

Thomas Aids in Whirlwind Finish to N. Y. Campaign

NORMAN THOMAS is rushing across the continent to be in at the finish of the great New York mayoralty campaign.

With lecture engagements that took him to the Pacific Coast, Thomas arranged to have the last few days before election free to aid the New York battle.

The Socialist ticket, headed by the three brilliant standard-bearers, Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler and Frank R. Crosswaith, has done wonders in a peculiarly difficult situation.

Thousands of meetings have been held, from street corner meetings and house meetings to vast demonstrations in the biggest halls in the city.

The campaign will come to a climax at a monster demonstration at Madison Square Garden, New York's greatest hall, at which over 23,000 people will cheer the candidates, and outside of which it is expected tens of thousands more will listen to the speeches through amplifiers.

dreds of thousands joined, although no compulsion existed."

The bruised and tortured workers and leaders of unions in the concentration hells of Germany will be interested to learn that they voluntarily turned their organizations over to the criminals.

Thomas' dates in the last days of the campaign are as follows:

Friday, Nov. 3: Grand Paradise Ball Room, Brooklyn; De Witt Clinton High School, the Bronx; Town Hall, Jamaica, L. I.; Flushing High School, Flushing, L. I.
Saturday, Nov. 4: James Madison High School, Brooklyn; Radio Talk.

Sunday, Nov. 5: Madison Square Garden.

There may be others, but it is certain that Comrade Thomas will be fully occupied during the few

Workers Mourn Holland, N. Z. Socialist Chief

Henry Edmund Holland, pioneer Socialist of New Zealand and long the leader of the Labor Party in the Parliament of the Dominion, died last week at the age of 65.

Holland was a man of great ability, and was highly thought of in the Socialist movement of Australia as well as New Zealand. For a long time he was editor of the New Zealand Worker, official Socialist weekly of the Dominion.

Thirty thousand people lined the route to the cemetery when Holland was buried in Wellington. He was given a State funeral, and more than 4,000 people followed the remains to the graveside.

days he will be in his home town. And his influence in the election campaign will be felt.

The Leipzig Trial and Another Hitler Circus

Marinus Van der Lubbe testified in detail at the Leipzig trial that he flung 27 firebrands into the Reichstag building, but little was added to this confession that has not been reported in cables to the American press.

The German economic situation induces the financial expert of the London Daily Herald to predict that the government may soon resort to inflation. Heap inflation on top of the mass misery of many millions and it may start a conflagration that will consume Hitler and his murderous regime.

This week the prosecution's witnesses testified that van der Lubbe could not have acted alone, and as last week the prosecution obtained a virtual acquittal of the Nazis an effort is now being made to prove that van der Lubbe had Communist accomplices. An expert showed a self-igniting and rapid burning substance he claims was found in the Reichstag in five places.

The Reichstag "election" will take place with all Nazi opponents

NEW LEADER

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interests of the Socialist and Labor Movement.

JAMES ONEAL, Editor
Wm. M. FEIGENBAUM, Associate

Signed contributions do not necessarily represent the policy of The New Leader. On the other hand it welcomes a variety of opinions consistent with its declared purpose.



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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1933

The Pulse of the NRA

SURVEYING the results of the NRA is like feeling the pulse of a person with a puzzling disease. The National Industrial Conference Board's latest report from the bedside of capitalism will not encourage its supporters. Production in the heavy industries has continued a downward trend from August to the second half of October. Anthracite coal is one exception.

Prices of farm products declined 2.8 per cent for the month ending September 15 with a slight gain the first week in October, but the total decline since the middle of July was 6.5 per cent. Prices of the things farmers buy increased 9.4 per cent in the same period and the value of their products in terms of things they bought declined 6.2 per cent. The net decline since July 15 was nearly 20 per cent.

This report reveals the same trend we reported last week. The pulse is feverish and the patient is still very sick.

Collective Suicide

ANOTHER general war will mean general suicide. Every human being will be within the zone of conflict. Men and women, the aged and the infants, the blind and the helpless, the strong and the weak, will face new and deadly forms of destruction. There will be no neutral zones, no such thing as "behind the lines."

A recent book by nineteen experts relates what is being prepared in poison gas clouds to wipe out cities, the spread of bacteria, poisoning streams, and to destroy all forms of life over large areas. All the leading "civilized" powers are preparing for this hideous massacre in their laboratories.

For each power it means mass murder or a scale greater than ever known before and for the peoples as a whole it means collective suicide. No intelligent human beings will stand idle when this ghastly thing breaks. They will be justified in working for social revolution to overtake the ruling class in every nation where it begins.

A Self-Made Man

OUT of the wreckage of capitalism comes the voice of Al Smith roaring a tribute to individualism. He is also said to be a "self-made man."

Take a look at this individualist. He made his own hat, clothing and shoes; planted and harvested the foodstuffs he eats; cut the lumber, mined the ore, made the bricks, tile and cement, steel and iron, of the apartment where he lives. He wrote and published the text books he used in school; makes the paper, sets the type and runs off the magazine he edits; he writes and produces his own films, paved the streets he treads, built the automobile he uses, the radio that entertains him and writes his own novel when he wants fiction.

But why go on? The hatters, garment workers, shoemakers, brick, iron, tile, cement, building and other workers will shudder when Al is no longer with us.

Recognizing Russia

AFTER sixteen years the United States is to recognize the Soviet Union. At first, Woodrow Wilson sent sweet messages to the Russian revolutionists and told the Allied statesmen that their sincerity would be tested by the help extended to Russia. It wasn't long before American and Allied troops were cooperating with Czarist generals. Harding, Coolidge and Hoover extended no recognition, and now our huge crisis has contributed something to the Roosevelt policy of trade and recognition.

One result of recognition and trade relations will be to shift many Russian orders from Germany to the United States and further weaken Hitler. This will help to strangle him. All in favor of this say Aye.

A Usurping Mayor

THE Mayor of New York, with the gusto of a despot, declares that he will stop a meeting of German societies where a Nazi is announced to speak. Socialists despise Nazis and Fascism, but when Mayor O'Brien threatens to prohibit a meeting called to support or to defend any idea, he violates his oath of office and strikes down basic civil rights. He opposes Fascism and acts as a Fascist.

If the Mayor prohibits one meeting because he does not like its purposes, he can prohibit other meetings for the same reason. If the German Fascists started to crack heads of others it would then be the duty of the Mayor to crush the Fascists, but as long as they only spill their insane ideas the Mayor is a usurper if he interferes. A Socialist Mayor would ask for an invitation to address the Fascist meeting and use it as a sounding board to deflate Fascism, not to disperse the meeting.

Paying Party Dues

WHERE is the chap who used to say that he was a free citizen who would never pay dues to a political party when we asked him to join the Socialist Party? No, he wouldn't pay a cent. His vote would cost him nothing.

Well, he has been paying enormous sums for belonging to either of the two capitalist parties. In wages it has cost workers billions of dollars, and many of them have tossed their homes and their furniture after the wages.

Millions of farmers have sacrificed their savings, their land, tools and other equipment to belong to the parties of capitalism. If both workers and farmers estimated what it has cost them to belong to these parties they would agree that it has been the most costly and most worthless investment they ever made. They even sacrificed their families.

Join the Socialist Party and help to recover what you have lost in dues paid to the parties that rule and rob you.

Aims of Socialism

THE aim of Socialism isn't difficult to understand. The great industries, raw materials, railroads, telegraphs and public utilities are owned by capitalists and bankers. The workers produce that the owners may own. We make and they take. They own what they do not produce and we produce what we do not own. They own and control both the industries and the products and we own and control neither. Simply stated, that is capitalism.

When we, the masses, publicly own the great industries, raw materials, railroads, telegraphs and public utilities, that will be the realization of Socialism. The present owners want to continue to own and this gives them their class interest in capitalism. Workers must own if they are to be free and that gives us our class interest in Socialism. The result is a conflict of aims between the two classes, the modern expression of a struggle that is as old as history between ruling and ruled classes. That is as brief as we can state the aims of the Socialist movement.

Defaulting Governments

BETWEEN \$7,000,000,000 and \$8,000,000,000 have been invested in the bonds of about forty governments and about \$2,000,000,000 are in default. A little over \$700,000,000 of these defaults have occurred in the Latin-American nations and the American Bondholders' Protective Association is worried about collecting. The defaults will accumulate unless capitalism through some miracle gets on its feet. How deeply rooted and widespread the depression disease is, is evident from these figures. When governments cannot meet their obligations the system has reached a very low level.

Top o' The Leader Tower With Readers 'n' Boosters

By the Editor

NEXT WEEK

THE NEW LEADER will carry an article next week by Murray King of Utah that reveals a Fascist band, the Silver Shirts, engaging in barbarous acts. It is the nearest thing to Hitlerism we have in this country, including hate of the Jewish people. These sad morons also seem to think that Socialists and Communists are responsible for the depression, although neither party has any representation at Washington! Its literature is so absurd in many respects that one gets the impression that its authors have diseased minds.

This article is an amazing exposure and it should have a wide circulation. We will give it a prominent display and if you want to strike a blow at this monstrous thing you cannot do better than order a bundle for sale and distribution. Let us hear from you without delay.

Pity the Poor Fish!

Selections for the Bray of the Week have been coming in fine. Each one is dated and filed and selections are made solely on the basis of merit.

But what of the Poor Fish? He is being neglected by our readers. He is the wise guy whose wisdom is of the vintage of Dr. Munyon. As the poor devil finds it painful to think, you may think for him. A selection from the booklets previously mentioned will go to the winner each week. Try it!

The Bundle Brigade

The bundle brigadiers are on the job fine this week. Bronx County heads the list with a thousand copies of the New York edition, and Branch 3 of the Verband in the same county takes a hundred. The 16th A. D., Brooklyn, orders a hundred and the Downtown Branch of the same borough also takes the same number. Young Circle League No. 5, Manhattan, gets away with fifty.

Of the National Edition the Los Angeles comrades order 200 and the Pittsburgh Jewish Branch orders 25 per week. The bundles of fives and tens going to Locals

and Branches are too numerous to mention.

The New Leader is interested in the splendid campaign of the party in Olean, N. Y., headed by John G. Cooper for Mayor, and to help that campaign The New Leader is sending a bundle of 300 free to Comrade Cooper.

Heisler's Hits

Martin B. Heisler, wandering sub-getter in upstate New York, is back from the Century of Progress in Chicago. He sends seven more, three of which he gathered on the way to the Buffalo depot, one on the train and another in Chicago. "I trust that I will have a little time to rake up a few more," he writes; "there are thousands to be gotten with ease."

There are. A few hundred workers like Heisler would give us a circulation so large that we could publish a still larger paper and make it the greatest Socialist publication in the party's history.

Other Sub-Getters

Comrade Cooper at Olean in New York State is a steady caller and his latest letter brings in four new subs. Comrade Valenstein sends three from Peekskill, and Comrade Fogelson at Woodbridge gets in with two. Don't ask us to report the singles.

From Chicago come three from M. Blumin, and over in Bound Brook, N. J., Comrade Gluck arrives with two and asks for a poster display that will help him to get subs.

Hy Fish (no relation to the Poor Fish, as he is rich in Socialist enthusiasm) of Cleveland sends two good stories for the Leader with "good luck for the National Edition," and down in the Old Dominion David George sends a sub with the promise of a hundred after the campaign. From Utah, the stamping ground of the Silver Shirts, come two from A. L. Wilson, who says that we have not heard the last from him.

Well, it has been a good week, but how many of our comrades realize that we are in a race with Time. Our job is to build a class-conscious party and to awaken sleepwalkers in every state. Socialism gives hope to the despairing. Get subs for The New Leader to inspire hope and the will to power.

A Puzzling Book

By James Oneal

DEMOCRACY DEBTS AND DISARMAMENT. By Walton Newbold. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. \$3.00.

THE author of this volume was formerly a Socialist, later the first Communist member of the British Parliament, but now, we believe, not affiliated with any movement. Into this book he has packed a mine of information, the results of years of study and extensive travels, but what it is all about we do not know. His point of view is the materialistic conception of history but his information is unfolded as though his items were piled by his side and with scoop in hand he pitched them into the volume. There is, therefore, a lack of coherence in assembling his material and as for interpretation, there is a flash here and there but it fizzles out.

Throughout the book Newbold has a curious habit of suddenly turning aside from his discussion of a financial or economic question to pummel J. Ramsa, MacDonald and Philip Snowden who deserted

the Labor Party to found the national coalition. This performance is repeated over and over again and why he should so often turn aside to beat dead dogs is something we cannot fathom. He is not content that they should be forgotten, he must time and again drag them into the picture without rhyme or reason.

The book presents evidence of haste and while many of the items he places before the reader have a certain value, as a whole it lacks the interpretative quality we have a right to expect from him.

THE NEW LEADER, a Socialist Party publication, supports the struggles of the organized working class. Signed contributions do not necessarily represent the policy of The New Leader. On the other hand it welcomes a variety of opinions consistent with its declared purpose. Contributors are requested not to write on both sides of the paper and not to use lead pencil or red ink. Manuscripts that cannot be used will not be returned unless return postage is enclosed.

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Hillquit Tribute at Garden Rally

The Company He Keeps; Bankers, Realtors and Directors Fusion Workers

By Louis E. Yavner
FIORIELLO H. LAGUARDIA keeps bad company. The Republican Party, corrupt, conservative and repudiated, forms one wing of the Fusion movement. The other is a group of conservative bankers, realtors and corporation directors whose interests are not and cannot be the interests of the working people of New York.

They are advising and financing La Guardia's campaign. The Socialist Party advocates taxing the commercial banks, the public utilities and the large corporations to secure the funds necessary for increased unemployment relief and to maintain the schools and other social services on a high level. This is the only taxation program which will meet the needs of the city without inflicting hardships upon the great masses of the people, those who do the useful and necessary work of the world.

La Guardia has not supported this program. He cannot serve two masters. Despite his record two masters. The Fusion candidate's hands will be tied by his reactionary running mates. But in his public addresses thus far he has given no indication of being anything but subservient to them.

W. ARTHUR CUNNINGHAM is La Guardia's running mate as candidate for Comptroller. In the event of the election of the entire ticket, Major Cunningham will have three votes in the Board of Estimate, exactly as many as the Mayor.

At a luncheon at the Bankers' Club early in the campaign, Major La Guardia said publicly that "Major Cunningham was nominated because there is not a single issue upon which he and I agree."

The New York Times on August 6th said, "For Comptroller the type of man favored is an independent Democrat with knowledge of banking and finance. Preferably . . . he should be an Irish Roman Catholic and should come from Brooklyn. Mr. Cunningham, who now lives in Forest Hills, Queens, fulfills all the conditions except residence in Brooklyn. However [it was discovered by a grateful committee], Mr. Cunningham lived for most of his life in Brooklyn, in the 'Sheepshead Bay section.' He fulfilled the formula and he was nominated."

Mr. Cunningham is secretary of the Textile Banking Company, the chairman of the Board of Directors of which is Harvey D. Gibson,

president of the Manufacturers' Trust Co., and known on Wall Street as a Morgan man. (Mr. Gibson takes no chances; he is supporting McKee.)

For Hoover and LaGuardia
HENRY ROGERS WINTHROP, an investment banker, is chairman of the Finance Committee of the Republican Campaign Committee working for LaGuardia's election. Mr. Winthrop had charge of fund-raising for the campaign of the Forgotten Man, Herbert Hoover, in 1932. Trying to stage a comeback!

WILLIAM M. CHADBOURNE, LaGuardia's Campaign Manager, is a member of the Tory Union League Club, a director of American Maracibo Co., Investment Foundation, Ltd., Williams and Taylor, Inc., and Chairman of the Board of Abercrombie and Fitch and of MacArthur Concrete Pile Corp. He is President and Director of 811 Fifth Ave. Corp., a wealthy realty firm.

W. KINGSLAND MACY, state chairman of the reactionary Republican state organization, is another of the

(Continued on Page 2B)

WATCHERS!!

Every year we are robbed of votes, very often because of the inexperience of our watchers. Classes have been opened for the instruction of watchers. Comrades should send their names and addresses to the party office and they will be notified when and where the classes will be held.

The first Watchers' Meeting is being held Friday, Oct. 27, at 7 E. 15th St. Comrades, experienced in Election Day work, and members of the Socialist Lawyers' Committee, will be on hand.

There will be watchers' meetings throughout the city Monday, Nov. 6. A list of headquarters where such meetings are being held is printed elsewhere in this issue.

Every comrade should act as a watcher on Election Day. Every watcher should be instructed. Send your name and address to the party office, 7 East 15th St., at once.

Tens of Thousands Will Honor Great Leader at the Final Campaign Meeting

ONLY a little more than a week remains to make the Madison Square Garden Rally the greatest Socialist demonstration in the history of the United States.

Norman Thomas is rushing across the continent to take a hand in this great closing rally of the campaign. Com. Thomas has been on a speaking tour that took him as far West as California, but he has made it plain that he cannot permit anything to interfere with his participation in the close of the municipal campaign here.

Mayor Daniel W. Hoan of Milwaukee, head of the best governed city in America, will likewise be one of the principal speakers, urging New York to follow the example of his own city and elect a Socialist Mayor.

The brilliant city ticket—Solomon, Laidler and Crosswaith—will bring to a conclusion the splendid campaign they have been waging, with their final message to the people of the Metropolis; they will paint a picture of a Socialist New York in contrast with a grafters' and a bankers' city.

B. C. Vladeck, whose flaming eloquence, whose poetic soul and whose magnificent gifts have been so long at the disposal of Socialism, will also speak.

And William Karlin, rugged fighter for the workers on the platform and in the court room, will add his word.

And there will also be Lilith M. Wilson, brilliant Socialist member of the Pennsylvania legislature, and Louis Waldman, Socialist state chairman, who will preside.

But one man will not be there: Morris Hillquit, who gave everything he had, his energies, his

great intellect, his flaming soul, his matchless spirit, for the cause of Socialism. Morris Hillquit is dead, wasted away by his ceaseless work in our cause. But the spirit of Morris Hillquit lives and will forever live; and the spirit of Morris Hillquit, to whom no task in Socialism was too great to undertake or too small for his attention, will hover over the Garden rally and will give point and meaning to the messages of the speakers.

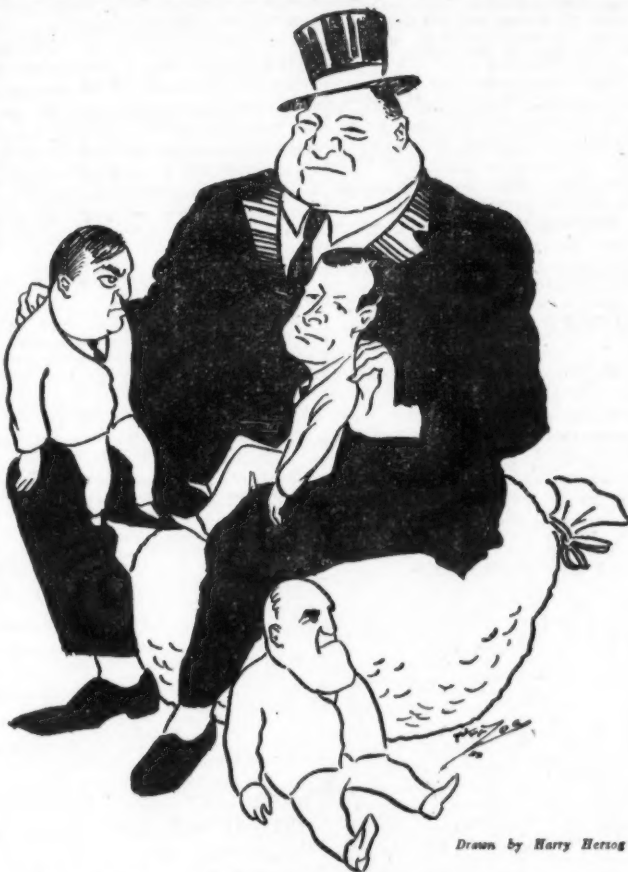
For the Garden rally will be the heartfelt and fervent tribute of New York's Socialist movement to the memory of a great and unforgettable man. And as such it will take its place in the shining history of our party in the Metropolis of the New World.

There is one supreme task remaining for New York Socialists: it is to see to it that not a single ticket is left for the reserved seat section. It is a prosaic task, but a vital one. It is a task that must be undertaken by every man and woman, every Yipsel and every Falcon in the movement. It is their way of paying tribute to our great departed leader.

Where to Get Tickets

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN tickets can be obtained at all Socialist headquarters:
Socialist Party, 7 E. 15th St., N. Y.
Rand School, 7 East 15th St., N. Y.
Jewish Daily Forward, 175 East Broadway.
Finnish headquarters, 2056—5th Ave., N. Y.
Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Bellamy Club, 904 Prospect Ave., Bronx, N. Y.
Socialist Party, Local Bronx, 9 West 170th St., N. Y.

THEIR MASTER'S VOICE



No matter what they say or promise, the Big Feller will see to it that he gets what he pays for when he finances and supports their campaigns.

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED!

THE NEW LEADER NEEDS THE HELP OF A GROUP OF ALERT YOUNG PEOPLE, YOUNG MEN AND GIRLS, TO SELL THIS PAPER AT THE MADISON SQUARE GARDEN MEETING SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 5. PLEASE REPORT AT ONCE TO THE OFFICE OF THE NEW LEADER, 7 EAST 15TH STREET (ROOM 409), NEW YORK CITY.

ANTI-FASCIST RALLY

The Italian Anti-Fascist Committee has called a mass meeting to protest against the Fascist terror raging in Italy and demand the liberation of political prisoners who lie rotting in Italian dungeons. The Anti-Fascists will meet at the corner of First Avenue and 72nd Street, at 10:30 A. M., October 28th, and march to the Italian Consulate at 72nd Street and Lexington Avenue.

The protest meeting is called for the 11th anniversary of the March on Rome, and all anti-Fascists should participate. The bodies of the murdered Matteotti and his brave comrades cry out from the grave against the Fascism, and we, the living, must make their protests articulate. Matteotti, Sozzi, Della, Maggiora, Gortan, Schirru, Di Vagno, and their brave comrades lost their lives pleading the workers' cause. We must not let their memory die!

Thomas Reminds Colden Of the Smith Fiasco

DISTRICT Attorney Charles S. Colden of Queens County has failed in his promise to conduct a new inquiry into the killing of Anthony Fierro, young anti-Fascist killed at a meeting of fascist Khaki Shirts, the Terzani Defense Committee charges in publishing a letter to Colden by Norman Thomas who wrote the District Attorney from Chicago on Oct. 14.

Thomas reminded Colden of the fiasco of Art Smith who deserted the Fascists in Philadelphia and of Colden's promise to investigate various leads "to show you who was the real murderer of Fierro. Surely, your office can no longer believe that it was Terzani row that your star witness, Smith, at whose behest you hold him, is utterly and publicly discredited. To hold him longer is to appear ridiculous, which some public officials fear more than to be unjust."

Thomas adds that as a candidate he does not think that Colden will relish having "the story of your star witness against Terzani told at every street corner."

Colden's answer was evasive, the Defense Committee states. Colden claims that that "every person mentioned as having been present when the alleged crime was committed has been interviewed" and the committee declares that one man in Philadelphia known to Colden has never been approached. Moreover, a delegation of the com-

mittee presented Colden on August 28, with evidence of Smith's boast that his organization had "killed one radical and sent 19 others to the hospital" and Colden did not follow up this lead.

Smith was recently held in \$400 bail for the grand jury in Philadelphia, on a charge of fraudulent conversion of furniture. He had fled from his headquarters early on Oct. 12, after members of his general staff had mutinied against his suddenly announced plan to "take over the city" and seize three armories preliminary to a march on Washington that day. For four days Smith was missing. Then he came back, surrendered, got bail, and audaciously announced that he would re-establish his organization and push his Fascist program. He asserted that the police and the radicals had plotted against him.

Solomon Speaks at the Roxy Theatre Tuesday

Charles Solomon, Socialist Mayoralty candidate, will speak from the stage of the original Roxy Theatre, 7th Avenue and 50th St., Tuesday night at 8 o'clock, between shows.

The address is in accordance with the policy of the manager, Mr. Howard S. Cullman, in giving all important political parties an opportunity to present their case to Roxy Theatre audiences.

It is hoped that a packed house will be on hand to hear the Socialist message. The Roxy seats over 6,000 people.

FINAL BRONX RALLY

BRONX campaign will come to a climax Sunday afternoon, Oct. 29, with a tremendous rally at Hunt's Point Palace, 163rd St. and Southern Boulevard.

The Socialist Vanguard will be there in full force, acting as ushers and flag bearers.

Charles Solomon, Frank Crosswaith, Harry W. Laidler, Jacob Panken, Sam. Orr, Ed. Cassidy, Esther Friedman, Pat Murphy, Nathan Chanin, Ed. H. Mead, and Henry Fruchter will speak.

General admission is free by ticket only, and there is also a reserved section at 10c.

All Out for Watchers' Duty!

The Company He Keeps

(Continued from Preceding Page) prominent LaGuardia supporters, and has thrown the official support of his party back to the LaGuardia candidacy.

GEORGE U. HARVEY, a typical Queens Borough President—what more need be said?—is a supporter of the LaGuardia ticket and a fellow-candidate of the Mayor.

SAMUEL S. KOENIG, rejected Republican boss of New York and silent partner of Tammany Hall, was one of the LaGuardia backers—not repudiated by the candidate—before he was cast out by his own party. Koenig was publicly endorsed before the recent primaries for "his activities upon behalf of Fusion."

OGDEN L. MILLS, multi-millionaire, bosom pal of Herbert Hoover and the most reactionary Secretary of the Treasury since Andrew W. Mellon, hoping to rehabilitate his party, is campaigning for the LaGuardia ticket.

There are other choice supporters of the G.O.P.-Fusion cause. (C.P. means City Party, the organization that effected the fusion.)

Wm. R. Bayes, candidate for Supreme Court; Pres. and Dir. Brooklyn National Life Insurance Co., Pres. and Dir. Gravesend Realty Corp., Pres. and Trust. Kings Highway Savings Bank, Dir. Home Title Insurance Co.

Edward C. Blum, Chairman of Fusion sub-committee on Business Organizations; Pres. and Dir. Abraham and Strauss, Vice-Pres. and Dir. Abrost Realty Co., Third Vice-Pres. and Dir. Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, Inc., Dir. Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S., and of Federated Dept. Stores, Inc., trustee Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn, Kings County Trust Co.

Richard S. Childs, C.P. Advisory Council; Vice-Pres. and Dir. Laderle Laboratories, Vice-Pres. and Dir. Terminal Engineering Co., Dir. American Cyanamid Co. and of Bon Ami Co.

Fred R. Conder, Jr., Rep. Mayoralty Com.; of Conder, Bros., former American attorneys for Czar Nicholas, Dir. of Durand Ruc, Inc. of Garden City Co., and of Sanderson Fairchild Realty Corp. His father, who appeared often in court seeking deportation of Russian revolutionists to the Czar's hangman,

is director of the all-powerful Chase National Bank.

Henry Fletcher, C.P. Advisory Council; Dir. of Irving Trust Co. Chas. E. Hughes, Jr., Rep. Mayoralty Com.; Dir. of New York Life Insurance Company.

Mrs. Henry A. Ingraham, C.P. Advisory Council; Sec. and Dir. Adolf Gobel, Inc., and of Darwin Realty Co., Trustee Dime Savings Bank and Dir. National Mortgage Co. and of N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co.

Stanley M. Isaac, Director of nineteen realty companies. William H. Johns, C.P. Advisory Council; Director of the B.M.T. and of National Bank of Bayside, Colonial Trust Co. and of N. Y. Rapid Transit Corp.

General John F. O'Ryan, Chairman of Fusion Advisory Committee; Vice-Pres. and Dir. American Airways, Inc., Dir. Aviation Corp., Canadian Colonial Airways, Inc., Schenectady Airport, Inc.

Lots of Corporations

James H. Post, C.P. Advisory Council; Trustee Aguirre Sugar Co., Pres. and Dir. National Sugar Refining Co. of U. S., Vice-Pres. and Trustee Williamsburg Savings Bank, Chairman of Board of Cuban-American Sugar Co., Dir. Alliance Realty Co., Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, Brooklyn Edison Co., B.M.T., Chapoia Sugar Co., City Bank-Farmers' Trust Co., National City Bank, N. Y. Rapid Transit Co., Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

J. Barston Small, Rep. Mayoralty Committee; Trustee Seamen's Bank of Savings, Dir. Harriman National Bank and Trust Co., N. Y. Life Insurance Co.

Lawrence A. Tanager, Fusion Harmony Committee; member of the ultra-reactionary Citizens' Budget Committee that is fighting to keep down appropriations for schools and other social services.

Adrian Van Sinderen, Fusion Harmony Committee; Trustee Brooklyn Savings Bank and Brooklyn Trust Co.

Travis H. Whitney, C.P. Advisory Council; Director B.M.T., N. Y. Rapid Transit Corp. and other corporations.

Arthur H. Woods, Dir. Bankers Trust Co., Colorado Fuel and Iron Co., and Pres. and Dir. of Rockefeller Center.

On Morgan Preferred List.

William Ziegler, Jr., Rep. Campaign Committee; Baking Powder king, turfman and horse enthusiast. Director American Maize Products Co., E. W. Gillette Co., General Reinsurance Co., Great Island Corp., Standard Brands.

On Morgan Preferred List.

The good Fiorello may mean well, but the crowd that is traveling with him looks ominous.

There is only one way to save the city:

VOTE SOCIALIST!

STREET MEETINGS

(All meetings are scheduled to begin at 8:30 p. m. unless otherwise indicated.)

MANHATTAN

Lower East Side, 1st-2nd-4th A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 126 Delancey St.—Conan, Nussbaum, Corn, Goldowsky, Isaacs.

6th A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 48 Ave. C.—Claessens, Weinberg, Grossman, Weinberg.

8th A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 144 Second Ave.—Kaplan, Claessens, and others.

Upper West Side, 7th-9th A. D. Monday, Oct. 30, 8th St. and Broadway—Moses, By, Bobrick, Ginet, Coroneil.

Tuesday, Oct. 31, 9th St. and Broadway—Linson, Regaldi, Fenwick, 72nd St. and Broadway—Weed, Moses, Fenwick, Kuhn, Levine.

Wednesday, Nov. 1, 86th St. and Broadway—Linson, Kuhn, Coroneil; 95th St. and Broadway—Weed, Turkel, Fenwick, Friedman, Thursday, Nov. 2, 72nd St. and Broadway—Lipshitz, Bobrick, Levine, Karlin, Coroneil.

Friday, Nov. 3, 72nd St. and Broadway—Linson, Turkel, Kuhn, Peck; 86th St. and Broadway—Weed, Peck, Fenwick, Kuhn, Levine, Saturday, Nov. 4, 97th St. and Broadway—Linson, Moses, Fenwick, Karlin, Coroneil; 86th St. and Broadway—Lipshitz, Turkel, Kuhn, Coroneil; 72nd St. and Broadway—Linson, Regaldi, Ginet and Kuhn.

Yonville, 14th-16th A. D. Wednesday and Friday, 72nd St. and 1st Ave.—Lewine, Turitz, Brown, and others. Saturday, Nov. 4, 79th St. and 2nd Ave.—Karlin, Claessens, Fine, Lewine, Turitz, Brown.

Morningside, 13th A. D. Friday, Nov. 3, 125th St. and St. Nicholas Ave.—Weber, Gott, Goldblum, Duval.

11th A. D. Street meetings Monday, Wednesday, Saturday; various corners.—Wm. T. Hade, and others.

17th-18th A. D. Meetings every night, various corners.—Youngstein, Rosenberg, Shur.

19th-21st A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 2065 7th Ave.—Lorand, Walters, and others.

22nd-23rd A. D. Meetings every night. Speakers report at 4046 Broadway.—Delson, Most, Parker, Koppel.

BRONX

Monday, October 30

Outdoor rally, Walton Ave. and 170th St.—Fruchter, Minkoff, Orr, Hendin, Esther Friedman Doerfler.

163rd and Tiffany Sts.—Wilson, Rosenberg, Umansky, Beckman.

174th St. and Bathgate Ave.—Meyer and Aaron Levenstein, Abe Kaufman, Steinhart.

Wilkins and Intervale Aves.—Samis, Panken, Becker, Heltzer, Marcus.

Daly Ave. and 180th St.—Woskow, Saltzman, Steinhart.

Fordham Road and Valentine Ave.—Murphy, Belskin, Panken, Knobloch.

Tuesday, October 31

Party Calls for Workers For Election Day Service

THE last, but not the least important duty of party members and others working for Socialism is to have watchers at the polls on Election Day. Every organizer should notify all members to act as watchers.

In order that the watchers may know their rights and duties, the party has arranged with the Socialist Lawyers' Association to have a sufficient number of lawyers to instruct the watchers. The following evenings for this purpose have been arranged:

Friday, November 3rd, a general meeting of all watchers at the People's House, 7 East 15th Street, New York City.

Monday evening, November 6th, the party has Watchers' Meetings throughout the city. A list of the various districts and the meeting places is attached herewith. Note the meeting place for your district and see that your members are notified to go there.

Organizers of branches where these meetings are to be held should arrange to have their headquarters or meeting room ready for the meeting MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 6th. Immediately after the meeting of instruction, each branch organizer should get the watchers of his respective district together and assign them to their respective polling places. Branch organizers should come to the party office and get all the necessary supplies for watchers for Election Day.

The places for such meeting follows:

Manhattan: 1st, 2nd and 4th

6th A. D. Rally, Allerton and Cruger Aves.—Esther Friedman, Orr, Hendin, Fruchter, Wisotsky, Knobloch, Breslow, Southern Boulevard and Tremont Ave.—Woskow, Steinhart, Steinsaltz, Kaufman.

Freeman St. and Hoe Ave.—Samis, Heltzer, Weinstein, Becker, Perrin, and Marcus.

163rd St. and Prospect Ave.—Meyer and Aaron Levenstein, Saltzman. Meetings in 8th and 3rd, report at headquarters.

Wednesday, November 1

4th A. D. Rally, 166th St. and Prospect Ave.—Hendin, Orr, Esther Friedman, M. Levenstein.

167th St. and Gerard Ave.—Steinhart, A. Levenstein.

Ave. St. John and Beck St.—Ellentuck, Wilson, Umansky.

163rd St. and Southern Boulevard.—Samis, Becker, Panken, Cohen, Heltzer, Fruchter.

Lydia and Cruger Aves.—Breslow, Wisotsky, Saltzman.

Washington and Tremont Aves.—Steinsaltz, Woskow, Murphy.

Burnside and Walton Aves.—Belskin, Panken, Stern, Rosenberg.

Thursday, November 2

7th A. D. Rally, Tremont and Prospect Aves.—Hendin, Orr, Woskow, Atkins, Breslow, Esther Friedman, Saltzman, Ward and Westchester Aves.—Knobloch, Wisotsky.

9 West 170th St. (speakers report)—Doerfler, Coleman.

172nd St. and Bathgate Ave.—Aaron and Meyer Levenstein.

16th St. and Tinton Ave.—Ellentuck, Wilson, Umansky.

17th St. and Hoe Ave.—Samis, Weinstein, Becker, Perrin, Fruchter.

Friday, November 3

5th A. D. Rally, Wilkins and Intervale Aves.—Hendin, Orr, Fruchter, Marcus, Perrin, Heltzer.

Longwood and Prospect Aves.—Rosenberg, Wilson, Umansky, Tulchin.

169th St. and Boston Road.—A. Levenstein, Kaufman.

141st St. and Cypress Ave.—M. Levenstein, M. Gross, Auerbach, Hertzberg.

9 West 170th St.—Ernest Doerfler, Gus Tyler, Levy, Belskin.

6th A. D.—Wisotsky, Saltzman and Knobloch.

Daly and 181st St.—Breslow, Woskow, Atkins, Steinsaltz.

8th A. D.—Steinhart, Murphy.

Saturday, November 4

8th A. D. Rally, Burnside and Walton Aves.—Hendin, Esther Friedman, Steinhart.

Fordham Road and Walton Ave.—Panken, Kaufman, Bob Tyler, Rosenberg, Murphy.

170th St. and Walton Ave.—Belskin, Altman, Levy, Doerfler.

Tremont and Prospect Aves.—Woskow, Wilson, Saltzman, Steinsaltz.

Allerton and Cruger Aves.—Lippenholtz, Goldberg, Collins, Wisotsky and Breslow.

Claremont Parkway and Washington Ave.—Meyer and Aaron Levenstein, Bertrman.

3rd A. D.—Umansky, Tulchin; all

Assembly Districts—at 126 Delancey St.; 3rd, 5th and 10th Assembly Districts—at 18 Jones Street; 6th, 8th and 12th Assembly Districts—at 144 Second Avenue; 7th, 9th and 11th Assembly Districts—at 100 West 72nd Street; 13th, 19th and 21st Assembly Districts—at 2005—7th Avenue; 22nd and 23rd Assembly Districts—at 4046 Broadway.

Bronx: 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th Assembly Districts—at 904 Prospect Ave.; 2nd, 7th and 8th Assembly Districts—at 9 West 170th Street.

Kings: 1st, 3rd, 8th, 10th, 11th and 12th Assembly Districts—at the Headquarters of the Downtown Branch, 157 Montague Street; 2nd Assembly District—at the Headquarters of the Midwood Branch, 1401 Kings Highway; 4th, 5th, 6th, 13th, 14th, 17th, 19th and 20th Assembly Districts—at the Headquarters of the 6th A.D., 167 Tompkins Avenue; 7th, 9th and 16th Assembly Districts—at the Headquarters of the 16th A.D., 6610 Bay Parkway; 18th Assembly District—at 1686 President St.; 21st Assembly District—at 2239 Church Ave.; 22nd Assembly District—at 836 Belmont Street; 23rd Assembly District—at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman Street.

Queens: Astoria, Woodside, Flushing, Elmhurst-Corona, and Sunnyside—at the Headquarters of the Sunnyside Branch, 4313—47th St., L. I. C.; Ridgewood, Jamaica, and Richmond Hill—at Jamaica Branch Headquarters, 9218 New York Blvd., Jamaica, L. I.

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167th St. and Gerard Ave.—Steinhart, A. Levenstein.

Ave. St. John and Beck St.—Ellentuck, Wilson, Umansky.

HALL MEETINGS

Saturday, October 28.

8:30, P. S. 115, 177th St. and St. Nicholas Ave.—Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswath, Wm. Karlin, Morris Ginet, Edwin Koppel.

10, 125th St. and 7th Ave., outdoor rally—Frank Crosswath, others.

Sunday, October 29.

2 p. m., Y.M.H.A., Lexington Ave. and 92nd St.—Charles Solomon.

2:30, Hunts Point Palace, 163rd St. and So. Blvd.—Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswath, Samuel Orr, Edward F. Cassidy, Esther Friedman, Henry Fruchter, and others.

3 p. m., Young Circle League, 3 W. 16th St.—William Karlin.

4 p. m., St. Augustine's P.E. Church, Lafayette and Marcy Aves., B'klyn.—Frank Crosswath, Sam. H. Friedman.

8:30, Church of Holy Trinity, 357 Montague St., B'klyn.—Chas. Solomon.

8:30, American Woman's Association, 353 West 57th St.—Harry W. Laidler.

8:30, Bronx House, 1637 Washington Ave.—Frank Crosswath.

8:30, Jewish Community Center of Corona, 40-34 102nd St.—James O'neal.

9 p. m., 1851 Mott Ave., Far Rockaway—August Claessens.

10 p. m., WEVD—Harry W. Laidler.

Monday, October 30.

8:30, B'klyn Jewish Center, 691 Eastern P'kway—Charles Solomon.

8:30, P.S. 206, Neck Road and East 22nd St., B'klyn.—Charles Solomon, Harry W. Laidler, B. C. Vladeck, Wm. M. Feigenbaum, Louis Epstein.

8:30, 8th Ave. Temple, Junior Federation, B'klyn Jewish Charities, 8th Ave. and Garfield Pl.—B. C. Vladeck.

8:30, P.S. 156, Foster Ave. and 41st St., Long Island City—James O'neal, Louis Waldman, Anna Berowitz, A. C. Weinfield, Samuel A. DeWitt.

8:30, League of Mothers Club, Educational Alliance, 197 East B'way—William Karlin.

9:45, League of Mothers Clubs, Wiltoughby House, 97 Lawrence Street, B'klyn—Louis P. Goldberg.

Tuesday, October 31.

11 a. m., League for Political Education, 123 West 43rd St.—Charles Solomon.

1 p. m., Student Council, New York University, School of Education, 80 Washington Square East—Harry W. Laidler.

8:15, Roxy Theatre, 50th St. and 7th Ave.—Charles Solomon.

9 p. m., Carnegie Hall, 57th St. and 7th Ave.—Charles Solomon. Citizens' Budget Commission.

8:30, P.S. 90, 109th St. and Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, L. I.—Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswath, James O'neal, A. C. Weinfield, Samuel A. DeWitt.

8:30, Queens County Labor Lyceum, 785 Forest Ave., Ridgewood—Harry W. Laidler, Frank Crosswath, Anna Berowitz, Samuel Orr, Ed. Gottlieb.

8:30, Hemmington Hall, 21

25,000 Gas Station Men May Strike for 40 hr. Week

UNLESS demands for a 40-hour week, a minimum weekly wage of \$30, union recognition and seniority rights are granted by their employers, 25,000 gasoline station workers employed in the New York metropolitan area will walk out in a general strike, it was voted at a meeting of "key men" at headquarters of the Gasoline Station Workers' Union, an American Federation of Labor affiliate, 554 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn.

The decision followed a demand for conferences which was presented to the Gasoline Merchants' Ass'n of Brooklyn and Queens, the largest group of independent retail gasoline distributors in Greater New York. The association represents 600 filling stations employing 3,000 men.

The union, according to Frederick F. McEnaney, president, will serve notice, also, upon other independent dealers as well as upon the large oil companies, such as Shell,

Standard Oil and Sinclair Oil, having retail outlets in the city. The threatened strike, if called, would completely paralyze the movement of pleasure cars, trucks and taxicabs in the metropolitan area.

Mr. McEnaney charged that filling station attendants are paid today \$10 to \$22 a week and that their hours range from 48 to 84 a week. He pointed to the cut-throat competition among filling stations in which employers, seeking to maintain shorter work-week and higher wage levels, find themselves at a disadvantage. The competition, he said, "is solely at the expense of labor." The gasoline station attendants work under miserable conditions. Most of them suffer from lack of sleep, they inhale the fumes of gasoline and are subject to occupational diseases.

Through William Karlin, counsel, the Gasoline Station Workers' Union will demand a hearing in Washington, Oct. 30, at which it will propose a code for labor.

Business Is Business, So Soviet Russia Is Recognized

By Marx Lewis

Washington. In the discussion of the savage lynching in Maryland, the trial judge, the prosecuting attorney, the sheriff and Governor Ritchie, made out something of a defense. However, responsibility must rest with the failure of Republicans and Democrats to enact a Federal anti-lynching bill. The Republicans promised it in their national platform, and did not make good. The Democrats, when the Republicans made a feeble attempt to bring the bill to a vote, conducted a bitter struggle, absenting themselves so as to prevent a quorum.

Renewed efforts must now be made by Socialists to secure the enactment of the Socialist anti-lynching measure that Victor L. Berger repeatedly introduced in Congress. By imposing a forfeiture on communities that permit or engage in lynchings, and by trying those accused of taking part in lynchings in another jurisdiction, where they will be more likely to get justice than if tried by a "jury of their peers" in their own community, a genuine effort will have been made to end the barbarous practice.

Recognizing Russia

In the early days of the Soviet regime, when it was poor politics, and apparently not good business either, to speak in favor of recognition, the Socialist Party was the first to demand that recognition be accorded. The first resolutions requesting it were introduced by a Socialist member of Congress, and every national platform adopted by the Socialists since the Bolsheviks assumed control of Russia contained a plank of the same nature. It was unpopular those years, but in this cause, as in so many others, Socialists were the first champions, while the others—in this case the Democrats—were just "fair weather" friends.

Now, after fifteen years, an administration discovers that there is no reason why the Russians cannot be friends with us, especially if it will help business. The objections that were repeatedly urged, including the one that we cannot deal with a government that suppresses civil liberties, are readily forgotten, since both Russia and the United States have found no difficulty in dealing with both Hitler and Mussolini. They will have less difficulty in ironing out the differences between themselves than the Communists will have in dealing with "social fascists."

For the sake of the new-born

friendship, the Communists in this country may be left as high and dry by Russia as have been the Communists under Hitler's regime. After all, to Russia, as well as to the United States, "business is business."

Gilding the NRA

The NRA enters a new stage. Popular fervor is beginning to slacken. With prices rising faster than wages, purchasing power is not increasing rapidly enough, in some cases declining. The farmers may be getting \$400 for what last year they received only \$300, as the President pointed out in his radio speech last Sunday, but what he did not mention, and what is bothering the farmers, is that if prices of the things the farmers need continue to rise they will be worse off with the \$400 than they were with the \$300 of last year.

So new tactics are being devised—to minimize as much as possible

Picketing Goes On in Silk Strike

PICKETING continues in the Paterson silk strike, despite the fact that several thousand workers have returned to their jobs because their demands have been met.

Two units of the strikers, 15,000 dyers and 3,000 Jacquard workers, have gone back to work. The Jacquard workers won union recognition, a 40-hour, five-day week, and piecework rates that guarantee wages for weavers of \$28 to \$35 a week.

The dyers, 6,000 of whom are members of the United Textile Workers and about 9,000 unorganized who are following their leadership, won union recognition, a 40-hour week and a minimum wage of \$23.

These concessions are considered of the greatest importance, especially that guaranteeing union recognition, but the fact that there are still many thousands out is the reason for continued picketing.

The strike, conducted for six weeks in territory traditionally difficult for union organization, was a marvel of organization, efficiency and enthusiasm. With the aid of the entire labor movement, and the enthusiastic support of the Socialist Party, tens of thousands of men of all nationalities were held together despite attempts at disruption from the usual Communist sources. The principal gain thus far is the entrenchment of trade unionism in the Paterson sector and the entire silk industry.

the seriousness of the problem, and to exaggerate, as much as possible, the extent to which it has been solved.

The number of unemployed, at its peak, we now learn, was 12,000,000—not the 16,000,000 that reliable statisticians pointed to. And of the 12,000,000 there are, we are told, several million who just won't work. That leaves 10,000,000. And 4,000,000, which is a grossly exaggerated number, have gone back to work since the NRA was adopted. So 40% of the problem has been solved. None of this jibes with the information the leaders of organized labor are receiving.

There has been some improvement. Figures show that there has

Paperhangers Refuse to Handle German Goods

RADIO CITY in New York, which had its difficulties with Diego Rivera, encountered trouble with members of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers. As a result, paper-hanging in directors' rooms and other of the more expensive offices planned for Radio City came to a halt and a walkout of 250 painters employed on the entire project loomed as a possibility.

The trouble started when paperhangers, members of District Council 9 of the Brotherhood of Painters, noticed that the paper they were given to hang was marked "Made in Germany." The paper was one of the products distributed by the Salubra Wall Cover Company, which handles exclusive German-made wallpapers. The observant paperhangers immediately reported the matter to Philip Zasner, secretary of the District Council, and Zasner as quickly informed them to refuse to handle the paper.

Zasner notified the contractor

in charge of the painting at Radio City that no members of his union would hang the German-made paper. At the same time, Zasner announced that any attempt to hang the Salubra paper by non-members of the union would bring a strike of the 250 painters and decorators employed on putting the finishing touches to Radio City's giant office building.

Zasner said: "The New York painters union is proud to be among the first to enforce the German boycott decision of the American Federation of Labor. Not a single paperhanger remained at work in Radio City. If any effort is made to hang the German-made paper over the opposition of the painters' union, we will call all of our men employed at Radio City from the job. As soon as the German wallpaper is discarded, work will be resumed. We welcome this opportunity to have the painters' union show what it thinks of Hitler, and to express our solidarity with the German trade interests and Jews."

TEACHERS' UNION CALLS MEETING ON FALSE "ECONOMY"

The Teachers' Union of New York has issued a call for a mass meeting on October 27th at the Haaren High School Auditorium, 59th St. and 10th Ave., to protest against the \$20,000,000 cut of the school budget and the curtailment of vital educational services. Teachers, parents, firement and other civil service employees of the city are called upon to attend. The meeting will initiate a cam-

been some improvement also in other countries, without the NRA. But exaggerating the benefits, or Replies to a questionnaire sent to minimizing the seriousness of the problem, will not help. On the contrary, it is only by looking it straight in the eye that justice can be done to those in need. Hoover's methods were unavailing, and adopting those methods, even with all parties by the union will be read at the meeting.

paign against the retrenchment and "economy" of Tammany Hall. modifications, will not be any better now.

The chairman will be Dr. Henry R. Linville, and the speakers will be Mrs. H. S. Pascal of the United Parents' Assn., for the parents; V. Kane, president of the Unemployed Firemen's Assn., for the civil service employees; Prof. J. McGoldrick of Columbia University, for the public; Dr. Abraham Lefkowitz of the Teachers' Union, for the teachers.

UTAH TEACHERS TO BE ORGANIZED

The American Federation of Teachers will initiate an organization drive in Utah through the cooperation of the Utah State Federation of Labor and the various local unions affiliated with it.

Teachers will be urged to form locals of seven or more, which will have the power to decide their own initiation fees and dues.

The American Federation of Teachers does not use the strike to obtain its ends. However, as Dr. John Dewey has said: "The Teachers' Union has been a constant and aggressive force in combating the efforts of various organized interests to exploit the school for their own ends."

Information regarding the teachers' organization will be given upon request by M. I. Thompson, president of the Utah State Federation of Labor, 24 South 4th East Street, Salt Lake City.

QUILTING WORKERS TO TEST THE NRA

The United Quilting Workers' Union, an A. F. of L. affiliate, has voted to strike unless the NRA board can satisfy its demands for "fair and decent wages and working hours."

In a letter to Grover A. Whalen, Manager Sol Silverstone quoted President Roosevelt, Senator Wagner and General Johnson to the effect that labor will get a fair deal without striking. Silverstone "therefore requested" Whalen to arrange a conference between the bosses and workers to settle their differences "within the course of the next four days."

The result of this test of the NRA's efficiency in settling disputes satisfactorily will do much to show whether the strike is a necessary weapon under the NRA regime, union officials say.

Lecture Tour of August Claessens Will Be an Extensive Subscription Drive

REQUESTS have come from cities in a number of states for dates for August Claessens. Some have heard him in former years and want him again. His time is limited and we cannot promise to add to the list that has been announced. However, some minor alterations may be made in the tour in cities not far from the main line of his route. Write your state secretary and The New Leader and we shall do our best to spare a date from one of the cities that have a number. Here are the meetings so far arranged:



August Claessens' Tour

Albany, December 1-2-3; Schenectady, 3-4; Syracuse, 5-6-7; Utica, 8-9; Rochester, 10-11-12; Buffalo, 13-14-15; Erie, 16-17; Cleveland, 18-19-20; Akron, 22-23; Toledo, 24-25-26; Detroit, 27-28-29-30-31, January 1.

Lansing, January 2-3; Flint, 4-5; Grand Rapids, 6-7; Milwaukee, 8-9-10; Madison, 11-12; Minneapolis, 13-14-15; St. Paul, 16-17; Sioux City, 18-19; Omaha, 21-22-23; Lincoln, 24-25; Kansas City, 26-27-28; Jefferson City, 29-30; St. Louis, 31, February 1-2-3-4-5.

Springfield, February 6-7; Chicago, 8-9-10-11-12; South Bend, 13-14; Indianapolis, 15-16-17; Cincinnati, 18-19-20; Dayton, 21-22-23; Columbus, 24-25; Pittsburgh, 26-27-28.

There are eleven lectures from which locals may select. The New Leader will also provide a press story for insertion in local papers of the time and place of the meetings. The lectures are as follows:

Lecture Topics

1. "The Socialist Analysis of the NRA"; 2. "Our Economic Chaos, an Analysis of the Depression"; 3. "Unemployment, Its Causes and Remedies"; 4. "What Is Socialism? Why, How, When?"; 5. "The Essentials of Socialism"; 6. "The Love of Money and the Struggle for Existence"; 7. "Selfishness, a Study of Human Nature"; 8. "Social Psychology and Social Problems"; 9. "Social Attitudes in Race Conflicts"; 10. "Social Attitudes Towards War and Peace"; 11. "Nature and Nurture—Hereditry and Environment."

While you are about it, use the blank below. If you do not have a book of sub blanks, then show this issue to prospects and fire in the subs. Close the campaign with a big sub drive!

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Old Pals' Corner

An Examination of Insiders and Outsiders in Factory Production Convinces Pals We Need Power

By Autolycus

"IT'S funny that the big guys can't get the old production machine going again," said Joe, as he and Bill entered a Rand School class. "The machine is idle and workers are idle. Bring the two together. That's simple."

"And you're simple to think that it is that simple in a society of capitalist production," said Bill. "Suppose we examine this illness."

"All right, Wise Guy; shoot."

"In the first place," said Bill, "raw materials, plants and machines are owned by big capitalists. They have locked the gates of employment and there are ten million workers outside asking the owners to open the gates. Correct?" Bill inquired.

"As simple as rolling off a log," said Joe.

"That is what a logician would call a major premise," said Bill, "and we agree upon it. If ownership gives power to open or close the gates, that means that the owners can condemn us to starvation."

Minority Owners and Majority Workers

"THAT follows logically," said Joe, "but the owners are only a handful compared with the millions who have no jobs. Why shouldn't we open the gates if the owners refuse to open them?"

"Because we passed our power to open and close the gates to the owners," said Bill.

"Whaddaya mean?" asked Joe with a puzzled look.

"In elections a big majority of the working class voted for the candidates and parties of the capitalist owners. Ever think of what that means?" asked Bill.

"I have had some experience in strikes," said Joe.

"You said it, and so have I," Bill responded. "Millions of working class votes have approved capitalist ownership of industry, but these votes mean even more than that. It means that we placed the governing powers of cities, states and the nation into the hands of agents of the owners. Our civilization is stocked with judges, mayors, governors, police, militia and soldiers. In elections the working class have stupidly voted all these agents into power. That's why we cannot open the gates of employment, although we are more numerous than the capitalist owners."

"Those ballots come back as clubs, rifles, injunctions and laws of the guys who shut us out of industry," said Joe. "Am I right?"

Inside and Outside the Factories

"YOU are," Bill replied. "Now let's see how it works. We are outside the gates and the owners are inside. We demand, 'Open the gates so we may produce.' They answer, 'We cannot sell what you produce.' The workers answer, 'But we can consume what we produce.' To this the capitalist owners reply, 'What workers can use does not count; if we cannot sell, there is no market and the plants will remain idle.'"

"That's what has happened," said Joe.

"Yes, but listen further to what those inside and outside say. 'We are your greatest market,' the outsiders say. 'Then why don't you buy?' comes the challenge from the insiders."

"And now they are getting down to bedrock," said Joe. "Yes," said Bill, "and the workers answer, 'You ask why we do not buy and we reply that we have no wages.' The owners answer that commodities are not produced for use but for sale and if the workers cannot buy there is no market; if there is no market the gates remain closed."

Like a Squirrel in a Cage

"IT'S like a squirrel in a cage; always traversing a circle and getting nowhere," said Joe.

"The argument is like the squirrel," said Bill, "but the results are like men who have raised a large stock of food, turned it over to a gang of bandits, and then complain because they deprive themselves of what they desperately need."

"Yes, the gates remain closed till we can buy and we cannot buy till the gates are opened," said Joe with disgust. "We are a nation of ninies."

"Don't get discouraged," observed Bill. "The working class is the hope of the world and when it awakens to its class interests it will make short work of these absurdities of the capitalist system."

"But can we vote the insiders out and the outsiders, our class, in?" asked Joe.

"I can't give a final answer to that," Bill replied, "but elections are roll calls to determine how many are ready to discharge the capitalist class."

The study class opened and the pals gave attention to the instructor.

First Socialist Mayor Mourns Passing of Morris Hillquit

By John C. Chase

One of the most moving tributes to the memory of the incomparable Morris Hillquit is the following, written as a letter to Mrs. Hillquit by John C. Chase, one of the founders of the Socialist party. Comrade Chase, a young shoemaker, was elected Socialist Mayor of Haverhill, Mass., in 1898 and re-elected several terms thereafter. In 1906, then a resident of New York, he was candidate for Governor, and he served several years as State Secretary of the party in that state.

THERE are no words adequate to express to you my sympathy for you personally at this time when not alone you and your family are mourning but when every one throughout the civilized world whose fortune it was to know Morris Hillquit is deeply mourning a great loss.

It was my great privilege to be associated with Comrade Hillquit in those days 'way back there when we all were young and laying the foundations of the movement which has always felt the masterly influence of his wonderful intellect.

Those days I have never forgotten nor the influence of Comrade Hillquit over those of us who were privileged to sit with him in the organization councils and conventions of those early days of the American Socialist movement.

In every crisis in the movement it was always certain that our Comrade Hillquit could be depended upon to see the right road to travel and with his calm and judicial mind, clarify every problem for all of us.

I have never realized until now that he and I were of practically the same age, for he always seemed to me in those days of thirty-odd years ago to be so much more experienced, so much better grounded in the ethics and the science of the working class movement that he seemed to bear a fatherly aspect to me, who considered myself a tyro and youngster.

I realize now, as never before, that Comrade Hillquit has literally given his life to the workers of the world, not in the sense of devoting his entire life to them only but by working for them up to the very last moment when his physical being could no longer stand the strain.

By this loyalty he gave years which might have been conserved for himself and for you, but his temperament would not allow of rest and the peaceful years that might have been possible.

While your personal loss is great you should not repine, for you can

always be consoled by the thought that your comrade husband did that which gave him satisfaction and happiness, even though he may have known that he was inviting death prematurely by his efforts during the later years of his life.

I know that words of sympathy are shallow; I know too that you will be deluged with many of them from all over the world. But I can assure you that none can be more sincere than mine when I say that a master mind has ceased to function, that a real man and a true martyr to the toiling masses has been taken from us.

His mighty influence will be felt long after those of us whom he left behind are also called.

So be brave in the consoling knowledge that you have journeyed through life with a heroic man, well-beloved in death as he was in life.

SOCIALISTS READY FOR SPANISH ELECTIONS

SPAIN'S stop-gap Premier, Martinez Barrios, after deciding that he would not face the Spanish Parliament after the drastic treatment of Senor Lerroux, one-week Premier, urged President Zamora to order an immediate General Election, which will be held Nov. 21, and the new Cortes assembles Dec. 8.

The greatest crisis in the short history of the Spanish Republic is thus launched.

The drastic decision caused a stir in every town and village of Spain.

Every movement—Royalist, Carlist, anarchist—at once raised its head in anticipation of intrigues and plots during the coming weeks.

Actually the struggle will be dramatic—and one to the death—between the Socialist Party and its numerous progressive adherents on one side and the Conservative forces, led by Senor Lerroux, the one-time Republican, on the other.

Behind the Lerroux supporters stands President Alcala Zamora, first Premier of Republican Spain, whose almost fanatical affection for the Jesuits caused the acute rift between him and his former colleagues, ex-Premier Azana's Socialist Cabinet.

It is around the President's increasing anti-Labor and Socialist leanings that the whole crisis has revolved.

Senor Lerroux, whom President Zamora had himself banned as unsuitable to be one of the leaders in the pre-Republican days, became his favorite.

Lerroux was picked to oust the Socialists from power and influence, but the scheme failed with Lerroux's crashing defeat the first time he faced the Cortes.

Spain's grave new problem is to elect a Parliament that genuinely reflects the country's views. That the campaign will be hard fought goes without saying.

The Socialist Party machine is ready for the battle, and the leaders enter the campaign in a spirit of confidence engendered by the thought of a task well done in the two years and more that the Socialists were the moving spirits in the government.

WEVD NEW LEADER SPEAKER

Dr. Joseph T. Shipley, dramatic editor of The New Leader, will be the speaker of The New Leader period of Station WEVD on Friday, Nov. 3rd, from 4:30 to 4:45 p. m.

Ben Blumenberg of The New Leader staff speaks on Friday, Oct. 27th, at the same time.

GETTING SET FOR



October 27th, 75th anniversary of the birth of Theodore Roosevelt, is being observed as Navy Day. In honor of the great occasion there is widespread propaganda for militarism and war—the "next" war that is going to be the "last" war. On screen and in editorial columns we learn how noble it is to prepare for war.

Crisis in France

By Siegfried Lipschitz

II. Paris.

Recent events in the French Chamber of Deputies make this article particularly timely and informative.

I HAVE repeatedly mentioned the conflicts within the French Socialist Party which reached a climax at the last party congress. The discussions centered around the French government budget for which a majority of the Socialist deputies had voted, thereby violating the decisions of the party congress at Avignon.

In reality the budgetary question was only the shield behind which the greater battle for and against the toleration of the left-bourgeois Daladier Government was fought. Everybody hoped that the Paris meeting would definitely clarify the issue but, as often happens after prolonged acrimonious debates, the result was very meager.

Faure, assisted by Blum, called upon the delegates to reprimand their parliamentarians for breach of discipline, whereupon the rightists made it known that such a public condemnation would mean an open split. Things, however, did not go so far. The adjournment of the congress signified a moral split which seems well nigh unbridgeable and which may soon be followed by an open party split.

Words and Deeds

The attitude of the right can be explained in a few words. French Socialism alone is too weak for the seizure of power. A policy of toleration is a vital necessity. Daladier and the bourgeois Left are the lesser evil against Tardieu and his conservative militaristic cohorts.

Were these practical if short-sighted considerations all, a great deal could be said in their defense. But the Neo-Socialists say one thing and mean another. They speak of new ways and new methods. What these phrases mean is clear. International Socialism and Marxism must be replaced by a

Socialism that in terms of national interest is strongly upon the class in order not to let the middle class take the lead. The German Social Democrats in these arguments to me that the German government is in a position against the Socialists, whatever you do to not very clear. Its attitude to many questions is clearly though the decisions of International Socialist have cleared their tent. Much in present party conflict and struggles within the German Social Democrats the opposition is always characterized by its foundism and excellence the right wing in power and execution will do no harm. The Socialists tried to learn from the bitter experience of German comrades.

Unfortunate position against the Socialists, whatever you do to not very clear. Its attitude to many questions is clearly though the decisions of International Socialist have cleared their tent. Much in present party conflict and struggles within the German Social Democrats the opposition is always characterized by its foundism and excellence the right wing in power and execution will do no harm. The Socialists tried to learn from the bitter experience of German comrades.

Unionist Party

There is one point highly illustrative of the labor movement, the rift between the two political organizations is close and reflects the cooperation of their leaders. Such a policy personal union, even if not confined to labor true of practice, even France. For whether they are willing to listen to the masses and result in influence which the Socialist Party, as a parliamentary party in government, is not. The French Union, the CGT, under the leadership of Jouhaux, the closest relationship and the union is assured. Nobody knows future relations will be there a union in Of course, this is not said to minimize the existing which are a tance to the masses of

WISDOM of the POOR FISH



The poor fish says that the better element, the solid citizens, never vote the Socialist ticket.

THE NEXT WAR



the bird ways in self-defense, of course, just as Adolf Hitler is training school children to throw hand grenades "in self-defense." Are we ready for the "next" war that is going to be the "last" war to be the "last" war after that? Work-ers of the World, unite and stop the war-makers!

Fresh Socialism

By Siegfried Lipshitz

ism think- ing and acting in of nation- alism. The So- cialist Party insist too much upon the "last" war that is going to be the "last" war to be the "last" war after that? Work-ers of the World, unite and stop the war-makers!

in France. It is simply an explanation of existing conditions and of a peculiar personal policy which fits the French character to an admirable extent, but which might fall decidedly short in the hour of need.

Clarification Needed

Undoubtedly, the French movement needs a clarification of its positions. But such a clarification will and cannot come as long as the great European problems are not clarified and have given way to a clearer picture where the Europe of 1933 really stands. It is quite convenient but senseless to abuse the right party wing and its all-embracing toleration policy as long as the lengthening shadows of a bellicose Hitler Germany rest on the waters of the Rhine and the "Third Reich," filled with a crusaders' spirit of hatred and vengeance, is rearming with feverish fanaticism. The tyrants of the Germany of today need a gain of several years which will give them an opportunity for the fulfillment of their deep-laid plans. A preventive war against Germany, repeatedly put forward by the bourgeois press, is refuted by all sections of French labor and the infinitely greater part of the peace loving French people. But this is only a small part of the new war dangers and of the problems which the conquest of Germany by the brown-shirted terror bands has raised for the whole world.

France, resting on her formidable strength, seems calm, but the calm surface hides a deep unrest and a growing fear of the 'morrow. Nobody knows what the convening of the Chamber will bring, least of all the French Socialists who are heatedly debating their future course. Then and there the question will appear again, how far the majority of the Socialist deputies intend to go in their toleration of the Daladier Government. [This, of course, was written before the fall of the Daladier Government.]

I believe, that the dangers of an extensive party split are overestimated. A great many of the right dissenters, who shout their opposition from the house-tops, will think it over and accept the party instructions. However, the split with the extreme right wing seems unavoidable, which will then have an opportunity to look for action in the broader and at present

Panken at Paris Congress On Democracy and Fascism

Because of a misunderstanding of what he said at the Paris Congress of the Labor and Socialist International, Jacob Panken requests that the below excerpts from his speech on democracy, Fascism and the NRA be placed before our readers.

PRESENT day democracy is not an ideal, neither can terrorism be made an ideal. Democracy to us in the Socialist movement does not mean merely the right to exercise the suffrage—the vote; it carries with it a great many other rights.

Out of the democratic methods employed in our country, in Great Britain, in France and elsewhere, we have obtained for our peoples the right of free speech, the right of a free press, the right of free assembly, the right of a strike, and these rights are weapons in the hands of the working class; weapons that, if properly used, must result in the acquisition on the part of the workers of greater power and even greater rights.

One of the things that this conference, in my judgment, should pronounce, is that in the democratic countries it has become the duty of the working class, and particularly of the Socialist movement, to defend democracy and so refuse, under any circumstances, to give up those rights which have been acquired by the workers. These are the weapons to be used in the acquisition of greater power by the proletariat.

The class-consciousness of the proletariat increases as the result of the acquisition of greater power. Through the use of the democratic weapon, within the capitalist framework, the workers were able to acquire, not only power but the means to a clearer and more intelligent understanding of their class interest and also their class power. Educational facilities, greater leisure, the freeing of the child from labor—all these were the results of the exercise of democratic methods as I define them. We cannot abandon the methods that democracy affords; our objective is Socialism and the proletariat must, in its revolutionary spirit, know the objective.

We in the United States believe that you in Europe may follow in the footsteps of America. What are we to do with this National Industrial Recovery Act? What are you to do with such an Industrial Recovery Act? We are taking advantage of the possibility inherent in the act. There is a definite gain to be had for the working class in America, for it will undoubtedly compel, as I have already told you, the Trade Union Movement to change its methods.

Labor is now face to face in the United States, as elsewhere, with some very serious problems. I do not fear a Fascist Government, although there are some comrades in America who believe that even in the United States there is a possibility of Fascism. I have no apprehension on that score. In 1880 we had the American Protestant Association, nationalist in its basis. We fought that and won. Then in 1922 and 1929 we had the revival of the Klu Klux Klan. Then came the Nordic movement. All

ent apparently promising field of national Socialism.

All this, of course, does not increase the forces and the striking power of the French proletariat. The problems of the French working class are today in the most dramatic sense of the word the problems of European peace. Only if it is possible to chain the mad war dogs of Europe, now rampant in Germany, then and only then will French labor be able to march forward from success to success.

these movements failed and they failed because we in the U. S. are more or less an international nation rather than a nationalistic nation. All the peoples of the world are represented in our community. There is no doubt that what is being attempted in the U. S. at this time is the beginning of State capitalism—a State capitalism which will permit of the continuance of the private ownership of the machinery of industry and use Government instrumentalities to collect on behalf of capitalism profits on commodities from the people of the nation as a whole. But as a result of the State capitalism which has been developed, there will follow the development of a more vigorous Labor movement, a more vigorous Socialist movement and as a result possibly an understanding between the Trade Union movement and the Socialist movement to the end that both work in the same direction.

Now we are concerned here with three propositions. The question is, what are we going to do in order to help Labor to acquire power. It is very difficult for the International to lay down cast iron rules for all the nations, because each nation has an entirely different economic development, an entirely different psychology, and different industrial implications. One thing, however, in my judgment, ought to be laid down as a guiding principle for all democratic countries, and that is that the agencies already available shall be used and defended by the workers. An abandonment or a refusal or failure to take advantage of them will do incalculable harm to the working class. The Socialist parties should put at the disposal of the workers their entire resources at any time that the proletariat is engaged in a struggle on the economic field.

What's in a Name?

To American comrades, who are used to hearing that we could easily win millions of adherents if we would only stop calling ourselves Socialists, it may be interesting to learn that in Belgium the cry is being raised that, in order to disarm middleclass and white-collar prejudices, the Labor Party (Parti ouvrier) ought to change its name to Socialist Party.

THE BRAY of THE WEEK



Well, Well, Well! Now Look Who's Hollering For a Little Freedom!

Libertarian note from Heinz Spanknoebel, Adolf Hitler's authorized agent in the United States, protesting against the prohibition of a Nazi-inspired meeting in New York:

"This is the damndest outrage ever worked on any people in a free country." And Heinz and his associate Nazis ought to be authorities on outrages upon "free" peoples.

(Send in your entries in the Bray of the Week contest. Prizes are given for winners.)

This "General" Smith

What a Joke He Is! But Let's Not Take Him Too Lightly

"GENERAL" ART J. SMITH is quite a joke; not that he and his crowd are so hilariously amusing to the working people they beat up and crippled in labor meetings they raided, nor to the idealist Athos Terzani who is being held for the murder of a comrade of his in a riotous meeting the "General" staged, but taking it by and large he and his crowd are pretty funny.

They call themselves the Khaki Shirts of America. Art is the "General," and titles are tossed around with gay abandon. The menagerie swarms with "Colonels" and "Majors" and "Adjutants." The appearance of the Khaki Shirts is pretty comical, too; khaki tunics and patent leather spiked helmets, the *Pickelhaube* that once topped off members of the Kaiser's army, and now worn by Munich and Innsbruck traffic cops.

"General" Art was going to "March on Washington," as Mussolini marched on Rome, as General Buller marched on Ladysmith, and as Mae West marched on Hollywood. He was going to take possession of the Capital and proclaim President Roosevelt Dictator. If Franklin D. declined, he might take the job himself. At any rate, the day of the rule of the people was over.

The March on Philadelphia

INSTEAD, however, of the March on Washington the cops marched on Art's headquarters in Philadelphia, and pinched a bevy of Majors and Brigadiers and Generalfeldmarshalls, all minor fry, and held them for violation of minor ordinances. The "General," however, had flown the coop because of charges of petty thievery or something like that.

Funny, of course. Side-splitting, evocative of belly-laughs. But before we laugh too uproariously let's look at a bit of history.

It is eleven years ago. Six nuts sitting at a table in a Munich beer hall, weeping into their steins over the woes of the world. *Ach, die Juden!* What would not they do if they got a chance at the accursed Jews! Six nuts, precisely like six nuts sitting at tables in Berlin and Greenwich Village, in Johannesburg and London, in Reykjavik and Christchurch, in Montevideo and Paganago, settling the problems that vex mankind, from sex and marriage to the Nebular Hypothesis. No one takes them seriously. . . .

A moron with a vacant look on his stupid face drifts in. He, too, hates the Jews. He, too, would like to do something. He is invited to sit down by the six nuts who tell him that they are the German National Socialist Labor Party . . . six non-workers, count them. The stranger counts himself in and becomes Member Number Seven. He is not a German; his name is Adolf Hitler, son of a Slovak mother and Austrian father named Alois Schückelgruber, who adopted his mother's maiden name to acquire a small inheritance. Being of pure non-Nordic blood (possibly at least one-quarter Jewish) he hates all non-Nordics with a wild, blazing passion possible only to a maniacal half-wit. He soon becomes Number One in the "party," for a gift of swaying people by a curious kind of oratory is discovered in him.

Warning

HE goes to the street corners, climbs on tables in beer-halls. He curses the "criminals" who give him the right to rant so insanely. He curses Jews, Frenchmen, Socialists, liberals, pacifists—everybody.

On May Day, 1922, he proclaims in his lordly way that if the Socialists celebrate there will be bloodshed . . . just like Art Smith, you see.

The Socialists meet in the Meadow, hundreds of thousands of them, with red flags and stirring music, to dedicate themselves to Liberty, Justice, Democracy, Equality—to Peace. It is a glorious, an inspiring spectacle.

Over in a beer-garden the half-wit is haranguing a congregation of just such derelicts as you can gather any day on the park benches. He is telling what he will do when he rules Germany. . . . What a hilarious joke!

The Day comes. Schückelgruber-Hitler is at the *Bürgerbräuhaus*. The air is tense with excitement. The Leader leaps upon a table and fires a revolver into the air and shouts "*Deutschland, erwache!*" "Germany, Awake!" In the excitement seventeen people are killed. The Leader falls on his belly, plays dead and thus escapes for a while. Later he is caught and jailed.

In jail he broods even more, and composes the literary atrocity known as "*Mein Kampf*," known as the world's craziest book. (It has sold over a million copies!) He is soon released as a harmless nut, a menace to nobody and to nothing. And since then . . .

. . . "General" Art Smith and all the other would-be Fascist leaders are likewise very funny indeed. But it may be wise not to let our sense of humor get the better of us.

Cooper Waging Great Fight In Olean

FROM Olean, N. Y., comes the news that John G. Cooper, Socialist mayoralty candidate, is waging a strong campaign that bids fair to be victorious.

Comrade Cooper joined the party in April 1907, and has been a member of the party ever since. In 1932, he was nominated for Congress in the 42nd District, consisting of Allegany, Chautauque, and Cattaraugus counties, and in Cattaraugus county alone the Socialist Party enrollment increased from 90 to 635, over 700%! In the coming elections twice this vote is hoped for.



John G. Cooper

Comrade Cooper is one of the most enthusiastic of The New Leader boosters.

Cooper stresses in his campaign the urgent need for municipal ownership of public utilities, the need of water, gas, electricity, milk, and garbage disposal plants, stressing the fact that the city should make money as well as spend it.

At a dinner given by the Young Socialist League of Olean, he said: "The city must keep up a fire department at great expense, but it dare not sell fire insurance to help pay the cost of that department. It must keep up a police department for the protection of the citizens' lives and property, but it dare not sell burglary insurance to help sustain the cost of that department. . . . Why can't we enter into wealth-producing utilities instead of paying tribute to the power trust, gas trust and other profit-taking businesses operating here?"

Cooper has splendid backing in the young but strong Olean local in his campaign. This local was formed in March, 1932, by a dozen earnest comrades. Cooper was elected organizer, which office he still holds. The local grew by leaps and bounds under Cooper's leadership and proved its worth in the 1932 election. Its strength has increased until, to quote Comrade Cooper, "We now have a local powerful enough to be a strong threat to the capitalist parties in this city; and there is a very decided possibility that we will carry the city of Olean in the coming election."

However, Comrade Cooper shows no inclination to rest upon his laurels. He has spoken at numerous rallies and at the League of Women Voters as well as at the Young Socialist dinner. Aided by the local, he continues to bring the Socialist program before the people.

Thomas Speaks at Anti-Fascist Meeting in Chicago

CHICAGO. — Norman Thomas will speak at a big demonstration of solidarity for the victims of Fascism, Sunday, October 29, at 1:30, at the Hull House Auditorium, Halstead and Polk Streets.

Norman Thomas, chairman of the Terzani Defense Committee, will be the principal speaker. Others will be Prof. G. Bertelli of the Italian Socialist Federation, A. Cavorso, V. Buttis, A. Thomas, U. Galassi and P. Porfiri. The chairman will be S. Pollo, well-known Milwaukee Socialist. The demonstration is under the auspices of the Italian Socialist Federation and other Italian political groups of Chicago.

The meeting is held in response to the appeal of the Women's International Matteotti Committee of Essex, England. All readers of this paper in Chicago and vicinity are urged to attend.

An Open Letter to Frances Perkins

By Gertrude Weil Klein

MY Dear Miss Perkins:

I notice you are addressing many women's organizations all over the country. I think that's a good thing. It may help them to acknowledge their duties and responsibilities as citizens. Perhaps it will make them understand the close tie between economics and government—between the battle to live on the face of this earth and that nebulous quantity—politics. Of the thousands of women who have the bitterly-fought-for franchise, not more than half use it.

There is, however, one large group of women, politically literate and socially responsible. These women you will probably not find the occasion to address. I am sorry. I understand that once (when you were young and reckless?) you were deeply sympathetic to, perhaps part of, their cause. I refer, of course, to the women in the Socialist Party. Women cannot support the seemingly-Socialist meas-



G. W. Klein

ures which you are helping to advance through the NRA. Does this seem like a paradox? Do you share the opinion that we are just a lot of chronic malcontents? A liberal friend of mine said recently, "If you Socialists had elected a Congressman and he was successful in putting through some of the measures which the NRA is fighting for, you would consider it a great victory." Perhaps. It would depend very much upon whether the measures were regarded as a solution for our economic ills, or whether they were accepted merely as immediate palliatives for our millions of distressed workers.

By the National Administration, by the industrial leaders who have been coaxed into accepting it, the NRA is an extremely radical step to be used only during this unprecedented emergency. From our point of view, some NRA measures which may redound to the benefit of the workers are simple social reforms which should have been part of the program of any intelligent, socially-minded administration during any normal period. (We must remember that even in our "normal" periods we have an unemployed army of nearly 2,000,000). For our times they are totally inadequate.

As far as we are concerned the NRA is a failure on both counts—both as an immediate help and as a

long-time plan for recovery. We are for the most part white-collar workers, or the wives of white-collar workers, or both. Because we have no powerful labor unions to fight for us we are caught between the relentless jaws of lowered wages and rising living costs.

If the President takes the next seemingly inevitable step and inflates the dollar we are hopelessly sunk. For us the \$15 minimum set by the NRA is becoming with terrifying frequency, the rock-bound maximum. For our unemployed re-employment, when it does come, is at the minimum wage even if salaries previously earned were as high as \$50 or higher. In the State of New York, the richest state in our suffering country, the State Department of Education is about to cut the \$15 wage paid to teachers employed by the Emergency Relief Administration.

From the broader aspect, we again see only collapse ahead. (This is not wishful thinking. A beaten, despairing, starved-out working class such as we now have is poor ground for Socialist teaching.) We see collapse ahead, because the recovery program is based on an economic fallacy. What the President, what you, Miss Perkins, and the others working with you are trying to do—i.e., restore business to a politely profitable basis, eliminate cut-throat competition, and at the same time give to the workers enough money in the form of wages so that they will be able to answer your plea of "Buy Now" is simply a mathematical impossibility. (To Be Continued)

On the other hand, the reformist policies of the Social-Democratic Party hoping by means of class collaboration to improve in an enduring manner conditions of the working class and to prepare its accession to power have not only not led to the goal but have been revealed as a source of weakness for the proletariat in its fight against Fascism.

The German events condemn at one and the same time the failure of the Communist policy of division and the reformist policy of Socialism. The experience of the last year has demonstrated that the prolonged economic crisis, the frenzied attempts of the bourgeoisie to maintain its privileges in spite of all and to maintain by all means its position from the menace of Socialism, place before the Labor and peasant parties the necessity of fighting to realize Socialism as the immediate objective of their struggle.

The only choice before these classes is that between complete destruction under Fascism and the immediate struggle for Socialism. The conference declares that it is not the task of the Socialist parties to attempt to straighten out the capitalist world or even to collaborate in such attempts. It declares on the contrary that by whatever means they are going to achieve power they must not secure the exercise of power within the structure of the capitalist regime, but must utilize power in order to destroy the bourgeois state and install the dictatorship of the revolutionary party during the period of Socialist construction.

During the period of struggle for the conquest of power as well as later during the exercise of power, the Socialist parties must remain faithful to the principle of proletarian democracy which is the only guarantee for the development of the dictatorship by the revolutionary classes into a dictatorship of the workers and peasants. Dictatorship must be exercised under the permanent control of organizations free to negotiate, to choose their representatives and to determine themselves their line of action.

STORIES of the NRA

Do you know of any cases of nibbling at the NRA in a code industry? We recently asked our readers to report cases of violations. Do not rely on gossip and do not exaggerate. We want the facts. Here are a few reports from the NRA front.

It has been brought to our attention by the owners of the leading cafes of Waco, who are members of the National Restaurant Association, that the very fountain-heads of Waco enforcement officials for the NRA have been ignoring the ver: terms of the Blue Eagle regulations themselves; and this in the face of protests of these leading restaurant men who have subscribed to the Blue Eagle.

The complaint is that these organizations have been persistently holding their banquets in the Raleigh Hotel Restaurant, which, we learn, has not subscribed to the NRA, and who have, we are told, been paying their waitresses as low as \$2.50 per week and charging for breakage of dishes.

These banquets have been continued for a month or more, we understand, over the repeated protests of the Waco Local of the National Restaurant Association.

These cafe men are greatly incensed over the matter and have sent their protest to President Roosevelt.

Not only this violation by our "would-be" high-up "patriots" and "civic leaders," but we are also told that the News-Tribune—tool of the "big boys"—has for some reason failed to publish this violation when it has been brought to their attention.

Signers,
Waco (Texas) Socialist Local.

eral countries been expressed in the rise of Fascism.

This goal can only be reached by the elaboration of a program and by the development of activities capable of rallying the middle classes who are plunged in growing misery due to the present regime, by extending to them a guarantee of the provision of work through the Socialist solution of the crisis.

The fight against Fascism is intimately bound up with the fight against the crisis. The Vienna Congress of the L.S.I. aptly characterized the crisis as a crisis of the regime itself, which cannot be conquered except by a series of measures constituting the first step towards the transformation of the present regime into a Socialist regime.

The experience of the last two years have only confirmed this point of view. They have on the one hand demonstrated the incapacity of the capitalist governments in face of the crisis in their respective countries and on the failure of all the economic conferences called together to find a solution of the crisis on a general international basis.

The conference declares that it would be vain to awaken the hopes of the working masses by making them believe that new efforts on the part of capitalist governments (Continued on Page Seven)

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The Paris Minority Report

This is the most important of three resolutions supported by 18 delegates at the recent Paris International Socialist Conference. Four of the six American delegates voted for it.

RECENT events in Germany constitute a serious defeat for the international working class.

In one of the most highly industrialized countries in the world, where the working class possessed powerful organizations, during an economic crisis which demonstrates in conclusive manner the failure of the capitalist system, the most savage of all the capitalist dictatorships, the Hitler dictatorship, has just gained its victory.

A brutal and bloody fight against the Labor movement, the enslavement of the working masses, an unleashed nationalism coupled with a ferocious antisemitism have been the characteristics of the first phase of the new German regime.

Hitler as the servant of German capitalism has succeeded, by means of a semi-radicalism in the sphere of social policy as well as by means of chauvinist demagoguery, in attracting to his movement millions of people belonging to the ruined middle classes and numerous unemployed who have been driven to despair by the persistence of their misery. These are the elements which see in Hitlerism a promise of economic and national emancipation and supported by the armed forces of the government who have turned Fascist, have secured the victory of Fascism in Germany.

This victory has on the other hand been helped by the grave errors committed by the German working class party.

The Labor forces were on the one hand paralyzed by a tragic division which was to a great extent the result of the policy of the Communists who considered as the principal enemy of the working class, not the steadily more menacing forces of Fascism, but Social-Democracy.

On the other hand, the reformist policies of the Social-Democratic Party hoping by means of class collaboration to improve in an enduring manner conditions of the working class and to prepare its accession to power have not only not led to the goal but have been revealed as a source of weakness for the proletariat in its fight against Fascism.

The German events condemn at one and the same time the failure of the Communist policy of division and the reformist policy of Socialism.

The experience of the last year has demonstrated that the prolonged economic crisis, the frenzied attempts of the bourgeoisie to maintain its privileges in spite of all and to maintain by all means its position from the menace of Socialism, place before the Labor and peasant parties the necessity of fighting to realize Socialism as the immediate objective of their struggle.

The only choice before these classes is that between complete destruction under Fascism and the immediate struggle for Socialism. The conference declares that it is not the task of the Socialist parties to attempt to straighten out the capitalist world or even to collaborate in such attempts. It declares on the contrary that by whatever means they are going to achieve power they must not secure the exercise of power within the structure of the capitalist regime, but must utilize power in order to destroy the bourgeois state and install the dictatorship of the revolutionary party during the period of Socialist construction.

During the period of struggle for the conquest of power as well as later during the exercise of power, the Socialist parties must remain faithful to the principle of proletarian democracy which is the only guarantee for the development of the dictatorship by the revolutionary classes into a dictatorship of the workers and peasants. Dictatorship must be exercised under the permanent control of organizations free to negotiate, to choose their representatives and to determine themselves their line of action.

The Conference appeals to the international working class for the most efficient material and moral support of the Socialist movement of Germany which is fighting courageously against Hitlerism under the most difficult and most horrible conditions. The Conference makes it a duty of all Socialist parties to organize an economic political and moral boycott of Hitler Germany.

But the Conference is conscious of the fact that the struggle against Fascism in the countries under Fascist domination as well as in the other countries cannot become efficacious without a clearly and precisely defined line of policy.

The dissolution of the present regime makes the existence of capitalism within the framework of bourgeois democracy more and more impossible. Capitalism itself is turning Fascist. That is why the fight against Fascism can only be led by forces which are resolutely anti-Fascist and by a decided adherence to Socialist reconstruction of society.

It is evident that the working class will defend energetically its democratic achievements against all reactionary attempts, but the struggle against Fascism cannot have as its goal the maintenance or re-establishment of bourgeois democracy which is based on economic inequality but that of constructing a real Socialist democracy.

In view of the fact that Fascism is the proof of the lack of hesitation of the bourgeoisie to depart from its own legality when it considers it useful in order to defend its privileges, it is necessary that the working class begins to prepare at once for a struggle by all the means which may secure victory.

In most countries this implies an adaptation of Socialist organizations to the new conditions of the struggle. Whilst continuing their normal activities the Socialist parties will prepare without fail for the necessities of direct action.

The conference calls the attention of the working class to the need for conducting towards Socialism the middle classes who have been impoverished by the crisis and whose revolt has in sev-

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Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St.
Tickets . . \$1.00
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Sunday, October 29th, 2:30 P. M.

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Where Your Union Meets

BONNAZ, SINGER EMBROIDERERS' UNION, Local 66, I.L.G.W.U., 7 East 15th St. Phone ALgonquin 4-3657-5658. Executive Board Meets Every Tuesday Night in the Office of the Union. Z. L. Freedman, President; Leon Hattab, Manager; Joe Goff, Secretary-Treasurer.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION, Local 9
Office and headquarters, Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, 949 Willoughby Ave. Phone STagg 2-4621. Office open daily except Saturday from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Regular meetings every Tuesday evening. Fred Pfaff, Pres.; Al. Bayerle, Vice-Pres.; Charles Pfaff, Fin. Sec'y; Milton Rowcroft, Rec. Cor. Sec'y; Frank F. Lutz, Treasurer; Andrew Streit, Business Agent.

CLOTHING WORKERS OF AMERICA, New York Joint Board, 31 West 15th St., New York, N. Y. Phone Tompkins Square 6-5400. L. Hollender, J. Catalano, Managers; Abraham Miller, Secretary-Treasurer

CAP MAKERS' UNION, Local No. 1
Tel. Orchard 4-9860. Regular meetings every 1st and 3rd Saturday. Executive Board meets every Monday. All meetings are held at 133 Second Avenue, New York City.

FUR DRESSERS' UNION, Local 2, International Fur Workers Union, Office and headquarters, 949 Willoughby Ave., Brooklyn; STagg 2-0799. Reg. meetings 1st and 3rd Mondays. President, Robert Glass; Vice Pres., Stephen Tobasko; Business Agent, Morris Reiss; Secretary, Samuel Mjndel; Treasurer, Albert Heib.

THE AMALGAMATED LADIES' GARMENT CUTTERS' UNION, Local No. 10, I. L. G. W. U. Office, 109 W. 38th St.; Phone Wis. 7-8011. Executive Board meets every Thursday at the office of the Union. Maurice W. Jacobs, Pres.; Samuel Perlmutter, Mgr. Sec'y; Morris W. Jacobs, Chairman of Exec. Board; Louis Stalberg, Asst. Mgr.

THE INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION, 3 West 16th Street, New York City. Phone Chelsea 3-2148. David Dubinsky, President.

AMALGAMATED LITHOGRAPHERS OF AMERICA, New York Local No. 1. Offices, Amalfone Bldg., 205 West 14th St.; Phone Wat-

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Questions and Discussion

World Fellowship of Faiths

Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1933, at 8:15 p.m., Hotel New Yorker, 34th St. & 8th Ave.
SPEAKERS: Mrs. Raj Dular, Nehru of India on "Hindu Women in World Progress." Pandit Shri Shridhara Nehru, I.C.S., author, scientist and researcher on "Shall the Withered Tree Come Back to Verdure?" Bishop Francis J. McConnell and Dr. Shankar. All are welcome.

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Local 24. Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International Union
Downtown office, 640 Broadway, phone Spring 7-4548; uptown office, 30 W. 37th St., phone Wisconsin 7-1270. Executive Board meets every Tuesday evening, 8 P. M. Manager, N. Spector; Sec'y-Treas., Alex. Rose; Organizers, I. H. Goldberg, A. Mendelowitz, M. Goodman, Lucy Oppenheim; Chairman of Executive Board, Morris Rosenblatt; Secretary of Executive Board, Saul Hodos.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS' UNION
Local 584, I. U. of T. Office: 259 W. 14th St., City. Local 531 meets on 3rd Thursday of the month at Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth St. Executive Board meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Beethoven Hall, 210 E. Fifth Street. Thomas O'Leary, Pres.; Chas. Green, Business Agent; Max Liebler, Sec'y-Treas.

SEE THAT YOUR MILK MAN WEARS OUR EMBLEM.
NECKWEAR MAKERS' UNION, Local 11016, A. F. of L., 7 East 15th St. Phone ALgonquin 4-7084. Joint Executive Board meets every Tuesday night at 7:30. Board meets every Tuesday night at 8:00 in the office. Ed Gottesman, Secretary-Treasurer.

"NEW YORK TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION No. 6, Office and headquarters, 24 West 16th St., N. Y. Meets every 3rd Sunday of every month at Stuyvesant High School 15th St. East of 2nd Ave. Phone Tompkins Sq. 6-7470. Austin Hewson, President; Daniel McCauley, Vice-President; James J. McGrath, Secretary-Treasurer; J. J. Fahy, J. J. Bambrick, John Sullivan, Organizers.

WHITE GOODS WORKERS' UNION
Local 62 of I. L. G. W. U. 3 West 16th St., New York City. Phone Chelsea 3-5756-5757. A. Snyder, Manager S. SHORE, Executive Supervisor.

"Footlight Parade" opens in Brooklyn

New Warner Musical Starts Run at the Strand

With a cast headed by a dozen popular screen favorites, "Footlight Parade," Warner Bros. newest musical successor to "42nd Street" and "Gold Diggers," will arrive on the screen of the Brooklyn Warner Strand Theatre for an indefinite engagement starting today.

The screen play by Manuel Seff and James Seymour is a story of back-stage life, and deals with a young musical comedy director who loses his head when talking pictures supplant musicals on the stage and turns to making prologues for motion picture theatres on a wholesale scale.

Two teams of players furnish the love interest played by James Cagney and Joan Blondell, and Ruby Keeler and Dick Powell with Renee Whitney and Claire Dodd as the gold-digging damsels. A quartet of comedians are responsible for the hilarity. They are Frank McHugh, Guy Kibbee, Ruth Donnelly and Hugh Herbert. Others in the cast include Gordon Westcott, Arthur Hohl, Philip Faversham, Barbara Rogers, Juliet Ware, Paul Porcasi, Charles Wilson and Wm. Granger.

MUSIC

FORREST THEATRE, West 49th St.
OPENING TUES. EVE., OCT. 31
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Under the direction of F. C. Coppicus
Featuring the International Sensation
"The Green Table" and others
Tickets at Box Office (Tel. CH. 4-7070)
Prices: Opening Night \$4.40, \$3.30, \$2.20, \$1.10, thereafter \$1.10 to \$3.30.
Sat. Mat. \$1.10 to \$2.20.
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TOWN HALL, Tues. Eve., Nov. 14, 8:15 LEO

Piano Recital **ORNSTEIN**
ARTISTS' SERVICE Steinway Piano

PHILHARMONIC SYMPHONY
WALTER, Conductor
AT CARNEGIE HALL
This Afternoon at 3:00
Soloist: ALFRED WALLENSTEIN
TARTINI-BRUCKNER Program
Thursday Eve., 8:45; Friday Aft., 2:30
BACH, STRAUSS, THOMPSON
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Special rates to readers and organizations supporting The New Leader.

In Long Awaited Premiere at the Fifth Ave. Playhouse



A scene from the much discussed Jean Cocteau film, "The Blood of a Poet," which opens at Ricci's Fifth Avenue Playhouse next Thursday.

"Dance Girl, Dance," Musical Film, at Mayfair—"Blind Adventure" Opens Monday

"Dance Girl, Dance," current at the Mayfair Theatre, is the latest musical out of Hollywood. Present-

Thomashefsky's INTERNATIONAL MUSIC HALL
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SENSATIONAL!
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20 FOREIGN STARS
in a 4 1/2 Hour Entertainment
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This Sun. Eve. at 8:15 sharp
UDAY SHAN-KAR
and His Company of Hindu Dancers
Seats now on sale. 75c to \$2 (plus tax)
Mgt. Hurek Musical Bureau, Inc., 511 5th Ave.

(Continued from 2B)
Kate Gerber, Emy Levin, Blanche Lichtenberg, Esther Friedman. Thursday, Nov. 2, 2 p.m., 65th St. and Bay Parkway, Brooklyn—Blanche Lichtenberg, Esther Friedman. Friday, Nov. 3, 2 p.m., Fordham and Walton Aves., Bronx—Estelle Abramson, Kate Gerber, Emy Levin, Blanche Lichtenberg, Esther Friedman.
MANHATTAN
East Side Branches.—Banquet, Sunday, Oct. 29, 8:30, People's House, 7 East 15th Street.
Village Branch.—Special meeting, Monday, Oct. 30, at new headquarters, 18 Jones St. Campaign rally at headquarters, Nov. 1st.
Upper West Side (100 West 72nd St.).—Branch meeting, Monday, Oct. 31, 8:30. Instructions to watchers.
11th A. D.—Volunteers for literature distribution and for watching communicate at once with William Hade, 403 West 115th St.
12th A. D.—Meeting, Tuesday, Oct. 31, at 71 Irving Place. Watchers and canvassers needed. Branch will soon have a showing of radical film.
Morningside Heights.—Room A, International Hall, 500 Riverside Drive. Meeting, Tuesday, Oct. 31: Comrade Keyes on "Fascism."
Washington Heights.—Executive meeting, Monday; important business, including new headquarters.
Greek Branch (112 West 28th St.).—Meeting, Tuesday, Oct. 31.
BRONX
2nd A. D.—All members drafted for watchers on Election Day.
4th A. D.—Meeting at 904 Prospect Ave., 8:30, Tuesday, Oct. 24. Literature distribution on large scale arranged. At educational meeting open discussion of first section of the Communist Manifesto.

On Your MUST List

Jean Cocteau, whose name for years has been in the forefront of every new artistic movement in Paris, has at last made a film. It is such a departure from accepted cinema forms that, even in the land of experiment, the commercial companies respectfully thanked Cocteau, and left him to produce it himself—which partly explains, perhaps, why he calls it "The Blood of a Poet." Safely past the censor, "The Blood of a Poet" has come to the theatre that is traditionally the haven of the new in the film world; on Thursday, Nov. 2nd, it opens at the Fifth Avenue Playhouse. Whatever one may think after seeing it, Jean Cocteau's film is one not to be missed. The current bill at the Playhouse is "Waltz Time," the successful British film starring Evelyn Laye.

ing Evalyn Knapp, Ada May and a group of Hollywood dancing girls, it is said to be a tuneful picture of back-stage life in vaudeville theatres and New York night clubs.

Starting Monday, the Mayfair will offer the first New York showing of "Blind Adventure," the new Radio picture with Robert Armstrong, Helen Mack and Ralph Bellamy.

NEW YORK HIPPODROME

Chicago Opera Company
Recognized Home of \$1 Top Grand Opera
ALFREDO SALMAGGI, Director
SUN. MAT. 2:45. DIE WALKURE
Mmes. Steinway, Morton, France, Aest. Ryan, Royce, Redder, Lanvin, Canning, Homer, Edwards, Mrs. Fausnacht, Nilsson, Challis, Cond. Lohse.
Sun. Eve. LA BOHEME
Mon. Eve. (debut La Rae). LUCIA
Tuesday. CAVALLERIA-PAGLIACCI
Wednesday. IL TROVATORE
Thursday. NORMA
Friday. FAUST
Sat. Mat. TRAVIATA
Sat. Eve. AIDA
Mmes. Garotto, Monroe, Mrs. Telford, Frigerio, Interrante, Ruisi. Conductor Plotnikoff.
Prices: 25c, 35c, 55c, 83c, \$1.10
Box Office Opens at Noon Sunday!

DANCE RECITALS
Eight Dance Recitals, Nov. 17, Dec. 2, Jan. 6, Jan. 20, Feb. 17, Mar. 10, Mar. 31, April 21

Ella Findlay Dancers Tamiris
Edwin Strawbridge Ruth Page
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Irving Place and 16th St.
\$2.50 for the series of eight recitals. Mail orders to Students' Dance Recitals, 32 Union Square (Stu. 9-1991). Also on sale at Lord & Taylor's and Wanamaker's.

tion of the Communist Manifesto.
Amalgamated Cooperative.—Concert and ball huge success. 500 present. Literature distribution Sunday from headquarters, 3447 Jerome Ave. Yipsels, help!
BROOKLYN
Downtown (157 Montague St.).—Successful card party and dance, Saturday, Oct. 28, at 901 Washington Ave. Branch school to commence shortly after election. Next business meeting Thursday evening, Nov. 2, at headquarters. Assignments for the watchers will be made.
Midwood (1401 Kings Highway).—Special pre-election business meeting Tuesday, Oct. 31, 8:30 p.m. No business meeting on Monday, Oct. 30. Branch calls on all members with automobiles to appear at headquarters Saturday, 3 p.m., for parade through streets advertising James Madison High School meeting. Forum begins Nov. 14th with Dr. Bohn.
Brighton Beach.—Forum will commence Friday night after election. Autumn festival and dance, Nov. 26. Next branch meeting Monday, Oct. 30, 8:30.
11th A. D. (901 Washington Ave.).—Tuesday, Oct. 31, 8:45, political symposium.
16th A. D.—Bensonhurst Unit of Socialist Women, regular meeting Wednesday, Nov. 1, 2 p.m., in Mrs. Taubkin's house, 7005 19th Ave.
18th A. D., Branch 1 (1686 President St.).—Meeting Tuesday, Oct. 31. Entertainment and dance at headquarters Nov. 11. Nov. 10th, first forum event. Louis Waldman: "The Lessons of the Recent Campaign."
18th A. D., Branch 2 (844 Utica Ave.).—Saturday evening, Beer Party and Dance.
22nd A. D.—Meetings in Workmen's Circle School No. 2, Hendrix and Livonia Ave., Tuesday evenings until further notice. Banquet last Saturday very successful.

Go to the Avon for "The Pursuit of Happiness"!

"LIFE, LIBERTY, AND—"
"THE PURSUIT OF HAPPINESS." By Alan Child and Isabella Loudon. At the Avon. Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Langner (in confessed disguise) have brought down from Westport an ingenious comedy, set in a Connecticut town in the midst of the American Revolution, and exhibiting many amusing yet serious conflicts in still vital points of view. The Hessian who deserts the British cause for the new ideal of "running after happiness" comes into a Puritan community, yet most pleasantly he "bundles" the Captain's daughter; while the militia captain, himself marking a distinct contrast with the hypocritical sheriff and the sincere but bigoted reverend, envies the easy ways of the gentleman from Virginia—whose attitude toward the Negro servant suggests still other problems, inconsistencies, and incongruous if not irreconcilable attitudes, in this wide land of equality and freedom. Or so they say.

All of this is, however, but the incidental suggestion of what is on the surface a technically deft light comedy, with many flavorful lines, especially those connected with Meg (Dennie Moore), the pretty servant who, though she often heeds the call of the flesh, obeys that impulse only with patriots—three lines, at least, about Meg, one bringing down the final curtain, bring down the house. The bundling scene is an engaging mixture of comedy and romance; the satire slips aside as we watch charming Peggy Conklin and the next matinee idol, Tonio Selwart, in their love scene. (Only the authors should not rely upon the audience overlooking the fact that the Hessian, familiar with the

Paul Muni in "The World Changes"—World Premiere at the Hollywood

"The World Changes," starring Paul Muni in his first motion picture

Song of Solomon in German, must know that "the voice of the turtle" refers to the turtle-dove! Nonetheless, those who embark upon the pursuit of happiness may come close to their goal, any night at the Avon. J. T. S.

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OUTSTANDING REBEL
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'THE BLOOD OF A POET'

"A POWERFUL INDICTMENT OF MODERN SOCIETY'S COMPLACENCY IN THE FACE OF A NEW CRUCIFIXION OF HUMANITY."

The Most Amazing
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Presents

MOLIERE'S COMEDY WITH MUSIC

THE SCHOOL FOR HUSBANDS

Adapted in rhyme by

ARTHUR GUITERMAN and LAWRENCE LANGNER

with OSGOOD PERKINS and JUNE WACKER

Music by EDMOND W. RICKETT

EMPIRE THEATRE, B'WAY and 40th STREET

Eves., 8:40. Mats., Thurs. and Sat. 2:40

THE THEATRE GUILD presents

EUGENE O'NEILL'S Comedy

AH, WILDERNESS!

with GEORGE M. COHAN

GUILD THEA., 52nd St. West of B'way. Eves., 8:20

Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:20

FRANK MERLIN
presents

The WORLD WAITS

A new play by

GEORGE F. HUMMEL

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Evenings at 8:40. Matinees

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"DIE FLEDERMAUS" IN AS PERFECT A FORM AS MONEY AND ART CAN BUY... it was the singing and frolicking of the cast that made the entertainment tonic to Saturday evening's appreciative first-nighters! Hammond, Herald Tribune

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WOOD FORD MEADER

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Adapted from Johann Strauss' famous Viennese operetta "Die Fledermaus."

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Bochard, World-Telegram

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MACK - RALPH BELLAMY

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A Sequel to "Of Thee I Sing"

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"A smart and bawdy satire... A WOLF IN SHEEP'S CLOTHING"

—Percy Hammond, Herald Trib.

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"A merry mixture of folklore and

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* THREE RADIO RAMBLERS

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* Dave SCHOOER

and a big Act

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Spencer TRACY in "The Mad Game"

EXTRA ADDED! Real Gridiron Action!

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with HOWARD JONES, Lou Little,

Harry Kipke, Dick Hanley, Red Grange

and Many Stars

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LESLIE HOWARD

"BERKELEY SQUARE"

with HEATHER ANGEL

plus a "Roxy"

Stage Show

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CHARLES LAUGHTON

in

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—plus no stage—

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featuring 100 Artists in

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JACK PEARL BARON

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"Schnozzle"

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"MEET THE BARON"

EDNA MAY OLIVER - ZASU PITTS

TED HEALY - STOOGES

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Rudy VALLEE

and his CONNECTICUT YANKEES

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CAPITOL Broadway

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Maj. Edward Bowes, Man'g Dir.

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"Grips the spectator

from start to finish"

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THE HIT OF TWO SEASONS!

9 MONTHS ON BROADWAY

"The Play I've Enjoyed Most

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ONE "The Kind of a Play I

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SUNDAY AFTERNOON

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48th ST. THEATRE Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat. \$1 to \$2

East of B'way SEATS NOW FOR ELECTION AND THANKSGIVING DAY MATINEES

"Four Star Hit"—News

The Minority Report

(Continued from Page Six)
could provide them with a remedy for their misery.

The conference expresses its conviction that a Socialist government which attacks the very sources of the capitalist system is capable of succeeding by utilizing all productive sources in eliminating unemployment and preparing in this way the basis of an international Socialist economic system.

This problem can only be realized by a government representing the interests of the workers, the peasants and all those impoverished people who are suffering from the crisis. That is why the struggle for the conquest of power

cannot be separated from the struggle against the crisis and why the seizure of power by the revolutionary classes is the necessary condition for a solution of the crisis and the problem of unemployment.

The conference registers the impotence and the default of all international organizations founded by capitalist governments such as the League of Nations, the Disarmament Conference, the Economic Conference, etc.

The conference affirms that the working classes can expect nothing from these institutions and that they can only count on their own efforts in their struggle against Fascism, the crisis and war.

(Signed) Alter ("Bund" Poland), Andreesen (Estonia), Bianco (Italy), Boconi (Italy), Erlich ("Bund" Poland), Felix (U. S. A.), Krueger (U. S. A.), Levinson (U. S. A.), Senior (U. S. A.), Pivert (France), Zyromske (France), Spaak (Belgium).

PROGRESS IN IDAHO

By H. H. Freedheim

SOCIALISTS from ten counties convened in Twin Falls Sunday, Sept. 24, to formulate a state platform and organization policies. Dr. Geo. A. Aupperle, Idaho Falls, was elected chairman and D. P. Donahue secretary. A. L. Adams, Huston, spoke upon the NRA and said he would not oppose it because it sets up machinery that could be used in a step towards a planned economy. Freedheim read the New Declaration of Independence written by the Continental Congress. The Co-operative Commonwealth Federation plan of Canada was explained and discussed.

C. G. Hall, Caldwell, spoke on the machine and its effect upon social conditions. C. H. Felton, Boise, suggested that Socialists spend less time criticizing capitalism and more time in constructing the future. He suggested that too much detail be left out and the main effort be concentrated upon getting authority. He proposed a resolution "that an economic organization be formed within the S.P. of Idaho to make a survey for the application of socialist principles in a co-operative commonwealth in the state."

The office of the party will be in Pocatello. A rising vote of thanks was extended to Freedheim for his efforts in the two years he held that office. State executive committee elected T. J. Conrad, H. T. Owens, Geo. A. Aupperle, Ray Overhulse, H. H. Freedheim, A. L. Adams, A. G. Spaur, C. H. Felton, C. Dean, Ralph Collings, James Pendlebury, and J. I. Reid, D. P. Donahue, secretary.

An appeal was made by Ralph Collings, Jerome, for each Socialist to make it a point to convert 50 others. Also an appeal was made to every comrade that the least he could do would be to build the Socialist party press. Dates and arrangements were made for W. R. Snow to lecture several weeks in Idaho after Oct. 1. A. L. Adams gave a talk on the debt burden and its relation to the class struggle. It was suggested that plans be made for a Continental Congress in December or January. A call was made for organizing to the point of having the 2600 delegates in convention by the first Tuesday of August, 1934, in order to be on the ballot. We are on the march in Idaho.

Virginia

By David George

The Socialist campaign has attracted favorable attention. Enlist now for work in the campaign by addressing the campaign manager, David G. George, at state headquarters, 819 West Cary St., Richmond.

For the first time in its history, the Virginia party is presenting a full slate of candidates. The campaign has been vigorous and effective, and has been waged on straight party lines.

State issues and a comprehensive list of proposals for immediate reform have been presented against the background of our fundamental proposals for the substitution of Socialism for the capitalist system.

The Socialist ticket includes: Mrs. Elizabeth Lewis Oley of Lynchburg, for United States Senator; George Cary White of Prince George County, for Governor; J. Luther Kibler of Newport News, for Lieutenant-Governor; and Henry R. Ansell of Richmond, for Attorney-General.

There are also eleven candidates for the House of Delegates.

To vote the Socialist ticket, scratch out the name of every candidate for each office, leaving the Socialist candidates unmarked in any way. For instance, there are six candidates for Governor, and to vote for Comrade White it will be necessary to draw a line through the names of the other five candidates on the ballot.

Where there is no Socialist candidate for the House of Delegates or for City offices, Socialists are requested to scratch out all other candidates, even when they are unopposed, and write in the name of a prominent Socialist.

Funds are badly needed. Rush donations to Comrade George.

A few outstanding campaign developments are: 1. Comrade White's appearances before nearly every union in Richmond; 2. Endorsement of Comrade Killinger by Hopewell Potters' Union, of which he is president; 3. Successful meeting with White and George as speakers at University of Virginia, Oct. 15; 4. Increased newspaper publicity. Comrade George is trying to raise \$100, with which to have at least two good radio broadcasts, and another \$130 for printing 50,000 campaign propaganda papers.

Richmond.—A local rally in November will discuss "The Crisis in the International" with David George favoring democratic methods.

ELECTION RETURNS

THERE are elections in a number of places this year, where the Socialist Party is waging aggressive campaigns.

We are anxious to present our readers full returns as early as possible.

As soon, therefore, as your returns are compiled you are requested to send in your report by air mail if necessary.

IN THE EVENT OF SOCIALIST VICTORIES OR IMPORTANT GAINS WIRE BRIEF REPORT TO CATCH THE EDITION THAT GOES TO PRESS THURSDAY MORNING AFTER ELECTION DAY.

Illinois

Chicago.—The Sixth Congressional Branch is holding open forums Friday evenings at 8:15 at headquarters, 3223 Roosevelt Road. Discussion follows lectures. Admission free. Nov. 3rd, Karl Borders will lecture on "What About the Unemployed?" Nov. 10th, Dr. J. Spiro will speak on "Organized Labor and the Boycott Against Germany."

Local Cook County (Chicago) has accepted the invitation of the laundry workers to cooperate in an organization drive by picketing, speaking and distributing literature.

Socialist Party Progress

John M. Collins on N.E.C.

John Murphy Collins of Chicago will fill the vacancy on the National Executive Committee caused by the death of Morris Hillquit. Collins was elected as alternate at the Milwaukee convention in May, 1932. Collins is a member of the International Association of Machinists, Railway Lodge 478, and has worked on the Chicago, Northwestern Railway for many years. He was born in 1864 in Ireland and came to the United States in 1884. He has been a member of the Machinists' Union since 1900 and has been president of his lodge and organizer for several terms. He first joined the Socialist Labor Party in 1894 and went over to the Socialist Party with Debs and Hillquit. He has been candidate for Governor of Illinois, for Mayor of Chicago, and for U. S. Congress. Collins is the author of a pamphlet, "Power and Weakness of Trade Unions," published in English and German.

Four Cities Bid for 1934 Convention

Invitations have been received from Socialist locals in four cities for the 1934 convention. The cities are Buffalo, Detroit, Erie and St. Louis. The choice will be made by the National Executive Committee at its meeting in Chicago Oct. 29-30.

California

San Francisco is fighting its battles on four fronts. On the economic front the local is cooperating in the organization of a trade union in a large public utility; on the political front it is campaigning for Thomas F. Feeley as municipal supervisor; on the "ammunition" front it is raising funds for its other activity; on the educational front it is conducting discussion groups and forums. In addition, the Y.P.S.L. has organized a local congress of youth against war.

Washington

Local King County wishes to express its sympathy to the New York comrades in their personal loss which they have suffered through the death of Comrade Morris Hillquit, and our deep understanding of the great loss we have all suffered in the passing on of this great Socialist leader. We who remain must fight doubly hard to make up for his missing energy and leadership. —A. Sumner Thompson, King County Field Secretary.

Missouri

St. Louis.—Martin Lechner, newly-elected state secretary, has just completed a tour of southeastern Missouri accompanied by Paul Rasmussen. He reports an increasing interest in the Socialist message, especially in regard to the NRA and the administration's farm program. At Flat River, a lead town, over three hundred miners stood for over an hour and a half in the rain to listen to Rasmussen, refusing to let him stop until their eagerness for information about the party was satisfied. Fifteen joined at once and twenty turned in their names as interested. At Bonne Terre the Socialists had trouble with the local mayor, who admitted that the town was owned body and soul by the St. Joseph Lead Co. and begged that Lechner and Rasmussen not insist on speaking because it would get him into trouble. The meeting was held. The Missouri Pacific Railroad and the factory of the International Shoe Company at De Soto warned their employees not to attend the Socialist meeting, but over two hundred turned out.

A lumber mill in Cape Girardeau, under the NRA Eagle, is paying \$9.60 a week for forty hours' work, the Socialists found, by signing up under the Southern code, while other factories in the same town are operating under the Northern code.

Indiana

Marion.—The Workmen's Council, a subdivision of Local Marion, had Comrade G. C. Garrison of Montpelier, Ind., address one of the best Socialist meetings that we have had in a long time. We have a large, commodious hall and all seats were taken and standing room was at a premium. Local Marion is making rapid gains.

Columbus reports two very good propaganda meetings, with Eugene R. Cole and Ed. Henry. Gary reports the meeting with F. G. Strickland the best they have held for a long time. The comrades want

speakers each month. Huntington reports very fine meetings with Comrade Strickland. Kokomo makes a similar report. Eugene R. Cole just completed a 15-day trip, holding meetings in several places where we have no local. Coalmont, Jasperville, Bloomington, Martinsville and Logansport all report very good meetings with Comrade Cole.

New local organized at Wanamant through the efforts of Comrade C. H. Owen. Ten persons signed application for charter. Hymera has re-organized with 51 members. The newly-elected secretary sends a very encouraging report. Dr. Back of Montezuma reports prospects for a local in that locality are very favorable. Marion sends report of plans for educational work for the winter months. Will hold sessions every Sunday afternoon and teach three classes, one hour for each subject: Public Speaking, Parliamentary Law and Social and Political Economics, with "The Case for Socialism" as the first text book.

The call for nominations has been sent to all locals. The State Secretary held two very good street meetings in Terre Haute.

Local Marion has several good speakers willing to visit other locals for expenses, if, in return, the other locals will do the same with their speakers. Write to A. W. Morris, Station No. 1, Marion, Ind. The State Secretary will visit the north part of the state, speaking for locals en route to St. Louis and Lake counties.

Florida

Tampa has adopted a fine platform for the following candidates: City Clerk, John P. H. Kimball; Municipal Judge, Dr. Rogers; Representatives, J. N. Dudley and Kathryn E. Fraley.

New Jersey

East Rutherford.—On the job in local campaign. Good meetings being held. Rally Nov. 1st in Municipal Building, with McAllister Coleman and Rev. R. F. Nye.

Passaic.—Branch One continues weekly outdoor meetings Saturday evening, Main and Passaic Ave., with William K. Tailman, candidate for Assembly from Hudson County, as guest speaker. Business meeting Friday, Oct. 27, at 8, at 955 Main Ave., Passaic. Discussion of work accomplished by the A. F. of L. convention.

Paterson.—Every Monday night at 65 Washington St. classes in Current Events and Public Speaking. Leader: Mark Starr, extension director of Brookwood Labor College. Campaign rally Nov. 4th at Oakley Hall, 211 Market St.

Newark.—Essex County is planning a whirl of activity for closing days of the campaign. M. Hart Walker, assembly candidate, will speak at county headquarters, 1085 Broad St., Saturday night. Harry Lichtman, John J. Crowley, Jr., and Benjamin Robinson, assembly candidates, will speak the same evening at outdoor rally of Branch No. 4. Literature distribution squad will assemble at headquarters 8 a. m. Sunday.

The largest meeting of the campaign will be held Thursday, Nov. 2, at Workmen's Circle Lyceum, 190 Belmont Ave., with Dr. Frank Kingdon and all candidates.

General membership meeting at county headquarters Monday, Oct. 30, to discuss new county constitution, and Tuesday evening the Women's Auxiliary will hold a Halloween Party.

Young People's Socialist League will hold a state-wide public speaking contest Sunday afternoon, Oct. 29, in the Plainfield High School, at 3, Esther Suchomel, chairman, and Eric Ross, Herman Keissner and Morris Stempa, judges. Yona Finkelstein, director.

New York

Rockland County.—Street rallies Tuesday, Oct. 31, Peary River, Central Ave. and Main St.; Thursday, Nov. 2, in Spring Valley, Station Plaza; Monday, Nov. 6, in Valley Cottage at Fire House. All meetings at 8 p. m. Speakers: A. Batten, C. P. Svensson and T. Davis.

New Rochelle.—Copy of resolution adopted by Branch New Rochelle, Oct. 18, 1933:

WHEREAS, Morris Hillquit was one of the founders of the Socialist Party, and was an outstanding leader and worker in the party for over thirty years, and

WHEREAS, his services to the Socialist and labor movement were immeasurable,

Bad Breath is a warning—

Poisonous food wastes held too long in the digestive system cause bad breath. Ex-Lax rids the body of these wastes promptly. Better for you than vile, violent cathartics.

Important Note! There's nothing else like Ex-Lax. Its scientific laxative ingredient is made more effective through chocolateating by the exclusive Ex-Lax process. Ask for Ex-Lax by name and refuse imitations.

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Michigan

The Detroit Labor Forum under the leadership of Wayne County Local has been inaugurated. Meetings every Sunday evening at Northern High School. Labor and the NRA is the subject for discussion Sunday, Oct. 29; speakers, Frank Martel of the A. F. of L., F. W. Thompson of the I.W.O., and Matthew Smith of the M.E.S. Branch 1 is holding a Halloween Party Saturday, Oct. 28, at headquarters, 225 E. Forst.

Thomas in California

By Carl C. Nielsen

MILL VALLEY, Cal.—The Auditorium of the San Francisco Theological Seminary at San Anselmo was packed to an overflow with people who had come to hear Norman Thomas speak. Each one came as the invited guest of the Seminary. Besides the faculty and the one hundred students there were also a good sprinkling of educators and students from other schools. Approximately about 25 ministers from this and adjoining counties were present. What astonished the comrades most was to see so many of the counties' most prominent citizens, men and women, walking up the wide steps past the literature tables.

Comrade Thomas brought home to many the terrible injustice and disgrace of the Mooney case. He told the audience what a tremendous influence an audience of this kind could be in the state to bring public and official opinion to bear on the inhumanity and brutality perpetrated against the starving cotton and agricultural workers. He pointed out what the student body could accomplish by organizing to help the strikers, by sending delegations into the strike zone and by their reports force the newspapers to publish the truth about the strike situation.

The immediate results were, the local established contacts with the students, who started a drive for strike funds and elected three delegates to go into the strike zone to investigate and report. This meeting has already proved beneficial to the morale and prestige of our organization as well as an increase of new members.

IMPORTANT FOR VOTERS IN NEW YORK STATE

In addition to voting for candidates for public office the voters in New York State will have to vote on six questions. It is important that Socialist voters vote right.

Proposition No. 1—Vote Yes. This proposes a bond issue of \$60,000,000 for unemployment relief.

Amendment No. 1—Vote Yes. Proposes an amendment to the state constitution creating a special court for condemnation to determine consumption for property acquired by the city. This would be an improvement of the present method and may eliminate the scandals in condemnation such as forced Judge Crater to disappear.

Amendment No. 2—Vote Yes. Proposes to extend preference on civil service examinations to veterans who were not citizens at the time of enlistment. In principle the veterans' preference law is bad and the Socialist Party opposes the

therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that the Socialist Party of New Rochelle extends to the widow and family our sincerest sympathy, and be it further

RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be sent to Vera Hillquit, the local press and The New Leader.

WORKMEN'S CIRCLE

The Largest Radical Workingmen's Fraternal Order in Existence

75,000 MEMBERS
\$5,000,000 ASSETS

700 Branches All Over the United States and Canada

Insurance from \$100 to \$3,000
Sick benefit, 15 weeks per year, at \$8, \$18, \$23 and \$28 per week. Many branches pay additional benefit from \$3 to \$5 per week. Consumption benefit \$400 and \$600 or nine months in our own sanatorium, located in the most beautiful region of the Catskill Mountains—besides the regular weekly benefit.

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\$75,000,000.00 Insurance in Force.

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Upon admission every member must make a deposit equal to \$1.00 for every \$100 of insurance. This deposit will be repaid in full upon withdrawal.

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227 EAST 84th STREET
New York City

original amendment giving preference to veterans, who were citizens at the time of enlistment. But since that amendment was adopted in 1929, the same privilege should be extended to veterans who were not citizens when they were drafted.

Amendment No. 3—Vote Yes. Proposes to build a State highway in the Adirondacks. This would give employment to many. The opposition to this amendment comes from the wealthy owners of large estates. It should be adopted.

Amendment No. 4—Vote Yes. Proposes the exchange of piers and land between the State and the City of New York. The City needs this land water front to build piers for the larger steamships.

The 5th proposition is a local law proposing the appointment by the Mayor of New York City of a Charter Revision Committee. While the Charter needs revision, the proposition contains a bad plank. It permits the present mayor to appoint the commission even though he may be defeated at the election. Neither does the proposition provide for minority representation on the commission. If carried it would mean a commission of Tammany-McCoey henchmen and should be defeated. Vote No.

YPSL Executive Committee Makes Plans for the Future

THE quarterly meeting of the national executive committee of the Young People's Socialist League of America was held in Pittsburgh, October 21-22. The work of the league departments (educational, industrial and student) was carefully reviewed, and further instructions on the November anti-war and anti-fascist meetings were issued to the 200 local units of the league.

The NEC issued a manifesto calling for anti-war and anti-fascist demonstrations on Armistice Day, November 11th.

The committee voted a moving resolution on the death of the late beloved Comrade Hillquit, which read in part:

"Rarely does nature pour such bounty on mankind as to give more than one Hillquit to a generation. Our loss is irreparable; the breach created by his death can never be closed. We can hope to fill the gap only by the solid ranks of millions of workers organized in a mighty army, marching on the road to Socialism to the co-operative commonwealth of which Morris Hillquit was the Architect."

Sunday afternoon the entire committee attended the memorial meeting to Morris Hillquit at which Aaron Levenstein of New York paid tribute to the dead leader in behalf of the YPSL. In the evening a farewell dinner was given in honor of the committee by local YPSL's, at which representatives of the Socialist Party and Workmen's Circle brought greetings. Art. McDowell, Winston Dancis and Noah Walters, members of the National Executive Committee, also spoke. Louis Waldman, chairman of the Socialist Party of New York, also greeted the Young Socialist Movement of America.

A new plan for district organization of the league will be presented, and a campaign to increase the circulation and influence of the league monthly, the Challenge, were outlined by National Chairman Arthur McDowell. Second class mail privileges have just been secured for this six-months-old

paper. The Pittsburgh Y.P.S.L. arranged a banquet and dinner for the Y.E.C. Sunday evening, October 22, at the Socialist Center, 1862 Center Ave.

The committee members, besides Chairman McDowell, are: Austin Adams of Pennsylvania, John Domurad of Massachusetts, Aaron Levenstein of New York, Bob Parker of Ohio, Paul Rasmussen of Illinois, Hy. Shearin of California, John Strobel of Wisconsin, Noah Walter of New York, Milton Weisberg of Pennsylvania, and Winston Dancis, National Sec'y.

Striking Cotton Pickers Murdered

Deliberate cold-blooded murder is the description given by Attorney A. L. Wirin of the Civil Liberties Union after a four-days' investigation of the shootings in the San Joaquin Valley, Cal., during the cotton pickers' strike. Two Mexican strikers were shot and killed at Pixley and one at Arvin, a score have been injured, many seriously.

Violence was carefully planned before the strike was called, according to Attorney Wirin. Ranchers, anticipating trouble, organized vigilante groups, "committees of protection," which had for their object the breaking of the threatened strike. Cotton growers, so-called ranchers, were armed. It was agreed, according to the union's report, that the workers who participated in the strike, were to be threatened and terrorized into returning to work, that those who refused were to be driven wholesale out of the cotton area. All this in a program which called for the starving of the strikers and their families, and for the lynching of all "outside agitators."

Pat Chambers, an organizer in Tulare County, where two men were murdered, is charged with violation of the criminal syndicalism law and held for \$10,000 bail. Seventeen other workers are held in jail on charges of riot—perhaps, suggests Wirin, to protect them from violence.

Mrs. Maily's Tour Proves Highly Successful

THAT there is an increasing number of Socialists and members of the organized labor movement who recognize the need of developing new trained writers, speakers and organizers for their work, is shown by the response coming from many places to the call to save the People's House and Rand School.

Not only is this shown by the letters of good will and donations, but also in the attendance at the meetings for August Claessens, Bertha H. Maily and others and also by the increasing requests for similar meetings elsewhere by Women's Committees, Workmen's Circles, party branches, labor and worker's educational groups.

The meetings already addressed by August Claessens and George H. Goebel at Trenton last Sunday night, 22nd, on "The NRA and You," held at the Labor Lyceum of that city, and Dr. Frank Kingdom, of the Calvary M.E. Church, East Orange, one of the greatest speakers the party has recruited in many years, at Fairview, in Bergen County, Monday night, the 23rd, at Eldorado Hall, were remarkably successful.

Meanwhile, the tour of Bertha H. Maily is proving most successful and useful, as aside altogether from raising funds it has stimulated interest and membership in the Rand School Correspondence Courses in the cities visited. Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Toronto and Detroit have already had such meetings, with everywhere appreciation of Mrs. Maily's visit.

There are no charges for Mrs.

Maily, as her time is donated, and travel is by auto. Mrs. Maily has as companion Mrs. Anna Weiss, wellknown in the educational work of the Workmen's Circles. The Maily-Weiss route as now arranged is as below. Cities or towns desiring to be included should immediately write or telegraph the Rand School, 7 E. 15th St., N. Y. City.

October 28th, 29th, 30th, Chicago or vicinity. Nov. 1st, 2nd, Cleveland; Nov. 3rd, 4th, Pittsburgh; Nov. 5th, perhaps Altoona. Nov. 6, Baltimore.

PARTY RUNS SECOND IN ARIZONA

WITH official returns of the recent special election in from all but 40 precincts, the position of the Socialists as second party in Arizona is secure. The vote was 21,137 for Mrs. Greenway, Democrat; 5,126 for Sumpter, Socialist, and 3,643 for Wilkinson, Republican. The largest previous vote ever polled by the party was 3,174 in 1916.

The percentage of total votes is even more impressive. In the presidential election of 1932 Comrade Thomas polled a trifle over 2 per cent of the total vote; and in 1916 the Socialists secured 5.5 per cent of the total. In the 1933 special election over 17 per cent of the citizens voted Socialist.

By Norman Thomas

TIMELY TOPICS

Los Angeles, Oct. 23rd.

The Right to Strike

IT can be set down as uncontroversial that the industries where fairly good codes have been set up for workers have been industries where the workers have had the courage and strength either to strike or to threaten successful strike. To deprive workers of this weapon is to surrender the field to the chiselers of whom President Roosevelt and General Johnson complain. It is an inherent tendency in our capitalist society to reduce labor to the status of serfs. Even if the codes were more satisfactory than they are, and better enforced than they will be, to surrender the right to strike is for workers to accept the position of cows, contended cows, perhaps, because of a little more grass, but still milked by someone else.



Norman Thomas

The Farmers

NOW industrial workers who recognize these facts cannot deny to farmers the right to strike even though a food shortage in our cities, greater than it already is, would be a grievous thing. All workers will sympathize with the desire of farmers for prices to give them a decent living. If the farmers cannot get enough by the subsidy for artificial scarcity provided in the Agricultural Adjustment Act they are justified in trying more direct action. The Farmers' Holiday Association in outlining its demands and its program shows that it is conscious of the needs of city workers and the unemployed. To win the prices it seeks by the method of strike the workers will have to do what has not been done in agricultural history and they will need an extraordinary spirit and organization. The more I see of the agricultural problem the more fully I am persuaded that for agriculture as for other industries there is no satisfactory solution within the capitalist framework and that even ameliorative measures must be judged on the basis of the forces they set in motion towards that solution. For farmers there can be no solution which leaves untouched the problem of landlordism and tenant farming, taxation, marketing, or a better use of land.

The Land of Cotton

IT is a grim coincidence that the farmers' strike was called at a time when here in California the cotton farmers are waging a bitter war against the striking cotton pickers, a war which has already been characterized by armed attack upon unarmed pickets and the murder of three of them. The miserable condition of these cotton pickers in the midst of the beauty and fertility of California is an outstanding indictment of our capitalist civilization. Men and women of almost all nationalities, with Mexicans the most numerous, live an utterly migratory life in this state and some of its neighbors. They follow the crops around. Their home is a battered old car. Few of them have decent tents and few cotton farmers provide them with any sort of shelter.

In the cotton fields, according to their own testimony, at present prices they make \$1.20 a day at

most. I heard some of the testimony of farmers who claim that pickers can make \$1.80 and over, but some of these farmers let the cat out of the bag by testifying that that is only when husband and wife and the children work, "out of school hours, of course, and of the right age," some of the farmers added. It must be remembered that on rainy days or days when the pickers are on the move they earn nothing. Thanks to my good Comrade, A. A. Clark, I covered a lot of the cotton territory, heard some of the testimony before the Governor's Fact Finding Commission from men of different points of view, and visited the strikers' camps.

The biggest of the strikers' camps at Corcoran—more than 3,000 men, women and children—is orderly and well run. It is made up mostly of Mexicans who seem surprisingly cheerful despite deaths of children from malnutrition. Recently they have got food relief from the federal and state governments, much to the disgust of their enemies. Their shelters, however, ingenious, are very poor and their camp will be a lake if and when the rains come. Most of the strikers know little enough about politics. Their leaders are Communists who seem to be doing a good job. From points of view which I do not need to explain here, there are some disadvantages to the workers themselves in Communist leadership and Communist tactics, but if the Communists do the job, and regular labor organizations do not, and if their demands are intelligent and well presented, as these demands have been thus far, there is nothing, as the Socialists of the San Joaquin Valley feel, but to give the strike all possible support.

Two Kinds of Slaves

ONE thing that is generally agreed upon by everybody, including the more thoughtful of the strikers, is that this strike of the cotton pickers is a strike of the slaves who are worse off against other slaves scarcely better off. The average California cotton grower is no John D. Rockefeller. His home is not much better than a shack. His profits, while some years fairly good, are uncertain. Thousands of farmers sink what little capital they have, are foreclosed, and then move on. All but the strongest of them sell almost their whole crop before it is picked. Today most of the crop was sold under contract price considerably under the present market price for cotton. Most of the farmers are financed by corporations allied with the ginning companies. They lend money to the farmer at 6½% under rigid rules as to how he will use it and then they buy his cotton. From what I heard, it is representatives of these companies who were active in fixing the 60 cents per hundred rate for cotton picking against which the pickers are striking, and then stirred up the farmers to get out their guns. Some of these cotton farmers have come from the Old South. They are easily fooled and all too willing to treat Mexicans the way they treated Negroes.

(I hope to see the gallant garment strike here in Los Angeles, but am writing before I have spoken to the strikers.)

A Personal Word

MRS. THOMAS and I want to express our appreciation of the marvelous hospitality of the many comrades and friends in San Francisco and Los Angeles and their environs and in Stockton, Fresno and Bakersfield. The size of the audiences bears witness to the interest in the Socialist message whether it is delivered under party auspices or in forums.

ZURICH VICTORY GROWS

With more detailed information at hand, the victory of the Socialists in the recent elections in Zurich, Switzerland, assumes even greater proportions than first reports indicated.

As the area of the city has been enlarged since the last municipal elections, a proper comparison is with the national elections of two years ago rather than the last municipal poll. The Socialists are seen to have increased by 18,000 votes, and despite a heavy increase in the total, due to a feverish get-out-the-vote scare to "save" the city from Socialism. The party's percentage of total votes increased from 47.2 to 48 per cent, a magnificent showing, considering the terrific drive of the Fascist "National Front."

The Communists fell from 4,200 to 3,700 votes, or from 6.7 per cent to 4.8 per cent of the total.

The total working class vote was 41,500 to 37,400 for all bourgeois

NEW RAND SCHOOL TERM

The second Rand School term will open Nov. 6th, when a limited number of new scholarships will be granted to

Rand School Correspondence Courses

The Rand School announces two Correspondence courses: "An Introduction to Scientific Socialism," by Algernon Lee, 15 lessons; "Elements of Economics," by Haim Kantorovitch, 15 lessons. The fee is \$2 per student in classes of ten or more. Write for detailed information to 7 E. 15th St., New York City.

parties, including the Fascists. The Socialists increased their representation in the Council of 125 members from 63 to 64; if it were not for the mutual support between bourgeois parties there would have been 70 Socialists in the new Council.

Socialists and union members.

New Courses. Comrades who have been too busy in the campaign to attend classes and lectures will find many new courses. Here are a few: "The Roosevelt Program," Algernon Lee and Nathan Fine, Mondays and Wednesdays at 7; "This Dictatorship Business," Hendrik Willem Van Loon, Mondays at 8:30, Nov. 27 to Dec. 18; "Principles of Socialism," August Tyler, Mondays and Wednesdays at 8:30; "Class Struggles in American History," William E. Bohn, Tuesdays and Thursdays at 7; "The Social Approach to Literature," Alter E. Fischhoff, Tuesdays at 8:30; "Social Democracy and Bolshevism," Haim Kantorovitch, Thursdays at 7; "Radicals in American Thought and Literature," Walter E. Peck, Thursdays at 8:30; "European Socialism Today," Siegfried Lipschitz, Thursdays at 8:30.

The campaign will end Nov. 7th. The Rand School is becoming more and more the school of Socialist Party members. During the first term there have been some empty seats because many students have been on the soap-box. So the week after the campaign will be the time for these students to return and for other party members to register for courses.

Monday evening, Oct. 30th, will come Prof. Parker T. Moon of Columbia, one of the best-known historians in America, on "Nationalism since the World War." Last week Prof. David Saville Muzzey discussed Imperialistic Nationalism. Next week Prof. Moon will show how, under the post-war conditions this sort of nationalism developed into Fascism.