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Market Truckers' Victors

Sash Workers Win Victory In All Mills
Local 1865 Leads Members to a Union Contract With Bosses

Wage Increases, Seniority and Health Benefits Are Won

The two months old strike of the Sash Door and Mill Workers Local 1865, which began on Wednesday, May 24, with a smashing victory for the union, has been enriched by the fact that the Citizens Alliance had taken charge of the scene's end of the struggle, the ending of the strike must be chalked up as a defeat for the Alliance and victory for organized labor. The strike, which was called by an independent union of workers in the sash mills, lasted for over a week. During the course of the strike, the independent union was liquidated and the workers who formerly went to make up the membership of that organization joined with the Cabinet Makers union, Local 1865, an A. F. of L. affiliate. The settlement effected by the two unions under the agreement that both union recognition, wage increase and regulations of hours of work. The work week set up in the agreement provides for a 40 hour work week and one half for overtime. Local 1865 is recognized as the bargaining agency of the workers. A seniority list is to be established by agreement. In general, the workers in the sash and door mills have been taken by a considerable percentage. It is true that all the demands of the workers are not met. It is also true that the agreement did not take the best form. But the point is that the union in the sash and door mills is established. This union, properly led and properly handled, can become a powerful weapon in the hands of the sash workers. The real task still lies ahead for these workers. They must be alert to checkmate the moves the employers will make to destroy the union. They must insist and demand that the bosses obey the terms of the contract and let by-ter the contract. The workers must demand that these contractual demands in each factory. Without leadership and vision the victory may well turn into a defeat. One thing is sure, the workers who confronted the bitter struggle for over two months will not be ready to accept the fruits of victory without a struggle.

Robert Peterson, contractor who remodeled the union halls, had this to say the other day and announced that he would rather build them than work.

Gamble-Robinson Co. Signs Agreement With General Drivers Union

Latimer Fails to Reappoint Mrs. Selma Seestrom
Workers Insist That She Go Back on Board

Last week saw Mayor Latimer aim another blow at the respected General Farmers-Labor Party. The new betrayal of the Workers' Democratic Alliance, as manifested in its failure to reappoint Mrs. Selma Seestrom to the seat of the Board of Public Welfare. Mrs. Seestrom, who had been filling an unexpired term on the Board, has been a militant and determined fighter in behalf of relief for the poor.

The stand taken by Mrs. Seestrom in the behalf of the exploited workers on the relief lines brought her the displeasure of L. J. Joseph, welfare board spokesman of the bankers and employers. What Joseph does not want is anyone on the Board who will raise their voice to stem the campaign of exploitation that is being planned for relief clients. It is evident now that when L. J. Joseph speaks, Latimer jumps through the hoop.

Along with his failure to reappoint Mrs. Seestrom, Mayor Latimer issued a long and vicious attack on the former welfare board member. The day after the public attack on Mrs. Seestrom, Latimer announced the appointment of Mrs. Sundby, member of the Seventh Ward, as the new Farmer-Labor Club, to fill the place left vacant by Mrs. Seestrom.

When it became evident that Mrs. Seestrom would not be reappointed, delegations of Farmer-Labor women invaded Latimer's office to hotly protest this gross betrayal of the workers' interests. They were greeted by an empty office. The Mayor was elsewhere. "Monday the situation was further complicated by the un- announcement of Mrs. Sundby that she would not accept the appointment." (Continued on page 21)

Strikes at N. S. P.

Two Departments of Power Workers Out of Plant

As we go to press comes the news that workers employed in the Overhead and Underground departments at the Northern States Power Company have gone on strike and are picketing the Power Company office and shops. The cause of the strike is the failure of the company to pay into effect the wage increase and the seniority provisions of January 15 agreement that was signed between Robert Pack and Local 1865, N. S. P. Envelope Pleasure Union. A strike action was voted at a union meeting held Monday, May 25, 1926.

Local Team Wins

Saturday afternoon the Local 574 diamondball team won over the Hobson team by a score of 13 to 15. The winning pitcher was Kahn. Bohn pitched for Hobson.

Local 160, N. S. P. Union Must Take Firm Stand

Local 160, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers at the Northern States Power Company, has definitely reached a crossroads in its organizational history. It must now prepare itself to take the turn that will demonstrate to those who go to make up its membership that it is an instrument that can be used for their economic betterment.

To those who understand the tactics that are being used by the management of the Northern States Power Company can readily come to the realization that it is part of a campaign aimed at discreditting the Union organization in the eyes of the workers involved. For a period of almost a year the company has steadily carried on against its well-planned campaign of stalling, evasion and delaying.

The agreement entered into by Local 160 with Robert Pack, general manager of the company, had never had all of its provisions and promises put into effect. When the Union committees, in the various departments, attempted to have these matters adjusted they are met by an attitude of passive resistance rather than open hostility and refusal. Department managers pass the buck to other department heads, the committee is sent from one company representative to another and at no time meeting the complete refusal of the company to comply with the agreement until the committee finds itself lost in a maze of promises, protestations and back passing.

In spite of this the condition has prevailed for a considerable period the Union has steadily grown in membership, increased in prestige and has given promise of its ability to compel the management to fulfill its obligations, but the Union cannot continue to stand idly by.

Make Minneapolis a Union Town
**STEEL CAMPAIGN GETS UNDER WAY AS G. I. O. MOVES**

**Industrial Committee Organizers Will Take Field**

A constant stream of veteran labor organizers, sleek saxophones and hard-bitten men from Pennsylva- nia's coal towns and steel mills is pouring into the crowded offices of the United Mine Work- ers of America district office in Pittsburgh.

By the signing of July 1 that stream will be diverted to the Northwest. But something overwhelming the ex- step skyscraper where the Steel Workers organizing Committee has taken residence. But even without an office of its own and a slate of more than 200 members from filed, the "streamlined" steel campaign has been show- to its high in an effort to pro- mote the ballot in the up- coming election before the American Federa- tion of Labor's executive council meets in Washington.

At that time, it is predicted, the union will be on the ten union affiliates of the AFL with its present cam- paign to withdraw under definite threat of suspension from the feder- ation. From the standpoint of the steel campaign leaders and from general talk in Pittsburgh, how- ever, it seems hardly probable that they will comply. Meanwhile, the organizing committee is anxious to present its new and successful for the next forty of the campaign to answer possible critical threats.

Significant of the fear of the steel bosses is their newly adopted policy of cream and vinegar with promises in the shape of small wage boosts and plans for new recreational centers being af- firmed to thwart the drive, Sunday in the钢 mills. But the plant, started, apparently to keep workers out of range of the clock. Both the Allegheny Steel Corp., in Braddockville and the National Mill Corp. have been locked out by the trade union campaign meetings started.

But the radio, the press and the pamphlet, in addition to the speeches of organizers and the word-of-mouth advantage of union members will bring the union campaign to thousands of workers. From the hopeful, plead- ing arguments on the face to the audiences at the Braddockville shops, the union campaign will meet an enthusiastic response despite attacks and pro- tests by the bosses' nation's most powerful industry.

**Wisconsin Labor**

**Heats Heart Press**

All publications owned or controlled by William Randoph Hearst, publisher of the Chicago Tribune and the New York Journal, are being blackened by the celebration of labor. In the interest of the cause, the publishers are warning their employees about the celebration of the rally. The daily Hearst campaign for the Wisconsin Union of Minneapolis, where the workers' games players and dealers have the shops since February under a current newspapers and radio dictation.

Charles H. Moorman, writer of the Tribune Bulletin, wrote, 'I was electrified when he braided and chewed cigarettes. The short story has been the model of its type for some time. Moorman is a wife and two children.

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**Gamble Robbie Co. Signs Agreement With General Drivers Union**

The settlement of the case and work- ers strike of the Albert Lea and Austin plants of the Gamble Robinson Company con- tinues to be 100 per cent effective. Since the Minneapolis branch of the Gamble Company set- tled with Local 574, branch managers at Albert Lea and Austin are still resisting the union's demands.

The settlement of the Minneapolis strike should give new spirit to the Gamble workers in the rural part of the state in that the Minneapolis branch signed a union agreement calling for a much higher wage scale than that which is asked for elsewhere. For the Independent Union of All Workers at Albert Lea and Austin are conducting the strike.

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**Local 160, N. S. P. Union Must Take Firm Stand**

**Membership Vote to Change Seniority Rule**

The last regular membership meeting of June was well at- tended and the fact that specially called meeting had been held on the previous Monday. Pittston, W. A. Parton, has been re-elected as president for the next term. Another shadower is an essential provision of the union's by-laws. The new union is a memorial service for Henry New and John Bore, who were killed in the 1934 truck drivers strike. At the last meeting of the Local 160 at the National Bureau of Labor and by-laws of Local 574 was offered to the membership. The convention, by a large majority, voted to change the seniority rules to the new union. This amendment carried unanimously and the following resolutions were adopted in to effect at once. Promises, homewords and words on the part of the board to the members must be added to the union of 15 days after emplo- yees.

Harry DeBell reported on the convention of the Independent Union, a report showed that not only was the Minneapolis branch of the company completely shut down by the strike but the branches throughout the state also failed to be even affected. Brother Skelding reported on the situation existing in the steel districts of the country. His report showed that the Union and the company are rapidly coming to an agreement.

V. H. Dunne, Trustee of Gen- eral Drivers Union, made the re- port on the negotiations that were carried on between Local 574 and the Teamsters Interna- tional Union. A special meeting was called on that one at which the union was an offer to return to the union.

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Northwest Workers Are Turning Toward Sound Union Organization

A verdant wave of organizational activity is sweeping through the northwest today. Tides from every craft and every calling are turning toward unions more eagerly than ever before. Groups of workers who have hesitated and even delayed to embrace union organization are eagerly looking toward an organized future. The problem will be how to achieve unionism in a society in which the real issues are not airbrushed or muddled.

In Minneapolis alone, during the three months preceding May Day, there were organizing drives by less than a dozen different groups of workers who have been organized. This is an indication of the strength of the movement. Some with the help of A. F. of L. organizers. Some with the assistance rendered by Local 140, Minneapolis, and some who have by their own efforts, organized and by either the built a union organization for themselves.

The cause of this organizational activity is not difficult to find. The economic pressure that is being placed upon the American workmen is so great that the speed-up system introduced into manufacturing and the reduction of the number of unemployed American workers is now so critical that their impact is foreign to the interests of the workers organizations. It is impossible to think through that the workers who are now so eagerly turning toward the unions will be satisfied to extract their destinies from the old antiquated, overextended trade union form of organization. In the growth of the movement in the test structure which their experience, even from a few, has broken their weaknesses. The new spirit in American workers manifests itself in a demand that they get in touch with the people and have their say. This is a test for the trade unionists, for the workers who have already been turned out of their jobs are being forced to organize. The American workers, however, are not prepared to take up the struggle with the employers, and the struggle for union recognition is more than a test of their mettle.

That the American workers, however, are not prepared to take up the struggle with the employers, and the struggle for union recognition is more than a test of their mettle. The situation is such that the workers who are now organizing are the result of the old antiquated, overextended trade union form of organization. The American workers, however, are not prepared to take up the struggle with the employers, and the struggle for union recognition is more than a test of their mettle.

Shoe Workers Face Drastic Wage Cuts

Bluffing to obtain a 15% wage cut might well be the best course for the workers in the shoe industry. The company has announced its intention of quitting its three Brockton shoe factories. The workers are outside firm to supply its retail stores. The company has indicated that it may be an independent brotherhood, hence the demand for a settlement in economic respect, however, it is obvious that the workers are not the only ones who have been organized. Some organizers have by their own efforts, organized and by either the built a union organization for themselves.

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Arkansas planters are not the only ones who have been organized. Some organizers have by their own efforts, organized and by either the built a union organization for themselves.

The United Textile Workers of America executive council, meeting at New York, backed up President Tom P. McMahon in his stand of giving workers the right to stay in the Committee for Industrial Organization. McMahon added that the company would withdraw from the CIO, on a plan offered by the company, if the company could work out a way to stay.

In Washington, the labor and certain state representatives have by their own efforts, organized and by either the built a union organization for themselves.

The American steel workers are not the only ones who have been organized. Some organizers have by their own efforts, organized and by either the built a union organization for themselves.

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LABOR 

"Guardians of the Law" look on smilingly as their workmen gear up to kick the ass of a local union organizer in broad daylight in a little mill town in Tennessee. It is the third such assault in a situation in a town where there has been two kidnappings and the eviction of 21 families from their homes.

In the cotton districts of Arkansas, members of the Southern Tenant Farmers' Union are on strike. Their present pay is 75 cents for a day of fairly typical work—their average pay is $1.25 for a 10 hour day. Member after member of this union has been beaten up by gangs masquerading as the police and financed by the landowners. A scholarly teacher and mild-mannered woman from outside the strike belt, who ventured into it to learn the truth about a report that one tenant farmer had been beaten to death, were then threatened with serious bodily harm. The organiser was warned not to return to the town.

Labor leaders in Alabama, where the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. has a plant, meet a meeting called at which William H. Dalrymple, president of the United Rubber Workers, was present. The meeting was arroyed by the union during the meeting by the sheriff of the county, taken to the courthouse and held in custody until 11 P.M. if he looked on throughout the ceremony, was beaten badly, and left in an unconscious state. His wife, who had seen the beating, carried her hand conscious husband 20 miles before she could find a doctor, is all that has kept Dalrymple alive.

Seven strikers were shot in a clash which followed a strike meeting called by the local black and International Union. The Black and Decker Tool Co.'s plant at Kent, O., shot guns and tear gas bombs were fired at the picket line as two big vanloads of strikers broke into the factory shortly after 6 a.m. and 12 a.m. and four others wounded when more than 300 members of the company guards attempted to prevent strikers from acting to food to imported strikers at the plant.

The workers were driven back and forced to return to work during the day.

The Stove's Union file a case at the Y Thursday—Ruff things

The editor will be the speaker at the June 19 picnic of the Lawmen's Workers Union. It is not true that Claude Berlin is on the payroll of Local 574.

"Honest John" Williams, Measuring Local 168 is back reading "em.

The workers who are working.

Variety of the Labor Press

The value of a labor paper as an organ of the trade union movement has been amply demonstrated by the Northwest Organiser. Without this medium of expression at the disposal of the labor movement, it is extremely doubtful if Local 574 could have withstood the blows and weathered the storms to which it has been subjected during the year that has just passed.

Without any means of answering the slander and attacks on the membership of the Union by the Citizens Alliance and labor-baiting employers it is a most questionable whether Local 574 could have continued to grow and outside of the movement but they came from inside as well, 4,000 workers in the trade union move.

The Federal Workers' Strike and the IWW Strike the Union's side of the line but the question of whether membership our plug would have been desperate indeed.

During the time of our greatest trials the Organiser stood strong and unflinching and fear.

In the past few years a few workers have been injured in the struggles of the Union against the interests of the Citizens Alliance and labor-baiting employers it is a most questionable whether Local 574 could have continued to grow and outside of the movement but they came from inside as well, 4,000 workers in the trade union movement.

The Independent Truck Owners had only one member leaving last week.

The new union halls are in constant demand.

The Federal Workers' K-11 team went down Sunday 7 to 2 to the Stove Works at the Socialist Picnic.

All the Dash and Door drivers have returned to General Drivers Union.

The car committee is still looking.