LABOR HATING BOSSES STOP A SETTLEMENT

Grocery Workers Are Firm in Their Demands for Recognition

All Efforts to Settle Strike Have been Frustrated by Employers

All efforts to end the existing strike of the employees at wholesale grocery houses have failed, and the strike is apparently being carried on with no definite termination on either side. In spite of the fact that government mediation from the United States Department of Labor has been accepted by both sides, there is no indication that the strike will end soon. The strike involves the workers in several wholesale grocery houses in Minneapolis, and it is feared that the dispute may spread to other cities.

Various proposals to end the strike have been submitted, including Federal mediator Robert Myrick. Without exception they have been rejected by the employers without even receiving the consideration of management. The Union stands ready and willing to end the strike when they receive assurance from the grocery employers that Local No. 544 will be recognized as the bargaining agency for employees in wholesale grocery houses.

The strike is being conducted with the support of the employees' unions. The grocery drivers, helpers, and clerks at a wholesale grocery house which has not signed an agreement with the Union are now picketing the store, up to the beginning of the holiday season. Store owners are being picketed by the National Teamster's C. Thomas store in Minneapolis, and the Perry Wiggles have made the particular target of the holiday season. Representatives of these firms have been particularly disturbed in their refusal to deal with General Drivers Union.

At the Friday meeting of the Minneapolis Teamsters Joint Council a decision was arrived at which will drastically affect the operation of these two chains.

Kildall Fish Co. Signs Agreement

The Kildall Fish Co. signed a Union agreement with the Local No. 544, Saturday, December 12. This agreement, which provides wage increases and better working conditions for the workers involved, is the first Union contract that has been signed between this company and the General Drivers Union. Its wage and hour provisions will go into effect at once.

Labial Hitting at Elevator Strikers

Weifald Hits at Elevator Strikers

Tuesday morning papers carried an article which purported to be the result of an investigation carried out by the American Labor-Labor railroad and warehouse industry union, in which the unions condemned the labor and conditions in which it employed the strikers.

In the article Weifald says the company, regardless of the issues involved, should come to an end. Weifald says the club and reactionary attitude of the majority of mill owners who are associated with the operation representing their employees, is capable of being directed at any place where criticism should apply. Weifald should tell of the low wages and rotten working conditions prevailing in the mills and elevators and the story of the cold-blooded breaking of the Mill Workers Union by that owner for a long time.

When Weifald says the strike should come to an end he can readily agree with him, but it is clear that when the floor mill and elevator owners recognize the Teamsters C. of O. and take up Weifald's offer, the strike can be ended.

Lack of Leadership Is One of Major Causes

Talks of a quick and clean settlement are plentiful, but Minneapolis grocery workers may lose two or three days badly needed wages as a result of the poorly planned WPA strike here last week. The question is whether it was worth the cost. We believe it was. When a true analysis is necessary for fair evaluation.

The strike was forced by irresponsible people without regard for thousands of affected organized workers—without even the courtesy of a phone call to their organizations. Because several hundred airport (WPA) workers were misled by former United Bel­ief Workers and Unemployment Council leaders who had usurped control over Workers Alliance Local 542 and the Minnesota Workers Alliance, therefore, ten thousand WPA workers and their families were compelled to go out in sympathy or strikebreakers.

The Federal Workers Section of General Drivers Union Local 544 declared a holiday in support of Airport strikers at the earliest possible minute the membership could vote. It maintains that position throughout negotiations.

This strike was settled in EX- ACT CONFORMITY with the vote of all except one of the Workers Alliance representatives in the Joint Negotiating Committee. Scaife, Roberts and Mayville were present and did not vote against the settlement. Yet, W. A. Local 302 calls it "betrayal" to cover its collapse. Scaife became confused and ran out of his hat, holding his hat and shaking his hand. Mayville chided him, and Mayville dropped every semblance of demands upon the National Administration to lift the $600 and 30% earnings maximum for unemployed labor. That alone was a direct BREAK OF THE WRITING AGREEMENT between the Workers Alliance and the F. W. S. for joint negotiations, which agreement was filed by Roberts and Christopoulus.

Those who started the strike ignored material conditions. They win direct relief concessions from the National Administration now

FEDERALS WIN VICTORY OVER PAUPER'S OATH

Peterson Rules That Oath Need Not Be Signed by Clients

Plans of Joseph Faction Are Dealt a Blow by Peterson

The Federal Workers Section of No. 544 won a smashing victory Wednesday when State's Attorney General Peterson ruled the so-called "Oath of Allegiance" to the United States unconstitutional. In his statement interpreting the revocation blank with its attached affidavit Peterson said:

"We are right in our conclusion that the application is unneccessary and contrary to the spirit and public policy of our relegalization, we believe it necessarily follows that the Board of Public Welfare, acting through its superintendent or public relief, in authority to discontinue relief or to refuse to grant relief to a person otherwise qualified who refuses to sign such application and affidavit."

The ruling by Attorney-General Peterson brings an end to an unceasing fight that has been waged by the Federal Workers Section against the "Pauper's Oath" and by S. Joseph and his supporters on the Board of Public Welfare. The Federal Workers Section contended from the outset that the law was unfair and unconstitutional. (Continued on page 23)

Notice for All Members

A 50¢ assessment on all Union members was voted at the regular semi-monthly Union meeting Monday night. The funds collected by this assessment will go to the fund supporting the families of the grocery workers who are now on strike. This assessment goes into effect immediately and members are urged to remit the 50¢. Members who do not remit are asked to pay their dues promptly in order that the money may be raised to be devoted to assisting in winning the strike, which is now in a critical stage. It is raised to be devoted to assisting in winning the strike, which is now in a critical stage. It is

Stand all on one

Equal and dare

and do

Stand up for the right, stand up for what's right

For the Union Members

Make Minneapolis a Union Town
LABOR HATING
BOSSES STOP
"SETTLEMENT"

Bill Brown Says:
Before the next election every member of the labor movement old enough to vote is expected to vote for the candidates endorsed by the November election. Most of the troubles that have been talked about are caused by the Party, the UAW, the CWA and the Bankers Committee. The trouble is caused by the leadership of the Party. The labor movement must watch for these candidates. They are very dangerous. They are the ones that are going to be in trouble.

BILL BROWN
President of 344

Failure to Make Gains in WPA Strike Is Analyzed

(Continued from page 11)
while public relations are not improved, the strike would be destroyed.

Bull.
FEDERALS WIN VICTORY OVER PAUPER'S OATH

(Losspage from page 21 accompanying affidavit was not noted to the editor.)

The Independent Workers Union of the NW to file suit in the United States court to obtain an injunction against the activity of the Independent Workers Union of the NW. The suit will be filed in the United States court to obtain an injunction against the activity of the Independent Workers Union of the NW.

The Independent Workers Union of the NW is a political party in the United States that was active in the early 20th century. The union was formed in 1906 by socialists and anarchists who wanted to organize workers and demand better working conditions. The union was known for its radical views and its opposition to capitalist practices.

The Independent Workers Union of the NW was led by Victor Berger, a well-known socialist and advocate for workers' rights. The union's political ideology was based on the belief that the working class was the true force for change and that the only way to achieve social justice was through direct action and collective bargaining.

In the years following its formation, the Independent Workers Union of the NW was involved in a number of high-profile labor disputes, including the 1906 Chicago Teamsters' strike and the 1908 Pullman Strike. The union was also active in the campaign for the Eight Hour Day and the 1912 National Woman Suffrage Convention.

By 1913, the Independent Workers Union of the NW had split into two factions: the Socialists, who supported political action, and the Anarchists, who believed in direct action. The split led to the dissolution of the union in 1914.

The Independent Workers Union of the NW is remembered as an important part of the history of labor in the United States. Its legacy continues to inspire contemporary workers and activists who seek to create a more equitable society.

Labor Picnic Draws Huge Throng
As Speakers Tell of Labor's Rights

Yesterday a huge turnout of members, friends and supporters of the Minneapolis trade union movement was present at the annual union picnic held in Powderhorn Park. Despite lowering skies and a consistent drizzle the weather was fine, and the large crowd kept up a steady stream of music and conversation throughout the day in a biting manner. The picnic, which had originally been scheduled for the 12th of August was postponed by the union's executive council.

Besides trade unionists and their friends there were present a number of members of various farm organizations and liberal political groups. A splendid program of sports events was on tap for those athletically inclined. The speaking program was the high-light of the day. A long list of speakers was on hand to present their views on the trade union movement and the grievances of to-day.

Prominent among the speakers was Governor Hjalmar Peterson. Peterson characterized the farm crisis as the "real test of the American state." He declared that the farm crisis was a crisis of the state, and that the state's response was inadequate.

Senator Benson, Farmer-Labor representative from Minnesota, declared that "Labor can achieve its end by unity, singlemindedness and cooperation with all concerned." He praised the striking farm workers for their courage and dedication.

One of the most interesting and eloquent of the speakers was the speech of George Thomas Davis. Davis was a well-known attorney, and his legal argument in favor of the farm workers' cause was widely praised. He called for the state to provide relief for the farm workers and to protect them from the risks of unemployment.

Other speakers on the program were Phillip DeMere, legislative representative of the Railway Trainmen; Congressman Ernest Oberg, member of the House of Representatives in the Fifth district; Robey D. Cramer, editor of the Minneapolis Labor Review, and Mayor Latimer.

The campaign to improve the working conditions of farm workers continues to be a major issue in American politics. The farm crisis of the 1930s led to the formation of the Farm Security Administration, which provided relief to millions of farm families.

Latin American Picnic

Local 116 of the American Federation of Labor held its annual picnic in Powderhorn Park yesterday afternoon. The event was attended by thousands of workers and their families. The theme of the picnic was "Labor Unites Against Poverty." The speakers emphasized the importance of unity among workers and the need for collective action to improve working conditions.

The speakers included labor leaders, politicians, and union activists. They called for an end to the exploitation of workers and the establishment of a just and equitable system of labor relations.

The picnic was a success, with thousands of people participating in the various activities. The events included speeches, games, and a large picnic lunch. The union's leaders expressed their gratitude for the support of the workers and their families.

Petroleum Workers

Petroleum Workers Union Local 8002, A. F. of L., East Hennepin Ave. and 347 University Ave., in the Union Hall, September 3, 1936.

WHEREAS: The General Executive Council of the Local 8002 has acted on a strike of a group of employees of the Minnesota Refining Company, either of the Citizen's All, or the local 8002, this being the first time from this agreement. These demands of Local 8002 are reasonable and fair, and...

WHEREAS: We, the work of the Minnesota Refining Company...

The Local 8002 of the American Federation of Labor has been organizing and supporting a series of strikes in the oil refining industry. The company has been resisting the demands of the union, leading to a prolonged and bitter struggle.

The union's demands include a raise in wages and an improvement in working conditions. The company has been opposing these demands, leading to a conflict that has lasted for several months.

The strike is part of a broader movement among workers in the oil refining industry. The workers are seeking better wages and working conditions, as well as an end to the exploitation of workers in the oil industry.

Socialist Party

The Minneapolis Socialist party will hold its election campaign. Norman Thomas, the President-Denver, and Willard F. McAdams, the Socialist party candidate, will campaign in the area. The Socialist party has a long history of fighting for workers' rights and social justice. The party's platform includes a commitment to workers' rights, a minimum wage, and an end to the exploitation of workers.

The campaign will be focused on a series of meetings and speeches in the area. The party's candidates will be available to speak at various events and to meet with the public.

Spanish Workers

Spanish workers in the United States have been organizing and fighting for their rights. The workers face many challenges, including discrimination and exploitation. The Socialist party is committed to supporting the workers and their struggle for justice.

The Socialist party will hold meetings and rallies to support the workers' rights. The party will also work to build a broader coalition of workers and activists who are committed to fighting for justice and equality.

Summarizing the events of the day, we can say that the movement for workers' rights is gaining strength and popularity. The Socialist party is committed to supporting the workers and their struggle for justice. The movement is broadening and growing, and we can expect to see more and more workers organizing and fighting for their rights.
The Voter Worker

As the state and national elections draw near, the campaign carried on for election by candidates of all parties will become more intense as the large country-wide through the air, as newspaper headlines shriek to high heavens that unless the candidate or that candidate is returned the disaster and famine will grip the land and as the air waves are filled with pleas of various political parties for votes, the voters whose welfare is most vitally concerned tend to become more confused and are more inclined to forget the real fundamental issues involved.

In Minnesota, however, the third party political movement, as represented by the Farmer-Labor party, has made the issues somewhat more clear-cut. While the Farmer-Labor party is not a political party that will ultimately solve the problems of the poor farmers and exploited workers, it is at least more advanced in its program than most other parties who represent reaction and little else. In Minnesota the choice of worker voters is simplified. It is a choice between progress or for decay. The Republican party candidate for Governor of the state is known as an opponent of the workers' and large banks and big employers. Indeed he makes little claim to being anything else. The same can be said for the candidates of the other parties.

The NorthWestern has no intention of attempting to tell to the people in Minnesota what the political parties stand for. We do not believe the public will be equally remiss in our duty if we failed to point out that little chance of the Farmers voting for the interests of the bosses and bankers or voting for the party that represents the interests of the bosses and bankers. Whether the Farmer-Labor party has sufficiently fought for the interests of the working class in the past is not involved in this question. It is the party of the future.

Members of organized labor and workers everywhere whose loyalty is in the hands of supporting candidates on the Farmer-Labor ticket. It is the duty of every worker to support whatever political movement most closely represents his economic needs. If the party is not all that is to be desired, then the duty of every worker is to attempt to make the party that does have the best interest of the workers as the 

The Farmer-Labor party must be accorded full support.

A Shameful Thing

At the Monday night meeting membership night there occurred an episode which cannot pass unnoticed. Such a thing is never witnessed in the halls of the Minneapolis Driven Union. Never before has the question arisen of whether or not Local 544 would accord full and complete support to a section of the Union on strike. After the vote had been taken on a 50c assessment for the support of the striking grocery workers boss and cats called the passing of the motion. So shameful was the selfish attitude displayed by the dissenters that it was almost impossible to believe that one was in the meeting place of the General and the Union. Those who objected to the passage of the motion to give financial support to the striking groc ery workers should tell the Union that they were indifferent to the welfare of their own Union.

The strike of the grocery drivers, helpers and inside workers, is one of the most significant of the strikes since 1934 since the 1934 strikes. The Union is fighting the whole organized strength of the Citizens Alliance, backed by a huge union fund and united in their determination to crush the Drivers Union. Every bit of moral and physical help must be accorded these strikers and every resource of the Union must be thrown into the struggle.

For the purpose of this report the assessment should recall that in the long struggles in the summer of 1934 those who opposed the strike were discredited and defeated. That money came from unselied individuals inside and outside the Minneapolis labor movement who realized that disaster faced the Federation should the leadership abandon the workers that money that came from unselied individuals inside and outside the Minneapolis labor movement who realized that disaster faced the Federation should the leadership abandon the workers.

No Local 544 officials who were present at the meeting last Wednesday left a lot of questions hanging. It was a lot of questions hanging. It seems that the strike of the grocery drivers, helpers and inside workers is one of the most significant of the strikes since 1934 since the 1934 strikes. The Union is fighting the whole organized strength of the Citizens Alliance, backed by a huge union fund and united in their determination to crush the Drivers Union. Every bit of moral and physical help must be accorded these strikers and every resource of the Union must be thrown into the struggle.

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