

lass Trust and Labor Trust. LOOKING OUT FOR NUMBER I DOES NOT PAY IN THE LONG RUN.

WINDOW GLASS TRUST is now closing all its factories and putting mich it exclusively controls. Such a machine displaces three men better goods than can be made by hand workers. The cost of ned 40 to 50 per cent. ti be le

ents cannot be verified. The window glass trust may have 1 dark financial maneuver, at which it is usually very clever, or ay be actually as has been stated. Let us take this for granted. rship between trust and union has come to a conclusion, to a asider this case further for the sake of its moral. et SIS CO

of an window glass is enormously high, 100 per cent and over. at cause which made possible the formation of the trust and the orkingmen with the trust. The Window Glass Company bought -known method, a great number of glass factories and "regulaty. They limited production, while they let .the factories stand mths. The workmen were satisfied .with this, .for the trust wages, thus permitting them to take a few months vacation com-

apitalists appeared, lured by the enormous profits acquired in the and these founded "independent" factories. The union (an as-Enights of Labor) had indeed provided as far as possible for the the number of apprentices, and in fact this had gone so far that the at one time could not get enough workmen. Hence arose the famous as of the union itself importing a number of men from Belgium, at that time, Campbell, afterwards factory inspector of Pennto answer in a court of justice for .importing .workmen under

ts" however procured workmen, and even the trust found it untinually support a great number of superfluous men and dism. These then founded co-operative factories. It would be a long, to relate the machinations which were worked between these groups rule the market. Often they united for a regular suspension of work prices, now and then they waged war with one another. The rt in these wars, which led unavoidably to divisions.

ga went so far that the president of the organization, a certain marily expelled the workingmen of two of the four .branches it, and taught scabs the trade. These "conservative" workingmen, the least trace of consciousness of their solidarity, contended ch other many a time for the best position in the .factories, and hence ons arose among them.

ion finally became . the complete ally of the trusts. The latter dismares among the union members, and Burns, as their representative, npany's board of directors. After a time however it was a that the trust had found this "did not pay," and now it seems that it contrived a scheme to get rid of its "partner," and in this it has To tend its machines it will of course need men, but those of a very al grade, and it will have plenty of time to teach them, for it anelieve the anxieties of the trade, that it has in stock a million cases me, therefore, seems to have been well planned.

In gass workers' organization has always .enjoyed the respect of the talistic press and has deserved it! It was "strictly on business Its fund with some thousands of members, often mounted into the usands of dollars; it controlled, for a time at least, a national red itself wide-awake in looking out for its own interests, in this it a by no scruples, it had no regard for other workingmen, it troubled it its own business, it never manifested any hostility towards the and it secured high wages for its members. It was actually a labor

It is only a pity, that such glory cannot endure forever. Here it lasted an ng time, longer than with the iron workers, who also at one had similar relations with the manufacturers, until Carnegie broke them up. well known, the struggle in Homestead was not against the mass of the a, but against a few hundred people who earned twenty-five or twentycollars a day, and for whom the other thousands pulled the chestnuts out of

apital has no inclination whatever to allow the workingmen to participate avastages of improvements in methods of production. If the profits of ion increase, capital wishes to keep them all for itself. In the glass instry. Barns' workingmen have gradually become a hindrance to progress. They ed to derive advantage from every improvement, and lessen their ng time. They worked at last only six or seven months in the year, yet at had to pay them as much as if they had worked all the year round.

This must have excited the anger of the capitalists, and made them think of as of getting .id of this troublesome partner. In the glass trust this is place, if its program has no defect, in the .most thourough manner ima. It has provided itself plenty of stock, closed its factories, and is now men to run its machines. But the old hands, who, if the statements in trust are true, are completely checkmated, can now make a little study of political theories hitherto despised by them, for instance, that the of a group of workingmen who have conquered for themselves an exorable position, sooner, or later through the evolution of things he brought down to the level of the general conditions of existence for the a of workingmen; from which they may learn the lesson that in the

A resolution urging political ac-ion along the lines of the class struggle was introduced at the con-Federation of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor at Little Falls, Minn., last week and stirred up a lively debate. It was finally decided to leave the recommendation to the

affiliated unions to act as they saw fit.

and other designs upon the grave of the late Comrade Myron Reed at Fairmount cemefery. Comrade Ed-ward Boyce, the former president of the federation, making an address. The delegates went to the cemetery,

in three chartered cars.

Hearst's booming of Hearst is sort of funny, isn't it!

was possible with it, as a warning of Servia. You see, our American to the workers to keep their proper rich white trash is at it again! And place in society-that is, in the we have just been celebrating Flag capitalist labor pen. How Roose- Day! Why our rich would use velt would have shown his teeth if American flags as rags to clean up he could have seen the show.

convert to Socialism while in Ger-

eration of Miners convention at Denver last week placed wreathes opera kings we have ever

Some blind people traditions. would rather slowly starve under

capitalism, than mass together and live beautifully under Socialism!

Down in West Virginia the cap-italists set up a gatling gun to be handy in case of labor troubles, and number of American millionaires its fruits to decide that the capitalthen took pains to give a public ex- hastened to offer their daughters' ist system does not truly serve manhibition of the marksmanship that hands in marriage to the new king kind.

the we have just been celebrating Flag old dirty foreign aristocratic escutcheons, if they could manage to The press dispatches claim that get some personal profit out of it. the new king of Servia became a Such trash, such flag-worshipping trash!

There are lots of people who would be willing to be monopolists if they got the chance, but is that How some people like to hold fast to a lie! And even when they have a sort of suspicion that the truth if they could, but it does not make if they could, but it does not make any reason why monopoly is a good would be better for them. It is due despotism right or wise. It is no largely to the force of habit, of argument to say that lots of poor despotism right or wise. It is no people would like to be capitalists under capitalistic conditions. That doesn't make capitalism a just system, by any means. The question

Great Victory in Germany! Three Million Votes Predicted. Social-Democrats get Eighty Seats!

Berlin, June 17.-The Dresdener ly increasing, so that the Socialist real thoughts. The whole country Nachrichten admits that the Social party has become a menace to all now looking forward to a terrible ists polled 100,000 majority over all that the kaiser and the Conservatives conflict in the coming session of the Vorwaerts, organ of the Socialists. If the vote at the elections too Vorwaerts, organ of the Socialists. boasts that Saxony is a Socialist state. The paper claims 100,000 So-cialist gains in Berlin and in the suburban districts. The Socialist vote in Duisburg, Prussia, was 25,000, against 7,800 in 1898. The Socialist here increase of the mark and the sugmentation of the mark and the sugmentation of the empire-have become unpopular among the the Socialist gained one soci in

The Socialists have increased their representation in the reichstag by at least twenty seats and their total vote by 400,000 over that of 1898, although later returns may increase the figures.

where they elected eighteen out of total of twenty-three members and get reballots in five districts, with excellent chances of winning in most m. Crowds of Socialists held jubilation meetings all night, which were addressed by Herr Bebel, Herr Singer, and other favorite orators. who said they had reason to hope for

(From the Cable Dispatches.)

rmously increased their representation main issue was between the The

Are you stupid enough to im- such characters have been weeded the Socialist rule the dirt would be agine that capitaism cares for out and that only a comparatively worth as much as the diamonds be-human life! Just read this from few of them remain, yet the capital- cause the same time was required ist press was always ready to give to pick it up. After the lecture, "In one of the Park City(Utah) such creatures columns of space in State Organizer Gaylord asked him mines—we will not name the mine which to lie about those who had if he thought he had done full as they allowed us to go through it brought about the purification. It justice to the Marxian theory of -we saw about 300 boxes of giant was so-in Milwaukee, at any rate. value being determined by average powder in one pile and about 25 And a good reason why. Capital-socially necessary labor time, and he feet away some 25 boxes of single ism fears an honest, clean organiza aid he though Jack powder and 20 feet from this tion of the forces of labor. It then reminded him that Marx had the thawing box arranged for fire doesn't want labor to get too much himself used the handful of diathawing. In the same mine not out of touch with capitalism; it monds illustration to show that a thawing. In the same line hot on or want it to become too virtu-more than 100 feet from the shaft doesn't want it to become too virtu-chance find of that sort did not come under the rule of average newere 9 boxes of giant powder in a ous and socialistic. cessary labor-time for the production of diamonds or other articles. "Were the Social Democrats of "But you will remember that I did Germany ever in favor of communinot use that illustration in connecy of wives as Father Sherman and tion with the theory of value," was Sherman's defense. "I noticed the National Economic League pamphlets claim?" asks an Illinois Sherman's defense. "I noticed that," said Gaylord, "and wondered orrespondent. why you used it out of its proper Simply, and plainly and emphati-cally, NO! The very idea is absurd. connection, for that was where it belonged." To which Father Sher-Marx, in his Communist Manifesto, written in 1848, touches on this calumny, and even takes the pains

hat the kaiser and the Conservatives connict in the county and hold dear in politics and policy. If the vote at the elections today for the source of the election today is source to be defeated and The

have become unpopular among the Ine Socialists gained one seat if masses of the people. An extraordinary feature of the Dresden, Soligen, Pirna, Plauen, Zit in polling in Berlin was the part taken tau, Doebeln, Altenburg, Darmstadt, by Socialists women. Hundreds went Limbach, Bielefeld, Schwartzberg from house to house bringing out Baireuth and Bremen. They lost laggard voters waiting at the exits of seats in Sorau and Bernburg. They have factories and mills, and acompanying the indifferent electors to the polls. Herr Bebel tonight to call Saxony

last night from 381 districts give: Conservatives, 30; center party, 82; Socialists, 54; Poles, 14: free conservatives, 6; Alsatians, 6; national started by the kaiser will make a strong effort to gain the confidence will be necessary in 177 districts. The of the laboring classes. However, Socialist strength in the new house forgotten how they were treated by



THE FOLLOWING press dispatch from Chicago is suggestive

THE FOLLOWING press dispatch from Chicago is suggestive: "The strike of hotel and restaurant employes has spread to the Chicago Beach and the Grand Pacific hotels. At the Chicago Beach every man and woman employed in the hotel was ordered out, and every one from the chambermaid to the bell boy obeyed the summons instanter. GREAT INDIGNATION followed among the guests, who include many prominent and wealthy Chicagoans. They voted to stand by the hotel manage-ment, and RICHLY DRESSED WOMEN, changing their dresses for more com-mon ones, cleared tables and WASHED DISHES." Goodl Solenddill Lat the "ticking dressed" more much their own dishes

Good! Splendid!! Let the "richly dressed" women wash their own dishes, be their own chambermaids and wait on themselves generally for about months. It will cure their indignation, also their indigestion, and wonderfully improve their complexion. They may then have some idea of what it is to be a household drudge and possibly they may also realize .that the "richly dressed" who burn with "indignation" because a poor cook or chambermaid or waiter strikes for a pittance are but parasites and cormorants who consume what others produce and ought to be set to work making an honest living.

The leech doubtless boils with "indignation", when the mule whose veins it perforates kicks against being bled.

The incident is a cheering sign and there is a healthy suggestion of the class struggle in it.

* * *

President Roosevelt made a five minute speech at Indianapolis on his return trip to Washington after his fifteen thousand mile campaign expedition. The locomotive whistles proclaimed the railroad companies' welcome to the trust exterminator and the eager sycophancy of the chumps that blew them.

At the close of the short speech something happened. Here is the account of it:

An incident that was noted during the speech was when from an overlooking window some one shouted: "The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is for Roosevelt."

The president smiled and replied: "I know it. I feel that Indiana is solid for me."

When Lafayete visited this country and made his famous tour in 1828 the ovation tendered him at Baltimore was unusually elaborate. He passed beneath a great arch surmounted by a living eagle and to his astonishment and delight the eagle spread his wings and screamed as if from pure joy, as it beheld the friend of Washington, the hero of the revolution. The general may ha pected, but he probably never knew that a small boy was secreted in the arch and prodded the eagle with a sharp needle to inspire his screech of welcome at the appointed time.

As to who jabbed the jay-bird at Indianapolis the account does not say, but the unexpected incident worked so well that all hands are to be congratulated upon the success of the rehearsal, the felicitous response of the president and the alextness of the reporter in putting it on the wires before it was uttered.

So the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is for Roosevelt. Certainly! So are the railroad corporations and the Pullman Palace Car Co. that furnished his palatial train and fifteen thousand miles of transportation free of charge, so that he might tell the people to be virtuous if they would be happy and incidentally whoop it up for a second term.

No wonder "the president smiled" and said "I know it." That's why he joined the brotherhood and he certainly is entitled to the benefits of membership. Brother Sargent gave him the pass-word of the brotherhood and he gave

brother Sargent the pass-word to a soft government berth, a fair exchange, and organized labor duly "recognized." Certainly the president "smiled." The brotherhoods will elect the candidates of the railroad companies' president and then all hands will "smile"-until the next panic and railroad strike-and then the president will "smile" some more-enough to show his teeth-and the federal

Such a sensational press dispatch as the following from Washington has become so common in the light of recent exposures of official corruption that it is taken as a matter of course and excites scarcely a breath of resentment. Where the people in a healthy moral state and the public conscience normal such a

shocking revelation would arouse a whirlwind of indignation: snocking reveation would arouse a wniriwing of indignation: "It is learned on unquestioned, authority that Senator Lattimer several months ago complained to the president that when he sought a position in the departmen for a young woman, he was met by the gruff retort from Mr. Wynne that there were no places; that THE DEPARTMENT WAS FULL ENOUGH OF BAD WOMEN and that it had come to pass that ANY WOMAN WITH A PRETTY FACE AND FIGURE COULD SECURE CONGRESSIONAL EN-DORSEMENT.

DORSEMENT. The president in a personal conference with the first assistant reprimanded him. Mr. Wynne defended his action by showing that the conversation of which Senator Lattimer complained had taken place five months before; that he prob-ably did make the remark concerning congressional endorsement, for he said that IN THE MAIN IT WAS CORRECT, but he declared he did not class all women in the department as bad, but only a small percentage. This, he said, he would stand by. HE ALSO DECLARED THAT OF ALL ROTTENESS IN THE GOVERNMENT THAT IN THE POSTOFFICE TOOK THE LEAD. While this case-nool of injunity settles at the national control the semidure

While this cess-pool of iniquitiy seethes at the national capital the president is galloping over the country delivering cheap homilies on how to be .good, and the postmaster general is concerned only because the foul subterranean stream has been uncovered.

Mr. Wynne is first Assistant to Postmaster General Payne. Consider the appalling national putrescence of which Wynne's indictment is but the index! Think of H. C. Payne as commander-in-chief of a great moral investigation!

ocialism?

been published up to tonight of the question, to try by all means possible general elections for the reichstag to break the power of Socialism. The government labor paper recently liberals, 6; miscellaneous, started by the kaiser will make a members elected, 204. R

the Pueblo, Colo., Courier:

close to 3,000,000 votes.

The most remarkable Socialist gains were in the kingdom of Saxony. the indifferent electors to the polls.

Congratulations are pouring in from Socialists all over the world,

particularly from America.

today, but it is evident from the pol-ling that the Social Democrats have

Social Democratic party and those parties allied to the government fac-tion. For the last twenty years the So-cial Democratic vote has been steadi-peror have too plainly revealed his Herbert Bismarck.

alizing that this election will prob ably bury some of his fondest hopes (From the Cable Dispatches.) Berlin, June 16.—Few results have ever determined to study the labor

Berlin, June 17.—The elections are over, the results are nearly in, and as had been feared by the govern-ment, THE SOCIALISTS HAVE GAINED A GREAT VICTORY. REATER EVEN THAN THEY

GREATER EVEN THAN THEY GREATER EVEN THAN THEY THEMSELVES HAD DARED TO naval questions despite the heavy HOPE FOR. Every great city in gains made by the Socialists in Tues-the empire is in their hands and the HAISER IS GURIOUS, re-alizing that this election will prob-

Returns received up to 11 o'clock

troops will do the rest.

d it is wiser to work for a universal raising the class, instead of endeavoring at them selves off from it and form abor treat

Victor L. Bergu.

belief on the part of the be rich and poor in human society." pile and a big thawing box with as that war is a good thing. This is an eminently plutocratic much more in it. Think of the the surplus population, view. We have a different way of effect of an exposion of either of duces the chance for fat looking at it. If more than a superior of effect of an exposion of either of it as they may, there is men's brains alike so long will there are belief on the part of the be rich and poor in human society." es the chance for fat looking at it. If men persist the chance for fat looking at it. If men persist in these pres of powder. The mist atracts, beside opening up playing poker they must expect to one would tear the mountain down rifery for exploitation, find themselves divided off into while the latter one would, beyond one fact about this food winners and losers. As long as a doubt, wreck the shaft. There that the capitalist doesn't men persist in playing the game of are hundreds of men in the mine does not would tear that be condition of affairs as does not realize that by capitalism, they must expect to be and such a condition of affairs as mouths to consume divided into classes—rich class, this is positively criminal."

in being has one mouth. in our insane asylums. Making

ale of impure, adulter- who did not scruple to deal in ically "cheapened" at he can collectively.

in the larger cities, through its officers inted meats when it It prevents dealers rd products as butter ausage, for in-nd to contain ani-s to health. In

everything else, can do much individually. the world is

C. Peters of ted in a pub-

History repeats itself. In the has one mouth. In our maant as different wouldn't help past man sought out every quivering to explain how it naturally occurred

poorer qualities, with consequent help turn the screws upon us up to under-cutting in prices, etc.

the vith food. It was just it a mite, for luck and the cuming are in the human body and plung-it with food. It was just it a mite, for luck and the cuming are in the human body and plung-are way the capitalist might use of advantage ained through by seeking them out with pincers and species of possession. So when the it a proposition. The barons of old had a thrifty convention so as to leave it with-to the bourgeois mind. Under, and wives are looked on by some as and red hot irons. Today capital-a species of possession. So when the it proposition. The barons of old had a thrifty convention so as to leave it with-to meet so much brutality from cap-talism everything is property, and wives are looked on by some as and red hot irons. Today capital-a species of possession. So when the travelled rads along which the peo-travelled rads along which the peoof labor exploitation cuts the largest figure. It isn't because men's brans differ that there are extremes of wealth and poverty—often it is and red hot irons. Today capital-ism seeks out man's every necessity and makes it the subject of torture. The rack today is an invisible one trage agon roads and side-brings disaster upon him. Almost is agon roads and side-trage do industry, it is true tention of giving honest service-an evidence of a adcent brain—and an evidence of a decent brain—and an envidence of a decent brain—and an evidence of a decent brain—and and the food gamblers, the shody and the food gamblers, the shordy and the food gamblers, th

help turn the screws upon us up to the extreme limit of our endurance. A walking delegate named Parks has been caught in New York in

. . *

In every human being there is the making of a god or a devil. Environment is the determining factor. Socialism is concerned with the environment.

Human nature will do the rest. Terre Haute Ind., June 13.

Eque torla

The Journeymen Bakers' Inter- bound to the platform on which national union is having consider- they are elected. The candidates able trouble over Socialism, or, of the Social-Democratic party (So-rather, the friends of capitalism in that organization are. So many of bound to act in the interests of the members have become converts labor and in the interests of labor belonged. To which Father Sher-man replied curtly, "I make my own lectures," and turned his back! the last convention, at Buffalo, the is the view that is gaining ground wn lectures," and turned his back { the last convention, at bunned, the is the view that is gaining ground pure and simplers, who think they among bakers as well as other own the organization, descreted the crafts. There is no craft that has convention so as to leave it with to meet so much brutality from cap-

> Socialists should direct their propaganda efforts. It is the workers that need Socialism. The Herald has tried to meet this need through its Union Secretaries Fund. Let us beg of you to support that fund. It is an important matter.

> > The Herald is an ideal paper for propaganda. It is a clean looking paper; no one need to be ashamed of it. The day of mussy, dirty-looking papers is past.

A walking delegate named Parks states that the factory workers of that contry are beginning to break down with consumption, as a result of their change from a rural, out a gain, in the problem down with consumption, as a result of their change from a rural, out a gain, in the problem acritical. Socialism is now said to have a strong footing in the French colory of Agiers. The Socialists began to servinde. Socialist paper and are making steady June. They now have a working of collecting strength integration a problem or of the characteristics of modern june. They now have a working of strength integration and the claimed that according to integrate and its paper and are making steady zervind.

The Average Work-Power of Nations.

What an English Mechanic saw of Labor Conditions in America, and his Conclusions, part true and part foolish.

So much has recently been written and spoken on the subject of Americanism and the dangers which are likely to grow from the development of Amer ican methods that it is only fair that we should look at the matter from allpoints of view, and as one who came to the United States two years ago unfavorably disposed toward these methods I feel conscientiously bound to give the result of my incidental study of the subject. When I left England the impression from a worker's point of view was that the methods employed on the other side were tending to turn man into a mere machine and in this way to lower the intelligence of the individual worker, but everything I have seen points emphatically to the very opposite conclusion. The introduction of labor saving appliances has almost entirely done away with physical skill as applied to the ordinary work of the mills, but in its place we have a mental activity and keenness of vision which are having an almost unlimited influence on the brain development of the worker and in this way raising the standard of intelligence in the ranks, This in itself is a strong factor in the market of manufacture, but it is only the foundation of the growth which is gradually taking place in the "strenuous life" of the United States which ess introduced in other countries will eventually cause them to be left behind in the march of commercial supremacy. From figures I have before me prepared by Mr. James H. Bridge, late librarian assistant to Mr. Herbert Spencer, I find that the average work power of nations is as follows: Taking the work of the ordinary dock laborer at 325 foot tons per day, the average daily force exerted by the citizen of the United States is 2,000 foot tons, the average of the Englishman is 1,400 foot tons, of the Frenchman or German 900 foot ions and of the Italian 400 foot This force may be safely taken as the earning power of the individual corker, and from that standpoint I will show the logical outcome of the increased work power of the individual. It must be borne in mind that these figures are the result of the labor and not the actual labor expended. The

reason of the large capacity of the

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American workman is the introduction of so much machinery, which enables him to do a great deal more work by the exercise of his mental faculties, as of course, the physical strength of the different nations is not as shown here. This method of increasing the working power of the individual raises his value and by diminishing his physical effort naturally gives more chance to his intellectual advancement. The very nature of his work is such as to call for a higher rate of intelligence, as he must control a larger output (in most a larger numbe and exercise his mental faculties to a much greater extent than the worker with the smaller output. Taking the case of the steel trade, where the American has so rapidly advanced the past few years, the introduction of mechanical appliances has almost completely done away with the class of la bor which tended to make a worker an old man at fifty, and in this way, where the work consists in great part of the control of levers and switches requiring small physical effort and con siderable intelligence, the workman at the end of his daily toil is not physic ally exhausted and only fit for stimulants or bed, but he is seeking physic-al recreation and those things which will fit him more and more for his work. I think this feature of the day's question should be of interest to advo-

cates for old age pensions, as it will be easily seen that a man who would be unfit for heavy physical exertion would be just as capable of carrying on his work under the new conditions and would be still earning his full wage for many years after he passed his bodily prime.-London Times.

A WARNING FROM THE WEST.

The following warning has been issued by Charles Moyer and William D. Haywood, president and secretary respectively of the Western Federation of Miners

The capitalistic combinations of the west are acting in concert to bring from the eastern states a tide of immigration that will inundate the Rocky ountain regions and the Pacific slope, with no other object in view than to starve labor into abject serfdom.

There are now thousands and tens of thousands of men and women in the vest whose hands are tied in idleness. The seductive and alluring circulars that are being scattered throughout the eastern states are the products of a literary bureau that has been established by employers' associations, promotion companies and mine owners' asso ciations, whose capital expands as hungry and homeless workingmen be come

fierce competitors on the labor market for jobs. The voice of discontent is heard all over the west. Strikes, injunctions and boycotts are flourishing between the Missouri river and the coast, from British Columbia to Mexico, and should warn the laboring man of the east that his presence in the west will only en-

able the corporate interests to prolong the struggle of the masses against the robbery of exploitation. Thousands of workingmen are being landed in the western states every week on account of cheap fares and the mis-

Send us \$2.00

dends desire to pit the immigration from the eastern states against the men of the west who dare to ask for a reasonable remuneration for their toil. While wages in the west may be a little higher than in the east, the cost of living is far more expensive and the difference in wages is consumed by the higher prices in the necessaries of life. Members of organized labor and all, workingmen, stay away from the

ading pamphlets that extend such invitations to the laboring

men of the east. Stay away from the west! The volcanic rumbling of war

and it is the intention of the corpora-

Columbia, the Pacific slope and inter-

tions to use eastern immigration

until the storm cloud disappears from labor's sky.

skips town and Philip is assaulted.

Not to give sober second thought a

went

The

chance to counsel better things, he

straight to the dingy little office next

pocketed the forged deed and

AN INFAMOUS BILL IS SIGNED.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

between employer and employee can be heard in every state of the west, Governor Odell has signed Assembly. man Hughes' bill designed to preven discrimination on the part of labor un nan Hughes' bill design strike breaking aggregation. Conflicts ions against members of the national guard. The bill is drastic and refers between organized labor and organized capital are raging throughout British equally to labor unions and employers, making it a misdemeanor to interfere in mountain region, and the employers of the west who long for larger diviany way with the employment of a person who is a member of the national guard on account of such member ship or to dissuade a person from en listing by threat of injury with refer ence to his employment, trade or busi-

> It especially forbids any trade organ ization, from passing any resolution or bylaw discriminating in the matter of membership against any member of the national guard, it being declared the purpose of the new law "to protect a member of the said national guard from disadvantage in his means of

ing-stones, and colliding

to get in his way.

vetver.

neath it.

said national guard. A person who aids in enforcing any such provisions against a member of the said national guard with the intent to discriminate against him because of such member-ship is guilty of a misdemeanor." The act is to take effect Sept. 1, 1903.

Mine, thine, and ours,-what I make or earn is mine, what you make or earn is thine, but the natural sources of our upply is ours .- The Public.

Socialism means the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution. The substitution of a co-operative commonwealth for the present social anarchy. Let the people own the industries.

"Ill fares the land, to hastening ills a prey, wealth accumulates, and men decay.—Oliver Goldsmith. Where

OR, THE TRAGEDY OF A MUSHROOM TOWN.

The level rays of the morning sun shooting across the eastern of John's mountain, pour-a noiseless volley of radiagainst the opposite cliffs and Thorndyke stopped at the base of down on his hands and knees

understand that," he said, after he had slaked his thirst. "Ye're a bonny fightwith chance pedestrians who happened er. Master Thorndyke-I maun say that He breathed freely again when he for ye-but ye'll no win wi' such a man eached his room and found that the

as Sharpless at that gait." papers were undisturbed, but the dis-"No, I'm pretty well satisfied of that quieting experience taught him the lesson of prudence which he might now; though I still think there will be more fighting than parleying in the otherwise have gone wanting. Buttoncase, from the way they have begun on ing the papers into an inside pocket of his coat, he went out again, taking care

Philip had been giving his companto keep in the well-lighted and fre succinct account of the events ion a quented streets until he reached a hardware store where he could buy a reof the previous day as they climbed With the weapon in his pocket the mountain, and Duncan had consented to take charge of the deed until he felt safer; and, leaving Broadway it should be needed. once more turned his steps toward "Hae ye made up yer mind what ye'll the jail. Pragmore had not been

found; and, after assuring himself that do next?

"Not definitely. As I told you awhile a description of the missing notary had ago, it depends very much upon what been telegraphed to the neighboring Kilgrow says. Yesterday I intended to prosecute immediately in both the civil towns on the railway, Thorndyke went and criminal courts, but I'm not so sure now that that would be the proper thing to do.

"Aye?" said Duncan, seating himself with his back against the cliff and making an inverted N of his sinewy length.

'No; to be frank about it, I think I lost my head when that deed turned up. It was a foolish thing to go to Pragmore the way I did. I might have known what would happen in case wasn't able to scare him."

"An' can ye no sue them yet?" "Oh, yes; but they know as much a I do, now, and they will be prepared at all points. We can beat them in the end, but they can delay a settlement indefinitely. And I'm more afraid of delay than of anything else.

Aye?" "Yes. They have all the resources of the syndicate behind them, while I have nothing. They can give any amount of bail on the criminal charge, and when we get our verdict in chancery there may be nothing to recover from. "But, man, there's the whole town built on Johnnie Keelgrow's land!"

"Yes, it's there to-day, and it may be there to-morrow; but it has grown up

to give him any preference or advan-tage on account of his membership of LABOR SOLIDARITY

A Plea for Trade Unionism on Rational Lines, by Arthur Brisbane.

Ten Weeks, Ten Centra

schooling for the children. A many schooling for the children. A many workeys as many schooling acknowledgment of the beau cent effects of organization among workers is made in a recent num of the Metropolitan Massathan

of the Metropolitan Magazine, an article describing what has

which aim at amellorating the lot of

the foregoing forces and exerting a

greater influence than any of them to

the organization of people in trade un-

ions. Whatever he may think of ex-tain practices of trade unions, no fair

man can deny that they more than any other single movement have been re-

sponsible for the improvement that has taken place in the condition of work-

ingmen in recent years. On the east side, as elsewhere, conditions are bet-

ter in consequence of the organization

of labor; wages are higher, hours of

nent of

work is better, and these improved conditions which immediately affect

the breadwinner also immediately at.

The unreflecting and the class solfab

who sneer at trade unions or rage at

who sheer at thus thous or rate at at them when they use their power have but to do a little real thinking in order to come into the knowledge that

the labor organizations are doing a

ests, and all others who are hostile to

them demonstrate by their hostility

DEFINITIONS OF SOCIALISM.

competition in every branch of human industry. (Worcester's Dictionary.) ...

The term SOCIAL DEMOCRACY is

THE DOERFLINGER LEG

that they are too narrow to hend what is going on and what is best for this democratic republic.

work are shorter, the environ

fect the family and the home."

the betterment of east side e

is the great force which proc

The process by which the workers ship since they mean better h in the world, transthemselves form themselves from mere hand to mouth, ambitionless drudges into civilized, hopeful men and useful citizens naturally creates friction, and friction is ever accompanied by heat.

An aruce esscribing what has been done of late years to render life better worth living in New York's east the Leroy M. Scott, the author, tells of the labors of the college settlements and other agencies, volunteer and official It is quite likely that all the strikes which are disturbing the country are not wise and timely, but just the same these strikes, viewed in the mass, are the best possible proof of industrial and social health. They show that the which aim at amenorating the of the the packed population of the ments. Then be says: "Quite different in character from workers want to better themselves and are determined to do it. The nation is prosperous and the wage earners are bound to have their share of the prosperity.

Individual employers may feel that they are the victims of injustice, but employers in the aggregate will profit by the success of the strikes. The more pay the workers get the more they are able to buy and the better prices they are willing to give for what they purchase

Hard things are being said about trade unions by many persons who ought to know better. The trade union is what gives the workingmen power to enforce their demands. It is trade unions that have elevated the condition of the wage earning millions and that will continue to elevate it. The higher the status of the workingman the surer will be the guarantee of continued prosperity. High wages make for good citizen-

like Jonah's gourd, and it may be quite as short-lived.' Duncan nursed his chin reflectively. "That's just what Robbie Protheroe

the labor organizations are doing a mighty work not only for their own members, but for the country. The workingman who does not belong to one of them is blind to his own interaye hintin' at. He's a sharp lad, is Rob-bie." "Of course I don't know anything continued Thorndyke, folabout it," lowing his own line of thought: "but other towns have flourished and failed, and Allacoochee may or may not prove to be an exception. Anyway, I'd like to get the thing settled while the press-ure is high. It will be easier to get

\$50,000 now than \$10,000 after the tide begins to turn."

The collective ownership of the means of production and distribution. A theory of society that advocates a more precise, orderly and harmonious arrangement of the social relations of mankind than that which has hitherto prevailed. (Webster's Dictionary.) Duncan's jaw fell, and he stared at Philip in speechless astonishment. "Feefty thousand dollars!" he exclaimed, when he could find breath to put his amazement into words. "Eh, man, man, but ye'll be killin' the goose outright!" "No fear of that," laughed Philip, A science of reconstructing society on an entirely new basis, by substituting the principle of association for that of

rising and taking the path again. "And if they don't call off their desperadoes it'il cost them more.' A theory that aims to secure the re-construction of society, increase of wealth, and a more equal distribution of the products of labor and espital (as distinguished from property), and the public collective management of all industries. Its motto is: "Everyone according to his deeda." (Standard Dictionary.) He spoke confidently, but he wa troubled with many doubts and misgiv ings which poured in thickly upon the heels of yesterday's overconfidence. One insurmountable obstacle the second thought had brought up to block the way to a legal contest: the court would require a heavy bond from the com-plainant, and who was to furnish it? Kilgrow had nothing, and the loss of the more precise name for international Socialism and signifies a Socialist society democratically administered. his own fortune put it out of Thorn-dyke's power to offer security. Clearly, the thing must be managed in some way without a suit, and Phillp's perplexity

kept him silent while they were push through the woods on the plateau toward the Pocket.

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the office locked and empty; and, leav-

ing the officer to continue the search for the notary, Philp went back to the Johannisberg to prepare the papers in the suit against the town company.

door to Catron's store. The old notary was sitting at his desk, and the lines of reticence in his sallow face deepened into wrinkles when he looked up and saw who had opened the door. Thorndyle wasted no time in introductory phrases. "Two or three months ago, Mr. Prag more, I asked you some questions about a deed purporting to have been given by John Kilgrow to James Cates record shows that you attested it, but

you denied any recollection of the cirumstances. Will you tell me now that you did not antedate your certificate six ears or more? that you did not ac nowledge the signature of a man whom you believed to be dead?"

Pragmore stiffened himself in his chair and made no sign, though he had to moisten his thin lips to say: "You cayn't prove anything."

The sullen defiance overdrew what-ever amount of prudence the discovery of the deed had left Thorndyke. Lean ing over the desk, he held the paper out spread before the eyes of the old man "Do you pretend to say that this is not your signature? Will you tell me that you don't know Fench's handwriting

when you see it? Did the printers make a mistake of five years when they put their imprint on this blank?" The mask of inscrutability sllpped side for a moment, and Pragmore's

face became gray and furred with Then he relapsed into sullen terror. ness again, but there was an angry snarl in his voice when he spoke. "I don't know nothin' about it, n'r

what-all ye're aimin' at, but I'll tell ye first an' last, ye cayn't bulldoze me This here's my office, an' since ye found the way in, I reckon ye can find the way out."

Philip started off in a white heat of vrath. Half-way to the door he turned on Pragmore. "I came down here to give you on

more chance to save yourself," he said; you don't deserve any more consider ation than any common eriminal, but you're an old man and you've let these fellows make a tool of you. Once for all will you turn state's evidence? or shall I

There was a rasping noise, as of a hastily opened drawer, and the old man sprang to his feet and leveled a revolver at Thorndyke. His eyes blazed, and voice quavered with excitement.

Philip stood his ground long enough to show his contempt for the argument of force; then he turned his back on the angry man and ran up the street to catch an electric car for the new courthouse. As soon as he could find

ing that night in the attic bedroom with the forged deed under his pillow. self with the deputy who was to serve it. As a matter of course, they found

back to the hotel. Approaching the building by a walk through the grounds which led him beneath the windows of his own room in one of the southern gables, he was surprised to see them brilliantly lighted; and, bolting up the stairway at the end of the corridor, he was barely in time to save the Johannisberg from destruc

tion. been thoroughly and ruthlessly ranend the sheriff after you?" sacked, and one of the gas jets-whether by accident or design he never knew -had been swung around against the mosquito netting, which was blazing

"By the 'Mighty! if ye don't get out

o' here We'll return \$2.50.

After having his room changed, he magistrate, he swore out a warrant for Pragmore's arrest and went him-



Have you the necessary pluck to

THE PROSPERITY-MAKERS; BY A WELL-KNOWN WRITER. CHAPTER XIV .- In which Pragmore | caught. With the heedlessness which | were goes hand in hand with triumphant, spur perseverance, he left the forged deed, ing a together with the unfinished papers. ance

on the writing-table in his room at of the Bull, and bridging the valley of the Little Chiwassee with bands of yelthe hotel; and, picking his way through the obstructed streets, he was soon in low light that made the shadows blue the neighborhood of the courthouse and cool by comparison. Up among the Under the branches of a water-oak, at topmost twigs of the tree the breeze a point where the light from the elecwhispered steadily, with the sound like ric lamps at the crossings made a the patter of gentle rain; but in the garish twilight, he stumbled over the depths of the forest, where the path body of a man lying across the side-walk. Before he could recover himfrom Duncan's to the plateau wound upward through the tangled underself he was promptly garroted, thrown down and held by two footpads while growth, the air was still and resonant giving back sharply the snarl of the a third rifled his pockets. The assault was well planned and deftly executed, and when his assailants had left him gravel and the rustle of dry leaves under the feet of the two men who climbed slowly toward the mountain-Thorndyke was astonished to find that top. Notwithstanding the approach of hey had taken none of his valuables autumn and the youth of the day, the Then it came to him like a sudden heat was great enough to make the stroke of illness that their object had steep ascent laborious and exhausting: been to secure the forged deed, and he

cold with dismay when he rethe upper tier of cliffs while Duncan membered where he had left it. The went next moment he was racing madly to drink from a spring bubbling clear toward the hotel, stumbling and fall and cold from the shelf of sandstone. ing over heaps of building material and "I'm no disputin' yer courage, ye blindly



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FIFTY CENTS A YEAR. Phe

The constable had promised to report in the course of the afternoon, and when evening came without any word rom him, Philip resolved to go to the jail and see if Pragmore had been When the first burst of exultant ex citment had spent itself, Thorndyke sat down upon a flat-topped stone and mapped out a plan of attack. He would begin on Pragmore, terrifying the old portary into submission and confession by a sight of the forgery which he had made possible. Then he would push Fench and Sharpless to the wall by in-stituting proceedings against them in both the civil and the criminal courts. He would apply for an injunction re-straining them from disposing of any of the property in dispute. He would stop the wheels of business and seal up the fountain of Allacoochee's prosperity until Kilgrow's rights were recog-nized. He would show these unscrupulous robbers that though Justice might be blind, she never sleeps. This was the outline of the temerarious plan which ingeniously combined all the elements of defeat and failure. The impetuous zeal which had carried Thorndyke triumphantly over the dis-couragements of the long search for evidence became at once a source of weakness and a stumbling-block in the

way of final success; and he was neve less a match for the crafty and con scienceless corporation attorney than at the moment when he believed that victory was to be had for the taking.

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WHOLESALE MEAT DEALERS





In his absence the room had

and dropping a shower of small fire-

brands upon the white counterpane be

When he had put out the fire and

gathered up his scattered belongings.

Philip began to have a juster apprecia-

tion of the desperate character of the

men with whom he had to deal, and

he determined to take no more risks.

telephoned to the stable for his horse

and rode out to the Duncan farm, sleep-

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THE COMRADE

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otice that



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es, your ten

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Social Democratic Herald,

MILWAUKEE, WISCO

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SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

About "Triumphant Democracy!" ng on toward an Industrial Absolutism, says ett. Will the people be able to take control?

ards, "Triumphant Debrase overlooked sev-important constitution important consideraa. After it has gained e country in which it is have reached its highest predictions about its rulwill be more to the point. nt is but a dream a at pres acy has its hardes to fight-right here in Amer-

a nation, is leading a It is preaching democracy tocracy; like a rer who takes a drink of give inspiration to his years but one political has been taught in the rights, "the right to life, pursuit of happiness. ewspaper pages and ublic rostrums and in The doctrine has been n courts; schools have as are full of it; the nawith it. Judging by al standards, every Ame free and equal in his poother American to every exercising liberty and purunhindered. Everyctically, has an equal voice nt. Each citizen is an

e side of American life, r. Interests involving nd happiness of thousands ds of one man responsirands of one man responsi-ody. He has as absolute hin his sphere as any autohis sphere as any auto or as any autocrat ted. His employees are ts, owing him closer and legiance than they owe to nt. Their time and their are his to do with them as he He cannot decree that one of be beheaded. That is dern methods are The autocrat of today lects without any ol his sul woiting brutality. It is usually but to deprive the subject of his of livelihood and thus make own executioner. This the of today has ample power to The insurgent subject can out, an exile in the industrial 1 He who controls your means controls your life.

ill not do this thing," says the und independent" citizen emasserting his proud preroga-"It is against my own best ints and the interests of my coun-

ell." replies the industrial "I have no further use for

ces. You may go." r chall I go?" inquires the independent" citizen, finding rather embarrassing at st step. "I know no busibut this. My life has been spent senting it. No other means of live-od is open to me. You control this ach of industry absolutely." Iour froubles are nothing to me.

iess is my business. Do as I

The "free and independent" citizen as the industrial autocrat says. loes it, absolutely and unquestionby thereafter. A "kicker" 's not preciated in the industrial world the autocrat to whom he is subt is the target for his protests. See the "free" man may be sent into world without an occupation at the

ing roll and vol-Triumphant De- allegiance, it behooves the "free" man to please the autocrat. In other words, the "free and independent" American citizen employee must of necessity be the willing and submissive slave of an industrial autocrat.

Usually the demand to do this or that thing concerns the business of the autocrat only; usually, too, it is a rea-sonable demand-at least from the standpoint of the autocrat. Ev rybody concedes that the autoc.at has the right to conduct his own business in his own way. The law upholds him. Public opinion is not adver. It is

not sufficiently enlightened, or, if one cares to take the opposite view, it has learned better. The important fact is that the industrial autocrat is able to exact unquestioned obedience from the "free and independent" citizen em-It may be more or less imployee. portant to consider that the obedience nay take the form of using the em ployee's literary skill to write for publication in a great newspaper an article that he knows to be false, misleading and vicious. To be sure, the autocrat loes not think it so. Perhaps he does not know enough to think straight upon such questions, or his interests lie in a different direction. At all events, the hired literary skill express es the views of the autocrat, not of the writer. The employee may be called upon to take an unconscionable advan-

tage of a business rival, to falsify corporation records or destroy them in order to carry out or cover up a conspiracy to defraud, to twist the law so as to cover up or permit some villainy When the "free and independent" citizen becomes an employee, his con-science is one of the instruments he turns over to the industrial autocrat. Of course the citizen employee has the right to vote and hold office. He may listen to political speakers paint his proud position among the peoples of the earth. Indeed, he may find happiness in practicing the forms and contemplating the philosophy of freedom. But he cannot blind himself to the fact that in America industrial absolutism is set over against political democracy. Can they live on in harmony? Abraham Lincoln said no nation could continue to exist half slave and half free. Can any man continue to be half a slave and half a freeman? It is only within the last quarter of a

century that this issue has begun to shape itself sharply in the United Twenty-five years ago indus-States try was so chaotic-or anarchistic, if you please-that no one man in that field had a power that was especially dangerous.

The industrial- autocrat necessarily has absolute control over a large proportion of the citizenship of the country. It is becoming most difficult and unprofitable to shift from calling to We are rapidly reaching a calling.

have absolute control over a majority of the citizens of the country. and strongest ties are to the industrial

contest between democratic govern ment and industrial autocracy the citiist camp this summer at Cape Cod. Racine comrades will charter a number of trolley cars for the Mil-waukee pienic and come over in full

he will rule absolutely the enfeebled government, and we will have political as well as industrial autocracy, for the industrial autocrat will control the democratic republic. That government which is controlled by an autocrat is an autocatcy, no matter what its nominal form may be. I do not mean to imply that America

has come to this already, but the seeds have been sown. The plant is even growing with that trend. It is as cer tain as that night follows day that the citizen can not continue indefinitely in his dual allegiance. There are too many points of contact, and at every

point it is a clashing contact. No ma can be a good subject of an industrial autocrat and at the same time a good citizen of a democratic republic. interests he must serve are antagonistic-fatally, irreconcilably so. litical and industrial philosophies must be harmonized. If America would re tain political' democracy, it must also have industrial freedom. . .

We now lave in a decade what they lived in a contury 200 years ago. Om industrial desidalism is rapidly giving way to industrial centralization. Al ready we have one man in the work of industry with greater power than Louis XIV, ever had in the world of politics. A nation more powerful the whole of Europe in the day of Louis takes this man's word as finan-cial gospel. The whole industrial world trembles before him.

Where is this going to end? Is a man with the control of industry with in his grasp, with an organization so centralized as to be responsive to his every impulse, going to be folled by a many headed political organization pursuing a more on less abstract ideal in a haphazard and desultory way? makes little difference whether this new order of industry is a pure tocracy or an eligarchy with a sort of presiding autocrat. It has the power and solidarity of interest to overmaster the loose and unmanageable political organization. In the present ndifferent temper of the people there is no doubt that the industrial autocracy will continue to dominate "e nation. As time passes it must gain complete control.

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NOTES FROM YANKEE LAND.

held.

point where industrial autocrats will picnic Fourth of July.

In the citizen's dual allegiance his narrow self interest and his closest autocrat. In the silent but everlasting

zen with dual allegiance is necessarily on the side of the industrial autocrat; hence the industrial autocrat constantly gains in power. His dependent become more numerous as well as more closely bound to his fortunes In the social evolution of today the indus

trial autocrat's star is in the ascend-

ant. If his power continues to grow in

the future as it has grown in the past,

ooks on International Socialism.

Bloomington, N. J. Socialists are

trying to raise a fund to purchase the

building in which their meetings are

ks on International Socialism. The Studger's Marx 1:60 Mark and Excess The Communication of the Freech Revolution 1:00 Strand, Ferdinand Lassalie 1:00 Mark and Mark 1:00 Strand Mark 1:00 Mark 1:00 Strand Mark 1:00 Mark 1:00

What We Social Democrats Are After. (Adopted by the Socialist Party in National Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., July 31, 1901.)

The Socialist party, in national convention assembled, reaffirms its adher-ence to the principles of International Socialism, and declares its aim to be the organization of the working class, and those in sympathy with it, into a political, party, with the object of conquering the powers of government and using them for the purpose of transforming the present system of private ownership of the means of production and distribution into collective ownership by the entire means

Formerly the tools of production were simple and owned by the individual worker. Today the machine, which is but an improved and more developed tool of production, is owned by the capitalists and not by the workers. This owner-ship enables the capitalists to control the product and keep the workers dependupon them.

Private ownership of the means of production and distribution is responsible Private ownership of the means of production and distribution is responsible for the ever-increasing uncertainty of livelihood and the poverty and misery of the working class, and it divides society into two hostile classes—the capitalists and wage-workers. The once powerful middle class is rapidly disappearing in the mill of competition. The struggle is now between the capitalist class and the working class. The possession of the means of livelihood gives to the capitalist the control of the government, the press, the publit and the schools, and ena-bles them to reduce the workingmen to a state of intellectual, physical and social inferiority, political subservince and virtual slavery.

The economic interests of the capitalist class dominate our entire social system; the lives of the working class are recklessly sacrificed for profit, wars are fomented between nations, indiscriminate alaughter is emcouraged and the destruction of whole races is sanctioned in order that the capitalists may ex-tend their commercial dominion abroad and enhance their supremacy at home.

But the same economic causes which developed capitalism are leading to ialism, which will abolish both the capitalist class and the class of wage-Socialism, which will abolish both the capitalist class and the class of wage-workers. And the active force in bringing about this new and higher order of society is the working class. All other classes, despite their apparent or actual conflicts, are alike interested in the upholding of the system of private owner-ahip of the instruments of wealth production. The Democratic, Republican, the bourgeois public ownership parties, and all other parties which do not stand for the complete overthrow of the capitalist system of production, are alike political representatives of the capitalist class. Sociali

The workers can most effectively act as a class in their struggle against the collective powers of capitalism by constituting themselves into a politi party, distinct from and opposed to all parties formed by the propertied classes

While we declare that the development of economic conditions tends to the while we detail that the development of economic conditions tends to the overthrow of the capitalist system, we recognize that the time and manner of the transition to Socialism also depends upon the stage of development reached by the proletariat. We, therefore, consider it of the utmost importance for the Socialist party to support all active efforts of the working class to better its condition and to elect Socialists to political offices, in order to facilitate the attainment of this end.

There were three speakers chosen

more foolish.

As such means we advocate: . The collective ownership of all means of transportation and communica-tion and all other public utilities as well as of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines. No part of the revenue of such industries to be applied to the reduction of taxes on property of the capitalist class, but to be applied wholly to the increase of wages and shortening of the hours of labor of the employes, to the improvement of the service and diminishing the rates to the consumers. the consumers.

In consumers. a. The progressive reduction of the hours of labor and the increase of wages in order to decrease the share of the capitalist and increase the share of the worker in the product of labor. 3. State or national insurance of working people in case of accidents, lack of employment, sickness and want in old age; the funds for this purpose to be fur-nished by the government and to be administered under the control of the work-ine class ing class

4. The inauguration of a system of public industries, public credit to be used that purpose in order that the workers be secured the full product of their for that purpo labor.

5. The education of all children up to the age of 18 years, and state and municipal aid for books, clothing and food.
6. Equal civil and political rights for men and women.

7. The initiative and referendum, proportional representation and the right of recall of representatives by their constituents.

of recall of representatives by their constituents. But in advocating these measures as steps in the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of the co-operative commonwealth, we warn the working class against the so-called public ownership movements as an attempt of the capitalist class to secure governmental control of public utilities for the purpose of obtaining greater security in the exploitation of other industries and not for the amelioration of the conditions of the working class.

24.

36.

to all Socialists. It is easy for a man to profess to be a Socialist, and to even believe he is one, but it is for the comrades to weigh his quali-fications. Kewaunce has been organized! What of it, you say? Just this of it: That this completes the organization of the cities along the lake shore in this state—what we may term the eastern industrial belt of the state wanufacturing cities in this belt that will form a rock of Gibraltar against capitalism. Watch and see An Outrageous Proposition.—At the

An Outrageous Proposition.—At the present time, we see an attempt to overthrow the expressed will of the party membership, and to infringe en the fundamental principles of demo-cracy by some of those who are posing as representatives of the farming class

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McGrady at his home in Bellevue. Ky., and they have issued a joint challenge to the Rev. Kress of Cleve-

challenge to the Rev. Kress of Cleve-land to meet either of them in joint debate. The Minnesota agitation van, which started out recently, is follow-sing the line of the Northern Pacific Frank and Kate, are, according to road across the state and will then

return to Minneapolis through then towns along the line of the Great Northern road. It has thus far met Comrade Thomas J. Morgan was high man among the judicial candi-dates of the Chicago Socialists in the election just held there; he received S.925 in the county. While this is since June Ist, Coulter is plugging a loss of 2.184 from the election this spring, it is a gain in the percentage of strength in comparison with the total vote, as a full vote is rarely se-cured in a judicial election. The recent conduct of Martha

are coming out of their holes and helping to boom things in the old state. We now have more stations The recent conduct of Martha

¹⁰⁵ Moore Avery suggests the idea that she had reached the period when wo-men do unaccountable things. No men do unaccountable things. No such physiological excuse can be pleaded for Herbert Casson, however want a speaker every night, and t

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pleaded for Herbert Casson, however Illinois comrades expect to send out an organizer shortly, and the state secretary has started a fund for wants to hear from every point that the purpose. Comrade John Collins.

VARICOCELE

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the purpose. Comrade John Collins, formerly of Chicago, but recently at work in the coal fields of Pennsyl-vania, will probably be appointed to

the position.

soap-box, a day's entertainment and guarantee the railroad fare of the agitator who is headed that way. C. J. Lamb. State Organizer.

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Dryden, Mich., June 12.

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As to the Word Democracy.

We have a correspondent who insists that we ought to drop the word "democratic" from the name of this

paper. We have weighed his points with due thought and have come to the conclusion that they are not. well taken.

The fact is that we glory in that particular word. It means a great deal more than our correspondent probably imagines. Moreover, it be-longs by right to the Socialists. It is for them to rescue it from the miserable forces that have sullied its name in this country. "The first step in the evolution of the working class,"-says Karl

"is to raise the proletariat to the position of democracy. Mar-, The word proletariat, as commonly used, means the propertyless class

Look about you at the propertyless class to-day and what do you see? How many of them are democrats? How many of them believe in the demos: the people? Don't you know that the trouble with the propertyless class today is that it has a sneaking love of the ruling class, that it sceretly or openly believes that the ruling class is such by reason of being better made than the rest of us?

King rule, money rule and caste rule have been largely possible because the people tolerated it. Marx, with that keen vision of his, saw that the first thing to be done toward raising the people up for their emancipation was to instill a love of democracy in their breasts. It has been the love of democracy, the belief in the brotherhood of man that has been at the bottom of all revolts against oppression, all social advance.

The people must become democrats, that is, they must become CLASS-CONSCIOUS before they are fit to take political possession of the earth and run it for the equal good of all. But our correspondent may say that he knows all this, but that

the trouble is that the capitalist Democratic party has spoiled the term in this country, that lots of people refuse to join our movement be-cause the name "democrat" smells in their nostrils.

Here again, the objection seems to us short sighted. Prior to 1897 there used only one Socialist party in the United States, the Socialist Labor Party. Its tactics were narrow, its Socialism was of a for-bidding, dogmatic and sectarian sort, and it made no progress toward converting the American people to collectivism. During that year the many Socialists who were dissatisfied and disgusted with the narrowness of the S. L. P. formed the Social, De-marrane of American and prosted the gravith of Social, De-

mocracy of America-and presto! the growth of Socialism went forward in this country with a bound.

The name? No one thought of questioning it. Under it the cause of Socialism in this country looked up and the S. L. P. rubbed their eyes and wondered if it was true or a dream. Then they insisted that such a growth could not possibly be of the genuine sort—as if the mass could not be leavened at one and the same time! While it is true that this growth has been kept up since the party nationally took the name of Socialist party, the fact still remains that the percentage of change was greater under the old name.

We are Socialists, it is true, but so are single taxers Socialists in a sense, so are the co-operators, so are the Utopians, so are commun-ists and other workers for social ideals. But WE are more than mere Socialists, we are democratic Socialists-we believe in a Socialistic state, democratically administered; which is a very important qualification.

And the name "Social Democrats" suits us well from a purely tactical standpoint.

Who has not noticed that new comers to this country have taken to the Democratic party, supposing that its name truly characterized it, and that it stood in opposition to the thing called monarchy, or the thing called aristocracy? Many and many a man, a democrat at heart, has linked his fortunes with the party of Cleveland and Gorman for no other reasons than this.

But that day is past. It is now definitely known that the

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

The Great Labor Intimidator. An Ugly Gun That Our Capitalistic Law-Makers Compel Uncle Sam To Turn On His Own People!



The infamous new Military Bill is only one of the many laws enacted against the people by the late "PEOPLE'S" Congress at Washington. The Senate is full of millionaires and their paid attorneys, and the Lower House is packed with corporation attorneys and spoils-hungry grafters .- No wonder labor gets a black eye!

It is high time for labor to supplant the ineffective and truckling labor lobby at Washington with a big delegation of elected Socialist Congressmen to stand for Humanity's True Interests.

HALF HOURS IN THE HERALD SANCTUM.

Dear Heraid: I have met a lew So-ialists here but not many so far. Am o meet the comrades at a special meet-ng Friday night. They do not seem o have a very high opinion of Milwau-cee "Tacties." However, the story will keep till later on. I am stirring the pot t little as usual and will leave a few poole a little hoter posted and percent

secole a little better posted and nearer to our cause when I depart. The labor nen have a mayor here, and he has zone over to the Democrats. It is the

gone over to the Democrats. It is the old story of a man from the union with no clear idea as to policy. Put up with-out a definite program and makes a fool of labor. It is another of the cost-ly lessons that labor has to receive be-fore it wakes up to Socialism! Howard Tuttle. Clinton, Ia., June, 16.

Architectural .- Winslow Bros., of Iron, Architectural.—Winslow Bros., of Chicago, Ill. Quarries.—Mount Airy Granit Co., Mount Airy, N. C. Stoves.—Herendeen ManufacturingCom-pany, Geneva, N. Y.; Schneider-Trenkamp Co., oil, gas and gasoline stoves, Cleveland, Ohio; Germer Stove Co., Erie, Pa.; "Radiant Home" Stove, Ranges and Hot Air Blast, Erie, Pa.

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The following letter from Comrade Howard Tuttle contains something for the workers to ponder over. It not only shows that labor has something to learn as to its proper use of its greatest weapon, the ballot, but that there is something the Socialists can well affort to learn in the matter of tactics. Dear Herald: I have met a few So-to meet the comrades at a special meet-ing Friday night. They do not seem to have a very high opinion of Milwauk kee "Tactics." However, the story will keep till later on. I am stirring the pot

Comrade Edwards was forced for family reasons to return to Chicago to reside, but his going was an occasion for regret on the part of local Herald readers. No his debate did not have will also find him will also find him among our occasional contributors

Dear Herald: Enclosed you will find one dollar for ten tickets which you have sent me to sell, but I don't believe that I will sell any, as I don't get around much, but I will distribute them as much as possible. I am head over heels in with new idea, been voting this hast two newions elections the Social

Comrade J. Stitt Wilson is making addresses in Colorado.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY COURT-In pro-bate. - In the matter of the Estate of

CORN CURE.

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WE PROMISED TO SAY a few words about the Herald stort. holders, a week or so ago. There are 916 holdings in Wisconsin, 30 in Germany, one in England, and among the American points where shares are held are Brooklyn, Chicago, New York City, Indianapolis, Toledo, and so on. Quite a number of city branches own shares and the Milwaukee Central Committee is the biggest stockholder, owning 355 shares. The Two Rivers, Wis., central committee holds two shares, the Kiel, Wis., branches have five, Branches 10, 11 and 22 of shares, the Kiel, wis, branches have the been and the market of Milwankee have three, two and two respectively, Plymouth, Wis, four, Milwankee have three, two and two respectively, Flymouth, Wis, four, and Sheboygan, Wis., two. The labor unions are also on the list, thus the Machinists union has two shares, the Journeymen Tailors five, the Patternmakers five, tc. The farthest western stockholder is at Sea Wooley, Wash. So you see we are a pretty big and diversified family ly. The shares sell at \$. and all comrades are invited to purchase,

The Book Table.

DIALOGUE. The Capitalist Farmer nd the Socialist Wage Earner. By 6 5. E. Bigelow. 30 pp. Denver, Colo.: The Alliance. Price 10 cents. Colo.: The Allance. Frice 10 cents. The author lays down the principles of Socialism and their relation to farmers and wage earners in the form of a dialogue. He believes that the in-terests of the wage earner and the farmer who is a non-employer are practically identical, and he shows this in the course of the conversation that runs through the book. The book is certainly readable and will doubtless open many a farmer's eyes to the "newopen many a farmer's eyes to the "new fangled thing" called Socialism. THE REPUBLIC OF PLATO. Trans

lated by Alexander Kerr. 66 Chicago: Chas. H. Kerr & Price 10 cents. pp. Co.

This is book 111 of this famous work This is book 111 of this famous work, the part of interest to Socialists of to-day, and the publishers have put it witkin the possibilities of every Social-ist to add this classic to his reference or working library. The printing is ex-cellent and the cover attractive.

THE ROOT OF ALL KINDS OF EVIL. By Rev. Stewart Sheldon. 30 pp. Chicago: C. H. Kerr & Co. Price 10 cents.

Those who have imagined that the Rev. Sheldon of Topeka, the well-known author of "In His Steps," was un-familiar with the Socialist movement and undesirous of being rated a Social-ist, will find by this book that they have been mistaken. The desire for money, he holds, is the root of all kinds of evil and he does not avoid the ques-tion as to why there is a desire for money. It is just the sort of book to hand to a religious person and will tend to predispose them in favor of Social-ism, so that other works of a more de-finite kind can follow. Those who have imagined that the finite kind can follow.

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Social Democracy in this country, and the old, rotten, capitalistic Democratic party is pretty well adrift. The day of its absorption into the Republican party seems not far away. Social Democracy will have driven it out of business and will have then rescued the name "democracy" from its piratical captors. By all means, let us proclaim ourselves democrats!

THE ANNOUNCEMENT LAST WEEK that Comrade Debs contribution this week would deal with the courts was an error. His article on the courts is at hand and a proof has been sent him for final correction, which has occasioned delay. It is a contribution to Socialist literature that is bound to cause sharp comment in the capitalist press. hence the necessity for careful proof-reading. It will appear week after next. Comrade Debs' contribution this week will surely meet with a warm reception from our readers. Get as many to read it as you can. It is an awakener! Next week he will write on some facts gleaned during a recent western trip.

 A. F. of L. Unfair List.
 Union workingmen and working-women and sympathizers with labor have refused to purchase articles pro-duced by the following firms-Labor papers please note changes from month to month and copy.
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 Meats.—Kingan Packing Company, of Indianapolis, Ind.
 Oysters.—Narraganseit Bay Oyster Co., Providence, R. I
 Tobacco.—American and Continental Tobacee Companies.
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SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

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A CONTRACT

Cown Copics by the Cown Crier.

As we go to press it looks as if is to the people of this city. It is a e tanners' strike was being won. sort of capitalistic sponge that is the tanners' The Zochrlaut tannery has com-promised with its 300 men, and the But the Wisconsin picture does promised with its 300 men, and the tannery lords' organization seems to not tell the full story. Our busitannery lords' organization seems to not tell the full story. Our busi-be losing its grip. A benefit ball ness men groan when they think game will be played at Western league park Monday. Don't miss it! money out of the city—but what ague park Monday. Don't miss it! money out of the city—but what the mayor had given orders to stop about the street railway, with its the meeting he said he knew his busi-we must give the Evening Wis-out of town capitalist owners? Eh? ness; and when pressed for his reason

consin cartoonist credit for a pretty clever little picture hit in the issue of last Tuesdav—the day after the circus. Manager Beggs of the street railway company is shown looking over into a rainwater barrel filled to the brim with nickels, while the spoul leading to it is labelled "street car company." He wears a truly capitalistic smile and says, "My! But that was a Heavy Shower last night!" When you take into consideration that the total cost over all to operate a street car one day is less than \$17 and that a car seldom takes in less than \$40 a day,

seldom takes in less than \$40 a day, and on circus days a heap more than that amount, it can be seen how labor body to turn down the "labor carnival" fellows and their get-"beneficial" the street car system



Practical Hatter. fints Cleaned, Dyed, Re-Shaped and Trimed NEW HATS TO ORDER. 403 Walker Street, West of Grove. S. DUGAN.

expressions as to the favorable im-Today, Sunday, we held our out-door meeting on the street in the usual place. After the speech was usual place. After the speech was finished, and we were having a quiet innished, and we were having a quiet discussion, a city blue-coat came around the corner and told us to "move on." He charged us with blockading the street, and said he would not allow any "street preach-ing" on Sunday. When asked whether the mayor had given orders to stop

The Milwaukee Trades council bunch there, waiting to be organized appears to have not been the only These comrades will probably suc-

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Don't put off putting our shoes man, in one branch of the business on: you'll surely regret it if vou do.





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votes recorded for our ticket there were "a mistake." I told him it Eben E. must be, from his point of view, but that he must expect more of such

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