

wn 1975.

MOVING IMPERIALISM-WARDS!

Let us put a few facts together and see what we get out of

Shortly after election the New York World published a destatel from its special correspondent in Colorado in which it was inted that Gen. Sherman Bell (the state militiaman under pay by the Colorado mine owners and the man who carried out their program of a bloody extermination of the organized mine work-ers) was about to remove to Mexico. It was said that Beil and s had intimated this.

Shortly after this, a newspaper correspondent named Shoaf, member of the Chicago American correspondence staff, was ap-oached by Bell, who had a scheme for annexing Mexico to the led States of Capitalism. His plan, as divilge it, contemplated the reassembling of the Roosevelt Rough Riders, together with as big a band of cowboys as possible, and rs, to march upon the City of Mexico, take Pres. Diaz capand turn the government over to Pres. Roosevelt and the d States. Shoaf thought it wise not to publish the story to the prominent men who might be thus shown to be ad up in the plot, but he took an Eastern newspaper artist his confidence, and another man, and thus the story comes traight to us.

workers were not only in open competition with each other for the sale of their labor power in the labor market, but their wages could be reduced, and their hours of labor lengthened at will, and they were left practically at the mercy of their employers. It is interesting to note the spirit evinced by the pioneers of unionism, the causes that impelled them and the reasons they assigned for banding themselves together in defense of their common interests. In this connection we again quote from Professor Ely's "Labor Movement in America," as follows: dates polled a total of 21,225 votes, or an average of 544, against a total vote of 32,900 polled by our opponents of all shades in the same constituencies. While we have thus succeeded in win-ning nearly a third of the seats contested we have secured over two-fifths of the total votes cast. This is a most encouraging re-

"The next event to attract our attention in New York is an address delivered before 'The General The next event to attract our attention in New Fork is an adapted before The General Trades Unions of the City of New York, at Chatham street chapel, on December 2, 1833, by Eli Moore, president of the union. This General Trades Union, as its name indicates, was a combination of subordi-nate unions of the various trades and arts in New York City and its vicinity," and is the earliest example in the United States, so far as I know, of those Central Labor Unions which attempt to unite all the workingmen in one locality in one body, and which have now become so common among us. The address of Mr. Moore is characterized by a more modern tone than is found in most productions of the labor leaders of that period. The object of these unions is stated to be 'to guard against the encroachments of aris-tocracy, to preserve our natural and political rights, to elevate our motal and intellectual condition, to promote our pecuniary interests, to narrow the line of distinction between the journeyman and the employer, to establish the honor and safety of our respective vocations upon a more secure and permanent basis, and to alleviate the distresses of those suffering from want of employment." This is a remarkably clear statement of the objects of unionism in that early period, and indicates to what extent workingmen had even then been compelled to recognize their craft interests and unite and act together in defense thereof.

The application of machinery to productive industry was followed by tremendous and far-reaching changes in the whole structure of society. First among these was the change in the status of the worker,

who, from an independent mechanic or small producer, was reduced to the level of a dependent wage-worker. The machine had leaped, as it were, into the areaa of industrial activity, and had left.little or no

The economic dependence of the working class became more and more rigidly fixed-and at the same

The more or less isolated individual artisans were converted into groups of associated workers and

It was at this time that the trades union movement began to take definite form. Unorganized, the

room for the application of the worker's skill or the use of his individual tools.

time a new era dawned for the human race.

marshalled for the impending social revolution.

STEADY GAINS IN GREAT BRITAIN! An analysis of the returns of the municipal elections hand show that Social-Democratic Federation candidates-standing as avowed Socialists and with a definite thorough-going Socialist programme—contested 39 seats and were successful in twelve. In addition to these two were returned unopposed, making 14 S. D. F. men elected out of 41 put forward. We have gained nine seats and lost none. In the 39 contests our candi-

to get the book to read it.

The Mexican mining interests are largely owned by Ameri-who have gone outside the country to invest a part of their mous fletcings from Labor gotten by means of the modern falistic employment, autom. These investors have no more normous fleecings from Labor gotten by means of the modern apitalistic employment system. These investors have no more abriotism than they have commiseration for the plight of the vorkers when firer reduce to beggary, and would doubtless abet Bell in his plan of taking the Maxicans' government away from here, if, indeed, they are not the real instigators of the scheme. In fact, part of the story is to the effect that the scheme origin-ited with them and that they picked on Bell as just the sort of boodthirste adventurer to carry their plans into effect. The fact boothirsty adventurer to carry their plans into effect. The fact hat the scheme would doubless fall at this time is another story. he fact to consider now is that such a plot has been ahatching.

The bound not a first and a port in the source of the sour

So far, and for many years later, the efforts of trades unions were confined to defensive tactics, and to the amelioration of objectionable conditions. The wage system had yet to develop its most offensive features and awaken the workers to the necessity of putting an end to it as the only means of achieving their freedom; and it was this that finally forced the extension of organized activity from the economic to the political field of labor unionism.

As the use of machinery became more general and the competition became more intense; as capital was centralized and industry organized to obtain better results, the workers realized their dependence more was centralized and industry organized to obtain better results, the workers realized their dependence more and more, and unionism grew apace. One trade after another fell into line and raised the banner of eco-nomic solidarity. Then followed strikes and lockouts and other devices incident to that form of warfare. Sometimes the unionists gained an advantage, but more often they suffered defeat, lost courage and aban-doned the union, only to return to the scene of disaster with renewed determination to fight the battle over again and again until victory

should at last perch upon the union banner.



nothing for three days, and 1 cannot beg." With these words he began to tear the meat from the bone. Some of the on-lookers offered him money, which he re-fused, saying that he wanted only work, but he ate with ravenous appetite the lunch of a laboring man, who offered it to him. The man was a year ago a merchant, but had failed as he could not collect outstanding debts, and for morths he had been trying to get work, until his last penny was gone, and all but the clothes he wore had been pawned to get food.

food. There are hundreds—yes, thousands— of cases of the same kind, and it is no wonder that the number of those who oppose existing conditions grows every day, and the ranks of the Socialists swell with alarming rapidity.

the need and the coming winter will mean deaths by thousands from cold and he wonder that the number of those who oppose existing conditions grows every an incident which was witnessed the other day in a street of the city of the destitution even among people a short time ago in comfortable circumstances. Thus we see how beneficently the destitution even among people a short time ago in comfortable circumstances. Thus we see how beneficently the capitalist system ministers to the people in order that trade may example of a mode A cook in a restaurant three as home made at even among methed by the same meat on to a passing dog.

forces with which we have had to contend, and how ready our opponents were to pour out money like water in electoral extravagance wherever they thought they were threatened with defeat. In some cases, in spite of the Corrupt Practices Act, bribery and corruption ran rampant, unblushingly and blatantly deriding our stender resources. Nevertheless, two-fifth's of the electors, where they have had the opportunity, have voted for Socialism and for Socialist administrators. We have not included the I. L. P.* candidates, who were, generally speaking, no less succesful than our own. Some of these ran as avowed Socialists, some are described as I. L. P., some simply as "Labour," so it is difficult in distinguish them. But we are dealing here simply with S. D. F. men who were candidaces, and the votes cast for them .-- Justice, London.

sult-a veritable triumph, when we bear in mind the tremendous

* The above only gives the gain for one of the two Social-Dimo-cratic Parties in the United Kingdom. The Independent Labour Furty is also Socialistic. — Editor Herald.

with it when a man, quite well dressed, And that principle of competition rushed at the dog, caught it by the col-lar and tore the bone away from it. Several people stopped and tried to interfere, but the man cried: "I am more hungry than the dog I have eaten nothing for three days, and I cannot bee."

contributions have elected them.

workers are impovenient and bills their inability to pay their bills wrecks the small merchant, so long the "trimmphont democracy" of

as the "triumphont democracy" of competitive strife "vindicates" itself

Gaylord Wilshire is trying to arange a debate with Burke Cockran.

Anyone wishing to take their Socialism from a religious spoon will do well to write to the Christian So-cialist, 134 North Vermillion street, Danville, Ills.

Classics of Social-Democracy.

SOCIALISM FROM UTOPIA TO SCIENCE. By FREDERICK ENGELS.

[Frederick Engels, who jointly with Karl Marz put the philosophy of Socialism on a scientific basis, was born in Barmen, Germany, Nov. 28, 1820, and was the son of a manufacturer. He received a scientific education and afterward entered mercantile life in Berlin and in Engand in establishments partly owned by his father. He joined with Marx in writing the celebrated "Communist Manifesto," and was the author of other Socialist and economic works. His, "Socialism from Ptopia to Science" was written in 1875.]

(CONTINUED.)

Owen's Communism was based upon this purely business foundation; the outcome, so to say, of commercial calculation. Throughout, it main-tained this practical character. Thus, in 1823, Owen proposed the relief of the distress in Ireland by Communist colonies, and drew up complete estimates of costs of founding them, yearly, expenditure, and probable revenue. And in his definite plan for the future, the technical working out of details is managed with such practical knowledge—ground plan, front and side and bird's-eye views all included-that the Owen method of social reform once accepted, there is from the practical point of view little to be said against the actual arrangement of details.

His advance in the direction of Communism was the turning-point in Owen's life. As long as he was simply a philanthropist, he was rewarded with nothing but wealth, applause, honor, and glory. He was the most popular man in Europe. Not only men of his own class, but statesmen and princes listened to him approvingly. But when he came out with his Communist theories, that was quite another thing. Three great obstacles seemed to him especially to block the path to social reform : private property, religion, the present form of marriage. He knew what confronted him if he attacked these—outlawry, excommunication from official society, the loss of his whole social position. But nothing of this official society, the loss of his whole social position. But not into a prevented him from attacking them without fear of consequences, and what he had foreseen happened. Banished from official society, with a conspiracy of silence against him in the press, ruined by his unsuccessful Communist experiments in America, in which he sacrificed all his formation along and continued more in a second continued more in the more second continued more in the second continued more in th tune, he turned directly to the working-class and continued working in their midst for thirty years. Every social movement, every real advance in England on behalf of the workerslinks itself on to the name of Robert He forced through in 1819, after five years' fighting, the first when the bours of labor of women and children in factories. He was president of the first Congress at which all the Trade Unions of England united in a single great trade association. - He introduced as transition measures to the complete communistic organization of society, on the one hand, co-operative societies for retail trade and production. These have since that time, at least, given practical proof that the merchant and the manufacturer are socially quite unnecessary. On the other hand he introduced labor bazaars for the exchange of the products of labor through the medium of labor-notes, whose unit was a single hour of work; institutions necessarily doomed to failure, but completely anticipating Proudhon's bank of exchange of a much later period, and differ-ing entirely from this in that it did not claim to be the panacea for all social ills, but only a first step towards a much more radical revolution of society

The Utopians' mode of thought has for a long time governed the socialist ideas of the nineteenth century, and still governs some of them. Until very recently all French and English Socialists did homage to it. The earlier German Communism, including that of Weitling, was of The earlier German Communism, including that of weiting, was of the same school. To all these Socialism is the expression of absolute truth, reason, and justice, and has only to be discovered to conquer all the world by virtue of its own power. And as absolute truth is independ-ent of time, space, and of the historical development of man, it is a mere accident when and where it is discovered. With all this, absolute tru⁴h, reason, and justice are different with the founder of each different school. And as each one's special kind of absolute truth, reason, and justice is again conditioned by his subjective understanding, his conditions of existence, the measure of his knowledge and his intellectual training, there is no other ending possible in this conflict of absolute truth than that they shall be mutually exclusive one of the other. Hence, from this nothing could come but a kind of eclectic, average Socialism, which, as a matter of fact, has up to the present time dominated the minds of most of the Socialist workers in France and England. Hence, a mish-mash allowing of the most manifold shades of opinion; a mish-mash of such critical statements, economic theories, pictures of future society by the founders of different sects, as excite a minimum of opposition; a mishmash which is the more easily brewed the more the definite sharp edges of the individual constituents are rubbed down in the stream of debate. like rounded pebbles in a brook.

To make a science of Socialism, it had first to be placed upon a real basis.

п.



N the meantime, along with and after the French philosophy of the eighteenth century had arisen the revelop philosophy, sophy, culminating in Hegel. Its greatest merit was the taking up again of dialectics as the highest form of reason-ing. The old Greek philosophers were all born natural dia-

lecticians, and Aristotle, the most encyclopaedic intellect of all, had already analyzied the most essential forms of dialectic thought. The newer philosophy, on the other hand, although in it also dialectics had brilliant exponents (e. g. Descartes and Spinoza), had, especially through English influence, become more and more rigidly fixed in the so-called metaphysical mode of reasoning, by which also the French of the eighteenth century were almost wholly dominated, at all events in their special philosophical work. Outside philosophy in the restricted sense, the Erench nevertheless produced masterpieces of dialectic. We need only call to mind Diderot's "Ie Neveu de Rameau," and Rous-seau's "Discours sur l'origine et les fondements de l'inégalité parmi les hommes." We give here, in brief, the essential character of these two modes of thought. When we consider and reflect upon nature at large, or the history

of mankind, or our own intellectual activity, at first we see the pic-ture of an endless entanglement of relations and 'reactions, permutations and combinations, in which nothing remains what, where, and as

Socialist Aldermen: Tenth Ward, Albert J. Welch and Frederic Heath; Eleventh Ward, Edmund Meims and Gustave Wild; Iwentieth Ward, Emil Seidel and Carl Malewski; Iwenty-first Ward, Edward Schranz and H. W. Grantz; Iwenty-second Ward, Nicholas Petersen.

CLASS PENALTIES.

An Iowa bank president

The judge in passing sen-

tence upon this man gave him eighteen months in the peni-

· In the same perfitentiary to

which this bank president is

sentence very calmly."

tice of decent people.

the deadly parallel at the head

stole \$54,000 of his depositors'

money

chicken.

fore led to republish the News re port, for the benefit of our Milwaucee readers who may be at the mercy of the newspapers that omitted or misstated the facts:

Ex-Patrolman Mathias Weber yester afternoon told fifteen aldern

Ex-Patrolman Mathias Weber yester-day afternoon told fiteen aldermen and a large audience of city officials in open meeting and in a formal manner that he was disharged from the police force bccause Chief Janssen had a grudge against him. He said a case had been trumped up against him and that a roundsman of-fered a friend of his \$1.50 to come to the city hall and swear that Weber was under the influence of liquor on the Cay he had his foot cut off by a street car. Weber stated that when he appealed to Mayor Rose for protection against the spite of the chief of police the mayor said: "Janssen has a spite against you for some reason or other and I can't do anything." It was further alleged formally and in open meeting that through the in-strumentality of Chief Janssen the pen-sion law was changed while Weber's ap-plication for a pension was pending, so that the city clerk and city attorney bion naw was changed while webers ap-plication for a pension was pending, so that the city clerk and city attorney were dropped from the pension board and three members of the police de-partment were added. The city clerk and the city attorney favored a pension for Weber

Was "Put Up Job."

Was "Put Up job." Weber further alleged that he walked home with two members of the police and fire commission after he had been given as "imaginary" hearing and that these two commissioners told him his discharge "was a put up job." Weber's statement greatly impressed aldermen and officials who have been staunch supporters of Chief Janssen. That the latter did not like the charac-ter of the statement is attested by the fact that it was suppressed this morn-

The version of the statement is attested by the fact that it was suppressed this morning in the organ of the chief's friend,
Mr. Pfister (the Sentinel).
None of the allegations made by Weber was denied by Chief Janssen, who addressed the meeting at length.
Ho confined himself to an argument in favor of retaining in him the power to discharge members of his department without appeal from his ruling.
The sensational statement was made at a joint meeting of the council committees in fire, police and legislation which were called to consider a resolution introduced by Ald. Frederic Heath,

lutely exclude one another; cause and effect stand in a rigid antithesis the other. one to At first sight this mode of thinking seems to us very luminous,

because it is that of so-called sound common sense. Only sound common sense, respectable fellow that he is, in the homely realm of his own four walls, has very wonderful adventures directly he ventures out into the wide world of research. And the metaphysical mode of thought, justifiable and necessary as it is in a number of domains whose extent varies according to the nature of the particular object of investigation, souner or later reaches a limit, beyond which it becomes one-sided. restricted, abstract, lost in insoluble contradictions. In the contemplation of individual things, it forgets the connection between them; in the contemplation of their existence, it forgets the beginning and end of that existence; of their repose, it forgets their motion. It cannot see the wood for the trees.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

the case of a patrolman named Doings of the Milwaukee Socialist Aldermen. Krueger who was alleged to have been led to resign from the force af-H. W. Grantz; Iwenty-second Ward, Nicholas Petersen.
Not being able to discourage the growth of Social-Democracy in Mil-legislature amend the police and fire department pension law so that the police and fire change.
William F. Thiel, an attorney, appeared that be department pension law so that the power of the chiefs to dismiss members is resolution that it "appeared that discharged men affort to discredit the Socialit al- dermen and to keep the public in ignorance of the work they are do- ing in the city council—all save the ballegation.
Charges Against Chief.
Weeks, which gives reliable re-

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se of \$10.00 or

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it was, but everything moves, changes, comes into being and passes away. We see, therefore, at first the picture as a whole, with its individual parts still more or less kept in the background; we observe the movements, transitions, connections, rather than the things that move, combine, and are connected. This primitive, naive, but intrinsi-cally correct conception of the world is that of ancient Greek philosophy, and was first clearly formulated by Heraclitus: everything is and is not, for everything is fluid, is constantly changing, constantly coming into being and passing away.

Yet this conception, correctly as it expresses the general character of the picture of appearances as a whole, does not suffice to explain the details of which this picture is made up, and so long as we do not un-derstand these, we have not a clear idea of the whole picture. In order to understand these details we must detach them from their nutural or historical connection and examine each one separately, its nature, spe-cial causese, effects, etc. This is, primarily, the task of natural science and historical research; branches of science which the Greeks of classi-cal times, on very good grounds, relegated to a subordinate position, be-cause they had first of all to collect materials for these sciences to work A certain amount of natural and historical material must be upon. collected before there can be any critical analysis, comparison, and arrangement in classes, orders and species. The foundations of the exact natural sciences were, therefore, first worked out by the Greeks of the Alexandrian period, and later on, in the Middle ages, by the Arabs. Real natural science dates from the second half of the fifteenth cen-Real natural science dates from the second half of the fifteenth cen-tury, and thence onward it has advanced with constantly increasing rapidity. The analysis of Nature into its individual part, the group-ing of the different natural processes and objects in definite classes, the study of the internal anatomy of organized bodies in their manifold forms—these were the fundamental conditions of the gigantic strides in our knowledge of Nature that have been made during the last four hundred years. But this method of work has also left us as legacy the habit of observing natural objects and processes in isolation, apart from their connection with the vast whole; of observing them in re-pose, not in motion; as constants, not as essentially variables; in their death, not in fheir life. And when this way of looking at things was transferred by Bacon and Locke from natural science to philosophy, it begat the narrow, metaphysical mode of thought peculiar to the last century.

y, a the meiaphysician, things and their mental reflexes, ideas, are d, are to be considered one after the other and apart from each are objects of investigation fixed, right, given once for all. Ho in absolutely irreconcilable antitheses. "His communication is year, may, may," for whatsoever is more than these cometh of evil." in a thing either exists or does not exist; a thing cannot at the time to Ibelf and something else. Positive and negative abso-



J. J. KRAUS, Mgr.-Formerly with Menter, Rosenbloom & Co.

accept it for \$1.00 payment

If you buy $On \cdot Dollar's$ worth of Goods, you will get a 10c Handkerchief or a Cotton rel; or you can buy 10c worth of Anything in the store. If you buy Two Dollors' worth of Goods, you get a Linen Towel worth 20c; or you can 20c worth of Anything you like in the store. buy

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Remember this Sale lasts to December 31st. If you wish to have Stamps we will give you the amount in Stamps Instead of the Presents. 5 Stamps for one in the morning a Stamps for 1 in the afternoon. We give Blue, S. & H. Green or Gold stamps. We redsem Gold Stamps, any amount, or we exchange Stamps, Remember we sell just as cheap as

New Waist Goods, the yard at 75c, 50e and. 98c 2.00 and Children's Caps and Children's Sets, sell the set at \$7.00, 5.00, 2.50, Children's Caps and 98c 2.00 and Children's Caps and solid at \$3.00, 2.50, 2.50,		U
sell at \$3.00, 2.00, 1.50, 1.00 and	<pre>sell at \$5.00, 2.30, Conts, 00 and resses, sell at \$2.00, 1, sell at \$7.00, 5.00,</pre>	\$4.75 \$1.00 \$1.50 \$1.25 \$1.25 \$1.00 256

DON'T FORGET TO VISIT OUR TOY DEPARTMENT IN THE BASEMENT.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

GGING FOR A LIVING

What all Workers must do under the Capitalist System.

failure to the women folks There was here no ns. There was here no of barter between capital No question as to wages na. Simply two hundred y human beings struggling other for one job, on any

unionism was no use here. ation had broken down. Two and fifty workingmen Begging for bread, literally as the mendicant ds cap in hand at the rich or. That is what our fine civilization has brought We are beggars all, we workof us who have work that we may not lose it. us who have no work begat we may obtain it. There es in our humiliation, it is

country nearly two millions such as he. Not all perhaps so sensitive in is not all have to crook our to exactly the same angle of spirit as he, not all so quick to feel caney. But crook our backs the deep damnation of being of no and our knees we must. This real deterioration. The de-robbed of the sense of manhood beof character consequent cause of the fact that they are not the workmen's sense of de-allowed to work. And amongst nee on an industrial system these millions unemployed there lie forever breaking down. The the potential elements of future so-The perpetual haunt-cial problems. The tramps, and being thrown on to the vagrants, and beggars, and criminals of being This it is that "makes cow- of ten years hence are today asking us all." Cowards, or rebels. society for the work which would

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then purchasing cigars see that this label is on the box.



save them from becoming tramps, and beggars, and vagrants, and criminals; and society has no answer except a charity bazaar or a sub-

What all Workers must do under the Capitalis System
What all workers must do under the Capitalis System
The man work has for six monthing arriving a cross-to mis who arises the singlify a cross-to arise the singlif

There are at this moment in this

FACT vs. FICTION.

Though the Social-Democratic Herald is "published purposely for propaganda," nevertheless it is sought after by all classes of citizens who desire the truth on all important matters pertaining to the public welfare.

It is not necessary for this paper to resort to misrepresenta-tion for the purpose of shielding erring public officials or party bosses, as the Social-Democratic party is not burdened with either.

The same scrupulous care is also applied to our advertising columns. The Herald reserves the right to reject all objectionable advertising matter, and nothing of an offensive nature is permit-ted to appear in its columns, no matter how great the financial inducement.

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Gleanings from Busy Socialistic Fields!

NOTE: In some states the organization is known as the Socialist Party, in others as the Social-Demo-cratic Party. Where the term "local" is used it does not refer to trade union locals, but to the local body

NOTES FROM YANKEE LAND. Comrade William Mailly has de- can imagine some of the first to send lined the nomination for reelection in such "daring" letters clutching as national secretary.

The Chicago Socialists are awak- fusions appeared in print for fear The Chicago Socialists are awak-ening a good deal of enthusiasm in the lightning might suddenly strike their grigation for a daily maper. their agitation for a daily paper. The election frauds in Missouri nemesis might suddenly grab them and whisk them into a deserved and our party undoubtedly got its

ACROSS THE HERRING POND. ing to divide with capitalism! We Frau Dr. Rosa Luxembourg has been obliged to decline requests to themselves the moment their efgive lectures, as she is at present enjoying the hospitality of the Kaiser's The Vorwaerts re-Government. marks that her compulsory leisure has not damped her sense of humor. The Leipziger Volkszeitung attained its tenth anniversa

WHAT THE PRESS SAYS:

Party

latter date.

year.

Lascuit poon capitalism. If society annot guarance to everyone of its members the opportunity to do use-ful work then civilization is a fail-ure. There is no civilization, but of the source of the

their employes to an eight-hour work to be unconstitutional. The da v. judges are unanimous in their decision judges are unanimous in their decision, but they reached their conclusions from various courses of reasoning, the ma-jority basing its conclusions on the ground that the act was contrary to the "due process of law" provision of the constitution. When the eight-hour ordinance in Milwankee was declared to be void by a local judge on the ground that it violated the charter provision requiring that contracts shall be let to the lowest bidder. The Daily News took occasion

that contracts shall be let to the lowest bidder. The Daily News took occasion to point out that the judge had ignored the vital point—that if the council has the right to impose conditions under which public work shall be done, the lowest bidder is the lowest bidder that

lowest bilder is the lowest bidder that complies with the conditions imposed by the city, which in the case at issue was the bidder that the court held to have been the highest bidder. The Daily News since then has had its attention brought to a decision of the United States supreme court that takes the ground that The Daily News took in its criticism of the local judge's decision. In sustaining the Kanass eight hour law, the supreme court held that the state has a right to impose conditions under which public work shall be done –that it has as much right that the state has a right to impose conditions under which public work shall be done—that it has as much right to require that the heurs of labor shall be limited as it has to specify the materials that shall be used. Declaring

Section 1, Article 7, of the National Ionstitution provides: that it is within the province of the state or one of its municipal agencies to limit the work day in public work to eight hours and to "inflict punish-

"The National Secretary shall be elected by the National Committee; his term of office shall be one year. The National Secretary shall receive as ecompensation the sum of fifteen hundred dollars annually."

to eight hours and to "inflict punish-ment upog contractors that disregard such a regulation," the court holds that "it can not be deemed a part of the liberty of any contractor that he be al-lowed to do public work in any mode he may choose to adopt without regard to the wishes of the state. On the contrary, it belongs to the state, as the guardian and trustee for its people, to hundred dollars annually. For above sections, and other informa-tion concerning the National Secretary, see copy of National Constitution en-closed. The term of the present Na-tional Secretary closes Feb. 1st, 1905. Members of the National Committee are entitled to nominate not more than seven names for the Executive Commit-tee and not more than one name for ee and not more than one name for Vational Secretary. Members will please se enclosed form properly signed, taking nominations. Care show wher

use enclosed form properly signed, when making nominations. Care should be taken to hame town or city and state in which nominees are members. By making nominations promptly, Na-lional Committee members can simplify and facilitate matters very much. Nominees will be notified immediately (fter their name) are received at the National Office.

National Office. Announcements of nominations will be made in the regular weekly bulletins. William Mailly, Nat. Seey.

"Socialism Made Plain," by Allan L. Eensen. A big book for Ten cents.





and our party undoubtedly got its shard our party and participate of the dose. Mother Jones is making speeches in Illinois to big crowls. She is in great demand all over the country, but especially in the mining states. Comrade Katherine Bergerkofsky of Russia is in Naw York holding big meetings in behalf of the Russian Freedom Society. She was an each guardine comes a letter-wised a special parties overy day are received every against the advice of the party except form every quarter of the state. From the Social-Democratic party." From Social-Democratic party." From Social-Democratic party." From the vanguard, of Saline, Tex., the Vanguard, of Saline, Tex., the vanguard, of Saline, Tex., the vanguard of Saline, Tex., this word, ----We are going to double up. Prom Madison comes wide columns each. It is now printed on book paper and presents a fine appearance. This word, ----We late good local here now." From Social-Democratic party." Even the labor union show got our successes. Although the votes cast for Delos were given for the benefit of their party paper, the follars to the Social-Democratic for the word on Germany, except perhaps Hamburg. From Oshkosh, ---Our union shorts yon socials be cleated of the state is the adviced for the state a writing were more. From Madison comes with the same circumstances, and in the full knowledge that he would not be social-Democratic form of the social-Democratic form of the social-Democratic form on the Social-Democratic form on the social-Democratic form on the social-Democratic form or show to arganize or the follars to the Social-Democratic form or the social-Democratic form on the social-Democratic for the same circumstances, and in the consti share of the dose. Social-Democrat. No reputable Socialist should go into any such ar-rangement without a clear specifica-

away from custom, even bad cus

published a special jubilee number.

Carl D. Thompson.

AND. BUEHLER, PHINTER SI4516 East Water St. Milwankee, Wis, Telephone suit Wate. Democrate Band & Orch wankee, Wis, Members of Milwankee, Wis, Milwankee, Milwankee, Wis, Milwankee, Milwankee, Wis, Milwankee, Milwankee, Wis, Milwankee, Milwankee, Milwankee, Milwankee, Milwankee, Wis, Milwankee, Milwankee, Wis, Milwankee, Milwankee, Wis, Milwankee, Milwankee All readers of the Herald in Newark.



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VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate. Bditor
the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the ration of Labor.
not responsible for the opinions of its contributors.
ukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

What International Socialism Demands: 1. Collective ownership of public utilities and all industries in the hands

- of Trusts and Combines
- 2. Democratic management of such collective Industry. 3. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased Remu-
- State and National Insurance for the workers and honorable rest for
- old age. 5. The Inauguration of public Industries to safeguard the workers
- against lack of employment, 6. Education of ALL children up to the age of 18 years. No child labor.

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EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

The "Trade School" is the latest trump which the bread-masters hope to play in their game with the workers. It is being agitated in Milwaukee by the Merchants and Manufacturers' association, backed by the Parry people and the street railway company, which has be-come alarmed for the future and is anxious to help on anything that will give Labor a black eye and tend to "discipline" it for daring to enter the political arena. The superintendent of schools also has a pie, for no very particular reason save that he wants to finger in the

good fellow with the master class. The "Trade School," of course, doesn't mean what the name im-It should be called a "School to Graduate Strike Breakers," and is born of the bread-masters' inherent desire for low-wage work-The workers, through organization, have been able to increase their wages almost up to the decent living point, and now the masters are agitating for "open shops" and against the "tyranny" of trade unions, and the so-called Trade School idea is one of the manifesta-tions of this. They want four or five men for every job so wages will go down. The particular grievance the masters have against the unions in this regard, was recently voiced by a Mr. Jeremiah Quin, of Milwaukee, who said the trade unionists limited the number of apprentices in order to keep a monopoly of the jobs for themselves. To the uninformed reader this would sound plausible and it might seem as if the what is the other-side? Bishop Fallows, the other day, said that "unions is the salvation of Labor," and that means the salvation of society also. Let us see if the unions are not handling this apprenticeship question wisely and in the public interest? Frank J. Weber, the progressive business agent of the progressive Milwaukee Federated Trades Council, has answered the question so lucidly that we cannot do better than quote his words:

do better than quote his words: "Trades unions limit the number of apprentices in order that each one shall be given a chance to complete his training in the trade. If a factory or em-ployer of labor is permitted to have any number of apprentices he will have a large number when work is rushing, but the moment work slackens up these boys will be turned out with just a little training in the trade, and when they start in for someone else they will have to begin all over again. We limit the number and compel the employer to give the apprentices permanent worl for the required term, in this way avoiding filling the ranks of labor with in-commetent men." petent

One of the things the Social-Democrats feel constrained to repeat over and over is that the capitalist system means insecurity not only for the workers, but also for the wealth monarchs as well. Verifications of this come to light every day. The rich do not trust each other, or if they do they generally suffer for it. Lawson's stories of High Finance show what a pack of ravening wolves the millionaires are, and how they are constantly clawing at each other's throats. Moreover, one rich man may ride to ruin in his mad panting after gain and in his collapse carry others down with him. "Insecurity of life" is the inevitable who had been a pensioner on the Episcopal church, a penniless old man who had been a pensioner on the Episcopal church, a penniless old man, who in former years had been one of the rich men of the town. man, who in former years had been one of the rich men of the town. We refer to ex-Banker David Ferguson, a man of good repute as rich men went, and possessed of many good personal qualities. Methodical in business, cautious, exact, versed in the logic of finance, trusted and sound, as that word is used in business circles-yet he died a beggar. He formerly occupied one of the finest mansions in the city, with spacious grounds and flower gardens, and greenhouses. A look of degeneration has come over the house, there is a sign "Boarding" nailed up on the front, and the greenhouses are simply empty frames of broken glass. David Ferguson supposed he had before him a life of ease and security, just as everybody else thought. He was a man of ease and security, just as everybody else thought. He was a man of financial stamina and undoubtedly felt the supercilious inclinations of the man who has financially triumphed over his fellows. He had his capitalistic hatreds of labor agitators and of revolutionists who said the capitalist system meant insecurity for all and that it must be peace-ably altered. He whetted his indignations in this direction by his morning dope of Milwaukee Sentinel editorials, which told him that Socialists were Anarchists and that they wanted to abolish civilization and the American nation. And then a bank panic, due to the gambling called high finance, came along and David Ferguson's financial stafinancial sta sand in its path, and down he went. It is a pitful case. To taste the bitter bread of charity and to finally fill a charity grave after a life of ease and elegance and contempt for the unsuccessful-and it presents its lesson.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

Who said John Mitchell was a Traitor!

John Mitchell's demand, at the San Francisco convention, that the Socialists prove him traitor, was, of course, buncombe, pure and simple. But the question arises: Has not Mr. Mit-chell himself already supplied the proof? Let us see!

The following, contributed to The Social-Democratic Herald of July 2, 1904, throws some illumination on the subject:

The Pittsburg Dispatch of June 7th has an extend-ed account of an incident that, like the proverbial straw, shows which way the wind blows,

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the wind blows, The article in question is headed with a five column, cut of an elaborate banquet scene, the guests consisting of mine owners, mine work-ers and capitalist politi-cians. At the table of honor are Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Robbins, with Patrick Do-lan, District president, be-tween them, as the central figure and toastmaster of the evening. evening.

What Mr. Dolan does not know about labor makes him hate Socialism and fits him to preside at a banquet where workers are used as dummies to renew allegi-ance to the reign of their masters. The Dispatch article has the following double column

headlines: "MINERS START A BOOM FOR COMBINE LEADER" - "F. L. ROB-

BINS APPROVED FOR UNITED STATES SENA-

TOR AT DINNER IN HONOR OF LABOR OFFICIALS."-"THEIR GRACEFUL COMPLIMENT. The account in part follows:

BARON

ROBBIN

Ine account in part follows: "In the presence of the recipient of the honor, coal operators and organized coal miners of Western Pennsylvania formally proposed Francis L. Robbins, President of the Pittsburg Coal Company, for the United States Senate at a banquet last night at the Henry Hotel. The banquet was in honor of John Mitchell, President of the United Mine Workers, and District Secretary William Dodds, to wish the two godspeed on a European tour they are about to make in the interest of their organization. Even Mitchell joined in the tribute to Robbins, which was taken up by others." "Although hailed as the next senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Robbins confined his remarks to a eulogy of Mitchell and Dodds."

"A FELLOW OUGHT TO BE JUDGED BY THE COMPANY HE KEEPS!"

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"Mitchell and Dodds were presented with DIAMOND MEMENTOES of the esteem of the OPERA-TORS and minere

"SECRETARY DODDS STARTED THE ROBBINS MOVEMENT. Dodds. is secretary of a district of 37,000 organized miners. HE FORMALLY PROFOSED MR. KOBBINS FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR. The coal president was cheered for several minutes. He said he attended the banquet to do honor to two 37,000 organized

friends."
"The presence of operators and miners," said Mr. Robbins, "defines the proper relation between capital and labor, employer and employed. One thing has led to the present state of affairs: Miners recognize that CONSERVATIVE men must be placed at the head of their organization." "If the future shows a change it will be because labor does not continue to put conservative men at the head of their organization." "THE ONLY MENACE TO ORGANIZED LABOR NOW IS SOCIALISM, AND SOCIALISM MUST BE RELEGATED TO THE REAR."

"Mr. Mitchell then spoke and among other things is reported as saying that

"He believes harmonious relations between organized capital and organized labor can be obtained with-out labor surrendering any of its rights or capitalism surrendering its rights." The foregoing appeals strongly for comment, especially the statement of Mr. Robbins, coal baron and labor leader, that Socialism is a menace to organized labor, but I will only say that Mr. Robbins knows quite well that Socialism is a menace only to the class suggested by his name and that it prompts him to assail it while he places diamond decorations upon the "conservative" leaders of his coal-digging wage-slaves.

The fact that Mr. John Mitchell, labor leader, sees nothing wrong in accepting a diamond badge from the rich and designing exploiters of his poor and pilfered followers: that he evidently has not the least con-ception of what such a testimonial really symbolizes may serve sufficiently in mitigation to shield him from merited contempt and condemnation.

HALF HOURS IN THE HERALD SANCTUM.

Dear Herald: The light seems to be breaking all over the country! I have sent by separate cover an edi-torial here in Reporter, showing the in-train here in Reporter, showing the in-train of beating the Socialists by "business men putting politicians in the horseshoer's tools can be made, and worth publishing in Herald. Fend du Lac. Howard Tuttle. Editor Herald: All Social-Democrats should possess Mr. Walter Thomas accumulations of capital, usually: "Large teachers of Socialism give only vague definition of Socialism seems clear as it promotes democratic Socialism. His ship by the many of what the many must collective owner, agement is afterwards added as neces-sary to the definition.

O. E. SIEGMUND, Prop



Receipts of Remittances for Subscriptions are acknowledged by the number on the wrapper. Separate receipts are never sent.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD-BUSINESS DEPARTMENT Address all communications, money orders, etc., to the

tionary, etc. etc., Illinois Socialist. It is strange that a resolution was not ad-ded, to the effect that if these changes in natural law were in the interest of the working class, we are for them, if not, we are agin 'em. Then the position would be completed to take her rather meager chances as against the impossibilist. The following queries were put to the writer of the above, and printed in the Chicago Socialist" (1) point to a natural law that has changed, and (2) to one that man has made or modified. These were met by the same kind of silence that Gen. Grant used in getting a re-putation for wisdom. Chicago.

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BARON

00 S. SU2 Nemo. SO) Chicago.

Answers to Correspondents.

M. M. S.-Write to Wm. Haman, 331 Chestnut st., Milwaukee, or to John Tonsor, 6661 Twenty-seventh st. F. R., Milwaukee .- Will take up the natter next week. SOU Aye Kay, Milwaukee .--- There is noth-

Aye Kay, Milwaukee.—There is noth-ing surprising in the action of that union, providing you understand that it is dominated by a number of men who consult their priests before acting upon union measures. The attack on this paper is part of the Dave Parry-Father Sherman campaign, and no self-respect-ing or loyal union would dirty its fingers in such business. Certainly, a labor body ought to hold stock in its official organ and have some say in its managet.et. C. C. D. Chicago.—Permit us to quote i 88







"Ericksen," Wis .-- Will take that mat-

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net The Regular Meetings of the Council are hold first and third Wednesdays at 8 o'clock, at Frei Gemeinde Hall, Fourth Street, betw. State and Cedar

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TS DEMAND THE UNION LABEL!



rice chairman New delegate seated from Tobacco

New delegate seated from Tobacco Workers. Atty. W. F. Thiel spoke fifteen min-utes on injunctions. He gave a history of the Casey & Stressen-Reuter tailor-

Rev delegate seated from Tobaco Workers.
 Atty, W. F. Thiel svoke fifteen minutes on injunctions. He gave a history intes on injunctions. He gave a history fut case, a discourge a strategeneric traiter and the council cooperate with this first field ratio in a having a representative at Madison to look after labor that the council cooperate with the restandard of the clearation in having a representative at Madison to look after labor that the council and clined. Bros. Weber, Neumán and delined. Chari tipostation of the Leidersdorf factory. No. enclosing a labored. Bro. Weber renomínaties and the leidersdorf factory. The diago of scab Rochester dothing exploite a serie and dar to investigation of the Leidersdorf factory. The matter was threeupon laid over. The bara mistructed the business agent to visit the sale of scab Rochester dothing explores as to the decision of the Almanister for Movinger. Mo. relative to try to get of the angle resolution and the corresponding park was instructed for a bard recommended that scretary was repeased to write the pares as to the decision of the Almanister for Movinger. Mo. relative to try to get of the addison matter in relation to the sale of scab Rochester dothing explores. Bus. Agt. Weber said to solution and the opinite or the bard in organiz, and Schiltz Park on the percentage plan, and the scretary was instructed to try to get of the addison matter in relation to the sale of scab Rochester dothing explores. Bus. Agt. Weber said to your in the decision of the Almanister of the sale and hald over to the next meeting: a solution the scale and hald over to the next meeting: a maines Agent Weber reported tha the scretary was instructed to to the organize to the verife the sched leachers of Pittisher to matter in the crites

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starvation wages in his Green Bay coal yard, had just presented \$10,000 to a Methodist church in Janesville. He an-nounced that the State Fair next year would not be held on Labor Day. The excentive board also reported that its attention had been called to the elaim made in an alleged labor paper of the city, published in the interests of the city, published in the interest of the city, published in the interest of the city organization, that the Social-Democratic Herald had received \$10.16 for its Labor Day advertising of which the Trades Council only received \$10.16 for its Labor Day advertising of which the story was a malicious untruth. The total received for Labor Day ad-vertising was \$053.50, of which the council received 15 per cent or \$141.52. The moment Herald 45 per cent or \$24.58, out of which it had to pay the social-Democratic Herald 45 per cent or \$24.58, out of which it had to pay the cost of setting the advertisements in type and the other expenses. The Grievance committee reported progress in the Millwright matter. The committee to wait on Ster co-typers reported that it was found that the union did not seem interested in the complaints voiced in their resolutions, but brought up other matters. Report approved. The pose had bade pen put

was done for the Bakers. Council was asked to appoint a committee to see the restaurants in favor of union made bread.

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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

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PRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer 318 State Street, Milwaukee. FRRD'K. BROCKHAUSEN, Seey. Treas 553 Orchard Street, Milwaukee.

Wisconsin State Federation of Labo Unfair List, The Bangor Brewing Co., Bangor, Wis, The West Bend Brewing and Malting Co., of West Bend, Wis. The F. F. Adams Tohacco Co., Milwaukee, The Kohler & Sons, Sheboygan, Wis., manu-facturers of bath fulls and plumber Chas. Poincherck Bros. Co., 182-184 3rd st., Milwanhee, Wis., Manufacturers of Chas. Poincherck Bros. Co., 182-184 3rd st., Milwanhee, Wis., Manufacturers of the Ainstry, The Co., 182-184 3rd st., Milwanhee, Bros. Co., 182-184 3rd st., Milwanhee, Wis., Manufacturers of the Consuld Jacquer Bakerz, Milwakee. Pamper, Manufacturers of Chars and Tobacco. The Bink & Germer Co., Manufacturers and The Bink & Germer Co., Manufacturers Unfair List

COMRADES, ATTENTION!

The comrades in Milwaukee, city, bunty and state are kindly requested b hand in their punch and subscription cards at the very earliest date possible. By doing so they will greatly oblige the City and State Campaign Committees.

City central committee meets Monday night at the Liedertafel Hall, 7th and Priairie sts. Comrades and delegates please take notice.

State Organization Dotes.

Don't be a "looker on"-get into the arness. Get busy for Socialism. Every local has received a letter from Every local has received, a letter from headquarters asking for information about the needs of the field in each locality. It is the purpose to assist in organizing and strengthening the locals everywhere, to help in local campaigns and to open new fields. Let every com-rade in the state see to it that his local answers this letter. It is the start of the ball. Push it along. Ashland.—The comrades here are dis-playing great activity. A new secretary

Ashland.—Ine comrades here are dis-playing great activity. A hew secretary has been appointed and Donald A. Ross elected local organizer. He will visit the southern part of the county soon and organize there.

Malison. — The Federated Trades Cofficial has contributed \$6.00 towards the fand that elected the five labor union men to the state legislature on the Social-Democratic ticket. These unions begin to show signs of understanding which side of their bread, is buttered. The Social-Democratic party has elect-ed five workingmen, all but one trades unionists, to the state legislature. The laboring men work have to get bills intro-duced at Madison after this. It has opened the eyes of ste Sabor briggs over the state and they are beginning to take a hand in the work for the working class party. That's right Get wise. Put the union label on your ballot. It's hard to strike. It's easy to vate with your class. Acknowledgement will be made in due form and time for all the contributions that are sent in on the deficit.

Oshkosh.—The Socialists of Oshkosh are beginning to wake up. Two or three contributions to the campaign fund from there, among them one from the Meat Cutters' union. And still they come. We will have a local there next. Chilton.-\$12.00 from the comrade-for the deficit. Evidently the Chilton local it not dead.

Sheboygan.--Local comrades are so ing in splendid contributions. branches are growing nicely. F.TRENKAMP & CO.

Superior.-Good work is being done comrade Penny sends in \$5.00 on the nuch card. Watch the end of the lake MANUFACTURERS OF Honest Soaps. No free premiums. No catch-penny schemes in order to sell our soaps. Ask for TRENKAMP'S SOAPS and you get full weight and HONEST GOODS. Try Our Popular Brands CLIMAX and MONITOR. A. GOETZ.



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GENERAL OFFICERS:

pproved. Report of Label Section. The Bakers eported that a loose label had been put n goods for sale at the Hub clothing tore. By cooperation of the section the arbers had drawn up a plan for trengthening their union. The same as done for the Bakers. Council was sked to appoint a committee to are the

Tobacco. The Black & Germer Co., Janufacturers of the Radiant Home line Stoves. The Janesville Clothing Co. The Cargil Coal Co., of Green Bay.

Madison. - The Federated Trades

Cold, Blue S. & H. and Green Bay Ave. Stamps.

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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

I said: Yes. I am.' Well,' he says, that's all right, we'll fix that all right. If you will recommind our desks you shall have \$1,000.'" BIJOU Cown Copics by the Cown Crier.

The significance of this is not

A south side butcher, E. J. Els-in their way, but to con-hard to see, and it makes it clear that the reason the city gave up sciously work to extend the circle making its own furniture was that as a municipal policy, is a dif-someone in power wanted to favor ferent proposition. Whom does it private firms who know how to draw in, but the young clerk and the on it and says that he saved money by it and got the very best of work.

BIJOU THEATER.

THE THEATER.

by it and got the very best of work. The people of Milwaukee were shocked last week to read in the morning papers that three young men of respectable parents had been caught red-handed in the burglary: the son of a Lutheran minister, an-other was a student at the divinity school of the Marquette (Ronan Catholic) college, and the third was said he was waiting for a friend who the son of a well known merchant. Why were young men such as these turned criminal without any pre-vious warning to the police and the who sought to have the city resume the son of a Lutheran minister, an-school of the Marquette (Ronan catholic) college, and the third was the son of a well known merchant. Why were young men such as these turned criminal without any pre-vious warning to the police and the public? Were these the products of consider that he had committed any the money must the son of a lutheran minister, an-scient at the divinity the most a student at the prise the son of a student at the divinity the most of the was astudent the third was the was astifued the good people of Milwau-scient and the third was the was astifued the good people of Milwau-the Weber Restaurant gambling the was siven the regulation bath, his mus-take was shaved off, and he was handed his prison suit of brown jeans and a consider that he had committed any the more light was the set the products of the was arrested that he didn't the more light was the the corresponding to that the the was given the regulation bath, his must take was shaved off, and he was handed his prison suit of brown jeans and a take to the cell corresponding to that the had led to the cell corresponding to that the the was further and the third was the making of its own school desks. Here is a clipping from the ac-count of how a Milwaukee ex-al-derman, convicted of booding, was initiated into the iffe of the city prison: the BIJOU THEATER. Raiph Stuart, long the idol of the Murray Hill and American Theaters, N. Y. stock companies and recently a full-fleiged star by virtue of his successful production of "By Right of Sword," both on the Pacific Coast and at the Ameri-can Theater, New York, comes to the Bijou tomorrow afternoon for a week's engagement. Mr. Stuart is both a hand-some, manly young fellow of exactly the type that he impersonates, but in ad-dition a sterling actor who knows how to handle heroic situations with the lightest comedy touch. Consequently "By Right of Sword," while at the basis a Russian melodrama of the most strenuous type, is fairly punctuated with laughs by this lighthearted young American hero who declines to take any-thing too seriously.-Love, laughter and thrills make "By Right of Sword" the most charming and exciting comedy drama of the day. There will bé ma-tiness tomorrow, Wednesday and Satur-day. why were young men such as these the voter. Its attain any game and any pre-turned criminal without any pre-rooms. The divinity student said his prison suit of brown jeans and a fiter he was arrested that he didn't consider that he had committed any the moral influences of a city boast-combination to the safe and had it studying for the priesthood, at that! Citizens were considerably shaken over the affair, and are still discus-sing it and shaking their heads. Yet bed a liquor store in another part the explanation is not far off. most charming and exciting comedy drama of the day. There will be ma-times tomorrow, Wednesday and Satur-

for festivities. It makes depressing reading, and one cannot but feel pity for the man body.

who has gotten himself into such a The Rose Hill English Folly Company, under the management of Rice and Bar-ton, is the attraction at the Star, Theater And with it comes added scrape. feeling over the fact that others of the boodlers, who were tried before other judges, and who were, some of them, more persistent offenders than Murphy, were let go with mere money fines. They laughed in their sleeves at the punishment.

CITY NOTES.

GRAND THEATER. At the Grand next week a bill of the most engaging variety has been provid-ed for. It starts off with a rush by the Pelots in their juggling sketch, followed by Leonard and Drake, Irene Lee, Glenn Worthman, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Pieree in their sketches; and then among others there's the moving pictures, which always entertain. CRYSTAL THEATER The West Side Woman's Socialist Club held a very successful meeting at Alderman Nic. Peterson's hall last Carl D. Thompson delivered a very able lecture at National Hall, corner Grove and National ave., last Sunday afternoon, his subject, being "Construc-tive Socialism,"

CRYSTAL THEATER.

Announcement is made that the Crys-tal Theater has succeeded in securing the Holdsworths as its leading attrac-tion for next week. There are six other star acts. The Crystal is putting up the goods in fine shape these days.

CAMPAIGN FUND.

Alderman

Thursday afternoon.

CARNIVAL NOTES. ALHAMBRA THEATER "McFadden's Row of Flats," which comes to the Alhambra next week for an engagement of one week, has made millions laugh, and the present produc-tion hus been efficied and revised right up to date and there is not a dull mo-ment from rise to fall of the cur-tian. The entertainment is glitteringly brilliant with new music, pretty gris, scenery. It is seldom that our thecter goer have an opportunity to see such beaultul costuming and as elaborate an attraction. BIJOU THEATER An invitation will be sent to each

11213

right. Eight weeks time is none too nuch if you are going after one of

those prizes. Branches should secure Carnival tickets and flyers now. Make the bouse-to-house canvass as planned and see how quickly that election deficit will disappear.

Don't forget that the Carnival Committee will meet at headquarters Sunday morning, Dec. 11, at 9.80 o'clock. A mistake occurred in the Carni-

val advertisement in last weck's issue. The date was given as Jan. 25. It should have been Jan. 28.

NOTICE 'EVERYBODY. RICHARD ELSNER The Exposition Building has again been leased by the Social-Democratic party for our annual Monster Mask Ball for January 28th 1905. Branches and Unions are especially requested to note the date in making arrangements for festivities.

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Read The Vanguard.











young man who would otherwise pursue paths of greater usefulness midst lesser temptations. And it That's good news, all right. Do you costs money to be a good fellow. remember those wonderful masks Sporty men will always be with and hits at the one last Winter! us, we suppose, and a certain number are all well enough WEBER'S

"LUCKY DAY" SALE





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Excellent Company Presen

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RALPH STUART

day and Saturda

GREAT CAST PRODUCTION lext-"ESCAPED FROM THE HAREM"

STAR DAILY Week Commencing Temerrow Matinee **RICE & BARTON'S** 100 ROSE HILL 200 ENGLISH 300 FOLLY CO.





vided they pay the proper rake-off, and it would be stupid to expect professionalized sports are encour- anything else. iged and the breed of "good fel lows" draws into its circle many a



pro



town is interested, for last year's show established the preeminence of the Social-Democratic carnival as the event of the Winter season.

bring down its wrecks of manhood.

Well, there's going to be another

mid-Winter carnival of the Social-

Democratic party at the Exposition

tiness tomorrow, Wednesday and Satur-day. "Escaped from the Harem" is a new-melodrama which will be seen at the Bijou Dec. 18. It is written by Chas. A. Taylor and is calculated to please every-

STAR THEATER.

next week with matinees daily. Re-markably successful is the record of this markaoly successful is the record of this big burlesque show and deservedly so, for it brings each season the biggest show of its kind, the prettiest and wit-tiest of girls, talented and versatile, an olio of good big bright acts that are, sure to please and insure a good busi-ness.

GRAND THEATER.

The South Side Woman's Socialist Club will hold their semi-monthly busi-ness meeting at their headquarters next Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 P. M. Mem-bers of the Woman's Club please take notice and attend this meeting. Chas. J. Anda K. ... Mr ul Hanson Geerdts Stone Brag Anderson