

Connor's Little'Con'-Game

By Victor L. Berger.

HE Stalwarts-as the corporation Republicans are called in Wisconsin-were right when they claimed against the primary election law, that it gave a decided advantage to the rich man.

Of course the Stalwarts did not say this because they liked the or people, but because it was cheaper to buy up the delegates to a Republican convention than it is to befuddle the mass of the voters.

Yet the Stalwarts were right as to the advantage. The rich man won with the primary law. The corporation Republicans simply com-bined with the business element of the Halfbreeds—who are more or less corporation men themselves-for the control of the Republican party. They easily bought or cajoled enough Halfbreed politicians to win out-"hands down".

W. D. Connor, a millionaire lumberman of Marshfield - himself the head of a big corporation-is now the leading spirit of the Republican party. Connor was the chairman of the Halfbreed State Central Committee of Wisconsin and a LaFollette man. It is said that he had ambitions to go to the United States Senate, and that these ambitions were thwarted by the fact that LaFollette accepted the toga. At any rate he was not willing to follow LaFollette when the latter made preparations to keep up the fight "against the corporations" until the bitter end-that is, until Lafollette could get the nomination for president.

And it was a spirited and interesting fight that took place in Madison last Tuesday. The Stalwarts and the Connor faction won by a majority of 71 to 47. W. D. Connor was elected chairman of the Republican State Committee against W. H. Dick, the LaFollette can-didate.

So much is certain and settled. The Stalwart-Connor combination not only has the majority of nominations on the Republican ticket for the state and legislature, but they are also in complete possession of the Republican machine.

And LaFallette, on this occasion, had also the great mortification of seeing his other millionaire friend, Isaac Stevenson of Marinette ("Uncle Ike") in the enemy's camp.

Material interests of classes have again proven to be at the bottom of all politics-as they really should be.

This combination of the Stalwarts and the "Con-men" was only victorious by getting enough men from the LaFollette camp to desert their middle class leader and go in with the corporations and capitalists.

But these men know LaFollette well enough not to drive him to desperation. Their majority, it is true, was 71 to 47 in the conven-tion. Yet Bob LaFollette is still a great power with certain middle class people up state, and with the farmers.

So the Stalwarts and Con-men thought it advisable to give La Follette a sop as jar as the platform is concerned. And LaFollette, who is no little of a "Con-man" himself, gladly

accepted it. All he wants now is to save his face and gain time. The Stalwart-Connor combination could well afford to offer him

the make up of the platform so much the more willingly since they not only won on the nomination of the state ticket, but they also control the legislature. And as Flannigan of Texas says. "What's the constitution

among frinds?" And what is a platform of a capitalist party among the office-seekers and office-holders? A jest, to be mentioned occasionally between drinks.

And so the Stalwart-Connor combine light-heartedly adopted planks for the control of all public service corporations, for the regulation of their charges and services, for a constitutional amendment to permit the passage of a graduated income lax, for the regulation of stock and bond issues of public service corporations to prevent wa-tered stock, for state aid for highways, and even in favor of the enactment of legislation which will enable any city or village to own its public utilities and to apply the principle of eminent domain in ac-

quiring existing plants. "If it is planks LaFollette is after," said a Stalwart during a recess, "he can have as many planks as he wants. Connor is a lumber

Quite a joke, is it not?

• But the "con-game" is plain enough.

It is clear enough to anybody that the Republicans of Wiscon-sin can never fulfil these promises without cutting off quite a number of the branches of the tree on which capitalism is sitting. And it is also clear that these planks were adopted because the lieutenants of LaFol-lette pointed to the Social-Democrats and the dangers of Socialism, which can only be met by promises of public ownership.

It is easy to predict that not one of these measures will be passed by the next legislature, unless at least 36 Social-Democrats are elected. Such an event might scare even the Stalwarts into doing something. But we do not expect to elect three dozen Social-Demo-cratic legislators this time. And therefore we do not expect any such legislation.

"Stop Thief!" cries the thief who is afraid he is about to be detected and must divert attention from his own game. "Beware of Socialism!" shout the crew that are plundering this government, in the hope of getting the people to look the other way. For instance, here is a sentence from Vice Pres. Fairbanks' speach at Chicago, when the cornerstone of the new city hall was

"The substitution of Socialism, either absolutely or in a modified form, would be to strike down the best political system which has been thus far devised by the genius or wit of man, and it would undermine and overthrow the last hope of the lovers of republican government in this world."

That "best political system" is a good joke, all right. It has made Washington a sinkhole of iniquity and the United States senate a millionaires' club house. It's funny also to see the politicians of the Fairbanks breed squirm at the very thought of Socialism. They see their "finish" if Socialism gets hold of people's minds and morals. And Socialism is getting hold of the pv) ple, or such fellows as the vice president would not be so excited

over it! In glaring contradiction to the way the capitalist authorities fawn over the rich when they come within the pale of the law is the utter brutality with which they visit their contempt for the working class when they are in trouble. Very few workingmen have been arrested who were not prejudged by their jailors and insulted in a ruffianly way

The rule is: If you haven't wealth you are presumably guilty. Some time ago an Iowa boy fifteen years old went to Des Moines to get a start in life. He got employment in a restaurant, and

when a circus came to town pieced out his salary by helping the men load. When the circus left town the management asked the police to arrest a lot of hangers-on and the young man was among those inliscriminately pounced upon. They did not believe his explanations, nor did the court give him any chance to

conscience has preached a sermon on "Why the Workingman Does not go to Church," being very careful of course, not to give the real reason. Sometimes they give the real reason without intending to. There are true hearts among the preachers as well as everywhere else, but also there are a lot of men in the ministry who are a libel on the character of Christ, and who, now that the church is so much at the mercy of money, succumb very willingly to the commercial influences and become crafty preachers for the rich, masked defenders of privilege and therefore scolders of the working men. We are afraid that if Jesus were on earth today and took a church and tried to keep it above the mortgage, interest and building fund level, he would have

The Great Unrest. 'Unrest is upon us, and

changes in conditions, social and economic, are inevitable. The man is both blind and deaf who does not realize the fact. Radical changes are coming, possibly, and it is part of good citizenship to be alert in aiding to fathom them for the Nation's weal. The outcry that we are tending toward Socialism is heard on every hand. The State is but a corporation, and does it not seem to have delegated to some other corporation as full and ample power as it could exercise itself, with all the attendant, and greater ills and without any of the compensatory benefits which would result from its own exercise of the power Indeed, do not some of these corporations assume to govern rather than be obedient to the laws of their creator? Is not in dividual effort along- certain lines as effectually throttled as if the state had absolute control?" —Judge Wilbur T. Sadler of Philadelphia.

prove his innocence but sent him

with the others to the bum cell in He was too proud to the jail. write home, and when his letters stopped his father came to the city but was unable to get trace of him. Finally he got an inkling that he was in jail, but the records failed to show such a commitment. Not satisfied the father came again and demanded to be taken through the cell room. There he found his boy, sickened by the fetid odors of the place and broken in spirit. He died

three days later. If this had happened in Russia how terrible it would sound!

Capitalism is capitalism, whether

Many a minister with a guilty support their finallies without befter citizenship conditions, the onscience has preached a sermon work. They had no personal said strike-breakers are usually grievance against their employers. The result is that to insure against personal violence, injury and loss of with the strikers for fear the strikife they have been obliged to stay ers may be able to appeal to their at the shops and factories, to be manhood and coax them to quit housed in barracks, not daring to the role of strike-breaker. He would leave for home at night or on the have it appear that the men were

"And this in free America! In an alarming or indignant cry from the press. But the people did not same conditions in life!

Sabbath.

Some Editorial Comment. large firm having 7,000,000 yen as its capital. In the same time, the new firm again attempted to raise the fare into four sen from three sen. But being much frightened

by the former demonstrations against them, they acted, this time. most secretly, and the Lome Minister gave the permission also very When the facts were secretly. made public, however, the people were quite startled and felt that they were deceived and made fool of by the Government and the Company. So they all began to oppose. The raise of fare is to be enforced from the 11th of September. Meetings are held every where. Speeches are delivered every day. Daily papers are discussing the matter severely. Resolutions are published successively from many bodies and societies. But neither the company nor the Government show any sign

of reflection, and the day of enforcement of the raising is approaching. Among these several movements, the Socialist party suggested the citizens to carry on the boycott for the tramcar. They printed tens of thousands of leaflets in which they persuaded the efficacy and necessity of the boycott movenient. They are scattering the leaflets throughout the city every day. We do not know what will be the effect. But today, the 5th of September, is the memorable day of the great disturbance of last year, of the burning up of the official residence of the Home Minister and almost all the polisboxes in the Metropolice. Many are expecting that there may occur something extraordinary on that memorable day."

It is now said that the death of

the human fiend, Trepoff, was due to poison gotten to him in some way by a revolutionary physician. Apoplexy had nothing to do with Considering the success with in its home domain of Uncle Samia which the Terrorists have worked, or in the newer field of exploita-tion, Japan. Thus we take the fol-walks around with his head. Perlowing from the Socialist paper of haps the only thing that saves him Japan, the Hikari, of Tokyo:" Three is the fact that it is a very poor street railwa companies of Tokyo excuse for a head at best, and that City, as we had already reported, a more formidable one might reamalgamated themselves into a place it if anything happened to it.

> boarded by the companies and kept as much as possible from mingling not safe to live in the city of Mil-

waukee. And as to the violence he beautiful Milwaukee! And without cries over, he is careful to overlook protest from the people, without the fact that only the strike-breakers are armed and that men who have sunk so low as to be willing know, and do not know, the vast majority of them, of these condi-tions. Think of it! Eighty men ruffians and brandish their fire or more slugged, beaten, pursued arms, feeling they have the power-as villians, maltreated in the most ful corporations back of them. As shameful manner by men in the a matter of fact, these fellows have miracle could save him. He might get workingmen to church, but surely he would be deserted by the sleek front pew, head-the-subscrip-tion-list class, the class that never misses the chance to show off sick in the strikers, and those who have the factor-tion to the strikers, most of them. The allis-tion to the strikers and deserted by the sleek front pew, head-the-subscrip-tion-list class that never is, and those who have the factor-tion to the strikers, most of them. The strikers and deserted by the strike has been very the Molders' strike gone into saloons and clashed with duct of the strikers, most of them built up from strike-breakers' unworthy tales, whilst the strikers presented nearly three hundred affidavits from merchants and citizens in the vicinity of the various shops testifying to their good behavior in the face of an armed enemy. Mr. Perry wants the so-called open shop. If he knows anything about the labor movement he knows that this is the capitalists' method of campaign to break down trade unionism, or to render it useless. To cry for the open shop is usually the coward's way of denouncing unionism itself, and yet never was there a time when the right and the necessity of the working class to organize was so universally conceded as the present. It is conceded that the workers have the same right to organize that the capitalists have. Perry the man concerns us little. We would waste no space on him. But Perry the type is worth consideration. And the fact that this particular Perry has a divided congregation and that he has the wealth faction of the church back of him, and that in particular a widow of great wealth and many investments in manufacturing corporations is the main say-so of the congregation and inspires its antiworkingman atmosphere and runs its preacher, is not so different a situation from that of most congregations where Perrys are doing capitalistic service and selling Jesus. "Ye have made of My Father's House a Den of Exploiters," is the way the modern version of the notable utterance of Jesus should read. And some people wonder why stay away from workingmen

It looks as if they got the arch-murderer Trepoff, after all. ber of times and has been making faces at Willum ever since. Now,

By the way, has anyone heard of pers said he would be popped into jail same as a common thief. Yet nary a pop. Do YOU know why!

Well, Cuba has been found "incapable of self government." It was bound to come. "Incapable of self government" is a capitalistic phrase which means when applied to a weaker country : a juicy morsel for capitalistic exploitation.

Anyway the capitalists and their politicians have been driven into a good deal of a corner when they are willing to have the corporations regulated. But it is the only way they can still the clamor of the people for public ownership.

For something really humorous turn back to the old magazines where Czar Nick and the first seeking our shores from foreign Peace Conference is written of and note the proposal of Nick to stop

bout the kind hearted Czar who

Thanks Mr. Fairbanks, thanks it again sir. It's just the kind of beginning to be restless. dvertising we need, sir, to have Socialism denounced by a man like ten bloody rich out of it, sir. Many hanks, sir! It's quite a recommendation, sir.

For little favors let us be ever thankful! It is reported from Columbus that the Ohio Supreme court has declared the ten-hour law applying to railway workers unconstitutional. At the same time it s held that the provision of the law prohibiting railways from working their employes more than sixteen hours without eight hours of rest intervening is constitutional.

Says Upton Sinclair: "About weive years ago P. D. Armour, at the close of a great strike, had de-clared with an oath that he would fix the population of Packingtown so that it would never strike again. He sent agents to Eastern Europe to tell of the tremendom wages paid in the packing business. Arrangements were made for cheap pas-sages. The demand for work brought down wages to the starva-

tion point." A writer in Charities shows that both bad times and "good" times are responsible for the tramp. Bad times starts the out-of-work mechanic to the next city to look for work and then farther on till he will vote Democratic, others may loses hope and becomes a wandloses hope and becomes a wand-erer. By the time the times get easier and there is a chance for him to get employment he has lost the

faces at Willum ever since. Now, Mr. Honest Man, who has been feeling that Democracy was worthy, John D. Rockefeller being caught vet? You remember how the pa-ness, what have you to say? Don't ness, what have you to say? Don't you see that no man can be really democratic in the Democratic party and have a standing? And as for the Republican party-! The old parties do not stand for the people, nor for economic justice, nor will they permit any of their lead-ers to. They are both good parties to get out of!

> That Chicago speech of Vice Pres. Fairbanks was a wonder! Listen to this:

We have a grave responsibility, resting upon us, and that is to keep pure the currents of American patriotism. We must not only educate our own youth in the principles, purposes and responsibilities of American free government, but also the vast numbers who are daily lands.

Listen to that "patriotism" talk bloodshed. Some people at that time thought he was "on the sider the record of the man uttersquare" and had a good deal to say ing it. Macaulay said "patriotism was the last refuge of a scoundrel." had been so much misunderstood. Fairbanks is one of the worst vultures in that great vulture's nest, the U. S. Schate, and "patriotism" ir, and you are very kind, sir-do is his refuge when the people are

Miss Mary McDowell of the you, sir, who has always stood with the enemies of the people, and got-tempting to arouse interest in a bill now before Congress providing for an appropriation of \$300,000 for the purpose of investigating the industrial, social, moral, educational and physical conditions of women and children workers in the United

States. "Everybody works but father" is not a joke," said Miss McDowell in an address recently. "Father cannot get work very often because his position is being occupied by a woman for reasons which we should investigate. We Americans are so overwhelmed with the spirit of commercialism that we have no consideration at all for the human individual. We lack the ability to view in their proper perspecti conditions of which we are a pa governing the lives of 2,000 growing girls and young wo employed in factories and sh Both men and women are clouded by personal experiences and we need enlightenment."

Whether the Socialists repudiate non-class conscious ballots or not they always receive more or less of them owing to factional anin in the old parties. The Republica are not harmonious in Colorado this fall, and while some of their voters the general impression that mine-owners would retire Chie Justice Gabbert, their corrupt to who declared the constitution un

And we are safe in saying that LaFollette does not expect it.

What LaFollette does expect, and what undoubtedly is going to happen, is that the Stalwart-Connor crowd will do nothing except draw their salaries and help the big capitalists. And that two years hence, Senator Robert M. LaFollette will again have a chance to travel from one county fair to another through the length and breadth of the state of Wisconsin and to point out that his friends "Con-men" have not lived up to the platform, and that therefore he, the "Con-men" have not lived up to the platform, and that therefore he, LaFollette, must be put into power again. He himself could not live up to this platform as a Republican. But he will always have a chance to say that the Stalwarts "did not let him."

Being a patched affair, the Republican platform is badly written —incongruous and incoherent—La Follette evidently did not do the job himself.

And the worst of it is, that if the vital part of the platform -that is, the control of all public service corporations and fixing the rates through government commissions—is carried out, all the public service corporations will be in politics more than they ever have been before.

If state commissions will have the right to say how much the public corporations are to charge for car fare, electric light, for gas, etc., then it will be a question of life and death for the corpora-tions to see who is to act on these commissions.

The control of the public service corporations by the commission will then, as a rule, mean the control of the commission by the public service corporations. There is only one solution of this question—public ownership of

public utilities.

The Republican platform promises even that. But of course the Republicans have promised it, at least in Milwaukee, as far back as 1898. And they surely will not try it until state regulation has been "tested" and they are compelled by the "agitators" to take another step.

Yet we welcome all such "radical talk" in the Republican and Democratic platforms. As little as it means, it sets their own voters thinking.

Besides, legislative enactments of this kind, if carried through, make fearful holes in the theory of the "sacredness" of the rights of

Property. If the state has a right to say how much a privately owned street car or electric light company is 'o charge—than the owners are evi-dently not the full possessors of their property. They are already dis-possessed to no small extent. And from that to a full expropriation in the Social-Democratic sense, is only a small step. To show how clumsily this Stalwart-Con-platform was drawn up Continued to last column.

Continued to last column,

misses the chance to show off rich clothes on Easter and that is ever ready to rub its own family memor ies into the eyes of others via the stained memorial window routes. There is a preacher in Milwau-

kee named the Rev. Enoch Perry. He has been a "success." He has secured rich hacking, which is more than Jesus could do.

He preached a sermon on why workingmen do not go to church, last Sunday, although that wasn't the real title of the sermon. His theme was the so-called "open shop." The local Molders' strike "open was the matter under discussion. Some of the things he said are worth the reading. Listen to this: "Seek the kingdom of God," said

Mr. Perry, "and you will have no labor problem, for you will have an increased wage and there will be no strike. What a blessing that would mean. For during the past four months men have been kept in barracks, behind pickets and bars, unable to leave for their homes from fear of injury to life and limb.

"Penitentiary in Milwaukee! Imprisoned since May! Wives and children deprived of the presence and comfort of their husbands and fathers! Committed crime? No. The community would have known all about it if any crime had been ommitted, details would have been dished up at once.

"But they wanted to work to supcare for and to feed the children fact that there is a store, and more God has given them. And the molders' union said, 'You shall not humane hours, that does not enlist his compathies. Nor is he enough

tes, and mose who have the capital, which are all necessary to produc-tion on a large scale, shall deny to other people than a favored few the opportunity to work for them." When the Rev. Perry preached the above sermon he had just returned refreshed from a nice vacation of several weeks, with his pay going on just the same. He cam

back to a home made secure to him by his congregation. He walked to church, as is his wont, in silk tile and kid gloves, and full of the grace of God. It was hardly to be expected that a man thus shielded from the fierceness of the struggle for existence could know much about what life means to the working class, or of the reasons that force the workingmen to combine in unions to protect themselves and families from the utter wolfishness and cannibalism of the capitalist

system. It was hardly to be ex-pected that he would be in touch with the lives, the aspirations and the heroism of the wage workers, and also in touch with the spirit of human compassion and sympathy for the dispossessed of earth which marked the great heart of Him Who had not Where to Lay His Head, and which led to his cruci-fixion as a disturber of the "peace." To a mind such as Perry's the main duty of the workingman or the working child is obedience to conditions as the capi-talist system makes them—they are "paid" for the work and must be "worthy of their hire." As to the

port the wife they had promised to "worthy of their hire." As to the care fer and to feed the children fact that there is a strike of Mold-

work, only as we dictate the condi-tions, but, claiming the right of American citizens to follow the that when strike-breakers are imdictates of their own consciences, ported by the capitalists to break working they chose to work. They could not down the effect of the workers for church!

talist sheets, Bryan hasn't come bench who will stoop to his out well in the wash. When, before going to Europe, he said he was agin Socialism plutocracy was ready to strain him to its bosom and emit eternal goo-goos over him changed their minds. Anyhow, the emit eternal goo-goos over him-And then he came back and said the government might well consider the advisability about acquiring the railroads at some distant time, and

cities and towns and discovered th To judge from the ultra capi-alist sheets, Bryan hasn't come ous depths. He was inclined to renomination of the corrupt Gabbert even sickened the Republican candidate for governor, who has re-signed from the ticket and now the the idea was so incendiary that g. o. p. is in a sadly demoralized plutocracy caught its breath a num- condition.

Connor's Little "Con"-Game-Continued from first column.

we need point only to one fact. With the exception of a plank promising a co-employe bill for railroad men (mark you, only for railroad men and not for any other working men) not a single line treats of the

working men or the improvement of their condition. It is purely a bourgeois middle class platform, and working men are interested in its planks-even if they should become laws-only in as much as some of them treat general conditions from which the proletariat cannot possibly be exempted.

And if "imitation is the sincerest form of flattery," then the Social-Democrats ought to feel flattered indeed. For several of the planks of the Republican party were taken almost bodily from our platform, emasculated and sugar-coated and put into such shape "as not to do much harm." Yet I repeat again that even in *this form* they will never become laws as long as the capitalist parties bear full sways unless the Social-Democrats elect nearly one-third of the legislature.

Truly this is the time when every Social-Democrat ought to take pride in his party and in his ticket. We have always claimed that in order to get even half a loaf, we must ask for the *whole loaf*. We have always said that in order to force even a promise from the capitalist parties, the working men must vote for their Social-Democratic ticket and fight for it.

699

We have always said that capitalism and the capitalist politicians will never yield even in the least, unless they are afraid of the common people and the proletariat. The present platform of the Republican party-while it promises very little to the proletariat-is at least in-clined to be radical as far as public ownership is conce nea.

And while the capitalist parties do not mean to fulfill their promises, we can compel them to live up to their own platforms if the

Social-Democratic party polls a big vote in this state and elects a large number of members to the legislature.



land, includes among its institu-tions, a "progressive city," which, judging from the inaugural address of fittle Benjamin Feinstein, who

When we study the message of the greatest number, new mayor of the "City of Progress" and compare it with the political machinists the country over class interests to be preserved, as who act as chief magistrates, and ing generation has a more intelligent and honest conception of ethics than those same grown-ups. By the same token the celebrated philosopher who advised man to go philosopher who advised man to go to the child and learn was no fool. The Child and learn was no fool.

The "City of Progress" number any person or set of persons from The Chy of about one hundred inhabitants who pride themselves in being free and untrammeled by prejudices and worn-out customs in working out povernmental salvation. How one control is a solution of the sol their governmental salvation. Mayor Feinstein is a member of the Newsboys and Bootblacks' Union, of which organization he is financial secretary, and he is surrounded by youngsters who have also acquired a pretty clear know-ledge of pure, unadulterated Social-Democracy, and who are, therefore, peculiarly and happily fitted to strive for the accomplishment of mandate; the violation of such mantheir high ideals.

Mayor Feinstein's address follows:

Citizens and members of Fellow the City Government of the City of Progress: of Progress:



copies for \$1.75. One hundred copies for \$2.75 Do not delay. Order at once.

344 SIXTH STREET, - - - -

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

THE JUNGLE A Story of Packingtown By UPTON SINCLAIR

David Graham Phillips says it is the "greatest American novel written in fifty years." Thomas Wentworth Higginson says "it comes nearer than any book yet published to being the 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' of the social tragedy of our great cities."

Cloth 12 mo., 413 pages. Reduced price \$1.05-\$1.20 post paid.

Hiram House, the social settle- | In the acceptance of this office people can alter, amend or abolish ment on Wood and avenue. Cleve- to which I have been elected, I it. which, lowing recommendations for your zen will see the necessity of co-

for its acceptance or rejection.

create any office that is not abso-

do not desire to support anyone whose services are not useful to us.

We have a constitution to govern

removal of any official.

of his toil.

operative action, and remember We should remember that the that this government can be made way ahead of the "best governed in." where the best governed, and that the best governed in t

We are particularly fortunate in same time live happily together. this community, as there are no whose whole time is taken up in protecting the interests of a privil-eged few, it strikes us that the riscontinue to exist, I recommend the bood of Man, and the solidarity adoption of the initiative and refer- of the Human Race.

I trust that each and every citi-

endum, which is absolute democracy, or, in other words, a government of the people, by the people, principles. s pointing the way to more municipalities to move out of the wilder-

ness of capitalistic privilege and injustice and to introduce a system of equality and happiness for all the people. people shall have the right to in-

reason to be proud of the "City of Progress" administration. It is in stitute any law and call for a vote reality the only genuine labor gov-ernment in the country. Let us A majority of the votes cast, in any election, shall be understood to be the will of the people, and should be considered an imperative hope that it will grow and expand until its principles and politics are recognized and adopted by the country as a whole.-Cleveland

date shall be sufficient cause for the Citizen. I carnestly urge upon you th

necessity of insisting that every know of to bring about the desired result, is by every individual taking a course in the training school. It should be our duty as officials to see that no person is deprived of the op-

portunity to work, and also see that every person gets the full product We should also be careful not to

of life.

powers of government.

the principles of Socialismina readable way. Cloth, 238 pages, \$1. Paper By Allen L. Benson. At the time ke wrote this book, Comrade Benson was editor of the "Detroit Daily Times." The present edition has been improved and brought up-to-date. It is a great Socialist maker. Cloth, 155 pages, 50 cts. Paper, 15 cts., post paid Control of the "Detroit Daily ages, 50 cts. Paper, 15 cts., post paid Control of the "Detroit Daily ages, 50 cts. Paper, 15 cts., post paid

movement has had an interesting pass in this bountry, as this book shows. Cloth, 372 pages, \$1.50 QUINTESSENCE of SOCIALISM By Dr. A. Shaeffle, Finance minister of Austria Dr. Schaeffle started out

To What is Economic and Political **Development Tending?** By PAUL KAMPFMEYER .- Translated by E. H. THOMAS.

The Development of Production in History. (Continued.)

The end of the middle ages closed with two social revolutions, the character of which has been hotly disputed. With some justice, ferdinand Lassalle called the Peasant War a reactionary movement. for a people to entirely eliminate in fact, the revolutionary manifestoes of the peasants express ideas rent, interest and profit, and at the and feelings which grew up in the times of the mark-community, when meadows, woods, pastures and waters still belonged to the peas-I trust that when my term of of-fice is ended we will be better men sary condition for every individual taking part in the government of every citizen is a worker and is of and women for having lived in the the country. "That every one should demand a part in it because he is a man, because he is an intelligent being, without any ownership of land-that did not please the peasants at all!"

The unsuccessful rebellion of the knights had a most decidedly reactionary character. They wanted to put back into the rigid con-Mayor Feinstein and the "City of Progress" deserve to be con-gratulated. The former for his clear-cut, ringing proclamation that is solidly grounded upon bed-rock and made war on the growing "monopolists," the Fuggers, the Welsers, The latter because it etc.** . Their revolutionary politics aimed at the establishment of a democracy of the nobility.

The collapse of the feudal system of production after this took an essentially different form in Germany than in France. In France, the nobility, the true representative of the feudal industrial system, was violently overthrown. In Germany the nobleman himself, in his own interest, overthrew that system. By means of agrarian legis-Furthermore organized labor has lation favoring the peasants, he disappropriated entire classes of peasant serfs and turned them into free agricultural laborers. The pure class egoism of the nobleman is stamped upon the emancipation of the serfs in Prussia.

In Germany, unlike France, the process of revolutionizing feudal-ism into capitalism proceeded actually at a snail's pace. We can

* Pepper was an important article of commerce in the middle ages. ** The Rockefellers and Vanderbilts of those days. Translators' note.

THE WISCONSIN STATE PLATFORM.

The final aim of the Social-Demo-

powers of government.
The most characteristic expression of the present economic system is the trust and the monopoly.
Electricity, steam, and many modern inventions have struct the death blow at production on a small scale.
Competition has wiped out competition. The trust and the monopoly an eccessary condition. The trust and the monopolies.
Private monopoly a necessary condition. The trust and the monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the matter insteam of the prosent in the present ecoal trust scale of the prosent in the production of the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the matter insteam of the prosent in the granting of such franchises hall be provided in milions out of the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the matter insteam of the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the inditions out of the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the inditions out of the stand the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the inditions out of the shall be public or private monopolies.
Private monopoly is a curse to the prosent econol of a small number of internative of the prosent econor of a small mumber of internative of the prosent econor of a small mumber of internative of the production of the shall be proven against all the other the shall be proven against all the other induce and y for matter on the production of the favorite political organization of a private and the present econor private and the present econor private ano difference

The Social-Democratic party is the international movement of the modern houses, sufficient sleep, more leisure, more education, and more culture Under the present system, society is rapidly dividing into two classes: the rich and the poor, the capitalist class and the proletariat. The one toils without enjoying, the other en-ioys without toiling The wage earner and the iarmer, we recognize the types of the pro-ducing elements of this country. Un-the sale of his labor power and the farmer on the sale of his products. Both are exploited in the protects and the necessities of life. The final aim of the Social-Demoshall be given away to individuals or private corporations, and those that have been given away, shall be re-covered as rapidly as possible. All mineral rights reserved in private con-tract shall be abolished. No land be-longing to the state shall be sold, and all lands now belonging to the state shall be kept for state purposes. 13. That steps be taken to pro-tect the head waters of our rivers. We demand also the reforesting of denuded tracts suitable for reforest-ing, so as to provide wooded land for future generations who have been robbed by the timber thieves.

14. That laws be enacted, limiting the working of youths under at years of age, and women of any age, employed anywhere in Wisconsin to eight hours a day, and prohibiting the employment of children under 16 years of age in any factory, store, workshop or mine, also for the strict-est protection of life and limb in wrokshops, factories, mines, stores, railways and boats. Also the removal of the principle of contributary neg-ligence from our statutes, and the enactment of laws to compensate workmen when injured while em-ployed. All wages to be paid weekly in lawful money. 15. That a graduated income and inheritance tax be enacted, small in-heritances and small incomes to be exempt.

exempt. 16. That fire and accident insura

be established by the state.

be established by the state. The Social-Democratic party also stands for every radical change that will bring more wealth, more culture, and more security to the masses of the people. But we call attention to the fact that the measures we urge are not a cure for all the existing evils, nor are they all Socialistic measures. They are to be viewed rather as mere palliatives capable of be-ing carried out even under the present conditions. Under no circumstances should the people rest content with palliatives

scarcely speak of any violent, catastrophe-like overthrow of feudax conditions of production in Germany.

Tea Weeks, Ten Cents

Little enough should we say about these two so characteristic economic revolutions, if we described them both with the phrase: "In Germany and in France the powers of production were in contradiction to the conditions of production, and an epoch of social revolution ensued." Every definition, ery peculiarity of these historic events would thus be completely wiped out by such a description.

This revolution in Germany had an entirely different character from the revolution in France. Can we seriously characterize as a revolution the slow creeping changes of the feudal system, moving within the limits of the law, which took place in Prussia from the time of the abolition of serfdom until the bourgeois revolution? In fact, even in the transformations of the leudal order since 1848 we scarcely detect even a breath of revolution. In Germany there was a slow adaptation of the conditions of production to the forces of production.

We have now, with a bird's eye view of history, passed from the middle ages proper to the unchaining of the forces of production. Let us proceed, and now direct our steps to that country in which the forces of production, were developed as in a hot-house: Old England.

In spite of all prophecies, here the forces of production to this day have not burst assunder the conditions of production.

The forces of production outgrew society, so Marx and Engels. declared, more than sixty years ago. And lo, an amazing, fabulous development of the productive forces began.

The forces of production had outgrown society, so taught many Social-Democratic theorizers 35 years ago in the eventful epoch of the great panic. And the forces of production nevertheless grew and expanded lik · giants.

The forces of production had ontgrown society, so said the Erfurt Program in our days (in 1891). The forces of production however strode forward at a double-quick pace.

Up to the present time, the forces of production have not. yet thrust their unyielding limbs against the immovable bounds of capital-istic conditions of property. Capitalistic industry has just outgrown its leading strings. And having just learned how to walk, it still has half of the civilized world for its playground.

From the history of panics, Rosa Luxemburg, in her little book "Social Reform or Revolution," shows that until now the sudden ex-pansion and not the contraction of the field of capitalistic business has led to commercial crises. The Marxian theory of how crises are formed, she thinks, only applies to a completely developed capitalistic system, "where the world market is presupposed as something fixed and definite. Only then can crises repeat themselves from the inward, proper movement of the process of production and distribution, without the external impulse of a sudden shock to the conditions of production or of the market, as is understood by the analysis of Marx. If we consider the present economic conditions, we must certainly admit that we have not yet entered on that stage of perfect capitalistic maturity which is presupposed by the Marxian theory of the periodicity of crises. The world market is included in this development.'

Now in previous crises Marx and Engels discovered just this contradiction between the forces of production and the conditions of pro-duction. Already in the year 1848 the history of industry and commerce had been to them "for decades"-"the history of the uprising of the modern forces of production against the modern conditions of production, against the conditions of property, which are the necessary conditions of life for the bourgeoisie and their rule."

But now it is said-and surely with justice-that the forces of production have not up to this day run against immovable barriers. To these unbridled forces immense avenues the yet standing open. Indeed in our technically highly developed society, some individual contradictions between the forces and conditions of production will not be fatal. Economic breakdowns in the nature of catastrophes, violent explosions of the conditions of production, hitherto have sel-

dom played an important part in the history of humanity. The dwarfish character of the means of production in the earlie stages of social development curbed and checked the forces of production. There is no iron law of history that the powers of production in any age must burst by force the conditions of production. [A further installment of this translation will be published in our

next issue.]



Bebel on Trades Unionism! The pamphlet on Trade Unionism, translated from the speech of Bebel, is now ready. It should be given the widest possible circulation, for it exposes certain tactics that are masquerading just now as international tactics, and which will surely injure the Socialist movement in the United States if persisted in.

MILWAUKEE.

Single copies five centr. Twenty-five copies for a dollar. Fifty

Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis. Socialism for Beginners.



7. That all elective officers, na-tional, state, and municipal, shall be made subject to the imperative man-date, and to a recall, by the expressed wish of three-fourths of their con-tituence.

The final sim of the Social-Demo-cratic party is the emancipation of the producers and the abolition of the capitalist system. For that pur-pose, we organize the producing classes in city and country into a political party to take control of the powers of government.

The most characteristic expression

6. To establish life-insurance by

By Wilhelm Liebknecht. This umphlet irom one of the mouthpamphlet iron one of the mouth-pieces of German Social-Democracy will clear up many misapprehensions. Paper, 10 cts.

SOCIALISM AND WHAT IT SEEKS TO ACCOMPLISH

SOCIALISM MADE PLAIN

THE CO-OPERATIVE COMMON-WEALTH

By Lawrence Gronlund, Gronlund is dead, br.t his book still lives. It was the first popularization of Marx to be put forward in this country. Cloth Sr.

to be put forward in this country. Cloth \$t. THE PRINCIPLES OF SCIEN-TIFIC SOCIALISM By Rev. Chas. H. Vail. This is a little education in itself and presents Social Dopmonention Houseld Social Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

BOOKS YOU NEED.

KARL MARX, By Wilhelm Lieb- | FERDINAND LASSALLE, By Ed-

KARL MARX, By Wilhelm Liebknecht.
A touching account of the life and heroism of Marx by the veteran Liebknecht, who shared his privation with bim in the days when Socialism was advocates were in exile. Cloth, 50 cts
THE EVOLUTION OF PROPERTY, By Paul Lafargue.
Lafargue is a son-in-law of Karl Marx and has written quite a number of books, of which this is the most serviceable. Cloth, 174 pages, Price \$1.
Social Democratic Harrid 244 Sixth Streagt Milmaukas.

r

Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.



of Austria. Dr. Schaeffle started out to oppose Social-Democracy and to show what he was attacking, his first volume gave a fair presentation of the principles of the movement. When the German government forbid the tirculation of Socialist books the party there used this book for propa-ganda. Cloth, 128 pages, \$1. EQUALITY

ocratic party, there is no difference between the two. They both stand for capitalism and the present eco-

between the two. They both stand for capitalism and the present eco-nomic system. With this in view, the Social-Demo-aric pirty of Wisconsin reaffirms its allegiance to the principles of international Gocialism and declares its adherence to the olatform of the mational Socialist party, adopted at the convention in Chicago, and pledges itself at the present time to the following measures: That the state legislature, the gov-ernor and our representatives in Con-gress shall take such action as is cal-culated. In to bring about the nationaliza-tion of all the trusts, notably the coal, the meat, the oil, the sugar, the farm-ing machinerv trusts, and others of the same kind. In to bring about the national own-ership of the railroads, telegraphs, telephones, and express companies and steamship lines. I to enact a law, granting every wage-worker over 60 years of age, who has earned less than \$1:00 a year and has been a citizen of the United States for sixteen years at least, a pension of not less than \$1:2 a month for the rest of his life. I to bring about the exactment of a national law, by which the gov-timment of the United States shall lend the cities and townships money on bonds issued by sa'd cities and two bonds issued by sa'd cities and two bonds issued by sa'd cities and two bonds issued by sa'd cities and

EVERY COMRADE should have a copy of SOCIALIST POSTER No. 2 folded in his pocket, ready for use in making a convert or confounding an opponent. He should, moreover, keep on hand a small'supply of copies in order to promptly meet the demands of inquirers.



The Beer that Made Milwankes Famons.

The main difference between good beer and bad beer is in the after effect. You notice that pure beer, Schlitz beer, does not make you billious. Pure beer is good for you; had beer is unheaithful. You may be absolutely certain of its healthfulness when you drink Schlitz Beer.



It is the same size as Poster No. L 19326 inches, and GIVES THE VALUE OF PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES ACCORD-ING TO THE U.S. CENSUS, AND SHOWS WHAT THE SHARE OF THE WORKERS IS IN THEIR PRODUCT. These figures are ab-solutely reliable, being prepared by a former statistician employed in the census bureau.

This is the second in a series of SOCIALIST POSTERS prepared by Lucian Sanial, with the utmost care, from the Census of 1900 and other official documents, supplemented by reports of Manufacturers', Mcachants' and Bankers' Associations, Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trade, Com-mercial and Financial organs, and other recognized, capitalistic mouth pieces. pieces. 120

EVERY SOCIALIST ORGANIZATION should have it framed (or pasted on wood or card board), for display on the walls of its meeting tooms or at its open air meetingan;

PRICE POSTPAID:

For Sale at the Office of the Social-Democratic Herald.

PRICE: Five Cents : Copy; special rates for quantities of not less than ap

Address all orders to the

Social-Democratic Herald.

344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.



Honest Answers to **Honest Questions** By ALLAN L. BENSON Author of Socialism Made Plain, Confessions of Capitalism, New Zealand's Answer to Pes-simism, etc.

handy, pleasing little pamphlet to nd your neighbor or the fellow who ly needs to be shown.

Five ceats the copy. Twentyfive for \$1. one huadred copies for \$2.75.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

SUFFERERS From VARICOGELE stastic: : toration to a sound und healthy con-us is the result of my method of ting this common and when seglected, dangerous disease. My treatment, or the curve that unertingly billow It, surprise or MY GUABANTER ty Treatment, or the unive Gat sumerically allow R, arrpine of Reboth addinate and hydelana. If you aro oking for the treat seat that has cured in thousands of seat, and will in yours, consult me and refer my personal attention.

Poster No. 1, shows the compara-tive strength in Numbers and in wealth of three great classes in this country into which capitalism has di-vided the people. Other posters to follow. Prices the same in all cases.



It is a guarantee that the cigars are not made by the Trust.



Single copies 10c, by mail 15c; 50 copies \$5.00; 100 copies \$0.00; Cloth 50c. For prices on larger quantities write us.

Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis

Sam'l. Smiles Ethics vs. Socialist Ethics.

SOME OF THE EXAMPLES HELD UP TO OUR YOUTH AND WHY THEY ARE VICIOUS .- A SUNDAY SCHOOL STORY.

By Agnes Halpin Downing. Good people with the best intentions sometimes avoid Socialism. They have been told that it is materialistic and they are afraid it would lack in moral tone. But for a glimpse at Socialist ethics let us make a comparison.

There is a story-for boys in a Sunday school paper The Boys World of July 21, 1906. It is entitled "The House that Jack Built." The story is that of a poor Ger-man emigrant boy of fifteen who went out to find work with a truck gardener near Chicago. On Lis first application he was assaulted with coarse, heartless words from the gardener's wife. She set him work without food, though he told her that he had not eaten since noon the day before. Both the farmer and his wife treated the boy roughly and made him work long for his board alone. For food they gave him black bread, water and a piece of Chicago

sausage. At the end of the first week the child found a new master, where he got a little wages as well as his board.

Now a Socialist would-never have gone by that passage without moralizing. He would have deplored a system of human society that could produce such hardhearted wretches as were this farmer pair. A Socialist would have taught that conditions shape peo-ples' ideas and cthics, and that when any are found that are grossly heartless, the conditions are largely to blame. That an infinite God, a Maker of all men made none

perverse. Then a Socialist would have deplored the fact that any poor child had to subsist on such food, and insisted that plenty of



THE VANGUARD PAMPHLETS

By Frederick Engels. This is one of the classics of So-cial-Democratic literature and useful for propaganda.

By Winfield R. Gaylord. Here you have in small com-pass just the historical facts you need to post up on the development of the modern municipalities and to ex-plain some of its manifestations.

By Clayton J. Lamb. This pamphlet has already stood the test as a fine propaganda work among farmers. It is written by a farmer.

By Ira B. Cross. A survey of the curse of child labor as it exists in the country to-day. Yull of verified facts

By the Rev. A. M. Stirton. A former Prohibitionist shows why prohibition will not prohibit. Some stagger-ing arguments are advanced.

Socialism, Utopian and Scientific.

Letters to an American Farmer.

Child Labor in the United States.

Socialism and Prohibition.

Socialism and the City.

on the subject.

nutritious food was needed to make one healthy and strong. Now at the new place the boy had to work eighteen hours every day except Sunday. This again according to Socialist morals is an outrage. A himself. boy at that age should have long

hours of sleep and rest. Sunday afternoon this Jack, who was a marvel in his way, for according to the story he was alive and thriving on such food and keep used to study English and arith Just think of what an outmetic. a better system: that in a just syslook on life a boy could get from study on Sunday afternoon only who would help others in every I mean a real live boy now, not one way that they could, and be great in a story. Why to give to our and just as an Infinite God would growing children the benefits of the have them. accumulated wisdom of the ages is school men and women-professors, teachers of pedagogy, etc. They will tell you that regular systematic training is necessary. They give regular school, high school, and college courses to their own children, and so does every ninister, Sunday School teacher minister, Sunday School teacher and writer, and churchman in the We must infer of course that he world whenever they can. It needs not be said that the best among them make all sorts of personal sacrifices to keep their own children well fed, comfortably clothed career. and housed and in school until they have finished college courses. They advise their friends to do the same and this eighteen hours a day for six days in the week on bread and

Socialistic Miscellany. water diet with an afternoon study on Sunday would only be thought of for poor emigrant boys. Those little hands, so soft and A school teacher procured for

Jack a book on botony and several important works on gardening. Just Somewhere on life's steep hill-Will toil throughout the daytime, what use they would be to a real Within some master's mill. boy who had so little time, you may learn by asking any teacher of That pretty face will quickly

botony what progress boys of Jack's change, age make even when they have all their time for study. But the That pleading voice may not be writer of the tale leaves you to inheard fer that Jack got the very kernel When I am far away. of what there was in these tomes, Those pretty fingers may be lost, for he says that by the time the youth was nineteen years old he Machines will never wait; deners), just a few and better potatoes; just so many more and finer developed onions," and then the story says "Jack kept such secrets

was known throughout the whole farm region. "He got just a few more and richer peas out of the soil than they (the other truck garcaressed A parent's smiling face,

In death's remorseless place.

Cleveland Citizen: After the reat success of Upton Sinclair in The Jungle," dealing with Packngtown it was only a question of time, as the greatest tyro, the veriest amateur could have predicted. before other lines of human endeavor would have some attention paid to them. The New York World has commenced a crusade against the Havemeyer refineries, and as the boys at the refineries would declare "It's pretty hot stuff." The World declares that the sugar trust slavery of its men is worse than that of "The Jungle," that the system of the sweltering refineries makes labor too ignorant to get other employment, too under-

as he had to himself." Think of In effect it discourses thus: "No the ethical nature of a young man matter what youn conditions in life, who learned how to procure more if you work and save, look out for day School paper that holds this venge."

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

boy up as a model for youth to imitate! To get more vegetables for make much until he could keep from the soil is to make fresh vegethelp. Then when he had the sweat tables cheaper and that means to of other men's brows, he came to put them within reach of more peo- drive his own horses. He bought ple. Yet this youth is commended land that by the unearned increment talists to become philantropists, in a quiet way for withholding such became much more valuable, and and employers to purchase a temknowledge, for guarding it as a the climax was that he built a knowledge, for guarding it as a the climax was that he built a porary truce, by introducing in-secret that it might make profit for house of brick and stone worth dustrial betterment. The party of That was "The House \$60,000. A Socialist would have taught that Jack Built."

surroundings and the unjust con- thanked God for favoring him. ditions under which he labored; Think of the egotism of a man who and that it was the duty of every had wrought so selfishly believing right minded person to work for that a great just God would bless

him more than other men. He is tem noble characters would develop not portrayed as walking the path of self-denial and devotion to humanity that Christ walked. His was rather the decorous religion and want, and the factory doors

Not so with the writer in the church on Sundays that his piety the problem of a whole army of Sunday School Magazine. He might be seen of men and he goes on to tell that as soon as Jack worked for himself the rest of the had saved up money enough to go in business for himself, he secured a get even with them, and the knowlease of the farm on which he first ledge he obtained from books other worked. Whereupon he said to his men wrote, he discreetly kept to

first employer-the callous old himself. farmer: "You and your wife can This This is a sample of the moral teaching Sunday Schools give. Is it strange then that Socialism, nursed resentment and vengeance though not in any sense a spiritual in his heart for these years of his force, yet comes as the old cry of young life. And the story takes a new world conscience calling the spindles for wages ranging at this as a triumphant point in his aloud to old forms, "Be born anew from 10 to 20 cents, will seem as and worthy of a larger heritage?"

make that pretty crystal lump of

sweetness which you drop into your

morning cup of coffee. It looks so

clean and seems so pure and white

that never a suspicion arises in the

and the horrible conditions under

which it is produced. What really

goes to make this little white

"One ounce of sugar cane,

"One quart of human sweat,

"One half-starved family,

"Twelve hours' of slave driven

"One corrupted United States

"One hundred, per cent trust

Rooseveltian Liberty.

We are told in the Declaration of independence that "all men are en-dowed by their Creator with certain

life, liberty and the pursuit of hap-

Cortel ou, who was such a success-

ful financier in soliciting funds

insurance companies, for the G. O.

of petition are denied to govern-

ment slives. The mail carriers liv-

ing under that glorious document

the Declaration of Independence

and protected by our constitution,

must not make any appeal to Con-

his condition. Glorious America!

known as the Buzzard .- Miners'

A Powerful Minority!

from the "frenzied financiers"

but Postmaster General

of

"One dash of dirt,

senate and

profit."

labor,

"One pound of flesh,

lump is:

piness."

Magazine.

world, puts John Burns into the cabinet, and makes King Edward say "We are all Socialists now.' food from the ground than others yourself and help no man, you can In the United States? Senator and kept the knowledge to himself! triumph over your enemies. You Hauna, just before his death, de-And think of the morals of the Sun- can succeed and take your re- clared the future to lie between Socialism and the republican party. If the democratic party wins for a while it will be by stealing the Socialistic thunder.

In a wholly different line of advance, Socialism is compelling capievolution is the party of revolution, and evolutionary revolution rules that this was a serious fault in Jack : The writer extols him as a pious the world to-day. — American Re-that it was the result of his hard man. Says that he kuelt down and view of Reviews.

2,000,000 Children Under 15 Years at Work.

The factory wants the child There is little to suggest the magic piper in its whistle, yet the sum mons brings the children scurrying down the broken stairs of poverty of the Sanhedrim. He went to close upon them by tens of thousands, leaving their childhood outside. The factory wants the child and will pay for him. The child, and often his parents, can see no value in a birthright as balanced against a little handful of silver Only the State and the disinterested public are left to care and protest. Perhaps the present attitude of

tempered humanity, which still allows children of thirteen to work at night, and keeps boys and girls of nine from ten to fourteen hours at from 10 to 20 cents, will seem as incomprehensible too years hence as that past feeding of "workhouse brats" to the factories does to us. But the new measure of what is humane cannot become established unless we know clearly what is happening, and how and where the children are at work. Knowing, we must care. Ruskin said: "Luxury at present can only be enjoyed by the ignorant. The cruelest man livminds of the taints mixed therein ing could not sit at his feast unless he sat blindfolded."

Picture an army of 1,700,000 children, all under fifteen, and then realize that that army tramps, day after day, not to school and play-ground, but to the factories, fields and mines and workshops of the Inited States. One million seven hundred thousand was the number of child laborers estimated when the census of 1900 was taken. Only the God of fallen sparrows knows what it is by this time. In the twenty years preceding 1000 the number of boys in the manufac-turing and mechanical pursuitsboys between ten and fifteen-had increased 100 per cent.; the number

of girls 150 per cent. But only a 50 per cent. increase had been adddowed by their Creator with certain ed to the population. To-day, in inalienable rights, among which are spite of all the child labor agitation of the last few years, it is estimated that 40,000 children under sixteen are at work in Pennsylvania alone, and that the Southern mills are said to employ 20,000 children not yet twelve. — Success.

How Easy They Do It!

P., has openly declared to postal employer that free speech and right The mines of Cananca, Mexico. that are under the supervision of Colonel (?) Greene, are now surrounded by 1,000 Mexicans rurales armed to the teeth to prevent the slightest rebellion among the peons. gress for anything that may better who are forced through necessity to work in Greene's mines at wages Let us hug the eagle until it that even starves the spirit and in screams like that rapacious bird dependence of manhood. The government of Mexico has loaned itself to Greene as an auxilliary to hold the slaves in subjection. But the government in Mexico is not any more dominated by the eco-

Socializing the Water, too!

Sydney, Aug. 12.—Not content private lines will be run out of with its professed objective of a 'Cooperative Commonwealth," on present owners find encouragement land, the Australian Labor Party and amuse sent in the purpose of is seeking a Socialistic experiment the government ships to pay "Auson the high seas. After all, this is tralian wages" to their crews. The perhaps only a logical sequence of private lines are crewed with the he policy of "nationalizing all the cheapest labor in the market. means of production, distribution Again the Australian government and exchange." proposes to waste a lot of room on sailor's accomodations, while the

It has been recommended by the federal royal commission on shipsing-the majority of the members of which were chosen by the Deakin government from its labor allics-that the commonwealth shall acquire and run a line of mail steamers between England and Australia, with Australian crews at Australian wage rates, and that as far as possible all supplies shall be obtained from Australia and all overhauls and repairs effected in Aus-tralian ports. It is further recomnended a nong many other things hat the commonwealth shall take its own insurance risks and shall grant through bills of lading from inland railway stations. All the way through the object of the undertaking is to dispossess private enterprise, and this is admitted, by

those who are pushing it on, with a Norwegian storthing, and we may, expect that the daughter of the frankness which is appalling to the business interests of the Common-wealth. It is confessedly a move king will find that though she may forward in the campaign of the laleave her native land, she cannot leave the comrades of the Indepenor party again capital.

dent Labor Party behind her. At Trondhjem Editor Buehm, a So-The service will begin with eight 12,000-ton mail steamers at \$1,875,-000 each, a total of \$15,000,000. cial-Democrat, has just been elected

Business men who control the Drient, P. and O. and other lines official candidate. May this be a good omen for the future of Norolying between here and Europe are alarmed at the prospect of this unfair competition. If the governway-Labor Leader.

ment does not seek a profit it may The HERALD, ten weeks for be able to put rates so low that the ten cents.

private lines crowd the forecas

to overflowing. There is the foor question too. The class of seamen

employed on the private lines will

eat anything-and do; while the

Australian government proposes to

For these reasons the business

men of Australia are bitterly op-

posed to the new government line,

specially since they claim its oper-

ation is apt, by cutting down the

profits, to work a serious hardship

on many widows and orphans who

are stockholders. On the other hand the Seamen's Union of Aus-

tralia is in favor of the project on

account of the shorter hours, better.

pay, food and accomodations

Socialism has now invaded the

feed its men well.

which it promises.

The Literature of Social-Domocracy Capital

By Kary Marx. This is Marx' monumental work upon which his reputation as a great <u>composition</u> fresh. It is an analysis of capitalist production. We have the Swam-Sonnenschein edition. Cloth, 418 pages. Price \$2,

Communist Manifesto

By Marx and Engels. Every Socialist should possess this historic work, however out of date some few pages of it may be. We have it in cloth, including Lieb-knecht's monograph on "No Compromise," at 50 cents. A paper edition of the "Manifesto" sells for 10 cents.

Condition of the Working Class in Eng-land in 1844

By Frederich Engels. This account of the almost un-believable cruelty of the unfolding free hand of capi-talism in the development of the English factory system in one of the most tragic books ever written. Cloth 298 pages, \$1.25.

Socialism, Utopian and Scientific

By Frederick Engels. This classic of Social-Democ-racy is too well known to need a description. You should have it. Cloth 88 pp., 50 cents. We have also a paper edition at 5 cents.

Economic Foundations of Socialism

By Achille Loria. This is a large book and a very helpful one to the student of economic conditions. You need it in your library. You need it to get a proper ground-work for your Socialism. Cloth, 386 pages, \$1.25.

Revolution and Counter Revolution

By Karl Marx. Selections from the writings of Marx upon the stirring political upheaval in Germany in '48. Cloth, 148 pages, "1.

The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Bonaparte

By Karl Marx. This monograph contains a valuable glimpae of his views on economic and political subjects. Paper, 78 pages. Price 25 cents.

The Social Revolution

By Xarl Kautsky. Kautsky in this book sketches the probable outcome of the change from the capitalist era to the new era of collectivism and gives a construc-tive view of the morrow after the revolution. Cloth, 190 pages, 50 cents.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO. 344 SIXTH STREET, MILWAUKEE.

paid to save, too helpless to or-ganize. Twelve hours is declared the official day's work. The World also declares that when a

man drops unconscious in the

Will only find the time to rest, H. Philadelphia. Much-Raking Sugar Trust.

Those Little Hands.

white-





In Clubs of Three, \$1.25

H. W. BISTORIUS, Business Manager,

344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

BUNDLE RATES.

Weekly Bundles.

Receipts of Remittances for Subscriptions are acknowledged by the number on the wrapper. Separate receipts are never sent.

Social Democratic Berald Gems for the Socialist Scrap-Book. Social - Democratic Herald -- Business Dep't. Address all communications, money orders, etc., to the LXVII. FROM CHANTS OF DEMOCRACY-Walt, Whitman, Published every Saturday by the MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO.

Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co. Board of Directors - E. H. Thomas, Victor L. Berger, J. Rummel, Emil Seidel, C. P. Dietz Fred, Brockhausen, St., Wm. Arnoid, H. W. Bistorius, Chas. V. Schmidt.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wiscon-sin State Federation of Labor. The Herald is not responsible for the opin one of its contributors. Entered at Milwaukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

FREDERIC HEATH, Miltor. CHARTED VICTOR L. BERGE., Associate

FOR OUR NEW READERS:

T HIS COUNTRY is largely made up of working people, both in-dustrial and agricultural, but it is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically a very small fraction, of the population. Being in control, that class runs the government in its own interests and against the interests of the rest of the people who are the overwhelm-

against the interests of the rest of the people who are the overwhelm-ing majority. We Socialist believe that the country should be managed in the interests and for the well-being of those who produce the wealth. That is what government is for in the first place. The means of ex-istence are now privately owned by capitalists who comprise only twelve per cent. of the propulation. By means of this private owner-ship a mere ONE PER CENT of the people OWN OVER HALF OF THE WEALTH OF THE NATION, and the concentration is former on at a cell mell cased.

for the formation of the NATION, and the concentration is The means of production should be owned by the collectivity in order that the fruits of industry should go to the MANY, instead of to the FEW.

Under the present capitalist system, the majority of mankind must sell their labor power to the capitalistic owners of the means of pro-duction and distribution in order to live—and to live very miserably at their to be the second s at that

at that. The people own the post office and everybody is glad of the fact. The people ought to also own all the trusts so that all may enjoy the benefits. They ought to own every industry as soon as it has be-come sufficiently concentrated and organized to permit of such com-mer concentrated and organized to permit of such com-

come sufficiently concentrated and organized to permit of such toal mon ownership. To bring this about, the people, -that is, the workers, not the shirkers-must have possession of the political power. The Social-Dem-orcatic party (known as the Socialist pary in some states, and na-tionally) is organied to bring this about-this and the abolition of capitalism. We insist that the industrious class shall be the weathy class, and the ide class the poor and dependent class-although So-cial Democracy will in time abolish all poverty and eliminate the drones.

drones, The Social-Democratic movement is international, but will doubt-less achieve success in the United Stares first, because the capitalist system is farthest developed here and is preparing the ground for the higher system of society. To show you that your interests lie with us we give herewith the

following:

Program of International Social-Democracy:

- Collective ownership of all industries in the hands of trusts and combines, and of oll public utilities. Democratic management of such collective industries and utilities. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased re-
- munoration, State and national insurance for the workers and honorable rest
- old age. The inau
- age: inguration of public industries to safeguard the workers i lack of employment. on of ALL children up to the age of eighteen years. No against lack Education of

Equal political and civil rights for men and women. IF YOU BELIEVE IN THE ABOVE, VOTE WITH THE SO-

CIAL - DEMOCRATS.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC VOTE IN THE UNITED STATES.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC VOTE OF THE WORLD. 30,000 180 1808

EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

1903

Ours is the country of unlimited capitalism, the country where the capitalist system has had a free field and the greatest possible opportunity for development. It has had the greatest chance to prove its usefulness to mankind—and certainly that should be the test of a social system—and it is now up for judgment. Is it good, or bad? Does it serve the people, or does it harass them, and grind them under foot?

This question is well answered by the government census and other statistics which show that as early as 1800 a mere one per cent of the population had gotten possession of over one-half of the This shows that under the freest working of the capitalist wealth system the lives of the great preponderating majority of the people are failures, in an economic sense.

In almost all other directions the system is found wanting when weighed in the scales of justice and right and decency. Typical of the capitalist system is the modern city. It is in the city that we get a near view of capitalism in its workings. So viewed, how does it minister to the peace and comfort and well being of humanity? Just now a student of statistics named James Edgar Brown has been show-ing Chicago that it is the "worst city on earth." In a city like Chi-cago capitalism as a social system comes to almost full flower. There. were, for instance, thirty-two cases of murder in Germany in the past year, while in the United States there were nearly nine thousand. In Berlin, Germany, there were six murders, in Chicago five hundred and twelve. In Germany graft is scarcely known; in this country, and in cities like Chicago it is an every day diet. Presumably, when capitalism is as far advanced in Germany as here there will be the same evidence of its most *benign* effects. As in crime so in other things. Capitalism is a veritable Pandora box of ills. In time the capitalist system will have to meet the fate of the unfit Already the social unrest is widespread. The people begin to see that under the capitalist system there can be only prosperity for the few. At first we were too proud to admit this; it hurt our Yan-kee Doodle Dandy conceit, but now we are facing the music. And the Socialists are making the revolution-the peaceful revolution, let us hope-by showing the people their exact situation and the cause of it, and pointing to the way out. The capitalist system is being fought the world over. In every civilized country there is a growing Social-Democratic movement bent on shielding the people from the rigors of capitalism while massing them for its overthrow at the ballot box. But in this country where capitalism has attained to its greatest growth, there is all the more reason for such a movement, and so it is no wonder that it is gathering strength for the great struggle for human right and liberty which is just ahead of us.

O I see now, flashing, that this America is only you and me,

Its power, weapons, testimony, are you and me, Its roughs, beards, haughtiness, ruggedness, are you and me.

- Its anaple geography, the sierras, the prairies, Mis-sicsippi, Huron, Colorado, Boston, Toronto, Raleigh, Nashville, Havana, are you and me,
- settlements, wars, the organic compact, peace, Washington, the Federal Constitution, are you and me.
- Its young men's manners, speech, dress, friendships, are you and me,
- Its crimes, lies, thefts, defections, slavery, are you and me,
- Its Congress is you and me-the officers, capitols, armies, ships, are you and me, Its endless gestations of new States are you and
- me. Its inventions, science, schools, are you and me,
- Its deserts, forests, clearings, log-houses, hunters, are you and me,

Half Hours in the Herald Sanctum.

Boston.

order named, to my mind:

are urged to to elect a couple of congressmen, write as briefly as possible all the more important for Socialists and on one who are so much weaker, side of the The following are the most paper only.

Should Concentrate Our Work. To Editor: Am very sorry to Colorado.

have written so late, as I should 3. Comrade Sirwan's district in but I hope this month or two ago, So. Dakota, but I hope this is not too late to benefit. N. Jersey.

In present state and congressional campaigns, the chief need of votes in a congressional district, perish. the party, is concentrated effort. and 17,500-18,500 elect, we should the party, is concentrated crown and 17,500 to 500 cert we should The call for day wage-funds from the Socialist national committee was very timely, but if lecturers, organizers and literature are scat-a large vote there in 1004. tered promiscuously over the country no special good can be done.

The value of a Socialist congressman can not be too highly empha- lators, and state ticket in Colorado sized, as he can recommend measures for the benefit of the working be helpless without them. class, which the Republican and Democratic congressmen as repre-sentatives of the capitalist class and interests dare not advocate, its

which will put on record the capitalist congressmen as enemies of class-consciousness, and insuring a press is tending to educate the peo-

1908.

on Hilquit and that everything points to the latter's success. National speakers will be sent to help -if there are any left over from the Colorado affair !

The S. L. P. sections round the IN YANKEE LAND country-the few of them that still The fight for the legislature at exist-are passing resolutions con-Memphis, Tenn., will be between demning their membership in Colo-the Social-Democrats and the Dem- rado for endorsing the candidacy ocrats. The epublic uns decided not for governor of W. D. Haywood on the Socialist ticket.

The mine-owners at Globe, That stating action with the last congress, three years are, the last congress, three years are, the last congress, three years are, the Swedish unions numbered 39.

Natural and artificial are you and me,

Freedom, language, poems, employments, are you Telephone Grand 2394. and me. TERMS OF SUBSCRIFTION.—One year, 50 cents. Clubs of three, \$1.25, Six months, 25 cents. No papers sent to any one unless paid in advance, except in Milwaukee where the price is 75 cents a year when sent on credit. If, without hav-ing subscribed, you receive it, then it has been subscribed and paid for by a friend. Foreign subscriptions, \$1.00.

Failures, successes, births, deaths, are you and me, Past, present, future, are only you and me.

I swear I dare not shirk any part of myself,

- Not any part of America, good or bad, Not my body-not friendship, hospitality, procreation,
- Not n'y Soul, nor the last explanation or prudence, Not the similitude that interlocks me with all-identities that exist, or ever have existed,
- Not faith, sin, defiance, nor any disposition or duty of myself,
- Not the promulgation of Libersy-not to cheer up
- Veckly Bundles. Five copies, 3 months, to one address. Five copies, one year, to one address. Five copies, one year, to one address. Ten copies, one year, to one address. Twenty-five copies, one year, to one address. Wifty copies, one year, to one address. Wifty copies, one year, to one address. Wifty copies, one year, to one address. We reserve the right to terminate any advertising contract without notice. slaves and horrify despots, Not to build for that which builds for manklad, Not to balance ranks, complexions, creeds, and the
- sexes,

Not to justify science, nor the march of equality, Nor to feed the arrogant blood of the brawn beloved of time.

States expend millions of dollars to get decent mail service and get Correspondents them. It may not be too late yet service that is a disgrace to any to elect a couple of congressmen, civilized nation. A complete over-which is so urgent, since, as the throw of the Republican party seems to be the only remedy. It has become so brutal and arrogant satisfied with robbing the people financially it would deprive them of the last remnant of Liberty, that of promising congressional districts in speech and press. Conspirators and traitors have seized upon the 1. The two Milwaukee districts, 2. Guy E. Miller's district in government and are violating every principle of justice and good gov-ernment, not only in Idaho and Colorado, but in every state in the 4. Comrade Sinclair's district in union. The people must crush this 5. As there are 35,000-36,000 capitalistic cabel or the nation J. B. Mc Nair. Party in various towns and cities

Sheridan, Wyo.

Within the Party. Says the current issue of the

of the Western Federation of Miners: "It is now apparant to us that Industrial Workers of the World,

tenance to prolong the life of an invalid that is almost a corpse. The convention at Chicago must either sanity upon the part of the S. L. The

tend the same courtesy to his letearlier in the year, look over the and political iniquity as there has ter of acceptance as we did in pubmost promising congressional dis-tricts and concentrate efforts on tion. The people of the Unived We desire to inform the candidate

of the Socialist Labor Party of tion \$27.00 and some \$10 in subs. Pennsylvania, that Gildea asked no taken. Looks as if Mullan would favors or courtesies from the Min- give Social sts majority-the capiers' Magazine. We recognized in talist parties as yet have not dared Gildea's letter of acceptance, a clear to send a speaker in the district, cut document, whose logic appealed knowing how wrought up the peoto the reason and the common sense ple are over the Moyer-Haywood of the working clas . Gildea's let- outrage, of the working clas. Gildea's let-ter of acceptance contained none of that bitterness and jealous hate, that divides the workers and makes them easy prey for capitalist ex-ploiters. . The letter of accept-ance offered by McComnell is a libel work the reserved of such mon as D'Alane that it approaches despotism. Not ter of acceptance contained none of upon the records of such men'as D'Alene, Gildea, Maurer and Moore, and the Magazine will not be made a sewer, through which McConnell or any other member or candidate of the Socialist Labor Party shall be enabled to run off calumny and vituperation. This Socialist Labor

throughout the country has hurled its vindictiveness against Haywood, because he accepted a nomination from the Socialist party. . . . If the Industrial Workers of the World is Miners' Magazine, official journal to be used to keep the Socialist Labor Party afloat, then the sooner both sink into oblivion, the betlions of this country."

endorsement of the I. W. W.

tactics that have made a farce GLEANINGS FROM BUSY FIELDS of that once promising party the honorable thing to do is to join DeLeon. There is no rope on hem.'

Montana and Idaho.

Nat'l. Organizer Goebel had ACROSS THE POND The Swedish Trade Union Congress was held recently at Stocktion and much literature got into holm with 475 delegates present. The their hands, central bodies of the trade unions At Mullan

five meetings (open air) at Mis-soula, Mont. Big crowd, that "there, at any fire, with of Buttores or Real Estate any stayed right through, good collec-

THE LAND MAN. 418 Kansas Av

At Mullan, Idaho, had two very effective open air meetings. Collec- TOPEKA, . . . KANSAS.

A Child Wage Slave. The above is little Peter Swambery, a wage-earner at twelve, with an empty sleeve at sixteen, a "little industrial soldier with no pension from the government, nor one cent of recompense from the rich corporation into whose coffers his right arm was coned." When that arm was torn off by the unboxed machincry in the breaker, he was rended in a hospital free of charge -what more could he ask? Well, at all events he is now receiving the schooling that could never be his if

he were able to work.

I CAN SELL

Your Real Estate or Business

NO MATTER WHERE LOCATED Properties and Disfress of all kinds a guidaly for cash in el parts of the Unit States. Don't wait. Write to-day descr ing what you have to sell and give cash pr on same.



Says Max Hayes in the Cleveland Citisen: "A' while ago, down in New Orleans, a little bunch of deleonites disguised as Socialist party members started to clamor for Not enough locals approved of the idea to send the question to the referendum. Now the same noisy bunch has resoluted that the S. L. P. elect 25 members to meet with a similar

committee of the repudiated and impossible S. L. P. for the purpose of bringing about "unity," which would probably hist a week or two. which The trouble with the New Orleans impossibilists, who appear to be marshaled by an illiterate mudslinger by the name of A. L. Sigith, who is rattling around as a national committeeman, is that they are suffering with the heat. If they are in love with the S. L. P. and the



S. L. P ism has hooked itself to the ter it will be for the laboring milin order that it might gather sus-

It would especially be not amiss to concentrate attention on election of most of the congressmen, legissince Haywood as governor would Harold A. Westall. The Nation in Danger! To the Editor: The nefarious

methods employed by the present get rid of the fanatics and disruptthe working class, thus solidifying Republican political aministration ers or the I. W. W. is slated for the working class by increasing its to suppress free speech and a free destruction. If fanaticism and ingain in Socialist congressmen in ple to the infamy of the present P. are proofs of being "Class Conpolitical system faster than almost scious" then we must plead guilty A comparison is noteworthy here, any other means. It is almost im- of not being "Class Crazy," When Socialists win in any single possible in some sections of the Magazine will not be made a

state or city election, the capitalist country to get a regiorm or Socialist sewer to carry off the filth of calpapers in other states or cities can paper or magazine of any kind unmiators, who glory in the use of easily ignore mention of them, but through the Unifed States mail. vituperation and slander." papers in other states of them, but easily ignore mention of them, but this is not so easy with the eyes of the meanle focuerd on congress. The mail service has become a scandal as well as a public nuisance of the people. In the the people is the people

It is deeply regretable that the national Socialist committee, entire history of our nation there though it funds are limited, did not, has not been so much inefficiency tend the same courtesy to his let-

ten cents.

A NEW SWEDISH PAPER.

ican Federation of Labor was held other ways, it was reported that would not preach the same com-this week. The financial report for the twenty-five international unions munism that he did nineteen hunthis week. The financial report for the twenty-five international unions the eleven months of the federa- contributed \$146,225 direct to the

to be \$102,800, the balance on hand Oct. 1st, 1005, \$114,265, making a total of \$307,156. The expendi-tures for the eleven months were \$200,722 legving the balance on hand tures for the eleven months were \$200,722 legving the balance on the eleven months were total of \$307,156. The expendi-tures for the eleven months were total of \$307,156. The expendi-tures for the eleven months were r the eleven months were with an the improvement in tail-gressman disobeyed his constitu-roading the railroad fare between ents, who demanded that he raise pt. 1, of \$100,423. By as-\$51,738 has been raised d over to the International years? On the old roads it hasn't Russia, and if possible secure the \$206.732, leaving the balance on hand Sept. 1, of \$100,423. By assesment and paid over to the International Typographical union to assist in its eight-hour fight. Secretary Mor-rison's report showed that in 1906 charters were issued to six international unions; four state branches; forty-nine central bodies and 229 federation labor unions and local trade unions, an increase of twenty chartered bodies over 1905. It was announced that the labor fepresentation 'committee will re-port later as to the federation's

sheriff marching at the head. The campaign, was the largest-ever most they could scare up was 54 held and several giant overdow marchers, and the town is still meetings has to be arranged. Van laughing over the fiasco.

to put up a ticket!

1111 2116

"a release from an insane asylum." claim he should not put his paper vert microbe.

in evidence. The Republicans of Cleveland, O., selected a man named Eichelberger, who had been pushing an Creek. injunction against the Printers' traggle for a shorter work-day, to

draw up the Labor plank in its platform. The Socialists are exposing his anti-Labor record. The Socialists of New Mexico

have nominated comrade W. P. Metcalf for congress. Comrade Metcalf recently debated with a Congressional- minister and made the claim that were he alive to-day Jesus would advocate Socialism. He

The regular quarterly meeting of campaign program. Besides the said this in answer to the claim of amount contributed by unions in the minister that if alive now Jesus

dred years ago. There is a possibility that a Sors. Isn't it a remarkable fact that Isn't it a remarkable fact that gressman disobeyed his constitu-

been reduced a penny.—The Public. The HERALD, ten weeks for slaughter. Two years ago Comrade Joseph Barondess, leaser of the cloakmakers, ran in the district on the Socialist ticket, and was de-

The editor of the Referendum of ganization of Labor crushers, urges

Faribault, Minn., with scintillations all capitalists to vote either the Reraribault, Minn., with scintillations an capitalists to vote either the Re-in New Orleans, denies that he is publican or the Democratic fickets. "a release from an insane asylum." Prob. bly he is afraid more capi-If he wishes to make good on that talists would catch the Socialist con-

Dates for National Organizers. MAY BEALS: Oct. 1, 2, Soddy Tenn.; 3, 4, Harriman; 5, 6, Coal GEORGE E. BIGELOW: Iowa. B. BERLYN: Colorado. E. E. CARR: Oct. I. Decatur, 111 ; 4, Taylordille ; 3, Springfield ; 4, Jacksonville ; 5, 6, Iowa. JOSEPH M. CALDWELL: Oct. 1, Nortonville, Ky; 2, Dovey; 3, Elizabethtown; 4, Newport; 5, Cincinnati; Ohio; 6, Columbus. IOHN COLLINS: New York. ISAAC COWEN: Montana. SOL FIELFMAN: New York. J. L. FITTS: West Virginia. GEORGE H. GOEBEL: Idaho Headquarters at_Wallace.

ALEX. HALONEN, (Finnish): Oct. 2, Pittsburg, Pa.; 3, Glass-port; 4, Monessen; 6, Fitchburg. GERTRUDE B. HUNT: Oct. Munice, Ind 4 4. Richmond; Connorsville; 6. Rushville. W. A. JACOBS: Sept. 30, Oct. 1-6, Indian polis, Ind. CAMEKON KING, JR.: Oct. 1-4, Nevada; 5, Salt Lake City, Utah; 6, Idaho. LENA MORROW LEWIS: Oct. 1-3. Wyom ARTHUR MORROW LEWIS:

570 members; now the organiza-as have grown to a membership of 108,000. The sum of 1,110,000 kroner was expended for strike benefits and aid to boycotted union men during the last three years.

of Finland, Denmark, and Nor-

why were also represented by fra-

版印

The report on strikes and lockouts in Holland just issued by the Dutch central statistical bureau, shows that disputes, though more frequent, were on the whole far less extensive in 1905 than in 1904. Thus against 132 diputes recorded in 1905 there were only 102 in the previous year, but the number of workpeople directly affected was only 7.364 in 1905, as compared with 11.186 in 1904, while the ag-gregate number of working days lost by such people was only 78,562 last year, against 576,866 in 1904. Consul E. L. Harris, of Chemnitz, figures that during the first three months of 1906 there were 536 strikes in the German empire. About 400 factories shut down, quite a number being lockouts. The workmen affected numbered about 00,000. Something like 400 strikes and lockouts were amicably settled, while the others were waged until while the others were waged until the workmen were compelled to re-turn to work. The number of strikes during 1005 throughout Germany was 2,406. Nearly all were settled before the end of the year. Nearly 15,000 factories were affected, while more than 400,000 workmen were narrially or com workmen were partially or completely thrown out of employment, pletely thrown out of employment, including 67,000 minors of both sexes. Fisty per cent. of the strikess were brought to a close by mutual agreement. Only 528 were a com-plete success on the part of the strikers, all others being only a par-tial success or complete failure. M. W. WILKINS: New Hamp

JOHN M. WORK: Colorado. J. Makies Barnes, Nat. Sec'y.



saturday, September 29, 1906

The Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS: 318 State Street, Telephone Grand 1742.

The Regular Meetings of the Council are held on at and Third Wednesdays, at 8 O'clock, at Freie meinde Hall, Fourth Street, betw. State and Cedar. OFFICERS:

TATE OF WISCONSIN - MILWAUKER

s 6th day of September, 1908.

WIDULE & MENSING. Attorneys of Estate.

M. L. BLODGETT

NSURANCE

727 27th STREET.

KONRAD &

BAUMANN

MEN'S and LADIES'

Union Stamp Shoes

3215 Lisbon Ave.

FOR MUSIC

GUST. SCHMIDT,

Wines, Liquors & Fine Cigars

1629 Vilet Street, cor. 17th Street.

arters 15th Ward Granob

Phone West 361.

th 788

COUNTY COURT-IN PROBATE.

IN REICHERT, 116 State St. IEDERIC HEATH. 244 Sixth St. ENEY HOPPE, 2418 Chambers St. ILLIS E. ACKER, CH Eeed St. WEISSENVLUH, 1377 Louis Ave.

ss Agent, FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State Street.

EXECUTIVE BOARD-W. S. Fischer, 197 Eighth St., Secretary: Edw. Besenberg, J. J. Hand-ley, Ed. Berner, James Sheehan, Emil Brodde, Thos. Feeler. Meets half hour previous to sessions of Council. -----

ORGANIZATION and CREDENTIALS; Wm. Schwab, F. E. Neu ng, John J. Handley, Frank LEGISLATION and LAWS: F. J. Weber, Jas. Sheehan, Edm. Berner, Wm. Hamann. Jas

Hendrickson. GRIEVANCE and ARBITRATION: Wm. Coleman, Henry Zastrow, Chas. Dippel, Chas. Jeske SANITARY CONDITIONS: Frederic Heath, Henry Taves, Frank Meister. NOMINATIONS: Wm. Griebling, Fred'k Wilson, Jacob Cambier, Robt Hahn, Chas. Witt.

LABEL SECTION: Meets is and and Monday sverings 115'S State Street. H. Bock, care of St. Charles Hotel Barber Shop. Secretary: Frunk Meister, Chairman. BUILDING TRADES SECTION: Meets ind and the "hursday at 318 State St. Fred'k Heisse Secretary, HS State Street. Wm. Griebling, Chairman.

ALWAYS DEMAND THE UNION LABEL!

Union Barber Shops see the this card is played before getting shaved

ADAMS SHAVING PARLOR **608 Chestnut Street**,

AL. F. DREESSEN. SHAVING PARLOR HOT AND COLD BATHS

Allwaukae, in said courty at the rr, dar rm thereof appointed to be held on the first usaday of Junc, 100, and all creditors are ereby notified thereof. If 15 FURTHER ORDERED. That notice the time and place at which said claims and ormands will be examined and adjusted as foresaid, and of the time above limited for id creditors to present their claims and de-and, be given by publishing a copy of this fore and notice, for four consecutive weeks, nee in each week, in the "Social-Democratic aradd." a newspacer published in the County f Milwaukee, the first publication to be with-afficen days from the date herrof. Deisd this 6th day of September, 1004. The Model Unic- Shop !

1002 KINNIC, AVE. COR. LINCOLN AVE.

ADAM FREY, 1330 GHERRY STREET. FRED. GROSSE.

577 East Water StShaving Parlor.... Fine Line of Union Cigars.

J. N. GAUER, E65 Kinnickinnic Avenue

opposite South Bay St. LAWRENCE HAUTZ

SHAVING PARLOR Removed from 487% Baseell Avenue.

FOR & FIRST CLASS MAIR CUT OR SMAVE GO TO

"THE BARBER SHOP" SIS GENTER STREET. P. M. LUTZENBERGER, Propr

EDW. KIESKE, PHIL. C. KAMMERER.

454 Reed St., corner Scott. H. C. MUNDT,

SHAVING PARLOR = IGS Lloyd Street

MAROHN CHAS. SHAVING PARLOR

487) RUSSELL AVE. CLEAN SERVICE GEO. P. PRUESSING

ING PARLOR First Class Bervi S11 Third St. H. SCHIRER, EARBER SHOP, FINE LINE OF

Judge Quarles granted the Allis people an injunction against the striking Molders the past week, but only after both sides to the application had been heard. The Allis people had some fifty odd affidavits to show that the strikers were turn-ing Milwaukee into a blood-thirsty frontier town, while the strikers came in with over three hunared affidavits of citizens and store keepers in the vicinity of the company's plants who held that the strikers were well behaved and law abiding.

The star feature of the liearing was the appearance of Supreme Court Justice Timlin-the same labor-loving Timlin that some workingmen were led to vote for at the last election-on the side of the Allis company, and the spectacle he made of his class hatred toward

the Matter of the Estate of PETER doubts his absolute right to have ing. REBOLD, Deceard. LETTERS testamentary on the Extate of TTER HERBOLD, late of the city of Mil-sakee. In said County of Milwaukee. de-aced, having been duly granted to PETER HERBOLD by this Court: TIS ORDERED. That he time from the date reof until and including the first Tuesday of PFI A. D. 1907, be and the same is hereby the said PETER HERBOLD, deceased, all PETER HERBOLD, deceased, all PETER HERBOLD, deceased his feelings toward the common herd, but when one reflects that he is a supreme court justice-elect, it

allowance. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED. That all claims and demands of all persons against the mid PETER HERBOLD, deceased, be ex-amined and adjusted before this Court, all its Court Room in the Court. House. In the c¹/₂ of Mirwaukee. In said County, at the c²/₂ of Mirwaukee. In said County at the c²/₂ of Mirwaukee. In said County, at th dress goods? Clearly Labor got body else claim to be, report them a gold brick when it voted for him to Herman W. Bistorius. Phone in the hope that there would be at Grand 2394, 344 Sixth street. least one impartial man on the highest bench in the state so far as Labor matters went! Timlin told the judge of the poor widow guarding her sons from the naughty strikers and wept-we are informed

MILWAUKEE UNIONISTS. By the Court, PAUL D. CARPENTER, County Judge EVERT VOTH, Undertaker Open Day and Night - 425 Grove St.



the many men killed in their shops or for the families of men maimed or with arms torn out by the roots by defective machinery which they maintain!

Apply to FRED. BROCK. HAUSEN, Leader Social-Democratic Band & Oreh-estra, 507 Sixth Ave., Mil-waukee, Wia, Members of Milwsukee Musicians Union. The injunction will mean noth- Don't miss this show. ng. It cannot curtail the rights of citizens or the democracy of the strikers, and it can not make them any more law-abiding than before.

General Labor Notes. A story comes from New York State that the employers' associa-

tions will uniform their strike-An Anti-Child Slavery League has been formed in New York and a



ference board, have arranged for Turner hall, Saturday evening, Oct. 13. . Tickets are 25c, at

orders for coal, wood, or coke in is certainly a peculiar fact that he the interest of the Social-Demo-would allow himself to show his cratic movement? Remember we bless you, no! The ministry can re feeling toward Labor at this time, have only three authorized solici- main the tightest kind of a closed Will he become the impartial judge tors, COMRADES F. Koll, J. Hull, shop. cace he dons the supreme court and J. C. Kraemer. Should any-

tisers?



Miss Maude Fealy, who comes to the Davidson theater Sunday night in "The Illusion of Beatrice," Martha Merton's new comedy, is crowning a career of stage success that falls to but few. The play is full of both dramatic and comic situations and has proven decidedly popular. A Wednesday matinee. Robert Loraine, who will make his first appearance in Milwaukee as a star, as John Tanner in Bern-ard Shaw's "Man and Superman,"

beginning his engrigement at the Davidson theater next Thursday evening became a star in England before he was twenty-two years old. When "Man and Superman" was brought out in London there were numerous aplicants for the Chairman American rights. Being a personal Milwaukee. friend of the author, Mr. Loraine was' the successful applicant.

ALHAMBRA.

Two years ago "York State Folks" the prettiest of all the rural that he actually squeezed tears out plays came to the Afhambra Theater of his Mandarin-like eyes-and and broke all boxe office of his Mandarin-like eyes-and and broke all boxe office Rezk; some of the manufacturers also records. It will be there Cener. looked the picture of disinterested again next week. Added insympathy for the hypothetical terest is taken in the present en-widow, until the attorney on the gagement from the fact that this other side asked why they did not is the farewell engagement in this shed a few tears for the widows of city prior to its tour of England. James Lackaye is still playing his original role of the hard h, tred old village Boss, and Ray L. Boyce wil also be seen in his creation of gan. the part of the lovable old organist.

BIJOU THEATER.

Commencing tomorrow afternoon the patrons of the Bijou all

tunity to pass judgement upon Mr. Blaney's latest melodramatic effort. "Young Buffalo, King of the Wild West." "Young Buffalo" is an unusually interesting and won-Third Act scene, showing Young Lake.

The nominees assembled







Our advertisers are helping the cause; why not help our adver-

Roasts the Rev. Enoch.

Manitowooc Tribune: In his ser-mon on "The Closed Shop" on Sun-

day, the Rev. Enoch Perry, of Mil-

waukee expressed great indigna-

tion at the tactics employed by the

Molders' union against the Foun-drymen's association. "For," he said, "during the past four months.

men have been kept in barracks, be-hind pickets and bars, unable to

leave for their homes for fear of injury to life and limb." A penny

in the slot phonograph could not

have been more faithful in repro-

ducing a "master's voice" than was Parry's Perry.

The Day at Madison.

According to state law-a rather foolish one, by the way-the chosen

a platform they please and its be-coming official thereby, is a sort of democracy that only a capitalistic genius could devise. Still it is the law and our party had to abide by it. So our nominces asembled in a room in the capitol building, the meeting was opened by State Chair-man Victor L. Berger, with Comrade Thompson acting as secretary

committee was chosen : Chairman-Victor L. Berger

First district-Thomas M. Watson, Whitewater: L. P. Christiansen. Racine.

Second-Charles Bryant, Madison; Henry J. Dunham, Wyocena. Third-W. A. Garrison, Lone Reck; I. G. Loomis, Richland

Fourth-Fred Brockhausen, Milwankee; Louis A. Arnold, Milwan-

kee Fifth-Emil Seidel, Milwaukee: Frederic Heath, Milwankee.

Sixth-John E. Shiners, Fond du Lac; Carl E. Schmidt, Sheboy-

Seventh-Frank Tausche, La Crosse August Schreiber, Eau Claire.

Eighth-Edward Kostka, Waupaca: Henry J. Stolze, Jr. Manin.

derful story, wonderfully told. The ior ; James D. Nicholson, Balsam





GLOBE WINDOW CLEANING CO



SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD ORGANIZED LABOR







coal, wood or coke placed with me is credited to the CENTRAL COMMITTEE of the SOCIAL - DEMO-CRATIC PARTY AND THE HERALD. Place your orders where it will help the cause and help wipe out the deficit on the Herald. UNION TEAMSTERS

PHONE GRAND 2394 H. W. Bistorius 344 Sixth Street



It does MORE work Does it EASIER and QUICKER than any other soap.



H. M. CASTENHOLZ

proved their fitness as champions of the cause of labor during the terest alive as to have every mem-ber a constant reader of the HERlast session of the state legislature. and in the Milwaukee Com-

mon Council

CAN NOMINATE YET.

AID.

vet.

enemies have had to admit. If comrades can do a little hustmen in our legislative bodies. We ling they can nominate candidates The law provides that candi- ought to be willing to make the dates may be nominated by petition up to the 20th of October. It re-them. Are you willing to help? If quires in most cases for us only so, remember that it takes funds to 15 names on a paper to do the busi- do the work. A truly workingness. The proper form will be found class movement, political as well as on page 52 of the Election Laws of economic, must rely upon the work-Wisconsin, 1906. Or send to head- ingmen for financial support. The You have a few days Social-Democratic party is a workquarters. vet. Get busy comrade HULL; Our candi- ingman's party. Thousands of workingmen will take part in the

late for congress in the first district, coming great battle of the ballots. has been holding some very suc-cessful meetings. This week he port, and it matters not how small

cessful meetings. This week he port, and it matters not it will be, spoke at Kenosha, Racine and Mil-you donation may be, it will be, thankfully received. A large numspeak in very high terms of his ber of small sums will make a lecture. In Milwaukee he spoke at mighty fund. Show your willing-Petersen's hall and many of the ness to help along this great fight contrades took the opportunity to by making your contributions as hear him. They say he is all right, large as you can afford. Capitalist papers admit that Gav-Send all donations to the County Campaign Committee, S. D. P., lord's meeting at Fond du Lac was

better and larger than either David-son or Aylward had there in spite of all their brass bands, politicians

STEVENS POINT: The mayor of the city met Comrade Gay-Secretary Milwaukee County lord at the train with an automobile Campaign Committee. conducted him to the fair grounds secured the band to open the meet-Seidel's October Dates. ing and courteously introduced the

Saturday, Oct. 6, Phillips. speaker to the Stevens Point fair Sunday, Oct. 7, Glidden. Sunday, Oct. 7, Glidden. Monday, Oct. 8, Park Falls. Tuesday, Oct. 6, Bay Field. Wednesday, Oct. 10, Superior. audience. Verily, Social-Democ-racy gets a much different reception now than it used to a few years

E. T. MELMS,

s making arrangements to have tons of literature printed from now on. Comrade E. T. Melms our candi bly in the 5th district, in English.

date for congress in the 4th district. This even our spoke to large gatherings in the



39th st. and Grand ave.

In the evening an open air meet-



hereby notified thereof. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforestild, and of the time above limited for said credition. To present their claims and de-mands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, o. ce in cach week, in the "Social-Democratic Heraid," a newspaper published in the County of Milwaukee, the fur published to be withe in fifteen days from the date hereof. Dated the 15th day of Somtember 1000 that gives you a distinctive trade mark. Dated this 12th day of September, 1908. By the Court. PAUL D. CARPENTER. County Judge PHONE GRAND 2394 ave. Nov. 2. Humboldt 1:31, cor. RICHARD ELSNER. Attorney of Estate. **344 SIXTH STREET** The MUELLER FUEL & SUPPLY CO. **COKE** and **WOOD** COAL **Building Supplies** OFFICE AND YARDS :: 3007 BROWN ST. WEDNESDAY, Oct. 3. 3rd **PHONE WEST 748** Ward Branch, 221 Wisconsin st.



Company. Tuesday, Oct. 2, Pawling & Har-

nishfeger.

To You

or part of a room.

white-it softens the light

than on any other lamp.

ing appliance known.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

An Investment for Life!

Do you realize all that means? can easily be done by purchasing The SOCIAL - DEMOCRATIC DERALD has gradually forged wead until today it is in the flush HERALD has gradually forged ahead until today it is in the flush of its first success .- It has been our dream in the past to some day own

mon people. This stream has been purtially realized, and it is to the many com-

rades and friends who came to us in our adversities that we are indebted for it, But shall we stop here? No! Onward with the fight.

ALD for life, and at the same time place funds at our disposal to en-

will be in force on and after No-vember 1, 1906. This makes a good proposition for you, as by subscribng for some of this stock now you will save the annual subscription

To do this successfully we ask our friends and subscribers to en-Fill out the blank below, "DO IT

GAS CO.; 182 Wirconsin Sta

henceiant.

Specialist in

SALOON

620 East Water SL,

Please put up in my house, for \$1.00 each, complete,

The Gas Co. Recommends

The No. 61 Welsbach Lamp

For space lighting-where you want to spread the light through a whole room,

Properly adjusted, it gives 60 candle-

power light for 1/3 cent per hour.

The globe is round-it distributes the light evenly. It's

There are no chimneys to break A globe lasts longer

The whole lamp gives more candle-power-more satisfac-

tory light, week-in and week-out, for each cubic foot of gas

you burn-for each cent of money you spend-than any light

CUT THIS OUT-S IND IT TODAY.

Self-Light /4-tachment furnish-Name ed for 25c extra Alless

man hall.

GAYLORD'S DATES!

cialty, remember, at the pupular price

Social-Democratic Herald for life.

Amount Address.........

Monday, Oct. 1, Osceola, Wood-Thursday, Oct. 9, Tomahawk. Tuesday, Oct. 2, Balsam Lake, Wednesday, Oct. 10, Rhinelander, Grand Opera House. Thursday, Oct. 11, Edgar, Tegg's hall. Friday, Oct. 12, Mountain, Town hall Saturday, Oct. 13, Green Bay, Turner hall. Sunday, Oct. 14, Marinette. Monday, Oct. 15, Sturgeon Bay, Opera House.



\$15 Beauties

UNION MADE

We have started the fall season by laving particular emphasis on what we firmly believe to be the very best \$15

suit offered in the city. It is one of the strongest fall

specialties, original and exclusive with this store, and

Select Fall Styles

in the latest single and double breasted models, with

strictly hand-made collars and hand-sewed buttonholes,

consists of the most







We manufacture all our clother therefore buying from us mea buying from the manufacturer. **BUT ONE PROFIT** between builder and buyer - maker and user. Bender's methods are "money-saving utilities" devised and put into practice for the good of the customer.

FOR MEN

Our stock of FALL CLOTHES now ready for inspection. We pride ourselves on the character and quality of this stock.

USINESS AND SHORTHAND. Court House. tainment, Thursday, Oct. 18, Milwaukee Mayr's Orchestra. Wednesday, Oct. 3, Amery, Buran St and Broadway, MILWAUKEE, WI 5. Der Waffenschmied von Lortz-Friday, Oct. 19, Milwaukee, Guetz-laff's hall. man's hall. First entertainment and Ball, given by the 2d Ward Branch, S. D. P. Sunday September 30, 1906, commencing at 3 P. M. in the ing, Bariton Solo, Mr. Christ. Bochert. Thursday, Oct. 4, Friday, Oct. 5, Superior, German ****** Saturday, Oct. 20, Pt. Washington. 6. Vocal Selection, Socialist Adolph Heumann 271 3rd St. hall. Sunday, Oct., 21, Milwaukee. Saturday, Oct. 6, Ashland, City hall. Monday, Oct. 22, Waukesha, Coli-SAMPLE ROOM and Sunday, Oct. 7, Odanah, Opera North Side Turner hall, 1019 Walseum. House nut street. BOTTLE HOUSE Tuesday, Oct. 23, Racine. Monday, Oct. 8, Washburn, Opera Wednesday, Oct. 24, Kenosha, Sunday, Oct. 29, Thiensville, Mequon Turadinall. Marseillaise, and the second second 1. "Frish auf," march from L. House. Tuesday, Oct. 16, Kewanee, Bo-hemian Opera House. Krug, Mayr's Orchestra. DR. CHURCHILL Buy your DRY GOODS, NOTIONS and Social-Democratic Candidates. MEN'S FURNISHINGS, at FRANK'S and 28th Street Diseases and Surgery of the EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT Assembly Candidates. **Congressional Candidates.** 415 MITCHELL STREET We have a fine line of Laces, Em First District, David White. First District, Moses Hull. Governor: broideries, Hosiery, Corsets, Under-wear, Shirts, Ribbons, Dress Goods, Wash Goods, Wrappers, Dressing Fourth District, Edmund T. Second District, Charles Gra-Winfield R. Gaylord nann. lelms ROBT. BUECH Third District, Albert T. Neu-Fifth District, Albert J. Welch, Sixta District, Geo. C. Damrow, Sevenia District, W. A. Hall. Jackets, Gloves, Mittens, etc., at very bowski. Lieutenant Governor : Fourth District, Patrick L. Desonable prices. CLINTON STREET Deal with us, we appreciate it. . EDW. F. FRANK. Eighth District, John J. Pitz. Ninth District, Jos. E. Harris. Tenth District, James I. Cox. Eleventh District, C.W. Swanson Wm. Kaufmann vine Lanch at all hours Line of Union Cigar Hephone Generation Fifth District, William J. All-Aridge. Sixth District, Joseph Sultaire. Seventh District, Paul J. Bluhm. Eighth District, Edwin Scaife. Ninth District. Edmund J. Berner Tenth District, George Mensing Eleventh District, Frederick Deselfwaren Secretary of State: **A Few Things Worth Knowing** Milwaukee County Candidates. ne White 3051 Charles V. Schmidt County Clerk, Carl P. Dietz. County Treasurer, Paul F. SICHICAGO AND. BUEHLER PRINTING GO. Round Trip \$1.50 State Treasurer : GOODRICH Jueller Leave 8 P. M. Dally PRINTERS Sheriff, Willis E. Acker. Joseph Ammann Dock: Foot of Sycamore St. Phone Grand 985 Brockhauser Coroner, Dr. Herman L. Nahin-BOATS Twelfth District, Carl D. Thomp-Clerk of Courts, Frederic Heath. District Attorney, Wm. F. Thiel. Register of Deeds, John J. Liliwankee, Wis. on. Thirteenth District, Henry F. **Attorney General: Richard** Elsner Tcetzen. landley. Are All Men of Fourteenth District, Martin Surveyor, Alexander Glaesser. Gorecki. Com. of Insurance: Senatorial Candidates. Equal Proportions?

If all men were built alike it would be within the province of the ready to wear clothing manufacturer to say that he could fit

But such is not the case; it is only by making alterations that must destroy the symmetry of the garment to obtain any results whatsoever.

Fifth District, Charles Zainer. Seventh District, Wm. L. Har-

able us to bring out a better and a fully equipped man-of-war, in the shape of a newspaper plant that would blaze the way and thunder forth its voice in behalf of the comsubscription price of the eight-page HERALD to \$1.00 per year. This

and help the cause to triumph and

ter their subscriptions for life this NOW."

To the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co.,

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of shares of the capital stock of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to the said Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing company for each share so subscribed the sum of five dollars in cash or in monthly installments of not less than fifty cents, due and payable on and before the last day of each month, the first installment to accompany the application for stock, and each paid-up share to have one vote. It is understood that each paid up share-holder gets the

No. of Shares Name

Wednesday, Oct. 7, Manite oc, Opera House.

Party members and their friends are cordially invited by the 2nd ward branch to attend their enter-

> Fifteenth District, Charles B. Whitnall.

Sixteenth District, Frank J. Weber.

Important! A Raise in Price!

Shall the SOCIAL - DEMO- the members of the party of Mil- Sixth. Because it will enable us RATIC HERALD continue to waukee was held. These matters to set aside something for depre-CRATIC HERALD continue to waukee was held. These matters were discussed and it was unani-

Herman W. Bistorias

STOCK SUBSCRIPTION 344 Sixth street, Milwaukee, Wis.

artistically fashioned to satisfy both popular and extreme tastes, and an endless variety of rich patterns and colorings; a spe-







ing to shape the wires so as to unload on the city.

One thing about the Lindwurm farm that is not generally known is that it has no frontage on the port for August showing the work done to relieve animals from abuse. river. The frontage was sold years

for a wide stretch along the water

front, tearing away trees and shrubs



CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS which is no longer run by a brutal superintendent, has issued its re-New Store. Cor. Grove & Mineral Sts.



Favors State or City Regulation and Telephone Competition.

The Wisconsin Telephone Company has declared itself in favor of STATE regulation in hearings before the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association last March as well as "Telephone Talks" in the Public Press and in the telephone hearings before the Judiciary Committee of the Common Council.

The present telephone monopoly has repeatedly made state zents calculated to make the public believe that its net earnings do not exceed SIX PER CENT PER ANNUM. IF THIS LATTER STATEMENT IS TRUE, how can the people of Milwaukee expect and how does the Wisconsin Telephone Company propose to give the public the benefit of LOWER RATES, through State regulation?

Is there any reason to believe that a State Commission would try to compel the present telephone company to do business for less than six per cent on its investment? Will the Wisconsin Telephone Company answer the foregoing and will it also tell the Public how a State Commission will improve the present unsatisfactory service?

These questions are pertinent and comprehensive, and satisfactory answers by the Wisconsin Telephone Company will be of material aid in solving the telephone question.

I recent years the Wisconsin Telephone Company has fought all action in the Legislature looking toward State regulation of telephone rates and is now defendant in a suit brought by the State of Wi consin to recover penalties for violation of a statute regulating charges for telephone service. IF THREATENED COMPETITION

will make the Wisconsin Telephone Company change its base on State regulation, what will ACTUAL COMPETITION do? We favor State or City regulation and

competition.



think that city work should be honest work, even if the contractor doesn't make as much "velvet" out of the people as he thinks he ought to. And they really watched. They watched the men, they watched the city inspector jollying the men at work and doing most of his "inspecting" at the bar of the nearest saloon along with Contractor Hase and at Hase's expense. And they saw that the job was a crooked one and complained to the Twelfth ward aldermen.

Investigation showed that instead of a six inch certent foundation the men were putting in only four inches, that the bricks after they were laid were coming loose. They called the inspector, John Jakowski's at-tention to it, but he said it was "all right" and turned away. They went to the Board of Public Works, but the commissioners assured them that everything must be all right. Then they gave notice that they would refuse to sign the payroll and the public works commis-sioners began to get busy. If there was to be a scandal they wanted to be on the safe side of it. So, ignoring the inspector of inspectors, they all went out to see, City Engineer Poech, Commissioners Czer-winski, Scherer and Schoenecker, and all. They couldn't dogg the facts. When a car passed over the payrement the payement waved Investigation showed that instead of a six inch certent foundation facts. When a car passed over the pavement the pavement waved like a field of oats. The cement between the bricks was found to be feeble and little better than so much sand. And then they made a worse discovery. The contract called for Portland cement, and they found that the pavement was being laid with Milwauk ee cement. The difference in cost is about two dollars a barrel! What could they do! They must do something, that was clear. The people were looking on! So they fired Inspector Jakowski (ex-sewer inspector under Rose). How much further they will go remains to be seen. Whether they will put Hase in jail, or make him rip up the blocks of dishonest pavement he has laid, or what, time alone can tell. Will it mean an investigation into other contract pavements in Milwaukee and the ripping up of all the dishonestly laid ones? Who can say! It may turn out one of the largest boodle sensations the city has had. For the people are watching



the people are watching.

Meantime the Social-Democratic aldermen of the Twelfth Ward are being praised for their work in exposing the rascality, and the people along Mitchell street are beginning to feel that they will get an honest pavement for the money they pay into the city after all.

Two Unpopular Measures. |a chance to see how the people feel an ice gorge every winter, and the overflow results as a matter of course. Nor can the river be util-Health Commissioner Bading has two unpopular measures up his sleeve. One is a proposition to turn down municipal ownership so far as the garbage works are con-cerned. The other is to try to keep the pest house at its present loca-

the pest house at its present loca-tion on the South Side. He faced a big mass meeting and got his bumps good and hard. And the town calf also butted in at the meet-to and got discussion and got his and so butted in at the meet-to and got his also butted in at the meet-to and got his also butted in at the meet-to and got his also butted in at the meet-to and got his also butted in at the meet-to and got his also butted in at the meet-to and got his also butted in at the meet-to and got his also butted in at the meet-panied with a good salary in order

DON'T GET YOUR DATES MIXED REMEMBER

Let the city government and the city fathers keep their eyes open!

town calf also butted in at the meet-ing, and got his, also. In fact Becker got the hardest bumps of the two. He had a plank in his vote catching platform in favor of the removal of the pest house, but of course forgot all about it as soon as he was in office, and the meeting told him about it in good red hot feeling well and did not wish the floor, and a venerable South Sider fook et critically at him a moment floor, and a venerable South Sider to sell the Landworm farm prop-looked critically at him a moment and then blurted out: "You don't look very unhealthy, young man!" framed up to get the city to pur-It is probable that Wednesday night's meeting will cool the ardor of the health commissioner a little on the pesthouse question. He had

Whenever you're ready to take a look at the new models in FALL SUITS AND OVERCOATS we're ready to show you the finest assortment of men's clothing we have ever offered our trade. Come in and look at the new styles and fabrics.

W F ? D F

WEKE



YOU'LL BE INTERESTED, SURELY



SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

Prices From \$7.50 to \$25.00

THE DUTCHESS TROUSERS STORE

For the Benefit of the SOCIAL - DEMOCRATIC PRESS AND AGITATION FUNDS sion 25c a Person Watch For The Head Liners

