IS THIS TO BE HIS FINISH?

By Victor L. Berger.

“REFORM” in the House of Representatives this evening. It is being slaughtered in the house of its friends.

But why? Is it because he is a stump-rally man, a demagogue, a fraud, a — what shall I say? Or why? It is the question.

There is no doubt about Robert M. La Follette’s sincerity and ability. However, “Robby” has grown up in the spirit of capitalist politics. His ideas have not resulted in the establishment of socialism or the abolition of poverty for the working man. That movement, that movement that grew up in the House of Representatives in the nineties, is being slaughtered in the House of Representatives to-day.

We must remember that the “reform movement” in Wisconsin before it was reduced to its present state of degradation and to the disfavor of the people, was a real movement. True, that movement took up the gauntlet of the Social Democrats, but its basis was just and its goal was a public ownership of the means of production.

And its cause was fought by the laboring man, the laboring man who was once an ally of the Social Democrats, but now is the ally of the capitalist. The Social Democrats fought for the people’s right to control the means of production, and that movement has been defeated by the forces of reaction, led by Robert M. La Follette.

The Free Press ever since its last issue has been speaking loud and clear for the working man, for the laboring man, for the man who toils for his bread, and who toils for the right to control the means of production. The Free Press has been exposing the capitalist system, and it is being slaughtered in the House of Representatives.

And the future of La Follette is dark and unpromising. In the last session of Congress, he did not even rise to reply to the speech of his club-friend, the “clown” in the House of Representatives.

The Free Press ever since has been speaking loud and clear for the working man, for the laboring man, for the man who toils for his bread, and who toils for the right to control the means of production. The Free Press has been exposing the capitalist system, and it is being slaughtered in the House of Representatives.

And the future of La Follette is dark and unpromising. In the last session of Congress, he did not even rise to reply to the speech of his club-friend, the “clown” in the House of Representatives.

The Free Press ever since has been speaking loud and clear for the working man, for the laboring man, for the man who toils for his bread, and who toils for the right to control the means of production. The Free Press has been exposing the capitalist system, and it is being slaughtered in the House of Representatives.

And the future of La Follette is dark and unpromising. In the last session of Congress, he did not even rise to reply to the speech of his club-friend, the “clown” in the House of Representatives.

The Free Press ever since has been speaking loud and clear for the working man, for the laboring man, for the man who toils for his bread, and who toils for the right to control the means of production. The Free Press has been exposing the capitalist system, and it is being slaughtered in the House of Representatives.

And the future of La Follette is dark and unpromising. In the last session of Congress, he did not even rise to reply to the speech of his club-friend, the “clown” in the House of Representatives.

The Free Press ever since has been speaking loud and clear for the working man, for the laboring man, for the man who toils for his bread, and who toils for the right to control the means of production. The Free Press has been exposing the capitalist system, and it is being slaughtered in the House of Representatives.

And the future of La Follette is dark and unpromising. In the last session of Congress, he did not even rise to reply to the speech of his club-friend, the “clown” in the House of Representatives.

The Free Press ever since has been speaking loud and clear for the working man, for the laboring man, for the man who toils for his bread, and who toils for the right to control the means of production. The Free Press has been exposing the capitalist system, and it is being slaughtered in the House of Representatives.
The Substance of a Report Made to the Socialists of London, By John Martin.

In the New York state above 100,000,000 of original votes were cast for the candidates of the Democratic and Republican parties. For the Democratic party, there were 9,200,000 votes cast for the candidates of the State party, and for the Conservative party, there were 11,000,000 votes cast for the candidates of the State party. The total number of votes cast for the candidates of the Democratic party was 10,000,000, and the total number of votes cast for the candidates of the Republican party was 11,000,000.

THE ALLIED LABOR

Last year, 240,000,000 of original votes were cast for the candidates of the Democratic and Republican parties. For the Democratic party, there were 9,200,000 votes cast for the candidates of the State party, and for the Conservative party, there were 11,000,000 votes cast for the candidates of the State party. The total number of votes cast for the candidates of the Democratic party was 10,000,000, and the total number of votes cast for the candidates of the Republican party was 11,000,000.

THE ALLIED LABOR

When purchasing cigars, see that this label is on the box.

IT IS A GUARANTEE THAT THE CIGARES ARE NOT MADE BY THE TRUST.

Do Not Be Misled by dealers who say: "This does not affect the union condition." This is false, as does any union must stand the same chance for the same compensation as any other man.

God and the Social-Democracy

By HENRY ESSER

A really wonderful book. The most striking and stirring utterance on the subject of Socialism and the Social-Democracy, and its great advantage in our present condition of things. It is the most powerful weapon in the hands of the working classes, and it is the greatest weapon in the hands of the Social-Democrats. It is the greatest weapon in the hands of the Social-Democrats.

THE JUNGLE

By UPTON SINCLAIR

God and the Social-Democracy

By HENRY ESSER

A really wonderful book. The most striking and stirring utterance on the subject of Socialism and the Social-Democracy, and its great advantage in our present condition of things. It is the most powerful weapon in the hands of the working classes, and it is the greatest weapon in the hands of the Social-Democrats. It is the greatest weapon in the hands of the Social-Democrats.

THE JUNGLE

By UPTON SINCLAIR

God and the Social-Democracy

By HENRY ESSER

A really wonderful book. The most striking and stirring utterance on the subject of Socialism and the Social-Democracy, and its great advantage in our present condition of things. It is the most powerful weapon in the hands of the working classes, and it is the greatest weapon in the hands of the Social-Democrats. It is the greatest weapon in the hands of the Social-Democrats.
A Word With You, Brother Farmer

YOU, Brother Average Farmer, sitting in the comfort of your home in the country, reading the pages of your daily newspaper, and scanning the financial statistics; that is what you get out of the “green revolution” you, the owner of your own land. At the same time, the big corporation farmers are getting the most out of the “green revolution.”

But a new party is growing in the ranks of the farmers, a new party that is going to put the “green revolution” to work for the betterment of the people. A new party that is going to put the “green revolution” to work for the common good and not for the benefit of the few.

And why is this new party growing? Why is it that when you buy the necessities of life you have to pay a higher price? Why is it that you have to pay more for your food, clothing, and fuel? Why is it that you have to pay more for your rent and mortgage payments?

And why is this new party growing? Why is it that when you buy the necessities of life you have to pay a higher price? Why is it that you have to pay more for your food, clothing, and fuel? Why is it that you have to pay more for your rent and mortgage payments?

FARMER AND WORKER Wage

BY CARL C. THOMPSON, Social Democratic Member Washington

One cannot understand the working class movement in America unless one knows something about the life of the American farmer. He is the backbone of our country, and his struggle is our struggle.

CRUSH THEM BOTH

The Farmer and the Worker are both working men. They are the backbone of our country, and their fight is our fight. We must stand together and fight for fair wages and working conditions.

An Economic Reason. The wages of the worker are the result of the competition between labor and capital. In the struggle for existence, the worker is pitted against the capitalist, who controls the means of production. The worker must sell his labor power for the lowest possible price, while the capitalist controls the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price.

The farmer, on the other hand, is pitted against the capitalist class. The farmer must sell his produce for the lowest possible price, while the capitalist class controls the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price.

The farmer is on the losing side in this struggle. He is being exploited by the capitalist class. The farmer is being forced to sell his produce for the lowest possible price, while the capitalist class is controlling the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price.

The tenant farmer is on the losing side in this struggle. He is being exploited by the capitalist class. The tenant farmer is being forced to sell his produce for the lowest possible price, while the capitalist class is controlling the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price.

The reason for this is that the capitalist class is powerful and has the means of production. The capitalist class controls the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price. The farmer is being forced to sell his produce for the lowest possible price, while the capitalist class is controlling the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price.

The tenant farmer is on the losing side in this struggle. He is being exploited by the capitalist class. The tenant farmer is being forced to sell his produce for the lowest possible price, while the capitalist class is controlling the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price.

The reason for this is that the capitalist class is powerful and has the means of production. The capitalist class controls the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price. The farmer is being forced to sell his produce for the lowest possible price, while the capitalist class is controlling the means of production and can sell his products at a higher price.
**SOCIALIST FARMER PROGRAM**

The Socialist Farmers in the United States are more and more studying the problem of organizing an effective Farmers' Union or Farmers' Alliance. They are interested in the work of the American Federation of Labor and the ties between the labor and farm movements. They are also interested in the similarity of the problems and interests of the farmers and workers in the cities and the rural areas. The Socialist Farmers are actively working to unite the farmers and workers in the fight for a better life and a better world.

**THE SURPRISING STORY OF UNGLE CAMPBELL**

The following is the story of the surprise visit of Uncle Cam to the farm of his friend, John Smith. Uncle Cam had been living in the city for many years, and had never seen a farm. When he arrived, John Smith was surprised to see him. He asked Uncle Cam why he had come to the farm, and Uncle Cam replied, "I just wanted to see what a farm looked like." John Smith was surprised by Uncle Cam's interest in farming, and he showed him around the farm. Uncle Cam was amazed by the size of the fields, and the variety of crops growing on the farm. He was also impressed by the way John Smith and his family worked together to take care of the farm. Uncle Cam was so impressed that he decided to stay on the farm, and help John Smith with his work.

---

**BUILDERS' COLUMN**

Teddy

This is a question for the builders. How would you like to build a house for your friend? What would you like to ask your friend when you first meet them? How would you like to design their house? What materials would you use? How would you like to build the house? How would you like to make the house comfortable for your friend? What would you like to do with the house? How would you like to take care of the house?

---

**Pocket Library of Socialism**

Sixty Books Explaining the Principles of International Socialism

- Political Economy
- History of Labor
- Socialism in Practice
- The Communist Manifesto
- The Science of Politics
- The Critique of Political Economy
- The Principles of Socialism
- The Principles of Politics
- The Principles of Economics
- The Principles of Philosophy
- The Principles of Psychology
- The Principles of Sociology
- The Principles of History

---

**BUILDERS' COLUMN**

Teddy

This is a question for the builders. How would you like to build a house for your friend? What would you like to ask your friend when you first meet them? How would you like to design their house? What materials would you use? How would you like to build the house? How would you like to make the house comfortable for your friend? What would you like to do with the house? How would you like to take care of the house?

---

**Pocket Library of Socialism**

Sixty Books Explaining the Principles of International Socialism

- Political Economy
- History of Labor
- Socialism in Practice
- The Communist Manifesto
- The Science of Politics
- The Critique of Political Economy
- The Principles of Socialism
- The Principles of Politics
- The Principles of Economics
- The Principles of Philosophy
- The Principles of Psychology
- The Principles of Sociology
- The Principles of History
ASK CIVIL SERVICE
And It Starts a Campaign Among the Politicians
Is likely to reach the resolution inter-
posed by Supervisor Steimel (S-3) at the previous meeting.
He proposed a resolution requiring the mayor and the
two other directors of the higher
grade to appear before the war
board.

Men's Clothing
Three big lots in ready suits and
Overcoats at half discount.
Butt & Overcoats
$3.75
Silk & Overcoats
$3.50, $3.75, and $4.50, now.

Working Shirts
Men's and boys' heavy black flannel. "Woolenad". Tagged without wash- ing. Made by a well-known firm of tailors.

Suits: Bamber and Overcoats: $7.50, $9.00, and $10.00. Made to order. And
boys' suits at $1.50, $2.50, and $3.00.

OVERALLS
The well-known
Hillier-Wadeburn
Guards
Overalls and Jumpers, of heavy black or blue denim, boldly suited and sized for
wholesome, during this sale... $3.90.

The Famous "Headlight" Overalls
Dungarees... 75c.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR
50c Fleece Lined and Jersey Ribbed Underwear... 29c.

MEN'S TROUSERS
15c Pieced
29c
59c

Five Stores
Grove Street and National Avenue
Third and Lloyd Streets
11th and Winnebago Streets
Mitchell Street and 7th Avenue.

ARDOC
An Overcoat for Every Occasion
Every Day in the Week
A Complete Wardrobe of Overcoats in One

PHONE TO GRAND 230
NUTRICA
AT LUEDKE'S
413-415 National Ave.

PHONE TO GRAND 200

Political Refugee Defense League
ALBERT W. WELCH, Secretary
Petitions are being circulated among
Chinese residents asking for volun-
tary evacuation to the United States.
Petition will be sent to the State
Department at least on each
month.

Carpetweavers' Union Entertainment.
Under the auspices of the Fed-
eral Board, the Carpetweavers' Union No. 322, will hold a
fund raising event for the benefit of
the Carpetweavers' Union, on Sunday, Feb. 28, 1910, at
the Mechanics' Institute at 7 p.m.

AT THE THEATERS
Curtains at 8:30 P.M.

Tuberculin Tested Milk
We are prepared to supply gamma
tuberculin milk, in sterilized bottles, at four
cents per pint and seven cents per quart.

Gridley Dairy Company
"From Our Dairy to Your Cupboard"

Patriotic Employers!
Fifteen operatives at the A. W. Groepper Company's mill in roosevelt.

STATE OF WISCONSIN
BUREAU OF LABOR INDUSTRIAL
STATISTICS

SUNDAY EVENING, 8 P.M.
What Is Christian Socialism?
FIREMUSIC PROGRAM
Harvey Dee Brown

TUBERCULIN TESTED MILK
We are prepared to supply gamma
tuberculin milk in sterilized bottles at four
cents per pint and seven cents per quart.

EIDSON AND STEINBERG
1818 Wisconsin Avenue

Gold Would be a Great Additive to the National
Budget. We have a very fine selection of
U.S. Bonds for sale at an advance of 5% in
1% over par. Write for quotation.

Empire
The Morden Tailor, one of the most
complete tailors in the city, with a
highly developed line of suits and
ties, has a new series of suits
for the spring season.

ADAM T. WILSON
1507 N. Milwaukee Ave.

AUTO RAIN DRESS OPERA COAT
IF IT'S NEW AND STRICTLY CORRECT
YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND IT AT
LAUER'S
Cor. FIRST AVENUE
NATIONAL AVENUE
FOR PUBLICATION

FORESTRY AND THE FARMER

THE UTILITY OF TREES AS THE FARMER'S RESERVOIR

BY CHARLES C. WHITBREAD

The farmer is now more conscious than ever before of the necessity of using all the space possible in his farm for growing food and for crops of money value. He has also to consider the need of using the land and labor which are his capital, to produce a maximum of food and income from them. The use of trees on the farm is one way in which the farmer can accomplish both these ends.

Trees provide shelter for the soil, which keeps it from being washed away by rain and wind. They also provide shade, which keeps the soil cool and prevents it from becoming too hot, which in turn helps to prevent the growth of weeds. Trees also help to purify the air, by absorbing carbon dioxide and releasing oxygen, which is essential for plant growth.

The farmer can use trees to provide food by growing fruit trees, nut trees, and shade trees. He can also use trees to provide timber for building and for fuel. Trees can also be used to provide shade for livestock and for cover for wildlife.

The farmer can use trees to provide income by growing trees that will produce income, such as apple trees, pear trees, and cherry trees. He can also use trees to provide income by growing trees that will produce timber, such as pine trees, fir trees, and spruce trees.

In conclusion, the use of trees on the farm is a way for the farmer to accomplish both the ends of producing a maximum of food and income from his farm. Trees provide shelter, shade, and income, and are an important part of any farm management plan.
THE PRODUCERS OF THE WORLD'S WEALTH.

[From an address to Farmers and Merchants at Spring Grove, Ohio, on July 29th, 1898, by J. S. Southworth.]

The man who is trying to do business today as an individual, or as a part of some big firm, or as a member of some great company, can be likened to a man who is walking on a wet, icy road. He is attempting to do something that he knows is dangerous, but he has no idea of what might happen. He has to rely on his own judgment and experience to guide him. The same is true of our economic system today. We are trying to do business in an unpredictable world, and we have to rely on our own judgment and experience to guide us. We must be careful not to make decisions that will harm ourselves or others.

THE ECONOMIC STRUCTURE.

The economy of today is based on the production of goods and services. These goods and services are produced by individuals, businesses, and governments. The production of goods and services is financed by the sale of goods and services. The sale of goods and services is financed by the production of goods and services. This cycle of production and sale goes on until the supply of goods and services is equal to the demand for goods and services.

THE STATE BOARD OF WORKS BILL.

Full Text of the Bill Presented by Senator Gaylord to Protect the Natural Resources of the Country.

A BILL TO PROVIDE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES OF THE COUNTRY.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there shall be established a State Board of Works, which shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country.

Section 2. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 3. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 4. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 5. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 6. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 7. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 8. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 9. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 10. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 11. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 12. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 13. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 14. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 15. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 16. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 17. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 18. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 19. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 20. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 21. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 22. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 23. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 24. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 25. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Section 26. Said board shall have the power to make investigations and reports concerning the natural resources of the country, and shall have the power to make recommendations to the Congress of the United States for the protection of the natural resources of the country.

Section 27. Said board shall be composed of five members, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate.