

Comment on Passing Events.

By Frederic Heath

Don Jamie didn't seem to be able to screw up his courage to the sticking point, but he is improving.

Francisco Ferrer's body lies a mouldering in the ground—but his soul goes a-marching on!

The Socialist city government of Copenhagen has just voted for municipal ownership of the street car system in that city.

It is believed that the Social-Democrats will hold the balance of power in the forthcoming French parliament. How we do grow!

The separation of church and state all over the globe, seems but a matter of a relatively few years. It has produced hell for the people wherever it has existed.

That was a narrow escape for price-less art treasures at the burning of the Brussels exposition. It is about time such affairs were conducted on fire proof lines.

Balloons, bi-planes and dirigibles are coming to be as deadly as modern capitalist production. Both the aviators and the workmen who go into the factories, mines and on the railroads, take their lives in their hands.

It is reported from London that King Edward's burial cost that nation \$1,500,000. And England possesses the most horrible slums that capitalist civilization has so far produced. Evidently the British fear of an avenging God is more apparent than real!

In the Brussels exposition fire many priceless collections were destroyed while the flames spared the French dressmakers' exhibitions, including probably the patterns for the next wave of abominably grotesque women's hats. Darn the luck!

The foxy private corporation interests are now making a smooth move. They are making war in their special publications on the nickel street car fare as a means of making people think that a three-cent car fare is too absurd to even dream of. Foxy all right.

The suggestion has been made that Samuel Gompers be retired from the presidency of the American Federation of Labor on a life pension. Putting aside all political differences, his services in holding together a great labor federation may entitle him to this mark of esteem. But would Carnegie and Belmont approve of it?

Out of the 1,442 candidates chosen to city councils in France during the recent municipal elections there were 104 Conservatives, 164 Progressives, 806 Republicans (Radicals, Radical-Socialists, etc.), 142 United Socialists. The Conservatives lost six seats and the Progressives 25, while the Radicals won 13 and the United Socialists 18.

By a trick in preparing the ballots the Democrats of Oklahoma so contrived things that all who voted in favor of the ballot for negroes in the new charter provision were counted against it unless they had written the word "No" to the disfranchisement amendment. The negroes are therefore disfranchised in that state, by the grace of the alleged party of anti-aristocrats.

The late J. W. Van Cleave of St. Louis left an estate of nearly a million. Half of this represented stock in the Buck Stove & Range Co., and the rest stock in a big instalment house with several stores in the central west. This latter doubtless got many a dollar out of the very organized labor that was boycotting the Buck concern. And it is curious to note that the instalment house was shrewd enough not to handle Buck stoves!

The attempt of the Milwaukee Socialists to secure the right of all uniformed public servants, policemen, health guards, mail carriers, etc., to wear short waists during the oppressive hot weather, has occasioned amusement in some quarters. But wearing close-buttoned coats and vests out in the blistering sun is no joke to the victims of such inhuman regulations, and the Socialists have gone to the rescue in dead earnest, and will sooner or later win their point.

Italy has just passed a compulsory school law, thanks to the influence of the Socialist agitation. The law as now passed proposes to end the prevailing illiteracy among the peasants and working classes by a drastic regulation. A provincial school board is to direct the educational system in all communities. If at the next census it is found that in a certain community less than five per cent of the population over six years of age is illiterate, that community is to resume the direction.

Under the new order of things in Milwaukee the city proposes to do a little reaping itself. It proposes to get the advantage of some of the increased values its own growth has produced. It is acquiring property in various directions on long time and will permit the future that will share in the benefits to participate in the paying. In time Milwaukee will have the most wonderful park

system of any American city, which will add immeasurably to the pleasures of life for its citizens.

Here comes the odious property qualification again! The Socialists of Jerome, Arizona, elected a member of the city council, but he was refused his seat on the ground that he is not a property holder. If capitalism had its way, dollars not men would rule us. But capitalism will have the Socialist giant to fight on that proposition—and our coats are off and there is fire in our eyes. By Caesar, let the fight begin. We are ready for 'em!

Milwaukee is represented this week at the convention of the United Master Butchers of North America. The following statement of one of the Milwaukee delegates is taken from a Chicago paper:

"Delegate Sommers says that all the people in Milwaukee are loud in their praise of the Socialist administration and indorse the good things that have been done by Mayor Seidel. He voiced the assertion that union labor and business men in general are deriving benefits under the Socialist regime."

The annual convention of the printers of the United States and Canada is in session at Minneapolis this week. Among other resolutions passed was the following on the labor press:

The International Union urges upon all members the advisability and necessity of subscribing for the labor press (if any exists in their jurisdiction) in a body and render further support, such as the patronizing of its advertisers to the exclusion of others, provided also that unfair firms of merchandise are not advertised in its columns, to the end that the value of its columns as an advertising medium may be fully appreciated by the friendly business element of its community.

The new king of Belgium, Albert, attempted recently to decorate Camille Huysmans, the secretary of the International Socialist Bureau, for services which he rendered in connection with the Brussels World Exposition. The decoration proffered was the degree of commander of the Leopold Order. Imagine a Social-Democrat ornamented with an insignia bearing the toadstome name of the late King Leopold, the arch murderer and harlot's monarch! Huysmans promptly sent it back accompanied by a polite but firm letter, in which he said he did not regard himself as particularly loyal to kings and did not wish to be compromised in the eyes of his comrades around the world.

Here's the latest postscript to the record of Post of Battle Creek, the chemicalized-fool man:

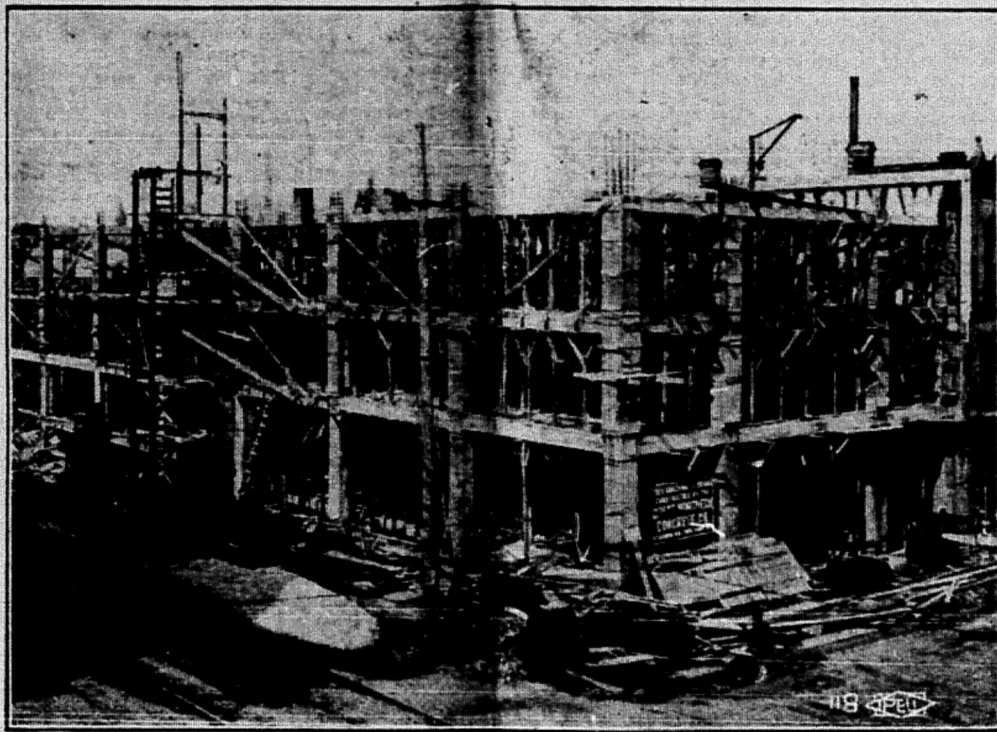
Pleading guilty this week to the slugging of a newspaper man, the evidence being so conclusive that he could not deny it, he was fined \$10 and costs. And then here's still another postscript:

The printers on his daily paper, the Enquirer, struck last week for the eight-hour day, and poor Post had to grant the demand, not because of his boasted (wolfish) love of the workingman, but because the rival daily, the Journal, has been on an eight-hour basis for some time, and Post did not dare to make his paper any more unpopular with the people than it now is.

American Industries, the rabid organ of the National Manufacturers' Association, cannot conceal its rage over the fact that the Buck Stove & Range Co., has made peace with organized labor. In a pamphlet just issued by it organized labor is brutally assailed and even the new manager of the Buck company is trounced. It is evident that the boycott case against Gompers by the Buck Co., and now before the U. S. supreme court will be vigorously waged. While the Buck Co., under the late Pres. Van Cleave, brought the suit, the whole onslaught was financed by the national association, which also financially helped the Buck people to survive the effects of the boycott, and the suit therefore is out of the hands of the conquered stove company and the National Manufacturers' Association is the real plaintiff at the present time.

Germany has just elected another Socialist to the Reichstag, and the victory from its importance has staggered the enemy. By a vote of 18,702 for the Social-Democrat to 9,528 for the Radical candidate and 4,930 for the Agrarian candidate Cannstatt-Ludwigsburg gives a seat to us that has been held by a National Liberal almost as long as the mind of man runneth back. At the preceding election the Liberals polled 19,000 votes. "This makes the fifthth Socialist to enter the imperial Reichstag," says the Berlin Vorwaerts. "The flood is rising and it is impossible to check it. For the bourgeois parties, this victory is a serious omen. A democratic current is traversing the German people. If the liberals do not wish to be crushed between the Socialist and the reaction, it is necessary for them to ally themselves with the truly democratic cause, and renounce all allegiance with the conservatives and the agrarians."

Ray Stannard Baker, editor of the American Magazine, the publication



LABOR'S NEW HOME, MILWAUKEE, AS IT NOW APPEARS—ONE STORY STILL TO BE BUILT.

From An Idea to Concrete, Iron and Brick

Labor Unions, Socialist Branch Organizations and Individual Socialists all Assisting on New Home. One More United Push Needed. Act Without Delay and Success Is Assured

Take a look at the picture of Labor's New Home on this page, that is going up at the corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets.

The photograph was taken Tuesday, August 16. It will give you a good idea of the progress, which is being made with the building we are erecting.

Where do you think the money is coming from to pay for the material and labor that it is taking to transform this ideal into a beautiful and useful temple of brick, cement and stone?

Well, where that money has come from and is coming from, is quite a long story, from the time the first \$500 was borrowed, to deposit with a real estate firm, for an option on the lot eighteen months ago.

A Work of Co-operation.

To enable all who were interested in the erection of a general home for Labor in Milwaukee, to co-operate, the People's Realty Company was organized under the corporation laws of Wisconsin, and \$40,000 worth of stock offered for sale in shares of \$25 each. About one-half of this stock has been sold and the proceeds from the same have sufficed to push the building to the point shown by the accompanying photograph.

Critical Time Now Here.

The critical time has now been reached. The money for the remaining \$20,000 worth of stock must be secured at once to avoid delay and assure the speedy completion of this Temple of Labor.

The members of the Plumbers Union No. 75, of Milwaukee, after a careful investigation as to the quality of the security, offered by the People's Realty Company in this enterprise, bought twenty shares at \$25 each and turned over \$500 in cash to pay for the same this week.

The Barber's Union also bought some stock during the past week, and is doing its share towards keeping the work going.

Socialist Branches Help.

The Hungarian Branch of the Social-Democratic Party in Milwaukee, purchased a share of stock at its last meeting. The Bohemian Branch also raised \$25 and became the owner of a small portion of the Home that Labor in Milwaukee will soon be proud of.

All Branches Should Assist.

Every Socialist branch should take a share of this stock at once, if it is within the range of the possible.

There are about forty branches of the party in Milwaukee county. If each branch will buy from one to four shares, according to their financial ability, it will go a long way towards carrying the work to a triumphant finish.

Not only should Socialist branches and the Labor Unions of Milwaukee co-operate at once to finish this grand work now so well under way, but every individual who can do so, should purchase at least one share of the stock of the People's Realty Company. It is a good and safe investment for anyone who has a little cash to invest.

A Valuable Corner.

All who have any knowledge of real estate in Milwaukee agree that it is one of the most valuable corners in the city. That this is true, is proven by the fact that two weeks after we purchased, an offer to sell it at an advance of five hundred dollars over what we paid, was received. Other offers have since been received. In fact, the lot adjoining ours on the east has only twenty feet frontage, with a three-story building, for which \$14,000 is asked. We paid \$250 per front foot, this man asks \$700 per front foot. Did we buy cheap? We will let you answer. It is, therefore, safe to make the statement that the real estate worth will double what we paid for it in a few years.

Building First Class.

The building being erected is to contain four stories and basement, and it is to be built of concrete and brick.

(Continued to 4th page.)

Labor Day Issue

Do not forget the Herald's Labor Day issue. It will surpass former efforts, and it will breathe the spirit of the recent victory of labor in Milwaukee and ought therefore to appeal to the workingmen and the non-exploiting class everywhere. Next week we will repeat the table of contents which we gave a week or so ago, with some more features added. You can order the issue for distribution in 100 lots at 75 cents, or send on \$7.50 for a thousand, if you wish to cover your district.

round to politics, practical politics, and when he began to talk of congressmen, who had helped labor—the old threadbare tactics that has kept labor out of congress these many years—some fellow in the background who may have been slyly put up to it, demanded that Gompers come out in the open and drop his hinting, which gave Gompers a chance to name certain old party politicians, in congress who are now up for renomination (Scab Bread Cary included), and thus the trick was accomplished.

"Comrade Captain."

Victor Berger, John Spargo, Morris Hilquit and Robert Hunter are all on their way to Europe in one ship, going to the Socialist congress at Copenhagen. If this quartet doesn't have the captain saying "please, comrade" to the stokers before they arrive, there's no persuasiveness in Socialism.—Boston Globe.

Milwaukee Socialist Aldermen at Work

Milwaukee: The bi-party machine with its customary lack of constructiveness, on Monday used its blocking power to the limit, again holding up the \$100,000 hospital bond issue and holding up the ordinance creating the position of superintendent of purchases. The hospital, for which the Social-Democrats have fought hard, may be forced to wait until plans are selected by a jury and until a site is selected. There is expected to be no difficulty over the selection of a site, however, there being at present a fair idea of where the structure should go.

When the ordinance to create the office of superintendent of purchases came up the old party leaders, notably Ald. Carney (Dem.), charged the Social-Democrats with having made only

partisan appointments, a statement quickly disproven and absolutely without foundation. There also was a tilt over fixing the salary of C. A. Mullen, superintendent of street construction, at \$3,000 yearly. The administration had, however, the broad labeling ordinance was advanced to engrossment and an ordinance to create the office of deputy smoke inspector at a salary of \$1,200 yearly, was passed.

The council decided to purchase land for a new entrance to Lapham park and a tract at Eighth and Walnut streets, with the frontage from the Schlitz Brewery Co. for \$5,000.

The council considered none of the street car regulation measures, which were in the hands of the city attorney for a final draft so as to leave no loophole in them. They will be ready for adoption at the next council meeting.

The council took a humane stand in adopting the Churchill resolution recommending that policemen, street car crews, firemen and mail carriers be allowed to wear blouses in the hot weather.

Ald. Weiley, (S. D.) introduced the following:

WHEREAS, Under an ordinance duly passed and now become law, the policemen of the city have been granted twenty-four hours off in every fifteen days, although the chief of police, John T. Janssen, opposed the passage of same by every means in his power, WHEREAS, During the conven-

tion of the Knights of Pythias in Milwaukee this said chief arbitrarily deprived the men of their rightful off during the time from August 1st to August 7, and worked them fifteen hours per day, which gives point to the statement made by him some time ago that he intended to only enforce such measures as he personally considered reasonable, and

WHEREAS, The said chief had nineteen new men available for duty during the time stated, but did not utilize them, therefore

RESOLVED, That the said chief of police is hereby informed that the council will insist on his showing a decent respect for the laws it passes and that a further unnecessary interference with the workings of the law giving off to the policemen on his part will subject him not only to the censure of this body, but that such further steps will be taken as may be necessary to make the law effective.

Ald. Gorecki, (S. D.) introduced the following:

To amend Section 44 of Chapter 25 of the General Ordinance of 1906.

THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Milwaukee do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Section 44 of Chapter 25 of an ordinance entitled "An Or-

What the Municipal Research Bureau Would do for City

By Victor L. Berger.

THE cost-keeping system could be made and ought to be made the basis for a Bureau of Municipal Research which in the near future should arrange a Municipal Survey in the city of Milwaukee.

The object of the Survey should be the getting of accurate and adequate knowledge of economic conditions, leading to practical plans for social betterment.

We would suggest the following topics:

First—Cost of Living. By this we mean an investigation including the comparison of prices paid by the people of Milwaukee for victuals—meat, eggs, butter, and other produce—with the prices received by farmers, gardeners, and other producers. This with a view to bringing farmers and consumers closer together.

All this could be done in order to execute a practicable plan for municipal markets in connection with the municipal terminal, or in some similar way.

However, the purpose would be to reduce the cost of living for the citizens of Milwaukee and especially for the working class as soon as possible.

Second—Legal Aid. By this we mean investigation of actual conditions as to law suits or litigation on the part of persons without means and without knowledge of law in courts.

It is unnecessary to dwell upon the many hardships and losses that emanate to the working class from that source, particularly as to personal injury cases, wage exemptions, mechanics' liens, personal property, etc. A practical plan for free legal aid, similar to that of German cities, should be the outcome of this investigation. And it will be especially important, in case the legislature enacts a workmen's compensation law.

Third—Hospitals and dispensaries. Here also investigations can do an immeasurable good to the working class by finding out and publishing the actual conditions of the sick and diseased in workingmen's homes. Hospitals and dispensaries, such as are in use in German cities, would undoubtedly be the result of that investigation.

Fourth—Unemployment. This may become a most important problem at any moment if a financial or industrial crisis should set in. The investigations in this line should be permanent. And the city could do much to alleviate conditions and supplement private employment by shifting municipal employment to winter months. A great deal might even be done by the city in providing in advance against the effects of an industrial depression, at least as far as Milwaukee is concerned.

A municipal Survey could do nothing more important nor more difficult. And that part of the work should be started as early as possible.

Fifth—Immigration. This is a most important subject and has been neglected so far.

The Survey should investigate the effect of the competition of immigrant labor upon home labor. It should investigate the padroni, the contractors, the employment agencies. Some bureau can be devised by which both immigrants and the home laborers could be protected. That bureau could be connected with the Legal Aid Bureau.

Sixth—Industrial Hygiene, especially as to hours of labor, speed, fatigue, wages, physique, vitality, etc. The conditions of the factories in Milwaukee should be thoroughly investigated and the Health Department and the State Bureau of Labor made to co-operate.

Seventh—Housing and Sanitation, especially as to overcrowding, lack of cleanliness, etc. Here too the state and city boards of health might co-operate.

Eighth—Boys, especially boys from fourteen to sixteen. The Survey should investigate the general condition of boys of that age. Furthermore, it should consider industrial and apprenticeship education, and continuation schools and preparation for the trade school—in all cases where the boys no longer attend the regular schools. Here the Milwaukee School Board and the University Extension Department might co-operate as to the creation of social centers, etc.

Ninth—Girls. The Survey might do the same for the girls from fourteen to sixteen.

Tenth—The conditions of working women, girls, and children—especially as to hours, health, morality, wages, etc. Here also the Milwaukee Health Department and the State Bureau of Labor might co-operate.

Nor is this all. Other subjects might be handled by the Survey. The co-operation of other organizations and of the state and national government might be solicited.

At any rate, the cost-keeping system and the municipal Survey should create a permanent municipal bureau of research to carry out such work as may be started by the Survey and to start other work that is not now urgent nor thought of.

The eyes of the world and especially of the citizens of the United States are upon Milwaukee and the Social-Democratic administration. We shall have to make good in a much higher sense and to a much larger extent than even our greatest admirers or our most bitter enemies imagine.

Since there is no precedent in the United States for the work the Socialist administration can accomplish, we shall have to set our own standard and be judged by it. And we are willing to be judged by it. And we are willing to carry out this program as far as the laws of the State of Wisconsin, the charter of Milwaukee, and the financial condition of this nearly bankrupt city treasury will permit us.

Victor L. Berger

dinance to Revise, Consolidate and Amend the General Ordinances of the City of Milwaukee" passed May 28, 1906, is hereby amended to read as follows: No person shall cut, break, tear, deface or otherwise injure or destroy any grass plot, flower bed, ornamental or shade tree or shrub, or lamp post in or upon any street, sidewalk, alley, or other public place, within the limits of the City of Milwaukee, under a penalty of not less than Ten Dollars, nor exceeding One Hundred Dollars, for each and every offense.

Section 2: This ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage and publication.

The council committee on health demonstrated that Social-Democratic aldermen think of the working class Tuesday when it refused to recommend for passage an ordinance introduced during the last administration at the instance of Dr. G. A. Bading, then health commissioner, because it would work a menace to working girls, though it might save inconvenience to the "upper crust." The measure was one fixing the time for sweeping sidewalks at before 7:30 a. m., and after 7 p. m. Ald. Jacob Rum-

(Continued to 11th page.)

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD
 Published by the
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY
 344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.
FREDERIC HEATH VICTOR L. BERGER
 Editor Associate
 The Herald is Not Responsible for Opinions of its Contributors.
 Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Recent Herald callers: C. E. Wharton, Kenton, O.; A. F. Bing, E. Brosch, Chicago, Ill.; A. Fay, Cleveland, O.; John G. Cooper, Buffalo, N. Y.; Willoughby Walling, A. M. Simons, Chicago, Ill.; Hugo Lenz, Miles City, Mont.; Ray Stannard Baker, New York, N. Y.

The new constitution of the National Finnish Socialist Organization has been adopted by referendum vote and went into effect July first. Under the new constitution the Finnish organization is divided into three districts, known as the Eastern, Middle and Western districts. Each district has its own executive committee and secretary. The committees are to take charge of all agitation in their respective districts and hold their own conventions, etc. The Middle District convention will be held in Hancock, Mich., August 20th, at the same time the annual meeting of the Työmies Publishing Company takes place.

Two new and timely leaflets have just been issued by the National Office and are ready for shipment. One is a four-page leaflet entitled "Address to Organized Labor," and is just the thing for distribution in the unions. Price \$1.00 per thousand. The second is entitled "Breaking Up the Family," a two-page leaflet.

Half Hours in the Herald Sanctum
 Correspondents are urged to write as briefly as possible and on one side of the paper only. We are not responsible for views of our correspondents.

We have received such a deluge of letters on the question of the Wilshire mine and the propriety of a Socialist securing a prominence in the party and then turning it to business uses for self enrichment, that we shall have to limit ourselves to the publication of one or two letters characteristic of the two sides of the controversy and end the matter there, for the present, at least. It may be stated that by far the majority of letters denounce Wilshire and his speculative schemes, while on the other side personal acquaintances condemn us for making the matter public, some holding that a Socialist cannot do wrong, others that they purchased his stock because they know a good thing when they see it, and that all will yet be well—and there is life there is hope. One correspondent speaks of the persecution of Wilshire some years ago by the postal authorities, but our investigation of that matter let us long ago to the fear that Wilshire magnified his difficulties for the sake of sympathy and its benefits in getting more subscribers. Another correspondent is mistaken when he speaks of him as the old millionaire, Socialist. He never was a millionaire in the days that he was billed as such, although in recent years he seems to have almost made a million out of the movement. The whole matter is a very regrettable one, but good may come of it. For if the party turns its back on the encouragement of stock schemes it will tend to keep all kinds of sharpers from fastening upon the American Socialist Movement.

Concrete, Iron and Brick
 (Continued from 1st page.)
 brick. It is modern and fire-proof. Such a building is estimated to cost about \$50,000 or \$55,000. With the price of the lot it will bring the cost of the total improvement up to about \$65,000. Considering that the Milwaukee Socialist movement is entirely proletarian in character and that we have no rich men connected with it, this project is a mighty big one. It is by all odds the most gigantic ever tackled so far.

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I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of non-assessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, for which find enclosed \$.....
 No. of shares.....Subscriber.....
 Amount.....Address.....

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I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of non-assessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and the sum of twenty-five dollars in four installments of twenty-five per cent each, due and payable on the first day of each month, but in no case shall the last payment be made later than December 31, 1910.
 Enclosed herewith find \$..... for the first installment. I agree to pay the balance monthly thereafter as above enumerated.
 No. of shares.....Subscriber.....
 Amount.....Address.....

Reformism vs. Marxism—By Robert Hunter

(Written for The Herald.)
ANY friends fail to understand what the Socialist means when he speaks of Reformism as opposed to Marxism. Even those opponents who recognize the difference between revolution and insurrection rarely understand the Socialist's attitude toward reform.

In the discussion then of Socialist tactics there often exists a certain amount of confusion in the use of these terms.

Perhaps the easiest way to illustrate the difference between Reformism and Marxism, as the Socialist understands them, is by the following diagram.

Capitalist Class vs. Working Class.
 Reformism vs. Marxism.
 Fabianism vs. Class Action.
 Ministerialism vs. Independence.
 Begging vs. Demands.
 Alms vs. Concessions.

The Socialist sees throughout the modern industrial world the working class engaged in a struggle with the capitalist class.

That struggle takes a thousand different forms. One sees evidence of that struggle on every page of one's daily paper, in almost every act of a legislature and indeed in almost everything done anywhere.

The capitalist class recognizes the struggle one day and denies it the next. It is confused. Its mind has no clarity. Yet whether recognizing it or denying it the capitalist class WILL NOT strive to abolish it.

The working class is equally confused. It participates in the struggle almost every hour and yet, too, frequently denies its existence. Yet whether recognizing it or denying it the working class IS striving to abolish it.

The Socialist sees in this struggle the most significant fact in modern society. He therefore seeks to make men see and recognize that struggle in order that they may search out the cause of it and strive to abolish it.

The Socialist stands, therefore, distinct MENTALLY from the confusion of the capitalists as well as from the confusion of the workers.

The class struggle provides him with a plan of action and he sets out to draw together those who recognize that struggle, and STRIVE to abolish it.

He believes that struggle arises from the private ownership of the means of production and that it can be abolished only when the community socializes the means of production. The socialization of industry then becomes a programme.

Many men recognize the wisdom of that program without seeing at all the struggle that gives rise to it. Even among capitalists there are those who believe in extending gov-

ernmental control and ownership and in the middle class there is a multitude who believe in governmental control and ownership.

The Socialist then has presented to him two lines of action. He can ally himself with those who sentimentally support some FORM of collective action, or he can ally himself with those who are forced consciously to struggle against the oppression of capitalism.

The capitalist class may lead to reform the present regime without doing away with the class struggle. It is willing when necessary to carry out certain reforms to help the working class but it is not willing to emancipate the working class.

For the sake of reforms men who call themselves Socialists pursue various tactics. Some co-operate with the parties in power. Some enter into all kinds of electoral alliances with the more advanced parties. Some have accepted positions in the cabinets of capitalist governments.

The "Socialist" proceed on the lines of those who work with the Civic Federation or the great railroads or the trusts in the hope of obtaining some betterment of the conditions of the working class.

That is Opportunism, Reformism, Fabianism, Ministerialism. It seeks to join together capitalist and worker in an unnatural hypocritical union.

But the mass of Socialists hew close to the line of class struggle. While declining to move toward the capitalist class, they never hesitate to move toward the working class.

To obtain a united working class, struggling politically and industrially for power, the Socialists have made many sacrifices.

They have sacrificed programmes, principles even. They have put aside troublesome leaders. They have associated themselves with workers who opposed their doctrine.

They have joined, as for instance, in the first International Working Men's association, with Anarchists, Mutualists, Blanquists and Republicans.

Those Socialists have used all their power to end the age-long inter-factional war among the workers.

Where the labor movement was reformist they deplored that fact but worked with labor. Where it was dominated by Anarchists they deplored that fact but they worked with labor.

Where the labor movement refused to take political action they deplored that fact but they stood by labor until in the course of evolution it was forced to take political action.

This has been called "compromise" yet in taking that step Socialists were moving toward the working class and away from the capitalist class.

They were hewing true to the line swiftly and continuously from June to November of that year, when Wilshire had never even seen the prospect until November for the first time, and had ALL this time taken money from the "dear comrades" for something, he himself had never seen.

Find out—If during all this golden shower, Wilshire did not purchase automobiles, gamble in Wall street and lose, start a bank (of short life), start a book company, buy out a magazine, buy out a place gold prospect in South America THAT HE HAD NEVER SEEN, all with the money taken from the "dear comrades," by selling stock in a prospect, known as Bishop Creek, and for the development thereof.

Find out—If Wilshire did not then bamboozle the trusting comrades into the "necessity" of increasing the capitalization from five million to twenty-five million dollars scoop the difference for himself, pay off the clamoring original promoters with stock in the new company, pool their stock, go on smilingly selling his "personal stock" and by this re-capitalization of this prospect divide the holdings of the early purchasing comrades by five, some of whom had paid as high as FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE, for their stock.

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 Receipts for remittances on subscriptions received from outside the city of Milwaukee are acknowledged by the NUMBER ON THE WRAPPER. To these separate receipts are never sent.

The Builders' Column
 By A. W. Mance.
You Will Regret It
 If you do not order a bundle of the Labor Day edition of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Herald to distribute among your friends, you will regret it when you see a copy of it.
 In addition to being filled with the Milwaukee spirit, the Herald this year will contain matter that will thrill the workers of the American continent with the possibilities of what labor can do with its political power when exercised in the right direction.
Get That History
 Don't fail to secure eight readers for the Herald at our club rates and send them in at one time, and have your name recorded for the history of the Milwaukee Socialist campaign and victory which will be out some time in October.
A Little Effort From Each
 If each of the present readers of the Social-Democratic Herald will devote one hour to securing a few new subscribers, it will give the Herald-circulation such a boost that its effects will tell big on the election this fall.
A Simple Problem
 Securing subscriptions for the Social-Democratic Herald at present is only a question of going after them. Every live man and woman on the continent is interested in watching what the Socialist city government is doing and attempting, and planning to do.
The Endless Chain
 Herald subscriptions are coming from every state in the union every week. If you are one of the new readers, which someone induced to subscribe for the Herald, you should do as much for someone else, who is still feeding on the husks of Democrat and Republican party planks. This is the way we can form the endless chain, which can reach a million voters between now and election day.
The Fellow To Go After
 Go after the fellow, who you know is discontented and don't know what the trouble is. When he reads the Herald about six months, or a year, he will know the remedy and be telling it to his discontented friends. When they understand the Socialist programme they will no longer be fooled or sidetracked by any fake reforms, the old party heeled can put forth.
 H. Maloy of Laton, Cal., makes good use of the sub blanks he finds in his paper each week. He sends four more this week.
 L. T. Stock House, Durant, Okla., is one of the live ones from that bustling state who helps to keep Oklahoma list of Herald-readers a little longer than any other state outside of Wisconsin, though California is close on her heels.
 Charles Bont, Philadelphia, Pa., picked up five yearlies and is after more next week.
 Teddy has returned after a week's holidays spent fishing in Chicago. He says he got plenty of "bites" the first forty-eight hours he was there. He says you can send the subs along as fast as you want to now, and he will get them on the list. Teddy is a regular Walton when it comes to locating good fishing grounds.
 W. A. Williams, Pierre, S. D., is after them all the time. He adds four more to the list this week.
 Our sub lists are too small to accommodate all the names that C. F. Layson of Utica, N. Y., sends in.
 J. B. Ruhford writes: "Send me \$2 worth of your sub cards and I will try and interest some of my neighbors in The Herald."
 "Eight Letters to An American Farmer" is a fine Socialist appeal to the men who sweat and wear themselves out to produce our food. Written by a farmer! 5 cents a copy. Twenty-five for a dollar. This office.

How to Get It
 FROM the day the news of the Milwaukee victory flashed over the telegraph and cable wires of the world, letters have been pouring in by the thousand at the Milwaukee Social-Democratic headquarters, requesting samples of all the literature used in the campaign.
 It has been impossible to comply with these requests, because most of the material desired existed only in the files of The Social-Democratic Herald and the Milwaukee capitalist papers which contained most of the capitalists' attacks on the Social-Democratic party and its leaders. Much of the best and most interesting Milwaukee Socialist campaign literature is also looked up in the files of the same capitalist papers which contained the Socialists' reply to the capitalists' attacks and was paid for by the Social-Democratic party at the highest advertising rates.
 The few Social-Democrats in Milwaukee who possess a complete file of the material used in the memorable and epoch-making campaign of 1910, prize it above all other material in their library. They watch it as a sacred thing when they permit a stranger to look at it. It is something they will leave with pride and satisfaction to their children and grandchildren.
Will Be Put in Book Form
 To satisfy the demand from every point of the compass for this desirable information; and to preserve for posterity the true history of this far-reaching historical struggle, The Social-Democratic Herald has decided to publish it in book form.
 The book will come out and be ready for delivery about the 15th of October, 1910.
Will Not Be For Sale
 The book will not be for sale. It will be given only as a premium with subscriptions to The Social-Democratic Herald, Vorwarts (German), and Naprzod (Polish), the papers published by the Social-Democratic Publishing company, which were the medium of carrying on the perpetual campaign during the last twelve years.
 The book will contain all the important historical documents of the Milwaukee struggle and victory. It will be profusely illustrated on good book paper with fac-simile cuts of the attacks of the enemies of the workers and the replies thereto by the Social-Democratic campaign managers. In addition to the fac-similes of the historical documents it will contain good portraits of all the conspicuous characters who took part in it, together with a picture of the battle brigade.
Historical Sketch by Victor L. Berger
 Victor L. Berger, the veteran fighter, to whose indefatigable and ceaseless twenty years' labor the victory was largely due, will contribute, as his share of the book, a historical sketch of the Milwaukee movement from its inception.
 The book will also contain a review of all that has been accomplished, attempted and planned for the future since the Socialists gained control of the Milwaukee city government.
Do You Want One?
 If you want the history of the spectacular and far-reaching campaign you may have it by putting forth a little effort in extending the circulation of The Social-Democratic Herald.
 TO EACH PERSON WHO SENDS IN A CLUB OF EIGHT SUBSCRIBERS TO THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD AT ONE TIME we will send, postpaid, a copy of the History of the Socialist Movement of Milwaukee and the Campaign of 1910, and the victory which means so much to the Socialist movement of America, as soon as it is printed.
 Send eight subscriptions at the regular club rates at one time and we will record your name and send you the History as soon as it is printed.
Social-Democratic Publishing Co.,
 344 SIXTH STREET
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

WHY IS A SALOON?
 The connection of the saloon with the lives of the working class, and what it is that gives the saloon so strong a hold on the life of society, is the subject discussed by Senator Winfield R. Gaylord in his speech on "COUNTY OPTION" in the Wisconsin legislature.
PRICES
 Five cents per copy, \$4 per hundred, \$37.50 per thousand.
 Postage or express charges prepaid.
Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co.
 344 Sixth St. Milwaukee, Wis.

LABOR UNIONS AND POLITICAL PARTIES.
 By August Bebel, the great Socialist leader of German Reichstag.
 "The trade union is that organization of labor which fights for the improvement of the workingmen's condition on the field of the present order of government and society... but must carry on workingmen's politics—class struggle politics."—Extract from the book.
 Single copy, 5c; twenty-five copies, \$1.00; fifty copies, \$1.75; 100 copies, \$2.75.
 Urge your union to order 50 copies.
 Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.
"COUNTY OPTION"—Where Labor Stands at Present on the Lignier Question. By Senator Winfield R. Gaylord. Prices: Five cents per copy, \$4.00 per hundred, \$37.50 per thousand; postage or express prepaid.
 New York.

Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Melms, County Organizer, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

The Socialist Maennerchor held a successful basket picnic at Crystal Spring Park last Sunday afternoon.

The Bohemian-Slavonian Socialist societies have arranged for a concert, picnic and ball at Pabst Park, Saturday, August 20. Tickets ten cents. A good speaker will be present and the members of the various organizations, sympathizers and friends are cordially invited to attend.

The Ninth Ward branch, S. D. P., has arranged for an entertainment and ball at the Bahn Frei Turner hall, Sunday, September 18. The Bahn Frei turners and the members of the West Side Young People's Socialist League will render their assistance to make

this entertainment and ball a grand success. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

The Russian branch, S. D. P., has opened up a fine library at 679 Seventh street, corner Harmon. This library will be open each day from 8 o'clock a. m. to 10 o'clock p. m. The branch meets at this place every Tuesday evening.

The annual vintage festival of the Hungarian branch will be held Sunday, September 25, at the Liedertafel hall, corner Seventh and Prairie streets, beginning at 2 o'clock p. m. A fine program is promised for the festival.

Everything is in readiness for the monster annual basket picnic, to be held next Sunday afternoon and evening at Huelbeck's Grove, end of Tippecanoe car-line, by the Twelfth Ward branch, S. D. P. Games of various kinds have been arranged for during the afternoon and dancing will follow in the evening. Everybody is cordially invited to attend and help spend an enjoyable afternoon and evening with the Twelfth Ward Social-Democrats.

The Hungarian branch, S. D. P., holds its regular meeting every Saturday evening of the month at 526 Chestnut street (third floor). The first Saturday of each month is set aside for business to be transacted by said branch, while the balance of the Saturday

days are for debates and discussions on economic questions. This library is open from 8 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock in the evening each Saturday, and all the Hungarian workmen are cordially invited to make use of this library during these hours.

The Italian Branch of the Third ward will hold a special open meeting next Sunday afternoon, at 2 p. m., at 229 Wisconsin street. The loss of our late Comrade Leonardo Laffredo who passed away last week will come before this meeting. Comrade Laffredo was a resident of Bay View, in the Seventeenth Ward, and a good worker for the cause.

The First Ward Branch will hold an open meeting next Tuesday evening, August 23, at 8 p. m., at the Ethical hall, 558 Jefferson street. Everybody invited to attend.

Branch Meetings Next Week
SUNDAY
Slovak Workmen's Educational Club—344 Sixth street.
Finnish Branch—382 Washington st.
MONDAY
County Central Committee—Paschen's hall, 325 Chestnut Street.
TUESDAY
First Ward Branch—Ethical Building, 558 Jefferson Street.
Fifteenth Ward Branch—At Odd Fellow's Hall, Nineteenth and Villet Streets.
Twenty-first Ward Branch—Kloppman's Hall, 1432 Greenbay Avenue.
Twenty-third Ward Branch—C. Wollin's Hall, Thirtieth and Greenfield Avenues.
West Allis Branch—5619 Greenfield Avenue.

WEDNESDAY
Nineteenth Ward Branch—Eckelmann's Hall, 3109 Lisbon Avenue.
Danish Branch—382 Washington st.
Bay View Women's Club—Hof's Hall, 961 Kinnickinnic Avenue, 2 P. M.
THURSDAY
Twelfth Ward Branch—Hof's Hall, 961 Kinnickinnic Avenue.
Seventeenth Ward Branch—Odd Fellow's Hall, Pöter and Kinnickinnic Avenue.
South Side Young People's Socialist League—382 Washington Street.
West Women's Club—Waedekin's Hall, 2714 North Avenue.

FRIDAY
Third, Fourth, Seventh Ward Branch—344 Sixth Street.
Thirtieth Ward Branch—Schmidt's Hall, Cor. Third and Wright Streets.
Twentieth Ward Branch—Harrmann's Hall—Teutonia Avenue and Clarke Street.
T. of Milwaukee Branch—F. Koepke's Hall, Kent and Teutonia Avenues.
Jewish Branch—Horwitz Hall, Seventh and Harmon Streets.
West Side Young People's Socialist League—Odd Fellow's Hall, Nineteenth and Villet Streets.

SATURDAY
T. of Lake No. 3—Chas. Burmeister's Place, Howell Avenue, end of Tippecanoe car line.
Romanian Branch—344 Sixth St.

Milwaukee County Campaign Fund.
Send all contributions to Edmund T. Melms, Treasurer, 344 Sixth street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Amount received since Aug. 1, \$411.82

FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Hall for rent to local dealers down-town location. Walters Union Local No. 59 will rent their meeting hall at reasonable rates. Apply to W. W. Kean, Steward and Manager, 232 East Water Street. Tel. 1111.
DAMAGES COLLECTED
For personal injury. No charges if unsuccessful. Special and prompt attention guaranteed. Bonded Rapid Collecting Agency, Inc., 105 Broadway, Exchange Bldg., Phone Main 3124. A. B. 2341.

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15th floor, Railway Exchange Bldg., Milwaukee. Oldest and largest in the west. Twelve of the best and bonded representatives on all over the U. S. Owned and managed by Milwaukee business men. Reference and security unlimited. Collections made on commission. Who owes you? Can you collect? We can. Try us. Expert collectors of honest debts. We are the only incorporated bonded collecting agency in Wisconsin. Investigate. Get our rates and reference before placing your accounts for collection. A. B. 2341.

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BRANCHES! We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with stub, only \$25. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTING, 244 Sixth St.

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Wisconsin State Organization

Winfield R. Gaylord, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis., organizer, to whom news and other matters of this department should be sent.

Manitowoc—Comrade Bruins writes: "Although the weather was not at all to our liking and we were undetermined as late as two P. M., whether or not to postpone the Manitowoc county picnic, it was nevertheless a great success in many ways. The results of the picnic are: six new applications, two renewals, three application blanks taken out that the recipients promised to return filled out by next meeting, two others who have promised to join, a better understanding as to the necessity of a clear-cut Socialist movement represented by an organization that can not be swayed from the straight line and a better feeling towards the local in many directions. With such results we can not say that the picnic was anything but a grand success. The only drawback was that

the weather man persisted in holding dripping clouds over us all day long. Yet the crowd persisted in staying—women and all—to hear Minkley's speech and to the end. Comrade Minkley was well received and is better liked the oftener he comes here. He makes the right kind of an impression on the minds of the working people. They understand him and can't help agree with him all through. Indications are that we would have had the largest gathering of Socialists and Socialist sympathizers ever gathered together in Manitowoc County had the weather been fair. As it was it rained every half hour until time for the picnic to begin. About two hundred people—three-fourths of them women—stayed through it all. Besides these there was a host of children there and we intend to bid for their presence at every succeeding picnic so that when they grow up it will be natural for them to come to a Socialist gathering."

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Those Party Buttons—Comrades will please remember that they can raise a little fund for the branch by sending for party buttons. These sell for 50¢ per button. The cost to branch for 100 buttons is \$200. Branches holding picnics can help to clear their expenses by the sale of the little Red Flag button.

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Stafford's Friends
Milwaukee Journal: William H. Stafford, the representative in congress of the Joseph G. Cannon variety from the Fifth district of Wisconsin, after having pointed with pride to the Progressive achievements of the Sixty-second congress, in which he would have us believe he played an important part, has subsided to resume his "gunshoe" campaign work in the district.

Mr. Stafford may pride himself upon being a "Progressive" when he is addressing himself to the task of reviewing his congressional career for the benefit of those of his constituents who look to the label rather than to the substance, but he is not self-deceiving. He is quite well aware that unless he can work upon the appeal that friendship and personal acquaintance make through a series of heart-to-heart talks with his constituents his record of Progressive legislation enacted will prove of no avail.

So wherever there is a christening, wherever there is a wedding, wherever there is a merry making or mourning there Stafford will be found, rejoicing with those who are glad and mourning with those who are heavily laden.

If it were a question of electing a pleasant gentleman to congress, a man whose manners are not offensive and whose greeting always is cheerful, no better man could be found than Mr. Stafford. If the voters of the Fifth district desired to give a new hold to Cannonism, a more faithful servant than Mr. Stafford could not be found. If they wanted to be taxed to the limit of endurance for the profit of tariff-sheltered trusts, Mr. Stafford would be an ideal representative.

But as they do not want to strengthen Cannonism or be oppressed with the burden of excessive tariff taxes or delivered over to the tender mercies of the special interests they cannot return Mr. Stafford to congress without proving false to themselves. For however interested the Fifth district congressman may seem to be in the personal welfare of each of his constituents, his friends are to be found among those masterful men of big business who remain in the background and direct government to the service of their selfish ends.

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Stafford's Friends
Milwaukee Journal: William H. Stafford, the representative in congress of the Joseph G. Cannon variety from the Fifth district of Wisconsin, after having pointed with pride to the Progressive achievements of the Sixty-second congress, in which he would have us believe he played an important part, has subsided to resume his "gunshoe" campaign work in the district.

Mr. Stafford may pride himself upon being a "Progressive" when he is addressing himself to the task of reviewing his congressional career for the benefit of those of his constituents who look to the label rather than to the substance, but he is not self-deceiving. He is quite well aware that unless he can work upon the appeal that friendship and personal acquaintance make through a series of heart-to-heart talks with his constituents his record of Progressive legislation enacted will prove of no avail.

So wherever there is a christening, wherever there is a wedding, wherever there is a merry making or mourning there Stafford will be found, rejoicing with those who are glad and mourning with those who are heavily laden.

If it were a question of electing a pleasant gentleman to congress, a man whose manners are not offensive and whose greeting always is cheerful, no better man could be found than Mr. Stafford. If the voters of the Fifth district desired to give a new hold to Cannonism, a more faithful servant than Mr. Stafford could not be found. If they wanted to be taxed to the limit of endurance for the profit of tariff-sheltered trusts, Mr. Stafford would be an ideal representative.

But as they do not want to strengthen Cannonism or be oppressed with the burden of excessive tariff taxes or delivered over to the tender mercies of the special interests they cannot return Mr. Stafford to congress without proving false to themselves. For however interested the Fifth district congressman may seem to be in the personal welfare of each of his constituents, his friends are to be found among those masterful men of big business who remain in the background and direct government to the service of their selfish ends.

POPULAR PREPARATIONS
Try our 1 lb. Violet Talcum Powder for 25c

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Pharmacist
112 Teutonia Ave.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

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The Daily Chronicle

Published Weekly for the Dissemination of Jabs and Jolts

Sheriff Franke seems to think the people are such fools that they will swallow anything.

Chief Janssen's administration of the policemen's off's is already showing favoritism and monkey-work.

Milwaukee's health department, under the new administration, is going forward with its development of consideration of the masses and treatment for five of the most dreaded diseases may now be obtained from the city without profit. These are: Cerebro spinal meningitis, from which scores of babies die each year; tetanus, the feared lockjaw; smallpox, for which vaccinations are given each morning between 11 and 12 by an assistant health commissioner there for that purpose; rabies, for which two people are now being treated, and diphtheria.

The efficiency of the health department is increasing, from all indications. Those inclined to aid are being given attention and glad

Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE ST.
TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742

Meetings on 1st and 3d Wednesdays (8 P.M.), Freie Gemeinde Hall, Fourth St., Bet. Cedar and State.

OFFICERS:
Corresponding Secretary—JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St.
Recording Secretary—FREDERICK HEATH, 34 Sixth St.
Secretary—TREASURER—E. J. HIGDON, 1056 Eighteenth St.
Sergeant-at-Arms—M. WISENPLUH, 1577 Louis Ave.
Business Agent—FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State St.

EXECUTIVE BOARD:—Henry Rumpel, Walter S. Fisher, John J. Handley, Albert Walters, James Sheehan, John Hader, Edmund Melms.

LABEL SECTION:—Meetings 3d and 4th Thursday evenings, 318 State St. Chairman, Wm. Bailer, V. C. M. H. Whitaker, Treas., H. P. Boek, 1115 25th St.

BUILDING TRADES SECTION:—Meetings 3d and 4th Thursday evenings, 318 State St. Cor. Sec., John Schweigert, 20 Fifth St. Pin St. Henry Rumpel, 318 State St. Business Agent, Wm. Griebing, 318 State St. (Chartered by A. F. of L. B. T. Dept.)

THE UNION LABEL continues to stand for "A Nobler Manhood, a More Beautiful Womanhood and a Happier Childhood." The courts have not yet taken from us the right to employ this means to the end—labor's freedom. While we may let us **USE ITS POWER**

Union Barber Shops

Always see that this card is displayed in the shop before you get a shave or haircut.

UNION SHOP

FRED. GROSSE
FINE LINE OF UNION CIGARS
577 E. Water St.
Shaving Parlor

J. N. GAUER
SHAVING PARLOR
805 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE
Opposite South Bay St.

H. KUHN'S BARBER SHOP
452 REED STREET, Corner Scott

LOUIS JUNGEMANN BARBER SHOP
825 Ninth St.

H. C. MUNDT SHAVING PARLOR
166 LLOYD ST.
Fine Line of Union Cigars

J. P. KINSELLA Shaving Parlor
227 1/2 Howell Avenue

CHAS. MAROHN BARBER SHOP
Clean, Quick Service. 497 1/2 Russell Ave.

OLE A. OLSEN Social Democratic
Hair Cutting & Shaving Parlor
815 Forest Home Avenue

ST. CHARLES HOTEL
Barber Shop and Bath Rooms
EMIL TRIEBE, Proprietor

"KORNS KURED"
with Waukeazy Corn Cure
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
FRED A. WENZEL
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST
Howell Ave. and Clarence St.

UNION MADE
Gerhard Suspender
Every Pair Guaranteed for 1 Year. Best Work. Harmon's Suspender Made. Ask Your Dealer for Gerhard Suspenders.
907 THIRD STREET

The Strissguth-Petran Engraving Co. makes "quality cuts"

HENRY F. SCHMIDT
561 SALOON
Muskego Avenue

GOETHEL & RODEN
Tin, Zinc, Galvanized Iron and Copper Work
Jobbing and Repairing Estimates cheerfully given
117 STAMORE ST. Phone Grand 1874

R. JESKE & BRO.
The TINNERS
Galvanized Iron Works
Fireproof Windows
111-119 RESERVOIR AVENUE

Chicago House ALL NEWLY FURNISHED
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524-526 East Water Street
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C. D. WAUGH
Expert Optician
320 GRAND AVE.
When You CAN'T SEE WE'LL WAUGH

F. TEWS OYSTERS, CRABS
Phone So. 3718
473 FIRST AVENUE 373

Federated Trades Council.

Regular meeting, Aug. 17, 1910.
Bro. H. P. Boek in the chair; Bro. Wm. Griebing, vice-chairman.
All officers present.
Roll call of organizations, on motion, was dispensed with.
Minutes read and approved.
New delegates seated from Woodcarvers, No. 18; Upholsterers, No. 20; Bridge Tenders, No. 13,039 (new); Garment Workers, No. 71; Iron Molders, No. 121; Glove Workers, No. 37; Iron Molders, No. 125.
Laid over: Web Pressmen, No. 23.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—COUNTY COURT
In Probate
STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County—ss.
In the matter of the last will and testament of Emma Schellhorn deceased.

WHEREAS, a instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Emma Schellhorn deceased, late of City of Milwaukee County of Milwaukee, State of Wisconsin, has been delivered and deposited with the above named court; and whereas, application has been made by Theodor Schellhorn praying that the same be proved and admitted to Probate, according to the laws of this State; and that Letters Testamentary be granted thereon according to law to Theodor Schellhorn.

It is further ordered that notice of said application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in said county, prior to said hearing.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1910.
By the Court
JOHN SCHLEHLEIN, Jr.
First Assistant Register of Probate
WILLIAM & MENSING
ATTORNEYS
Room 8 Metropolitan Block

PLAUM CLOTHING CO.

Clothiers, Hatters
Men's Furnishers

We Carry a Large Line of
Union-Made Clothing
HATS AND FURNISHINGS

Merchant Tailoring

491 493 ELEVENTH AVENUE

SPECIAL

4 foot Zig Zag Rules
Next Week ONLY 19c
HINZ HARDWARE CO.
The Tool Store
444 National Ave.

Theo. Twelmeyer
Watchmaker and Jeweler
2111 North Avenue

Adolph Heumann SALOON

526 Chestnut St., Milwaukee

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Telephone South 310
1072 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE

WM. WIGDER OPTICIAN
If your eyes need GLASSES, consult me.
495 Twelfth St.

THIS MAN'S STORE IS CROWDED BECAUSE WE DO HIS PRINTING

WE CAN CROWD YOUR STORE IN THE SAME WAY
Catalogues, Handbills, Folders and Commercial Forms Our Specialty
Call at This Office For Jobwork...
THE CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY
344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

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The report of the Label Section was read. The Section requested information of the F. T. C., as to whether it could send delegates to the State Federation of Labor. Report filed.

Bro. Edw. Wiman, international president of the Bricklayers, was granted the floor to ask moral support for his craft.

The Executive Board reported a communication from the Boiler Makers of Kewanee, Ill., asking moral support in the struggle against the open shop at the works of the Kewanee Boiler Co. Delegates were asked to report back.

The Board instructed Bro. Melms to write to Chicago for further information concerning the Co-Industrial Co., and the National Co-operative Dairy Co., whose representative, Gustav Schulz, appeared before the Board to ask to have their literature distributed.

Approved.

A communication from the Label Section relative to sending delegates to state convention was referred on approval of the council to the State Federation of Labor.

The Board presented the following resolution:

Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of the Executive Board of the Federated Trades Council, that the American Federation of Labor is at present assisting certain city Central Bodies in organization work by depriving the salary and expenses of a permanently located local organizer of the A. F. of L. in those industrial centers; and

Whereas, We are of the opinion that the plan of a permanent located salaried organizer of the A. F. of L. in those industrial centers is a wise, and effective system in carrying on the work of organizing the workers in their respective trades; and the establishment of a harmonious co-operation and solidarity, between them to eliminate the wrongs and injustices that exist under our present system of production and distribution; and

Whereas, This system of having permanently located, local salaried organizer should be enlarged upon, therefore be it

Resolved, By the Federated Trades Council of the city of Milwaukee, that the American Federation of Labor on the recommendation of the City Central appoint in each and every city of 35,000 inhabitants in the United States, a permanently located Local Organizer, and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to the A. F. of L. and submitted to next annual convention thereof.

On motion the resolutions were adopted.

On motion the report of the Executive Board was concurred in as a whole.

Delegate Packard moved that the council endorse the proposed city legislation to license engineers.

Moved that the proposed license ordinance be read to council.

Carried.

Moved that the F. T. C. goes on record as endorsing the ordinance, subject to the right of amendment before the judiciary committee of the common council.

Moved as a substitute that the council go on record in favor of an engineers' license.

Carried by rising vote of 101 to 43.

Moved to refer to the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor the subject of the attitude and record of Capt. Mitchell Lewis toward organized labor to acquaint the workingmen of the state with the facts.

Carried.

Third reading of amendments to the constitution.

Moved that a vote be taken upon same as the first order of business at the next regular meeting.

Carried.

RECEIPTS FOR EVENING.

Tickets, No. 3.....	\$ 1.20
Wis. S. F. of L., one-half of labor column.....	15.00
Plumber Laborers, No. 1.....	1.20
Glove Cutters, No. 37.....	1.50
Carpenters, No. 188.....	1.41
Carpenters, No. 1053.....	2.60
Carpenters, No. 1580.....	.70
Painters, No. 922, rent.....	6.00
John Kiechert, Labor Day tickets.....	124.16
	\$53.80

DISBURSEMENTS.

Frank J. Weber, ribbon for badges.....	\$ 4.11
Frank J. Weber, scrubbing.....	5.00
Frank J. Weber, window cleaning.....	2.25
Frank J. Weber, sundries.....	.75
Frank J. Weber, salary.....	50.00
Executive Board.....	5.50
W. S. Fisher, editorial services (two weeks).....	10.00
John Brophy, Labor Day com.....	1.35
Frank W. Neumer, Labor Day com.....	2.45

There being no further business, the council adjourned.

FREDERICK HEATH,
Rec. Secretary.

UNION HACK DRIVERS.

The following liverymen in Milwaukee can furnish union drivers on request. Their barns are not unionized, but they employ some union men. When ordering a rig insist on a union driver:

Brett, Arthur J., 281 Reed st.
Czerwinski, M., 650 Fourth ave.
Crocker, C. J., 1224 Grand Ave. rear.
Feldmann, Chas., 1220 Garfield ave.
Fennig, K., 405 Lincoln Avenue
Hartmann, George W., 709 Tenth st.
Juneau Park Livery, 417 Marshall st.
Kasik, Emil J., 653 Fifth St.
Kemper, Herman, 1217 Reed st.
Kohn, M. A., 809 Thirty-sixth st.
Miller, Sam R., 510 Market st.
E. Schmitt, 2425 West Street.
Tegen, William, 409 Tenth st.

UNION BREAD.

The following downtown restaurants use union-label bread:

Jacobs, Third and State streets.
U. S. Restaurant, Third street, near Second Ward Bank.
Miller Cafe, East Water and Mason streets.
Moll & Thane, East Water and Michigan streets.
Kiesel Restaurant, Mason street, between East Water street and Broadway.
Albion Hotel, Michigan street, between Jefferson and Jackson streets.
Winnor, H. A., Milwaukee street, opposite Shubert theater.
Walter's Restaurant, 250 Third st.

If you are looking for printing of the better sort—the kind that attracts attention and brings business, you will ask us to give you figures. We strive to please. The Co-operative Printery, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

News of Organized Labor

Conducted by Walter S. Fisher
Address all Communications to 318 State St.

Milwaukee.—The new scale of the Typographical Union, which was presented to the newspaper employers during the early part of June, did not go to a board of arbitration, as was anticipated a few weeks ago, after it looked as though all negotiations were at an end, but instead another conference was arranged and the whole matter was amicably adjusted. By the terms of the new agreement, which has been signed for a period of three years, all men employed on evening newspapers receive an immediate increase of \$1.00 per week, an additional increase of 50 cents per week at the expiration of one year, and a further increase of 50 cents per week at the end of the second year, and time and one-half for all overtime. The men employed on morning newspapers receive an increase of \$1.00 per week. This now makes the wages of the printers on evening newspapers \$3.00 per week, and on morning newspapers \$25.00 per week. The new scale dates from August 8, 1910.

Durand, Mich.—The big strike on the Grand Trunk Railway has been won by the men in spite of all this big foreign-owned corporation could do with the state militia and imported strikebreakers, and they were forced to accede to the demands of their employees. All strikers are to be reinstated and an increase in wages amounting to 18 per cent, and dating back to May 1, of this year, will be granted. The strikers called on the state railway commission to investigate strikebreakers and these officials ordered the company to discharge a large number of thugs. At South Bend, Ind., the mayor openly charged the company with looking for trouble and refused to demand soldiers.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—After a strike of about a month, the Carpenters' Union has won out. All the contractors in the city, with three or four exceptions, have signed their agreement, granting them a minimum wage scale of 50 cents per hour for the eight-hour day, and the forty-two and one-half hour week. This means an advance in wages for the carpenters of 5 cents per hour.

Omaha, Neb.—The members of the Iron Molders' Union recently signed an agreement with the employing foundrymen, which calls for a minimum wage of \$3.30 and \$3.35 for core makers and molders, respectively. This means an increase of 20 cents per day for molders, and 65 cents per day for core makers.

Oakdale, Pa.—The members of the Carpenters' Union on the Oakdale and McDonald division recently negotiated a new contract, which calls for a wage scale of 20 cents per hour. This is an increase of 1 1/2 cents per hour.

Winnipeg, Can.—The Steamfitters employed by the Canadian Northern Railway company, who have been on strike for five weeks, have succeeded in getting an advance in wages of 5 cents an hour and increased pay for overtime.

New York, N. Y.—Another big clothing strike is now in full swing in this city. Last week fifteen thousand and coat makers, six thousand of whom are women, quit work in three hundred factories, demanding an increase in wages and a fifty-three hour working week.

Lancaster, Pa.—The Carpenters have won their fight in this city, and all but three of the contractors have conceded their demands. The new agreement calls for an increase in wages of 3 cents per hour, making a minimum scale of 30 cents per hour, 9 hours for the first five days in the week and four hours on Saturday.

Jersey City, N. J.—All the blacksmiths and helpers employed by the New York and New Jersey Metal Trades Association have succeeded in signing up a new wage agreement with the association and are now working under same. By the terms of the new scale all blacksmiths who have been earning \$1.60 per day, will get an increase of 10 per cent; those earning from \$3.60 to \$4.00 per day, inclusive, will get an increase of 7 1/2 per cent.

Co-op. Printery, printing..... 275 \$84.16

per cent, and those earning over \$4.00 per day will receive an increase of 5 per cent. The helpers will all receive an increase in wages of 10 per cent.

Terre Haute, Ind.—Through a local board of arbitration the members of the Typographical Union have received an increase in wages of \$1.50 per week, one-half of which is to be in force for two years, and the whole amount to be in force during the last three years of a five-year agreement. At the end of the first two years the scale will be \$24.00 per week for night work, and \$22.50 for day work.

San Mateo, Cal.—The Worn Lumber company, owners of the largest mill in San Mateo county, has signed up with the Building Trades Council to employ union men and to abide by union rules in all its departments, which includes millmen, teamsters, and lumber handlers. This is the first break in the ranks of the Peninsula Lumber Dealers' Association, and from all indications means a speedy victory for organized labor in this vicinity.

New York, N. Y.—The strike of the vest makers, a branch of the United Garment Workers, which began on July 27, has been brought to a successful termination all along the line. There were about 130 shops affected and about 3,000 members of the branch were out. It being impossible on the part of the bosses to secure competent help, they were willing to sign an agreement with the union. The settlement increases the wages, besides bettering the conditions of the workers in many other respects.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The members of the Iron Molders recently secured an advance in wages of 35 cents per day for both molders and core makers, and a 10 per cent increase for pieceworkers. In connection with this settlement several brass foundries where no agreement had existed previously fell into line with the advance.

San Francisco, Cal.—The hodcarriers' strike in this city was settled on Aug. 3, with the understanding that all hodcarriers who are not attending bricklayers and plasterers shall work only eight hours a day instead of eight and one-half hours and that they shall be paid for a full day, receiving the same as the other hodcarriers who work the extra time.

Toledo, Ohio.—After several days of negotiating, a satisfactory adjustment has been made of the differences existing between the Ashley Heating and Lighting company and the Stationery Firemen's Union. A new contract has been signed whereby the men receive an increase in wages of 10 per cent, an eight-hour day, and two weeks' vacation in the summer time with half pay for all firemen.

Warren, Pa.—The Barbers' Union recently succeeded in putting a wage scale into effect, something they never had before, and which gives the men a substantial increase. Former wages were \$12 per week and no per cent, and they now have a scale of \$13 per week and half over \$20, and one-half day off each week with full pay.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y.—The Plumbers were recently successful in signing a new agreement, which provides for an increase in wages of 50 cents per day. Their scale is now \$4.50.

Austin, Tex.—The Leather Workers on Horse Goods have reached an understanding with the W. T. Wroe Co., and the men have returned to work at nine hours with a 10 per cent increase in wages.

Lafayette, Ind.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers have been notified by the general manager of the Monon railroad that the demands of the engineers for an increase in wages will be granted and will date back to July 1. The new schedule provides that passenger engineers will receive \$4.90 a hundred miles instead of \$3.35 to \$3.65, the old scale, and engineers on freight locomotives having less than twenty-inch cylinders will receive \$4.50 a hundred miles.

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Toledo, Ohio.—After several days of negotiating, a satisfactory adjustment has been made of the differences existing between the Ashley Heating and Lighting company and the Stationery Firemen's Union. A new contract has been signed whereby the men receive an increase in wages of 10 per cent, an eight-hour day, and two weeks' vacation in the summer time with half pay for all firemen.

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Where Sheriff Franke Gets Off

Sheriff Franke had the undoubted right to seek election through the activity of the various ward heelers, gamblers and coffee-cookers that he could get to work for him. That he campaigned by hook or crook was indicated by the fact that while the county went Republican, he a Democrat, was elected sheriff.

But his reliance on dirty, conscienceless heelers should have ended there. He had no moral right to put this pest of lowcasts in power in the county.

In accepting his high and responsible office he took an oath to administer it for the public good.

But he has never done so. He has made the jail a roost for soiled politicians, and the whole sheriff's force has been demoralized from the start, undisciplined, and in many cases a raud upon the county payroll.

Prisoners have been actually robbed by officials at the jail. Citizens were slugged by deputy sheriffs.

One of the jokes in the statement that Franke gave out the last week in answer to Supervisor Sheehan, was that "there has been less crime committed in the county during my administration than at any time heretofore," while at the same time he was "crying that the county is full of rowdies and he must have more men." He said there was less crime

now than heretofore. He needs more men to take care of that less amount of crime and YET HE HAS FOURTEEN MEN MORE THAN SHERIFF CARY HAD, AND IS STILL YELLING FOR MORE!

He says there has been law and order out in the county where he was able to place men, but rowdism and stabbings where he did not have men enough to cover the localities. That's rich! Perhaps Franke thinks we do not know some things about his rag-tag and piebald aggregation of "picked men" that he put on the job because of the obligations he incurred in the disreputable campaign by which he was elected. Let us throw out a hint.

Two Sundays ago when there was a robbery in a town west of the city the deputy sheriff stationed there could not be found. But he was finally found the next day (Sunday) tending bar. We will withhold his name for the present. This is only a sample.

There has been no management of his large force. The men, a good many of them, appear to have done about as they pleased.

Some have made it a practice to only report when they felt like it by telephone, and to use their time according to their own caprice.

Men supposed to be on duty nights

From Our Readers

(TO THE EDITOR.)

What I noticed in the Third Ward, Friday and Saturday last week. A sewer is being laid on Milwaukee street between Detroit and Buffalo streets. On Friday noon at four minutes of 1 o'clock I saw the foreman of the laborers (15 in number), give the signal to start work, the command was obeyed and I was surprised that the poor hardworking men were robbed of their full noon hour. My watch was right and there is no mistake about it as the whistles blew when the men had been working several minutes. I was sore and watched the foreman the next day. I was a little earlier on the scene to see whether a practice was made of that noon hour robbing affair. On Saturday noon the men started just five minutes before 1 p. m. I pulled my watch out and communicated the fact to some of the nearby workers showing my five fingers and pointing to my watch. Three of them stopped until the whistles blew while a few others shrugged their shoulders and half heartedly kept on working. Fifteen men were employed in that block, each man robbed of four minutes at least, totalling sixty minutes extra profits for the contractor (provided the men don't have to start and quit before 7 a. m. and 6 p. m.). A Comrade.

(TO THE EDITOR.)

To the Editor: I enclose a clipping from the Free Press announcing that another unsightly factory building will be erected on upper Milwaukee river. Can't this be stopped before a permit is granted? It is a pity that the beauty of our river near Riverside park is already marred by the Christensen Manufacturing Company. By the way, is there no law to prevent that company from discharging refuse water into the river? There is a bad stench near the sewer pipe at the water's edge.

Since the Social-Democratic party is in power I take more interest in our city, as complaints are now given attention. A COMRADE.

Victim of Female Reporter.

Reference was made last week to a letter from ex-President Aarons of the school board. It is as follows:

(TO THE EDITOR.)

In the last issue of your paper you commented upon a highly inaccurate statement purporting to be an interview with me, in a Milwaukee newspaper on the subject of the attitude of the Federation of Labor toward the trade school for boys. I did say that there was no foundation, in my opinion, for the reported charge that the trade school was used for the purpose of developing "strike-breakers." The rest of the alleged interview quoted by you must have been obtained from the imagination of the reporter. I never have believed that the Federation of Labor was hostile to trade schools. In fact, I was always under the impression that the National Federation of Labor had gone on record in favor of such schools.

You are also in error in regard to my position on the policy of managing the school. In my annual address as president of the school board on July 30, 1910, I said:

"I believe I am safe in saying that our experience during the past year has demonstrated that the administration of our trade schools by this board, with an advisory statutory committee, whose membership is not of the school board, but outside of it, has not been conducive to the best interests of the trade schools. I take the view that the trade schools should either be governed by the school board, through a committee of members of the school board, or should be entirely separated from school board activities and managed by an independent body."

As one of the subscribers to your paper, I should be sorry to have my attitude on this subject misunderstood by your readers, among whom I number many friends. CHARLES L. AARONS.

The Supreme Court!

"It is easy to see in the exaltation of the Federal judiciary a survival of the old medieval doctrine that the king can do no wrong. In fact much the same attitude of mind which made monarchy possible may be seen in this country in our attitude toward the Supreme Court. As long as the people revered the king his irresponsible power rested on a secure foundation. To destroy the popular belief in his superior wisdom and virtue was to destroy the basis of his authority. Hence a criticism of the king or his policy was regarded as an attack on the system itself and treated accordingly as a serious political crime. . . . There are indications . . . that popular faith in the infallibility of the Supreme Court has been much shaken in recent years. . . . It is but natural that the wealthy and influential classes who have been the chief beneficiaries of this system should have used every means at their command to exalt the Supreme Court and therefore secure general acquiescence in its assumption and exercise of legislative authority." Prof. J. Allen Smith, University of Washington.

Books Worth Having

THE CRISIS. By Robert Hunter. A valuable pamphlet for trade unionists with reference to the whence and whither of the working class movement. Price, paper, 10 cents.

ROMAN CATHOLICISM AND SOCIALISM. By Patrick J. Cooney. An appreciation of the one and a plea for the other. Written to dispel erroneous impressions of Social-Democracy. Paper, price 10 cents a copy.

THE ROAD TO POWER. By Karl Kautsky. Called the "greatest Social-Democratic classic since the Communist Manifesto was written." Price, cloth, 50 cents; paper, 25 cents.

ECONOMICS OF SOCIALISM. By H. M. Hyndman of England. A concise exposition of the Marxian philosophy. Price, cloth, 50 cents.

Social-Democratic Herald

242-244-246 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

THE MAN WHO CARES

about his appearance and the cost of his apparel should see what we offer.

Our Fall and Winter Suitings and Overcoatings are in stock and we are prepared to show the most beautiful selection in novelties, plain and fancy serges.

Every Coat is made in our back shop by UNION MEN—Journymen tailors.—Our prices are economy prices. See our Serge Suit \$28.00.

We cater to the MAN WHO CARES

WALTER P. STROESSER,
"MERITORIOUS TAILORING"

UNION LABEL 316 STATE ST.

Was the Story a Frame-Up?

Did the papers come to the rescue of the sheriff this week, or were they imposed upon? On Wednesday the afternoon papers had a story about a man named Goula who was charged with burglary and who when found insane and sent to the asylum by Franke gave a different name and was turned loose as cured and that the court had asked Franke to produce the man but that he could not be found. So ran the story, it appearing that the man got free by a foxglove change of name that neither the sheriff nor the asylum could have prevented.

Some Pending Legislation

AN ORDINANCE.

To amend an ordinance to designate the number of milk inspectors in the health department and to fix their salaries, passed February 3, 1908, increasing the number of milk inspectors.

The Common Council of the City of Milwaukee do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The ordinance referred to in the title is hereby amended by striking out the words "four milk inspectors, two of whom shall receive a monthly salary of eighty dollars and two of whom shall receive a monthly salary of one hundred dollars" where they appear in Section 1 of the ordinance referred to in the title, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "six milk inspectors, two of whom shall receive a monthly salary of eighty dollars and four of whom shall receive a monthly salary of one hundred dollars."

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

AN ORDINANCE.

To amend an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Revise, Consolidate and Amend the General Ordinances of the City of Milwaukee, passed May 28, 1906, increasing the number of sanitary police and changing the names of certain positions in the Health Department office."

The Common Council of Milwaukee do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The ordinance referred to in the title is hereby amended by striking out the words "fifteen sanitary police" where they appear in Section 6 of Chapter 5 of the ordinance referred to in the title, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty-four sanitary police"; by striking out the words "one clerk" where they appear in said section and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one chief clerk"; by striking out the words "the registrar of vital statistics" where they appear in said section and inserting in lieu thereof the word "statistician"; by striking out the words "one chief disinfecter and detective" where they appear in said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one chief disinfecter"; by striking out the words "one messenger and sanitary police" where they appear in said section; by striking out the words "one complaint clerk" where they appear in said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one registration clerk" and the words "one stenographer" where they appear in said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two registration clerks."

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

The County Board has under consideration the following resolution, presented by Supervisor Mies:

WHEREAS, A petition of the H. Berthelet Sewer Pipe Co., asking for the vacation of a portion of a street and alley, outside the city in the town of Lake (a full description of which appears in the proceedings of this county board for Feb. 12, 1907, on pages 287 and 288) was denied by the county board March 25, 1908, (page 678); and

WHEREAS, Said Berthelet Co. have paid no attention to the decision of the board and have remained to this day, and still remain, in unlawful possession of the said street and alley; therefore,

RESOLVED, That the district attorney be and he is hereby instructed to commence proceedings against said company and to eject same from its unlawful use of said street and alley.

By Supervisor Mies:

Each of the Above, 5c a Copy

Twenty-five copies (your own selection), \$1.00; fifty copies, \$1.75; one hundred copies, \$2.75. Ask your branch to get a hundred or more copies for distribution during the campaign. BEST AMMUNITION OUT!

THIS OFFICE, 344 Sixth St. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Child Labor in the United States

BY IRLA H. CROSS. A survey of the cause of child labor as it exists in the country today. Full of verified facts on the subject.

Pin Your Faith To Education

Don't look wise—be wise—attend McDonald's College. Learn bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, penmanship and English.

YOU CAN'T WIN ON BLUFF

Success is measured by enthusiasm—practical education is a precious asset, it's the seed corn of success. Don't be chained down—develop your efficiency—don't lose your bearing—see the drift of things.

ATTEND

McDonald's College

WE AWAKEN NEW INTEREST

TERM OPENS SEPTEMBER 6

College entrance 307 Grand Ave., in the Matthews Bldg., on the corner.

BITKER'S

The Store That Helps Reduce The Cost of Living

Never Exaggerates Values

Bargains for Monday and all week if this "ad" is presented by any reader of this paper

WASH DRESSES Agents' sample short lengths, Extra Fine Milton Velvet Carpets, floral and ornamental designs, values, \$1.25 to \$1.75, special **98c**

VELVET CARPETS Agents' sample short lengths, Extra Fine Milton Velvet Carpets, floral and ornamental designs, values, \$1.25 to \$1.75, special **69c**

CIGARS! CIGARS!! All Standard Brands of Popular Cigars special 7 for **25c**

25 Bitker's Stamps Free with every purchase of 50c or over upon presenting this coupon.

Bitker's Dept. Store
Fond du Lac Ave., 10th and Lloyd Sts.

The Social-Democratic party means business this year. This is no ping-pong game, nor is our party a pink-tea party. We are after 100,000 votes, and we believe that if the Wisconsin voters know what we stand for they will vote with us. We cannot reach all of them. But we are criminally guilty of negligence if we do not reach all that we can reach.

ORGANIZE! AGITATE! EDUCATE! TO SAVE YOUR CHILDREN FROM BEING HOBOES.

Paul S. Kochanski, formerly a barber at 26th and Forest Home avenues is now conducting a saloon and boarding house at 715 Clinton street.

Form of Will

I do hereby give, devise, and bequeath to "The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company," incorporated, the sum of (or, if other property, describe the property.)

They Look Dressed

Nothing looks neater, cooler or nicer in the Summer time, whether for business or vacation than a nice pair of stylish Oxfords. We have them in a variety of pleasing styles, in all sizes and widths, and in the choicest of leathers. We can fit old or young in a few minutes and the prices will fit as easy as the Shoes. A visit of critical inspection desired.

Lamers Bros.
354 Grove St.

At the Theaters Next Week

Crystal—Vaudeville.

Consul, "The Great," the man money, will be the principal entertainment feature at the Crystal theatre, next week. Consul appeared at the Crystal last spring to the largest



Consul, the Great.

number of people during its seven years' existence, and so many failed of the opportunity to see the gentleman chimpanzee in his wonderful stage stunts, that Manager Fisher at that time arranged for a return engagement. What Consul does, and the way he does it, is the marvelous feature of the training of the big man ape. Consul will positively appear at all performances to be given at the Crystal next week. The balance of the programme will be provided by Ralph Cummings & Company, presenting a comedy sketch called "After The Play." Hardy Langdon, singing comedian, and The Langstons will offer a grotesque comedy performance.

Bijou.

Miss Eugenie Blair, one of the leading exponents of emotionalism in

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NATIONAL BANK
MILWAUKEE

The Certificate of Deposit issued by this Bank, for any amount, makes an ideal savings investment.

Inquire at Window No. 1.

The First National Bank of Milwaukee

modern drama, will be seen the week of Sept. 4th at the Bijou in the role of Princess Artemia in "The Light Eternal," a stirring drama of the early Roman period. Miss Blair is entitled to a place among the half dozen leading dramatic actresses of today.

Alhambra—"Goddess of Liberty."

On Monday night the Alhambra will be formally opened for the regular season when Mort H. Singer will present Joseph E. Howard, in the musical comedy success, "The Goddess of Liberty." Unlike the usual



Miss Olive Artell.

musical hodge-podge "The Goddess of Liberty" has a complete story and the tuneful music forms a secondary base for its strength. The story of the play is based on the international marriage custom—but ends more happily than does the usual monetary, matrimonial alliances.

The Sweetest Girl in Paris.

The opening of the season of 1910-1911 will be marked by the production for the first time on any stage of Harry Askin's clever musical comedy called "The Sweetest Girl in Paris" at the Pabst theater by special arrangement by Mr. Sherman Brown, manager of the Davidson theater. The offering was to have been made at the Davidson theater but owing to delays in completing the work of remodeling the house, Mr. Brown leased the Pabst and will put the play on there beginning Sunday night and matinees on Wednesday and Saturday. The story is of a young Pittsburg millionaire who is burdened by too much money. He gives his money away and in the course of time finds himself "up against it," so that he is

able to prove to his eccentric lady love that he is a pauper." In the end everything turns out happily. There is room for much high class humor and for the introduction of a number of song and dance novelties.

Majestic—Vaudeville.

Miss Vesta Victoria, the famous English singing comedienne, who is engaged at a salary of \$2,500 a week, is the headliner of the superb bill offered by Manager James A. Higler for the opening week of Milwaukee's annual aristocratic vaudeville season, beginning Monday afternoon at the Majestic. Aside from this extraordinary feature attraction, an exceptionally classy bill, including many acts, will be seen in this city for the first time. Among them are Burt Shepard, the Australian stock whip champion of the world.



Vesta Victoria.

New Star—Burlesque.

"A Night at the Moulin Rouge," or "A Musical Cocktail," is the opening burlesque presented by "The Moulin Rouge Burlesquers," announced at the New Star theater, next week. "The Moulin Rouge" company are said to take every advantage of their many opportunities. Flower girls, students, models and other habitués of the Quartier Latin are intermingled in the scenes, and the action is never permitted to flag for a moment. Numerous meritorious vaudeville specialties are interpolated into the action.

Empire—Vaudeville.

For next week's program the Loretta Troupe are the headliners. Six others complete the bill.

Columbia—Vaudeville.

The Wilson Bros., famous German comedians headline next week's bill at the Columbia. Six other good acts are on the bill.

Pabst Park—Amusements.

Plenty of amusement in Pabst park this afternoon and evening at the annual picnic of the Bohemian-Slavonic branch of the Social-Democratic party. City Clerk Carl D. Thompson will speak, concerts by Mayr's band, solos by Miss Hattie Lurad. Bohemian national dance by experts in native costume.

Surfing will be White Eagles' day. All are welcome in quest of a good time. A score of amusements and attractions in this ten-acre pleasure tract. A popular diversion is horseback riding on the new pony track.

On Aug. 24 picnic of the Daughters of Columbia. On the 27th, the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

Franz's Summer Garden.

One of the coziest little places on the North Side is Franz's Summer Garden, located at Locust and Buf-fum streets. Mr. Franz has had an experience of twenty years in this line of business, and is well able to take good care of his patrons. A visit will convince you. The feature of Sunday's program will be a concert and popular vocal selections.

Spanish War Vets.

Through the courtesy of the Milwaukee Press Club, a section of the Auditorium has been set aside for the use of the Spanish War Veterans and their ladies, on the occasion of former President, Comrade Theodore Roosevelt's visit to Milwaukee, Wednesday, Sept. 7.

Boys Wanted

Newsboys to sell the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD on down-town streets. Good chance for live boys to make no less than \$1.50 on Saturdays. Let us hear from you. Ask for Mr. Bistorius, this office.

LAST OPPORTUNITY TODAY
IN OUR GREAT
Clearing Sale of Shoes

Plenty of good choosing—all sizes are represented in the leading summer styles—PATENT LEATHER, VICI KID, RUSSIA CALF, OZE and other leathers—black and tan—principally Pumps and Oxfords, also a fair quantity of Lace and Button Boots—at prices

HALF AND LESS THAN HALF

Remember that we are headquarters for RICH'S FAMOUS "JULIA MARLOWE" Comfort Shoes

Distinctly original!—The pioneers of all Comfort Shoes—They stand without a peer—They fit snug as a kid glove, yet allow full freedom of foot movement.

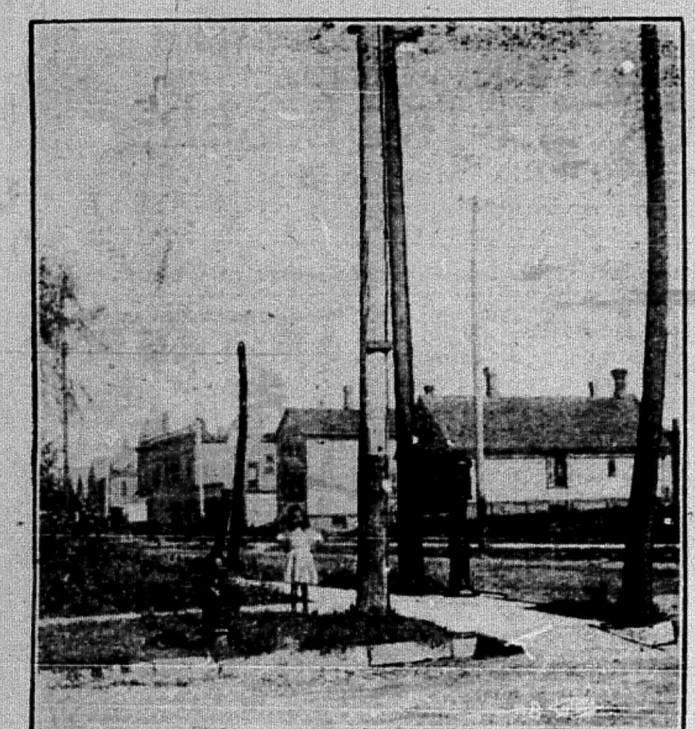
No Laces to untie—No Eyelets to pull out—No Buttons to come off

THE MODEL JULIA MARLOWE SHOE STORE 213 GRAND AVE. For Men and Women

Headquarters for PHOENIX SILK HOSE 50c and 75c

How Milwaukee Is Disfigured

Residence Corners Filled With Un-Sightly Posts and Poles.—A Legacy From Old Party Rule



It is high time a public sentiment was created against the disfigurement of our streets by telegraph poles and other posts and poles which are positively unsightly and multiplified beyond all necessity, simply because the people stand it and the officials who have had charge of matters have been more anxious to please the corporations than the citizens themselves.

It would seem as if one pole on a corner should be the limit, and that it could serve several purposes at once. It could support telephone wires, electric light wires, and could also bear the street name plates. And such a pole should be ornamental instead of bare and ugly.

Instead of this each interest pulls in a different direction and the city not only permits it, but after allowing the erection of poles does not consider itself legally able to also use them, but must add its own duplication to the lot, and put up street sign poles as well.

We present in the accompanying illustration one of the abominable corner disfigurements that are found all over the city. The corner shown is the northeast corner of Eleventh and Locust streets. There are seven obstructions on this one corner. There are two telephone and telegraph poles, then a pole to hold up the street light, then a pole further away to brace one of the telegraph poles, and a smaller pole to brace it, and then to cap the climax there is a city hydrant. Two of the other corners have nothing at all on them. But this particular corner is simply cursed with all these poles, and there are other corners in the city just as bad. It is about time to cry halt. Let the people rebel. It is high time.

Town Topics by the Town Crier

It isn't only iron pipes that were damaged by electrolysis under the Higgs way in Milwaukee. Men also decayed in civic probity.

That ball game between the aldermen and the "press gang" will be in full swing as this issue reaches the readers—too late for us to urge our folks to go to the game and too early for us to tell them whether Melms and his braves have walloped the scribes, or been walloped.

Here's our best wishes to the Comet, the West Side High School's new journalistic departure. The young folks will be all the better for it.

PABST THEATER
One Week Starting Sunday.
First Time on Any Stage.
Mats. Wednesday, and Saturday
HARRY ASKIN presents
The La Salle Opera House Co.
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"THE SWEETEST GIRL IN PARIS"

Book by Addison Burkhardt.
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All Star Cast including
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Prices: Evenings—25c to \$1.50
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of immense immediate value to the city. The tussle now has returned to Milwaukee and is threatening our shade trees. It is everybody's business and nobody's to exterminate them. The caterpillars have all ceased their feeding and stripping of the foliage and the trunks of trees and even the fronts of houses are all covered with the chalk white egg masses deposited after the worms have turned to moths. These egg masses, if undisturbed, will provide next year's crop of the internal pests, and if the mayor or the health commissioner will provide some prizes, such as Mayor Seidel suggests, an excursion on the lake, or a visit to the theater, or a summer and picnic, there is little doubt that our young citizens would go at the eggs and soon destroy them almost completely. It would be even possible to remove the masses from the trees and bring them in to be counted in order to measure up each boy and girl's activity and accord proper credit.

W. T. Green, the colored lawyer, made complaint in last Sunday's Free Press, that colored men are discriminated against in Milwaukee more than in other cities, and instances the building unions. This charge is indignantly repelled by Business Agent Henry Kruse, of the Bricklayers, who insists that the union men went out of their way to give the negroes in their union considerate treatment. He refers to one man who when his wife died was given a donation by the union, but who went to St. Louis and spent the money, according to all accounts. He says that the men even went out of their way to make the donation, and that they might not have made it had the man been white. This man in question was a hard drinker, and on one occasion that he remembers he gave the man tools in order that he could work. Financial Secretary John Wallish, of the same union, says that he never saw any evidence of the color line being drawn. On the contrary, he tells of this same colored man calling at his house one night and that he made him sit down to the supper table, because he seemed to be hungry and more or less down and out.

It looks as if Attorney Green is super-sensitive, or has he some other object in view?

A curious result of Ald Strehlow's search for a municipal stone quarry is found in the fact that a certain property has been practically offered for \$65,000, whereas this same property was offered the county a year or so ago for \$120,000. The explanation lies in the fact that now the actual owner is offering the property, whereas in the former instance some promoters got an option on the property and tried to sell it at a price that would include big money to them, pay whatever of boodle had to be used in getting the site selected, and pay also the various other promotion expenses that go with the usual "skin the public" deal.

Selling property to the county or city has long been an eminently creditable and legitimate old party accomplishment. It has helped to make local government highly expensive to the people who pay the taxes—and this includes renters, too, for the amount of the taxes always is figured in with the rent.

Turn everywhere we will, we are confronted with the scandalous schemes under which the old party representatives have administered Milwaukee these many years. And yet in the face of all this there are some men so stupid that they still desire to walk up to the primaries to bother their heads with the nomination conflicts of these same sets of politicians and their efforts to "reform" themselves!

Please notice that it was Henry Weber's automobile that was in waiting for Fred Heiden, when Davidson pardoned him out of the House of Correction; Henry Weber, Democratic park commissioner, and for years keeper of a politician's saloon on East Water street, with a Janssen protected gambling house overhead. Looks like going back to the old politician crowd. Here's a tip to the governor: Pardon some poor man for a change and see if he will not go back to decent life.

Mention the HERALD to all our advertisers.

Is Poor Agent Abusive?

Another charge against Willard Notbohm, the assistant to Supt. of Poor Spindler was taken up this week, this time by the board of trustees of the county poor. The matter was brought up by Supervisor Mies, (S. D.), who concluded to give the trustees the first opportunity to handle the case, as a means of testing them out. In this case a Mrs. Gunther went to the poor office on behalf of a girl in trouble and her little child. She went at the recommendation of Agent Frelson of the Associated Charities. The moment she gave the name of the girl Notbohm is alleged to have cried out excitedly that the girl could have no help from the county and that she wasn't fit to receive it. As Mrs. Gunther regarded the girl as merely unfortunate she resented the brusque manner of the poor office employee and she said "How are you talking—you don't know who I am." To which he is alleged to have replied, "I do not give a damn who you are—go tell your troubles to a policeman!" Mrs. Gunther says she gave Notbohm a piece of her mind and afterward on several occasions tried to get Supt. Spindler by phone, but that Notbohm answered the call and she could never get by him.

The board of trustees met at the poor office Tuesday afternoon to consider the case, and Mrs. Gunther was present and told her story. The trustees tried to discredit the latter by turning it into the channel of politics. Trustee Maengold complained that there had been nothing but complaints for the last two months, and were used to be none. And he told

Quick Prices on Monday, Aug. 22, to Induce Quick Sales--Profits Omitted

Persuasive arguments to buy here are evident in all departments

Make-Room Prices on Men's Goods
Are Rash Prices, But Business Bringers.

Broken assortment of Men's 1.00 Madras Shirts, coat styles, with cuffs attached..... 65c
Men's Ribbed Fine Cotton Union Suits, 75c values, in sizes 34 to 46..... 33c
Monday at.....
Men's 80c French Balbriggan Underwear at..... 59c
Men's 75c Gray Half Wool Underwear priced..... 59c
Men's Dark Gray 25c Cashmere Socks, per pair..... 15c
Men's 25c to 50c Silk Four-in-Hand Neckties, choice..... 19c
Men's White 10c Handkerchiefs, with colored borders, each..... 5c

Girls' Dongola Kid Shoes 1.00 Pair
Button styles, sizes 8 1/2 to 2, with patent tip and extension soles, worth 1.75 pair.
Walton Shoes for Boys
Shoes that will wear, solid leather throughout, satin calf, lace styles—
Sizes 9 to 13 1/2, per pair..... 98c
Sizes 1 to 5 1/2, per pair..... 1.39
Infants' Vic Kid Shoes, button or lace styles. Sizes 2 to 5 at 10c. Sizes 6 to 8 at 69c.
BOYS' CANVAS CUTTING SHOES, LACE STYLES, AT 49c PAIR


A Good Time to Buy New Rugs
Richness in bargains the feature of this sale.

All Wool Smyrna Rugs, 27x54 inches..... 1.25
4.50 Smyrna Rugs, size 36x72 inches..... 2.25
Wilton Velvet Rugs, 2 1/2 values, floral and assorted patterns, 27x54 inches..... 1.50
650 Wilton Velvet Rugs, new oriental patterns..... 12.50
Seamless, 9x12 Brussels Rugs, floral and oriental..... 12.50
Axminster Rugs, 4-6x6-6, oriental patterns..... 8.00
1500 Body Brussels Rugs, 4-6x7-6, will sell at..... 10.50
Body Brussels Rugs, room sizes, fall patterns..... 25.00
Velvet Rugs, oriental and small Persian patterns..... 16.50

10 Stamps Free!
"Sperry" Gold Merchandise Stamps or "S. & H." Green Premium Stamps absolutely free, if this coupon is presented at our stamp counter on Monday, Aug. 22d.
Coupons redeemed from adults only, not from children.
We redeem 500 "Sperry" Gold Stamps for 1.25 worth of any merchandise in the store.

HUGO E. BAUCH
COR. THIRD ST. AND NORTH AVENUE
MILWAUKEE'S "RELIABLE" DEPARTMENT STORE

Seasonable Gloves and Hosiery
These Make-Room Prices tell their own story.

Women's Colored Gauze Silk Lisle Hose, also Lisle Thread Lace Hose, per pair..... 19c
Misses' Fine Ribbed Tan Cotton Hose, lisle finish, sizes 6 1/2 to 9 1/2..... 12 1/2c
Infants' Silk Lisle Hose, fine ribbed, black, white, colors, per pair..... 12 1/2c
Children's Fine Ribbed Black Cotton Hose, linen knees, heels and toes, pair..... 12 1/2c
Women's Black Cotton Hose, the "Good Hosiery" brand, very elastic, all sizes..... 15c
Women's 50c Gloves at 19c the Pair
16-Button Length Lisle Thread Gloves, small sizes.
Women's Washable 2-Clasp Chambray Gloves, natural color, all sizes, reduced to..... 39c
Women's 1.25 Gloves Only 75c a Pair
Silk Lisle Gloves, 16-button length, black & colors

Women's Ribbed Cotton Vests 9c
Low neck, no sleeves, worth 19c.
Women's Ribbed Cotton Vests, high neck with long or short sleeves, or low neck with short or no sleeves, 25c values..... 18c
Misses' Cotton Pants Monday Only 9c
Fine ribbed, knee length, lace trimmed, sizes 1 to 5, were 15c.
Women's Cotton Pants at only 17c
Fine ribbed, knee length, lace trimmed.
Women's Ribbed 50c Union Suits at 35c

Third Floor Make-Room Specials
Will score another point of success on Monday.


French Curtain Muslin, with borders and all-over patterns, 10c per yard..... 10c
12c Curtain Swiss at 9c
Cretonnes for bed spreads and covering shirtwaist boxes, 12c per yard..... 12c
18c Silkoline for covering comforters..... 12c
100 Rolls of Fluffy White Cotton Batting, all in one piece, enough for a full size comforter, size 72x84 inches, roll..... 69c

Sheet Music 5c
1c extra per copy by mail.
Edelweiss Glide—Beautiful Blue Danube—Danube Waves—Poet and Peasant—Convent Bells—Flower Song—Fairy Wedding Waltz—Faust—Flower Song—Mountain Bells—Under the Double Eagle—William Tell—Over the Waves—Sounds From the Ringing Rocks—Traumerci—Orange Blossoms.

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Milwaukee's Foremost Theatre
Week Com. Monday Night, August 22d. Mats. Wednesday, Saturday & Sun.
Mort H. Singer presents **JOSEPH E. HOWARD** in
The Goddess of Liberty
Tuneless Music. Unequaled Princess Chorus
Prices: Nights, 75c to \$1.00 Lower Floor
Mats. Wed., Sat., & Sun. 50c, 75c, lower floor
Balcony 25c and 35c
Sunday Afternoon and Evening Last appearance of Alhambra Th. Co. The Devil

Base Ball
This Saturday afternoon the Milwaukee aldermen and the Milwaukee newspaper men will play a game of baseball for charity at the ball park, Eighth and Chambers streets. Everybody that is interested in the national game will be on hand to root for their particular side and a high old time is expected. Admission 25 cents.
Crucial Games in the Commercial League Saturday
At South Side Park, 2 o'clock—Hoffmans vs. Harvesters; Allis Chalmers vs. New Stars. Umpire, Heder.
At White City Park, 2 o'clock—John-Mansville vs. Nat'l Straws; 4 o'clock Interior Woodworkers vs. Standard Bedding. Umpire, Luell.
At Bay View Park, 2 o'clock—Gas Lights vs. Wadhams; 4 o'clock, Ruud Heaters vs. Gross Hardwares. Umpire, Hughes.
The Lapham Park Captain ball team offer the free use of their court and ball to any team made up from boys of one or several schools—average 13 or 14 years, who wish to practice up before challenging the "Lapham Parks." The visiting team may practice mornings.
HERBERT DEPPER, Capt.
664 Eighth street.
Cowardice is—to know what should be done and not to do it—Confucius.

PABST PARK Cool, Comfortable
Suited to Crowds
Today Picnic and Ball of Bohemian-Slavonic Branch, S.-D. P.
Sunday, White Eagles Outing
Concert by Mayr's Band afternoon and evening daily with solos by Miss Hattie Lural, 25 Amusements and Concessions, Horseback Riding, Voyages in Air, Dark Tunnel Trips, etc.
Extra! August 24, Picnic of Daughters of Columbia
August 27, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen
August 28, German War Veterans
Admission 10 Cents


The First National Bank of Milwaukee
The Certificate of Deposit issued by this Bank, for any amount, makes an ideal savings investment.
Inquire at Window No. 1.
PABST PARK SATURDAY, AUG. 20
Bohemian-Slavonic PICNIC and BALL
Bohemian Dancers
ADMISSION 10 CENTS

Snap Shots in Seidelburg
That the boilers at the new garbage incinerator already are leaking was the startling discovery made by Mayor Seidel who at once went to inspect the plant with two engineers, one of whom said: "I couldn't sleep a wink if I had boilers like that in my care."
The acceptance of this plant was about the last work of the old board of public works and it was contrary to the expressed wish of Mayor Seidel. That he was right in his contention that the machinery should be covered is being proven now by those who opposed the idea, covering being installed.
The boilers have been caulked at the riveted seams, caulking being done by driving in the edges of the seams. It is said that in one seam this caulking process had proceeded so far that a part of the seam had to be shaved off to present a new surface. Continuation of this process would wreck the boiler.
The Dave Rose administration took good care of the animals at the Zoo. The animals cost money, and besides it was good advertising to have the Zoo inhabitants appear healthy and sprightly. When one of the monkeys contracted tuberculosis it was given prompt special treatment. The best grade of food for all the animals was bought. THE ANIMALS WERE WELL CARED FOR—THEY COST MONEY.
The Social-Democratic administration is not placing any bars in the way of proper care for the animals at the Zoo. It recognizes that they are entitled to good food and proper housing.
But it also recognizes this fact: Human babies, men, women and growing children, are entitled to air just as pure, food just as good, an outlook just as bright, sunshine just as bright, medical care just as efficient and prompt—AND FOR THESE THINGS IT IS STRIVING.
Capitalism always has cared well for that which COST ACTUAL MONEY, that which is called CAPITAL.
Social Democracy in Milwaukee is GOING BEYOND THAT and demanding and working with all its might and main for the welfare and happiness of those who CREATE CAPITAL and who care for the ani-

THE DAILY LIAR.
A. Exploiter, Chief Grouch.
There never was anything the matter with the garbage incinerator, and if that agitating mayor hadn't shouted around nobody would have known it now.
Oh, sure, the Social Democrats are going to give John I. Beggs the town and then go jump in the river and use submarines for transportation. They don't believe the people have any right to ask to have their rights recognized. That's bosh talk.
Milwaukee contractors never cheat the city if they can help it.
Ald. Joe Carney wants to see (?) the city own all car lines and the light plant and he's the administration's right hand man.
No, Milwaukee doesn't need any isolation hospital. It doesn't matter if people do die, because they have to die sometime anyway.
The public will remember, of course, that the Daily Liar was the chief opponent of the notorious 1000 Dave Rose blanket franchise. Oh, sure, they remember. They always do.

NEW STAR THEATRE
Com. Mat. Sunday, Aug. 21st
Moulin Rouge Burlesquers
Real Comedians Parisian Beauties
All Appear in the Following
A Night in the Moulin Rouge
and O'Fellow and Desdemona
two lively burlesques

COLUMBIA THEATRE
Eleventh and Walnut Streets
Wilson Bros. Leon & Adeline
Jack Miller Stealy & Edwards
Steve Badnick
Columbiagraph
10c
15c

EMPIRE THEATRE
Mitchell St., bet. 6th & 7th Aves.
Loretta Troupe
Imperial Comedy Four
Mollie Burt Merritt & Love
Ada James Emproscope

Franz' SUMMER GARDEN
Locust and Buffum Sts.
Sundays Always Good Music.
A Nice, Quiet Place Where You Can Take Your Family

TO CHICAGO FARE \$1.00 Return \$1.50
Daily 4:30 P. M. Sun. 2:30 P. M. & 8 P. M.
Fridays 8 A. M. Saturdays 8 A. M.
See us at the
Car. Once a Week to
Sault Ste. Marie. Reg-
ular fare to west shore
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