The Future.

"It Gives Me Pleasure to Make This Avowal of My Faith in the Socialist Democratic Party" by Eugene V. Debs.

The separation at the late convention was inevitable. It is too common for the workingmen to want all or nothing. A few of the comrade delegation knew not a union if they fell over it, and clickety-clicked that a revolutionary newspaper was a mere claptrap, while a few others would have recognized a good brick if we had shown them. We show them a brilliant exposition of the social and economic relations of the world. We show that a revolution is necessary. We show that the workingman must be united against the interests which are always arrayed against him. We show that the workingman must be united in order to secure a just and complete solution of the problems which face him. We show that the workingman must be united in order to secure a solution of the problems which face him. We show that the workingman must be united in order to secure a solution of the problems which face him.

Socialists Celebrate.

Fourth of July Celebrated at Spring Valley—Speeches by Comrades Bivins and Edwards.

"This Spring Valley over here before and a picnic under socialism expected...." The Comrades met in Spring Valley at the national headquarters from 9:30 a.m. to 12 noon on the 4th of July. They were led by the standard bearer, Comrade Bivins, and were followed by the speakers, Comrades Bivins and Edwards. The Comrades then assembled in the historical Mining Hall.

And every comrade on the ground was more or less elated, but the Socialist Democratic Party had the most satisfaction as a result of the victory. It was the first time in its history that the party had been able to originate the occasion through its own efforts. The party has been able to establish itself as an independent party, and has been able to draw attention to its program and to its policies. The party has been able to win the respect of the people and to gain the support of the workers. The party has been able to make the workers see that it is a party of action, and that it is determined to carry through the program that it has set forth. The party has been able to show that it is a party of the people, and that it is determined to work for the welfare of the people. The party has been able to show that it is a party of the people, and that it is determined to work for the welfare of the people.

THE INCENTIVE OF GAIN.

One of the chief arguments against Socialism is that it will "destroy the incentives of the worker." That is, it is said, that if we pay all men the same wages, they will do nothing. It is said that if we pay all men the same wages, they will do nothing. It is said that if we pay all men the same wages, they will do nothing. It is said that if we pay all men the same wages, they will do nothing. It is said that if we pay all men the same wages, they will do nothing. It is said that if we pay all men the same wages, they will do nothing.

JOVELLY TOIL AND JOYFUL LABOR.

"Roll to the labor of necessity. To bear the crushing weight upon the brow." That is the cry of the Socialists.

As when a poor man carves to the teeth of his dead and only child. When anguish only simmers, it can but simmer. Oh, it is joy to labor, when the hand of the master is laid upon the brow of the laborer, and life is rich as Ananias in its plentiful fruits.

A SKETCH OF GROTTIUS.

Paul Grothoff, the noted socialist agitator, died of pneumonia at St. Joseph's hospital in Milwaukee on the 1st of this month. He had been in the city for several years, and had been in the habit of speaking before the working classes. He had been a faithful friend of the people, and had done much to bring about a social revolution. He was a man of great ability, and had done much to bring about a social revolution.

SOCIALISTS ON PILGRIMAGE.

Rev. James Strong, D.D.: "It is useless for us to protest that we are among the poor, and to plead for the cause of our institutions. There is no such institution as the poor's court, and there is no such man as the poor's judge. The poor have no friends, and they have no allies. They must fight for their own rights, and they must do it without the help of any one else."

The Trades Assembly of Denver has just issued a circular, giving information to all the local unions of the different labor unions. The circular contains information about the various national and international unions, and includes a list of names and addresses of the officers of these unions. The circular also contains information about the various local unions, and includes a list of names and addresses of the officers of these unions.

The members of the board at Terra Viva, head of the Socialist Democratic Party by universal vote, and who were elected to fill the ticket in the field and will meet for the party in the history of the party.
It seemed to be accepted as the proper thing for a commanding general to do. This statement referred to an expression of a commanding general on which I found myself to be personally aggrieved. My Indian performances of a journey of a thousand miles, in which I was presented with $20 in the government in addition to $200 being my pay for articles of clothing, and I was allowed to keep the army nurse in charge of the general's baggage, while the remainder of the regiment was on the march. The document containing this statement was found among the papers of General Grant in my possession. I have been charged with writing an article which is said to have been written by a certain American author, and which is now circulating among the papers. I have never written such an article. The article referred to was written by me in 1863, while I was a member of Congress. It was published in the New York Herald, and was entitled "The Grant of the Day." It was written for the purpose of showing the true character of the government at that time. The article was addressed to President Lincoln, and was published under his name. It was written in the interest of the whole people.

As the President called the nation's attention to the importance of the matter, and the people of the nation, on the occasion of a national celebration, wrote a play, wrote a play on a page of glass.

I hear no more of the dinner plan. I understand that it was the work of the late President who was to have been entertained at the dinner. But I am glad to have the dinner plan cleared up.

The poetry of the great men of the race must bring the life of the people. It is the work of the people. It is the work of the great men of the race who have brought the life of the people. It is the work of the people who have brought the life of the people.

The comedy for what some writers may call the "tragedy" of the war is not in the retort unfortunate. The comedy for what some writers may call the "tragedy" of the war is not in the retort unfortunate. The comedy for what some writers may call the "tragedy" of the war is not in the retort unfortunate. It is the work of the people who have brought the life of the people. It is the work of the people who have brought the life of the people.
THE WAR DRUM.

I have that disagreeable sound of hoarding round, round, and round; and turning towns, and rebuked aways, and rebuked aways, and aways and aways, and rebuked towns and rebuked round round round...

JOHN BEECK.

WASHINGTON SCHWAB AN ANARCHIST.

Impressive obsequies had been arranged for Washington Schwab, an anarchist revolutionary, in honor of the memory of Michael Schmitz, who was killed in the course of his revolutionary activities. I had been asked to speak at some of the services, and I found that Schwab himself had contributed to the program. As I approached, I was surprised to see that Schwab had been killed by his own hand. I knew it was impossible, however, to make a good argument.

In his last letter, Schwab had written:

"I have arranged to make a speech on the subject of anarchism. I am a member of the International Workingmen's Association, and I am opposed to the capitalist system. I have been arrested several times, and have been sentenced to long terms in prison. I have been incommunicado for several years, and I have not been able to communicate with my family."

The beauty of the great show, however, was the exaltation of the Bostonians and the gold of the tickets. The tall fellows pulled out. When he tried to return his ticket, they were not interested. After all, it was just as much fun for him to die by the side of the river as it was for him to die in the river. That was the spirit of the thing. After all, it was just as much fun for me to die by the side of the river as it was for me to die in the river. That was the spirit of the thing.

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CONSTITUTION OF STATE UNION.

NAME AND HEADQUARTERS.

This organization shall be known as the "State Union of the Democratic Party of America," and shall maintain headquarters at Washington, D.C.

EXECUTIVE BOARD.

Sec. 1. The Executive Board shall be elected annually by the National Council. It shall have general supervision of the State Union, and shall consist of a president, first vice-president, second vice-president, third vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and a number of executive directors as may be fixed by the constitution of the National Council. The Executive Board shall hold its first meeting in March of each year, and shall hold such other meetings as said National Council may direct.

Sec. 2. The Executive Board shall consist of a president, first vice-president, second vice-president, third vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and a number of executive directors as may be fixed by the constitution of the National Council.

JURISDICTION.

Sec. 1. The jurisdiction of the State Union shall extend to all counties and townships of the state, and shall be exercised through duly elected local committees.

ELIGIBILITY.

Sec. 2. All members of the State Union shall be eligible to hold office.

The Platform.

Adopted by the Social Democratic Party at Chicago, June 11, 1908.

The Social Democratic Party of America is founded upon the doctrine of the Socialism, which is based on the theory that all the means of production are owned by the people, and shall be distributed according to need.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in land, and proposes that the state should take title to all lands and waters.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in natural resources, and proposes that the state should take title to all minerals and water.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in the means of production, and proposes that the state should take title to all means of production.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in the means of transportation, and proposes that the state should take title to all means of transportation.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in education, and proposes that the state should take title to all educational institutions.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in public utilities, and proposes that the state should take title to all public utilities.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in the means of communication, and proposes that the state should take title to all means of communication.

The party is opposed to the idea of private property in the means of amusement, and proposes that the state should take title to all means of amusement.

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