SOUTHERNAWORKER

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Birmingham Steel Workers Lining Up For Strikes To Defeat Wage Cuts

SHOOT AT ORGANIZERS HARLAN MURDERERS KIDNAP, BEAT,

AND JIM GRACE TAKENFOR RIDE

Spies and thugs of the Kentucky operators made another unsuc shots at Myerscough.

The two organizers were in the Hazard field preparing for a section conference to develop organizational work which would serve these under-paid and starving miners in their coming struggles for the right to live.

Operators' Spies Busy

Informed of the organizers' pres ence there, undoubtedly by spies of the operators who refuse to pay decent wages to miners but continue to spend large sums of money on spies guns and munitions, as well as special gun-thugs to use them, the finding of Alva. Kv. the two organizers was not a hard

Arrested without warrant in Neon, Kentucky, on Friday night, Myers-cough and Grace were taken to Jenkins, Ky., and jailed, although the jail in Neon was only a stone's throw from where the arrests were made.

Inform Blair's Gun-Men

At Jenkins the "law" that arrested them called up Sheriff Blair in Harlan to inform him of the capture so his murder gang could come and take formation, the Creech Coal Company "riding." 'phone conversation the organizers learned they would be held in jail earned they would be held in jail until 1 o'clock in the morning when Blair's gang would call for them.

At that hour they would be put in the doubtful class

At that hour they were rustled out At that hour they were reads.

of Jenkins jail, surrounded by
enough police, sheriffs and gunmen to
resemble a mass meeting. "Of course
we were naive enough," said one of
the organizers, "to believe they were
taking us to the county jail, but we
taking us to the county jail, but we
learned otherwise."

They then turned upon Grace and

Myerscough was first attacked and in the scuffle, managed to get near the edge of a cliff over which he sprang, taking a chance on lighting anxious to get back on the job of without many broken bones. Badly organizing the National Miners Union and suffering from shock as a result of the fall Myerscough was a ble to swing from a tree onto a ble to swing from a tree onto a ledge that had a rock covering, resembling a cave. His fall was accompliated to the proposition of the fall Myerscough was completed to the stance to the thug rule and to destinate the proposition of the fall myerscough was completed to the stance to the thug rule and to destinate the proposition of the fall myerscough was able to swing from a tree onto a ble to swing from a tree onto a ble to the thug rule and to destinate the proposition of the fall was accompleted to the proposition of the fall myerscough was a complete the counter-offensive against the bosses on the basis of economic dards of life, so the big capitalists can get richer than ever. ng a cave. His fall was accomtilled by a fulsiside of bullets from demands.

T. MYERSCOUGH How the "Black List" Works In Kentucky Coal Regions

(By Our Special Correspondent)
HARLAN, Ky.—In their drive to keep the workers of this part of the country in a condition of semi-slavery the coal operators have a real dencies. ery the coal operators have a well-functioning "black list." This region at High Splint for his activities; coal operators are cessful attempt to stop the work of cessful attempt to stop the work of organizing the miners of the South when they took Tom Meyerscough and Jim Grace, organizers of the National Jim Grace and J ed "Harlan County Coal Operators Association," which directs the "black list."

There has come into my possession of the executive commutate of the bosses association the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of the bosses as a second that the members of There has come into my possession secretary of the association at Harlan and is addressed to the plant manager of the Black Star Coal Company. The complete letter is as follows

"August 22nd. 1931 "Mr. C. B. Burchfield, Plant Mgr.

'Dear Mr. Burchfield:

"Referring to yours of the 21st-

Eugene Austin Scott Anderson Harmon Cavin David Eads Ogden Miller Sam Wells and

Leonard Wilder

have not been mixed up in the recent labor troubles. However, for your in-Overhearing the has never reported to us the names of the men they have refused to re-

"We have several James Stewarts

Taken to Virginia Line
Instead of the Harlan jail they were taken to the Car, denied all then pur out of the car, denied all they personal property by the thieving thugs, and beaten up and shot at by the Harlan gummen.

Jackson is an old member of the UM WofA: Claude Powell was discharged at Southern Harlan for his activitiees. We have an A. Rickett and an Arthur Ricket; am inlined to believe they are the same, and A. Rickett joined the Union at Comet mine in May 1927.

mont some place Monday morning about 10 o'clock.

"Yours very truly, GEO. S. WARD, Asst. Secty.

The "black list" system is only one of the many things against which the miners in Kentucky and Tennessee are fighting.

Through the form of organization now in operation in the mine fields the spies and thugs are having a more difficult time listing men for victimization at the hands of such a gang of dirty blackguards as the Harlan County Coal Operators' Association. In spite of the "confidential information" about the executive committee of the N. M. U. no such meeting was held at the time and place mentioned.

Such meetings are certainly being held in every section of the Kentucky and Tennessee coal regions, but the bosses can't find out anything about them beforehand and but very little afterwards. Because the union idly growing they try to send in their spies but a number of them have caught and exposed, so they will do no more damage as far as spying on the miners is concerned.

will be cleaned out of these parts.

ALUMINUM TRUST CUTS WAGES

thugs, and beaten up and shot at by friends in widely separated places the treasury in Hoover's cabinet, and their midst, but it is the duty of the Harlan gun-men.

Myerscough was first attacked and erate from their experience before lies to the workers that he is opposed against this terror. Andrew W. Mellon, secretary of

Southern Steel Workers Following the Lead of Pittsburgh Conference

BIRMINGHAM—Workers in the steel industry in Birmingham, which the bosses brag about as "The Pittsburgh of the South" have seen their standards of living beaten down until thousands of them and their families. are today suffering the pangs of hunger. The harder the steel workers slave the less they get.

JAIL MINER ON FRAME-UP THEN **BURN HIS HOME**

Jim Roberts, an unemployed miner of Middlesboro, Ky., and a mer of the National Miners' Union tively taking part in building the N. M. U. in Kentucky, known in this section as a man of temperate habits, found himself in jail charged with possessing liquor, which had been obliginly planted in his home for "evidence."

Roberts is seriously ill from miners' asthma which, together with star-vation and misery, is his "reward" Organization for slaving many years for his master in the damp underground, often in water up to his knees, so the authorities let him out on bond, but not until his home had been "mysteriously" burned down while Jim was locked up. Just an added warning to Jim to coal operators' iron rule,

This is but one example of terror raging in Southeastern Kentucky. The most terriffic efforts are being made by the coal operators to stop the rapid organization of the N.M.U.

N.M.U. leaders are hounded, often not sleeping twice under one roof for la month at a time. Their homes are Before long the whole scabby gang raided and if they should happen to be at home at the time their lodging is exchanged for the county jail

The Kentucky miners are finding ways to continue their work in spite of the terror and the spies planted in ploit them. On the other hand many

Send telegrams and resolutions of protest to Governor Sampsan.

Support the struggle of the Kentucky miners while they heroically strengthen their organization into a mass union which will defy all efforts of the bosses, their thugs, and the government to disorganize.

The general ten per cent wage cut caused widespread disgust on the part
of the steel workers and many of them are openly talking strike. But thus far there has been but little actual organization. The point has now been reached where hundreds of steel workers realize that they must prepare organization machinery to lin against wage cuts.

With the regular spy system maintained by the steel trust in full op-pration, combined with the terror ingham and throughout the state of Alabama against the Negro workers and all white workers who dare openly talk about united action against the steel trust, the workers have to use care in taking the first organiza-

Organize Every Department

Steps are being taken to extend to every department the groups that have been organized in a number of departments in the steel mills and that have for some time been carrying on agitation in preparation for resisting wage cuts and the speed-up-Of the 50,000 workers engaged in

the steel industry in and around Birmingham, there are some 11,000 in the biggest single unit, the Tennesse Coal and Iron, and it is in that part of the steel trust that the greaest progress is being made in seting up organizational forms.

The steel workers of this sections are about equally divided; half white and half black. The white steel workers are beginning to understand very clearly that the campaign now rag ing against the Negro workers of this city is a part of the steel trust game to keep the working class divided so the trust can continue to rob and exof the Negro workers are carrying on agitation among the masses of unemployed Negro workers so that the the Negro capitalists, the Negro college professors, teachers and preachers will not be able to use the unem-ployed Negro workers as strike-breakers, as the labor fakers at the head of the American Federation of unions say they will. The A. F. of L. unions here exist only on paper (Turn to Next Page)

Birmingham Steel Workers Organizing All Mils

aside from a handful of barbers, profits of the steel trust and will do printers, building workers and a few everything they can to prevent the other small crafts. The bosses let steel warkers or any other so-called leaders will never harm the cuts

because they know their putting up a real fight against wage

Follow Pittsburgh Decisions

Many Birmingham steel workers ference. Birmingham steel workers are studying the decisions of the work realize that the gigantic steel trust of tht 423 delegates who worked out must be brought to terms and that program of action at the Pittsburgh the only way that trust can be made -Youngsown-Ohio Valley conference to understand anything is to talk to of the Metal Workers Industrial Lea- it in the language of power—the orgue held in Pitsburgh on Sunday, ganized might of the workers, both September 26. white and black. The trust doesn't

Although the Birmingham steel understand any other language. It is orkers had no delegates at the Pitts- useless to plead with such a gang of burgh conference there are a number robbers and exploiters of labor about of steel workers here who are taking the mass hunger, the wholesale starthe initiative in organizing along the vation of the steel workers, their lines laid down at the Northern con- wives and children.

Organize Birmingham Strike

went back to 59 key mills in 48 towns that have been organized to organize against the general 10 Many Birmingham work to organize against the general 10 per cent wage cut and to knit together Metal Workers Industrial League of them are busy preparing to fight groups into mill locals of a Steel against the wage cuts now. They say Workers' Industrial Union and to rally the workers behind the demands biggest thing in the steel industry adopted by the conference, they since the 1919 strike, and that the could not include Birmingham, for program adopted will result in a the reason that no one was there movement greater than the 1919 from Birmingham. But, in spite of strike Also they know that the whole that fact, the Birmingham workers class struggle has moved ahead a have selected their key mills and will large workers. have selected their key mills and will long way from 1919 and that work carry on the same kind of work as ers now have better fighting methods those who did attend the conference. and will know how to use them to

While the 423 delegates that at-ingham will be represented by work-nded the Pittsburgh conference ers who come from fighting groups

And at the next conference Birm- smash the campaign of wage cuts

Foster, Leader of 1919-20 Steel Strike, Speaks

At the opening of the conference ing.

Joe Dallett was elected chairman, and Following the report, William Z. Point, Maryland, McKeesport, Monesson and Gary.

John Meldon, national secretary of

mands around which the steel workers will be organized. These demands include wages of not less than \$5 a day for every steel worker; end of Jim-Crowism; equal pay for equal work; special youth demands; full belgate after delegate spoke of work; special youth demands; full pay for all time spent in mill; the right of injured workers to remain at willingness of the workers to strugble.

six vice-chairmen were elected from Foster, secretary of the Trade Union Youngstown, Steubenville, Sparrows Unity League, was introduced amidst cheers and applause that rocked the hall.

"This conference will go down in John Meidon, national secretary of the Metal Workers Industrial League, history as one of the big starting analyzed the cituation in the steel injustry and explained the principal determinant of the starting desired and explained the principal determinant of the starting desired and explained the principal determinant of the starting desired and the starting desired an

Organize Details of Strike Action and Launching New Union

tablish the Steel Workers Industrial per cent and more is being carried Union no later then Dec. 15, and thru against the wages of the work-

it.

Following the close of the conference the National Committee for the Building of the Steel Workers' Industrial League met and adopted a program of strike tactics for the struggle that must come. The program

Icadership of he United States Steel Corp. Steel and metal workers have now the task of organizing strikes to force the withdrawal of this cut. We call upon all steel and metal workers to launch this struggle.

The steel bosses dare to make this struggle attack ways the living stand. of action is to be immediately printed by the thousands and distributed in ard of millions of men, women and all steel centers.

The final business of the conference after the adoption of the demands, was to instruct the national committee of 21 which was elected at confermance. ence, to call a convention that will es- been made. A nation-wide cut of 10 even sooner if he situation warrants it. ers thruout the industry, under he leadership of he United States Steel

children of the working class, only Steel and metal workers face now because of the great mass of steel lowing: the fiercest attack in the history of and metal workers are unorganized.

Must Organize and Fight Bosses as Only Way Out

"For the steel workers there is only | We will fight."

as way out of the pit of growing | "We shall encourage and organize one way out of the pit of growing mass unemployment, increasing departmental and local strikes and speed-up and deepening misery into which they have been plunged by the steel barons. This is the way of organization and struggle—the way care these structures and broad-miss department of the mines of the mines of the mines don't make an avganization and struggle—the way care these structures. ganization and struggle—the way cast these struggles into strike strug-Industrial League."

anization and struggle—the way cast these struggles into strike strug-ointed out by the Metal Workers' gle in the decisive mills thruout the entire district. We shall try with ev-Industrial League."

"Poverty, slavery and actual starvation—or organization and struggle ganize a national counter-offensive of This is the situation we face. The the steel and metal workers. We shall steel barons have put the issue to us work in closest relationship with the interest and most brutal form. National Miners Union and the Rail-

way Workers Industrial League. We shall call upon all workers to consider our struggle their struggle to support us and join with us, to defeat this

new attack upon the working class."
When the demands about which steel workers will be rallied fight were proposed the steel worker egates present responded enthusiastically, frequently cheering.

The demands about wages include: No wage cuts. Strike against the 10 per cent wage cut.

Abolition of the "stagger" system method of reducing wages.

No less than \$5 per day for any worker in the mill. Equal pay for young workers.

Full pay for all time spent in the

No less than four hours' pay for each time called to work.

General increase in wages for all ment. These include: steel workers. Higher percentage of increases for lower paid workers.

No attachment of pay for debt. No deductions by company from pay.

Right of all injured employees to porting until fully recovered.

Abolition of all forms of speed-up. Full crews on all jobs.

Enforcement of eight-hour day. No double turn, no overtime work. Recognition of mill and department committees elected by the work

Abolition of the spy and blacklist system, abolition of company police and guards, abolition of company towns

workers.

Abolition of all Jim Crow rulings. Right of all employees to select their own doctors at company expense.

In addition special demands were adopted for fight against unemploy-

No payment of rent by unemployed workers.

Reduction of rent for part time

No evictions for non-payment remain home at full pay without re- rent of unemployed or part time

SICK WORKERS HAIL FIGHTING PAPER OF SOUTHERN MASSES

The following letter received from thousands where now we realh but a dog of capitalism.

Following is the letter:

The dollar, made up from the pen-The tonowing letter received from a group of workers at Spivak, Colo., nies of the sick workers was used to sanatorium speaks for itself. If other help get the paper into the terror workers, far more able to support region in and around Harlan, Ky., in their paper than these, would put forth even part of the effort to main-tain the SOUTHERN WORKER we again of post-office riflers and mail would be able to print a bigger and stealers working for the same gang better paper and to reach tens of that keeps Judge Jones as a watch-

Spivak, Colo., Sept. 18, 1931. SOUTHERN WORKER, Chattanooga, Tenn.

We, the sick workers, victims of the White Plague, now confined to bed in the sanatorium at Spivak, Colo., send to you (although a little late) our revolutionary greetings to the occasion of the First Anniversary of the SOUTHERN WORKER, the voice of the exploit-

ed masses (white and colored) in the South.

It is with great deilght that we read about the stubborn fight of the workers against the bosses in the South.

As an expression of our greetings we send you a dollar (from the pennies contributed by the sick comrades) in order that you will be able to go on with the wonderful work, calling the workers to rally around the Communist Party, the vanguard of the toiling masses in the U.S.A.

We appeal to all the workers to follow our example and help to keep up our dear weekly, the Southern Worker.

With Comradely greetings for the S. W. Group.

Tennessee Miners Organizing in N.M.U.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.-Frank Born, national secretary of the National Miners' Union reports that frequent letters are received from miners in Tennessee coal regions, reporting progress being made in organiz-One of the letters contained the fol-

"We are doing our best down here in Tennessee, shut in from the rest of the world until about a month ago when a comrade from the N. M. U., came down here and opened our eyes. We have been doing our best to orerage of 50 cents a day and are not making half a living. I am going to

TEXTILE WORKERS TO ACT

LAWRENCE, Mass.-In reply the announcement of the bosses that textile wages would be reduced 10 per cent October 12, the National Textile Workers Union is preparing strike action.

Some of the other demands in-YOUNG WORK-ERS IN B'HAM

WASHINGTON, D. C .- The director of the Census today announced general occupation statistics for Birmingham, Ala, for the 1930 census. There were 113,245 gainful workers No discrimination against Negro 10 years old and over in Birmingham in 1930, constituting 43.6 per cent of the total population of Abolition of finger printing and (259,678) and 53.4 percent of the monulsory physical examination. population 10 years old and over. In 1920, the number of gainful workers was 79,152, forming 44.3 percent of the population and 54.7 percent of the population 10 years old and over.

Of the gainful workers of Birmingham, 81,046 or 71.6 percent were males and 32,199, or 28.4 percent were females. The male gainful workers formed 79.6 percent of all males 10 years old and over in 1930, as compared with 1920, while the female gainful workers formed 29.6 percent of all fe-males 10 years old and over n 1930 compareid wth 27.6 percent in 1920

Distributed by color and nativity, 60,947, or 53.8 percent of the total gainful workers of Birmingham were native white; 3,273, or 2.9 percent, were foreign-born white; 48,999, 43.3 percent, were Negro; and 26 were of other races.

Distributed by years of age, 101 of the total gainful workers were 10 to 13; 585, or 0.5 per cent were 14 or 15; 2,460, or 2.2 per cent, were 16 17; 5,021, or 4.4 percent, were 18 or 19; 18,480, or 16.3 percent, were 20 to 24; 34,666, or 30.6 percent, were 25 to 34; 26,479, or 23.4 per-cent, were 35 to 44; 16,571, or 14.6 percent, weere 45 to 54; 6,607, or 5.8 percent were 55 to 64; 1,904, or 1.7 percent, were 65 to 74; and 291 were 75 or over. In 1920, there were 266 workers 10 to 13 years old; 829 workers 14 or 15; and 1,546 workers 65 and over.

Of the 32,130 female gainful workers 15 years old and over, 12,002, or 37.4 percent, were signle (including those with marital condition not reported); 10,936, or 34.0 percent, were married; and 9.192 or 28.6 per cent, were widowed or divorced. The proportion of married women gainfully occupied was 18.9 percent in 1930 as compared with 16.7 percent

WAGE CUTS EVERYWHERE

The United States Labor Department report shows that during one month from July 15 to August 15, 221 industries cut wages of tens of around the key mines, on the basis of the general wage cut. Workers must fight and stop these cuts.

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Address

FROM THE MILLS, MINES AND THE FARMS

TELL STOCKHAM Youth Starving **WORKERS THEY** SHOULD SAVE \$

(By Worker Correspondent)
BIRMINGHAM — Stockham Pipe
has gone back to work after a tenday lay-off and the bosses are beginning to the bosses. ning to tell the workers that winter is coming and that times are going to be harder than ever. The workers had better save their money, so says the bosses. But I don't see how can a working man save money when he gets \$8 or \$9 a week. We are working as hard for this as we did for \$20 and \$25 a week before the wage cuts began and we began on short time that does not have food and clothes work. Then they tell us to save just for her child. She works at a laundry see if we can live still cheaper than we now do, so that they can cut wages some more.

Now, you friends just listen to me; it is no better time than now for us colored and white workers to line up and show the boss that we are tired

This is from

-A HARD WORKER

Young Workers **Must Fight For** Wages and Hours

GREENVILLE, S. C.—I am a young worker of Greenville, S. C., and at the present time I am working dairy.

I have to work seven days a week, and the hours are not limited as to how many hours that I am to work a

o'clock and I have to work until ten work until anywhere from six to nine class.

The wages I receive are so little that I can hardly exist on them. I only make 35 dollars per month for these long hours.

Lucky enough, I am not married. If I was I guess that I would starve on these little wages, but there are families that have to live on this little pay, and some are not making this. There is a man that works at the same place I do and he makes the same money I do and works the same hours I do. He has a wife and three children to feed off these miserable wages, you can imagine how he lives.

Fellow workers, how long are we going to let these big fat bellied bosses rob us out of a right to live? How long are we going to stand by and see our children starve? How long are we going to sell our complete life to the boss for such a small wage? How long are we young workers go-ing to let these big bosses shove us off into war to fight for their profits?

Let's answer these questions with the best answer that I know of. Let's join a real fighting union that won't sell us out and fight against these miserable conditions.

Join the Trade Union Unity League and not the A. F. of L. for we workers of the South know that the A. F. of L. has already sold us out me and again, so lets dont fool with them again. Join the Trade Union nity League and fight against wage ats and starvation and fight aoing with our unemployed fellow for Unemployment Insuragainst Eviction, for Free supplies and clothes for Unyed workers children.

In No. Carolina Must Organize

CHARLOTTE, N. C .- I am a men ber of the Young Communist League.
The Young Communist League is a fighting organization in the struggles of the young workers. There are thousands of white and Negro young workers starving to death here in Charlotte. Why are these young workers starving? Because the dirty boss class wants them to starve and are starving them so that they will work

I know where there is a worker from 7:30 in the morning to 5:30 in the evening and does not get but \$2 a week. This is only enough to pay her rent. If she does not pay her rent the landlord will throw her in the streets. If she buys food to eat and don't pay her rent she will have no place to stay. The dirty boss class don't care where she will stay as long as they get the money out of her.

Comrades this is not only one worker but thousands of them are like that here. But how can this be stopped? The only way is to organize and fight against these conditions. Join the Young Communist League and help carry the fight on.

-A Young Communist League Member.

HOOVERVILLE

To show their contempt for Her-bert Hoover, more than 400 unemployed workers near St. Louis, Mo. river in shacks made of old pieces of wood, scraps of tin, old boxes, or I go to work in the morning at 4 anything that can be thrown together clock and I have to work until ten have named the place "Hooverville." or eleven o'clock in the morning, then Another place nearby is called "HooI get a couple of hours off for lunch, ver Heights," because of Hoover's then I have to go back to work and great prosperity for the working-

HELL IN PRISON COAL MINES OF 'SUNNY' TENN

CHATTANOOGA Have just come out of the hell of 30 months in Brushy Mountain.

The prisoners work in Brushy from sunup to sundown at mining. You are supposed to get one cent a pound payment, but the warden always manages to get this by telling you your coal is no good and docking you. I coal is no good and docking you. I cause he is unable to pay his rent, the worked 30 months also, and got about \$1.50 a month, but this was for working exmonth, but this was for working extended to meet the sheriff and take actions.

You eat the worst slop they can find—just beans and old bread. This two "meals" a day.

The water you get to drink is drunk first by the mules.

If you do not dig your load of coal every day, you are whipped. All the time the guards beat the prisoners: many of them are beaten to death with a whip 6 feet long that weighs

The mining work is done under the worst conditions. Prisoners are al-ways getting killed by falling slate and other things caused by don't-care methods of mining. They don't even furnish us lamps—we have to get furnish us lamps—we have to get them ourselves. Men have to mine coal lying on their backs in water. Last winter almost everyone down with typhoid fever.

Across the state line the miners in Kentucky are starving because all the

-Worker Correspondent

Defy Sheriff By FARM PRICES Mass Action and Halt Evictions

(By Worker Correspondent) BIRMINGHAM-Despite the terwhite banker, landlords and Negro real estate and fake business men, when the news got out that the sheriff and his lackeys were going to throw the furniture of a young Negro worker out into the street be-cause his unable to pay his rent,

summer peaches did not cost any-thing—so for six weeks we got nothing but peaches, on which we had to Red Cross heard about it and asked work at mining all day. You get only the landlord to have "mercy" on the worker, but they were told that un-less the money was paid the worker and his family would have to get out.

The workers were at the house at The workers were at the nouse at ten o'clock Saturday morning; they did not ask for mercy, because their motto is: "stop evictions." We saw what "mercy" is shown workers at Scottsboro, Camp Hill and every-where else, so we just stayed and the sheriff and his gang and the red cross have done nothing yet. Workers here are demanding free rent for the unemployed, free lights and water, free food and unemployment in- years.

AUSTRALIAN WORKERS DE-MAND MOONEY RELEASE

Austrailian workers have, in a number of big mass meetings, demanded of Governor Rolph of California, the immediate and unconditional release of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Bill-

ARE LOWEST SINCE PRE-WAR

The index of prices paid to farmrs for farm products reached a new or that is being instigated by the low level on September 15, being 72 compared with 75 on August 15 and 111 on September 15 a year ago, according to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agri-

The groups showing major price de-clines for the month were fruits and vegetables, and cotton and cotton-seed. Only the dairy and poultry products show an advance. The bureau Stockham Pipe but has been out of cultural commodities WERE THE statement of rent from the company month over the neriod and to other works.

farm price index, since 1910.

Dairy and poultry products at 93 are 2 points below the previous low of September, 1911. Meat animals, at 86, are the lowest since the winter of 1911-12. And the indices on grains and on cotton and cottonseed, says the bureau, "are the lowest by far

in years."

The September 15 average of wheat prices received by growers at local markets was 35.7 cents per bushel, or nearly 50 percent below the price a year ago, which was itself a crisis year, and more than two-thirds less than the average September price of the preceding five or ten

The September 15 farm price of corn at 43.2 cents per bushell was less than one-half the average price a year ago. Hogs sold for an average year ago. Hogs sold for an average of \$5.44 per 100 pounds at the farm on September 15, contrasted with \$9.44 on that date a year ago. The corn-hog rotio of 12.6 bushels is the highest ratio for this season of the year since 1926. In mar wheat is cheaper than corn. In many states,

The farm price of sheep at \$2.80 per hundredweight on September 15 was one-third lower than prices a year ago, and lambs at \$5.04, about one fourth lower. Cotton brought 5. fourth lower. Cotton brought 5.9 cents per pound at farm prices on September 15, and cottonseed \$8.93 per ton. The farm price of potatoes at 60.1 cents per bushel on September 15 was 45 percent below the price on that date a year ago.

According to preliminary estimates by the bureau, the index of prices paid by farmers for non-agricultural products was 127 in September as compared with an index of 72 for prices of farm products. The ratio of prices received to prices paid is placed at an index figure of 57, which The is 43 per cent below the 1909-1914

Virginia Tobacco Growers Up In Arms Against Starvation Prices

and the farmers began to bring in the farmers.

their crop to be priced by the agents

The Tobacco Manufacturers then

the Tobacco Manufacturers have de- Chatham the county seat. cided to take the crop from the farmers this year. Farmers stated that this cided to take the crop from the farmers this year. Farmers stated that this is the first time in their life when tobacco is priced so low in spite of the ftet that quality of this year's the ftct that quality of this year's the crop is pretty high.

tell these big bellied bosses that we cents per pound, yesterday's average are not going to stand for it. Let's admitted by the local press was 2 to 3 cents per pound. After the ware-

(By a Farmer Correspondent)
DANVILLE, Va.—Yesterday was the opening day of the warehouses the opening day of the warehouses agrarian revolt were evident amongst the job, one thousand leaflets were

of the Tobacco Manufacturers. The Tobacco Manufacturers then today. Jack Carson represented the carried thru a maneturer to stem the understand the mental of the gang in control secured the foot and spoke for ten out what they will get for their tobacco crop this year.

Instead of noning for the Ab. The tobacco Manufacturers then today. Jack Carson represented the U. F. L. at the meeting in ontrol secured the floor and spoke for ten bacco crop this year.

Instead of noning for the Ab. The today is today. Jack Carson represented the understand the mental of the meeting that the meeting them today. Jack Carson represented the U. F. L. at the meeting that the meeting them today. Jack Carson represented the understand them today. Jack Carson represented the underst bacco crop this year.

amongst the farmers and a meeting Instead of paying for the tobacco was anounced for this morning in

Agents and big Land Owners in con-Last year's average of tobacco trol of this meeting with definite community. sales in the first days was 12 to 15 plans to sell the small Farmers and Marches the Teannts out.

The floor was restricted to those elements, the resolution committee mands: house and the auctioneer takes out was appointed by the chairman, a govhouse and the auctioneer taxes out their part the following situation was on hand: Farmers received checks came from a neighboring county for only a few cents for hundreds of pounds of tobacco. One farmer brought in four hun- the sentiment of the majority of this all debts including Government loans dred and some pounds and got a meeting, in his speech he made the check for 25 cents.

Beside this low price of tobacco something else happened that brought about a revolt of the farmers. The Government agents were right there to collect the loans the small farmers and to plant the last crop.

The local Danville Capitalist Press and the state of the state ers made to plant the last crop.

The local Danville Capitalist Press, red blood of my forefathers running families now in distress.

printed in the hurry and distributed today. Jack Carson represented the Government Agent Chirman. The is 43 per cent b small farmers listened eagerly to the pre-war average. talk where the sellout of the starving At the meeting this morning about farmers was exposed and a program of struggle outlined. The following steps were proposed:

Committees of small farmers and tenants, share-cropers (where there are such) be set up in every farming

Seat to put forth the following de-

1. That the government buy the tobacco crop from the starving farmers at a price set by the above mentoined committees.

on this year's crop.
3. Abolition of taxes on land property or other belongings of the share croppers, tenants and small farmers. 4. Government supply of free fer-

tilizer to the above mentioned catagories of tobacco growers.

WHITE THUG SHOOTS HELPLESS NEGRO PRISONER

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.-Willie Peterson, Negro miner suffering from tuberculosis, was shot three times in Marches of small farmers, teannts and share-croppers on the County girls killed on the night of Avenue. 4th. Since the shooting of the girls the sheriff's force the police and the newspapers have increased their cam paign of terror against the Negroes. Willie Peterson was arrested a oined committees.

2. The immediate cancellation of lidebts including Government learned lidebts including Government learned. ham where Sheriff J. F. Hawkins and Police Chief McDuff permitted the armed brother of one of the girls to enter the jail and unload his gun at the unarmed and imprisoned Negro. Peterson is in hospital in a serious condition. When the Negro was shot a part of the militia was called out. 5. Winter relief in cash to the arming families now in distress.

The Southern Worker

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Smash Wage Cutting Drive

More than one week has passed since more than 5,000,000 workers ived wage cuts ranging from 10 to 50 percent. Workers and their families are forced to reduce still further the starvation level of their existence

The bosses may think that thay have succeeded in putting over their wage cut. But they are mistaken. Already there have been a number of atrikes. In every industry in the country, without exception, the workers are looking for a way to smash the wage cutting campaign.

The one thing that has thus far prevented wide-spread strike action is

the lack of organization in the big industries of the country. But this is rap-

The recent conference at Pittsburgh of the Metal Workers Industrial League laid the basis from which to start organizing the steel and metal workers of the country. Already the work of organizing the miners for strike action is proceeding under the banner of the National Miners' Union. The textile workers, under the leadership of the National Textile Workers' Union, are swinging into action. The marine workers are being prepared for struggle under the guidance of the Marine Workers' Industrial League.

Negro and white, native-born and foreign born, employed and unen organized and unorganized, women and youth, are mobilizing on a CLASS basis to resist wage-cuts and to develop the necessary power to a counter-offensive against the bosses.

While it was not possible for the metal conference to issue a general trike call, nevertheless definite organizational steps are being taken bilize for strike action by setting up mill, local and district committees of

action. Briefly the preliminary steps now being taken are as follows:

(1)—The carrying on of a national agitation throughout the industry around the slogan of "organize and strike against the wage-cuts," with the holding of mass meetings, setting up of mill, local and district action committees to organize strikes and the building

(2)-The calling of local strikes wherever possible and practicable and then spread them as far as possible.

(3)—The spreading of such spontaneous strikes as may develop (4)—The calling of a National Convention at once in case of big

strikes developing, in order to issue a broader strike call.
On the basis of the demands printed in another part of this issue of our aper, these organizational forms can be put into effect and broad masses workers mobilized for strike action.

It is of the greatest importance for the whole working class of the that the workers in the big industries of the "New South," the industrialized South, destroy by strike action the hopes of the bosses to find in the South an unlimited supply of cheap, docide labor power.

Organize and strike against wage cuts!

Capitalist Politics In Tennessee

Now that Governor Horton's political boss, Luke Lea and his political ally in the leadership of the Democratic Party in Tennessee, Rogers Caldwell, have been convicted of pillaging banks, there are all sorts of moves and ter moves on the part of a score of groups to control the democratic

The latest aspirant for the governor's job is the notorius Major George L. Berry of Rogersville—who holds his office as head of the International Printing Pressman's and Assistants Union by regularly stealing elections; an individual who has the record of having helped the publishers of the big newspapers break every strike the members of his own union have called during the many years he has been in control of the union funds, an alleged union leader so generally despised that he dare not visit New York, Philadelphia, Chicago or any other large city without an armed body-guard for fear of being killed by some of the men he has betrayed. A number of the local pressmen's unions have not met for years because Berry profib-its it—they have to pay dues directly to Berry and have nothing to say about the conduct of their own union. If they dare strike Berry furnishes union strike-breakers to take their jobs.

This low crook would be a fit successor to Governor Horton, who is so involved in the Luke Lea-Rogers Caldwell graft that he doesn't dare call a session of his own legislature for fear the members will be forced, to save their political faces, to impeach him for complicity in the bank looting.

Horton is rotten—no one can deny it. But his principal crime consists, like Luke Lea, in becoming too sure of himself, getting careless and being found out. Anyone who thinks that there is even one member of the Tennes-see democratic political machine, who was not implicated in the bank graft is a plain damn fool.

Besides Berry's aspirations, the state republican machine, trained in Hoover- Tea Pot Dome politics, hopes to take advantage of Luke Lea being found out and get their clutches on the treasury.

Workers and poor farmers must understand that both political workers and poor tarmers must understand that both political machines function as instruments of the ruling class—both of them use state power for breaking strikes, imprisoning workers and beating down our standards of life. No matter what apparent opposition develops between them as election campaigns approach they are all united against the workers

Only the Communist Party is the defender of the toiling masses and n the coming elections the workers and farmers should repudiate both dem-crats and republicans and vote and fight for the Communist program.

Another Mill Cuts Wages

interesting that this cut comes soon after the National Textile Workers Union organier, Clara Holden, was kidnapped by 5 men just as she was leaving the Brandon Mill village, where she had been talking to some workers.

Brandon Mill has been one of the against the mill workers. It is known KKK do their masters' bidding by frequently parading through the Brandon Mill village in an attempt to keep the workers from joining the

Weavers formerly making \$18 and \$20 on 26 looms, are now stretched out to 40 looms, and can barely make week Battery hands are stretched from 64 to 72 batteries and make the measley sum of \$8.75. Spinners, who before this cut, were only geting 19c a side, are now cut to 17½c a side. As in the other mills in Greenville, the Brandon workers are forced to report every morning at 7 and again at 1, even though they may only get 3 or 4 days work week. Many old workers have been fired and also many men. There are probably more women working in the Greenville mills than men

General Cheating Drive

Brandon workers are victimized and cheated in all kinds of ways. If workers take their own money out of a Christmas Club before Christmas, they are fired. The management likes to get the interest on the worker's oney. Workers failing to report one night for work, are often told to stay of hunger. out the whole week. Night hands who are supposed to get a 30 minutes lunch period, are always forced to start work after 15 or 20 minutees. While the workers stretched out and forced to try to live on starvation wages, Mr. Aug Smith, president of the Brandon Mills, gets his \$37,509 a year and Mr. Hatch manages to scrape along on \$15,000.

This 10% cut at Brandon is the last in a series of cuts that have taken place in the Greenville mills in the last 3 months—Woodside, Judson, Monaghan, Duncan and Piedmont Plush mills have all been cut from 5 per cent to 15 percent. Further cuts vill undoubtedly take place in the next few months.

The mill owners in collaboration with the A. F. of L. are trying to keep the workers fooled and keep them from joining the National Textile Workers Union. At the very time that NTWU organiers are kidnapped and their lives threatened, A. F. of organiers are conducting a campaign of speech making. At the different mills, apparently with the consent of the mill owners. The Rev. Paul Fuller, well-known for his famous disappearnig and sell-out acts, has even been brought in, by the A. F. of L. So far, they have had no success, as

The mill workers of Greenville beeral mills struck, in and near Green- get an easy graft.

The Brandon Mill, Greenville, S. C. ville, but each one separately. Bran-nas just cut wages 10 per cent. It is of the south, have been driven about as far as they are going to let themselves be driven. The bosses wil soon crack the whip once too often Greenville workers, and workers of the south, will come out on strike under the leadership of the National Textile Workers Union. leaders in the campaign of terror They will put up another real fight, as they have done before-in Gastonia, Marion, Eliabethton, Greenville are fighters.

This time they will win!

Illiterate Alabama to

ties of Alabama will have to close, ing. tion stated, unless funds for teacheds' salaries are available. Many teachers have not been paid this term and have no money and are appealing to the Board to releive them some way. Lamar and Coosa county schools may close this week unless relief comes.

The state government and the various city governments continue to maintain huge corps of police, sherstate militia equipment to fight the workers in the cities and the croppers on the land. They have plenty of money to crush the workers, but nothing to pay the workers in the public schools or to furnish children with clothing and food so they can attend school without suffering pangs

NAME HOLDEN KIDNAPERS

Communist League of District No. 16 (So. Carolina) has been distributing leaflet to the mill workers in and near Charoltte, giving the names of who kidnapped and beat Clara Holden, organizer for the National Textile Workers' Union. One of the kidnappers is a known pimp and his name is Frank B. Major, and he lives at 32 Ross Street, Brandon mill village; the others are "Rick" Lundsford, Gene Ross, John M. Spearman and M. D. Garrett. Sheriff Bramlett, who claims there was no kidnapping, is branded as a liar in the leaslet and it is pointed out that he is paid by the bosses "the same a the five pimps" and that is why he protects the five.

FINDS NEW GRAFT

Some freak who calls hmiself the "White Light League" at Walkerton, Ont., Canada, is trying to start new religion. He advertises in the "Labor News" of the Federated Press, that people should learn, practice teach the "natural religion," which he "panacea for the world's So far, they have had no success, as says is a "panacea for the world's the workers are wise to them, from troubles." Like all others of his kidney, he wants money; it costs 25c to get the first shot of dope-30c if you lieve in the policy of the National want a sealed envelope. Workers with Textile Workers Union—the policy any thinking machine will use any of struggle. They also are convinced two-bit pieces they have to spare for that all the mills should strike at the revolutionary movement instead once—not, as in the past, where sev-of helping another religious parasite

Chattanooga Trade Union Headquarters

The Trade Union Unity League of Chattanooga has opened a center at 1476 1/2 South Market Street, near Main. The center will be open

Workers of Chattanooga, both black and white, are urged to visit the center for information and literature about the movement

The reopening of a revolutionary trade union center in Chattanooga is especially important at this time when sweeping wage-cuts are going into effect. These wag-cuts are already beig felt in the Chattanooga industries.

Negro "Leaders" **Defend Lynching**

For the past four months the leaders of the National Association for he Advancement of Colored People, have been playing the role of defending lynchings of Negro workers and farmers in Alabama. Since a Negro share cropper was lynched in Camp Hill and several workers have been lynched in Birmingham, Ala., the N. A.A.C.P. has issued a great number provided by Brandon Mill, and the and Ware Shoals. Southern workers of statements and releases especially to the Negro press, in which they repeat the lying excuses which the Alabama plantation owners and mill bosses give for their cowardly murder of unarmed, defenseless Negroes. In to Close More Schools this manner, the N.A.A.C.P., who claim to be the "only organization" fit to lead the Negroes, they, by their 60 days the schools in some 35 coun- actions, give moral support to lynnh-

Repeat Bosses' Lies

Like the Alabama murderers them-selves, the N.A.A.C.P. leaders say that the lynchings in Camp Hill and Birmingham were caused by munist agitation." But they know that thousands of Negroes have been lynched before Communists were trying to organize the Negro and white

White Workers Also Lynched

The job that the N.A.A.C.P. fakers are working at for the white boss es, is to keep the Negro workers and farmers from organizing, and to keep the Negro and white workers from organizing together against the bosses Although the worst terror is directed against the Negroes, it is also true that white workers and farmers have been lynched. And although kind of slavery is the Black Man's lot, it is true that white men, women and children are also being made slaves in this country.

The white workers are held in peonage in the cotton mill towns, towns and coal mine villages. They should make common cause the Negroes are who exploited in the South through the present slavery system which is called peonage. Not only the Negro share cropper must buy from the boss, but also the white mill hands are forced to buy at double prices in the bosses commissary. He must send his children to the school (when they don't work in the mill or on the farm) and go to church which are owned or controlled by the plantation owners.

Must Unite Against White Bosses

Black workers and farmers, when they try to organize in unions to defend their interests against the bosses and planters, are prosecuted, hounded and lynched. But also the white workers, when they start to organize against the robber bosses, are herded into jails by the hundreds and shot down by mine guards and state militia. And the two—Negro and white-must get together, without any color line, in the same organizations. This is already being done. The Negro and white Communists are leading this movement.

GRAND JURY FREES MURDERER

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio grand jury has freed Joseph Peterlin, the mine guard who early this year shot and killed 18-year-old William Simon, member of the National Miners Union. The boy was sitting on the ground doing nothing when he was brutally murdered by the coal company thug. The day will come when the thugs, the judges, the jailers and the bought and paid for grand juries will pay plenty for their murder cam paign against the workers.